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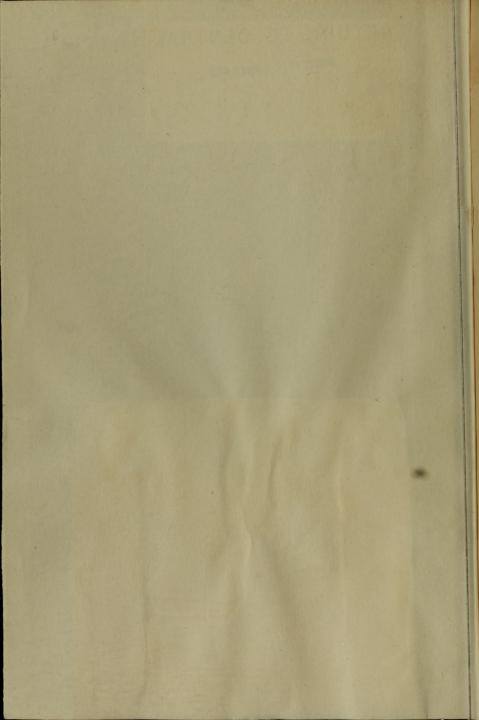
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### A

# SHAKESPEARE GLOSSARY

BY

C. T. ONIONS

M.A. LONDON; OF THE OXFORD ENGLISH DICTIONARY

# OXFORD AT THE CLARENDON PRESS

1911

Civic Center Administration Building San Rafael, California HENRY FROWDE, M.A.

FUBLISHER TO THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD
LONDON, EDINBURGH, NEW YORK
TORONTO AND MELBOURNE

P 22.33

#### PREFACE

THE steady advance towards completion of the great Oxford English Dictionary has made it possible for the Delegates of the Clarendon Press to authorize the preparation and issue of this book, which is primarily the outcome of an analysis of Shakespeare's vocabulary conducted in the light of the results published in the Dictionary. The application of these results to the making of a glossary to a single author, if it is to have an independent value and to be true to the facts, must not be a mere mechanical transference of definitions and classifications of meanings such as an industrious compiler might make with small expenditure of time and labour. Such a work as is here attempted is one of difficulty and delicacy, and there are pitfalls even for the expert; but, relying upon a fifteen years' experience on the editorial staff of the Dictionary, I have allowed myself a wide freedom of adaptation, and trust at the same time to have escaped such errors as would be almost inevitable if a task of this kind were undertaken by one who knew the great book only from the outside and had no adequate training in lexicographical method.

The aim of the Shakespeare glossary now presented to the reader is to supply definitions and illustrations of words or senses of words now obsolete or surviving only in provincial or archaic use, together with explanations of others involving allusions not generally familiar, and of proper names carrying with them some connotative signification or offering special interest or difficulty in the passages in which they occur. Senses still current in general literature have also been occasionally illustrated, chiefly where there is contextual obscurity, or where it seemed desirable, for one reason or another, to give a complete conspectus of a word that has many ramifications of meaning. Words of this last class have received very diverse treatment according to the circumstances of their usage; but a feature common to the greater number of them is the introduction of the scheme of meanings by a statement indicating

how far Shakespeare's uses are those of his contemporaries or are peculiar to him, what senses are first exemplified -as far as present evidence shows-in his works or in those of Elizabethan writers generally, what is the relative frequency of the various senses, or supplying information of a more general character as to their status or origin. The elucidation of idiom, the definition of colloquial phrases, and the detailed illustration of specialized uses of pronouns and of the so-called particles, are points on which I have bestowed much care. I have throughout recorded any important readings and spellings of the original folio and quarto editions, as well as conjectural emendations, even when these are certainly wrong, as is the case with Pope's widely accepted marish. It is hoped that this information as to variant readings will enable the student to take his first steps in textual criticism, and will give him an insight into the problems that have to be solved in establishing the text. I have also made it a part of my plan to bring together evidence to show the relation of the poet's vocabulary to that of the dialects of the midland area, and in particular the dialect of his own county, Warwickshire. Interesting, and here and there entirely fresh, information on this head will be found under the words ballow, Basimecu, batlet, blood-bolter'd, bum-baily, chop, door, elder-gun, father, gallow, geck, grow to (p. 256), honey-stalks, line sb.1, mobiled, muss, pash, potch, sheep, sight, soiled, tarre, vails, wheel. Among articles in which non-midland dialects have been drawn upon to illustrate the status or interpretation of a word may be mentioned dispurse, handsaw, overscutched, side vb. In one noteworthy instance—that of minnick or minnock—a collation of dialect evidence has led to the tentative restoration of a word which has been almost universally excluded from the text since the time of Johnson, who regarded it as a genuine word and the right reading. Another special feature of this glossary is that it includes obsolete or technical terms that occur only in stage directions, for example sennet. The common view has been that these form no part of what Shakespeare wrote, but their appearance in the oldest editions of the plays seemed to me sufficient ground for treating them here.

One who enters at this time of day upon so well worked a field of investigation as the language of Shakespeare can hope to do little more in the direction of novelty or originality than present a comparatively few points with a greater degree of clearness or certainty than has been achieved by his many predecessors. The following articles in the present book may, however, be referred to as recording words or facts about words that have been either ignored or imperfectly explained by many previous glossarists: -a-life, enew (a palmary emendation of Keightley's), great-belly and thin-belly doublet, minnick (referred to above), relish (=to warble), salt rheum, the verb sol-fa, washing (=swashing). A long list might be given of words concerning which I have been able to supply information not usually accessible in books of this kind, or to bring forward suggestions to some extent new, bearing upon a textual question or an interpretation; the following are selected as typical: -accommodation, alarm alarum, Arthur's show, bloat, the two participial adjectives compact, the two adjectives dear, dismal, foregone conclusion, green fields (see field), holy-ale, hue, humour, inn, Lethe, metal mettle, nonce, ordinate, Provincial rose, Roman hand, the adjective royal, Salique, scrowl, spright sprite, steppe, three-man-songmen, tidy, token, tract, the verb trash, travail travel, unbraided, vale, weird sisters, whinid'st, wilful-blame, worldly, wot.

This glossary contains considerably more matter than any other select glossary of similar scope, and it is expected that many who glance over its pages will express the opinion that it takes in more than is necessary for the guidance of a reader of average literary knowledge; but a careful examination made with a view to ascertaining what proportion of the vocabulary here dealt with can be truly described as present-day English will prove such a criticism to be ill-founded. And here it may not be out of place to suggest a method of study to the serious student to whom an accurate and even minute knowledge of the meaning of the poet's words is no bar to the enjoyment of his poetry. He will do well from time to time to examine the articles in the glossary, especially the longer ones and those concerned with words of Latin origin, apart from the

reading of any Shakespearian text; he will in this way discover how much he is in danger of missing or misunderstanding, and will gradually acquire that attitude of alertness which is essential to the appreciation of the richness and subtlety of Elizabethan English.

To make a selection of words and meanings that should satisfy all, and to carry out their illustration in a perfectly consistent manner, would be alike impossible, even with an expenditure of double the time that has been given to the present book, the compilation of which has occupied the full working days of a year and a half. It is hoped, however, that the oversights and inconsistencies inevitable in a book which, although of slender dimensions, comprises close upon ten thousand separate articles, will not prove to be so numerous or so serious as to impair its general accuracy and usefulness.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Of the lexical works devoted to Shakespeare I am chiefly indebted to Schmidt's Shakespeare-Lexicon and Bartlett's Concordance. For textual matters the Cambridge Shakespeare has of course been indispensable. The commentaries from which I have derived the greatest help are those of the Clarendon Press series of select plays, edited by W. Aldis Wright and W. G. Clark, and those of the Arden Shakespeare, of which the volumes by the late H. C. Hart must be specially mentioned for the wealth of illustrative quotation which is distributed among the notes. In investigating technical terms I have had recourse as far as possible to treatises of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries; but I have frequently turned with advantage to Rushton's Shakespeare a Lawyer, and Shakespeare and Music by Dr. E. W. Naylor, who has kindly allowed me to consult him on some musical difficulties.

In the preparation of material and the verification of references I have been assisted throughout by Mr. J. W. Birt, of the staff of the Oxford English Dictionary.

## § 1. SHAKESPEARIAN EDITORS, COMMENTATORS, AND CRITICS.

CAMPBELL (Thomas) 1777-1844; ed. 1838.

CAPELL (Edward) 1713-81; ed. 1768. CHALMERS (Alexander) 1759-1834; ed. 1805.

CLARK (W. G.), GLOVER (J.), and WRIGHT (W. A.); ed. 1863-6 [the Cambridge Shakespeare], reissued 1891-3.

CLARK (W. G.) and WRIGHT (W. A.); ed. 1866 [the Globe edition]; 1868, &c. [select plays, Clarendon Press series].

CLARKE (Charles and Mary Cowden); ed. 1860, 1864.

Collier (John Payne) 1789-1883;

ed. 1844. Craic (William James) died 1906; ed. 1892 [the Oxford Shake-

speare].
Delius (Nicolaus); ed. 1854; 1877
[the Leopold Shakespeare].

Dowden (Edward) living; ed. plays in the Arden Shakespeare; poems 1903.

DYCE (Alexander) 1798-1869; ed. 1857.

FARMER (Richard) 1735-97.

Furness (Horace Howard) sen. and jun.; ed. 1871, &c.

Halliwell (James Orchard) 1820-89; ed. 1851-3.

Hanmer (Sir Thomas) 1677-1746; ed. 1743-4.

HARNESS (William) 1790-1869; ed. 1825.

HART (H. Chichester) died 1908; ed. plays in the Arden Shakespeare.

HEATH (Benjamin) 1704-66.

Hudson (Henry Norman) 1814-86; ed. 1851-6. Johnson (Samuel) 1691-1773; ed. 1765.

Keightley (Thomas) 1789-1872; ed. 1865.

KNIGHT (Charles) 1791-1873; ed. 1839-42, 1867.

MALONE (Edmund) 1741-1812; ed. 1790; edited by James Boswell the younger 1821 [the third variorum edition].

Nares (Robert) 1753-1829.

Pope (Alexander) 1688-1744; ed. 1725.

Reed (Isaac) 1742-1807; ed. 1785; 1803 [the first variorum edition]; 1813 with notes by Malone [the second variorum].

Rolfe (William James); ed. 1871-96 [the Friendly edition].

Rowe (Nicholas) 1674-1718; ed. 1709.

Schmidt (Alexander) 1816-87; Shakespeare-Lexicon 1874-5, 1886; 1902.

Singer (Samuel Weller) 1783-1858; ed. 1826.

SPEDDING (James) 1808-81.

STAUNTON (Howard) 1810-74; ed. 1858-60.

STEEVENS (George) 1736-1800; ed. with Johnson 1773.

THEOBALD (Lewis) 1688-1744; ed. 1733.

WALKER (William Sidney) 1795-1846.

WARBURTON (William) 1698-1779; ed. 1747.

WHITE (Richard Grant) 1821-85; ed. 1857-9, 1883.

WRIGHT (W. Aldis): see CLARK.

WYNDHAM (George) living; ed. poems 1898.

#### § 2. AUTHORS AND WORKS CITED.

Ascham (Roger) 1515-68; Toxophilus [treatise on archery] 1545.

BACON (Sir Francis) 1561-1626.
BAILEY (Nathaniel) died 1742; An

Universal Etymological English Dictionary 1721, &c. BARET (John) died 1580 (?); An Alvearie or triple Dictionarie, in Englishe, Latin, and French 1573; An Alvearie or quadruple dictionarie, containing foure sundrie tongues, English, Latine, Greeke, and French 1580. BLOUNT (Thomas) 1618-79; Glossographia; or a Dictionary interpreting all such hard words, of whatsoever language, now used in our refined English tongue 1656, 1661, 1674, &c.; Νομο-Λεξικον: a Law-Dictionary 1670, 1691.

BLUNDEVILLE (Thomas); The Art of Riding [with] The Order of Curing Horses diseases 1580.

Borde (Andrew) died 1549; A compendyous Regyment or Dyetary of Helth 1542.

Botoner or Worcester (William) 1415-82 (?); Itinerarium.

BOURNE (William) died 1583; A Regiment for the Sea: conteyning most profitable rules . . . of navigation 1574.

Breton (Nicholas) 1545 (?)-1626 (?). Browne (Sir Thomas) 1605-82. CAXTON (William) died 1491. Снарман (George) 1559 (?)-1634.

CHAUCER (Geoffrey) died 1400. Coke (Sir Edward) 1552-1634; The First Part of the Institutes of the

Lawes of England 1628. Constitutions and Canons Ecclesias-

ticall 1604. Copley (Anthony) 1567-1607 (?); A Fig for Fortune 1596.

COTGRAVE (Randle) died 1634 (?); A Dictionarie of the French and English Tongues 1611 [cited as Cotgr.]; (another edition) Whereunto is also annexed, a dictionarie of the English set before the French by S[herwood] 1632 [cited as Sherwood].

COVERDALE (Miles) translator of the

Bible 1488-1568.

Cowell (John) 1554-1611; The Interpreter; or Booke containing the signification of Words . . . mentioned in the Lawe-writers or Statutes 1607.

CUDWORTH (Ralph) 1617-88. Daniel (Samuel) 1562-1619.

DAY (John); The Ile of Gvls 1606. Dictionary (A New) of the Terms Ancient and Modern of the Canting Crew. By B. E. Gent. about

Douglas (Gawin) died 1522,

Drayton (Michael) 1563-1631; The Moone-Calfe 1627; Dowsabel 1593. DRYDEN (John) 1631-1700.

DYMMOR (John); A Treatice of Ireland, about 1600.

ELYOT (Sir Thomas) died 1546; The Dictionary of syr Thomas Eliot knyght 1538.

Evans (A. B. and S.); Leicestershire Words, Phrases and Proverbs 1881.

FLETCHER (John) 1579-1625; The Woman hater 1607; The Spanish Curate, about 1622.

FLORIO (John) died 1625; A Worlde of Wordes, or most copious and exact Dictionarie in Italian and English 1598, (enlarged ed.) 1611.

Foxe (John) 1516-87; Actes and Monuments of these latter and perillous dayes 1563, 1570, &c. [known as' The Book of Martyrs'].

Fuller (Thomas) 1608-61; The Church-History of Britain 1655. GASCOIGNE (George) died 1577;

The delectable history of Dan Bartholomew of Bath 1572-5. GERARDE (John) 1545-1612; The

Herball, or generall historie of plantes 1597.

Golding (Arthur) died 1605 (?); The xv. Bookes of P. Ovidius Naso entytuled Metamorphosis, translated oute of Latin into English meeter 1567.

GREENE (Robert) died 1592; The Scottish Historie of James the fourth.

Guillim (John) 1565-1621; A Display of Heraldrie 1610

HALL (Edward) died 1547; The Union of the two noble and illustrate famelies of Lancastre and Yorke. [ = Hall's Chronicle.

Hall (Joseph) 1574-1656; Virgidemiarum, sixe bookes of ... satyrs

1597.

HARSNET (Samuel) 1561-1631; A Declaration of egregious Popish Impostures . . . vnder the pretence of casting out diuels 1603.

Harvey (Gabriel) 1550 (?)-1631. HESLOP (Oliver); Northumberland Words 1892-4.

HEYWOOD (John) died 1580 (?); A Dialogue, conteyninge the number in effecte of all the Proverbes in the Englishe tunge 1561.

Hoccleve (Thomas) died 1450 (?). HOLINSHED (Raphael) died 1580 (?); The Chronicles of Englande, Scot-

lande, and Irelande 1577.

Holland (Philemon) 1552-1637; The Historie of the World, commonly called the Naturall Historie of C. Plinius Secundus 1601; The Philosophie, commonly called the Morals, written by ... Plutarch of Chæronea 1603.

Holme (Randle) 1627-99; Academy of Armory, or a storehouse of armory and blazon 1688.

Jonson (Ben) 1573 (?)-1637; Epigrams, published 1616 and 1640. Kyd (Thomas) 1558-94; The Tragedie of Soliman and Perseda 1592.

LATHAM (Simon) flourished 1618; Lathams Falconry, or the Faulcons Lure and Cure 1615-18.

Leland (John) died 1552; Itinera-

rium [1534-43].

LILY (William) died 1522; Brevissima Institutio [Latin grammar]. Marlowe (Christopher) 1564-93; The Jew of Malta, about 1590; Tamburlaine 1587-8.

MIDDLETON (Thomas) died 1627;

The Roaring Girle 1611. MILTON (John) 1608-74; Paradise

Lost 1667.

Minsheu (John) flourished 1600-17; Ἡγεμῶν εἰς τὰς γλῶσσας, id est Ductor in Linguas, The Gvide into Tongves 1617.

More (Sir Thomas) 1478-1535. Nashe (Thomas) 1567-1601.

North (Thomas) died 1601 (?); The Lives of the noble Grecians and Romanes, compared together by . . . Plutarche of Chæronea : translated out of Greeke into French by J. Amyot, ... Bishop of Auxerre . . . and out of French into Englishe by T. North 1579. Overbury (Sir Thomas) 1581-1613.

Palsgrave (John) died 1554; Lesclarcissement de la Langue Francoyse 1530. [French grammar and vocabulary; cited as  $\mathbf{Palsgr.}$ 

Peele (George) died 1597 (?); The

Turkish Mahamet and Hyrin the fair Greek.

RANDOLPH (Thomas) 1605-35.

Ray (John) 1627-1705; A Collection of English Words not generally used . . . in two Alphabetical Catalogues. The one of such as are proper to the Northern, the other to the Southern Counties

RIDER (John) 1562-1632; Bibliotheca Scholastica, a double Dictionarie. Penned for all those that would have within short space the use of the Latin Tongue. either to speake or write 1589.

Robyn Hode (A Lytell Geste of),

about 1500.

SHERWOOD: SEE COTGRAVE.

Skelton (John) died 1529; A . . . tratyse vpon a goodly Garlande or Chapelet of Laurell 1523; The boke of Phyllyp Sparowe.

Skinner (Stephen) 1623-67; Etymologicon Linguæ Anglicanæ

SMITH (Sir Thomas) 1513-77: The Common Welth of England 1583.

SMYTH (Sir John) 1534(?)-1607: Certain Discourses . . . concerning the formes and effects of divers sorts of Weapons, and other verie important matters Militarie 1590.

Spenser (Edmund) died 1599; The

Faerie Queene 1590-6.

STERNHOLD (Thomas) and HOPKINS (John); The whole booke of Psalmes collected into Englyshe Meter 1564.

Stow (John) died 1605; A breviat Chronicle contaynynge all the

Kynges 1561.

Stubbes (Philip) flourished 1581-93; The Anatomie of Abuses 1583.

SWETNAM (Joseph); Swetnam the woman-hater, arraigned by women 1620.

Torriano (Giovanni); Vocabolario Italiano & Inglese, a Dictionary Italian & English 1659.

WRIGHT (Thomas) 1810-77; Dictionary of obsolete and provincial

English 1857.

## § 3. TEXT AND ARRANGEMENT OF THE QUOTATIONS.

The text used in the illustrative quotations is that of the Oxford Shake-speare, edited by W. J. Craig, except in a few instances where it has been set aside for some special reason. Where its numeration of act, scene, and line differs greatly from that of other widely used editions, a second reference is given within square brackets; so that the Glossary is available for all unabridged editions of the works.

Variant readings, and interpretations of particular quotations, are placed within round brackets; words inserted to complete the sense within square brackets; '&c.' following a quotation reference indicates that more examples occur in the same play or poem.

Paraphrases of passages which are quoted very briefly or indicated by a reference only are sometimes given between inverted commas, e.g. ADVANTAGE sb. 3.

## § 4. ABBREVIATIONS OF TITLES OF PLAYS AND POEMS.

Ado = Much Ado about Nothing All'sW. = All's Well that Ends Well Ant. = Antony and Cleopatra Arg. = Argument AYL. = As You Like It Cæs. = Julius Cæsar Chor. = Chorus Compl. = A Lover's Complaint Cor. = Coriolanus Cym. = Cymbeline Ded. = Dedication Epil. = Epilogue Err. = The Comedy of Errors Gent. = The Two Gentlemen of Verona 1H4 = The First Part of King Henry IV 2H4=The Second Part of King Henry IV H5 = The Life of King Henry V 1H6 = The First Part of King Henry VI 2H6=The Second Part of King Henry VI 3H6 = The Third Part of King Henry VI H8=The Famous History of the Life of King Henry VIII Ham. = Hamlet, Prince of Denmark Ind. = Induction

John = The Life and Death of King

John

Lr. = King Lear Lucr. = The Rape of Lucrece Mac = MacbethMeas. = Measure for Measure Mer. V. = The Merchant of Venice MND. = AMidsummer-Night's Oth. = Othello, the Moor of Venice Per. = Pericles, Prince of Tyre Phoen. = The Phoenix and Turtle Pilgr. = The Passionate Pilgrim Prol. = Prologue R2=The Tragedy of King Richard R3 = The Tragedy of King Richard Rom. = Romeo and Juliet Shr. = The Taming of the Shrew Sonn. = Sonnets Sonn. Music = Sonnets to Sundry Notes of Music Tim. = Timon of Athens Tit. = Titus Andronicus Tp. = The TempestTroil. = Troilus and Cressida Tw. N. = Twelfth-Night; or, What You Will Ven. = Venus and Adonis Wint. = The Winter's Tale Wiv. = The Merry Wives of Windsor

LLL. = Love's Labour's Lost

#### § 5. ABBREVIATIONS OF TECHNICAL TERMS.

absol. = absolute(ly), i.e. without some usual construction, as a verb without an object, an adjective without a noun adj. = adjective adv. = adverbadvb. = adverbial(ly) app. = apparentlyarch. = archaic attrib. = attributive(ly) c., cent. = century cf. = confer, compare comb. = in combination (with another noun) comm. = commentators comp. = compound concr. = concrete conj. = (1) conjecture(s), (2) conjunction constr. = (1) construed with, (2) construction corr = corruption Cotgr. = Cotgrave (see above, p. viii) dial. = dialect(s), dialectal(ly) e.g. = for exampleedd. = editions Eliz. = Elizabethan (see p. xii) ellipt. = elliptical(ly) esp. = especially etym., etymol. = etymology, etymological exx. = examples $F_1$ , &c., Ff (see p. xii) fig. = figurative(ly) foll. = following Fr. = French freq. = frequent(ly)gen. = general(ly) i. e. = id est, that is imper. = imperative impers. = impersonal interj. = interjection intr. = intransitive It. = Italian J. = Johnson (see above, p. vii)

L. = Latin lit. = literal(ly) midl. = midland mod. = modernmod. edd. = modern editions (from Rowe, 1709, onwards) obj. = objectobs. = obsoleteoccas. = occasional(ly) O.Fr. = Old French orig. = original(ly)Palsgr. = Palsgrave (see above, p. ix) pa. pple. = past participle pass. = passive pa. t. = past tense phr. = phrase(s)pl. = plural post-S. = post-Shakespearian ppl. adj. = participial adjective pple. = participle pre-Eliz. = pre-Elizabethan pre-S. = pre-Shakespearian prec. = preceding prep. = preposition prob. = probably Q<sub>1</sub>, &c., Qq (see p. xii) q. v. = quod vide, which see ref. = (1) reference, (2) referred, (3) referring refl. = reflexive  $S_{\cdot}=(1)$  Shakespeare, (2) Shakespearian (see p. xii) sb. = substantivescil. = scilicet, that is to say sing. = singular spec. = specific(ally)s.v. = sub verbo, under the word syll. = syllable(s)trans. = transitivetransf. = in a transferred sense usu. = usual(ly)vb. = verbvbl. sb. = verbal substantive viz. = videlicet, namely

#### § 6. SIGNS, SYMBOLS, ETC.

- denotes a word, phrase, or passage the meaning of which is disputed. Alternative explanations of these are arranged under letters (a) (b) (c); see e.g. Purely.
- † denotes a conjectural emendation, e.g. marish+; or a form of a word substituted by modern editors for the form found in old editions, e.g. statua+.
- / placed after a vowel marks the Shakespearian stressing of the word in question; c.g. aspe'cr; u'nfelt, unfe'lt in the quotations s.v.
- (S.), (Eliz.) placed immediately after a word or a definition mean that the word or the sense defined is peculiar to Shakespeare, characteristic of the Elizabethan period, respectively; (not pre-S.), (not pre-Eliz.) are used with corresponding implication: (once), (twice) = occurs only once, twice, in Shakespeare.
- In the introductory note (immediately following the headword) of articles in which two or more meanings are treated, the meanings are referred to by their numbers, and the remarks appropriate to each are placed after the respective number. Thus, when expanded, the note s. v. cabin vb. will read: With sense 1 compare sense 2 of the substantive cabin; sense 2 has been echoed by modern writers. The note s. v. line sb.1: Sense 1 involves a metaphor from angling; sense 7 is recorded only from Shakespeare.
- Etymological statements are placed within square brackets. The term 'aphetic' is applied to a form produced by the loss of an unaccented vowel at the beginning of a word, e.g. Lege, for 'allege'.
- $\mathbf{F}_1$ ,  $\mathbf{F}_2$ ,  $\mathbf{F}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{F}_4$ =1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th Folio edition (of 1623, 1632, 1663, 1685, respectively);  $\mathbf{F}\mathbf{f}$ =all the Folio editions.
- Q1, Q2, &c. = 1st, 2nd, &c. Quarto edition; Qq = all the Quarto editions of a particular play or poem.
- The method of recording variants is illustrated by the following examples:
  - compulsative (S.; Ff), compulsatory (Qq)—means that the first form, which is peculiar to Shakespeare, is the reading of the Folios; the Quartos having the second form.
    - list sb.<sup>2</sup>: ... Oth. II. i. 104 (Q<sub>1</sub>; Qq<sub>23</sub> Ff leaue)—means that the 1st Quarto reads list, the 2nd and 3rd Quartos and all the Folios leaue.
    - mistful † (Ff mixtfull)—means that mistful does not occur in any old edition, all the Folios reading mixtfull.
    - undistinguished... 0 undistinguish'd (Q<sub>1</sub> Ff in-) space of woman's will! (Qq wit)—informs us that the old editions have the following readings (minor differences of spelling being neglected):—

Folios O indistinguish'd space of woman's will;

1st Quarto O indistinguish'd space of woman's wit;

2nd and 3rd Quartos O undistinguish'd space of woman's wit.

Italic type is restricted to quotations from the text of Shakespeare.

Small capitals are employed in referring from one article to another. An article immediately preceding or following is referred to as 'prec.' or 'next'.

### SHAKESPEARE GLOSSARY

a': for 'ha' = he, in mod, edd, usually a', or replaced by he Ham, II. i. 58 There was a' gaming.
a': for 'ha' (q.v.) = have LLL, v. ii. 17, Ham, Iv.

v. 65. a' (worn-down form of 'of' and 'on', freq. in Ff and Qq and retained in a few places in mod. edd., but usually altered to o', of, or on)

1 = of Ado III. ii. 42 a mornings. (Cf. A-DAYS, A-NIGHT.

= on H5 IV. iii. 42 a tip-toe. (Сf. A-неіднт, A-нідн.) = in All'sW. II. i. 27 kept a coil. (Cf. A-PIECES.)

-a used, without affecting the meaning, to provide an extra syllable in burlesque verse Wint. rv. ii. 134, 136 (iii. 133, 135), rv. iii. 326 (iv. 324) My dainty

duck, my dear-a, Hann. vv. v. 170, &c. [ii. 117. abandoned: banished, kept away from Shr. Ind. abase: to lower (the eyes) 2H6 i. ii, 15, R3 i. ii.

248 (Ff).

abate (1 the usual sense; the corresponding intr. sense 'decrease' is rare; 2 is common Eliz.; 3-6 are rare)

to lessen, shorten MND. III. ii. 432 A. thy hours! to blunt, fig. 2H4 I. i. 117 his metal... once in him abuted, R3 V. iv. 48 [v. 35] Abute the edge of traitors.

3 to deprive of Lr. 11. iv. 161 a-d me of half my train. 4 to bar, except LLL. v. ii. 545 A. throw at norum. and the whole world again Cannot pick out five such.

5 to depreciate (a person) Cym. I. iv. 78 I would abate her nothing.

6 to humble Cor. 111. iii. 130 most Abated captives.

abatement (in sense 1 usu, legal metaphor) 1 reduction, diminution Ham. IV. vii. 120 abatements and delays, Lr. t. iv. 64, Cym. v. iv. 21.

depreciation of a person's character Tw.N. 1. i. 13. abhor (2 term of canon law = Latin 'detestor')

1 to horrify, disgust Ham, v. i. 205 (Ff) how abhorred

my imagination is, Oth. IV. ii. 162 It does a. me. 2 to protest against H8 II. iv. 79 I utterly abhor, yea... Refuse you for my judge; cf. Err. III. ii. 165. abhorred: abominable (freq.) John IV. ii. 224.

abhorring (rare; 'abhorrence' is post-S.)

abhorrence, loathing Cor. I. i. 174 flatter Beneath a. object of disgust Ant. v. ii. 60 let the water-flies Blow me into abhorring: cf. 'an abhorring unto all flesh' (Isaiah Ixvi, 24). abide (senses 'remain' and 'endure' are common)

1 no more but a., make only a brief stay Wint. IV.

ii. [iii.] 100.

2 to face or encounter in fight MND. III. ii. 422 A. me, if thou day'st, 2H4 II. iii. 36, Cym. III. iv. 186. 3 esp. with 'dear' = ABY MND. III. ii. 175 (Q<sub>2</sub> Ff), Cæs. 111. i. 94, ii. 120.

ability: wealth, means Tw. N. III. iv. 380, 2H4 I. iii. 45; cf. Ado IV. i. 201 Ability in means.

abject: adj. his abject object, the object of his contempt H81. i. 127.—sb. the queen's abjects, the most servile of her subjects R31. i. 106.

abjectly: basely Tit. II. iii. 4 thinks of me so abjectly. able adj. (1 occurs six times, 2 once)

strong, vigorous, active All'sW. IV. v. 87, 2H4 I.
 i. 43, Ham. v. ii. 211.

-ABSOLUTE

2 talented, clever Sonn. lxxxv. 7 that able spirit. able vb.: to warrant, vouch for Lr. IV. vi. 173.

abode sb. (1 and 2 now obs.; 3 now chiefly in echoes of the Bible; cf. 'We will... make our abode with him' John xiv. 23)

waiting, delay Mer. V. II. vi. 21 my long abode.

temporary remaining, stay Cym. 1. vi. 53. muke abode, to dwell, reside Gent. 1v. iii. 23, Lr. I. i. 136.

abode vb.: to bode, forebode 3H6 v. vi. 45, H8 t. i. 93. abodement: foreboding, omen 3H6 tv. vii. 13. abomination (sense of 'detestation' not S.)

1 abominable thing or act Ant. III. vi. 94 most large

In his abominations, Lucr. 921, 1832.

2 abominableness Lucr. 704 Ere he can see his own a. abortive: adj. born prematurely; (hence) untimely, unnatural, monstrous, lit. and fig. LLL. I. i. 104 an a. birth, 2H6 IV. i. 60 this thy a. pride, R3 I. ii. 21, I. iii. 228.—sb. untimely or monstrons

birth John III. iv. 158 Abortives, presuges.

abound: to be rich H8 I. i. 83; cf. Philippians iv. 18. about: used imperatively: get to work, bestir yourself! Wiv. v. v. 61, 2H4 m. ii. 305, Cas. m. ii. 209, Ham. n. ii. 625.

about prep. : follows its noun in Per. III. Gower 2

No din but snores the house about. above: upstairs Wiv. iv. ii. 80, Err. II. ii. 211, 1H4 II. iv. 558.

Abraham Cupid: see Adam † Cupid. [21. abram: corruption of 'abron' = auburn Cor. II. iii. abridge from : to deprive of, debar from Mer. V.t. i.

127 to be abridy'd From such a noble rate. abridgement: means of shortening or whiling away the time, pastime MND. v. i. 39 what abridge-

ment have you for this evening?, Ham. II. ii. 448 look where my abridgement comes [i.e. the players]. abroach: set abroach, to set on foot 2H4 iv. ii. 14, R3 1. iii. 325, Rom. 1. i. 110.

abroad (the following are the chief uses)

1 outside certain limits: (a) away or apart from one's own body or person 2H6 m. ii, 172 His hands abroad display d, Cym. 1. ii. 4, 111. iv. 180, Compl. 137, 183 All my offences that abroad you see; (b) away from one's home, out of one's house, in foreign lands Tp. III. i. 52, Cas. v. iii. 95, Ham. I. i. 161 then . . . no spirit can walk abroad.

2 about in the world, in public Meas. III. ii. 90, LLL. I. i. 187 There's villany abroad, Rom.v. iii.

190, Oth. I. iii. 393.

abrook: to brook, endure, bear 2H6 II. iv. 10. abruption: breaking off in speech Troil. III. ii. 68. absent: absent time, time of absence R2 II. iii. 79; so absent hours Oth. III. iv. 173.

absey-book, i.e. ABC-book: primer, hornbook John t. i. 196 then comes answer like an ubsey-book. absolute (sense 3 is common in 17th cent.)

I free from imperfection, complete, finished, per-

fect Meas. v. i. 54, Ham. v. ii. 112 an absolute gentleman, Per. IV. Gower 31.

2 unrestricted, unconditional 2H4 IV. i. 186, Cor. III. i. 115 Though there the people had more a. power. positive, perfectly certain, decided Meas. III. i.

5, Cor. III. i. 89 mark you His absolute 'shall'?, Cym. IV. ii. 106.

abstract (3 and 4 are peculiar to S.)

1 epitome (of something greater), compendium (of many qualities) John II. i. 101, Ant. I. iv. 9 the abstract of all faults.

2 summary account R3 iv. iv. 28, Ham. п. ii. 555

abstracts and brief chronicles of the time.

3 summary proceeding All'sW. IV. iii. 100 an abstract of success, Ant. III. vi. 61 (obstruct †). 4 short catalogue or inventory Wiv. IV. ii. 65

abuse sb. (1 and 2 were common Eliz., now obs.) ill-usage, injury, wrong, insult, offence, crime Wiv. v. iii. 9, Meas. v. i. 241, 3H6 III. iii. 188 the abuse done to my niece, Rom. III. i. 199, Sonn. exxxiv. 12 through my unkind abuse.

2 imposture, deception, delusion Ham. vv. vii. 50 0r

is it some a, and no such thing? (Cf. Self-Abuse.) 3 corrupt practice Meas. II. i. 43, Cæs. II. i. 115 the

time's abuse, Ven. 792.

4 injurious speaking, reviling 2H4 π. iv. 341; pl. (obs.) Meas. v. i. 342 his treasonable abuses.

abuse vb. (precise meaning often doubtful; many examples two or more senses are blended) 1 to impose upon, cheat, deceive Ado v. ii. 104,

1 to impose upon, cheat, deceive Ado V. 11. 104, Ham. II. ii. 640, Lr. vv. i. 22 thy abused father's wrath, Iv. vii. 77, Cym. 1. iv. 129.
2 to ill-use, maltreat, do violence to Wiv. 1. i. 3, Err. v. i. 199, R3 1. iii. 52 his simple truth must be a-d, Rom. Iv. i. 29, Lr. vv. vii. 15, Soun. xlii. 7.
3 to insult Ant. v. ii. 43, Cym. II. iii. 154. [v. 41.
4 to disgrace, dishonour Wiv. II. ii. 310, IH6 Iv. 5 to malign ravile Tim. Ii. ii. 30 Olb. vi. 193

5 to malign, revile Tim. II. ii. 48, Oth. v. i. 123.

abuser: corrupter 0th. I. ii. 78 abuser of the world. aby: to pay the penalty for, atone for MND, III. ii. 175 (Q<sub>2</sub> Ff abde), 335 (Ff abde). abysm. (orig. form 'abime'; rhymes with 'time'

as late as 1616)

1 bottomless pit Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 147 abysm of hell. 2 profound chasm or gulf (fig.) Tp. 1. ii. 50 abysm of time, Sonn. cxii. 9.

academe: academy, philosophical school LLL. I.

i. 13, IV. iii. 303, accent (1 first in S., as also the senses 'peculiar mode of utterance' AYL. III. ii. 363, 'metrical stress' LLL, IV, ii, 125)

1 word, speech, language John v. vi. 14 any accent breaking from thy tongue, 1H4 I. i. 3, Rom. II. iv. 31, Cas. III. i. 113 In . . . accents yet unknown, Lucr. 566.

2 second accent, echo H5 II, iv. 126,

accept: accepted (as decisive) H5 v. ii. 82.

accidence: rudiments of (Latin) grammar Wiv.

accident: occurrence, incident, event Tp. v. i. 305 the particular accidents gone by, Ado II. i. 190, Ham. ш. іі. 211.

accite (1 common 1500-1680; 2 used by Ben Jonson)

1 to summon, cite 2H4 v. ii. 141, Tit. 1. i. 27.
2 used for 'excite' 2H4 n. ii. 67 (Ff 34 excites).
accommodate (rare: 1 first in S.)

1 to furnish, equip 2H4 III. ii. 73, Lr. IV. vi. 82. 2 pa. pple. favoured Cym. v. iii. 32 A-d by the place. accommodation (Ben Jonson in his 'Discoveries'

speaks of: the perfumed terms of the time, as 'accommodation', 'complement', 'spirit', &c.) 1 provision, entertainment Oth. 1. iii. 239 such a.

and besort As levels with her breeding.

2 pl. conveniences, comforts Meas. III. i. 14 all th' accommodations that thou bear'st.

accomplice: comrade in arms 1H6 v. ii. 9.

accomplish (not very freq.; sense 2 only S.)

1 to equip perfectly Mer.V. III. iv. 61, R2 II. i. 1/8

Accomplish'd with the number of thy hours (= of
the same age as thou), H5 IV. Chor. 12 The
armourers, accomplishing the knights,
2 to gain, obtain 3H6 III. ii. 152 to accomplish twenty

golden crowns.

accord sb. : ('at a.' is Chaucerian ; 2 not post-S.) 1 harmony, concord Shr. 111, i. 74, H5 v. ii. 381; AYL. 1. i. 69 at accord (=in agreement). 2 assent, consent Err. 11. i. 25, H5 v. ii. 71, Ham. 1 ii. 123; Troil. 1. iii. 238 Jove's accord, with

Jove, i. e. heaven, on their side.

accord vb. : to agree, assent AYL. v. iv, 140, Rom. 1. ii. 19 my consent and fair according roice accordant: agreeing, consenting Ado. 1. ii. 16.

accosting t: see COASTING.

accountant: liable to give an account, accountable Meas. II. iv. 87, 0th. II. i. 305 accountant for as great a sin.

accuse: accusation 2H6 III. i. 160 By false accuse. acerb: sour and bitter Oth. I. iii. 355 (Q1 only). ache sb.: pronounced 'aitch' like the letter H

(cf. Ado III. iv. 55); hence pl. aches is of two syllables (Tp. 1. ii. 370). [edd.

ache vb.: pronounced 'ake' and so spelt in orig.
Acheron: river of the infernal regions, app.
supposed by S. to be a lake Tit. IV. iii. 44.

achieve (freq. in sense 1; rare in 2 and 3) 1 to gain, obtain All'sW. I. i. 53, Cor. I. ix. 33,

Sonn. lxvii, 3.

to make an end of, kill (Fr. achever) H5 IV. iii. 91.

achievement: acquisition 2H4 IV. v. 188, Troil.
I. ii. 317, IV. ii. 72.
achievement: winner, victor Ado I. i. 9.
Achilles' spear: the rust from which cured

the wounded Telephus 2H6 v. i. 100. chitophel: Absalom's counsellor (2 Samuel xv.), 2H4 I. ii. 39. [iii. 320.

acknown: be a. on, confess knowledge of Oth. III. a-cold: cold Lr. III. iv. 57 Tom's a-cold.

aconitum: poisonous extract of the plant wolf'sbane or monk's-hood, Aconitum Napellus 2H4 IV. iv. 48.

acquit (the foll. are the rarer meanings in S.) 1 to atone for Lucr, 1071 Till life to death acquit my forc'd offence.

2 to repay, requite Mer.V. v. i. 138, H5 II. ii. 144. 3 pa, pple, acquit of, rid of Wiv. I. iii. 25. acquittance sb. (rare; a doubtful instance occurs

in 0th. rv. ii. 193; Q<sub>1</sub> only, the rest acquaintance) 1 writing in evidence of a discharge LLL. II. i. 160

acquittances For such a sum, Cym. v. iv. 174. 2 discharge, acquittal Ham. iv. vii. 1.

acquittance vb.: to acquit, clear R3 III. vii. 231. across: crossed, folded Cæs. II. i. 240 with your arms across, Lucr. 1662

act sb. (S. has several ordinary uses; earliest known example of 'act' of a play H8 Epil. 3).

1 performance, action, operation, execution Mer.V. I. iii. 84, All'sW. I. ii. 30, John III. i. 274, H8 III. ii. 183 the honour of it Does pay the act of it. 2 event Oth. v. ii. 370 This heavy act.

act vb.: to put in action 2H6 v. i. 103 to a. controlling

laws, Rom. III. ii. 16, Ant. v. ii. 45.

action: gesture, gesticulation Shr. Ind. i. 132,
Cas. III. ii. 226 A., nor utterance, nor the power of
speech, Mac. v. i. 31, Ham. III. ii. 20, Lucr. 1403.
action-taking: litigious, seeking satisfaction at

law Lr. II. ii. 18 action-taking knave.

actor: doer Meas. II. ii. 37 Condemn the fault, and not the actor of it?, All'sW. II. iii. 29, Lucr. 608.

actual: consisting in action, active Mac. v. i, 13 her walking and other actual performances, Oth. IV. ii. 153 of thought or actual deed.

acture: action, performance Compl. 185.

Adam (2 'buff' was used for 'the naked skin') 1 the offending Adam, the Old Adam, H5 r. i. 29. 2 the picture of old Adam, (jocularly for) the bailiff's officer, who wore buff (like Adam) Err. IV. iii. 13.

= Adam Bell, a famous archer Ado I. i. 269 [261]. Hence Adam + Cupid i.e. Cupid the Archer, Rom. 11. i. 13, for orig. Abraham Cupid (which has not

been satisfactorily explained).

adamant: stone or mineral of excessive hardness 1H6 I. iv. 52; identified with the loadstone or magnet MND. II. i. 195, Troil. III. ii. 186 as turtle to her mate, As iron to adamant.

a-days (mod. edd. o' days): 2H4 11. iv. 250, Tim. IV.

iii. 293.

addiction: inclination, bent H51. i. 54, Oth. II. ii. 6. addition (the ordinary uses occur; 1 is freq.; 2

and 3 rare)

1 something added to a man's name to denote his rank, &c.; title, style of address; mark of distinction; Wiv. II. ii. 316 devils' additions, All'sW. II. iii. 134, Cor. I. ix. 66, Mac. III. i. 106 (cf. sense 3), Ham. 1, iv. 20, Lr. 1, 1, 138 The name and all th' addition to a king, 11, ii. 26, Oth. 1v. i. 105.

2 something added to a coat of arms as a mark of

honour Troil. IV. v. 140.

particular a-s, distinctive attributes Troil. 1. ii. address (most freq. in sense 2; 3 and 4 are rare) 1 to direct LLL. v. ii. 92, MND. II. ii. 143, Tw.N. I.

iv. 15 address thy gait unto her.
2 to prepare, make ready MND, v. i. 106, Mer.V.
II, ix. 19, H5 III, iii. 58 To-morrow for the march
are we addrest, Cæs. III. i. 29, Ham.I. ii. 216 it... did address Itself to motion.

3 to get oneself ready Troil IV. iv. 146 Let us address to tend on Hector's heels.

4 to make one's speech Lr. I. i. 193.

adhere: to hang together, agree Wiv. II. i. 63, Mac. I. vii. 52 Nor time nor place Did then adhere. adjunct (not pre-Eliz.)

adj. connected, annexed John III. iii. 57, Sonn.

xci. 5 every humour hath his adjunct pleasure. sb. something annexed LLL, IV. iii. 314 Learning is but an a. to ourself; person in attendance Sonn. cxxii. 13 To keep an a, to remember thee. admirable: to be wondered at, wonderful MND.

V. i. 27 strange and admirable. admiral: flagship 1H4 III. iii. 28, Ant. III. viii. 12

admiration (the foll, are occasional uses)
1 quality of exciting wonder or approbation, admirableness Tp. III. i. 38.

2 object of wonder, marvel All'sW. II. i. 91.

3 note of admiration, the sign! Wint. v. ii. 12. admire (rare use): to wonder (at) Tp. v. i. 154, Tw. N. III. iv. 167 nor admire not in thy mind, why I do call thee so.

admired (1 cf. UNAVOIDED = inevitable)

admirable Тр. пг. i. 37, Ant. п. ii. 125. wonderful Mac. пг. iv. 110 With most a. disorder. admittance: acceptance, sanction; (hence) vogue, fashion Wiv. III. iii. 61; II. ii. 240 of great admittance (= in high favour).

adoptedly: by adoption Meas. 1. iv. 47 Adoptedly; as school-maids change their names.

adoptious christendoms: christenings of adopted

children All's W. I. i. 190':

advance: to raise, lift up Tp. I. ii. 405, H5 v. Prol.

44, R3 I. ii. 40 A. thy halberd higher than my breast,

Rom. II. iii. 5. "The many passages in which

flags and standards are said to be 'advanced' may bear this meaning.

advantage sb. (sense 'profit, benefit' is freq. with phr. make or take a. of, rarely on Ven. 405); also advantageous or favourable position')

1 favourable opportunity, chance Tp. 11. iii. 13 The next a. Will ne take, Oth. 1. iii. 299, 11. i. 249, Ven. 129; 3H6 III. ii. 129 for advantuges (=as it serves my convenience; cf. Compl. 123); Oth. III. iii. 312 to the advantage (= opportunely).

pecuniary profit, interest on money Mer. V. 1. iii. 71 neither lend nor borrow Upon advantage; fig.

John III. iii. 22.

3 with advantages H5 rv. iii. 50 ('his story will lose nothing in the telling ').

advantage vb. (1 the trans. sense is more freq.)

1 to be of benefit Tp. I. i. 36 our own doth little a. 2 to augment R3 IV. iv. 324 Advantaging their loan with interest

advantageable: profitable, advantageous H5 v.

ii. 88 advantageable for our dignity.

advantageous care: anxiety to obtain a position of advantage Troil. v. iv. 23.

adventure sb.: hazard, chance Wint. v. i. 156, John v. v. 22; at all adventures, at all hazards. whatever may be the consequences Err. II. ii. 220, H5 IV. i. 123.

adventure vb.: to venture Wint. I. ii. 38, R3 I. ііі. 116, Rom. п. іі. 84, v. ііі. 11, Сут. пт. іv. 156. adversity: perverse one, quibbler Troil. v. i. 14. advertise: to inform, instruct Meas. I. i. 41\* one

that can my part in him advertise, 3H6 v. iii. 18, H8 11. iv. 176 he might the king . . . advertise.

advertisement (stressed always on the second syllable)

information 1H4 III. ii. 172 this a. is five days old. 2 advice, counsel Ado v. i. 32, All's W. iv. iii. 240 an advertisement . . . to take heed, 1H4 IV. i. 36.

adve'rtising: attentive Meas. v. i. 384 Advertising

and holy to your business.

advice: consideration, deliberation, consultation Gent. II. iv. 208, Mer.V. Iv. ii. 6, Shr. I. i. 116, John III. iv. 11, H5 II. ii. 43 on his more advice (= after maturer reflection).

advise ('to counsel' is the commonest sense; cf.

ADVISED 2)

1 refl. and intr. to bethink oneself, consider Tw.N. IV. ii. 104, H5 III. vi. 171, Rom. III. v. 192, Lr. ii. i. 29 Advise yourself.

2 to inform, apprise Gent. III. i. 122, All'sW. III. v. 26, H5 II. Chor. 12 advis'd by good intelligence, H8 1. ii. 107 I shall anon advise you Further.

advised (see also WELL-ADVISED)

1 considerate, deliberate, cautious, well-considered Mer. V. I. i. 143 with more advised watch, John IV. ii. 214, R2 I. iii. 188, H5 I. ii. 179 The advised head defends itself.

2 be advised, take good advice, take care, be cautious LLL. IV. iii. 368, H8 I. i. 139, Oth. I. ii. 55.

3 art thou not advised, art thou unaware? Shr. I. i. 190; so 2H4 1. i. 172, 2H6 11. i. 47; I am advised, I know very well Err. v. i. 214.

advocation: pleading of an advocate Oth, III. iv. ædile: magistrate in ancient Rome who had the superintendence of public buildings, police, &c. Cor. III. i. 173, &c.

aerial: of the atmosphere Oth, 11. i. 39 (Ff eriall). aerie: nest, or (esp. in S.) brood of a bird of prey, and particularly of hawks John v. ii. 149, R3 I. iii. 264; Ham. II. ii. 362 aerie of children (with reference to the young choristers of the Chapel Royal and St. Paul's, who acted plays).

afar off: remotely, indirectly Wiv. 1. i. 215, Wint. и. і. 103.

affect sb. (both senses were in common Eliz, use) 1 kind feeling, affection R2 I. iv. 30.

4

2 disposition, tendency LLL 1. i. 150, Oth. 1. iii, 265 the young affects (= youthful inclinations).

affect vb.1 (2 by far the commonest sense; 4 only

once)

1 to aim at, aspire to Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 433, 2H6 IV. vii. 103, Cor. III. iii. 1 affects Tyrannical power, IV. vi. 32.

2 to be fond of, love Tw.N. H. v. 28, Lr. I. i. 1. 3 to be inclined Ant. I. iii. 71 making peace or war

As thou affect'st. 4 to assume the character of, imitate John 1. i. 86

The accent of his tongue affecteth him. affect vb.2: to act upon contagiously, as a disease

Troil. II. ii. 59 what infectiously itself affects. affected (the mod, sense 'full of affectation' occurs once LLL, v. i. 15)

1 disposed, inclined Gent. 1. iii. 60, Shr. 1. i. 26 in

all affected as yourself, Lr. II. 10, Sur. I. i. 26 in 2 in love LLL. II. i. 230 that which we lovers entitle affected, Ven. 157.

affectedly: lovingly Compl. 48. affecting: using affectation, affected Wiv. II. i. affection sb. (the usual S. sense is the ordinary one of 'love'; 4 is rare)

1 emotion, feeling, esp. pl. LLL. 1. i. 9, Mer.V. 1. i. 16, Ces. II. i. 20 when his affections sway'd More

than his reason.

2 mental tendency, natural disposition Mer.V. 1. ii. 37, Mac. IV. iii. 77 my most ill-compos'd affection. 3 state of mind towards a thing, bent, inclination, wish Tp. 1. ii. 478 My affections are then most humble, Ado II. ii. 7 whatsoever comes athwart his affection, LLL. v. ii. 495, Cor. 1. i. 109. 4 affectation LLL. v. ii. 408, Ham. II. ii. 473 (Qq).

affection vb.: to have affection for Wiv. 1. i. 234.
affectioned \*: (a) full of affectation; (b) self-willed, obstinate Tw.N. 11. iii. 162.

affeer: to confirm Mac. IV. iii. 34 The title is affeer'd.

affiance: confidence H5 II. ii. 127, Cym. I. vi. 163. affianced: betrothed Meas. III. i. 221 affianced to her by oath.

affined (sense 2 is only S.) [all affin'd and kin. 1 related Troil, 1. iii. 25 The wise and fool . . . seem 2 bound Oth. I. i. 39 Whe'r I . . . am affin'd To love the Moor.

affirm: to maintain (a statement) H5 v. ii. 117, Lr. 11. ii. 83,

affray: to frighten away Rom. III. v. 33. affront sb. : gace th' a., made the stand Cym. v. iii. affront vb. (the precise sense in passages under 2 and 3 is doubtful)

1 to meet, accost Ham. III. i. 31 That he . . . may here

Affront Ophelia. 2 to face, encounter Wint. v. i. 75, Cym. IV. iii. 29. 3 to confront; meet, respond to Troil, 111, ii. 173.

affy (both senses were in gen, use till 1650)

1 to trust in Tit. 1. i. 47 I do affy In thy uprightness.

2 to betroth 2H6 IV. i. 80. a-front: abreast 1H4 II. iv. 226 four came all a.

after (unusual applications of common meanings)
1 according to Tp. II. ii. 79 after the wisest (= in the wisest fashion)

2 at the rate of Meas. II. i. 261.

after- in comb.: = later, subsequent, future : after-debts All'sW. IV. iii. 256, -hours R3 IV. iv. 294, -inquiry Cym. v. iv. 187, -loss Sonn. xc. 4, -lore Gent. III. i. 95, -meeting Cor. II. ii. 44, -nourishment Per. 1. ii. 13, -times 2H4 IV. ii. 51, -wrath Ant. V. ii. 289.

after-dinner: time following dinner, afternoon Meas. III. i. 33, Troil. II. iii. 122.

after-eye: to look after Cym. I. iii. 16 left To after-eye him. i. 34. after-supper: late supper, rere-supper MND, v.

again (sense 2 arose first with vbs. like 'ring': cf. Mac. v. iii. 54 the very echo, That should applaud a.) 1 back AYL, III. v. 132 why I answer'd not again

Shr. 11. i. 217 come again, Good Kate, Cym. 1v. iii 1, Sonn. lxxix. 8 pays it thee again.

2 used to indicate intensity of action Mer. V. III. ii. 204 wooing here until I sweat again, 2H6 IV. i. 78 shall hiss at thee again.

against (see also the aphetic form 'GAINST) exposed to Sonn. Ixxiii. 3 those boughs which

shake against the cold.

in expectation of, in time for AYL. IV. i. 158, Troil. 1. ii. 189, Rom. IV. ii. 47, Ham. II. ii. 513 as we often see, a. some storm, A silence in the heavens.

as conj.: in expectation of the time when, by the time that MND. III. ii. 99 against she do appear, Shr. iv. iv. 104.

agate: used fig. in allusion to the small figures cut in agates for seals Ado III. i. 65, 2H4 I. ii. 18 I was never manned with an agate till now; so agatestone Rom. I. iv. 56.

agaz'd: astounded, amazed 1H6 I. i. 126 stood a. Agenor: father of Europa Shr. 1. i. 172.

aggravate (S. has only two out of many contemporary uses)

to increase Sonn. exlvi. 10 to aggravate thy store. 2 to make worse Wiv. 11. ii. 301, R2 1. i. 43 the more

to aggravate the note.

aglet-baby\*: (a) small figure carved on the tag of a lace; (b) doll or 'baby' decked with aglets or tags Shr. 1, ii, 79,

agnize: to acknowledge, confess Oth. 1. iii. 232. agood: in good earnest Gent. IV. iv. 172 I made her weep agood.

ague: malarial fever Cas. 11. ii. 113 that same ague which hath made you lean; fit of shivering Mer.V.
1. i. 23 My wind . . . Would blow me to an ague.

a-height: on high Lr. iv. vi. 59 Look up a-height, a-high: aloft R3 vi. iv. 86 One hear'd a-high, a-hold: close to the wind Tp. 1. i. 54 Loy her a., a.! aidance: assistance, aid 2H6 iii. ii. 165 for aidance 'quinst the enemy, Ven. 330.
aidant: helpful Lr. iv. iv. 17 aidant. In the good

man's distress.

aim sb. (3 meaning doubtful; some interpret 'let me have space or scope')
1 mark, butt Meas. I. iii. 5, R3 IV. iv. 90 To be the

aim of every dangerous shot, H8 v. iii. 118; gave aim to, was the object of Gent. v. iv. 101 her that gave aim to all thy oaths.

2 conjecture, guess Cas. 1. ii. 162 What you would work me to, I have some aim.

3 give aim, to guide (a person) in his aim by informing him of the result of a preceding shot; fig. to help Tit. v. iii. 149 give me aim awhile\*.

4 cry aim, to encourage archers by crying 'Aim!' when they were about to shoot, (hence) to applaud John II. i. 196.

aim vb. (S. has also the ordinary sense 'direct a weapon' with its fig. derivatives)

1 to guess, conjecture 2H6 II. iv. 58 thou aimest all avery, R3 I. iii. 65, Ham. IV. v. 9 they aim at it.

2 to mean, intend Err. III. ii. 66 (aim.t., Ff am).

air sb. (senses 2, 3, and 4 become common after S.,

as also the sense of 'tune 'MND. I. i. 183)

1 breath Wint. v. iii. 78 There is an air comes from her, 2H6 III. ii. 371\* catch the air. 2 take air, (of a plan) to get abroad Tw.N. III. iv. 147 lest the device take air.

3 manner, style Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 758 the air of the court, Tim. v. i. 26 Promising is the very air o' the time.

4 mien, demeanour Wint. v. i. 128 Your falher's image .. His very air.

air vb. (1 is now associated with 'to put on airs') 1 to wear openly, expose to public view Cym. 11. iv.

2 aired abroad, exposed to the airs of foreign lands Wint. IV. 1, [ii.] 6.

Ajax: son of Telamon (2H6 v. i. 26), one of the Greek heroes in the Trojan war, taken as the type of the dull-witted warrior (Lr. II. ii. 132; cf. Troil, II. i. 1-59); with pun on 'a jakes' LLL. v. ii. 578

alarm, alarum sb. (differentiated spellings of the same word, used indiscriminately in the old edd., but in mod. edd. alarum is usu. appropriated to 1 and 2, and alarm to 3, 4, and 5) 1 the cry or signal 'allarme' (to arms) 2H6 v. ii.?,

R3 IV. iv. 149 strike alarum, drums!

2 call to arms R31, i. 7 Our stern alarums (Q1 alarmes); fig. Oth. 11. iii. 27 an alarum to love.

3 loud noise, disturbance Shr. 1. i. 130 (F<sub>1</sub> alarum), R2 1. i. 205 these home alarms.

4 sudden attack, surprise Mac. v. ii. 4 the grim alarm (F<sub>1</sub> alarme), Ven. 424. 5 state of surprise or excitement mingled with fear Ham. n. ii. 540 in the alurm of fear (F1 alarum, Qq alarme).

alarum vb.: to call to arms (fig.), rouse to action
Mac. H. i. 53, Lr. H. i. 55,

alarum-bell: bell rung as a signal of danger
Mac. H. iii. 81. (Cf. LARUM BELL.)

alate: Lr. I. iv. 211 (Qq); Ff and mod edd. of late. albeit: usu. disyllabic, is trisyllabic in John v. ii. 9.

alchemy: transmutation of base metals into gold Sonn. xxxiii. 4 (fig.).

Alcides: Hercules Mer. V. II. i. 35.

alderliefest: dearest of all 2H6 1. i. 28 mine al-

derliefest sovereign Alecto: one of the Furies 2H4 v.v. 40 fell A's snake. ale-washed: 'drowned' in ale H5 m. vi. 85 ale-

washed wits.

alien: adj. belonging to others Sonn. lxxviii. 3 every alien pen; sb. stranger 1H4 III. ii, 34 an alien to the hearts Of all the court. a-life: dearly Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 263 Hove a ballad in print a-life (most mod. edd. read o' life).

alight: for 'alight from' Yen. 13 to a. thy steed, all: sb. all our, of us all John IV. ii. 102, Cor. IV. vi. 34.—adj. any whatever Mac. III. ii. 11 Things without all remedy.—adv. only, exclusively All'sW. III. ii. 71, Lr. I. i. 102, Sonn. lxxvi. 5.—all too, altogether too 2H4 v. ii. 24.—conj. although R3 IV. iv. 226 Thy head, all indirectly, gave direction.

all- in comb. :

1 (objective) all-building Meas. II. iv. 95, -cheering Rom. 1. i. 139, -hiding Lucr. 801, -oblivious Sonn. lv. 9, -seeing R3 11. i. §3, -seer v. i. 20, -telling LLL. 11. i. 21.

2 = 'wholly, completely', sometimes assuming an instrumental relation = 'by all', all-abhorred 1H4 v. i. 16, -disgraced Ant. III. x. [xii.] 22, -licensed Lr. 1. iv. 223, -obeying (= obeyed; cf. UNRECALLING) Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 77, -worthy Cym. 111. v. 94; all-wutched (= that has all been spent in watches) H5 IV. Chor. 38.
all-amort [Fr. a la mort 'to death']: 'sick to

death,' dispirited, dejected Shr. IV. iii. 36, 1H6 III. ii. 124.

allay sb.: means of abatement Wint. IV. i. [ii.] 9
to whose feeling sorrows I might be some allay; so allayment Troil. IV. iv. 8, Cym. I. v. 22, allaying: diluting Cor. II. i. 53 not a drop of

allaying Tiber allegiant: giving allegiance, loyal H8 III. ii. 177

allegiant thanks.

54

All-Hallond eve: eve of All Saints' Day, Meas. II. i. 135. All-Hallowmass: Nov. 1st, Wiv.
I. i. 211 All-Hallowmass last, a fortnight before
Michaelmas. All-Hallown summer, spell of fine weather in the late autumn; fig. vigour lasting on into later life 1H4 1. ii. 177.

all hid: children's cry at the game of hide-and-seek or blindman's-buff LLL. IV. iii. 78. alliance: marriage Ado II. i. 332, Rom. II. iii. 91.

allied: related, connected Gent. IV. i. 49, Meas. III. ii. 111 the vice is of a great kindred; it is well a. allot: to appoint 1H6 v. iii. 55 Thon art allotted to

be ta'en by me.

allottery: share, portion AYL. 1. i. 78 the poor allottery my father left me.
allow (the foll. are the less common S. uses)

1 to approve, sanction, license Tw.N. 1. ii. 57, 1. v. 160 an allowed fool, Tim. v. 1. 167 Allow'd with absolute poners, Lr. 1v. 194. 2 to grant, admit 2H4 1. iii. 5, Lucr. 1845; also

with of Tw. N. IV. ii. 64 ere I will a. of thy wits.

3 to assign as one's duc Mer. V. IV. i. 304 The law allows it [the pound of flesh].

4 refl. to lend itself Lr. m. vii. 105 his roguish madness Allows itself to any thing.

allowance: admission or acknowledgement of a elaim Troil. 1. iii. 377, Ham. 111. ii. 32 in your allowance, Oth. II. i. 49.
all-thing: in every way Mac. III. i. 13 all-thing

unbecomina.

ally (cf. ALLIED): kinsman, relative AYL. v. iv. 196, Rom, ni. i. 115. 196, Rom. nr. i. 115. allycholly: corr. of 'mallycholly', old form of

melancholy 'Gent. IV. ii. 28, Wiv. I. iv. 160.

Almain: German Oth. u. iii. 87.

almost: used to intensify a rhetorical question
John IV. iii. 43. ¶ A 16th-18th cent. use. alms-basket: to live on the alms-basket, to live upon public charity LLL. v. i. 42.

alms-deed: act of charity 3H6 v. v. 79 murder

is thy alms-deed. alms-drink: remains of liquor reserved for almstolk, leavings Ant. II. vii. 5.

alms-man: man supported by alms, beadsman R2 III. iii. 149 an alms-man's gown.

alone: having no equal, unique Gent. 11. iv. 168
She is a., Ant. Iv. vi. 30 a. the villain of the earth. alter: to exchange Tw. N. H. v. 173 She that would

alter services with thee. amain: with full force or speed Tp. IV. i. 74, her peacocks fly amain, Troil. v. viii. 13 cry you all a. amaze sb.: extreme astonishment LLL. 11. i. 244.

amaze vb. : to bewilder, perplex John IV. iii. 140

I am anaz'd . . . and lose my way, Ven. 684.

amazement: bewilderment, perplexity, distraction, frenzy Meas. Iv. ii, 220, John v. i. 35, Troil.

v. iii. 85, Ham. III. iv. 111 amazement on thy mother sits.

¶ The mod, sense of 'overwhelming wonder', course a Ham. iii. 246. wonder 'occurs, e. g. Ham. III. ii. 346.

Amazonian: resembling an Amazon or female warrior 3H6 I. iv. 114, Cor. II. ii. 96 his Amazonian

chin ('beardless').

ambition: object of strong desire Ham. III. iii. 55 My crown, mine own ambition, and my queen. ambuscado: ambush Rom. 1. iv. 85.

amend (cf. the much more freq. MEND)

1 to correct, reform, improve LLL. rv. iii. 76 God umend us, 1H4 III. i. 179, 2H4 I. ii. 143: to repair. mend Cor. IV. vii. 12 I must excuse What cannot be amended.

2 to become better, recover Tp. v. i. 115 Th' afflic-tion of my mind amends, Tw. N. 1. v. 53.

amerce: to punish Rom. 111. i. 196 I'll umerce you with so strong a fine.

ames-aces: two aces, the lowest possible throw at dice All'sW. II. iii. 85.

amiable (2 the common use in S.'s time; the mod, sense is later)

of love Wiv. II. ii. 248 an amiable siege, Ado III. iii. 160 this amiable encounter.

2 lovable, lovely Ado v. iv. 48, MND. rv i. 2 thy amiable cheeks, Shr. v. ii. 142, Oth. III. iv. 60. amiss (thrice only in S., and somewhat rare other-

wise; cf. miss sb.)

1 misdeed, fault Sonn. xxxv. 7 Myself corrupting, salving thy amiss, cli. 3.

2 calamity Ham. IV. v. 18 prologue to some great a. among: ever among, all the while 2H4 v. iii. 22 And ever among so merrily.

amort: see ALL-AMORT.

ample: fully, completely All'sW. III. v. 43, Tim.

r, ii. 138 how ample you're belov'd.

an' (in old edd. often and, of which it is only a

clipped form)

1 if (freq.); even if, though (Mer. V. I. ii. 95); also an if Tp. II. ii. 125, Mer. V. IV. i. 446; what an if, though Tit. IV. iv. 9.

2 whether MND. v. i. 196.

as if MND. I. ii. 87 (Ff, Qq and, mod. edd. as), H5 11. iii. 11.

an2: see AN EDGE, AN-END.

anatomize (old edd. anathomize)

to dissect Lr. 111. vi. 80 let them anatomize Regan. 2 to lay open minutely, analyse (cf. Annorhanize) AYL. I, i. 165, All'sW. IV. 1ii. 37, Lucr. 1450. anatomy (popular word in sense 1; survives dia-lectally as ATOMY)

1 skeleton Err. v. i. 239, John III. iv. 40 that fell anatomy [i.e. Death]. [III. iii. 105.

2 applied depreciatively to the bodily frame Rom. anchor sb.: anchorite, hermit Ham. 111. ii. 231.

anchor vb. (literal phrases are used in 2H6 IV. i. 9, Lr. iv. vi. 19)

1 to fix firmly R3 IV. iv. 232, Ant. I. v. 33 There would be anchor his aspect.

2 to fix one's thoughts Meas. II. iv. 4, Cym. v. v. 394 Posthumus anchors upon Imogen.

anchorage\*: set of anchors belonging to a ship Tit. 1. i. 73.

ancient (corruption of 'ensign', which in its early forms was confused with 'ancyen', &c., contemporary forms of 'ancient')

1 ensign, standard 1H4 IV. ii. 34 an old faced a. standard-bearer, ensign 1H4 iv. ii. 26, 2H4 II. iv.

73, Oth. 1. i. 33, &c. ancientry (1 F, aunchentry; 2 a 16th cent. use)

1 old-fashioned style Ado II. i. 81 state and a. 2 old people Wint. III. iii. 62 wronging the ancientry.

and:

joins two nouns (forming the figure called hendiadys) one of which is logically in adjectival relation to the other; or two adjs. the first of which is adverbial to the second: tediousness and process = tedious process R2 II. iii. 12, fint and hardness = filinty hardness Ant. IV, ix. 16; slow and moving = slowly moving Oth. IV. ii. 54.  $2 = AN^{1} q.v.$ 

andirons: fire-dogs Cym. II. iv. 88 her andirons.

two winking Cupids Of silver. [1E4 III. i. 132, an edge (mod. edd. on edge): Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 7, an-end (this form survives dialectally)

1 still an-end: continually Gent. IV. iv. 68. 2 on end 2H6 III. ii. 318, Ham. I. v. 19 each particular

hair to stand an-end, in. iv. 121.

angel (the sense of 'ministering spirit, divine messenger' is freq.; angels of light Err. iv. iii. 55) 1 genius, demon Mac. v. vii. 43 [viii. 14] the ungel whom thou . . . hust servil.

2 (a) good genius; (b) darling Cæs. III. ii. 186\* Brutus . . . was Casar's angel

3 gold coin having as its device the archangel Michael, value from 6s. 8d. to 10s. according to the period John II. i. 590; often used punningly Wiv. I. iii. 62, 2H4 I. ii. 189; hence ancient angel, a fellow of th'old, sound, honest, and worthic stampe ' (Cotgr. s. v. 'Angelot') Shr. IV. ii. 61.

angerly: angrily Gent. I. ii. 60, Mac. III. v. 1 how

now, Hecate! you look angerly.

angle sb.1: fishing-hook or line Ant. II. v. 10; fig. Wint. IV. i. 51 [ii. 52], Ham. v. ii. 66.

angle sb.2: corner Tp. I. ii. 223 an odd a, of the isle. angle vb.: to fish with a rod; fig. to use artful means to catch a person All'sW. v. iii. 214 She...

did angle for me, Ant. II. v. 16.
an-heir(e)s: Wiv. II. i. 227. See MYNHEERS†.
an-hungry: hungry Cor. I. i. 211.
a-night: at night AYL. II. iv. 47 coming a-night to Jane Smile.

annexion: addition, adjunct Compl. 208 With the annexions of fair gems enrich'd.

annexment: adjunct, appendage Ham. 111. iii. 21

annexment: adjunct, appendage train. In the 21 Each small annexment, petty consequence.

annothanize (Qq, F1) prob. for anatomize (Ff2 34): to explain, interpret LLL. IV. i. 70.

anon (like 'presently', 'anon' meant orig. 'straightway', 'at once')
1 soon, in a little while, presently; = a waiter's 'coming' 1H4 II. i. 5; till anon, for a while Ant. IV. VII 45 II. vii. 45.

2 now again, presently again LLL, IV. ii. 6; erer and anon, every now and then LLL, V. ii. 101. answer sb. (the foll, uses are somewhat technical)

1 reply made to a charge, defence, account 2H6 II.
i. 201 call these foul offenders to their answers, Cor.
III. i. 176, Cæs. I. iii. 114.

2 anything done in return, corresponding or resulting action, retaliation, punishment H5 11. ii. 143 to the a. of the law, IV. vii. 143 quite from the answer of his degree (= not bound to answer the challenge of one beneath his rank), Cym. v. iii. 79 Great the slaughter . . . great the answer; in fencing, the return hit Tw. N. 111. iv. 308,

Ham. v. ii. 283 in a. of the third exchange. answer vb. ('reply', 'correspond to', 'satisfy', are freq. senses

1 to return, requite Wiv. IV. vi. 10 hath answer'd my affection.

2 to atone for Cæs. III. ii. 86 grievously hath Casar answer'd it.

3 to render account of 1H4 IV. ii. 8, Ham. III. iv. 176

I will ... a. well The death I gave him, Cym. 111. v. 42. 4 to act in conformity with, obey Tp. 1. ii. 190 To answer thy best pleasure.
answerable (only thrice in S.)

1 accountable 1H4 II. iv. 579 if he have robb'd these men, He shall be answerable.

2 corresponding, suitable Shr. n. i. 353 all things answerable to this portion, Oth. I. iii. 351.

anthem: song of grief or mourning Gent. III. i. 241, Ven. 839, Phen. 21.

Anthropophaginian: Wiv. IV. v. 10, one of the Anthropophagi (Oth. I. iii. 144) or cannibals. antic(k (in old edd. a'ntick or a'ntique in all uses)

adj. fantastic, grotesque, ludicrous Rom. 1. v. 60, 11. iv. 30, Ham. 1. v. 172 To put an antic disposition on, Sonn. xix. 10.

sb. 1 grotesque entertainment LLL. v. i. 122 page-

ant, or antick, or fire-work.

2 burlesque performer, buffoon, merry-andrew Ado III. i. 63, R2 III. ii. 162 the antick [Death]. Troil. v. iii. 86 Like witless anticks.

antic vb. : to make like buffoons Ant. 11. vii. 132.

antickly: fantastically Ado v. i. 96 Go untickly, show outward hideousness.

antipathy: contrariety of feeling or disposition of the globe Mer.V. v. i. 127, R2 III. ii. 49

Lr. 11. ii. 92. Antipodes: those who dwell on the opposite side

wandering with the Antipodes.
antiquary: ancient Troil. 11. iii, 265 the a. times. antiquity: old age 2H4 1. ii. 211 blusted with

untiquity Sonn. lxii. 10.

antre: cavern Oth. I. iii. 140 antres vast und desurts idle.

ape (allusion in Ham. 111. iv. 194 like the fumous ape, is obscure)
1 imitator Wint. v. ii. 112, Cym. 11. ii. 31 0 sleep!

thou upe of death.

2 fool Cym. tv. ii. 194 jollity for apes.
3 lead apes in hell, the supposed consequence of dying an old maid Shr. 11, i. 34.

ape-bearer: one who carries a monkey about for

exhibition Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 102. a-pieces: in or to pieces H8 v. iv. 82 being torn a. apoplexed: paralysed Ham. III. iv. 73 that sense Is apoplex'd.

apostrophas: ? read 'apostrophus' (usu. 16th-18th cent. form) = apostrophe LLL, IV, ii, 124\* You find not the a., and so miss the accent.

appaid: contented, satisfied Lucr. 914.

apparent adj. (most freq. in sense 1)
I evident, plain Gent. III. i. 116 Without apparent

hazard of his life, Ca.s. II. i. 198. 2 seeming Mer.V. IV. i. 21 thy strange-a, cruelty. sb. = heir apparent 3H6 II. ii. 64 as apparent to the crown ; fig. claimant Wint. I. ii. 177 Next to thyself..., he's Apparent to my heart.
apparently: evidently, openly Err. IV. i. 79 If he

should scorn me so apparently.

appeach (2 peculiar to S.)

1 to inform against, impeach R2 v. ii. 79, 102. 2 to give accusatory evidence All'sW. 1. iii. 199 your passions Have to the full appeach'd.

appeal sb.: impeachment, accusation R2 1. i. 4 to

make good the ... late appeal, Ant. 111, v. 12.

appeal vb.: to accuse, impeach R2 1, i. 9 If he appeal the duke, 1, iii. 21.

appeared (Ff): made evident Cor. IV. iii. 9 your

favour is well a. (approved t) by your tongue. appellant (Ff appealant): adj. accusing or impeaching another of treason R2 I, i, 34 Come I appellant to this princely presence, IV. i. 104 Lords
Appellants (Fr. pl. ofadj.).—sb. one who challenged
another to single combat to prove upon his body the treason or felony of which he 'appealed' him R2 I. iii. 4 the summons of the appellant's trumpet, 2H6 II. iii. 49. [105.

appendix: adjunct (said of a bride) Shr. IV. iv. apperil: peril, risk Tim. I. ii. 33 Let me stay at

thine apperril.

appertaining: appropriate to Rom. 111, i. 68, appertainings (S.): belongings, appurtenances Compl. 115.

appertainments (S.): rights, prerogatives Troil. 11. iii. 88 We lay by Our appertainments. appertinent (by-form of 'appurtenant'

Latin 'pertinere') adj. belonging or becoming to LLL. 1. ii. 17, 2H4 1.

ii. 196 gifts appertinent to man.

sb. pl. things pertaining (to a person) H5 11. ii. 87 all appertments Belonging to his honour. applaud: to approve of, praise Gent. 1. iii, 48 0! that our fathers would appland our loves, Mae. 111.

ii. 46, Per. 11. v. 58. applause: approbation, approval AYL. 1. ii. 280 High commendation, true applause.

apple of the eye: the pupil of the eye, so called because it was supposed to be a solid globular body MND. III. ii. 104; LLL. v. ii. 476\* laugh upon the apple of her eye ('laugh upon her in a very affectionate manner').

apple-john: kind of apple said to keep two years and to be in perfect condition when shrivelled and withered 2H4 II. iv. 5.

appliance (the medicinal sense colours most uses) 1 (a) willing service; (b) medicinal treatment All'sW. II. i. 116\* I come to tender... my appliance. 2 remedy, medicinal application H8 i. i. 124 that's

the appliance only Which your disease requires, Ham. IV. iii. 10, Per. III. ii. 86.
3 means, apparatus 2H4 III. i. 29 With all appliances

and means to boot.

application: administration of a medicament, medicinal treatment All'sW. 1. ii. 74.

apply (used freq. with ref. to the application of remedies; the foll, are rare uses)

1 apply for, interpret as Cas. 11. ii. 80 these does she apply for warnings.

2 to attend assiduously to Mac. 111. ii. 30 Let your remembrance apply to Banquo.
3 to be suitable to Wiv. 11. ii. 252.

appoint (the more usual senses are 'determine'. designate', 'nominate')

to arrange (e.g. a meeting) Tit. IV. iv. 101.

2 to equip, chiefly in pa. pple. Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 605 To have you royally appointed, H5 111. Chor. 4 The well-appointed king; also refl. and fig. Wint. 1. ii. 326 \*To appoint myself in this veration.

3 to assign, grant Caes. rv. i. 30 I do appoint him

store of provender.

appointment (the sense 'engagement, assignation' and 3 are equally common)

1 resolution, purpose Ant. IV. x. 8\*. 2 direction, dictation H8 II. ii. 134 that good fellow . . . follows my appointment.

3 equipment, accoutrement R2 III. iii. 53 Our fair appointments.

apprehend (1 the commonest meaning; mod. sense 'anticipate with dread' barely appears; cf. Troil. III. ii. 78)

1 to seize, arrest Oth. I. i. 178, ii. 77.

2 to understand Ado 11. i. 85 you apprehend passing shrewdly, Cym. 111. iii. 17. 3 to conceive, imagine MND, v. i. 5, 1H4 1. iii. 209

He apprehends a world of figures here.

apprehension (4 tends to pass into the mod. sense anticipation with dread 1 seizure, arrest 3H6 III. ii. 122, Lr. III. v. 20 that

he may be ready for our apprehension.
2 physical perception MND, 111, ii, 178 The ear more quick of apprehension, Cor. 11, iii, 232. 3 mental perception, understanding, grasp of mind

H5 III. vii. 150 If the English had any a., Troil. II, iii, 125 his evasion . . . Cannot owifty our a-s, Ham. II. ii. 326 [iii, 319] in a. how like a god!; quickness of wit Ado III. iv. 67; 1H6 II. iv. 102\* (or, conception, i. e. of my father and me). 4 conception, imagination Meas. 111. i. 76 The sense

of death is most in a., R2 1. iii, 300 the a. of the good, Ham. IV. i. 11 in this brainish a., Cym. IV. ii. 110.

apprehensive: possessed of intelligence or understanding, quick to perceive or learn All'sW. I. ii. 60, 2H4 IV. iii. 107, Cas. III. i. 67 men are flesh and blood, and apprehensive. approach: hostile advance, attack John v. ii. 131

This upish and unmannerly approach, Tim. v. i. 169 Of Alribindes the approaches wild; (of a river) H8 III. ii, 199,

approbation non-technical sense of 'approval, assent' also occurs)

1 confirmation, attestation, proof Wint. II. i. 176, H5 I. ii. 19, Cym. I. iv. 139 put... on the approbation of what I have spoke.

2 sanction H8 I. ii. 71 By learned a. of the judges.

3 probation, novitiate Meas. 1. ii. 189 the cloister enter, And there receive her approbation.

approof (not freq. outside S., who has 4 examples)

I trial, proof All'sW. II. v. 3 of valuant approof (= of proved valour), Ant. III. ii. 27 on thy approof (= on the trial or proof of thy conduct).

2 approbation Meas. II. iv. 175 Either of condemna-tion or approof; All'sW. 1. ii. 50° So in approof lives not his epitaph (= the truth of his epitaph is in no way so fully confirmed).

appropriation: special attribute or excellence (added to his own yood parts) Mer.V. 1. ii. 45. approve (1 and 3 are freq.; the ordinary mod.

sense occurs) 1 to prove, demonstrate to be true, corroborate, confirm Mer.V. 111. ii. 79 approve it with a text, All'sW. 111. vii. 13 which well approves You're great in fortune, H8 11. iii. 74, Mac. i. vi. 4, Ham.

1. i. 29 He may approve our eyes, Cym. v. v. 246. 2 to convict Ado Iv. i. 44 an approved wanton, Oth. 11. iii. 213 approv'd in this offence.

3 to put to the proof, test, try (esp. in pa. pple.) Shr. I. i. 7, R2 II. iii. 44 more approved service, 1H4 I. i. 54 valiant and approved Scot, Oth. I. iii. 77.

4 to commend Ham, v. ii. 142 (' would not be much to my credit'), Per. II. i. 56. approver: one who makes a trial Cym. II. iv. 25.

appurtenance: that which belongs to something Ham. 11. ii. 397.

apricock: apricot MND. 111. i. 173, R2 111. iv. 29. apron-man: mechanic Cor. IV. vi. 97 You, und

your apron-men. apt (1 is freq., but hardly passes into the mod. 'likely, calculated'; the sense 'fit, suitable' is

also freq.) 1 ready, prepared, willing Ado II. i. 215, H5 II. ii. 86 how apt our love was to accord, Cas. 111. i. 160

so apt to die. 2 easily impressed, ready to learn Cor. 111, ii. 29,

Cæs. v. iii. 68, Ham. 1. v. 31 I find thee upt. 3 natural Oth. 11. i. 299 'tis upt, and of great credit, v. ii. 175.

aqua-vitæ: ardent spirits Wiv. 11. ii. 322 my aqua-

vitæ bottle, Rom. IV. v. 16.
Aquilon: north wind Troil. IV. v. 9 puff'd A.

Arabian bird: phoenix; fig. unique specimen Ant. III. ii. 12, Cym. I. vi. 17.

Arabian tree: tree of the phenix Phoen. 2 (cf. Tp. 111. iii. 22-4).

araise: to raise from the dead All'sW. II. i. 79.

arch sb.1: watery arch, rainbow Tp. 1v. i. 71; waulted arch, heaven Cym. 1. vi. 33.

arch: adj. chief, prime, principal, pre-eminent R3 IV. iii. 2 The most arch deed of piteous massacre, H8 III. ii. 103; 3H6 II. ii. 2 (arch-enemy), Oth. IV. i. 71 (arch-mock), Meas. V. i. 57 (arch-villain). [patron.

mock), Meas. V. I. 51 (arch-chain).

sb. 2 chief, master Lr. II. i. 61 My worthy arch and
argal, argo: corruptions of 'ergo', therefore
Ham. v. i. 13, &c.; 2H6 IV. ii. 32,
argosy [orig. form 'ragusy' = a vessel of Ragusa in
Sicily]: merchant vessel of the largest size and
bander May Y. i. 0

burden Mer. V. 1. i. 9, &c.

argue: to prove. evince, betoken LLL. IV. ii. 57, 3H6 II. ii. 25 Which argu'd thee a most unloving father, Ham. v. i. 11 it argues an act, Lucr. 65. argument (occurs 78 times in S., of which 18 have

the sense 'debate, discussion'

1 proof, evidence, Ado 11. iii. 254 [242] no great argument of her folly.

2 subject of contention or debate H5 III. i. 21 sheath'd their swords for lack of a., Mac. II. iii, 127, 3 subject-matter of discourse, theme, subject Ado I. i. 266, 1H4 II. ii. 104 it would be argument for a week, II. iv. 314, Sonn. xxxviii. 3, lxxvi. 10.

4 summary of the subject-matter of a book Ham. 111. ii. 150; fig. contents Tim. 11. ii. 188 If I would

... try the argument of hearts.

Ariachne: incorrect for 'Arachne', who challenged Athene to a weaving match; the goddess fore up A.'s web, and A. hanged herself, but Athene changed her into a spider Troil, v. ii. 152. arithmetic: computation, calculation Cor. 111. i.

244 'tis odds beyond writhmetic.

arm vb.: to take in one's arms Cym. iv. ii. 400. armado: fleet of ships Err. 111. ii. 141 whole urmadoes of carracks, John 111. iv. 2.

arm-gaunt : (a) lean from bearing arms or from much warlike service; (b) with gaunt limbs Ant. 1. v. 48.

armipotent: mighty in arms LLL. v. ii. 647 armipotent Mars, All'sW. 1v. iii. 266.

arms: military profession 1H6 II. i. 43 since first I follow'd arms.

aroint thee!: avaunt, begone Mac. 1. iii. 6, Lr. 111. iv. 127. ¶Cf. the north-country 'roint' or 'rynt 127. ¶ Cf. the north-cothee '= get out of the wa

a-row: one after another Err. v. i. 170.

arrant: thoroughgoing, out-and-out (freq.) H5 111. vi. 64. ¶ The orig. application was to 'thief' (cf. Tim. ry. iii. 443); an arrant (=errant) thief was an outlawed robber roving about the country.

arras: hanging screen of tapestry placed round the walls of household apartments, often at such a distance from them as to allow of people being concealed in the space between Wiv. 111. iii. 97, Ham. 11. ii. 163.

arrearages: arrears Cym. 11. iv. 13 grant the tribute, send the arrearages.

arrest sb. (always with legal or judicial reference) 1 under (an) arrest, under legal restraint, arrested Meas. 1. ii. 141, R2 IV. i. 158. 2 order, decree Ham. 11. ii. 67 he... sends out

arrests On Fortinbras.

arrest vb. (usu. in sense 'to apprehend 'a person) 1 to seize (property) by legal warrant Wiv. v. v. 121 his horses are arrested for it.

2 to take as security (fig.) Meas. 11, iv. 135 I do arrest your words, LLL. 11, i. 159. arrivance (Qq Ff -ancie, -ancy): people arriving Oth. 11, i. 42.

arrive (1 is close to the etymol. meaning, Latin 'arripare' to bring ashore; cf. 'I aryve or come

newly to a porte by sea', Palsgr.) to land at 316 v. iii. 8 have arriv'd our coast, Cæs. 1. ii. 110.

2 to reach Cor. 11. iii. 189 arriving A place of potency and sway o' the state, Lucr. 781

3 arrive at, attain to Tim. IV. iii. 514. art (4 short for 'art magic', Latin 'ars magica')

as magica)

1 skill (esp. opposed to 'nature'); skill in a particular science MND. 1. i. 192, Rom. 11. iv. 97 by art as well as by nature, Mac. IV. i. 101 if your art Can tell so much (cf. sense 4), Ven. 201.

2 learning, science Wiv. 111, i. 109, LLL, IV. ii. 115

all those pleasures... that art would comprehend; pl. with allusion to the 'liberal arts' studied in the middle ages LLL. 11. i. 45, Shr. 1. i. 2, Per. 11. iii. 82 My education been in arts and urms, Sonn. Music 13 [Pilgr. 223].

3 practical application of a science H5 1. i. 51 the art and practic part of life; fig. experience Lr. IV. vi. 227; Cæs. IV. iii. 193-4 (\* his art had not be-

come a second nature ').

- 4 magie Tp. 1. ii. 1, &c., 1H4 III. i. 48, 1H6 II. i. 15 Contriv'd by art and baleful sorcery
- 5 artifice Compl. 295 his passion, but an a. of craft. 6 cunning Sonn. cxxxix. 4 slay me not by art.

Arthur (2 perhaps suggested by place-names such as 'Arthur's Head', 'Arthur's Seat') 1 Arthur's shore, exhibition of archery by the 'Order of Knights of Prince Arthur's Round Table', or 'the fellowship of Prince Arthur's Knights', a society of archers which met on Mile-end Green 2H4 111. ii. 303.

Arthur's bosom, jocular alteration of 'Abraham's

bosom' (Luke xvi. 22) H5 II. iii. 9. article (in 1 and 2 'matter, business, concern'

seems to be the underlying meaning

1 of great article\*, of great moment, of importance; of large scope Ham. v. ii. 123.

the article of thy gentry, the character of thy rank Wiv. 11. i. 53.

articulate vb. : to come to terms Cor. I. ix. 77 The

best, with whom we may articulate,
articulate pa, pple: set forth in articles, specified
1H4 v. i. 72 These things... you have articulate,
artificial (the sense 'produced by art (not nature)'
becomes common after S.: 3H6 III. ii. 184)

1 skilled in constructive art MND. 111. ii. 203 like

two artificial gods.

2 skilful, cunning Per. v. i. 72 thy prosperous and artificial feat.

3 a. strife, the vying of art with nature Tim. 1. i. 38.

artist (only 3 exx.; both senses are common Eliz.) 1 one learned in the 'liberal arts', scholar Troil. I. iii. 24, Per. 11. iii. 15.

2 professor of the healing art, medical practitioner All'sW. II. iii. 10. artless: unskilful Ham. IV. v. 19 So full of artless

jealousy is guilt. as (the following are common old uses, now obs.

in literary English)
= that R3 I. iv. 289 coward as thou art.
'as...as'=though, however Ado I. i. 120 as like him as she is, like him though she is, however like him she may be. 3 = so that Shr. Ind. i. 70, Sonn. lxii. 8.

=as if Tp. 11. i. 128, H5 11. iv. 20, Ham. 1v. vii, 87; esp. in as it were.

redundant in as how AYL, IV. iii. 143. (Contrast Ham. IV. vii. 58.)

Ascanius: son of Eneas 2H6 III. ii. 116.

ash: spear of ash-wood Cor. IV. v. 114 My grained a.

asinico: see Assinego

askance: to turn aside Lucr. 637 askance their eyes. aslant (Qq ascaunt): across, athwart Ham. IV. vii. 167 aslant a brook.

aspe'ct ('look, appearance, air' is the most freq.

look, glance Err. II. ii. 115, Ant. I. v. 33 There would be anchor his aspect.

2 the relative positions of the heavenly bodies as they appear to an observer on the earth's surface at a given time, and the influence attributed thereto Wint. II. i. 106, 1H4 I. i. 97, Troil. I. iii. 92 the ill aspects of plunets evil, Lr. 11. ii. 112, Lucr. 14, Sonn. xxvi. 10. [45.

aspen: of the asp tree, Populus tremula Tit. II. iv. aspersion: sprinkling (of dew) Tp. IV. i. 18 No

sweet aspersion shall the heavens let fall.

aspic: asp, venomous serpent Oth. III. iii. 451, Ant. v. ii. 295. aspire (2 not common before the Eliz. period; 3 is

Eliz., now obs.) to be ambitious Gent. 111. i. 154, R2 v. ii. 9.

2 to rise, mount up Wiv. v. v. 103 whose flames aspire, Lucr. 548.

3 to mount up to Rom. 111, i. 123 hath a-'d the clouds, ass: Lr. 1. iv. 178 thou borest thine ass (allusion to Esop's fable of the man, his son, and the ass); Cor. II. i. 65 the ass in compound with the major part of your syllables ('S. was thinking of the little Latin he learnt at school, and the "As in pracsenti", &c.'). assail (special sense): to address with offers of

love, woo Tw. N. I. iii. 61, Rom. I. i. 219, Cym. II. iii. 44, Sonn. xli. 6 Beauteous thou art, therefore

to be assail'd.

assault: love-proposal, wooing Meas. III. i. 187, Ado II. iii, 129.

assay sb. (cf. the vb.; 3 was in use down to 1700)
1 trial, test Meas. III. i. 162, Tim. IV. iii. 408, Ham. II. i. 65 with assays of bias, Oth. I. iii. 18 By no assay of reason.

2 effort Mac. IV. iii. 143 The great assay of art. 3 attack, assault H5 1. ii. 151 (essayst), Ham. II. ii.

71 To give the assay of arms.

assay vb. (now almost superseded by 'essay' ex-

cept in the sense of testing metals)

1 to try, attempt Meas. I. iv. 76 Assay the power you have, Ham. IV. vii. 152, Oth. II. iii. 209 passion . . . Assays to lead the way. 2 to learn by experience Compl. 156 The destin'd ill

she must herself assay.

3 to assail with words, accost, address with proposals of love Wiv. 11, i. 25 that he dares in this manner a. me, Meas. I. ii. 192 bid herself a, him.

4 to challenge to a trial of strength or skill 1H4 v. iv. 34, Ham. III. i. 14 Did you assay him To any

pastime? assemblance: semblance, appearance 2H4 III. ii.

280\* the . . . big assemblance of a man. ass-head (with 1 cf. Wiv. 1. iv. 131 Fou shall hace An fool's-head of your own)

1 you see an ass-head of your own MND. III. i. 122\*;

a way of calling a person a fool.

2 dolt, blockhead Tw.N. v. i. 214 an ass-head and

a corcomb. assign: appurtenance Ham. v. ii. 157 six French rapiers . . . with their assigns.
assinego (Q Ff asinico): ass Troil. II. i. 49.

assist: to attend, accompany Tp. 1. i. 59, Wint. v.

i. 113 Fourself, assisted with your honour d friends; absol. Cor. v. v. [vi.] 156, assistance: body of associates Cor. IV. vi. 33

affecting one sole throne, Without assistance. ¶ In LLL. v. i. 131 Qq Ff have assistants, mod. edd. assistance: see the commentators.

associate: to accompany, escort, attend Cor. IV. vi. 77, Tit. v. iii. 169, Rom. v. ii. 6 One of our order, to associate me.

assubjugate: to reduce to subjection Troil. II. iii. assume: to claim, lay claim to Mer.V. II. ix. 51 I will assume desert, Per. 1. i. 61.

assurance (2 ef. ASSURE 1)

1 pledge, guarantee Tw.N. 1. v. 193, 1v. iii. 26, 3H6 iv. i. 141 Give me assurance with some friendly vow. 2 conveyance or settlement of property, legal evi-

dence of this Shr. II. i. 390, III. ii. 137, &c.

3 confidence, certainty, security Ado II. ii. 50, Mac. IV. i. 83, Ham. v. i. 125; for (more, better) assurance, to increase confidence or certainty Tp. v. i. 108, MND. m. i. 21, Shr. v. ii. 65.

assure (the following are special uses)

1 to convey (property) to a person Shr. II. i. 373. 2 to promise in marriage, betroth Err. III. ii. 146 swore I was assured to her, John II. i. 535.

astonish: to stun, dismay H5 v. i. 40, 2H6 v. i. 146, Cæs. 1. iii. 56 Such dreadful heralds to astonish us, Lucr. 1730.

Astræa: goddess of justice 1H6 I. vi. 4.

astronomer: one who professes a knowledge of the influence of the stars on human affairs, astrologer Troil, v. i. 103, Cym. III. ii. 27; so astronomical Lr. 1. ii. 170, and astronomy Sonn. xiv. 2

Atalanta: famous for her swiftness of foot AYL.

III. ii. 156 Atalanta's better part\*, 295. Ate: goddess of mischief John II. i. 63 An Ate, stirring him to . . . strife; (hence) pl. incitements to mischief LLL. v. ii. 692 More Ates, more Ales! stir them on!

athwart adv .: from an unexpected quarter, perversely, awry Meas. 1. iii. 30 quite athwart Goes all decorum, 1H4 1. i. 36.

Atlas: giant supposed to support the universe 3H6 v. i. 36. atomy' (common Eliz.; used archaically by Tenny-

son and Kingsley)
1 atom, mote AYL. III. ii. 246 to count atomies.

2 tiny being, mite AYL. III. v. 13. atomy<sup>2</sup> (Q Ff anatomy): living skeleton 2H4 v. iv. 32. (Cf. ANATOMY.)

atone (rare before S.; 'atonement' is earlier, in Sir T. More)

1 to set at one, reconcile R2 1, i. 202 Since we can-not atone you, Tim. v. iv. 58, Oth. iv. i. 245, 2 to agree, unite AYL. v. iv. 117, Cor. iv. vi. 73

can no more atone, Than violentest contrariety. atonement: reconciliation 2H4 IV. i. 221, R3 I.

Atropos: one of the Fates 2H4 m. iv. 212. attach (orig. a law-term = 'arrest', 'indict'; the meaning 'join' is considerably post-S.)

I to arrest or seize, as by authority of a writ (of attachment) Err. iv. i. 74 I a. you by this officer, 2H4 IV. ii. 110 Of capital treason I attach you both, H8 I. i. 217; fig. 2H4 Π. ii. 3; hence attached = affected Tp. III. iii. 5 attach'd with weariness, Troil. v. ii. 158

2 to seize with the hands LLL, IV. iii. 375 every man attach the hand Of his fair mistress.

attachment: arrest, confinement (fig.) Troil. 1v. ii. 5 soft attachment to thy senses.

attainder (the foll. senses are peculiar to S.)

1 condemnation, dishonouring accusation LLL. I. i. 156, R2 IV. i. 24 the a. of his slanderous lips.

2 stain of dishonour R3 III. v. 31, H8 II. i. 41. attaint sb. (1 the orig. legal sense was 'conviction of a jury for giving a false verdict'; 2 cf. 'taint')

1 impeachment Lr. v. iii. 83 (Ff arrest). 2 infecting influence H5 IV. Chor. 39\*, Ven. 741

sickness, whose attaint Disorder breeds.

3 stain on honour, purity, or freshness, disgrace Err. III. ii. 16, Troil. I. ii. 26, Sonn. lxxxii. 2, Lucr. 825 clear from this attaint of mine. attaint vb. (2 cf. the aphetic form 'taint')

1 to convict; to condemn (one convicted of treason or felony) 1H6 II. iv. 96°, 2H6 II. iv. 59. 2 to sully, dishonour 1H6 II. iv. 92 attainted, Cor-rupted, Sonn. lxxxviii. 7 faults... wherein I am attainted, Sonn. Music iv. 46 [Pilgr. 344].

attaint pa. pple.:
1 infected 1H6 v. v. 81 never yet a. With any passion.
2 dishonoured LLL, v. ii, 827 Fon are attaint with

faults and perjury.
attainture\*: (a) disgrace; (b) attainder, conviction

2H6 I. ii. 106. attask (S.): to take to task, blame Lr. I. iv. 368. attempt sb.: warlike enterprise, attack John v. ii. 111, Mac. III. vi. 39 some attempt at war; fig. Cym. III. iv. 185 this attempt I'm soldier to.

attempt vb. (ordinary sense of 'endeavour' freq.; 2 is 16th-17th c.

1 to try to win, obtain, or subdue Wiv. IV. ii. 230,

Tim. I. i. 127, Lr. II. ii. 129 him attempting who mas self-subdu'd.

to try to move or influence Mer.V. IV. i. 422 I

must attempt you further. [iv. 69. attemptable (Ff -ible): open to attempts [v. 1.] attend (freq., and in various senses; 5 only once) 1 to listen to, heed Tp. 1. ii. 78 Dost thou attend me?, 3H6 II. i. 168, Cym. I. vi. 142, Lucr. 818.
2 to apply oneself to All's W. I. i. 4 I must attend

2 to apply oneself to All's W. I. 1. 4 I must attend his majesty's command, 1H6 I. i. 173. Ant. II. ii. 64. 3 to tend, watch, guard Gent. v. i. 10, Cym. I. vi. 197 in a trunk, Attended by my men.
4 to wait for, await Wiv. I. i. 281, R2 I. iii. 116, Mac. III. i. 45 Attend those men Our pleasure?, Ham. v. ii. 205, Oth. III. iii. 281.
5 to expect Tim. III. v. 104 Attend our weightier independent.

judgement.

attent: attentive Ham. I. ii. 193, Per. III. Gower attest sb.: evidence, testimony Troil. v. ii. 119 the

attest sb.: evidence, testimony Troil. v. ii. 119 the attest (Ff test) of eyes and enrs.

attest vb. (recorded first from S., who, however, does not use 1 with personal subject)
1 to certify, vouch for Tw.N. v. i. 162 attested by the holy close of lips, H5 Prol. 16.

attired: enwrapped Ado vv. i. 146 attir'd in vonder, Lucr. 1601 attir'd in discontent.

attorney' (a different word from the next, this being from OFr. 'atorn', that from 'atornée')
1 agent, deputy Err. v. i. 100 I... will have no al-

torney but myself.

2 advocate, pleader All'sW. 11. ii. 24, R3 IV. iv. 414

Be the attorney of my love to her, Ven. 335.

3 attorney-general, deputy under a general commis-

sion and representing his principal in all legal matters R2 ir. i. 204. attorney: appointment of a legal representative,

legal commission; hence by attorney = by proxy AYL. iv. i. 97, R3 v. iii. 84 I, by attorney, bless thee from thy mother.

attorneyed: performed 'by attorney' or by proxy Wint. 1. i. 30; employed as an attorney Meas.

v. i. 386 Attorney'd at your screice. attorneyship: by attorneyship='by attorney', by proxy 1H6 v. v. 56. attractive: drawing as by magnetic influence

MND. II. ii. 91 attractive eyes, Ham. III. ii. 117. attribute: credit, reputation Troil. II. iii. 126,

Ham. 1, iv. 22, Per. iv. iii. 18. attribution: praise 1H4 IV. i. 3 Such attribution should the Douglas have.

attributive: that attributes qualities Troil. II. ii.

58 (Q inclineable). audible: (in active sense) quick of hearing Cor. IV.
v. 239; adv. = audibly Meas. v. i. 400.
audience (1 the commonest S. use; the sense

'assembly of listeners' occurs 7 times)

1 hearing, attention to what is said Cor. 111. iii. 39 audiene: peace I I say, Ham. I. iii, 93, Ant. III. x. [xii.] 21; hate a., to be heard LLL. v. i. 144; gire (lend, souch safe) audience, listen Cæs. III. ii. 2; Compl. 278; LLL. v. ii. 314.

2 reception at an interview, formal interview granted by a superior H5 1. i. 92 The French ambassador... Crav'd audience, Cor. 11. i. 82.

audit: statement of account, chiefly fig. H8 III. ii. 142, Cor. I. i. 150 I can make my audit up, Ham.

111. iii, 82 how his audit stands, Sonn. iv, 12.

auditor (occurs only thrice in S.)

1 hearer, listener MVD, 111. i, 84 What 1 a play toward? I'll be an auditor.

person appointed to examine accounts of money 1H4 II. i. 63, Tim. II. ii. 166 the exactest auditors. auger: carpenter's tool for boring holes in wood Cor. iv. vi. 88 confin'd Into an a-'s bore; augerhole Mac. 11. iii. 129 our fate, Hid in an a.-hole.

augur sb.: prophet Sonn. evii. 6, Phoen. 7 Augur of the fever's end. ¶ In the technical sense S. uses AUGURER, q. v.

augur vb.: to prophesy Ant. II. i. 10 my a-ing hope. augure: augury Mac. III. iv. 124 (Ff augures, mod. edd. augurs).

augurer: augur, religious official among the Romans whose duty it was to foretell future events from the observation of omens Cæs. 11. ii. 37 the augurers . . . Plucking the entrails of an offering forth, Cor. II. i. 1.

augury: art of the augur, divination by omens Ham. v. ii. 232; prophetic skill Gent. iv. iv. 74 if my augury deceive me not.

aunt (1 peculiar to S.; 2 common 17th c. sense)
1 old woman, gossip MND. II. i. 51 The wisest aunt,
telling the saddest tale.

2 light woman Wint, IV, ii, [iii,] 11.

auricular: perceived by the ear Lr. 1. ii. 102 an auricular assurance.

auspicious (not pre-S.; but 'auspiciously' is in Drayton, 1596)

1 favourable, propitious Tp. 1. ii. 182 A most auspicious star, All'sW. 111. iii. 8.

2 betokening happiness, cheerful Ham. 1, ii. 11 with one auspicious and one dropping eye. authentic: of authority, authoritative Wiv. II. ii.

authority: those in office Cor. I. i. 16 What authority surfeits on.

authorize (accented authorize in S.'s time)

1 to sanction Sonn. xxxv. 6.

2 to vouch for Mac. III. iv. 66 A woman's story . . . Authoriz'd by her grandam,

avail sh.: benefit, profit All'sW. 1. iii. 192, III. i. 22 for your avails they fell.

avail vb. (2 intr. use (=refl.) is peculiar to S.)

1 to be of use to 1H6 III. i. 178, Lucr. 1273 it small arails my mood.

2 a. out of, avail oneself of, profit by Meas, 111. i. 243. avaunt: order to be off H8 II. iii. 10 To gire her the a. ave: shout of welcome Meas. 1, i. 70 A-s rehement. Ave-Mary: number Ave-Maries, say the rosary 2H6 I. iii. 59, 3H6 II. i. 162.

aver: to assert the existence of Cym. v. v. 204. avert: to turn away Lr. I. i. 214 To avert your lik-

ing a more worthier way.

avised: spelling in old edd. of ADVISED.

avoid (1, 2, 3 common 16th-17th c.: 4 is a legal term) 1 to get rid of Wiv. III. v. 155, AYL. I. i. 27, Troil.

II. ii. 65 How may I aroid . . . The wife I chose?

2 to withdraw, depart, retire Tp. Iv. i. 142, Wint.

I. ii. 462 let us avoid, Cor. Iv. v. 34.

3 to depart from, quit Cor. Iv. v. 25 a. the house.

4 to make void, refute (an accusation, &c.) Meas. III. 1. 200 (viz. 'by saying that he made trial of you only '), AYL. v. iv. 103. [iv. 277. avoirdupois (Q Ff haber-de-pois): weight 2H4 II.

avouch: guarantee, assurance Ham. I. i. 57 the . . .

true arouch Of mine own eyes.

avouchment: used for 'avouch' H5 IV. viii. 37. await (only two exx. in S.; 1 is an unusual sense) 1 to look out for 1H6 1. i. 48 Posterity, await for wretched years.

to be in store for 2H6 I. iv. 35 What fate awaits the Duke of Suffolk? [echoed in line 67].

award: to adjudge, decree R3 II. i. 14.

away (1 arises from the ellipsis of some verb) (cannot) get on with or tolerate 2H4 III. ii. 216. come away, come here, come along Tp. 1. ii. 187, Mac. 111. v. 34; so bring away R2 11. ii. 107.

aweless (rare, in senses not freq. in Eliz. period) 1 fearless John 1, i. 266 The aweless lion,

2 that inspires no awe R3 II, iv, 52 the innocent and aweless throne.

awful (sense 2 is common after S.)

commanding reverential fear or profound respect Gent. IV. i. 46\* (or sense 2), Shr. v. ii. 110, 2H6 v. i. 98 an awful princely sceptre.

profoundly respectful or reverential R2 m. iii, 76 To pay their awful duty.

awkward (root-meaning direction'; 2 not pre-S.)

'turned in a wrong ; 2 not pre-S.)

perverse H5 II. iv. 85 no sinister nor no a. claim. untoward, unfavourable, adverse 2H6 m. ii. 83 by awkward wind . . . Drove back, Per. v. i. 94.

uncouth, ungainly Troil. 1. iii. 149 ridiculous and awkward action.

axle-tree: used of the axis of revolution of the heavens Troil. 1. iii. 66.

ay adv. (all old edd. have the spelling I)

yes Tp. 1. ii. 268; introducing a more forcible statement than the preceding one Wint. II. i. 137.

used to introduce a question = Come! Why! Tp. II. i. 284 [276], Shr. v. ii. 42, Ant. III. viii, 38 [x. 29]. ay interj. (old edd. ay, aye): ah! alas! John III. i.

305; esp. ay me! (freq.) Ham. III. iv. 51, Ven. 187. aye: ever; aye-remaining Per. III. i. 63 (airremaining+).

babe of clouts: rag doll John III. iv. 58. ¶ Babe that children play with,' Palsgr.

baby of a girl: infant of a very young mother Mac. III. iv. 106\*.

baccare: see BACKARE.

Bacchanal (from Bacchus, the name of the Greek and Roman god of wine)

priest, priestess, or devotee of Bacchus MND. v. 2 dance in honour of Pacchus Ant. II. vii. 111.

back sb. (I said orig. of a sword which is all steel from edge to back and not merely edged with steel; 3 was common 1560-1660)

metal . . . steel to the very back, sound all through Tit. IV. iii. 47.

2 rear of an armed force 2H4 I. iii. 79.

support, backing Ham. iv. vii. 153 this project Should have a back or second.

back vb. (S. is earliest authority for both uses) 1 to mount 1H4 II. iii. 76, Cym. v. v. 428, Ven. 419. 2 is with a vineyard back'd, has a vineyard at the

back of it Meas. IV. i. 31. backare (old edd. bac(c)are) : stand back ! Shr. II.

back-friend: pretended or false friend Err. IV. ii. 37 (with punning allusion to the sergeant approaching from behind or clapping the man on the back). In the Warwickshire dialect 'backfriend ' is a name for the troublesome agnail. backsword-man: fencer at single-stick 2H4 III.

ii. 71. back-trick: (?) some figure in the galliard Tw. N. backward: what lies behind, the past Tp. 1. ii. 50.

backwardly: perversely Tim. III. iii. 18 And does he think so backwardly of me now?

back-wounding: injuring treacherously from behind Meas. III. ii. 201 back-wounding calumny. bacon: (1) 'chaw-bacon', rustic; (2) fat man 1H4

11. ii. 99\*.

badge: device, emblem, or mark on a piece of cloth or of silver used to identify a knight or distinguish his followers 1H6 iv. i. 177 he wears the badge of Somerset, Lucr. 1054; (hence) token, symbol Mer.V. 1. iii. 111, 2H4 IV. iii. 114 the hadge of pusillanimity, Sonn. xliv. 14; so badged (fig.) Mac. 11. iii. 109 badg'd with blood applied to Duncan's 'grooms').

baffle: to subject (a perjured knight) to public in-

famy by exhibiting the picture of him hanging by the heels 1H41. ii. 113; (hence) to disgrace, treat with contunely Tw.N. II. v. 177, R21. i. 170 disgrac'd, impeach'd, and baffled, 2H4 v. iii. 106 And shall good news be baffled?

bag and baggage: (to retreat) with all belongings saved, without surrender of anything, and therefore honourably AYL. III. ii. 171, Wint. I. ii. 206.

bail sb. (2 not recorded before S.)

1 security given for the release of a prisoner Meas. III, ii. 44, All'sW. v. iii. 290 I'll put in bail.

2 person or persons who secure the release of a prisoner by becoming surety for his appearance in court All'sW. v. iii. 300, 2H6 v. i. 111 Sirrah, call in my sons to be my bail.

bail vb.1: to procure the liberation of (a person) from arrest or prison by becoming bail for him Tit. II. iii. 299: fig. Lucr. 1725.

bail vb.2: to confine, guard Sonn. exxxiii. 10\*. bailiff (only once in S.): officer of justice under a sheriff, who executes writs, distrains, and

arrests Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 103.

bait (1 cf. baiting-place 2H6 v. i. 150; 3 first in S.)

1 to set on dogs to bite and worry (an animal, e.g. a bear, bull) 246 v. i. 148; (hence) to harass, worry Tw.N. III. i. 132, R2 IV. i. 238 my wretchedness doth bait myself, Mac. v. vii. 58 [viii. 29] baited with the rabble's curse

2 intr. bait at, harass R3 1. iii. 109 (Qq) so taunted, scorn'd, and buited at (Ff so baited, scorn'd and

storm'd at).

3 to entice with bait (lit. and fig.) Err. II. i. 94 Do their gay restments his affections bait?, Mer.V. III. i. 57 To bait fish withal.

baiting of bombards: drinking deep H8 v. iv. 87.
Bajazet's mule (unexplained) All'sW. iv. 1, 46.
baked-meats: meat pies Rom, iv. iv. 5, Ham. I.
ii. 180 the funeral bak'd meats. ¶Bake meate =

[Fr.] 'viande en paste', Palsgr. baker: Ham. IV. v. 43 the owl was a baker's daughter; the allusion is to a local legend to the effect that our Lord, being churlishly refused bread by

a baker's daughter, turned her into an owl. balance (1 cf. 'a pair of ballance', Fuller 1655; 2 and 3 are not pre-S.)

1 used as pl. Mer.V. iv. i. 255 Are there b. here?

scale-pan of a balance (fig.) R2 III. iv. 87.

fig. counterpoise, something of equal value All'sW. II. iii. 183 to thy estate A b. more replete. balance vb.: to give due weight to 2H6 v. i. 9.

bald (1 nonce-use peculiar to S.)

1 bare-headed Cor. IV. v. 206 stand bald before him. 2 meagre, trivial, paltry Err. II. ii. 112, 1H4 I. iii. 65 This bald unjointed chat of his. [i. 169, bale: injury; have bale, get the worst of it Cor. 1.

balk (2 cf. 'in stryfful termes . . . to balke, 'Spenser) 1 to let slip, fail to use, &c. Tw.N. 111. ii. 27, Lucr. 696 altogether balk The prey. 2 balk logic, to chop logic, bandy words Shr. 1. i. 34.

balked\*: (?) heaped up 1H4 1. i. 69 Balk'd in their

own blood.'
ball (also = 'round mass', 'eye-ball', 'the globe') 1 the golden orb borne together with the sceptre as an emblem of sovereignty H5 rv. i. 280.

= hand-ball or tennis-ball, esp. in fig. phrases All'sW. II. iii. 314, H5 I. ii. 261 When we have match'd our rackets to these balls.

3 = cannon-ball H5 v. ii. 17. ballad sb. (2 used contemptuously in H5 v. ii. 166) 1 light, simple song MND. IV. i. 222 to write a ballad

of this dream, AYL. 11. vii. 148.

popular song, esp. one celebrating or scurrilously attacking some person or thing Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 186, 2H4 IV. iii. 52.

ballad vb.: to make (a person) the subject of a popular song Ant. v. ii. 215 scald rimers Ballad us out o' tune.

ballad-monger: contemptuous term for 'ballad-maker' 1H4 III. i. 129. ballast pa. pple.: freighted, loaded Err. III. ii. 142.

ballasting: freight, weight (fig.) Cym. III. vi. 77. ballow: north-midland word for 'cudgel' Lr. IV. vi. 248 (Qq battero, bat). balm (only thrice in S.)

1 to anoint with fragrant oil or liquid Shr. Ind. i. 48, Per. III. ii. 65.

2 to soothe, heal Lr. III. vi. 107 This rest might yet have balmed thy broken sinews.

balmy (only thrice in S.; 2 first in S.)

1 deliciously fragrant Oth. v. ii. 16 balmy breath. 2 deliciously soothing Oth, II. iii, 260 balmy slumbers, Sonn. cvii. 9 this most b. time.

balsam, balsamum = balm Err. iv. i. 90, Tim. iii. Banbury cheese: kind of cheese which, when pared, was very thin Wiv. I. i. 133.

pared, was very tinn W.V. I. I. 193.

band (the foll, were all common uses in S.'s time)

1 pl. fetters, bonds Tp. Epil. 9, 3H6 I. i. 186.

2 obligation, bond, tie Ado III. i. 114 To bind our
loves up in a holy band, All'SW. IV. ii. 56 in the
band of truth, Ham. III. ii. 172.

3 agreement, promise Err. IV. ii. 49, R2 I. i. 2
according to they ooth and band.

4 dead by which, a parson binds himself 1H4 III. ii.

4 deed by which a person binds himself 1H4 III. ii. 157 the end of life cancels all bands. banditto (old edd. -etto): outlaw, brigand 2H6 IV.

i. 135 (either attrib. sb. or Italian pa. pple.)

i. 135 (either attrib. sb. or Italian pa. pple.) bandy (of obscure origin; 2 first in S.)

1 to strike or throw (a ball) to and fro as in the games of tennis and bandy; mostly fig. to give and take (blows, words) LLL. v. ii. 29, Shr. v. ii. 173, 3H6 1. iv. 49 I will not bandy with thee word for word, Rom. n. v. 14, Lr. i. v. 92 Do you bandy looks with me?, n. iv. 178 To bandy hasty words.

2 to contend, strive, fight AYL. v. i. 62, 1H6 nv. i. 190, Tit. 1, i. 312, Rom. nn. i. 94 the prince expressly halt Forbidden bandying in Verona streets. bane sb. (1 the orig. sense; 2 cf. 'ratsbane'; 3 obs.)

bane sb. (1 the orig. sense; 2 cf. 'ratsbane'; 3 obs.)

1 cause of the death of another 2H6 v. i. 120, Tit.
v. iii. 73 Lest Rome herself be bane unto herself.

poison Meas, I. ii. 138.

3 murder, destruction Mac. v. iii. 59 afraid of death and bane, Ven. 372

bane vb.: to poison Mer. V. IV. i. 46.

banished: banished man, outlaw, bandit Gent. v. iv. 152; b. years, years of banishment R21. iii. 210. bank sb. (1 not later than S.; 2 not earlier than S.) 1 sea-shore 1H4 III. i. 45, Troil. I. iii. 328 as barren

as banks of Libya, Sonn. lvi. 11.

2 shelving elevation in the sea or bed of a river Mac. 1. vii. 6\* upon this bank and shoalt of time.

bank vb.: to coast, skirt (S.) John v. ii. 104° banner: little fringed flag on a trumpet (S.) H5 IV. ii. 61.

banquet (in ordinary sense freq.; 1 and 2 are obs.)
1 running banquet, slight repast between meals;
fig. H8. i.v. 12. v. iv. 71 (= whipping).
2 course or repast of sweetmeats, fruit, and wine,

dessert Shr. v. ii. 9 My banquet is to close our stonachs up, Rom. 1. v. 126, Tim. 1. ii. 162. bar sb. (3 properly, the barrier marking off the precinct of the judge's seat, at which prisoners stand)

1 plea or objection of force sufficient to arrest entirely an action or claim at law Wiv. III. iv. 7, Shr. I. i. 138 this bar in law, H5 I, ii, 35, 42

2 obstruction, obstacle, barrier Ado II. ii. 4, Mer.V. II. vii. 45, III. ii. 119, Cæs. I. iii. 96. 3 tribunal, court H5 v. ii. 27, R3 v. iii. 200.

Barbary (country on the north coast of Africa)

1 short for 'Barbary horse' R2 v. v. 78.

2 Barbary hen, Guinea hen 2H4 II. iv. 107. barbed: having the breast and flanks armed R2 m. iii. 117, R3 1. i. 10.

barber-monger: constant frequenter of the barber's shop, fop Lr. II. ii. 36.
 bare sb.: naked surface Compl. 95.

bare adj.: napless, threadbare Gent. II. iv. 47; fig. All'sW. IV. v. 105, H8 v. iii. 125.
bare vb.: to shave (S.) Meas. IV. ii. 188, All'sW.

IV. i. 54 the baring of my beard.

bare-bone: lean skinny person 1H4 II. iv. 363; so bare-boned Lucr. 1761. [119.

bare-faced : unconcealed, undisguised Mac. III. i. barely: in a state of nakedness All'sW. IV. ii. 19.

bareness: leanness 1H4 IV. ii. 78. barful: hindering Tw.N. I. iv. 41 a barful strife. bargain: to sell (a person) a bargain, to make a fool of him, to 'sell' him LLL. III. i.107. (Cf. BOOT sb2.) bark about: to cover as with bark Ham. I. v. 71 a...

tetter barked (Ff baked) about . . . All my smooth body. barley-broth: ale H5 III. v. 19 sodden water . . . their barley-broth.

barm: yeast MND. II. i. 38.

barn: to store as in a barn Lucr. 859.

barn(e=child, bairn Ado III. iv. 48 (with pun), All'sW. I. iii. 28.

barnacle: species of goose formerly supposed to be hatched from the fruit of a tree or from seashells growing on it Tp. rv. i. 251.

baron (2 first created under Richard III; 3 is obs.) 1 noble, peer (orig. one who held from the king) 1H4 IV. iii. 66 the lords and barons of the realm.

2 one of the lowest rank of nobility 2H6 i. i. 8, Ven. Ded. Baron of Tichfield. 3 pl. the freemen of the Cinque Ports H8 iv. i. 48.

Bartholomew tide: the feast of St. Bartholomew, 24th August, H5 v. ii. 335; Bartholomew boar-p one sold at Bartholomew fair in West Smithfield

2H4 II. iv. 249, Basan: Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 127; cf. Psalms xxii. 12

'bulls of Basan').

base sb.1: reason Tw. N. v. i. 79 on base and ground enough.

base sh.2: boys' game, in which a player who leaves his 'base or 'home' is chased by another, and, if caught, made prisoner Cym. v. iii. 20 to run The country base; phrase bid a or the base, to challenge as to a race Gent. 1. ii. 94, Ven. 303.

base (2 a 16th cent. use, e.g. 'colored high or base')
1 low, low-lying R2 II. iv. 20 the b. earth, Lucr. 664. 2 (?) dark-coloured (with pun on fig. senses) Tit. IV. ii. 72 is black so base a hue?

base-court [Fr. 'basse-cour']: lower or outer court of a mansion R2 III. iii. 176.

bases: pleated skirt of cloth, velvet, or rich bro-

cade, appended to the doublet and reaching from the waist to the knee Per. 11. i. 173. base string: string of the lowest pitch in a musical

instrument 1H4 n. iv. 6 the very b. of humility.
base-viol: form of violoncello Err. rv. iii. 22.
Basilisco-like John I. i. 244: see Kyd's 'Soliman
and Perseda'r, iii. 169 [310] Bas.—I, the aforesate

Basilisco-Knight, good fellow, Knight, Knight. basilisk (2 cf. 'serpentine', 'culverin') 1 fabulous reptile, also called cockatrice, supposed

to be hatched by a serpent from a cock's egg and said to kill by its breath and look Wint. 1. ii. 388.

2 large cannon, generally made of brass 1H4 II. iii. 58, H5 v. ii. 17 (with pun on sense 1).

Basimecu: contemptuous term for a Frenchman 2H6 IV. vii. 31 Mounsieur Basimecu, the dauphin of France. I Still applied to Italian organgrinders, with the pronunciation 'boz imacn', in some parts of Warwickshire.

basis (S. is earliest for fig. sense of 'foundation')

1 base, foot Tp. 11. i. 127 o'er his wave-worn basis.

2 pedestal Cæs. 111. i. 115 on Pompey's b. lies along.

bastard sb.: sweet Spanish wine, resembling muscadel Meas. III. ii. 4 brown and white b., 1 H4 II. iv. 30. bastard adj.: counterfeit, spurious Mer. V. III. v. 8

a kind of bastard hope, Sonn. lxviii. 3.

baste: to sew loosely Ado 1. i. 289. bastinado: beating with a stick; AYL, v. i. 61; fig. John II, i. 463 He gives the bustinado with his

tongue: Our eurs are cudgell'd. bat: stick, club Cor. 1. i. 167, Lr. 1v. vi. 248 (Qq).
batch: quantity of bread produced at one baking;
fig. Troil. v. i. 5 Thou crusty batch of nature.

bate sb.: strife 2H4 II. iv. 271; b.-breeding Ven. 655. bate vb.1: to beat the wings impatiently and flutter away from the fist or perch Shr. IV. i. 199 these kites That bate and beat, 1H4 IV. i. 99 (old edd. barted, bayted, Malone bated); fig. H5 m. vii. 127 (with pun on BATE vb.2 3), Rom. III. ii. 14 Hood my unmann'd blood, bating in my cheeks.

bate vb.2 (for the meanings cf. the older ABATE) to blunt LLL. I. i. 6 bate his scythe's keen edge.

2 to reduce, diminish, weaken Mer.V. III. iii. 32, IV. i. 72, Tim. III. iii. 26; buted treath: subdued or restrained breathing Mer. V. I. iii. 125,

3 to decrease, fall off 1H4 III. iii. 2 do I not bate? do I not dwindle?

4 to deduct Tp. 1. ii. 250 To bate me a full year, 2H4 Epil. 16, Ham. v. ii. 23 o bate me a fut year, 2114
Epil. 16, Ham. v. ii. 23 no leisure bated; absol.
Cym. III. ii, 55 0 let me bate.
bateless: not to be blunted, keen Lucr. 9.
bat-fowling: catching of birds by night with
lights and poles or nets Tp. II. i. 193 [185].
batlet (so Ff 224; F, batler); bat or club for beating

clothes in the process of washing AYL, II. iv. 48. ¶Current until recently in Yorkshire and Warwickshire.

battalion (so Ff; Qq battalia): R3 v. iii. 11, Ham. IV. v. 79 not in single spies, but in buttalious. [67. batten: to grow fat on Cor. IV. v. 35, Hain. III. iv. battery (2 not a common sense in or outside S.)

1 beating, assailing with blows, also fig. John II. i. 446, Cym. 1. iv. 23; in law, unlawful attack on another by beating or wounding Tw.N. IV. i. 38 an action of battery, Ham. v. i. 110.

wound, bruise 3H6 III. i. 37, Ven. 426 where a heart

is hard, they make no battery.

battle (all the foll, are now obs. or archaic)

single combat R2 1. i. 92 I . . . will in battle prove . . . 2 body or line of troops in battle array 1H4 iv. i. 129; fig. Ven. 619 battle... of bristly pikes (on a boar's back).

3 main body of an armed force R3 v. iii. 300 the main battle, Mac. v. vi. 4 Lead our first buttle.

battlement: used loosely for 'embattled roof' John II. i. 374.

batty: bat-like MND. III. ii. 365 leaden legs and

batty wings.

bauble (orig. 'babel'; the spelling 'bauble' appears

list in S. Fr.: 1 is the orig. sense; 2 first in English in S. F<sub>1</sub>; 1 is the orig. sense; 2 cf. 'bable for a foole,' Palsgr.; 3 and 4 are obs.) showy trinket of little worth Shr. IV. iii. 82.

stick carried by a court fool All'sW. IV. v. 32, Tit. v. i. 79.

3 foolish, childish person, trifler Oth. IV. i. 137 thither comes this bauble.

4 mere tov Cym. III. i. 27 his shipping-Poor ignovant baubles!

5 attrib. bauble bout, toy boat Troil. 1. iii. 35. bavin: brushwood, faggots; b. wits 1H4 m. ii. 61 ('soon ablaze'). Still current in the midlands. bawbling: trifling Tw. N. v. i. 58 A bawbling ressel.

Only S. and echoed by mod. writers.

bawcock [Fr. 'beau coq']: fine fellow H5 III. ii. 27.

bawd (north-midland word): hare Rom. II. iv. 139. bay sb.; division of a house included under one gable or between party-walls Meas. II. i. 261. bay sb.; corg.; 'abay' = 0Fr. 'abai', mod. Fr. 'abai') 1 deep prolonged barking Tit, II. ii, 3 Uncouple here and let us make a bay.

2 in phrases relating to the position of a hunted animal when it turns and faces the hounds, also fig. R2 II. iii. 128 To rouse his urongs and chase them to the bay, Ven. 877 the hounds are at a bay, Tit. IV. ii. 42, Piglr. xi. 13 [155].

bay vb. (1 in mod. use an echo of S.; 2 not pre-S.)

1 to bark at Cæs IV. iii. 27 bay the moon.

2 to pursue with barking, drive to bay MND. IV. i.

119 they bay'd the bear With hounds of Sparta, other is So Paring him at the beek.

2H4 1. iii. 80 Baying him at the heels. 3 to hold at bay (fig.) Cæs. IV. i. 49 bay'd about with

many enemies.

bead (I not known earlier than S.)

1 pl. drops (of liquid), tears John п. i. 171, 1Н4 п. iii. 63 beads of sweat (most old edd. beds), Cas. III. i. 284 beads of sorrow.

2 applied to a very small thing, e.g. a fairy Wiv. v. v. 55 (Ff, &c. Bede), MND. III. ii. 330.
3 set of beads, rosary R2 III. iii. 147.

beaded: in the form of beads Compl. 37 Of amber, crystal, and of beaded jet (Q bedded).

beadle: inferior parish officer who might punish petty offences 2H6 II. i. 135, &c., H8 v. iv. 72; fig. with reference to his punitive functions LLL. III. i. 185 [177], H5 IV. i. 180 war is his b.

beadsman: man paid or endowed to pray for others, pensioner or almsman Gent. I. i. 18, R2 ni. ii. 116.

beagle: small variety of hound, tracking by scent; fig. used contemptuously of a woman Tim. tv. iii. 176°, but also approvingly(?) Tw. N. II. iii. 178°. beak: pointed and ornamented projection at the prow of ancient vessels Tp. I. ii. 196. beam (1 cf. 'the staff of [Goliath's] spear was like a weaver's beam', 1 Samuel xvii. 7)

1 wooden roller in a loom, on which the warp is wound Wiy. v. 124 lance Troil y. v. 9

wound Wiv. v. i. 24; lance Troil. v. v. 9. with ref. to Matthew vii, 3; LLL. iv. iii. 162 the king your mote did see; But I a beam do find.

bear sb.: the constellation Ursa major Oth, II, i. 14. bear vb. (besides the mod. senses we find the foll.)

1 to have as a member or part of itself Wint. 1, ii. 309, 3H6 v. i. 69 the dearest blood your bodies bear,

Rom. I. iii. 29 I do bear a brain.

2 to contain (a meaning or the like) AYL. III. ii. 176 more feet than the verses would bear, 1H4 IV. i. 20 His letters bear his mind, Ant. 1. ii. 130, Compl. 19 often reading what content it bears.

3 to carry as a consequence Tim. 1. i. 132

to sustain (a part), keep going (the burden of a song) Tp. I. ii. 380, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 299 I can bear ny part, Lucr. 1132, &c. 5 to carry on, conduct, execute Ado II. iii. 240 [229],

John III. iv. 149 This act so evilly borne, H5 I. ii.

212, Mac. III. vi. 3 Things have been strangely borne. 6 refi. (freq.) and intr. to behave Meas. I. iii. 47 (Ff beare; mod. edd. bear mo.). H8 II. i. 30; also occas, passive Troil. II. iii. 252 surly borne (= of

surly behaviour).

pear back, to move or go back Cas. III. ii. 173 Stand back! room! bear back!, Lucr. 1417; bear down, to overwhelm, overthrow Mer.V. IV. i. 214 That malice bears down truth, 2H4 1. i. 11, Tit. II. i. 30, Cym. II. i. 61; bear hard (1) to bear ill will to Cæs. I. ii. 318 Cusar doth bear me hard,

11. i. 215; (2) to take heavily or sadly 1H4 i. iii, 270 who bears hard His brother's death, R3 ii. i. 57 (hard/g); bear it, to carry the day 2H4 iv. i. 135 (latray); beat 11, to tot of Coventry, Troil. II. iii. 231, Oth. I. iii. 23; bear off, to keep off Tp. II. ii. 18 neither bush nor shrub to bear off any weather; bear out, (1) to support, back up John IV. i. 6 I hope your warrant will bear out the deed, 2H4 V. i. 53; (2) with it, to have the upper hand, carry the day Tw. N. I. v. 22, Oth. H. i. 19, Sonn. cxvi. 12 Love . . . bears it out even to the edge of doom; bear up, to put the helm up so as to bring the vessel into the direction of the wind, fig. Tp. III. ii. 3. bearer: possessor, owner, holder 2H4 IV. v. 28 0

majesty! When thou dost pinch thy bearer, H8 п. iii. 15, Troil. ип. iii. 104.

bear-herd (Ff, &c. bear(e)-heard, bearard, berard, berrord, mod. edd. bear-ward): one who keeps and exhibits a bear Ado II. i. 43, Shr. Ind. ii. 21, 2H4 I. ii. 194, 2H6 v. i. 149, 210.

bearing: carriage, deportment, behaviour, de-meanour Ado II. i. 168, H5 IV. vii. 186 his blunt bearing, Cor. II. iii. 257. [III. iii. 119.

bearing-cloth: child's christening-robe Wint. beastly adv.: in a beastly manner, like a beast Shr. iv. ii. 34, Ant. i. v. 50, Cym. v. iii. 27. beat (1 intr. use peculiar to S.; cf. bate vb. 1)

1 to flap the wings with force Shr. IV. i. 199.

2 to think or ponder laboriously Tp. v. i. 246, Ham. III. i. 183 Whereon his brains still beating; said of the thoughts Tp. 1. ii. 176 still 'tis beating in my

mind, Ir. 111. iv. 14.

beated\*: usually taken to be a term of the southwest country and the Welsh border for slicing sod from the ground for burning Sonn. Ixii. 10

Beated and chopp'd with tann'd antiquity, beautied: beautified Ham. III. i. 51.

beaver: face-guard of a helmet 2H4 IV. i. 120, 115 IV. ii. 44 through a rusty beaver peeps, Ham. I. ii. 229; sometimes, the whole helmet R3 v. iii. 50 is my beaver easier than it was?

become: (pa. t. became, pa. pple. become and becomed)
1 to agree with, beft Mer. V. v. i. 57.
2 impers. to be fitting 1H6 v. iii. 169 as it becomes,
Tit. 1. i. 347 as becomes.

to adorn, grace Tp. III. ii. 115, Shr. II. i. 253, Cym. v. v. 407 He would have well becom'd this place. becomed (S.): becoming, befitting Rom. IV. ii. 27. becoming: grace (S.) Ant. I. iii. 96, Sonn. cl. 5. bed (1 still to be seen at Rye House, Herts.)

1 bed of Ware, enormous bed 11 ft. square Tw. N. III.

2 grave Tp. II. i. 292 [284], Cym. IV. iv. 52. 3 b. of down, delightful resting-place Oth. I. iii. 232, 4 went unto my bdas, (2) arrived at the 'bed-time' or close of life Tw. N. v. i. 413\*.

bed, bedded: old forms of BEAD, BEADED. Bede: see BEAD.

bedded: laid in a smooth layer Ham. in. iv. 120.

Bedlam (earlier 'Bedlem', 'Bethlem', 'Bethlem',

the Hospital of St. Mary of Bethlehem in London used as an asylum for the mentally deranged 2H6 v. 1. 131 To Bedlam with him; Tom o' Bedlam,

madman Lr. I. ii. 152. 2 lunatic, madman John II. i. 183 Bedlam, hare done, Lr. III. vii. 103.

3 as adj. mad H5 v. i. 20 Art thou bedlam?, 2H6 III. i. 51, v. i. 132 a bedlam and ambitious humour. bed-presser, lazy fellow 1H4 II. iv. 272; bed-

swerver, one unfaithful to marriage Wint. n. i. 92; bed-vow, marriage vow Sonn. clii. 3; bed-work, easy work such as could be done in bed Troil. 1. iii. 205.

beef-witted: thick-headed Troil. II. i. 14.

beer: small beer, trifling matters Oth. n. i. 160

chronicle small beer.

beetle sb.: three-man beetle, mallet requiring three men to lift it, used in ramming paving stones 2H4 I. ii. 259; beetle-headed, thick-headed, stupid Shr. IV. i. 160 beetle-headed, flap-ear'd knave!

beetle vb.: to project like beetle brows, overhang threateningly Ham. I. iv. 71 the dreadful summit of the cliff That beetles o'er his base into the sea.

beetle brows: prominent eyebrows Rom. 1. iv. 32. befall: to become of Err. i. i. 123 to dilate What

hath befall n of them.

before prep. (follows its sb. LLL. IV. i. 93)

before me t, on my soul! Tw.N. II. iii. 197, Oth.

IV. i. 147. (¶ Modelled on before (my) God!)

before adv. :

1 in front Shr. III. ii. 58 near-legg'd before, Mac. v. vii. 75 [viii. 46] Hud he his hurts before?

God before, with God as our leader H5 1. ii. 307. 3 the better foot before, put your best foot foremost John IV, ii. 170, Tit. II. iii. 192.

4 used adj. earlier, previous H5 rv. i. 182 before-breach of the king's laws.

before conj.: rather than Meas. п. iv. 183, Mer. V. ил. ii. 302, R3 пл. ii. 44.

beforehand: been beforehand with, anticipated, forestalled John v. vii. 111.
beg: to petition the Court of Wards, established

by Henry VIII and suppressed under Charles II, for the custody of (a minor, an heiress, or an idiot), as feudal superior or as having interest in the matter LLL. v. ii. 491 ('You cannot prove us idiots').
beget (1 this is a late example of the sense)

1 to obtain Ham. III. ii. 8 You must acquire and beget a temperance.

2 to produce LLL. II. i. 69 His eye begets occasion for his wit.

beggar sb.: one who begs a favour, suppliant All'sW. I. iii. 22.

beggar vb. (3 freq. echoed by later writers) 1 to reduce to beggary Mer. V. II. vi. 19, R3 I. iv.

145 [Conscience] beggars any man that keeps it. to make valueless Troil, ii. 91.

3 to exhaust the resources of Ant. 11. ii. 206 It begyar'd all description.

4 beggared of, destitute of Ham. IV. v. 92 necessity,

of matter beggur'd, Sonn. lxvii. 10. beggary: contemptible meanness Cym. I. vi. 115. beguile (3 first in S.; 4 peculiar to S.) [210. 1 to deprive or rob of LLL. I. i. 77, Oth. I. iii. 156,

2 to cheat, disappoint (hopes) Gent. v. iv. 64. 3 to divert attention in some pleasant way from (anything disagreeable), while away (time) Tw. N. 111. iii. 41 Whiles you beguile the time, Tit. IV. i. 35 And so beguile thy sorrow.

4 to disguise Lucr. 1544 Tarquin . . . so beguil'd With outward honesty.

behalf: in (the) behalf of, on behalf of, in the interest of, in favour of, for the benefit or advantage of of, in favour of, for the benefit of a good play, All's W.

IV. iii. 359, IV. v. 77, John I. i. 7, 3H6 IV. i. 63 (F<sub>1</sub>),
R3 IV. iv. 358 Be eloquent in my b. to her, oth. III.

iv. 19 (F<sub>1</sub> on), Cym. III. ii. 74;—in behalf of, on the
part of, in the name of 1H4 I. iii. 48, R3 III. iv. 19 in the duke's b. I'll give my voice, Tim. III. i. 18;on behalf of, concerning, with regard to Ado IV. i. 212, Tw. N. III. i. 118 your gentle thoughts On his b:—in that behalf, in respect of that LLL. II. i. 27, John II. i. 264.

behave (1 this constr. with pa. pple, not pre-S.) 1 as he is behav'd, according to his behaviour Ham.

ш. і. 35.

2 to control Tim. III. v. 22 He did behave his unger . . behaviour (1 in use 1540-1680; 2 only S.)

pl. = sing. Cæs. 1, ii. 42.

in my behaviour, as represented in my person and outward acts John 1. 1. 3.

behind-hand adj.: backward, tardy Wint. v. i. beholding vbl. sb.:

1 sight Cor. 1. iii. 10, Lr. 111. vii. 9 not fit for your b. 2 looks, aspect Per. v. i. 224 wild in my beholding.

beholding ppl. a.: indebted, beholden (freq.) Wiv. behoof, behove: benefit, advantage 2H6 IV. vii.

83 For your behoof, Ham. v. i. 69 for, ah! my behove (rhymes with love), Compl. 165 in our behoof. behoveful: necessary Rom. rv. iii. 8 (Qq behoofe-). behowl+: to bay (the moon) MND. v. ii. 2 [i. 379]

(F<sub>1</sub> &c. beholds).

being (2 is an application peculiar to S.)

1 life, existence Shr. r. i. 11 Pisa . . . Gave me my being, Mac. III. i. 55, Ham. II. i. 96 end his being, Oth. I. ii. 21 my bife and b., Cym. 1. i. 38 he quit b. 2 stay, abode, dwelling Ant. II. ii. 39 My being m

Egypt, Cym. I. v. 54 to shift his being. [II. i. 203. being (that) conj.: seeing that Ado IV. i. 251, 214 beldame (I cf. 'belsire' = grandfather)
I grandmother 1H4 III. i. 32 the old beldame earth,

Lucr. 953, 1458. loathsome old woman, hag John IV. ii. 185 Old

men and beldames, Mac. 111. v. 2. be-leed (S.): in such a position that the wind is intercepted; fig. Oth. i. i. 30 be-leed and calm'd By

debitor and creditor. belie (often in sense 1; twice in sense 2)

to tell lies about, calumniate Oth. IV. i. 36.

2 to fill with lies Cym. III. iv. 38, Lucr. 1533. bell (the ordinary sense occurs in various connexions)

with allusion to the little bells attached to hawks

3H6 i. i. 47 if Warwick shake his bells, bell, book, and candle, used with reference to a form of excommunication which closed with the words 'Do to the book, quench the candle, ring the bell!' John III. iii. 12.

bellman: crier who announced deaths and called on the faithful to pray for the departed, and acted as night-watchman, calling the hours Mac. II. ii. 4 the owl . . . the fatal bellman, Which gives

the stern'st good-night,
bell-wether: leading sheep of a flock on whose
neck a bell is hung AYL. III. ii. 86; fig. clamorous

person Wiv. III. v. 114.

belly-doublet: see GREAT-BELLY, THIN-BELLY.

belonging (recorded first from S.) 1 (?) caparison (of a horse) Cor. 1, ix. 62.

pl. circumstances; endowments Meas. 1. i. 29\* Thyself and thy b-s Are not thine own so proper...

beloving: loving Ant. 1. ii. 24 more b. than belov'd. below (not common as prep. or adv. before the

Eliz. period) downstairs Wiv. II. ii. 153; = below stairs Ado v. in Hades or hell Tp. IV. i. 31 Night kept charn'd b.

belt: Mac. v. ii. 16 cannot buckle his distemper'd cause Within the belt of rule (= cannot control his

d'sorganized party); cf. Troil. II. ii. 30. bemadding: maddening Lr. III. i. 38 b. sorrow. be-mete: to measure Shr. IV. iii. 113 I shall so

be-mete thee with thy yard... bemoil: to befoul with mire Shr. IV. i. 77.

be-monster: to make monstrons, deform Lr. IV.

ii. 63 Be-monster not thy feature. bench sb.: senators collectively Cor. III. i. 105, 166. bench vb. (the foll, senses are rare outside S.

to raise to authority Wint. I. ii. 314 whom I from meaner form Have bench'd and rear'd to worship.

16 BETRAY

2 to sit as a judge Lr. III. vi. 41 Bench by his side.

bencher: senator Cor. II. i. 93.

bench-hole: privy Ant. IV. vii. 9. bend sb.: look, glance Cæs. I. ii. 123, Ant. II. ii. 216\* ('their adoring looks or obeisances added grace and beauty to her ').

bend vb. (3 properly, to bring a gun to bear)

b. up, to strain, nerve H5 III. i. 16, Mac. I. vii. 79. 2 bend the brows, &c., to frown, scowl John IV. ii. 90, R2 II. i. 171 Or b. one wrinkle on my sovereign's face, Sonn. Music iv. 13 [Pilgr. 311].

3 to level, aim, turn, direct John II. i. 379 bend Four shurpest deeds of malice, R3 I. ii. 95, IV. v. 17 do they bend their power, Lr. II. i. 48 'Gainst parri-cides aid all their thunders bend.

4 intr. and refl. to direct one's course, turn, proceed All'sW. III. ii. 57 Thither we bend again, Wint. v. i. 165, 1H4 v. v. 36; fig. to tend, incline Tp. IV. 1. 174 always bending Towards their project, Ham. I. ii. 55, 115 bend you to remain Here, Sonn. cxvi. 4. See also BENT pa. pple.

bending: submissive, courteous R3 IV. IV. 95, Troil. I. III. 236; H5 V. II. 404\* [Chor. 2] (a) bending under the weight of the task, (b) stoop-

ing to the hearers' clemency. beneath used as adj.: this beneath world, this world below Tim. 1. i. 45. Cf. this under globe Lr. 11, ii. 170. benediction: blessing Lr. 11. ii. 168 (the usual form of the proverb is 'out of God's blessing into the warm sun ').

beneficial (thrice in S.; 1 'beneficent' is post-S.) 1 beneficent Err. I. i. 151, H8 I. i. 56 the rays o' the

bene ficial sun.

2 advantageous Oth. 11. ii. 7 these beneficial news. benefit (1 'benefaction' is post-S.: 2 is only S.)

1 bestowal of property or rights, benefaction 1H6 v. iv. 152, R3 in. vii. 195 This proferr'd b. of dignity, 2 natural advantage or gift AYL. iv. i. 37 disable all

the benefits of your own country, H8 I. ii. 115. benetted: ensnared Ham. v. ii. 29 benetted round

with villains.

benevolence: forced loan or aid levied by kings of England, first raised by Edward IV in 1473 as a token of his people's 'goodwill' R2 u. i. 251. ¶ Its use here is an anachronism. benign: stressed on the first syll. Per. n. Gower 3.

benison: blessing Mac. II. iv. 40 God's b, yo with you.

bent so, (not earlier than 16th c. in any sense)

1 at bent for (so Ff; Qq and mod. edd. is bent),
turned in the direction of Ham, iv. iii. 48.

2 inclination of the mind Ado IV. i. 188 the very bent of honour, Cas. II. i. 210 give his humour the true bent; of the eyes, &c., H5 v. il. 16, Ant. I. iii. 36, Cym. I. i. 13 the bent Of the king's looks.

3 extent to which a bow may be bent, degree of tension: (hence) degree of endurance, capacity Ado II. iii. 243 [232], Tw.N. II. iv. 37, Ham. III.

ii. 409 [401] to the top of my bent.

bent pa, pple.: inclined (to), intent (upon) MND.

11. ii. 145, 2H6 II. i. 165, Mac. III. iv. 134 I am bent to know... the worst, Per. II. Gower 23\* full bent with sin (= intent upon sin), Ven. 618 bent to kill. berattle: to fill with din Ham. II. ii, 365 [357].

bereave (the commonest use is 'to deprive' a person of a thing, chiefly in pa. pple. bereft

1 to take away (a thing) from a person 2H6 III. i. 85, Oth. I. iii. 259, Lucr. 835; always passive.

2 to rob of its strength or beauty, (hence) to impair, spoil Err. II. i. 40 to see like right bereft, Lr. IV. iV. 9 his bereared sense, Ven. 797.

Bergomask dance (S.): dance after the manner of

the people of Bergamo (a province in the state of Venice), who were noted for the rusticity of their manners and speech MND. v. i. 361, 370.

be-rime: to celebrate in rime Rom. II. iv. 44; in AYL. III. ii. 187 the reference is to the alleged practice of 'riming rats to death 'in Ireland, i. e. destroying them by incantation.

berlady: old form of BY'R LADY.
Bermoothes: Bermudas Tp. 1. ii. 229 the stillvex'd Bermoothes. bescreen'd: concealed Rom. II. ii. 52 bescreen'd in

night (Q<sub>1</sub> beskrind), beseech: entreaty Troil. I. ii. 317 ('While men have still their object to gain, their attitude is

one of entreaty').

beseek: old northern and north-midland form of 'beseech' 2H4 π, iv. 174.

[410.

beseeming: appearance, 'guise' (8.) Cym. v. v. beside: adv. by, past Ven. 981 sometimes falls an orient drop beside. prep. out of (patience, one's senses) Ado v. i. 131 b. their wit, 1144 III. i. 178 b. his patience, Cas. III. i. 180 b. themselves with fear.

besides: out of (=BESIDE prep.) Err. III. ii. 78, Cym. II. iv. 149 Quite besides The government of patience, Sonn. xxiii. 2 put besides his part.

beslubber: to danb, smear 1H4 II. iv. 344 beslubber our garments.

besort sb. (S.): suitable company Oth. I. iii. 239. besort vb. (S.): to befit Lr. 1. iv. 274 such men us

may besort our age. bespeak: to speak to, address Tw.N. v. i. 193 I bespake you fair, R2 v. ii. 20, Ham. n. ii. 140 my young mistress thus I did b.; with admixture of meaning 'to engage' Err. v. i. 233.

bespice: to season with spice Wint. I. ii. 316. best: to have the best, to have the advantage 3H6 v. iii. 20 having now the b. at Barnet field;—at the best, (1) in the best possible way 3H6 in. i. 8, Oth. I. iii. 173 Take up this mangled matter at the best; (2) in the best or most advantageous condition Rom, I, v. 123 the sport is at the b., Tim. I. ii. 159, III. vi. 30;—in the best, at best Ham. I. v.

27 most foul, as in the best it is, Pilgr. vii. 18 [102]. best-conditioned: best-spirited Mer. V. III. ii. 294, beste'd (old edd. bestead): in a (worse) plight 2H6

bestill'd (Qq and mod. edd. distill'd): (?) made motionless, stiffened, congealed Ham. I. ii. 204. best-moving: most persuasive LLL. II. i. 29 our best-moving fair solicitor.

bestow (3 not pre-S.; 4 with 'of' and 'to' only S.)

1 to give in marriage AYL, v. iv. 7 You will bestow

her on Orlando here?

2 to lay out (money) 2H4 v. v. 18; to spend (time)

Cass. v. v. 61 bestow thy time with me? refl. to behave oneself Gent. III. i. 87, AYL. IV.

iii. 88, John III. i. 225, 2H4 II. ii. 186, to confer as a gift (with of) Tw.N. III. iv. 2 what bestow of him 2, Cor. II. iii. 215 (with dative or to) Tit. IV. ii. 165, Lr. II. i. 128.

bestraught: distracted Shr. Ind. ii. 26.

bestride: to stand over (a fallen man) in order to defend him, (hence) to protect Err. v. i. 192, 2H4 I. i. 207, Mac. IV. iii. 4 Let us. . . Bestride our down-fall'n birthdom.

best-tempered: of the truest 'metal' 2H4 i. i. beteem: to grant (perhaps with secondary ref. to 'teem' = hour) MND. r. i, 131; to allow Ham. r. ii, 141. ¶ Still in use in Gloucestershire. bethink (also used refl. = 'reflect'; 1 and 2 be-

came obs. in the 17th c.)

1 to think of, consider, devise 3H6 III. iii. 39 bethink a means to break it off, Ham. I. iii. 90 well bethought. 2 I am bethought, 1 intend Lr. II. iii. 6.

betide: to happen, befall R3 1. iii. 6 what would betide on me? (=happen to me, become of me). betray (1 is derivative of the sense 'deliver up treacherously', which is freq.; 2 is common with various objects)

1 to give over or expose to punishment, or some evil Wiv. III. iii. 207 to betray him to another

evil Wiv. III. III. 201 to betray min to another punishment, Err. v. i. 90, AYL. iv. i. 7, H8 III. i. 55 to betray you... to sorrow.

2 to lead astray, mislead, deceive, entrap Wiv. v. iii. 22 Well betray him finely, 2H6 III. iv. 54 limid bushes to b. thy wings, Mac. 1. iii. 125, Oth. v. ii. 6 she'll b. more men; absol. Tim. IV. iii. 147. 3 to cheat, disappoint Tit. V. ii. 147 a complot to

betray thy foes.

better: I were better, it would be better for me AYL. III. iii. 97, Oth. III. iii. 363;—adv. rather All'sW. III. vi. 95, H8 III. ii. 254 Surrey durst

better Have burnt that tongue than said so.
between: interval of time Wint. III. iii. 61 in the b.
bevel: oblique, slant Sonn. exxi. 11 I may be
straight though they themselves be bevel.

Bevis of Hampton (i.e. Earl of Southampton), the hero of a mediaeval romance, of whom incredible stories were told H8 1. i. 38.

bevy: company, properly, of ladies H8 1. iv. 4, Ham. v. ii. 197 (F<sub>1</sub> Beauy, Qq breed). beware: take care of 1H6 1. iii. 47 b. your beard.

beweep (used now chiefly in imitation of S.) 1 to deplore Sonn. xxix. 2 beweep my outcast state.

2 to wet with tears Ham. IV. v. 39.

bewray: to reveal 3H6 I. i. 211, Cor. v. iii. 95 would bewray what life We have led, Tit. II. iv. 3.

beyond: beyond beyond, (?) surpassing everything Cym. 11. ii. 57 (but Ff rightly beyond, beyond). Bezonian (common Eliz., from It. 'bisogno' need):

needy beggar, rascal 2H4 v. iii. 115, 2H6 iv. i. 134. bia3 sb. (all the uses are derived from bowls)

1 one-sided form of the bowl which gives an oblique motion to it; in fig. phrase against the bias Shr. IV. v. 25, R2 III. iv. 5; assays of bias, indirect attempts Ham. II. i. 65.

2 fig. swaying influence John II. i. 574, &c.

preponderating tendency, bent Tw.N. v. i. 270 nature to her bias drew; LLL. IV, ii. 114, Pilgr. v. 5 [61] ('the student leaves his special study').
bias adj.: protruding on one side like a bowl Troil.
iv. v. 8 thy sphered bias cheek.

bias adv.: awry Troil. 1. iii. 15 draw Bias, 1v. v. 168

biasdrawing (= turning away from the truth).
biddy: fowl, chicken, Tw.N. III. iv. 130.
bide: to dwell or insist upon Wint. I. ii. 242.
biding: abode, dwelling Lr. IV. vi. 229, Lucr. 550.
bifold: double, twofold Troil. v. ii. 141 (Q by-fould, Ff by foul(e).

big (1 orig. sense; the S. exx. are late instances)

1 strong, stout, mighty H5 iv. ii. 43 Big Mars;
fig. Oth. iii. iii. 350 big wars.
2 great with young Cym. 1. i. 39; fig. Mer.V. ii.
3 haughty, pompous All'sW. 1. iii. 101 a big heart,
H8 1. i. 119 Shall lessen this big book.

bigamy: marriage with a widow (formerly an ecclesiastical offence) R3 III. vii. 188.

bilberry: common midland name of the whortle-berry, Vaccinium Myrtillus, Wiv, v, v, 51. bilbo: properly, sword of Bilbao, noted for the temper and elasticity of its blade Wiv. m. v, 115 like a good bilbo...hilt to point.

bilboes: shackles sliding on an iron bar which is locked to the floor, used for mutinous sailors Ham. v. ii. 6 the mutines in the bilboes.

bile (byle): spellings in the old edd. of BOIL sb. bill sb.1: obsolete military weapon consisting of a long wooden handle having at one end a blade or axe-shaped head R2 III. ii. 118; in the 16th and 17th centuries painted or varnished in different colours, hence brown bill 2H6 iv. x. 14, Lr.

IV. vi. 93; a similar weapon used by constables (with play on BILLSb.\*) Ado II. iii. 189 being taken up of these men's bills, 2H6 rv. vii. 134, bill sb.\*2 (3 late exx. of this sense; 5 is very rare) 1 note, memorandum Shr. rv. iii. 145 Error i' the

bill, Caes. v. ii. 1. 2 draft of an act Wiv. 11. i. 29, H5 1. i. 1. 3 list, catalogue, inventory MND, 1. ii. 109 a bill of properties, Mac. 11. i. 100.

4 note or account of charges Tim, III. iv. 50. 5 label AYL. I. ii. 132 With bills on the necks.

6 advertisement, placard Ado I. i. 39 He set up his bills, Cæs. Iv. iii. 172 bills of outlawry.
7 = bill of exchange Wiv. I. i. 10, Shr. Iv. ii. 89 bills

for money by exchange. [iii. 60,

billet sb.: thick stick used as a weapon Meas. IV. billet vb. (twice only in S.)

to enroll Cor. IV. iii. 48 distinctly billeted.

2 to assign quarters to Oth. II. iii. 389 yo where thou art billeted.

bird (1 orig. sense, from which the mod. sense was developed; cf. Scotch proverb 'Every eraw thinks its ain bird the whitest'; 2 not pre-S.; 4 partly the old word 'burd' = maiden, partly fig.

use of I or the ordinary sense)
1 young of the feathered tribes 1H4 v. i. 60 the euckoo's bird, 3H6 II. i. 91, Tit. II. iii. 154.

2 game-bird; fig. prey, object of attack Shr. v. ii. 46 Am I your bird? (cf. Rom. 11, ii. 182). 3 term of familiar endearment Tp. 1v. i. 184, Ham.

1. v. 116 come, bird, come.

4 (?) maiden, girl Cym. iv. ii. 197. bird-bolt: blunt-headed arrow for shooting birds Ado I. i. 42 (Q Ff burbolt), Tw. N. I. v. 99.

birding: hawking with a sparrow-hawk at small birds, which were driven into a bush and shot Wiv. III. iii. 245; so birding-piece IV. ii. 60. birlady: old form of BY'R LADY.

birth (the sense of 'act of bringing forth, being born' is frequent)

that which is born 2H4 IV. iv. 122 louthly births. 2 parentage, descent; esp. high descent, good family, noble lineage Ado II. 1. 174 no equal for his birth, John II. 1. 430 a mutch of birth.

3 nature Rom. II. iii. 20 Revolts from true birth.

4 nativity, horoscope 2H6 iv. i. 34 calculate my b. birth-child: child born in a particular place Per. iv. iv. 41 (Marina was born in Thetis' element, the sea).

bisson (1 also in mod. edd. b. multitude † Cor. 111. i. 1 purblind Cor. 11. i. 72 (Ff beesom(e).

2 (?) blinding Ham. 11. ii. 537 [529] bisson rheum. bite vb.: bite the (or one's) lip for the purpose of restraining anger or agitation Shr. II. i. 243, H8 III. ii. 114, Troil. nr. iii. 256; bite the thumb at, to defy 'by putting the thumbe naile into the mouth, and with a ierke from the upper teeth make it to knack '(Cotgr.) Rom. I. i. 56; bite one's tongue, to be silent or speechless 2H6 I. 1. 231, 3H6 I. iv. 47, Tit. III. i. 132; bite by the ear as a sign of fondness Rom. II. iv. 84; bite by the nose, to treat with contempt Meas. III. i. 107.

bitumed: pitched as with bitumen Per. III. i. 72

(Qq bittumed), III. ii. 56 (Qq bottomed). blackberry: used as a type of what is of little worth 1H4 II. iv. 269 as plenty as blackberries, Troil, v. iv. 13 is not proved worth a b. ¶ Cf. He settethe not therby a blakberie '(Hoceleve). Black Monday: Easter Monday Mer. V. II. v. 25.

The current explanations of this name rest on doubtful evidence

blackness: wickedness Per 1. ii. 89.

bladder: boil, pustule Troil. v. i. 24 bladders full of imposthume.

bladed: in the blade MND. I. i. 211 the bladed grass,

Mac. 1v. i. 55\* ('not yet in the ear'). blank sb. (etymol. meaning is 'something white') thing aimed at, range of such aim Wint. II. iii. 5 out of the blank And level of my brain, Troil. III. iii. 232, Ham. IV. i. 42 As level as the cunnon to his blank . . ., Lr. I. i. 161, Oth. III. iv. 127 stood within the blank of his displeasure.

2 lottery ticket which does not gain a prize Cor. v.

ii. 10 lots to blanks (=all the world to nothing). 3 blank paper Sonn. lxxvii. 10; esp. = blank charter (R2 I. iv. 48), document given to the agents of the crown in Richard II's reign to fill up as they pleased R2 II. i. 251.

void Tw. N. II. iv. 112 what's her history ?- A blank. blank vb.: to make pale, blanch Ham. ur. ii. 232. blast (3 metaphor from the testing of cannon)

1 to 'split' (the ears) with a din Ant. IV. viii. 36. 2 to wither or fall under a blight Gent. I. i. 48

blasting in the bud, Lucr. 49. 3 to burst Ham, IV. vii. 154 If this should blast in

blastment: blight Ham. I. iii. 42.

blazon sb. (1, 2 proper terms of heraldry)

1 armorial bearings, coat of arms Wiv. v. v. 70
With loyal blazon; fig. Tw.N. I. v. 314.
2 description of armorial bearings according to the rules of heraldry, (hence simply) description Ado 11. i. 309 I think your blazon to be true.

3 proclaiming, publishing Ham. I. v. [iv.] 21 this eternal b., Sonn. cvi. 5 in the b. of sweet beauty s best.

blazon vb. (used partly with heraldic metaphor)
1 to describe fitly, set forth honourably in words, publish the praises of Rom. 11. vi. 26, Oth. 11. i 63 the quirks of blazoning pens, Compl. 217 With wit well blazon'd.

2 to proclaim, make public Tit. IV. iv. 18 blazoning

our in ustice every where, Cym. IV. ii. 170. bleak: pale All'sW. I. i. 116 Look b. in the cold wind. blear the eyes: to hoodwink, deceive Shr. v. i. 120. bleeding: running or suffused with blood, bloody John II. i. 304 the b. ground, Cæs. III. i. 168, Mac. v. ii. 4; fig. unstanched, unhealed Cor. II. i. 87 dismiss the controversy b.; as adv. Tim. I. ii. 81 b .- new.

blench sb.: swerving, inconstancy Sonn. cx. 7. blench vb.: to start aside, 'shy' at, flinch from Meas. rv. v. 5 blench from this to that, Troil. r. i. 30 b. at sufferance, Ham. H. ii. 634 [626] if he but b.

blend: blended Compl. 215. blent: blended Mer. V. III. ii. 182, Tw. N. I. v. 259. bless (3 in Ado I. iii. 70, with a pun on the sense cross oneself, sign oneself with the cross')

1 to guard, keep from R3 пг. iii. 4. 2 to make happy with some gift Тр. п. i. 131, Н8 п. iv. 34 blest with many children, Err. п. i. 79 (ironi-

3 refl. to esteem oneself supremely happy Wint. III. iii. 116, 2H4 II. iv. 102 you would bless you to hear what he said.

blest: endowed with healing virtues (cf. plant-names like 'blessed thistle') Per. III. ii. 35 the

blist infusions That dwell in regetives... blind (2 cf. L. 'caeca nox' Virgil, 'caecum antrum' Lucan)

1 heedless, regardless, reckless, indiscriminate Tw.N. v. i. 239 the b. waves, H5 1ft. iii. 34 The b. and bloody soldier, R3 I. iv. 262 to thy own soul so b.

2 enveloped in darkness, dark, obscure R3 III. vii. 118 blind forgetfulness (Ff darke), v. iii. 62 b. care of eternal night, Lucr. 675 blind conceuling night.

blindfold (twice in S.; 1 is an exceptional use) 1 that destroys the sight R2 1. iii. 224 b. death.

2 reckless Ven. 554 blindfold fury,

blindness: concealment Err. 111, ii. 8 Muffle your fulse love with some show of blindness.

blister'd: puffed H8 1. iii. 31 Short b. breeches. bloatt: soft-bodied, puffed, bloated Ham. III. iv. 182 (Ff blunt). ¶The proper form is blowt (Qq), for which Warburton substituted bloat. 'Blowty'

in the same sense is used in Lincolnshire.

block: wooden mould for a hat, (hence) shape or fashion (of hat) Ado L i. 78, Lr. IV. vi. 188.

blood (flesh and b., let (a person) b. are freq.; man of blood Mac. III. iv. 126, 4 a hunting expression)
 1 vital fluid, (hence) life Rom. III. i. 189 the price of

his dear blood.

2 supposed source of emotion, (hence) passion Ado II. 1. 189, faith melteth into blood; temper, mood, disposition Ado I. iii. 30 it better fits my blood, 2H4 IV. iv. 38, Tim. IV. ii. 38, Ham. III. ii. 74 Whose blood and judgment are so well comingled; (emphatically) high temper, mettle, anger Mer.V. 1. ii. 20, Lr.

ıv. ii. 64. 3 fleshly nature of man Tp. rv. i. 53 the fire i' the

blood, Compl. 162

4 in blood, in full vigour, full of life LLL. IV. ii. 4, 1H6 rv. ii. 48, Cor. I. i. 165 ('art in the worst

tondition for running), IV. v. 226.

blood-relationship, (hence) parentage, descent, stock, kindred Meas. III. i. 141, MND. I. i. 135, AYL. I. i. 48, John IV. ii. 99 That blood which ov'd (= owned) the breadth of all this isle, 1H6 IV. v. 16, Mac. II. iii. 147 the near in b., The nearer bloody,

6 good parentage or stock Gent. III. i. 121 a gent'e-man of blood, Troil. III. iii. 26.

man of fire, spirit, or mettle A lo 111. iii. 140, LLL. v. ii. 713, Cas. 1. ii. 150 the breed of noble b-s.

blood-bolter'd: having the hair matted with blood Mac. rv. i. 123 b. Banquo. ¶ In Shropshire tangled or unkempt hair is called 'bautered': in Warwickshire snow is said to 'balter' on horses' feet; in Cheshire things are said to be 'bautered' with mud.

blood-drinking sighs 2H6 m. ii. 63: ref. to the popular notion that every sigh causes the heart to lose a drop of blood.

blood-sucker: bloodthirsty person 2H6 III. ii. 226.

bloody (2 first recorded from S.)

1 consisting of blood AYL. III. v. 7 bloody drops; containing blood John IV. ii. 210\* the bloody house of

life (=the body). 2 blood-red H5 I. ii. 101 bloody flag, Cæs. v. i. 14. 3 passionate 2H4 IV. i. 34\* Led on by bloody youth.

blossom (much commoner than 'bloom'

1 one lovely and full of promise Wint. 111. iii. 45
Flossom, speed thee well, 1H6 IV. vii. 16, (ironically) Tit. Iv. ii. 73.

2 in the blossoms, in the prime, at the height Wint. v. ii. 140, Ham. I. v. 76 in the blossoms of my sin. blot (2 is common Eliz.: 3 not pre-S.)

I to tarnish, stain, sully Shr. v. ii. 140 It blots thy beauty; absol. LLL. iv. iii. 241. to calumniate, throw mud at John II. i. 132.

to obscure Ven. 184 rapours when they blot the sky. blow sb.; (?) mixture of senses (a) stroke, (b) blasting noise Shr. 1. ii. 212. ¶ S. is the earliest authority for fall to blows 2H6 II. iii. 82, at a b. 3H6 v. i. 50.

blow vb.1 (2 not pre-S., but 'blowing' = 'flies' eggs' is earlier)

1 to inflate, swell, puff up Tw. N. H. v. 49, Ant. IV. vi. 34 This blows my heart.

(of flies) to deposit their eggs (on) and so make foul Tp. 111. i. 63, LLL. v. ii. 410, Oth. Iv. ii. 66 summer flies... That quicken even with blowing. blow vb.2: to blossom, bloom Gent. I. i. 46, MND.

II. i. 249 a bank whereont the wild thyme blows; fig. Troil. I. iii. 317.

**blown** ppl. a.1 (1 a very rare use)

1 whispered, hinted Oth. III. iii. 182 (Ff blowed). 2 swollen, inflated (lit. and fig.) 1H4 iv. ii. 54 b. Juck, Cor. v. iv. 51 the b. tide, Lr. iv. iv. 27 b. ambition. blown ppl. a.2: blossomed Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 39.

blowse: ruddy-faced fat wench Tit. 1v. ii. 73. blowt: see BLOAT.

blue (first in S. as applied to mountains, flame, and veins)

1 formerly the distinctive colour of the dress of servants Shr. IV. i. 93, 1H6 I. iii, 47 Blue couts to tuwny coats.

2 leaden-coloured, livid Wiv. iv. v. 117 beaten black and blue, v. v. 51 as blue as bilberry.

3 applied to the bluish-black circle round the eyes caused by weeping or watching AYL. III. ii. 398,

blue-bottle: nickname for a beadle, in allusion to his blue uniform 2H4 v. iv. 22 (Ff blew-Bott(e)l'd,

Q blewbottle).
blue-cap: a 'blue-bonnet' or Scotchman 1H4 II.
iv. 397. ¶A broad round flat cap of blue woollen

material was formerly common in Scotland.
blue-ey'd: see BLUE 3, Tp. 1, ii. 269 this b. hag.
blunt (1 historically the earliest; 'dull-edged,'
of a tool, is later; this occurs in S., as well as the meaning 'abrupt, unceremonious'

1 of dull perception, dull-witted Gent. 11. vi. 41 2H4 Ind. 18 the blunt monster with uncounted heads

(='the many-headed multitude').

2 rude, unpolished, 3H6 rv. viii. 2 blunt Hollanders, Lucr. 1300; (hence) rough, harsh, unfeeling 3H6 v. i. 86 so blunt, unnatural, R3 1. iii. 104, 884 the blunt boar, rough bear, or lion proud.
blurt: to pooh-pooh at Per. IV. iii. 34 ours was

blurted at.

board (1 and 2 are fig. uses of the hostile entering of a ship; the sense 'provide meals for 'occurs) 1 to make advances to, address, accost Wiv. II. i. 91, Shr. I. ii. 96, All's W. v. iii. 213.
2 bear up and board 'em Tp. III. ii. 3 (' make another

attack on the bottle"

boar-pig: young boar 2H4 II. iv. 250 Bartholomewb. boast (used both intr. and refl. in the usual sense)
1 to display proudly Lucr. 55 When beauty boasted blushes.

2 boast off, to cry up, praise highly Tp. Iv. i. 9. bob sb.: 'rap', jibe, taunt AYL. II. vii. 55. bob vb.¹ (of different origin from Bob vb.² and vb.³)

1 to cheat out of Troil. III. i. 76 You shall not bob us out of our melody. 2 to filch Oth. v. i. 16 jewels that I bobb'd from him.

bob vb.2: to bang, thump R3 v. iii. 335 bobb'd, and thump'd, Troil. II. i. 75. bob vb.3: to move with a jerk MND. II. i. 49 against

her lips I bob. bodement: omen, augury Troil. v. iii. 80, Mac. IV.

i. 96 Sweet bodements

bodge: to give way 3H6 I. iv. 19. bodkin (1 the orig. sense, Chaucer onwards; the

mod. use is post-S.) 1 dagger Ham. III. i. 76 When he himself might his

quietus make With a bare bodkin.

2 small pointed instrument for piercing holes in cloth, &c., Wint. 111. iii. 87.

3 long pin or pin-shaped ornament for the hair LLL, v. ii, 612 The head of a bodkin, body forth: to give mental shape to MND, v. i. 14.

Imitated by modern writers

boggler: waverer Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 110 You have

been a boggler ever.
boil sb. (old edd. bile, byle): Cor. 1. iv. 31 Boils and plagues Pluster you o'er!

boiled: boiled brains (Ff123 hyphened), hot-headed

fellows Wint. nr. iii. 63 (cf. Tp. v. i. 60, and MND. v.i.4 Lovers and madmen have such seething brains); in boil'd stuff Cym. 1. vi. 125 there is an allusion to the sweating-tub.

bold (the ordinary senses are well represented in S.) 1 be or make (so) bold, to venture so far as to, presume to Wiv. II. ii. 164, IV. V. 13 I'll be so bold as stoy, H8 III. ii. 319, Ven. 124; be or make bold with (or upon), to take liberties with, make free with Wiv. II. ii. 267, Ado III. ii. 8, Rom. III. i. 83, Cæs.

II. i. 86 we are too bold upon your rest. 2 confident (of), trusting (in) L.L. II. i. 28 B. of your worthiness, All'sW. v. i. 5, Oth. II. i. 51 my hopes ... Stand in b. cure, Cym. II. iv. 2 Iam b. her honour Will remain hers; so make bold Cym. v. v. 89.

bold-beating: app. confusion of bold-fac'd (1H6 IV. vi. 12) and 'brow-beating': Wiv. II. ii. 28 your bold-beating oaths.

boldness: confidence Meas. IV. ii. 164 boldness of (=

confidence in).

bolin: early form of 'bowline' Per. III. i. 43 Slack the bolins there.

bollen (old edd. boln): swollen Lucr. 1417 all boll'n and red; Mer.V. iv. i. 56 bollen + bagpipe (old edd. woollen; many conj. wauling, &c.). [iii. 400.

bolster: to lie on a bolster (i. e. together) Oth. III. bolt sb. (the senses 'door-fastening' and 'thunder-bolt' occur; 2 was common from 1480 to 1690) 1 arrow, esp. one of the stouter and shorter kind

with blunt or thickened head MND. II. i. 165 the bolt of Cupid, Cym. tv. ii. 300; A fool's bolt is soon shot (proverb common from the 13th to 18th c.) . H5 III. vii. 137 : I'll make a shaft or a bolt on't, I'll risk making something or other out of it, I'll

make the venture Wiv. III. iv. 24.
2 fetter Meas. v. i. 345 Lay bolts enough on him,
Cym. v. iv. 10 to pick that bolt. 204.
bolt vb. 1: to sift (lif. and fig.) Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 377
the funned snow That's b-ed by the northern blasts. bolt vb.2: to fetter (fig.) Ant. v. ii. 6 shuckles uccidents, and bolts up change

bolter: box or chest in which flour is sifted from bran 1H4 III. iii. 81 I have given them away to bakers' wives, and they have made bolters of them; so bolting-hutch fig. 1H4 II. iv. 501.

bombard: leather jug for liquor (probably resembling the cannons formerly so called) Tp. II. ii. 21, 1H4 II. iv. 503 that huge b. of suck, H8 v. iv. 87.

bombast sb.: cotton wool used for padding or stuffing 1H4 n. iv. 264 my succet creature of b.; fig. LLL v. ii. 789 4s b. ond as lining to the time. bombast adj.: inflated, turgid 0th. i. i. 13 bombast circumstance.

bona-roba: showy wanton (J.) 2H4 III. ii. 26, 220.

bond (2 and 4 are the most freq. uses)

1 chain, fetter, usu. pl. (often fig.) Err. v. i. 250
gnawing. . . my b-s in sunder, John ut. iv. 70
Itore them (= hairs) from their b-s. Troil. I. iii. 66,

Cas. 1. i. 38 captive b-s, Cynn. t. i. 117 b-s of death. 2 tie of duty, obligation of affection AYL. I. ii. 293 the natural bond of sisters, Cor. v. iii. 25 All bond and privilegs of nature, Tim. 1. i. 145, Lr. 1. i. 95 I love your majesty According to my bond, Sonu. cxvii. 4 Whereto all bonds do tie me; Cæs. II. i. 280 bond of marriage; cf. H8 II. iv. 38 My bond to wedlock.

3 cementing or uniting force Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 586

Prosperity's the very bond of loce.

4 deed by which one binds oneself to another to make a payment or fulfil a contract Mer. V. I. iii. 28 I think I may take his bond, III. ii. 318, &c., R2 II. i. 64 roften parchment bonds; often fig. and in extended use, R3 IV. iv. 77 Concel his bond of life, Mac. III. ii. 49 Cancel and tear to pieces that

great bond (= Banquo's life), Sonn. cxlii. 7 seal'd false bonds of love, Lucr. 136.

bondage (1 with allusion to senses 'captivity', and 'servitude')

1 condition of being bound Cym. v. v. 307 Let his arms ulone; they were not born for bondage Compl. 34. 2 binding force, obligation Cym. II. iv. 111 the rows

of women Of no more bondage be... bone (the usual senses are freq.; 2 used only in oaths; 4 cf. 'The lace-makers still call their work getting their bread out of the bones ', Nares)

young bones, unborn child Lr. II. iv. 165.

2 ten bones, fingers 2H6 I. iii. 193.

3 pl. some rude musical instrument MND. IV. i. 33. 4 pl. bobbins with which bone-lace was made

Tw. N. II. iv. 45 weave their thread with bones. bonnet: to take off the bonnet in token of respect Cor. II. ii. 30 those who, having been supple and courteous to the people, bonneted.

bonny (2 doubtful sense; 3 still dialectal)

1 pleasant to look upon, comely 2H6 v. ii. 12 the bonny beast he lov'd so well, Ham. IV. v. 186 bonny

sweet Robin [line of an old ballad]
2 big, stout AYL. II. iii. 8 b. priser (mod. edd. bony).
3 gladsome Ado II. iii. 7 be yon blithe and bonny.
book (fig. and allusive uses of 2 are freq.)

1 writing, document 1H4 III. i. 224 By that time

will our book, I think, be drawn.

2 volume or literary work read or consulted (freq.); fig. John m. i. 485 this book of beauty (= Bianca), Rom. I. iii, 87 This precious book of love, this unbound lover (= Paris); 2H4 m. i. 45 the book of fate, R2 I. iii. 202 the book of life, Sonn. xxv. 11 from the book of honour razed quite; phrases by the book, according to prescription, with due formality AYL. v. iv. 95, Rom. I. v. 114; cf. III. i. 108; without book, from memory, by rote Tw.N. I. iii. 29, Troil. II. i. 20 learn a prayer without book. 3 the Bible Wiv. 1. iv. 152, LLL. IV. iii. 250 who can

give an oath t where is a book t. Hence book-oath 2H4 II. i. 115. Also=religious office-book John III. iii. 12 Bell, book, and candle.

= account-book Lr. III. iv. 98 keep . . . thy pen from lender's books, Cym. III. iii. 26 keeps his book un-cross'd; = memorandum-book, note-book, or book of records, often fig. 1H6 II. iv. 101 I'll note you in any book of memory, 2H6 I. i. 101 Blotting your names from books of memory, Cor. v. ii. 15 I have been The book of his good acts, Ham. I. v. 103, Per. I. i. 94; (hence) in a person's book(s=in favour with him Ado I. i. 80, Shr. II. i. 223, 2H4 II. ii. 51 in the devil's book.

5 by extension of sense 2 = (i) rigmarole, screed Ado I. i. 317 [309] a b. of words: (ii) study, learning, instruction Tp. III. i. 94 I'll to my b., AYL. II. i. 16 tongues in trees, b-s in the running brooks, H81. i. 122 A beggar's b. Outworths a noble's blood, bookful: Ado v. ii. 32; or read, a whole book full. book-man: scholar, student LLL. II. i. 225, &c.

book-mate: fellow-student LLL, rv. i. 103.

boorish: used as sb.=illiterate speech AYL. v.

boot sb.1 (3 influenced by the word 'booty'

1 something given in addition or into the bargain Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 654, R3 IV. iv. 65 Young York he is but boot, Troil. IV. v. 40 I'll gire you boot; I'll give you three for one; esp. in phr. to b. (freq.

2 advantage, profit: phrases make boot of, profit by Ant. IV. i. 9: it is no boot, it is of no avail or use Shr. v. ii. 177; to boot, to our help Wint. I. ii. 80, R3 v. iii. 302 Saint George to boot!

3 booty, plunder in phr. make boot (upon, of) 1H4 II. i. 91, H5 I. ii. 194, 2H6 IV. i. 13.

boot sb.2: to give (a person) the boots, to fool him

Gent. 1. i. 27\*. ¶ Cf. 'to give one the boots, to sell him a bargaine' Cotgr. s.v. Bailler.

boot vb.1 (1 the usual sense; 2 once)

1 to avail: intr. R2 III. iv. 18; trans. Gent. I. i. 28. 2 to enrich with an additional gift Ant. II. v. 71 I will boot thee with what gift beside . .

boot vb.2: to put on one's boots 2H4 v. iii. 138. boot-hose: over-stocking covering the leg like a jack-boot Shr. III. ii. 69 a kersey boot-hose. bootless: unavailing (freq.); adv. MND. II. i. 37,

Tit. III. i. 36. border: to keep within bounds Lr. IV. ii, 33.

bore sb. (2 metaphor from a gun)

1 small hole Cor. IV. vi. 88 (see AUGER), Cym. III. ii. 58 the bores of hearing (= the ears).

2 calibre (fig.) Ham. IV. vi. 28 too light for the bore of the matter.

bore vb. (2 used by Fletcher, 'Spanish Curate' IV. 1 to perforate, trans. and intr. MND. III. ii. 53, R2 m. ii. 170.

2 to cheat, gull H81. i. 128 He b-s me with some trick. Boreas: the north wind Troil. I. iii. 38 the ruffian B. bore-sprit: see Bowsprit

borrow sb.: borrowing Wint. I. ii. 39.

borrow vb. (extensions of the common sense are) to derive, receive Troil. IV. v. 132 any drop [of blood] thou borrow'dst from thy mother, Sonn. cliii. 5 Which borrow'd from this holy fire of Love A dateless lively heat.

2 to assume, put on H5 II. iv. 79 The borrow'd glories; cf. Lr. 1. iv. 1 If but as well I other accents borrow; hence borrowed often = counterfeit, false Rom. IV. i. 104, Lucr. 1549 those borrow'd tears.

bosky: shrubby Tp. IV. i. 81 My bosky acres. bosom sb. (bosom multiplied Cor. III. i. 130 prob. the bosom of the many-headed monster, i. e.

the people; bisson multitude+) [38. Abraham's b. (Luke xvi. 22) = Paradise R3 IV. iii. 2 fold or pocket in the front part of a bodice, used for letters, &c. Gent. r. ii. 111, Ham. n. ii. 112. 3 seat of affection, desire, passion = 'heart' (freq.);

Lr. v. iii. 50 the common b. (= the affections of the populace); sometimes = (i) repository of secrets Meas. v. i. 10 To lock it in the wards of corert b. are of 7.7 I am in their b-s. Lr. Iv. v. 26 you are of her b.; (ii) desire, intimate thoughts Meas. IV. iii. 143 have your b. on this wretch, Oth.

III. i. 58 To speak your b. freely. 4 of things: (i) surface John IV. i. 3 the b. of the ground, Rom. 1. iv. 102, 11. ii. 32 the b. of the air; (ii) enclosing walls (of a tower) R2 v. i. 3 whose flint b.; (iii) depths, inmost recesses LLL. IV. iii. 32, John II. i. 410 this city's b., R3 I. i. 4 the deep b. of the ocean; cf. H8 II. iv. 180 the b. of my con-

science (= my inmost conscience). bosom vb. (Cf. 'I'll bosom what I think', John Day, 1606)

1 lit. to take to the bosom, embrace; (hence) to admit to close companionship Lr. v. i. 13 conjunct And bosom'd with her.

2 to keep in secret H8 I. i. 112 B. up my counsel. botch sb.: flaw resulting from unskilful workmanship Mac, III. i. 134; so botch vb. to patch, esp. unskilfully (chiefly fig. with up) Tw.N. IV. i. 60 how many fruitless prunks This ruffian hath b-'d up (=clumsily contrived), H5 II. ii. 115, Ham. IV. v. 10 b. the words up to fit their own thoughts; botcher All'sW. IV. iii. 211, Cor. II. i. 99.

botchy core, central hard mass of a boil or tumour Troil. II. i. 6 (? some pun on BOTCH vb.).

both-sides: double-faced All'sW. IV. iii. 252 Damn-

able both-sides rogue! bots: disease of horses caused by parasitic worms or maggots Shr. III. ii. 57, 1H4 II. i. 11; in oaths

Per, II. i. 128 bots on't. " 'Bots' was used both as sing. (for the disease) and as pl. (for the maggots) in Eliz. times.

bottle: truss (of hay) MND, IV. i. 38.

bottled (not pre-S.): bottle-shaped, big-bellied R3 I, iii. 242 that bottled spider, IV. iv. 81. bottom sb. (freq. in the ordinary sense, and fig. =

'depths')

low-lying land, valley AYL. IV. iii. 80 down in the neighbour bottom, 1H4 III. i. 106 so rich a b.

ship, vessel (orig. the keel or hull) Mer. V. 1. i. 42 My ventures are not in one bottom trusted, Tw.N.

v. i. 61, John n. i. 73, H5 nr. Chor. 12. 3 ball of thread Shr. Iv. iii. 137 b. of brown thread. bottom vb. (cf. prec. 3): to wind, as a skein of thread Gent. III, ii. 53 as you unwind her love from him . . . You must provide to bottom it on mc.

bottom-grass: grass growing in low valleys

bounce sb. and int.: bang John II. i. 462 cannon fire, and smoke and bounce, 2H4III. ii. 307 'bounce,'

would a' say.
bound sb. ('bound' = leap is a different word) 1 boundary, limit, barrier (lit. and fig.) Tp. 1. ii. 97 A confidence sans bound, MND. 111. ii. 65, John III. i. 23 Like a proud river peering o'er his bounds; Ham. IV. vii. 128 Revenge should have no bounds.

chiefly pl. territory, district, precinct Err. 1. i. 133 through the bounds of Asia, Tim. v. iv. 61 in your city's bounds; sometimes sing. = area Tp. 11. i. 159 bound of land, 1H4 v. iv. 90.

bound vb.1: to enclose, confine, restrict John II. i. 431, 442 the banks that bound them in, Troil. I. iii. 111 the bounded waters, IV. v. 128.

bound vb.2 (not pre-Eliz.; 1 and 2 are obs.)
1 to recoil, rebound All'sW. II. iii. 314 these balls bound; there's noise in it, R2 I. ii. 58 ('She compares her reiterated complaints to the rebounding of a tennis-ball').

2 to cause to leap H5 v. ii. 145 bound my horse.
bound ppl. a. '[older 'boun', 'bun' of Norse origin']
1 ready, prepared 3H6 n. iv. 3, Ham. 1, v. 6 I am
bound to hear, 111. iii. 41 a man to double business bound, Lr. III. vii. 11.

intending to go Err. IV. i. 3 b. To Persia, Cor. III. I. 53, Ham. Iv. vi. 10, b. for England, Sonn. lxxxvi. 2. bound ppl. a.<sup>2</sup> (pa. pple. of the vb. 'bind')

under obligation, obliged 1H6 II. i. 37.

2 I dare be bound, I am certain Cym. Iv. iii. 18. bounden: obliged to AYL. I. ii. 303, John III. iii. 29. bounteous, bountifully, bounty are freq. used where 'generous' and 'liberal' and their deriva-

tives would be now usual.

bourn': brook Lr. III. vi. 28 Come o'er the bourn. bourn<sup>2</sup>: boundary, confine, limit Wint. 1. ii. 135 No b. 'twixt his and mine, Ant. 1. i. 16 I'll set a b. how far to be beloc'd, Lr. 1v. vi. 58 this chalky b. (=Dover cliffs). ¶The meaning in Ham. 111. i. 79 country from whose b. No traveller returns has been variously taken by modern writers to be 'goal' and 'realm, domain'.

bout: round or turn (in fencing) Tw. N. ni. iv. 341, Ham, IV. vii. 158, v. ii. 298; transf. to dancing Rom, I. v. 21 ladies that have the toes Unplagued with corns will walk a bout with you (Q1 have

about = a bout, Qq Ff walke about).

bow sb.: yoke for oxen AYL, III. iii. 85 As the ox

hath his bow.

bow vb. : to cause to bend, make crooked Shr. H. i. 151 bow'd her hand to teach her fingering, H8 II. iii. 36 a three-pence bow'd, Per. iv. ii. 94 you are a young foolish sapling, and must be bowed; fig. H5 . ii. 14 wrest, or bow your reading, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 25 He bow'd his nature.

bow-back: curved or arched back Ven. 619. 619. [16. bow-boy: boy with the bow, i.e. Cupid, Rom. H. iv. bow-case: case in which a bow is kept; in 16th-17th cent. applied humorously to a lean starveling 1H4 H. iv. 277.

bowels: used in the Eliz, period = offspring Meas. III. i. 29 thine own bowels, which do call thee sire.

bower: to embower, enclose Rom. III. ii. 81. bowget: see BUDGET.

bow hand: hand that holds the bow in archery, i. e. the left hand LLL. IV. i. 137 Wide o' the b.

bowl (four times in S.; 1 rhymes with 'owl')

1 to play at bowls LLL. IV. i. 142 challenge her to b.

2 to cause to roll Ham. n. ii. 526 [518].

3 to roll like a bowl, i.e. with a regular motion Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 340\* if it be not too rough for some that know little but bowling.

4 bowl'd, pelted with rolling missiles Wiv.III.iv. 91. bowsprit: Ff bore-sprit(t, common Eliz. form Tp. 1.

ii. 200.

boy my greatness: Ant. v. ii. 219; allusion to the fact that boys or youths played female parts on the stage in S.'s time.

boy-queller: boy-killer Troil, v. v. 45. brabble: quarrel, brawl Tw.N. v. i. 69 In private

b. did we apprehend him, Tit. 11. i. 62 This petty b. brabbler: quarreller, brawler John v. ii. 162; cf. Troil. v. i. 102 He will spend his mouth . . . like Brabbler the hound.

brace sb. (etym. meaning 'the two arms', (hence) 'armour covering the arms'; 3 orig. of dogs, perhaps because the leash was called a brace)

(?) coat of armour Per. II. i. 137.

2 state of defence Oth. I. iii. 24 stands not in such war-like brace.

3 pair (of dogs) 3H6 п. v. 129 b. of greyhounds; (of persons, freq.) Tp. v. i. 126 my b. of lords. [ii. 169. brace vb.: to tighten the skin of (a drum) John v.

brach: kind of hound that hunts by scent Shr. Ind. . 17, Lr. 111. vi. 72 b. or lym; esp. a bitch-hound

1H4 III. i. 240 Lady, my brach, Lr. I. iv. 125. brag vb. (the foll. are rare uses; 2 peculiar to S.) 1 to boast of, vaunt Cor. I. viii. 13, Cym. v. iii. 93. 2 to talk with just pride of Rom. 1. v. 71 brags of

him To be a virtuous . . . youth, 11. vi. 31. bragless (S.): without vain boasting Troil. v. ix. 4. braid adj. (S.): (?) deceitful All'SW. IV. ii. 73.
braid vb.¹: to plait Ven. 271 braided . . . mane,
Compl. 35 slackly braided.
[yourself.

braid vb.2: to upbraid Per. I. i. 93 'Twould braid brain sh.: bear a brain, to have remembrance Rom
1. iii. 29; beaten with brains, satirized, mocked
Ado v. iv. 104; for other phrases see Boiled,

DRY, Hot, &c.
brain vb. (1 fig. from dashing out the brains)
1 to defeat Meas. v. i. 397 That brain'd my purpose. 2 to conceive in the brain (S.) Cym. v. iv. 147.

brained: having brains Tp. III. ii. 7 brained like us. brainish: headstrong, passionate Ham. IV. i. 11. brake: thicket Ven. 876 her fawn hid in some b.; fig. H8 I. ii. 75 the rough b. That virtue must go through.

branch (1 peculiar to S.; in AYL. IV. ii. 5 there is a ref. to the palm-branch and to the division of a deer's horn called a 'branch')

1 pl. applied to the human hands Tit. II. iv. 18 made

thy body bare Of her two branches. 2 division, section, part Err. v. i. 106 a branch and parcel of mine oath, Mer. V. 11. ii, 68 branches of learning, Ham. v. i. 12, Cym. v. v. 384. branched: adorned with a figured pattern sug-

gesting branches Tw. N. 11. v. 55 my branched reluct gown. ¶ In use 1510-1700.

branchless: fig. destitute Ant. III. iv. 24.

brand: Cupid's torch Cym. 11. iv. 91, Sonn. cliii. 1. brass: used to symbolize (i) hardness, imperishableness Meas. v. i. 11 characters of b., H5 IV. iii. 97 live in b., Ces. I. iii. 93 walls of beaten b., Sonn. lxiv. 4; (ii) insensibility Sonn. exx. 4 Unless my nerves were b.; (iii) obduracy LLL. v. ii. 396 any face of b. brass'dt: see BRAZED.

brassy: hard as brass, pitiless Mer.V. IV. i. 31
brassy bosoms and rough hearts of flint.
brave sb.: bravado, defiant threat Shr. III. i. 15

I will not bear these braves of thine, John v. ii. 159

There end thy brave, Tit. n. i. 30. brave adj. (neither sense is pre-Eliz.)

1 finely arrayed; (hence) showy, splendid Shr. Ind. i. 40 brave attendants, Sonn. xv. 8 wear their brave state out of memory, Pilgr. xii. 4 [160] Youth like summer brave, age like winter bare.

2 very freq. used as an epithet of praise of persons and things: excellent, capital, fine Ado v. iv. 131 brave punishments, AYL. III. iv. 41 that's a brave

brace punishments, AYL. III. iv. 41 that's a brace man! he writes brace earses, speaks brace vords, sveears brace oaths, 1H4 iv. i. 7 a bracer place In my heart's love; (ironically) Ham. II. ii. 619.
brave vb. (1 freq. in S.; 2 in common Eliz. use)
1 to challenge, defy (lit. and fig.) John iv. iii. 87 dar'st thou brace a nobleman!, R3 iv. iii. 57 when traitors brace the field, Lucr. 40 so rich a thing, Bracing compare; also intr. in pres. pple. All'sW. i. ii. 3 A brawing war, R2 ii. iii. 112 brawing arms.
2 to make splendid Shr. iv. iii. 125, R3 v. iii. 280 He (the sun) should have b-d the east an hour ago. bravely used in the senses of the adj., but the

bravely: used in the senses of the adj., but the meanings 'valiantly' and 'excellently, finely' are often blended, e.g. Mac. v. vii. 26 The noble thanes do bravely in the war.

bravery (sense 'valour' does not clearly emerge)

defince, bravado Cas. v. i. 10, Cym. III. i. 18.
2 splendour, finery, fine clothes Meas. I. iii. 10,
AYL. II. vii. 80, Shr. Iv. iii. 57 With scarfs and
fans and double change of bracery, Sonn. xxxiv. 4.
3 ostentations display Ham. v. ii. 79 the bracery

of his grief. brawl sb.: French dance resembling a cotillon LLL.
III. i. 9. ¶ A different word from 'brawl' =
quarrel, squabble (cf. next).

 brawl vb. (1 freq. in lit. sense; 2, 3 not pre-S.)
 1 to quarrel noisily; (hence) to be clamorous, or noisy, or discordant Meas. iv. i. 11 my branking discontent, Shr. IV. 1. 209 I'll rail and brawl, 2H4 I. iii. 70 as the times do b., Rom. 1. i. 181 O b-ing love!

2 (of a stream) to make a noise in its course over stones, &c. AYL. II. i. 32 the brook that brawls . . .

3 to beat down with clamour John II. i. 383. brawn (2 in common use from 1400 and now dial.) I fleshy part of the boly, esp. the arm, calf of the leg, or buttock Troil. 1. iii. 297 in my vantbrace put this wither'd brawn, Cym. IV. ii. 311 The brawns of Hercules; attrib. = fleshy All'sW. II. ii. 20. 2 (?) boar (said of Falstaff) 1H4 II. iv. 125.

brazed [from Brass]: hardened Ham. III. iv. 37 (Ff Q6 braz'd, Q42-5 brasd, mod. edd. brass'd†), Lr. I. i. 11 I am brazed to it.

brazen: in fig. senses following those of BRASS 2H6 III, ii. 89 loos'd them [the winds] forth their brazen cares, 3H6 II. iv. 4 a brazen wall.

brazier: worker in brass H8 v. iv. 43 he should be

a brazier by his face.

breach (1 is freq. and colours other uses, esp. 2)
1 gap in a fortification made by a battery H5 III. i. Once more unto the breach, dear friends.

2 fissure or gap caused by breaking John IV. ii. 32 patches set upon a little breach, Ven. 1175: esp. = wound Troil. IV. v. 244 the very breach whereout Hector's great spirit flew, Ven. 1066.

3 violation, infraction Err. IV. i. 49b. of promise, H5 IV. i. 182, Ham. 1. iv. 16 a custom More honour'd in the breach, Cym. III. iv. 27.

4 break-up of friendly relations, rupture H8 IV. i. 106, Lr. 1. ii. 167 nuptial breaches.

5 the b. of the sea, the breakers or surf Tw.N. 11. i. 23. bread: God's bread, the sacramental bread, the Host (used in oaths) Rom. III. v. 177; bread and cheese, typical of simple fare Wiv. II. i. 139 I love not the humour of bread and cheese.

bread-chipper: see CHIP vb. 2H4 II, iv. 346 breadth: extent (S.) All'sW. III. ii. 26 (F<sub>1</sub> bredth, Craig breath), John IV. ii. 99 (see Blood 5), Per. IV. i. 36.

break (see also BROKEN)

1 to cut open (a person's head) Wiv. I. i. 126 I broke your head, Err. I. ii. 79 I shall b. that merry sconce of yours, II. 1. 78 I will b. thy pate across; similarly Rom, I. iii. 38 the day before she broke her brow. 2 to crack (a joke) Shr. IV. V. 72 to break a jest Upon

the company, Troil. I. iii. 148; similarly Ado II. i. 154 break a comparison or two upon me, 11. iii.

256 remnants of wit broken on me.

3 to reveal, disclose H5 v. ii. 264 break thy mind to me, 1H6 I. iii. 82, Mac. I. vii. 48 break this enter-prise to me; (hence) intr. construed with with or to, to make a revelation or disclosure Gent. III. i. 59 to break with thee of some affairs, Ado I. i. 319 I will break with her, and with her father, 336 to her father will I break, H8 v. i. 47.

4 to open (negotiations) Tit. v. iii. 19\* break the

parle (or ? = 'break off').

5 to interrupt Wiv. III. iv. 22 B. their talk, 2H4 IV. v. 65 have broke their sleep with thoughts, Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 31 a tearing groan did break The name of Antony.
6 to make docile, train to Err. III. i. 77 thou wantest

breaking, Shr. II. i. 148 break her to the lute? intr. to disband, disperse All'sW. IV. iV. 11. to become bankrupt, fail Mer. V. III. i. 123, (quibblingly) Rom. III. ii. 57.

9 of darkness: to be dispersed by light R3 v. iii. 87. 10 intr. and pass, to fall out or quarrel (with) Gent.
11. v. 19 What, are they broken? Cor. IV. vi. 49 It cannot be The Volsces dare break with us.

break the heart of, to kill or overwhelm with grief Cor. I. i. 217 To break the heart of generosity, Lr. III. iv. 4, Lucr. 1239 they drown their eyes or break their hearts; break one's heart, to die Wiv. 11. ii. 326 they will break their hearts but they will effect, Tit. v. i. 113; break a lance, to have a tilting match 1H6 m. ii. 50; break up, to tear open (seals) Mer.V. II. iv. 10, Wint. III. ii. 132 Break up the seals, and read; with ref. to the technical term for carving a fowl LLL. IV. i. 56 you can carre; Break up this capon (see CAPON); break one's wind, to become broken-winded 1H4 II. ii. 13; break a word, to exchange words with Err. 111. i. 75.

break-neck: ruinous course Wint. 1. ii. 363; break-promise AYL. IV. i. 202, break-vow John II. i. 569 breaker of promises, vows.

breast: pair of lungs, voice Tw.N. n. iii. 21 the fool has an excellent breast. ¶ Cf. 'Lets heare him sing, h'as a fine breast,' Fletcher.

sing, h as a nine breast, Fletcher.
breath: S. is an early authority for the senses:
'power of breathing' Err. IV. i. 57 you van this
humour out of b., Ham. v. ii. 285 drink to Humlet's better b.; and 'breathing-space, short interval 'John III. iv. 134 one quiet b. of rest, H5 II. iv.
145, R3 IV. ii. 24 some little b., some pause, Troil.
II. iii. 122 An after-dinner's b.; the sense 'speech,
utterrace language' is free Adox i '976 MND utterance, language 'is freq. Ado v. i. 276, MND. III. ii. 44 b. so bitter, Lr. I. i. 62.

breathe (1 is imitated by later poets; 2 the opposite

sense of 'rest, pause' is freq.)
1 to speak Wiv. vv. v. 2 speak, breathe, discuss,
Ham. II. i. 44 The youth you breathe of.
2 to exercise briskly All'sW. II. iii. 272 to breathe

themselves upon thee.

breathed (see also LUST-BREATHED)

1 exercised, trained LLL. v. ii. 656 A man so breath d, AYL. I. ii. 234, Shr. Ind. ii. 50 as swift As breathed stags, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 177; (hence) inured Tim. I. i. 10 breath'd, as it were, To an untirable and continuate goodness

2 endowed with breath or life Wint. v. iii. 64.

breather (not in general use before S.)

1 one who breathes, living creature AYL. III. ii. 298,
Sonn. lxxxi. 12 all the breathers of this world. 2 one who breathes or utters Meas. IV. iv. 31.

breathing (1 cf. 'Hide not thy ear at my breathing, at my cry' Lamentations iii. 55)

at my cry Lamentations in: 55)
1 utterance Ant. I. iii. 14 to give b. to my purpose.
2 pause, rest, delay Ado ii. 1.380 so long a breathing,
Luci. 1720 Untimely breathings.
3 exercise All'sW. I. ii. 17 sick For breathing and
exploit, Per. II. iii. 101; so breathing-time of
day Ham. v. ii. 181.
[1142]

aay Ham. v. ii. 181. [1142.]
breathing-while: short time R3 I. iii. 60, Ven. breech: typifying 'the authority of the husband' 2H6 I. iii. 149 wear no breeches, 3H6 v. v. 24 stol'n the breech from Langaster.

the breech from Lancaster.

breech'd: covered as with breeches Mac. II. iii. 123 their daggers Unmannerly breech'd with gore. breeching scholar: schoolboy liable to be whipped Shr. III. i. 18.

breed sb. (not pre-Eliz.; 2 now replaced by 'brood')
1 race, strain R2 II. i. 45 This happy breed of men,
H8 II. ii. 4, Cym. IV. ii. 25 breed of greatness!;
family Mac. IV. iii. 108; kind, species LLL. V. ii.
267 the breed of wits so wonder'd at, Ham. III. 333 [327] this courtesy is not of the right breed.
2 offspring Sonn. xii. 14; fig. Mer.V. 1. iii. 135 A

breed of barren metal.

breed vb. (sense 1 is peculiar to S.)

1 bred out, exhausted, degenerated H5 III. v. 29 Our mettle is bred out, Tim. I. i. 259 The strain of man's bred out Into baboon and monkey.

to keep, support Wint. III. iii. 47 Which may... breed thee (= may suffice to bring thee up), Lr. IV. ii. 73 A servant that he bred, Cym. π. iii. 119 One bred of alms, Sonn. exii. 13\* in my purpose bred (a) kept in my thoughts, (b) intimately bound up with my life-purpose.

breed-bate (see BATE sb.) : mischief-maker Wiv. I. breeding: parentage, descent Wint. IV. iii. 744 [iv. 741], 2H4 v. iii. 109.

breeze, breese: gadfly Troil. 1. iii. 48, Ant. III. viii. 24 [x. 14] The b. upon her, like a cow in June. brewage: brewed drink Wiv. III. v. 33.
Briareus: a hundred-handed giant in Greek

mythology Troil. I. ii. 30 a gouty Briareus, many hands and no use.

brib'd \*: purlo ned, stolen Wiv. v. v. 27 Divide me

like a brib'd buck, each a haunch. briber: something which wins indulgence Tim. III.

v. 62 a sufficient briber for his life.
bride it: to play the bride Shr. III. ii. 254.

brief (both senses were common Eliz.)

1 letter, dispatch IH4 vv. iv. 1 this sealed brief.
2 short account, summary, abstract MND. v. i. 42
There is a brief how many sports are ripe, All'sW.
v. iii. 137 a sweet verbal brief, Ant. v. ii. 137 a brief
of money, plate, and jewels; fig. John II. i. 103.
briefly: in a short time, soon, quickly Cor. I. vi.
16 'Tis not a mile; briefly we heard their drums,
Ant. vi. vi. 10 Count on thu defence. Briefly ii.

Ant. IV. iv. 10 Go put on thy defence .- Briefly, sir,

Cym. v. v. 107, Per. III. Gower 12, i. 53; so briefness, quickness Lr. 11. i. 20, Per. v. ii. 15 In feather'd briefness sails are fill'd.

bright: the sense 'lively, cheerful' is recorded first from S., Mac. 111. ii. 28 Be b. and jovial.

brim fulness: condition of being full to the brim H5 1. ii. 150. ¶ Johnson read brimfulness.

brinded: marked with streaks of a different colour from the body-colour Mac. IV. i. 1 the b. cat.

brine: first applied to tears in S., Rom. II. iii. 69, Lucr. 796; cf. brine-pit Tit. III. i. 130 And made a brine-pit with our bitter tears, and brinish Lucr. 1213 the brinish pearl.

bring (the foll. are obs. or special uses; 1 is freq.; 2 peculiar to S.; 6 common in Eliz, dramatists)

1 to escort or accompany (a person) on his way Gent. I. i. 55 thither will I bring thee, H5 II. iii. 2

let me bring thee to Staines, Cass. III. ii. 58. 2 = 'bring word', rejort, inform Ham. v. ii. 204, Ant. IV. xi. [xiii.] 10 b. me how he takes my death. 3 to derive 1H6 II. v. 77 he From John of Gaunt doth

bring his pedigree.
4 = 'bring forth', 'bring into the world' Wint. II.
147 To bring false generations, Sonn, xxxii. II
A dearer birth than this his love had brought; cf.

Cor. v. iii. 125 That brought thee to this world.
5 bring out of tune, to put out AYL. III. ii. 264;
bring it to that, make it mean that Ant. II. v. 33.

6 be with (a person) to bring: phrase of various application but usually implying getting the upper

hand in some way Troil. 1, ii. 304.

bring about, to cause to make a complete revolution, to complete (a cycle of time) LLL v. ii. 806, John III. i. 81, R2 I. iii. 220, 3H6 II. v. 27 How many hours bring about the day; bring forth, (1) to express, put forth Troil, 1, iii. 242 bring the praise forth; (2) to set in the public view, produce on a stage All'sW. v. iii. 152 To bring forth this discovery, H5 Prol. 10, Mac. III. iv. 125. Ant. v. ii. 218 Antony Shall be brought drunken forth; oth, in to place or establish in one's position oth, in, i, 53; bring off, to deliver, rescue, acquit H8 in, ii, 221 I know A way... Will bring me off again, Troil, v. vi. 25 I'll be ta'en too, or bring him off; bring on, to induce Ham, iii, i. 9 bring him on to some confession, Ant. III. ii. 44; bring out, to produce (in various applications) Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 130 If I make not this cheat bring out another, 1H4 III. i. 47, Tim. IV. iii. 189 Let it no more bring out ingrateful man!; bring up to, to raise to the pitch of Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 546 And bring him up to liking

bringings-forth: achievements Meas. III. ii. 157.

brisk (not pre-Eliz.; rare before S.)

1 quick and active Rom. I. v. 18; (of the times) fast Tw.N. II. iv. 6 these most b. and giddy-paced times. smartly dressed 1H4 I. iii. 54 To see him shine so b.

3 agreeably acid 2H4 v. iii. 46 wine that's brisk. brisky (S.): brisk MND. пг. i. 100 Most b. jurenal. broach (orig. = 'to pierce'; 3 now the usual sense) to stick (a thing) on a sword's point as on a spit H5 v. Chor. 32 Bringing rebellion broached on his

sword, Tit. Iv. ii. 86.
2 to tap (a cask), only fig. MND. v. i. 149 with blade
... He bravely broach d his boiling bloody breast,
Tim. II. ii. 187 broach the ressels of my love; with blood as the obj. 1H6 III. iv. 40, 2H6 IV. x. 40.

to begin, introduce in conversation or discussion Shr. I. ii. 85 that I broach'd in jest, H8 II. iv. 147 broach this business to your highness, Ant. I. ii. 183.

broad (not very common in S.)

free, unrestrained Mac. III. vi. 21 broad words, Ham. III. iv. 2 his pranks have been too broad; widely diffused Mac, III.iv. 23 As broad and general as the casing air; arrogant Troil. 1. iii. 190 in full as proud a place As broud Achilles.

2 adv. freely, unrestrainedly Tim. 111. iv. 65 can speak b-er; fully, full- Ham. 111. iii. 81 With all his crimes b-dboen, as fusts as May; broad-awake, wide awake Tit. 11. ii. 17 (Ff simply awake); broad-spreading wide-spreading R2 III. iv. 50.

broad-fronted: with a broad forehead Ant. I. v. 29, brock: badger; used contemptuously as if 'a stinking fellow' Tw.N. n. v. 115.

brogue: rude kind of shoe, generally made of un-tanned hide, worn by the inhabitants of the wilder parts of Ireland and the Scotch Highlands Cym. Iv. ii. 214 My clouted brogues. broil: to suffer great heat H8 Iv. i. 56 Where have

you been broiling ? - Among the crowd i'the Abbey : to become heated or excited Troil. I. iii. 379\* Who

broils in loud applause

broke: to bargain, traffic All'sW. III. v. 71.

broken (the foll, are special uses: 1 cf. south-midland dial. 'broken-mouthed' = having lost teeth; R3 II. ii. 117 \* The broken rancour of your high-swoln hearts (so Qq; Ff hates), 'your quarrels (or spirits) which had risen high and broken out

into rancour')

1 fragmentary, incomplete; broken meats, remains of food, as eaten by servants Lr. 11. ii. 15 A knare, a rascal, an eater of broken meats; All'sW. II. iii. 66 My mouth no more were broken (= having gaps in the teeth, H5 v. ii. 264 broken English, interrupted Wint. v. ii. 10 broken delivery, H8 1.

iv. 61 broken banquet, Troil. IV. iv. 48 broken tears

(i.e. broken with sobs

3 ruined, bankrupt AYL. 11. i. 57 that poor and broken bankrupt, R2 11. i. 258 bankrupt, like a broken man (?=outlaw, the regular meaning in old Scotch law), Cym. v. iv. 19 broken debtors.

4 broken music, music arranged for parts, concerted music (with a pun) AYL. 1. ii. 151, H5 v. ii. 262,

Troil. III. i. 53.

5 broken bosoms, broken hearts Compl. 254.

broker: agent or intermediary (freq. with implied censure), esp. go-between in love affairs John II. i. 568 that sly devil, That broker, that still breaks the pate of faith, 582, 3H6 IV. i. 63 To play the broker on mine own behalf; fig. Ham. 1. iii. 127, Compl. 173 vows were ever brokers to defiling; so broker-between Troil, III. ii. 211.

broking pawn: pledge R2 11. i. 293 Redeem from broking pawn the blemish'd crown.

brooch: in S.'s time used to include any jewelornament, esp. one worn round the neck; hence fig. like 'jewel'. 'gem' R2 v. v. 66, Ham. vv. vii. 93 the brooch 'added And gem of all the nation. brooch'd: adorned as with a jewel Ant. vv. xiii.

[xv.] 25 not the imperious show Of the full-fortun'd Casar ever shall Be brooch'd with me.

brood: sits on brood (in earlier English 'abrood'), sits brooding like a hen Ham. III. i. 174.

site brooded\*: having a brood to watch over John III.

iii. 52 brooded watchful day. ¶ The conj. 'broodeied' = brood-eyed, is plausible: cf. Chapman's 'brode-ey'd Ioue' (εὐρύσπα Ζῆν, Iliad viii. 206).

brook sb.: flying at the brook, hawking at the river with a goshawk for waterfowl (contrast ΒΙΒΙΙΧG),

the royal sport of falconry 2H6 II. i. 1.

brook vb.: to endure, tolerate (freq.): cf. Abrook. broom-grove\*: Tp. iv. i. 66 broom-groves, Whose shadow the dismissed bachelor loves.

broomstaff (first in S.): broom-handle H8 v. iv. 59 they came to the broomstaff to me.

brother (pl. brethren, 3 syll. in Tit. 1. i. 89, 348, 357); often used for 'brother-in-law', e. g. Err. 11. ii. 156; also 'half-brother' R3 v. iii. 96.

brother-love: brotherly affection H8 v. iii, 172 brow: properly, the arch of hair over the eye 2H6 I. ii. 3 Why doth the great Duke Humphrey knit his brows?; (hence) pl. the prominences of the forehead on either side above the eyes LLL. v. ii. 393 Help! hold his brows!, Cas.v. iii. 82; sing. the fore-head Ven. 59 she kiss'd his brow; fig. aspect, ap-pearance 1H4 rv. iii. 83 by this fuce. This seeming brow of justice, Mac. rv. iii. 23, Ham. 1. ii. 4 our whole kingdom To be contracted in one brow of voc. Brownist: adherent of the sect founded in Eliza-heth's region by Robert Proves on Predict Dura-

beth's reign by Robert Brown, an English Puri-

tan Tw. N. 111. ii. 36.

bruit sb.: rumour, report 3H6 rv. vii. 64, Tim. v. i. bruit vb. (1 the ordinary sense; 2, 3 only in S.) 1 to noise abroad, report, rumour 1H6 II. iii. 68 I find thou art no less than fame hath bruited.

to herald with noise Mac. v. vii. 22 By this great

clatter, one of greatest note Seems bruited.

3 bruit again, to echo Ham. 1. ii. 127.

brush: forcible rush, hostile encounter Troil. v. iii. 34 the b-es of the war; fig. Tim. IV. iii. 265 with one winter's b.\*; app. associated with 'bruise' 2H6 v. iii. 3 Aged contusions and all b. of time.

bubble: fig. empty, unsubstantial thing AYL. II. vii. 152 Seeking the bubble reputation, All'sW. III.

vi. 5 (said of a person)

bubukle: mixture of 'bubo' and 'carbuncle' H5 III. vi. 111 (Fluellen's speech).

buck: quantity of clothes put through the 'buck' or lye; hence, quantity washed 2H6 IV. ii. 52 she washes bucks; so buck-basket, dirty-linen basket Wiv. III. iii. 2, &c.; bucking, washing Wiv. nr. iii. 140.

bucket: come off and on swifter than he that gibbets on the brewer's bucket 2H4 III. ii. 286: allusion of

doubtful meaning. buckle (lit. sense 'fasten with a buckle' is freq.; also in fig. context Troil, II. ii. 30, Mac. v. ii. 15) buckle in, to limit AYL, III. ii. 141 the stretching of

a span Buckles in his sum of age. 2 to join in close combat with 1H61, ii, 95 In single combat thou shalt buckle with me, iv. iv. 5, v. iii. 28; also with blows as obj. 3H6 i. iv. 50 (Qq).

3 to bend under stress or pressure 2H4 1. 1. 141 whose fever-weaken'd joints . . . buckle under life. buckler sb.; shield; I give thee the bucklers (=1 own that you are the better man) Ado v. ii. 17. ¶ Similar phrases were 'to yield, lay down the bucklers'; the opposite was expressed by 'to carry away the bucklers'.

buckler vb. (thrice in S., not otherwise common) 1 to shield, defend Shr. III. ii. 242 I'll buckler the against a million, 2H6 III. ii. 216, 3H6 III. iii. 99 buckler falschood with a pedigree. 2 to catch or ward off (blows) 3H6 I. iv. 50 (Ff).

Bucklersbury: street of London off Cheapside, inhabited by herbalists Wiv. III. iii. 79 smell like

Bucklersbury in simple-time buckram: coarse linen stiffened with gum or paste 1H4 II, iv. 217 two rogues in buckram suits;

attrib. prob. fig. = stiff, starched, stuck-up 2H6 rv. vii. 28 (with quibble : see say). buck-washing Wiv. III. iii. 165 : see buck. bud, sb.: used for ingrafting under the bark of a different stock Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 95 make conceive a bark of baser kind By bud of nobler race; fig. John III. iv. 82 now will canker-sorrow eat my bud [i.e. Arthur].

bud vb.: fig. to develop Shr. IV. v. 37 budding virgin,

H8 I. i. 94 The sudden breach . . . is budded out. budge (old ed.l. also bouge, boudge): spec. to flinch Cor. I. vi. 44, Cæs. IV. iii. 44; hence budger (8.): one who flinches Cor. 1. viii. 5 the first budger.

25

budget: pouch, wallet Wint. IV. ii. 20 (F1 Bowget rhyming with avouch-it).

buff: stout leather made of ox-hide, used for the attire of soldiers, and (in S.) sergeants and bumbailiffs Err. IV. ii. 36, 1H4 I. ii. 48 is not a buff

jerkin a most sweet robe of durance?

bug: hobgoblin, bogey, imaginary object of terror Shr. 1. ii. 214 fear boys with bugs, Ham. v. ii. 22 such bugs and goblins; fig. 3H6 v. ii. 2, Cym. v. iii. 51 The mortal bugs o' the field; so bugbear in lit. sense Troil, IV. ii. 34.

bugle: tube-shaped glass bead, commonly black, used to ornament wearing apparel; only attrib. Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 224 Buyle-bracelet; = black AYL. III. v. 47 buyle eyeballs.

building (2 cf. Err. m. ii. 4 Shall love, in building, grow so ruinous?, Sonn. exix. 11, exxiv. 5 [my dear love] was builded far from accident)

1 This jewel holds his building (=keeps its place)

Per, 11. i. 168 (Malone and Steevens bidingt). 2 edifice (fig.) Troil, IV. ii. 110 the strong base and

b. of my love, Cor. II. i. 218 the b-s of my fancy. 3 build (of a ship) Sonn. lxxx. 12 I am a worthless

boat, He of tull building.
bulk 1 (1 in use 1460-1720; 3 cf. 'the bulke, bellie,

or bodie of a ship ', Cotgr.

1 trunk, body (of a person) R31. iv. 40 my panting b., Ham. II. i. 95, Lucr. 467 her heart . . . Beating her b.

2 huge body Troil. IV. iv. 128 the great bulk Achilles. 3 hull of a ship Tw.N. v. i. 59, Troil. I. iii. 37 shallow bauble bouts . . . making their way With those of nobler bulk, II. iii. 280 (Q and mod. edd. hulks).

bulk 2: framework projecting from the front of a shop Cor. II. i. 229, Oth. v. i. 1 stand behind this b.
 Bull: the sign Taurus of the zodiac Tit. IV. iii. 70.

bull-bearing Milo; a celebrated athlete of Crotona. Italy, said to have carried a four-year-old bullock on his shoulders for forty yards Troil, II, iii, 261, bull-beef; flesh of bulls 1H6 I, ii. 9 their fat bull-beeves. ¶ In 16th-17th cent, 'bull-beef' was an

abusive term for a big blustering fellow.

bully: familiar endearing term = fine fellow; often prefixed to a proper name or a designation = galant Tp. v. i. 258 bully-monster, Wiv. 1. iii. 6, &c., u. iii. 18 bully doctor, MND, iv. ii. 20 of sweet bully Hottom !, H5 iv. i. 48 the lovely bully; so bully-rook Wiv. I. iii. 2, &c. (not pre-S.; a common 17th cent. form was 'bully-rook').

bum-baily: sheriff's officer Tw.N. 111. iv. 197 (some mod. edd. bum-bailiff, but -baily is the regular midland form to this day).

bunch-back'd: hump-backed R3 1. iii. 246 this pois'nous bunch-back'd toad.

bung: pickpocket 2H4 II. iv. 136 you filthy bung buoy up (not pre-Eliz.): to rise up Lr. III. vii. 60.

burden, burthen (old edd. chiefly burthen; in several passages there is a play between the sense of 'load' and sense 2 or 3, e.g. Gent. I. ii. 82, R3 IV. iv. 168)

1 freight, carrying capacity of a ship All'sW. II, iii. 215 a vessel of too great a burden; freq. Troil. I. iii. 71 matter needless, of importless burden.

2. birth (abstract and concrete) Err. 1, 5.5, v. i. 345
bore thee at a burden two fair sons, Wint. Iv. iii.
[iv.] 266, John III. i. 90 Pray that their burdens
may not fall this day, Sonn. lix. 4.
3 bass or undersong AYL. III. ii. 263 I would sing
my song without a b.; fig. Shr. I. ii. 68; refrain

Tp. 1. ii. 380 And, sweet sprites, the b. bear, Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 195 such . . . b-s of dildos.

burden'd: burdensome R3 IV. iv. 111 my b. yoke. burdenous: oppressive R2 II. i. 261 b. taxations. burden-wise: as a burden or undersong Lucr. 1133. burgher: citizen of a borough Meas. 1, ii. 108.

burgomaster: magistrate corresponding to an alderman 1H4 II. i. 84 b-s and great oneyers.

burgonet: light casque or steel cap 2H6 v. i. 200; fig. Ant. 1. v. 24 The demi-Atlas of this earth, the arm And b. of men (F1 burganet).

Burgundy: oldedd. also Burgonie, -ony, -uny (H5 v. ii. 68, Lr. I. i. 250), Burgo(i)gne (H5 v. ii. 7). burial: has the orig. sense of 'burying-place, grave' (like the older 'buriels', Anglo-Saxon 'byrgels') in Mer. V. I. i. 29 (fig. of a ship).

burly-boned (common about 1590): 2H6 iv. x. 60.

burn (the ordinary physical senses are freq.)

1 burn daylight, burn candles in daytime, (hence)
waste time Wiv. II. i. 54, Rom. I. iv. 43; so Ant. IV. ii. 41 To burn this night with torches. to make (drink) hot Wiv. II. i. 222 burnt suck, Tw.N. II. iii. 209 I'll go burn some suck.

3 intr. and refl. to be on fire, wax hot, glow, consume oneself with love, &c. Gent. II. v. 56 b. himself in love, John IV. ii. 103 b. in indignation, 2H6 v. i. 160, 3H6 I. i. 60, Lr. IV. vi. 41 B. itself out, Ven. 49 He b-s with bashful shame, 50, 810, Compl. 304. burnish'd: made bright as if by friction Ven. 858

burnish'd gold; bright like polished metal Mer. V.

II. i. 2 the burnish'd sun.

burr: rough seed-vessel or flower-head of a plant, esp. the burdock; (hence) something that clings like a burr and is difficult to get rid of Meas. IV. iii. 193 I am a kind of burr; I shall stick, MND. III. ii. 260 Hung off, thou cut, thou burr!

burthen, &c.: see BURDEN.

Burton-heath: supposed to be Barton-on-theheath, in Warwickshire, the home of one of S.'s

aunts Shr. Ind. ii. 19.

bury: often in fig. use (not pre-S.), to consign to oblivion, put out of sight, conceal 3H6 iv. i. 55 m your bride you bury brotherhood, Cas. 11. i. 74 faces buried in their cloaks, IV. iii. 158 In this [bowl of wine] I bury all unkindness.

bush: bush of ivy hung out as a vintner's sign AYL. Epil. 4 good wine needs no bush (cf. line 6).

buskin'd (first in S.); shod with buskins or half-boots MXD. II. i. 71 Four buskin'd mistress.
busky: bosky, bushy 1H4 v. i. 2 you busky hidl.
buss sb. and vb.; kiss John III. iv. 35, 2H4 II. iv. 201;
fig. Treil, Iv. v. 219 Fond towers, whose wanton tops

do buss the clouds, Cor. 111. ii. 75 Thy knee bussing the stones.

busyless †: Theobald's emendation of F1 busic lest in Tp. III. i. 15; others read with Singer busiest +. tut (the foll, uses are now obs. or archaic)

1 after negative sentences containing a comparison: = than MND. 1. ii. 84 they would have no more discretion but to hang us, Tw.N. 1. iv. 13 Thou

know'st no less but all. = only Tp. 1. ii. 169 Would I might But ever see that man f, Err. iv. i. 33 he... stays but for d, Oth. iv. i. 88 I say, but mark his gesture; used redundantly with only, 214 i. i. 192, 3H6 iv. ii. 25, Mac. v. vii. 69 [viii. 40].

3 but now, just now, only this moment Mer. V. III. ii. 170 even now, but now, Ven. 497 But now I liv'd;

so Tp. iii. ii. 130 but while-ere, Ven. 1026 but lule. = anything but, otherwise than Tp. I. ii. 119 I should sin To think but nobly of my grandmother; so after cannot MND. 111. ii. 56 It cannot be but thou hast murder'd him.

= if . . . not, unless, except MND. III. ii. 150 Can you not hate me, . . . But you must join in souls to mock me too?, Cym. v. v. 41 And, but she spoke it dying, I would not Believe her lips; Tp. 1. ii. 91 but by being so retird, Ant. iv. x. 10 [xi. 1] But being chary'd (= if we are not charged): Gent, i. i. 86 It shall go hard but I'll prote it,

Mer. V. 11. vi. 52 Beshrew me, but I love her heartily; similarly but that Tp. 1. ii. 4.

6 = who, which, or that . . . not (freq.) 1H6 I. ii. 5 What towns of any moment but we have?, R3 I. III. 186 No man but prophesied revenge for it.

7 = that . . not, esp. after verbs of thinking, doubting, &c. Tp. ni. i. 44, MND. ni. ii. 298 (bid that), 1H4 rv. iii. 38, Oth. ni. iii. 225.

8 = that, after negatived verb of denying Ado 1. iii. 33, All's W. v. iii. 168.

butcher: man of blood, brutal murderer AYL. III. v. 14 tyrants, b-s, murderers, John IV. ii. 259 b. of m innocent child, R3 v. iv. 39 [v. 26] b. to the sire. butcherly: murderous 3H6 II. v. 89 how fell, how b. butcher-sire: murderous father Ven. 766.

butt1: cask for wine or ale containing two hogsheads Tp. 11. ii. 130; fig. Troil. v. i. 32\*. 1. ii. 146 of doubtful meaning (mod. edd. boat +)

butt2: mark for archery practice, properly a mound or other erection on which the target is set up H5 1. ii. 186 To which is fixed, as an aim or butt, Obedience, 3H6 1. iv. 29 I am your butt, and I abide your shot; (hence) goal, object Oth. v. ii. 266 my ourney's end . . . my butt. See also BUTT-SHAFT.

butt's: butting of a horned animal Shr. v. ii. 41. butt-end: fig. the concluding part, fag-end R3 II. i. 110 the butt-end of a mother's blessing.

butterfly: vain, gaudily attired person (e.g. one who flutters about a court) Lr. v. iii. 13 we'll . . .

laugh At gilded butterflies.

buttery: orig. store-room for liquor, later for provisions generally Shr. Ind. i. 102; butterybar, ledge on the top of the buttery hatch or halfdoor, to rest tankards on Tw.N. I. iii. 75 bring your hand to the buttery-bar and let it drink.

button (1 the origin of the phrases is doubtful)

1 'tis in his buttons, he has fortune at his command, is sure to succeed Wiv. III. ii. 74; butcher of a

silk button, expert fencer Rom. II. iv. 25 2 knob on the top of a cap Ham. II. ii. 237 On For-

tune's cap we are not the very button.

3 bud Ham 1. iii. 40 before their buttons be disclos'd.

button-hole: take (a person) a button-hole lower, humiliate, take down a peg LLL. v. ii. 705.

butt-shaft: unbarbed arrow used in shooting at the butts; applied to Cupid's dart LLL 1. ii. 184, Rom. 11. iv. 17 the blind bow-boy's butt-shoft. buxom (twice in S.): lively, brisk H5 11. vi. 27 of b.

valour, Per. 1. Gower 23 b., blithe, and full of face.

buy (sense 2 (i) is obs.)

1 buy and sell, barter, traffic with, in a bad sense H81. i. 192 Does b. and sell his honour; so bought and sold, betrayed Err. III. i. 72, John v. iv. 10, R3 v. iii. 306 Dickon thy master is bought and sold.

2 buy out, (i) ransom, redeem Err. I, ii, 5 not being able to buy out his life; (ii) get rid of by a money payment John III. i. 164 the curse that money may buy out, 1H4 IV. ii. 24 bought out their services (= paid money to be released from service in the army), Ham. III. iii. 60 Buys out the law.

buzz sb.: baseless rumour Lr. i. iv. 350 Each b., each fancy; so buzzing H8 n. i. 148, and buzzer, one who whispers tales in the ear Ham. IV. v. 90 buzzers to infect his car With pestilent speeches.

buzz: exclamation of impatience or contempt when

a person tells a well-known piece of news Ham. II. ii. 421; ? also in Shr. II. i. 207 (Ff should be, should: buzze).

buzzard1: inferior kind of hawk, useless for falconry Shr. II. i. 208 O slow-reing'd turtle; shall a buzzard take thee?, R31. i. 133. ¶ The derived fig. sense of 'simpleton' is supposed by some to be represented in Shr. II. i. 207: but cf. next word. buzzard2: buzzing insect (?) Shr. n. i. 207, 209.

by prep. (the following uses are now obs.)

I about, concerning Ado v. i. 316 virtuous In anything that I do know by her, 2H6 11. i. 16, Oth. 1. iii. 17 How say you by this change?

2 by reason of 3H6 IV. iv. 12 Fell Warwick's brother,

and by that our foe. by- in comb.: by-dependances, additional or secondary circumstances Cym. v. v. 391, by-drinkings, drinking at odd times 1H4 III. iii. 84, by-peeping, looking aside Cym. r. vi. 108, by-room (first in S.), side or private room 1H4 11. iv. 32

by'r lady (old edd. by'r Lady, birladie, byrlady, ber

Lady, berlady): by our Lady (freq.).

cabin sb. (1 in use 1400-1650; 2 was common Eliz.) temporary shelter of slight materials Tw.N. 1. v. 289 a willow cabin, Pilgr. xiv. 3 [183].

den of a wild beast Ven. 637 let him [i. e. the boar] keep his loathsome cabin; cave, (hence) applied to the eye-socket Ven. 1038.

cabin vb. (1 cf. 2 of prec.; 2 echoed by mod.writers)
1 to lodge Tit. IV. ii. 181 And cabin m a cave.
2 to shut up within narrow bounds Mac. III. iv. 24

cabin'd, cribb'd, confin'd.

cabinet (1 common term in military writers of the

16th cent.; 2 cf. cabin sb. 2) 1 tent Lucr. 442 They, mustering to the quiet cubinet i. e. the heart]. bird's nest Ven. 854 From his [i.e. the lark's]

moist cabinet.

cable: give him cable, allow him scope Oth. I. ii. 17. cacodemon: evil spirit R3 1. iii. 144.

caddis: short for 'caddis ribbon', worsted tape or binding used for garters, &c. Wint. vy. jii. [iv.] 208: so caddis-garter 1H4 II. iv. 80. cade: barrel of 500 herrings 2H6 IV. ii. 36.

cadent: falling Lr. I. iv. 309 cadent tears. Cadmus: founder of Thebes MND. IV. i. 118.

caduceus: wand, having two serpents twined round it, fabled to have been carried by Hermes (Mercury), the messenger of the gods Troil. II. iii. 13 the serpentine craft of thy caduceus.

Cæsar: absolute ruler, emperor (first in S.) 3H6 111. i. 18 No bending knee will call thee Casar now, R3 IV. iv. 337 sole victress, Casar's Casar. cage: prison for petty malefactors, lock-up 2H6 IV.

caged; closed like a cage (S.) Compl. 249.
Cain-coloured: of the reputed colour of Cain's hair, i.e. 'red' Wiv. 1. iv. 23\* a C. beard (Ff Q3

thair, i.e., red with, i.v., 25 & c. batra (1 Q3)

Cain(e, Qq12 kane, some mod. edd. cane-).

caitiff=wretch (2 thrice as freq. as 1)

1 expressing pity Oth, iv. i. 109 Alas! poor caitiff!

2 expressing contempt Meas. II. i. 187 O thou c.! O

thou varlet!; also attrib. R2 I, ii. 53 A c, veervant.

cake: (one's) cake is dough, one's project has failed Shr. i. i. 109, v. i. 146.

calendar (1 not post-S.; 2 not pre-S.)

guide, directory Ham. v. ii. 115 he is the card or calendar of gentry ('the general preceptor of ele-Jolinson).

record All'sW. I. iii. 5 the c. of my past endeavours. calf: term of endearment Wint. I. ii. 128 Art thou

my calf?; stupid fellow, dolt Ham. 111. ii. 112. caliver: light kind of musket or harquebus, introduced during the 16th cent., which seems to have been the lightest portable fire-arm, except-ing the pistol, and to have been fired without a 'rest' 1H4 IV. ii. 21, 2H4 III. ii. 292, 295.

call sb.: decoy-bird John III. iv. 174 they would be as a call To train ten thousand English to their side. call vb. (1 only S.; 2 a few uses only are given here) 1 = 'call upon,' to visit (a person) at his house Meas. IV. iv. 18 I'll call you at your house, Tw.N. III. ii. 58 We'll call thee at the cubiculo.

with preps. and advs.: call back, (i) to summon with preps. and advs.: call back, () to summon to return Gent. I. ii. 49; (ii) to revoke H8 II. iv. 232 to call back her appeal; (iii) to recall to memory Sonn. iii. 10 she in thee Calls back the lovely April of her prime; call in, to withdraw from action 2H4 IV. iii. 28 Call in the powers; call on or upon, (i) to make a claim upon (a person) for payment 1H4 v. i, 130, Tim. 11, ii, 22 My master is awak'd by

great occasion To call upon his own; (ii) to impeach, challenge Ant. 1. iv. 28\*; or ?=(i).
callet, -at, -ot: lewd woman, trull 0th. iv. ii. 121; ?=scold Wint. II. iii. 90 A callet Of boundless tongue.

calling (late instance of the sense): name, appellation AYL. 1. ii. 250 I am more proud to be Sir Rowland's son, . . . and would not change that c.

calm sb.: confused with QUALM 2H4 II. iv. 39-41. calm vb. (rare outside S.): to becalm (a ship) 2H6 iv. ix. 33 (F<sub>4</sub> calm'd, F<sub>1</sub> calme, F<sub>2</sub> claimd, F<sub>3</sub> claim'd); Oth. i. i. 30 be-lee'd and calm'd (? for 'becalm'd').

Calydon: the prince of Calydon (2H6 I. i. 236) = Meleager (son of Eneus of Calydon and Althæa), whom the Fates decreed to die when a certain

log on the hearth was burnt.

Cambyses: 1H4 II. iv. 430 in King Cambyses' vein, in the ranting style of 'King Cambyses, a lamentable Tragedy, mixed ful of pleasant mirth' by Thomas Preston, 1569-70.

camel: great awkward hulking fellow Troil. 1. ii.

269, II. i. 59 do, rudeness; do, camel; do, do. Camelot: Lr. II. ii. 89 Goose... I'd drive ye cuckling home to Camelot\*; not yet satisfactorily explained: see the commentators.

camlet: a fabric which has varied considerably in material; in 16th and 17th cent. made of the hair of the Angora goat H8 v. iv. 95 (F1 chamblet). camp vb.: to serve as a lodging for Ant. iv. viii. 33

Had our great palace the capacity To camp this host. can vb. (I instances with apparent pronominal object, as all I can, such as I can, I can no more, are probably to be regarded as due to ellipsis of the infinitive 'do')

1 trans. to know, be skilled in Phoen. 14 the priest in surplice white That defunctive music can.

2 intr. to be skilled Ham. IV. vii. 84 they can well on horseback (Ff ran).

can vb.2: altered form of 'gan', past tense of 'gin' = to begin, used for 'did' LLL. iv. iii. 106 the wind ... can passage find, Per. III. Gower 36 And every one with claps can sound.

canakin: small can or drinking-vessel Oth. II. iii. 72 let me the canakin clink, clink.

canary sb. (1 the idea of the dance is said to have been borrowed from the Canary Islands) lively Spanish dance All's W. H. i. 77.

2 light sweet wine from the Canary Islands Wiv. III. ii. 92, Tw.N. I. iii. 88, 2H4 II. iv. 29.

canary vb.: to dance a 'canary' LLL. III. i. 13

canary to it with your feet.

cancel: c. off (Ff), strike off, annul Per. 1. i. 113
We might proceed to c. off your days (Qq counsel
of, Malone cancel of t, taking c. as sb.; but the sb.
is not recorded in this sense till the 19th cent.).

Cancer: the fourth of the signs of the zodiac, which the sun enters at the summer solstice, June 21 Troil. 11. iii. 208 add more coals to Cancer.

candidatus: candidate for office in Rome (properly = one clothed in white) Tit. t. i. 185 Be candidatus then, and put it on [viz. This pulliament of while and spotless hue, line 182].

candied (2 not common outside S.)

crystallized with frost Tim. IV. iii. 227 the cold brook, C. with ice; (hence) congcaled Tp. II. i. 287\*.

2 sugared, honied Ham. III. ii. 65 the candied tongue. candle (3 cf. CANDLE-HOLDER)

1 applied to the heavenly luminaries Rom. III. v. 9 Night's candles are burnt out, Mac. 11. i. 5.

2 applied to the 'light' of life 3H6 II. vi. 1 Here burns my c. oul, Mac. v. v. 23 Out, out, brief c.! 3 hold a candle to, assist at Mer.V. II. vi. 41.

candle-case: case to keep candles in Shr. 111. ii. 47. candle-holder: one who lights others at their work; (hence) a mere looker-on Rom. 1. iv. 38 I'll be a cundle-holder, and look on.

candle-mine: magazine of tallow 2H4 II. iv. 328. candle-waster: one who wastes candles by late study, bookworm Ado v. i. 18.

candy †: used as adj. = sugared 1H4 I. iii. 251 candy deal of courtesy: see CAUDIE.

cane-coloured (?) : see CAIN-COLOURED.

canker (1 fig. ? sometimes to be referred to 2)

1 eating, spreading sore or ulcer, usu. fig. John v. ii. 14 the inveterate canker of one wound, 2H6 1. ii.

18 the canker of ambitious thoughts, Tim. IV. iii. 49. 'worm' that destroys buds and leaves, also fig. (freq.) Gent. I. i. 43, MND. II. ii. 3, Rom. II. iii. 30, Ham. I. iii. 39 The canker galls the infants of the spring, v. ii. 69 this canker of our nature, Sonn. xxxv. 4; hence canker-bit, worm-eaten Lr. v. iii. 124, canker-sorrow John III. iv. 82. 3 dog-rose Ado I. iii. 28 I had rather be a canker in

a hedge than a rose in his grace, 1H41. iii.176; hence canker-bloom Sonn. liv. 5.
canker-blossom: worm that 'cankers' the blos-

som [of love] MND. III. ii. 282.

cankered (2 and 3 very freq. in the 16th cent.)

1 rusted, corroded, tarnished 2H4 iv. v. 70 The canker'd heaps of strange-achieved gold.

2 infected with evil, corrupt Cor. IV. v. 97 I'll fight

against my canker'd country. malignant John и. i. 194, 1H4 г. iii. 137, Rom. г. i. 101 your canker'd hate.

Cannibals: error for 'Hannibals' 2H4 ii. iv. 179. canon: properly, law or decree of the Church; the canon = canon law All's W. I. i. 160 self-love, which is the most inhibited sin in the canon; (hence) law or rule in general LLL. I. i. 260, Ham. I. ii. 132 fix'd His canon 'gainst self-slaughter.

cano nize: to place in the canon of saints John III. i. 177, 2H6 1. iii. 63; fig. to enrol among famous persons Troil. 11. ii. 202 And fame in time to come

canonize us.

cano'niz'd: buried according to the Church's rule Ham. 1. iv. 47 thy canoniz'd bones, hearsed in death. canopy: S. is earliest for the application of the sb. to 'the firmament' Cor. IV. v. 41, Ham. II. ii. 318, and for the use of canopy vb. Sonn. xii. 6, and canopied Cym. 11. ii. 21, Lucr. 398.

canstick: candlestick 1H4 III. i. 130 a brazen c.

cantherizing: see CAUTERIZING. cantle: part, lit. corner-piece 1H4 III. i. 101 (Qq scantle); segment of a sphere Ant. 111. viii. 16 [x. 6] The greater cantle of the world. canton: song Tw.N. 1. v. 291 Write loyal cantons.

canvas-climber: sailor that goes aloft to trim sails Per. iv. i. 61 washes off A canvas-climber.

canvass: to toss in a canvas sheet as a sport or punishment, (hence) to deal with severely 2H4 11. iv. 242, 1H6 1. iii. 36.

canzonet: short song LLL. IV. ii. 125.

cap (3 probably with allusion to the fool's cap)

1 phrases with ref. to: (i) throwing the cap into the air in token of joy R3 11. vii. 35 hurld up their e-s, Cor. II. i 117 Take my c., Jupiter, Ham. IV. v. 107 C-s, hands, and tongues appland it.

(ii) wearing trinkets or favours in the hat 2H4 1. ii. 17 thou art fitter to be worn in my cap [i. c. because of his smallness]; fig. All'sW. II. i. 54 they wear themselves in the cap of the time (=are an ornament to it), Ham. IV. vii. 77 A very riband

in the cap of youth.

(iii) doffing the cap as a mark of courtesy or servility 1H4 IV. iii. 68, 2H4 II. ii. 127 as ready as a vinty 1112 iv. 111. 08, 214 it. 11. 121 as retail as a borrouser's cap. Cor. It. i. 78 ambitious for poor knaes' c-s and legs. Tim. III. vi. 108, Cym. III. iii. 25. (iv) throw their c-s at., give up for lost Tim. III. iv. 102. 2 cardinal's biretta 1146 v. i. 33 He'll make his cap co-equal with the crown, H8 III. ii. 283.
3 top, head, chief Tim. Iv. iii. 385 the cap of all the fools alive; cf. Ham. II. ii. 237.

capable (1 and 2 now obs.; 3 archaic, the most freq. in S.; 4 and 5 (obs. legal) recorded first from S.)

1 able to take in much, comprehensive Oth. III. iii. 460 a capable and wide revenge.

2 sensible, impressible AYL. III. v. 23 The . . . capable impressive Thy palm some moments keeps, Ham. III. iv. 126 Would make them [i.e. stones] c.

3 capable of, apt to be affected by or receive the imrespine of, apt to be anected by or receive the impression of, open or susceptible to Tp. I. ii. 353

Being capable of all ill, All's W. I. i. 107, 227, Wint.

IV. iii. [iv.] 793 capable of things serious, John III.

i. 12 capable of fears, 2 H 4 I. i. 172, H8 v. iii. 11

capable Of our flesh (= susceptible of being influenced by our fleshly nature), Ham. III. ii. 13.

having intelligence or ability effect P3 III. i. 155.

4 having intelligence or ability, gifted R3 m. i. 155 ingenious, forward, capable, Troil. m. iii. 313 his horse . . . the more capable creature.

5 capable of, qualified to hold or possess Lr. n. i. 87. capacity (2 the general sense 'ability 'is freq.) 1 power of receiving or containing Tw. N. i. 10 thy c. Receiveth as the sea, H8 n. iii. 31, Ant. n. v. viii. 32,

2 to my capacity, as far as I am able to understand MND. v. i. 105.

cap.a-pe: from head to foot Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 764,

Hani. t. ii. 200.

Capet = Hugh Capet, the first French king of the

Capital ('punishable by death' the most freq. use) I chief, principal 1H4 m. ii. 110 military title capital,
H5 v. ii. 96 She is our capital demand.
2 deadly, fatal Cor. v. iii. 104.
Capitol: the great national temple of Rome, de-

dicated to Jupiter Optimus Maximus, on the

dicated to Jupiter optimus Maximus, on the Saturnian or Tarpeian (afterwards Capitoline) Hill Cor. 1. i. 50, &c., Cos. 1. i. 67, &c. capitulate: to draw up articles of agreement, propose terms 1H4 m. ii. 120, Cor. v. iii. 82, capon (in AYL. 11. vii. 154 the justice, In fair round belly with good capon livid, there is a ref. to the 'capon justices', as they were called, i.e. corrupt magistrates who were bribed by gifts of capons) 1 like Fr. 'poulet'=love-letter LLL. iv. i. 56.

2 as a type of dullness Err. 111. i. 32. Cym. 11, i. 26.

2 as a type of dullness Err. III, i. 32. Cym. II. i. 26, capriccio (F<sub>1</sub> Caprichio): caprice All'sW. ii. iii. 310. capricious: characterized by play of wit or fancy, fantastic, 'conceited' AYL. III. iii. 8 the most capricious poet, honest Ovid (with allusion to the Latin 'capra' goat, whence 'capricious').

captain sb. (the ordinary military senses are freq.;

captain sb. (the ordinary military senses are freq.; three syllables in 3H6 iv. vii. 30, Mac. i. ii. 34) 1 chief, head (fig. from military senses) R2 iv. i. 99 his c. Christ, Lucr. 271 Affection is my c., and he leadth : Rom. II. iv. 21 the. . c. of compliments; used of women 3H6 ii. vi. 75, 0th. II. i. 74. 2 subordinate officer (fig.) R2 iv. i. 126 the figure of God's majesty, His c., stenard, R3 v. iii. 109. [ii. 76. 3 familiar term of address Wint. I. ii. 123, Tim. II. Cavitain addi. chief. minimal Sanu, Iii. 8

captain adj.: chief, principal Sonn. lii. 8, captain-general: commander-in-chief Troil. III.

captious: capacious (S.) All'sW. i. iii, 210.

captivate vb.: to take prisoner, make captive LLL. III. i. 131; fig. to subjugate, subdue 3H61. iv. 115; to fascinate, charm Ven. 281.

captivate pple.: made prisoner, captured 1H6 II. iii. 42, v. iii. 107 women have been c. ere now.

iii. 42, V. iii. 10t women have been c. ere now. captive adj. and sb.: often used in the sense of '(one) vanquished' LLL. rv. i. 76, Troil. v. iii. 40. captiv'd: taken captive H5 II. iv. 55, car: the chariot of the sun-god (freq.) MND. I. ii. 38. ¶ With Tw. N. II. v. 72 Though our silence be drawn from us with cars, which has given rise to many conj.; cf. Gent. III. i. 266 Fet L am in loss; but it tawn of horse shall not which that from very but a team of horse shall not pluck that from me.

carack, caract: see Carrack, Charact. carat (2 is confused with Charact) 1 measure of weight used for gold Err, IV. i. 28 How

much your chain weighs to the utmost c. (F1 charect). 2 proportional measure of 2th used in stating the fineness of gold 2H4 rv. v. 160 Other [gold], less fine in card (Ff<sub>123</sub> Charract, F<sub>4</sub> Carract, Q kurrat).
caraway: sweetmeat containing caraway-seeds,

caraway comfit 2H4 v. iii. 3 a dish of caraways. carbonado sb.: meat scored across and broiled 1H4 v. iii. 61, Cor. iv. v. 199 scotched him and notched him like a carbonado.

carbonado vb.: to make a carbonado of Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 267 toads carbonadood; (hence) to cut, hack, slash All'sW. Iv. v. 108 your carbonadood face, Lr. II. ii. 42 I'll so carbonado your shanks. carbuncled: adorned with carbuncles (red or fiery

precious stones) Ant. IV. viii. 28 carbuncled Like holy Phabus' car (cf. Cym. v. v. 190 had it been a carbuncle of Phabus' wheel, carcanet: collar or necklace of gold or set with

card sb. (1 always in fig. phrases; 2 cf. 'That law is the card to guide the world by 'Hooker').

1. Is the card to guide the world by , Hooker I playing-card John v. ii. 105 the best cards for the yame, Tit. v. i. 100 As sure a card as ever won the set :—card of ten, card with ten pips, hence phr. fac'd it with a card of ten, put on a bold front Shr. II. i. 399 (cf. the use of 'facing-card' in the 17th cent. = imposing allegation or argument); -cooling card, app. term of some lost card-game, used fig. = something that cools one's ardour 1H6 v. iii. 84 :- Pack'd cards with, made a fraudulent

arrangement with Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 19.
2 card on which the 32 points are marked in the mariner's compass Mac. I. iii. 17 All the quarters that they know I' the shipman's card; fig. guide, directory Ham. v. ii. 115 the card or calendar of gentry; speak by the card, to be exact to a point, express oneself with nicety Ham. v. i. 148.

card vb.: to mix with something base 1H4111. ii. 62
he...carded his state, Mingled his royalty with
capering fools. ¶ The word was in use from 1590
to 1635 for mixing different kinds of drink.

cardecu [Fr. 'quart d'écu' quarter of a crown]:
old French silver coin equivalent to about eighteen pence All'sW. IV. iii. 314, v. ii. 35.
carder: one who 'cards' wool, i.e. combs out its impurities H8 I. ii. 33.

cardinal virtues: the four 'natural' virtues, justice, prudence, temperance, fortitude, to which some add the three 'theological' virtues, faith, hope, and charity, making in all seven H8 III. i. 103 I thought ye... two reverend c. virtues; But c. sins.
... I fear ye (with pun on the title of 'cardinal').
cardinally: humorous perversion of 'carnally'
Meas. II. i. 82 a woman cardinally given.

card-maker: maker of 'cards' for combing woo!

Shr. Ind. ii. 20. Carduus Benedictus: the Blessed Thistle, noted

for its medicinal properties Ado III. iv. 72.

care occurs in various proverbs and phrases: care killed a cat Ado v. i. 136; past cure . . . past care LLL. v. ii. 28, Sonn. cxlvii. 9;—have (a) care, be attentive, pay attention, take care Tp. 1, i. 10, Wiv. IV. V. 77, Ado I. ii. 30, III. iii. 43, MND. IV. i. 15; Tw.N. III. iv. 70, Per. IV. i. 49; —keep or make a care of, care for Tp. II. i. 311, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 367

 career (old edd. also careire, car(r)ier, carreer(e)
 1 short gallop at full speed Wiv. 1. i. 185\* and so conclusions passed the c-s (referred by some to 2), Ado v. i. 138 I shall meet your wit in the c.

'the short turning of a nimble horse, now this way, now that way '(Baret); transf. frisk, gambol H5 II. i. 133 he passes some humours and c-s.

3 running, course; esp. fig. rapid and continuous orunning, course; esp. fig. rapid and continuous course of action Ado II. ili. 262° awa e mun from the c. of his humour, LLL. v. ii, 483 Full merrily Hath...this c. been run, Wint. 1. ii. 286 stopping the c. Of laughter, R2 1. ii. 49, H5 III. iii. 23. careful: out of 25 instances, four, or at most five, have the sense 'full of care or anxiety' Err. v. i. 299, R2 II. ii. 75 careful business, H5 IV. i. 251 our careful wires R3 I. iii. 83 hum that weight me to this

careful wives, R3 1. iii. 83 him that rais'd me to this careful height; Tw.N. IV. ii. 11 a careful man (? = careworn from much study).

careless (the sense 'heedless' is the most freq.)

1 free from care or anxiety Wiv. v. v. 58 Sleep she
as sound as careless infancy, Troil. v. v. 40, Ham.

IV. vii. 79.

2 uncared-for Mac. I. iv. 11 a careless trifle; All'sW. 11. iii. 170 the careless lapse Of youth and ignorance (? read, with Dyce, cureless +; cf. Mer.V. IV. i. 142). care-tun'd: tuned to the key of sorrow R2 III. ii.

92 my care-tun'd tongue.

carl: countryman, peasant, churl Cym. v. ii. 4; so carlot AYL. III. v. 108.

carnation1: flesh-colour H5 m, iii. 35 A' could never abide cornation; attrib. LLL, 111. i. 153 carnation riband. ¶ By association with the next word the meaning has passed into 'carnation-coloured'.

carnation2: any cultivated variety of the clove-

pink, Dianthus caryophyllus Wint, 1v. iii. [iv.] 82. ¶ An earlier form was 'coronation'. carol: (1) song AYL, v. iii. 28; (2) song of religious joy MND, II. i. 102 with hymn or carol blest. carouse sb.: cupful of liquor drunk 'all out' (Ger-

man 'gar aus'], full bumper, toast Shr. 1. ii. 280, Ant. Iv. viii. 34; so carouse vb. (freq.).

carpet: on curpet consideration, as a mere carpet-knight, whose achievements belong to the lady's boudoir or the drawing-room Tw.N. III. iv. 261; so carpet-monger Ado v. ii. 33.

car(r)ack: large ship of burden, such as those formerly used by the Portuguese in trading with the East Indies Err. III. ii. 141 armadoes of c-s, (Ff carracts, -ects), Oth. I. ii. 50 a land carack (Q1 carrack, Ff 23+ carract, Q2 carriact). carriage (5 and 6 not always distinguishable)

1 act of carrying, being carried, conveyance Cym.

- nu. iv. 190 suspected of Your c. from the court.

  power of, or capacity for, carrying (with quibble on sense 5 or 6) LLL. 1. ii. 76, Rom. 1. iv. 95.
- 3 execution, conduct, management Wint, III. i. 17, Troil. II. iii. 141 The . . . whole c. of this action.
  4 manner of carrying one's body, bodily deportment IH4 II. iv. 472 a cheerful look . . a most noble c.
  5 demeanour, behaviour Err. III. ii. 14 Teach sin the carriage of a holy saint, LLL. v. ii. 307 And their
- rough carriage so ridiculous.
- 6 moral conduct LLL, 1. ii. 74 (see 2), Tim. 111. ii. 89
- his...illustrious virtue, And honourable carriage.
  7 burden, load Tp. v. i. 3 time Goes upright with his carriage, Wiv. 11. ii. 183 easing me of the carriage.

8 import, bearing Ham. 1. i. 94 carriage of the article. vehicle John v. vii. 90; = gun-carriage H5 III. Chor. 26; fig. Compl. 22 her levell'd eyes their c. ride.

10 used for: hanger of a sword Ham. v. ii. 157, &c. carrier: messenger Wiv. 11. ii. 143, Tit. 1v. iii. 85.

carrion (2 (i) is still in midland dialect use)

1 dead putrefying flesh Ham. II. ii. 184 if the sun breed maggots in a dead dog, being a god kissing c.; also attrib. carrion men Cæs. III. i. 275; esp. = feeding on carrion, e.g. carrion flics Rom. III. iii. 35, carrion kites 2H6 v. ii. 11.

2 used contemptuously (i) of a living person, as being no better than carrion Wiv. III. iii. 204, H5 IV. ii. 39 Yon island carrions, Rom. III. v. 157, Cæs. II. i. 130 Old feeble carrions; (ii) the living human body, the flesh Mer.V. III. i. 38 Out upon it, old carrion! rebels it at these years?; attrib.

Mer.V. IV. i. 41 A weight of carrion flesh.

3 epithet of Death personified Mer.V. II. vii, 63 A carrion Death; cf. John III. iv. 33 a carrion monster like thyself [i.e. Death].

carry (the chief fig. uses are the foll.)

1 to win, obtain Cor. II. i. 257 rather Than carry it [i. e. the consulship] by the suit of the gentry; so carry it, win the day Wiv. In, ii. 73 he will carry! All'sW. IV. i, 30, 0th. I. i. 67 What a full fortune does the thick-lips owe (= possess), If he can carry't thus!

2 to take by assault, conquer All'sW. III. vii. 19 Lays down his wanton siege before her beauty, Resolv'd to carry her, Cor. IV. vii. 27 think you he'll c. Rome?

to conduct, manage Meas. III. i. 269, Ado iv. i. 212, MND. III. ii. 240 This sport, well carried, Lr. v. iii. 37 carry it so As I have set it down; refl. to behave or conduct oneself All'sW. IV. iii. 121, H8 II. iv. 141 like her true nobility, she has Carried herself towards me; so also carry it, conduct matters, behave, act Tw.N. III. iv. 152 we may c. it thus.

4 to endure, put up with Rom. IV. V. 120, Lr. III. ii. 48 man's nature cannot carry The affliction.

carry it away, carry the day Rom. III. i. 79, Ham. II. ii. 385; carry out my side, win my game Lr. v. i. 61; carry through itself, be successful Lr. 1. iv. 3.

carry-tale: tale-bearer LLL. v. ii. 464, Ven. 657.

cart sb. (1 cf. cart vb.; 2 cf. car)

1 cart used for conveying criminals to the gallows, and for the public exposure and chastisement of offenders 1H4 II. iv. 554.

2 chariot of the sun-god Ham. III. ii. 167 Phabus' c. cart vb.: to carry in a cart through the streets by way of punishment or public exposure Shr. 1. i. 55.

carve (2 first in S.; 3 only S.; cf. MINCE)

1 to form, fashion Ado 11. iii. 18 c-ing the fashion of a new doublet, Shr. IV. iii. 89 c-'d like an apple-tart.

Carve for himself, indulge himself Ham. I. iii. 20; so carve for his own rage Oth. II. iii. 175.

to show great courtesy and affability (Schmidt) Wiv. I. iii. 47 she discourses, she carves, LLL. v. ii.

324 He can carve too, and lisp.

carved-bone face: LLL. v. ii. 616; ? carved bone-face.

carver: Be his own carver, take or choose at his own discretion R2 II, iii. 144.

case sb.1 (senses 'contingency' and 'state of things' are freq.; 'grammatical case' Wiv. IV. i. 47)

- condition, circumstances; me. to, in a position to Tp. III. ii. 30; in good c., well off 2H4 II. i. 119.
- 2 state of facts legally considered, statement of the facts 'sub judie', cause or suit 1H6v, iii. 165 To be mine own attorney in this c., Lr. 111, ii. 85 When exery c. in law is right, Sonn. eviii. 9; (hence) ques-
- tion Cym. 1. vi. 42 ('in this question of beauty'). 3 form of procedure, more fully called 'action upon the case', which was 'an universal remedy for all

personal wrongs and injuries without force, not specially provided for by law, so called because the plaintiff's whole case or cause of complaint is set forth at length in the original writ ' (Black-

stone) Err. IV. ii. 42.

case sb.2 (2 perhaps 'a pair', like 'a case of pistols')
1 applied to (i) a mask LLL. v. ii. 388 that superfluous cuse, Rom. I. iv. 29; cf. Ado II. i. 99, and CASE vb. 1; (ii) the body, as enclosing the soul Tw.N. v. i. 169, Ant. Iv. xii. [xiv.] 41, xiii. [xv.] 89 Thus case of that huge spirit; (iii) the sockets of the eyes Wint. v. ii. 14, Lr. Iv. vi. 148 with the case of faces. Par. III ii. 00, disc the class with the case of faces. Par. III ii. 00, disc the class with the case of faces. Par. III ii. 00, disc the class with the case of faces. Par. III ii. 00, disc the class with the case of faces. of eyes, Per. 111. ii. 99; (iv) the skin Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 849; (v) clothes Meas. 11. iv. 13, 1H4 1. ii. 200 cases of buckram, Compl. 116 Accomplish'd in himself, not in his cuse.

2 set H5 III. ii. 5 I have not a case of lives.

case vb. 3 used in cookery parlance till about 1800) 1 to encase Err. II. i. 85, R2 I. iii. 163 like a cunning instrument cas'd up; in transferred uses akin to those of case sb.21, 1H4 ii. ii. 58 Case ye, c. ye; on with your vizurds, Cym. v. iii. 22, Per. v. i. 112 her eyes as jewel-like, And c-'d as richly.

2 to enclose, shut up, surround John III, i. 259 A cased lion (chafed t), Troil. III. iii. 187 case thy reputation in thy tent, Mac. III. iv. 23 the casing air. 3 to skin All'sW. III. vi. 110. Cf. case sb. 21 (iv).

'casion: aphetic form of 'occasion' Lr. IV. vi. 241 Chill not let go, zur, without vurther 'cusion (Q ca-gion). ¶ Still in west-country and north-country dial. use, in Lancashire and Cheshire pronounced cagion'.

cask: casket 2H6 III. ii. 409.

casque (old edd. cask(e): headpiece or helmet H5 Chor. 13, Troil. v. ii. 167; as a symbol of military life or authority Cor. IV. vii. 43 not moving From the casque to the cushion.

Cassibelan: Cassivelaunus, king of the Britons in

Cæsar's time Cym. 1. i. 30, &c. cassock: soldier's cloak All'sW. 1v. iii, 193.

cast sb. (2 only S.; 3 not pre-S.) 1 throw of the dice 1H4 iv. i. 47, R3 v. iv. 9 I have

set my life upon a cast. 2 casting or founding (of cannon) Ham. 1. i. 73.

3 dash or shade of colour, tinge Ham. III. i. 85 sicklied o'er with the pule cust of thought.

cast vb. (the more unusual senses are)

I to throw in wrestling Mac. II. iii. 47 though he took up my legs sometime, yet I made a shift to c. him. 2 to drive away 1H6v. iv. 146 Be cast from possibility of all, Cym. v. iv. 60 To be exil'd, . . . und cast From her his dearest one.

3 to throw up, vomit Tp. 11. i. 259 We all were seaswallow'd, though some cast again, Meas. 111. i. 91 His filth within being cast; esp. cast up H5 III. ii. 59, Per. II. i. 47.

4 to throw off, get rid of Oth. I. i. 150 the state . . .

Cannot with safety cast him, v. ii. 326. 5 to reckon, calculate 2H41. i. 166 Fou cast the event of war, ... And summ'd the account of chance, 2H6 IV. ii. 97 write and read and cast accompt; absol. Ham. II. i. 115 To c. beyond ourselves, Ant. III. ii. 17.

cast away, to wreck (a ship) Mer.V. III. i. 108,

John v. v. 13 cast away, . on Goodwin Sunds, Sonn. lxxx. 13; c. by, to throw aside Rom. 1. i. 99. cast, casted pa. pple: disused, abandoned, forsaken AYL. III, iv. 15 a pair of cast lips of Diana, H5 iv. i. 23 With casted slough.

castigate: to chasten Tim. IV. iii. 241 To castigate thy pride. ¶ First in S., but castigation (Oth. III. iv. 42) is in Chaucer.

castle (1 cf. 'some old Lads of the Castell', 'a lusty ladd of the Castell, that will binde Beares, and ride golden Asses to death,' Gabriel Harvey)

1 old lad of the c.: (?) roisterer 1H4 1. ii. 48.

2 fig. = strong protection, stronghold Troil. v. ii. 184 and Tit. III. i. 170 (in which the word has been needlessly taken to mean 'helmet').

casual (twice in S.) accidental Ham. v. ii. 396 casual slaughters. 2 subject to chance, precarious Cym. I. iv. 105 the one is but frail and the other casual.

casually: accidentally Cym. II. iii. 146.

cat (1 chiefly in allusions and proverbs)

1 domestic animal Tp. 11. ii. 89 here is that which will give language to you, cat (very strong drink was said to make a cat speak), Ado v. i. 136 care killed a cat (i.e. for all its nine lives), MND. I. ii. 32 a part to tear a cat in (=to rant violently), Mac. 1. vii. 45 Like the poor cat i' the adage (the cat that would eat fish, but would not wet her feet), Ham. v. i. 314 The cut will mew. 2 eivet-cat or musk-cat AYL. III. ii. 71 civet is . . .

the very uncleanly flux of a cat, Lr. III. iv. 108 Thou

ovest...the cat no perfume.

3 term of contempt for a human being All'sW. iv.
iii. 269 he's a cat to me, 297, Cor. iv. ii. 34.

Cataian: for 'Cathaian,' man or woman of Cathay, i.e. China, (hence) sharper, scoundrel Wiv. п. і. 147, Tw.N. п. ііі. 83.

cataplasm: poultice, plaster Ham. IV. vii. 143 c. so rare, Collected from all simples that have virtue.

catastrophe (2 is recorded first from S.) 1 that which produces the conclusion or final event of a dramatic piece, denouement LLL. IV. i. 78, Lr. I. ii. 150 pat he comes, like the c. of the old comedy. 2 conclusion, end All'sW. I. ii. 57 On the catastrop're

and heel of pastime. 3 (jocularly) the posteriors (S.) 2H4 II. i. 68.

catch sb. (I not pre-S.; 2 not pre-Eliz.)

1 that which is caught or is worth catching Shr. II. i. 325 a quiet catch, Troil. II. i. 110 Hector shull have a great catch.

short musical composition for three or more voices, which sing the same melody, the second singer beginning the first line as the first goes on to the second line, and so on Tp. III. ii. 129, 137, Tw.N. II. iii. 99, &c.

catch vb. (caught occurs 31 times, catched 4 times; the senses 'overtake, come up with '(Tp. v. i. 315, MND. II. i. 233, R3 II. ii. 44), 'apprehend by the senses or intellect' (LLL. II. i. 70, Ant. I. ii. 149, Sonn. exiii. 8), 'apprehend so as to adopt or appropriate' (Mac. I. v. 19), and 'catch a cold' (Gent. I. ii. 133) are recorded first from S.; there are many other uses; the foll, are occas.)

1 to attain, get possession of 3H6 III. ii. 179 I...

Torment myself to catch the English crown, Mac. 1.
vii. 3 if the assassination Could . . . catch With his surcease success, Sonn. exliii. 11; absol. John I. i. 173 have is have, however men do catch.

2 fig. of contracting a disease MND. I. i. 189 My tongue should catch your tongue's sweet melody. 3 catch the air\*, (?) gasp for breath 2H6 III. ii. 371.

- cater-cousins: good friends Mer.V. II. ii. 143 His master and he . . . are scarce cater-cousins. This is the prevailing sense in mod. dial. use. cates: dainties, delicacies Err. III. i. 28, Shr. II. i.
- catling: catgut Troil. III. iii. 309 unless the fiddler Apollo get his sinews to make catlings on. ¶ Catling is the name of a musician in Rom. IV. v. 133.

cat-o'-mountain: leopard or panther Tp. iv. i. 264 pard, or cat-o'-mountain; attrib. Wiv. н. ii. 27. caudie (meaning unknown): 1H4 I. iii. 251 what a candie deal of courtesy (F12 candie, F34 yandie, -y,

mod. edd. candy+). caudle: warm drink given to sick people, consisting of thin gruel, mixed with wine or ale

-CHAIR

sweetened and spiced LLL, IV. iii, 174; hempen caudle, halter 2H6 iv. vii. 94.

cause sb. (the foll. are obs. or archaic uses; 1 is a general application of the legal sense 'subject of litigation'; 4 taken over from late Latin 'causa')

1 matter in dispute, affair to be decided Shr. IV. iv. 26 a weighty cause Of love, 2H6 III. i. 289 What counsel give you in this weighty cause?

2 contextually = charge, accusation Lr. IV. vi. 112 What was thy cause? Adultery?

3 matter of concern, affair, business LLL. v. ii. 749. H5 I. i. 45 any cause of policy, 1H6 v. iii. 106, R3 III. v. 65 (Ff case), Lucr. 1295 The c. craves haste. 4 disease All'sW. II. i. 114 touch'd With that malig-

nant cause, Cor. III. i. 234 to cure this cause. 5 term in the practice of duelling (not yet fully explained) LLL. I. ii. 187 The first and second cause,

AYL. v. iv. 52 the quarrel was upon the seventh cause, Rom. II. iv. 27.

cause: because Tit. v. ii. 63, Mac. III. vi. 21. cautel: erafty device, deceit, trickery Ham. I. iii. 15 no soil nor c. doth besmirch . . ., Compl. 303. cautelous: crafty, deceitful Cor. IV. i. 33 caught With cautelous baits and practice, Cas. II. i. 129. cauterizing : F<sub>1</sub> canth-, Ff<sub>2 3 4</sub> cath-Tim. v. i. 138.

caution (obs. use): taking heed, precaution Mac. 111. vi. 44 that . . . might Advise him to a caution. cavaleiro: gentleman trained in arms; gay,

sprightly military man, (hence) gallant 2H4 v. iii. 60 (Q cabileros, Ff cavileros); used as a title Wiv. 11. i. 201, iii. 76; also cavalery MND. 1v. i. 25. cavalier: = CAVALEIRO H5 111. Chor. 24.

cave-keeper: one who lives in a cave Cym. IV. ii. 298; so cave-keeping, fig. secret Lucr. 1250

Cave-keeping evils.

caviare (old edd. Caviarie, -y. the common 16th-18th cent. forms): roe of the sturgeon pressed and salted and eaten as a relish, generally unpalatable to those who have not acquired the taste for it Ham. 11. ii. 466 the play ... pleased not the million; 'twas caviare to the general.

cease sb.: cessation Ham. III. iii. 15 The cease of majesty (Ff cease, Qq cesse), Lr. v. iii. 266 Fall and cease?. ¶ Partly an aphetic form of 'decease'.

cease vb. (rare use): be not ceas'd, do not allow yourself to be silenced Tim. 11. i. 16.

cellarage: in the c., underground Ham. 1. v. 151 (old edd. selleredye, selleridye, celleridye, selleriye). cement sb. and vb. (old edd. also ciment, cyment, symant): always stressed on the first syllable Cor. IV. vi. 86, Ant. II. i. 48, III. ii. 29.

censer: perfuming-pan having an ornamented lid Shr. IV. iii. 91 Here's snip and nip and cut and slish and slash, Like to a censer in a barber's shop.

2H4 v. iv. 21 thin man in a censer (ref. probably to figures embossed on censer-lids).

censor: name of two magistrates in ancient Rome, who drew up the census of the citizens and had the supervision of public morals Cor. II. iii. 252. censure sb. (2 the prevailing S. use; 3 not pre-S.)

1 judicial sentence, esp. a condemnatory one Cor. III. iii. 45, v. v. [vi.] 143 Your heaviest censure, Oth, v. ii. 367 the censure of this hellish villain.

2 judgement, opinion AYL. IV. i. 8 every modern censure R3 II. ii. 144 To give your censures in this business, Ham. I. iii. 69 Tuke each man's censure. 3 adverse judgement, unfavourable opinion, blame

Meas. 111. ii. 201 No might nor greatness in mortality Can censure 'scape, H8 111. i. 63 your late censure Both of his truth and him, Lr. 1. iv. 232.

censure vb. (1 the prevailing sense)

trans. to form or give an opinion of, estimate John II. i. 328, Cor. II. i. 25 how you are censured here in the city, Cas. III. ii. 16, Lr. III. v. 3.

2 intr. to give an opinion (on) Gent. 1. ii. 19 That I ... Should censure thus on lovely gentlemen, Ham. III. ii. 92 to c. of his seeming (Ff To c., Qq In c.). 3 to pass sentence upon Meas. II. i. 29 When I, that

censure him, do so offend, Lr. v. iii, 3. center [Fr. 'ceinture']: girdle John IV. iii, 155 (Ff

center, mod. edd. cincture, ceinture); by some taken = centre 3.centre (in Wint. II. i. 101\* the sense is perhaps

architectural 'temporary framework supporting a superstructure ')

1 middle point of the earth MND. 111. ii. 54, Ham. 11. ii. 159 I will find Where truth is hid, though it were hid indeed Within the centre.

2 the earth, as the supposed centre of the universe

Troil. I. iii. 85 The heavens..., the planets, and this c. the heart or soul, taken as the centre of the body Wint. I. ii. 139 thy intention stabs the centre, Rom. II. i. 2, Sonn. exlvi. 1.

century (sense of '100 years' is post-S.)

1 division of the Roman army, probably consisting orig, of 100 men Cor. I. vii. 3, Lr. vv. iv. 6.

2 hundred Cym. IV. ii. 391 a century of prayers.

Cerberus: three-headed watch-dog of the infernal

regions in ancient mythology LLL. v. ii. 590.

cerecloth: winding-sheet, properly one impregnated with wax Mer.V. II. vii. 51.

cerements (Qq; F<sub>1</sub> cerments, F<sub>234</sub> cearments): waxed wrapping for the dead, (hence) grave-clothes Ham. 1. iv. 48. ¶ A purely S. word, which has been eaught up by modern writers. ceremony (1 common Eliz. use; 2 peculiar to S.)

1 external accessory or symbol of state Meas. II. ii. 59 No ceremony that to great ones longs, Not the king's crown, &c., H5 IV. i. 110 his [the king's] ceremonies haid by: applied to festal ornaments Cæs. 1. i. 69 Disrobe the images If you do find them deck'd with ceremonies.

2 portent, omen Cæs. 11. i. 197 dreams, and ceremonies, II. ii. 13.

Ceres: goddess of agriculture Tp. rv. i. 60, 2H6 1. 'cern: short for 'concern' Shr. v. i. 76. ¶ Cf. the midland dial. 'sarn', short for 'consarn', 'concern '= confound !

certainly (rare use): steadfastly, fixedly 1H6 v. i. 37 certainly resolv'd.

certes (two syll. in Tp. 111. iii. 30 and Err. 1v. iv. 77, one syll. in H81. i. 48 and Oth. 1. i. 16): certainly LLL. IV. ii. 171.

certify: to assure, inform with certainty Mer. V. n. viii. 10, 1H6 n. iii. 32, 1v. i. 144, R3 1. iv. 96 (Ff signify), III. ii. 10.

cess [aphetic form of 'assess' = assessment]: out of all cess, beyond all calculation 1H4 II. i. 8.

cesse [variant of 'cease' not generally current in S.'s time]: to cease All'sW. v. iii. 72 (F1): rhymes with bless.

chace: term of tennis for the second impact on the floor of a ball which the opponent has failed or declined to return; used vaguely in the pl. = tennis-play H5 1. ii. 266 all the courts of France will be disturb'd With chaces.

chafe sb.: rage, passion Ant. 1. iii. 85 How this Herculean Roman does become The carriage of his c.

chafe vb.: not pre-S. in the intr. sense 'to fret, rage' of the sea or a river against its banks Wint. III. iii. 89, Cas. I. ii. 101 The troubled Tiber chafing with her shores, Lr. IV. vi. 22, chafed: John III. i. 259; see CASE vb. 2.

chain: to surround as with a chain, embrace Ant. IV. viii. 14 Chain mine arm'd neck.

chair (used as the symbol of old age, when rest is the natural condition, in 1H6 III. ii. 51, IV. V. 5; cf CHAIR-DAYS)

32

1 seat of authority, as a throne, a judgement-seat, the Roman rostra Wiv. v. v. 67 chairs of order (in St. George's Chapel, Windsor), 3H6 1. iv. 97 he that took King Henry's chair, 11. 1. 90 His dukedom and his chair, H8 1v. i. 67 chair of state, Cor. 111. iii. 34 the chairs of justice, IV. vii. 52\*, Cæs. III. ii. 69 the public chair.

2 sedan (not pre-S.) Oth. v. i. 82, 96. chair-days: days of rest, i.e. old age 2H6 v. ii. 48. chalic'd (S. coinage, imitated by moderns): having a cup-like blossom Cym. 11. iii. 25 chalic'd flowers. challenge sb. (3 the usual sense in S.)

1 claim 1H6 v. iv. 153 Of benefit proceeding from our king And not of any challenge of desert.

2 in law, exception taken against either persons or things H8 11. iv. 75 and make my challenge You shall not be my judge. [iv. 8.

3 summons to single combat Ado I. i. 41, Rom. II. challenge vb. (1 the orig. sense, the ultimate etym. of the word being Latin 'calumniari'=to

accuse falsely; 2, 3 the chief Eliz. uses) to accuse, bring a charge against Tit. 1. i. 340 c-d of wrongs, Mac. 111. iv. 42 c. for unkindness.

2 to lay claim to, claim as due, demand or urge as a right LLL. v. ii. 813, R2 II. iii. 134 I am a subject, And challenge law, 3H6 111. ii. 86, 1V. vi. 6, 1V. vii. 23, Oth. 11. i. 214 his worthiness Does challenge much respect, Lucr. 58; absol. Lr. 1. i. 55 Where nature doth with merit challenge.

3 to summon to fight or single combat (freq.) Ado 1. i. 42, H8 I. i. 34; Tw.N. II. iii. 137 to challenge him the field. The foll. variants of the last phrase occur: 'to challenge a person in the field' (1556), 'into the field' (1693), 'to challenge the field one of another' (1693).

challenger: in senses 2 and 3 of the vb.; H5 11. iv. 95, Ham. IV. vii. 28; AYL. I. ii. 172, &c. Cham: obs. form of 'Kham', formerly applied to rulers of the Tartars and Mongols, esp. the emperor of China Ado II. i. 279 the Great Cham's beard.

chamber (2 London is called 'Regum Angliae Camera '= Chamber of the Kings of England, by Camden in his 'Britannia'; the orig. application was to cities or provinces directly subject and yielding immediate revenue to the king)

1 of (a person's) chamber, one of his attendants, chamberlain to him AYL. 11. ii. 5, Mac. 1. vii. 76, 11. iii. 108, Per. 1. i. 152.

2 metropolis, capital R3 III. i. 1 Welcome, sweet

prince, to London, to your chamber. 3 16th-17th cent, name of a small piece of ordnance

2H4 II. iv. 56. chamber-counsels: private affairs Wint. 1. ii. 237

(F Chamber-Councels, some mod. edd. -councils). chamber'd: lodged R2 1. i. 149 the best blood chamber'd in his bosom.

chamberer: frequenter of ladies' chambers, gallant Oth. 111. iii. 265.

## chamberlain:

1 one who waits on a king or lord in his bedchamber, fig. in Tim. IV. iii. 223; spec. officer having charge of the king's private apartments and household R3 1. i. 123.

2 attendant in an inn in charge of the bedrooms 1H4 11, i. 52

chambermaid: lady's maid Tw. N. 1. iii. 55.

chamblet: see CAMLET.

chameleon: formerly supposed to live on air; hence Gent. 11. i. 181 though the chameleon Love can feed on the air, Ham. 111. ii. 98 Excellent, i' faith; of the c.'s dish; I cal the air, promise-crammed.

champaign: flat open country Tw.N. 11, v. 175 Daylight and champaign (Ff<sub>12</sub> champian, Ff<sub>34</sub> champion, mod. edd. champai(ym), Lr. 1. i. 66 With

shadowy jorests and with champaigns riched (F1 champain,  $Ff_{2,3,4}$  Champion, mod. edd. champai(g)n); attrib. Lucr. 1247 a goodly champaign

plain (F<sub>1</sub> champaine).

champion sb. (3 Wyclif has 'strong schampions and pileris of holy chirche')

1 fighting man, man of valour 1H6 III. iv. 19 A stouter champion never handled sword, Tit, 1, i, 65 Rome's best champion.

2 one who does battle in his own cause or for another in single combat R2 1. iii. 5, Lr. v. i. 43, Per. 1. i. 61, Ven. 596.

3 one who defends a person or a cause All'sW. Iv. ii. 50, John III. i. 255 be champion of our church, R2 I. ii. 43 God, the widow's champion. champion vb.: to challenge Mac. III. i. 72. ¶ In-

troduced by S. and imitated by mod. writers.

chance (2 is now archaic, 5 is obsolete)

1 fortuitous circumstance, accident Wint. 11. iii. 182 Where chance may nurse or end it, Troil. III.
iii. 131, Cor. Iv. iv. 20, Lucr. 1596; so by chance
LLL. v. ii. 219, Han. Iv. vii. 161.
2 something that happens, event, occurrence; esp.

unfortunate event, mishap 2H4 IV. ii. 81 iil chances, Rom. v. iii. 146, Mac. II. iii. 98, Ham. v.

ii. 348 Fou that look pale and tremble at this chance.
3 opportunity, possibility of good or bad fortune
Mer.V. 11, i. 43 bring me unto my chance, Cym. v. iv. 1321. That have this golden chance; so take (one's) chance John 1. i. 151; main chance, chief or paramount issue 2H4 111. i. 83 a man may prophesy . . .

of the main chance of things.
4 fortune, good or ill Wiv. v. i. 5, Troil, Prol. 31 the chance of war, Mac. I. iii. 143 If chance will have me king, Oth. iv. i. 278.

5 piece of (good) fortune, a person's fortune, luck, or lot Tw.N. III. iv. 179 if it be thy chance to kill me, 1H6 v. iv. 4, Troil. Iv. v. 149, Cor. Iv. vii. 40 those chances Which he was lord of, Aut. 11. iii. 35.

chance vb. (now generally superseded by 'happen' the foll, are idiomatic uses, in which the word assumes the character of an adv.)

1 may chance with an infinitive = may possibly Ado 11, iii. 255 [244], 2H4 11, i. 13, Troil. 1, i. 28 you may chance burn your lips (Ff to burn).

2 How chance = How does it come about that? Wiv. v. v. 241 [230], 2H4 IV. iv. 20, R3 IV. ii. 99, Lr. II. iv. 64 How c. the king comes with so smalla number?

chancellor: secretary H8 I. i. 219 (Ff counsellor), II. i. 20; spec. the 'King's Chancellor' or Lord High Chancellor, the keeper of the Great Seal and highest judicial functionary in England 3H6 I. i. 238 Warwick is chancellor, H8 III. ii. 395 Sir Thomas More is chosen Lord Chancellor.

change sb. (the foll. are obs. or special uses) 1 exchange Ado IV. i. 185 Maintain'd the change of words, H5 IV. viii. 29, Troil. III. iii. 27 Gire us a

prince of blood, . . . In change of him, Cas. v. iii. 51. 2 changefulness, changing humour, caprice Lr. 1. . 291 how full of changes his age is, Cym. I. vi. 115, Sonn. xx. 4 A woman's gentle heart, but not acquainted With shifting change.

variation or modulation in music Gent. IV. ii. 69;

in verse Sonn. lxxvi. 2, ev. 11. 4 (?) round in dancing (S.) LLL, v. ii. 210. change vb. (in Cor. v. iii. 152\*, Ant. 1. ii. 5\* Ffread change, mod. edd. charget: see commentators)

1 to exchange Tp. 1. ii. 438, LLL, v. ii. 134, AYL. 1. iii. 94 Will thou change fathers?; to exchange (a thing) with (a person) Sonn. xxix. 14 I scorn to change my state with kings, Oth. I. iii. 318 change my humanity with a baboon; intr. with for before the thing taken in exchange 0th. 1. iii. 356 She must change for youth, Per. iv. vi. 179.

= 'change colour' (AYL. 111. ii. 193), turn pale, blush Ado v. i. 143 he changes more and more: I think he be angry indeed, H5 II. ii. 73, Cym. I. vi. 11 Change you, madam?

changeable: varying in colour in different lights, 'shot' Tw.N. 11. iv. 75 changeable tuffetu. ¶ In

use 1480-1815.

changeful (not pre-S.): inconstant Troil, IV. iv. 97.

changeling (I now obsolete or archaic) 1 fickle or inconstant person 1H4 v. i. 76 fickle c-s,

Cor. IV. vii. 11 his nature In that's no changeling. child left by the fairies in exchange for one stolen MND. II. i. 23; attrib. II. i. 120, IV. i. 65; fig. of a letter substituted for another Ham. v. ii. 53.

channel sb.: street gutter=KENNEL 2H4 II. i. 54-5, 3H6 II. ii. 141. ¶ Still in use locally in northern

counties.

channel vb. (not pre-S.): to furrow 1H41. i. 7 No more shall trenching war channel her fields.

chanson: song Ham. II. ii. 447 [438] The first row of the pious chanson (so Qq 2-5; F<sub>1</sub> Pons Chanson, Q<sub>6</sub>

Ff2 34 Pans Chanson).

chantry: chapel endowed for the maintenance of one or more priests to sing mass for the souls of the founders or others Tw.N. 19. 111. 24, H5 19. 1. 321. chaos (1 is a sense of the orig. Greek word; 4 is

'black gulf' or 'deep abyss' of night or darkness Oth. 111. iii. 92\* when I love thee not, Chaos is come again (or ?=sense 2), Ven. 1020 black chaos comes again, Lucr. 767 Vast sin-concealing c. (=night).

2 state resembling that of primitive chaos or the 'formless void' of primordial matter, utter confusion Troil. 1. iii. 125 This chaos, when degree is suffocate.

3 confused mass or conglomeration Rom. 1. i. 184

Mis-shapen chaos of well-seeming forms.
4 shapeless mass 3H6 III. ii. 161 To disproportion me . . . Like to a chaos, or an unlick'd bear-whelp.

me...LRe to a chaos, or an united a bear-energ.

chape: metal plate or mounting of a scabbard, esp.

that which covers the point All'sW. IV. iii. 165

the chape of his dagger; so chapeless (S.) Shr.

III. ii. 49 with a broken hill, and chapeless.

chapless: lacking the lower jaw Rom. IV. i. 83

yellow c. skulls (Qq<sub>2</sub> F, chap(p)elss), Ham. V. i. 95.

chapman (2 survived in dialect till the 19th cent.) 1 merchant, trader LLL. II. i. 16 Not utter'd by base sale of chapmen's tongues.

purchaser, customer Troil. IV. i. 75 as chapmen do, Dispraise the thing that you desire to buy.

chaps1: cracks in the skin Tit. v. iii. 77. See chops. chaps<sup>2</sup>: jaws Tp. II. ii. 93, Mac. I. ii. 22 (Ff chops). charact (Ff): distinctive mark Meas. v. i. 56. character sb. (in R3 III. i. 81 character, as often in 16th-17th cent.; the foll. uses are not pre-S.)

1 in collective sing. used = writing, printing Tim. v. iii. 6 the character I'll take with wax, Sonn. lix. 8 Since mine at first in character was done.

2 handwriting Meas. IV. ii. 208, Tw.N. v. i. 358, Wint. v. ii. 39, Ham. IV. vii. 51 Know you the hand?—'Tis Hamlet's character.

3 cipher for secret correspondence (fig.) Meas. 1. i. 27\* There is a kind of character in thy life.
4 face or features as betokening moral qualities

Tw. N. I. ii. 49, Cor. II. i. 72, v. iv. 29 I paint him

in the character.

character vb. (thrice chara'cter, four cha'racter; not pre-S.): to engrave, inscribe, also fig. Gent. 11. vii. 4, 2H6 111. i.300 one scar character'd on thy skin, Ham. 1. iii. 59 these few precepts in thy

memory Look thou character, Sonn. eviii. 1.
chara'cterless: leaving no mark behind them
Troil. 111. ii. 195 And mighty states characterless
are grated To dusty nothing.

chara'ctery: writing Wiv. v. v. 79; fig. Cas. H.

Charbon\* (obscure): All'sW. 1. iii. 57.

chare: turn of work, job, esp. of household work Ant, iv. xiii. [xv.] 75 the meanest c-s, v. ii. 230, charge sb. (the senses 'accusation' and 'person or

thing entrusted to one's care 'are also freq.) load, burden (lit. and fig.) Wiv. 1. iv. 103, Ado 1. i. 106, Wint. 1. ii. 26 my stay To you a charge and trouble; (with quibble) Ham. v. ii. 43 'As'es of great charge.
2 luggage, baggage 1H4 m. i. 51, 64.
3 importance, weight Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 260 many

parcels of charge, Rom. v. ii. 18 The letter was . . .

full of charge.

expense, cost (freq.); on your charge, at your expense Mer.V. IV. i. 258; pl. 2H6 I. i. 62 of the King of England's own proper cost and charges, Cor. V. V. [Vi.] 79; be at charges, spend something R3 I. ii. 257.

5 mandate, order (freq.); on charge, at command Troil. 1v. iv. 133; give in charge, to command Tp. v. i. 8, 1H6 II. iii. 1, R3 I. i. 85; so given in charge, commanded 2H6 II. iv. 81 So am I given in charge; also I had in charge, I was commanded 2H6 1. i. 2.

6 military post or command; also the troops under an officer's command 1H4 11, iv. 604 [597] a charge of foot, Cor. IV. iii. 48 the centurions and their charges, Cæs. IV. ii. 48, Ant. III. vii. 16.

(of a weapon) position for attack 2H4 IV. i. 120

Their armed staves in charge.

charge vb. (various senses occur; the foll, are the

less freq.)

1 to load, burden (fig.) H5 I, ii, 15, 283, Cas. III, iii, 2 things unlucky charge my faniasy, Mac. v. i. 59

The heart is sorely charged; to saddle with expense Wiv. II, ii, 173.

to call upon to give answer Mer. V. v. i. 298 charge us there upon inter'gatories, John III. i. 151 To

charge me to an answer.

3 to level (as a weapon) Ado v. i. 139, LLL. v. ii. 88 they That charge their breath against us.

chargeful: expensive, costly Err. IV. i. 29. charge-house (S.): house in which youth are taken charge of, boarding-school LLL. V. i. 88. chariness: scrupulous integrity Wiv. II. i. 101.

charity: in phrases of exhortation for charity R3 I. ii. 49, of charity Tw.N. v. i. 240; by Saint Charity (F1 S. Charity) = OFr. 'par seinte charite', by holy charity Ham. iv. v. 59. ¶ E. K. (Gloss. on Spenser) says that 'deare Lord, and sweete Saint Charitee' was 'the Catholiques comen othe'.

charmee was the orig, sense 'incantation, encharment, magic spell' (Tp. 1, ii. 231) runs through the fig, applications Wiv. 11. ii. 108\* surely, 17 think you have charms, la, Rom. 11. Prol. 6 bewitched by the charm of looks, Lr. v. iii. 49, Pilgr. xi. 8 [156]; occas, the sense approaches to 'person or thing that charms 'Oth. v. i. 35 those charms, thine eyes, Ant. v. x. 29 [xii. 16], 38 [25] this false soul of Egypt! this prace charm.

charm vb. (as in the sb. the fig. uses retain a strong

metaphor from the orig. sense 'enchant')

1 charm the tonque, keep it silent Shr. IV. ii. 58,

2H6 IV. i. 64, 3H6 V. v. 31, Oth. v. ii. 182.

2 to entreat or conjure by some potent invocation Cas. II. i. 271 I charm you, by my once-commended beautu.

charmed (2 the phrase is echoed by mod. writers) 1 endowed with magic or occult power Mac. IV. i. 9 the charmed pol, Compl. 146 in his charmed power. 2 fortified by a spell Mac. v. vii. 41 [viii. 12] a c. life. charmeco: kind of wine 246 ii. iii. 63. Charon: ferryman who conveyed the shades of the

departed across the Styx; allusively in Troil. III. ii. 10 be thou my Charon.

charter: publicly conceded right, privilege, immunity AYL. II. vii. 48 as large a charter as the wind, R2 II. i. 197, R3 III. i. 54, Cor. I. ix. 14, Oth. I. iii. 247 let me find a c. in your voice, Sonn. lviii. 9.

chartered: privileged, licensed H5 1. i. 48 The uir, a charter'd libertine.

Chartreux: the Charterhouse or Carthusian monastery in Smithfield, London H8 1. i. 221 A monk o' the Chartreux, I. ii. 148 a Chartreux friar.

chary: adj. fastidious, shy, particular Ham. I. iii. 36 The chariest maid ;-adv. carefully Sonn. xxii. 11 keep so chary As tender nurse her babe.

chase sb. (2 the usual sense; 3 once)
1 hunting 0th. n. iii. 372, Ven. 3, &c.
2 pursuit MND. n. ii. 88 I am out of breath in this fond chase; in chase is used both of the chaser and of the chased Gent. v. iv. 15 Hare some unhappy passenger in chase, Tw. N. III. i. 126 I did send . . . A ring in chase of you, John I. i. 223 he, That holds in chase mine honour, Sonn. exliii. 5 her neglected child holds her in chase; by this kind of chase, by following up this kind of argument AYL. 1. iii. 34; occas. = race Cæs. I. ii. 8 in this holy chase.

3 hunting-ground Tit. II. iii. 255 this pleasant chase. 4 hunted animal Wint. IV. iii. 56\*.

chase vb. (in Tim. r. i. 25 Ff chases, mod. edd. chases, Ven. 325 earlier Qq chasing, later chasing) 1 chas'd your blood Out of appearance (Ff1 2 apparance), driven the colour out of your face (i. e. ren-

dered it invisible) H5 II. ii. 75.
2 to harass, persecute Wint. v. i. 217 Though Fortune, visible an enemy, Should chase us with my

father.

chaste (special uses) : celibate, unmarried Mer. V. I. ii. 115, Rom. I. i. 223; stainless Oth. v. ii. 2 you chaste stars.

cha'stise (7 times): John II. i. 117, v. ii. 84; chasti'se (twice) Tp. v. i. 263, Troil. v. v. 4. chat sb. and vb. are both used in the obs. sense of

(1) frivolous talking, and the current one of (2) familiar conversation; in Cor. II. i. 227 chats him=gossips about him. chattels: H8 III. ii. 344 (so mod. edd.; Ff castles).

chaudron (Ff chawdron): entrails Mac. IV. i. 33. che: form of south-western dial. 'ch' = I (as in

'cham'=I am) used before consonants Lr. IV. vi.

247 che vor ye.

cheap: S. is the earliest authority for the senses 'costing little labour or effort' (Meas. II. iv. 106), 'accounted of small value, lightly esteemed' (1H4 III. ii. 41), and the phrase 'hold cheap'= despise (Err. III. i. 21). See also good cheap.

cheapen: to bargain or bid for Ado II. iii. 33, Per. IV. vi. 10 if he should cheapen a kiss of her. cheat: swindle, fraud Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 28, 130.

The word passed through the senses (1) escheat, i.e. property which falls to the lord by forfeit or fine, (2) booty, (3) stolen thing (in the thieves' cant of the 16th cent. simply=thing), (4) fraud.

cheater (the mod. sense occurs Err. i. ii. 101, 2H4 II. iv. 150; S. plays on the other senses)

1 officer appointed to look after the king's escheats (see CHEAT), who would have opportunities of defrauding people of their estates; used fig. Wi I. iii. 75 (F<sub>2</sub> Cheator), Tit. v. i. 111, Sonn. cli. 3. 2 tame cheater, (?) decoy duck or other tame animal

used as a decoy 2H4 II. iv. 105.

check sb. (Eliz. sense): reproof, rebuke, censure Wiv. III. iv. 84 against all checks, rebukes and manners, Shr. I. i. 32\* Aristotle's checks (? re-straints), 2H4 IV. iii. 34, Oth. III. iii. 67, Ant. IV. iv. 31 Rebukeable And worthy shameful check.

check vb. (gen. sense 'restrain, repress' is freq. 1 to stop short at Ham. IV. vii. 62 As checking at his royage, and that he means No more to undertake it.

- CHICK

(of a hawk) to leave its quarry and fly at a chance bird that crosses its path Tw.N. II. v. 127, III. i.

72 Not, like the haggard, check at every feather.
3 to rebuke, reprove, chide All'sW. 1, i, 77 check'd for silence, But never tax'd for speech, 2H41, ii, 224, R3 1, iv, 140, III, vii, 149, Coes, IV, iii, 96 Check'd like a bondman, LT, II, ii, 149.

to curb, control John n. i. 123, 3H6 ni. ii. 166. 5 to rein in (horses) 3H6 II. vi. 12.

cheek by jowl: side by side MND, III. ii. 338.

cheek-roses: rosy cheeks Meas. 1. iv. 16. cheer sb. (5 whence the sense 'fare, provisions' Wiv. III. ii. 55; Ham. III. ii. 231 where some read chair, comparing Hall's Satires 'Sit seven yeres

char, comparing Hair Sattres 31 seven yers pining in an anchor's cheyre')

1 face, complexion MND. III. ii. 96 pale of cheer.

2 countenance, aspect Mer.V. III. ii. 313 show a merry cheer, Tit. I. i. 264 this change of cheer.

3 disposition, frame of mind, mood All'sW. III. ii. 67 huve a better c., Tit. II. iii. 188 Neer let my heart heave merry cheer. know merry c., Sonn. xevii. 13 with so dull a c., esp. freq. in what c.?=how goes it with you? Tp. 1. i. 2; good cheer, courage, good heart Mer. V. III. v. 5, IV. i. 111, R3 IV. i. 37 (Qq have comfort).

4 cheerfulness, mirth Ado I. iii. 74, Ham. I. ii. 116

in the cheer and comfort of our eye, III. ii. 176 So

far from cheer.

5 kindly welcome, hospitable entertainment Err. 111. i. 66 neither cheer, sir, nor welcome, Lucr. 89

gives good cheer. cheer vb. (1 once in S.; common Eliz.: 'to comfort, gladden, console' is the most free, sense)

1 How cheer'st thou?, What cheer?, How is it with
thee? Mer.V. III. v. 76 (Qq farest).

2 to encourage, incite 3H6 II. iv. 9 the heart that...

cheer's these hands . . . To execute the like upon thy-self, Tim. 1. ii. 44; fig. Sonn. xv. 6 Cheered and check'd e'en by the self-some sky. 3 to salute with joyful sounds MND. Iv. i. 131 A cry more tuneable Was never holla'd to, nor cheer'd

with horn.

cheerfully: encouragingly H5 IV. i. 34.

cheerly: blithely, cheerily AYL. II. vi. 15; as a cry of encouragement among sailors = heartily Tp. I. i. 6 Heigh, my hearts! cheerly, cheerly, my hearts! chequin: sequin, gold coin of Italy and Turkey, worth from 7s. to 9s. 6d. Per. 1v. ii. 28 (old edd.

checkins, chickens, -eens, -ins).

cherish (I common in Eliz. use of rearing plants; 2 in use 1330-1740)

1 to foster 3H6 II. vi. 21 what doth cherish weeds but gentle air?, Lucr. 950 To...cherish springs. [193. 2 to entertain (a guest) with kindness 1H4 III. iii.

cherry-pit: children's game consisting in throwing cherry-stones into a hole Tw.N. III. iv. 131.

cherry-stone: as the type of a trifle Err. IV. iii. 74.
cherubin: applied to an 'angelic' woman Tp. I.
ii. 152, Oth. IV. ii. 62 thou young and rose-hpp'd cherubin; also attrib. = angelic Tim. IV. iii. 63 For all her cherubin look

chest: used=breast Lucr. 761 Some purer chest. cheveril: kid-leather; always used allusively as a type of flexibility Tw.N. iii. i. 13, H8 ii. iii. 32 your soft c. conscience, Rom. II. iv. 90 a wit of c.

chew (in fig. uses): to ruminate upon Cæs. I. ii. 170: to keep mumbling over Meas. II. iv. 5 As if I did but only chew his name.

chewet: chough, jackdaw [Fr. 'chouette']; applied to a chatterer 1H4 v. i. 29 \* Peace, chewet, peace! chick: used as a term of endearment (S.) Tp. v. i. 316 My Ariel, chick.

chicken (2 cf. 'chicken-hearted')

applied to human offspring Mac. IV. iii, 218. 2 applied to one who is as timorous or defenceless

2 applied to one who is as timorous of defendences as a chicken Cym. v. iii. 42 they fly Chickens. chide (pa. t. chid, pa. pple, chid, chidden)
1 intr. to scold, quarrel, speak loudly, brawl LLL, iv. iii. 132 Fow chide at him, Shr. i. ii. 96 though the shide as loud 42 thunder. Sonn. exi. 1 for mu she chide as loud As thunder, Sonn. cxi. 1 for my sake do you with Fortune chide.

2 trans, to scold (freq.); to drive away with scolding MND. III. ii. 312 he hath chid me hence.

3 applied to sounds which suggest angry vehemence, e.g. the lashing of water 1H4 III. 1. 45 the sea That chides the banks, Oth. II. 1. 12 The chidden billow (Qq chiding).

4 to proclaim with noise H5 II. iv. 125 cares . . . Shall chide your trespass and return your mock

chiding vbl. sb.: brawling or angry noise MND. Iv.
i. 121 never did I hear Such gallant chaling [of
hounds], AYL. II. i. 7 chiding of the winter's wind.
chiding ppl. a.: brawling, noisy H8 III. ii. 198 the
chiding flood, Troil. I. iii. 54 (of the tempest), Per.
III. i. 32.

chief: in chief, mainly, principally Meas. v. i. 214 2H4 IV. 1. 31. ¶ Ham. 1. iii. 74 Are most select and generous, chief in that (old edd. Are of a most, Q, generall, Ff Cheff, Qq.26 have a comma at generous; many conj.: see commentators).

child (fig. uses of the ordinary senses are common) I female infant Wint. III. iii. 71 A boy or a child, I wonder; so my child is always used by S. of a denother Th. v. 198 Aday i. 77 Le v. vii. 70

daughter Tp. v. i. 198, Ado Iv. i. 77, Lr. Iv. vii. 70, youth of noble birth; used in ballads as a kind of title Lr. III. Iv. 185 Child Rowland to the dark

tower came.

child-changed\*: (a) changed by the conduct of his children, (b) changed into a child Lr. iv. vii. 17. childed: having children Lr. III. vi. 119 He childed as I father d.

childhood: filial relation Lr. II. iv. 181. childing: fertile, fruitful MND. II. i. 112 c. autumn. childishness: second childishness, second childhood AYL. II. vii. 165.

childness: childish humour Wint. 1. ii. 170. chill (Somerset dial., cf. che): I will Lr. IV. vi. 240. chimney (obs. use): fireplace Wiv. v. v. 49, 1H4 II. i. 22.

chinks (common Eliz.): money Rom. 1. v. 121. chip (1 cf. 'Chyp the vpper crust of your breade' Andrew Borde's 'Dyetary', 1542; 2 not pre-8.) I to pare (bread) by cutting away the crust 2H4 11.

iv. 258.

2 to hew, hack Troil. v. v. 34.

chips: applied to the keys of a spinet or harpsi-chord Sonn. exxviii. 10 those dancing chips.

chirurgeonly adv. (S.): like a skilled surgeon Tp. II. i. 147. chivalry (orig. applied to the mounted and fully

armed men-at-arms of the Middle Ages)
1 men-at-arms 2H4 II. iii. 20 all the chivalry of

England, H5 1. ii. 157.

2 knightly condition, knighthood 1H4 v. i. 94 a truant. . to chitwipy, Troil. 1. ii. 246 the prince of c.

3 bravery or prowess in war R2 1. i. 203 the victor's

chivalry, II. 1. 54 Christian service and true chivalry, 3H6 n. i. 71, Lucr. 109.
4 rank or order of knighthood Per. II. ii. 29 his

device, a wreath of chivalry.

choice sb. (1, 2, 3 not pre-S.; 4 only S.)

1 abundant and well-chosen supply John II. i. 72,

1H6 v. v. 17 85 full replete with c. of all delights.
2 person or thing chosen Wiv. III. iv. 31 This is my father's choice, Wint. v. i. 214, 2H4 I. iii. 87, Tit. IV. ii. 79.

3 choice or picked company John n. i. 72 a braver

choice of dauntless spirits.

4 special estimation All'sW. III. vii. 26.

choice adj.: choice spirits 1H6 v. iii. 3. Cæs. III. i. 163;

a S. expression taken up by modern writers.

choice-drawn: chosen with special care H5 III. Prol. 24.

choke (the following are rare in S.; 3 cf. Matthew xiii. 22 in the Great Bible of 1539, 'The care of the worlde, and the dissaytfulnes of riches, choke vp the worde ')

1 to prevent the free play of Mac. 1. ii. 9 As two spent swimmers, that do cling together And choke

their art.

2 to silence, stop the mouth of Shr. 11. i. 370 have I chok'd you with an aryosy?

3 to enclose so as to smother R2 III. iv. 44 her fairest

flowers chok'd up.

Choler (orig. =bile, one of the 'humours'; 1 cf.

'These thynges folowyng do purge color: Fumytory, Centory, wormewod... Reuberbe', Andrew Borde's 'Dyetary', 1542)

1 bilious disorder R2 1. i. 153 Let's purge this choler, Ham. III. ii. 320: in both passages with quibble or sone of

on sense 2.

2 anger (freq.); with a pun on 'collar' 1H4 II. iv. 361, Rom. I. i. 4.

choleric (3 the usual sense in S.)

1 causing bile Shr. IV. iii. 19 too choleric a meat (F<sub>1</sub> Q cholericke, Ff<sub>2 3 4</sub> phlegmaticke). inclined to wrath, irascible Lr. 1. i. 302 infirm and

choleric years.
3 angry Meas. II. ii. 130, Cæs. IV. iii. 43.
choose (special idiomatic uses are)

1 to do as one likes, take one's own course Mer. V. I. ii. 50 An you will not have me, choose.

2 cannot choose, have no alternative, cannot do otherwise Tp. I. il. 186, Cor. IV. iii. 39; followed by but Mer. V. III. i. 123, 2H4 III. ii. 223, Ven. 79.

3 to choose, to prefer one way or another Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 175 not half a kiss to choose.

chop: to thrust with sudden force, 'pop' R3 1, iv.

161 we will chop him in the malusey butt (so Qq; Ff throw him into). A word of the modern Shropshire dial; in literary use 1560-1650. chopine: kind of shoe raised by means of a cork

sole or the like, worn in Spain and Italy, esp. at

Venice, Ham. 11. ii. 455.

chop-logic: contentious sophistical arguer Rom.
111. v. 150 (Q<sub>1</sub> chop logicke, but the rest chopt logic,
which would naturally mean 'sophistical or contentious argument ').

chopping': changing the meanings of word R2 v. iii. 124 The chopping French. choppy: chapped Mac. I. iii. 44. chops': = chars' Lucr. 1452 (mod. edd. chaps).

chops 2: jaws Mac I. ii. 22 (Ff); person with fat or bloated cheeks 1H4 I. ii. 150, 2H4 II. iv. 234.

chorus: the chorus of Attic tragedy (consisting of a band of interested spectators) was imitated and adapted by English dramatists, and by S. and others reduced to a single person, who speaks the prologue and explains or comments upon the course of events Wint. IV. i. Enter Time, the C., H5 Prol. 32 Admit me C. to this history, Ham. III.

ii. 259, Phen. 52 Asc., to their fragic scene; chorus-like Ven. 360 And all this dumb play had his acts made plain With tears, which, c., her eyes did rain. chough: applied to the small chattering species of the crow family, esp. the jackdaw MND. III. ii. 21 russel-patel c-s, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 632, Mac. III. iv. 125; (hence) as the type of a chatterer Tp. II. i. 274 A c. of as deep chat, All'SW. IV. i. 22 c-'s language, yabble enough. ¶ In Lr. IV. vi. 14 perhaps the Cornish chough or red-legged crow, which was abundant on the Sussex coast 150 years ago

christen: Christian 1H4 II. i. 19 ne'er a king christen (Ff in Christendom), 11. iv. 8 their christen names (so Qq: Ff omit).

christendom (usu. sense 'Christians, or Christian countries collectively'

1 Christianity John IV. 1. 16, HS 1. iii. 15. 2 Christian name All'sW. 1. i. 190. christom child: corruption (by association with CHRISTEN) of 'chrisom child' = child in its chrisom-cloth or christening-robe, innocent babe H5 11. iii. 12.

chrysolite: name formerly given to several different gems of a green colour, as zircon, tourmaline, topaz, and apatite Oth, v. ii. 143.

chuck: freq. = CHICK L.L.L. v. i. 120. [244. chud (Somerset dial., cf. che): I would Lr. iv. vi. chuff: close, avaricious person, esp. one who does not know how to put his wealth to good use 1H4 II. ii. 98.

church: I am of the C., I am a 'churchman,' i.e. clergyman Wiv. I. i. 32; cf. the familiar plurase 'to enter the church' = to take holy orders; to go to church, to be married Ado II. i. 373 when mean you to go to church ?, Mer. V. III. ii. 304, Shr. III. ii. 129, Rom. II. v. 74, III. v. 162; so Ado III. iv. 97 to fetch you to church.

church-like: befitting a church or a clergyman 2H6 1. i. 248 Whose c. humours fit not for a crown. churchman: ecclesiastic, clergyman H8 i. iii. 55. churl (2 not earlier than the 16th cent.)

1 countryman, peasant, rustic, boor Err. III. i. 24 Good meat...is common; that every churl affords; (hence) rude, low-bred fellow Rom. v. iii. 163 0 churl! drunk all . . .?, Tim. 1. ii. 26.

2 miser, niggard Sonn. i. 12 And, tender churl, mak'st waste in niggarding; fig. lxix. 11. churlish (4 formerly said also of soil and metal)

1 rude, rough, brutal AYL. v. iv. 81 the 'reply churlish,' Ham. v. i. 262 churlish priest, Ven. 134. 2 (of beasts, natural objects or agencies) rough, violent, 'unkind' AYL. II. i. 7 the . . . c. chiding of the winter's wind (cf. 2H4 I. iii. 62 c. winter),

H5 IV. i. 15 a churlish turf, Troil. I. ii. 21.
3 niggardly, miserly AYL. II. iv. 81; sparing of praise John II. i. 519.

4 stiff, hard 1H4 v. i. 16 unknit This churlish knot. cicatrice: properly = scar Cor. 11. i. 166; used loosely = mark, impression AYL. 111. v. 23.

'cide: see SIDE vb. [II. iii. 72. Cimmerian: applied to Aaron, the Moor, in Tit. cincture : see CENTER.

cinders (1 still so used dialectally)

1 ashes (residue of combustion) Tit. II. iv. 37 burn the heart to cinders, Oth. Iv. ii. 74, Phoen. 55.

2 embers (pieces of glowing coal) Ant. v. ii. 172 I shall show the c. of my spirits Through the askes of my chance: applied to the stars 2H4 IV. iii. 58 the cinders of the element.

cinquepace: kind of lively dance, the steps of which are supposed to be based on the number five Ado II. i. 78, Tw. N. I. iii. 141 (F<sub>1</sub> Sinke-a-pace).

Cinque-ports: group of sea-ports (orig. five) situated on the south-east coast of England, in ancient times furnishing the chief part of the English navy, in return for which they had many privileges and franchises H8 rv. i. 49; used for barons of the Cinque-ports' H8 rv. i. (Order of the Coronation) A canopy borne by four of the C. cinque-spotted: having five spots Cym. II. ii. 38.

cipher sb.: zero, usu. in fig. application = nonentity, a mere nothing Meas. n. if. 39, LLL, 1, ii, 60,

AYL. m. ii. 310; with ref. to its increasing the value of figures preceding it Wint, 1, ii. 6 like a c., Yet standing in rich place, H5 Chor. 17 let us, ciphers to this great accompt, On your imaginary forces work.

cipher vb. (1 common Eliz.; 2 peculiar to S.)
1 to show forth, express Lucr. 207 To c. me how fondly

I did dote, 1396 The face of either c-d either's heart.
2 to decipher Lucr. 811 To cipher what is writ.
Circe: enchantress of the island of Aea, who transformed all who drank of her cup into swine Err. v. i. 271, 1H6 v. iii. 35.

circle (3 in use 1400-1670; 4 only S.)

36

1 ring used as a figure in magic AYL. II. v. 60 a Greek invocation to call fools into a circle, H5 v. ii. 318, Rom. II. i. 24.

crown, diadem John v. i. 2, Ant. III. x. [xii.] 18. circuit, compass AYL. v. iv. 34 in the circle of this forest, John v. ii. 136 the circle of his territories.

come full circle, turned quite round Lr. v. iii. 176:

for the general sense cf. Tw.N. v. i. 389. circled: rounded, circular Rom. II. ii. 110 the . . moon, That monthly changes in her circled orb, Lucr. 1229\* 'gan wet Her circled eyne. circuit: circlet, diadem (S.) 2H6 III. i. 352 the golden

circuit on my head; cf. 3H6 I. ii. 30. circummur'd (not pre-S.); walled round Meas. IV. i. 30 a garden circummur'd with brick.

circumstance (1, 4 the commoner S. senses)

1 attendant fact or 'adjunct' of an action: e.g. time, place, manner, &c. amid which it takes place Meas. IV. ii. 108 neither in time, matter, or other c., Tw. N. III. iv. 90, v. i. 261, 1H6 III. i. 152, Ham. III. ii. 81; pl. R3 III. vii. 175 All circumstances well considered, Lucr. 1262.

2 adjuncts of a fact which are evidence one way or

another Wint. v. ii. 34 Most true, if ever truth were pregnant by c., Ham. II. ii. 157, Oth. III. iii. 407 strong circumstances, Which lead directly to the door of truth; circumstantial evidence R31. ii. 77 Of these supposed evils, to give me leave, By cir-cumstance, but to acquit myself. condition, state of affairs Gent. I. i. 37 (quib-blingly), Ham. I. iii. 102 Unsifted in such perious c.

4 detailed and (hence) circuitous narration or discourse; (hence, collect. sing. and pl.) details, particulars Gent. III. ii. 36, Err. v. i. 16 With c. and oaths, Ado III. ii. 105\*c-s shortened, Mer. V. I. i. 155 To wind about my love with c., AYL. v. iv. 100 with c. (=indirectly), Shr. IV. ii. 120, Rom. II. v. 26 x. iii. 181 with the factoristic forms without further de-36, v. iii. 181 without c. (= without further details), Ham. v. ii. 2, Cym. II. iv. 61; detaile l

proof or inference Gent. I. i. 36, 84. 5 ceremony, formality Shr. v. i. 28, Wint. v. i. 90 his approach So out of circumstance (=uncere-monious), Ham. 1. v. 127 without more c. at all, Oth. III. iii. 355 Pride, pomp, and c. of glorious war (=ceremonious ostentation).

6 subordinate or secondary matter Oth. 111. iii. 16; by c-(s), as a mere contingency, by accident Wint. III. ii. 18, 2H6 v. ii. 39.

circumstanc'd: subject to, or governed by, circumstances (S.) Oth. III. iv. 200. [100) circumstantial (1 cf. CIRCUMSTANCE 4, AYL. v. iv.

indirect AYL. v. iv. 86 the 'lie circumstantial'. detailed Cym. v. v. 384 circumstantial branches. circumvention: means or power of circumvent-

ing Cor. I. ii. 6\*.
cital\*: (a) mention, citation, (b) impeachment 1H4

v. ii. 61 He made a blushing cital of himself. cite (1 occurs once; 3 twice, 5 only S.)

1 to summon to appear in court H8 w. i. 29. 2 to call, arouse, excite Gent. п. iv. 86, 2H6 пп. ii. 281, 3H6 п. i. 34, Pilgr. xiv. 15 [195].

3 to quote Mer. V. I. iii. 99 The devil can cite Scrip-

ture for his purpose, Troil, III. ii. 188. 4 to call to mind, make mention of Gent. rv. i. 53, H5 v. ii. 70, Tit. v. iii. 117; with up R3 r. iv. 14

we . . . cited up a thousand heavy times, Lucr. 524 thy trespass cited up in rimes. 5 to bespeak, be evidence of All'sW. I. iii. 218 Whose aged honour cites a virtuous youth.

citizen adj. (8.): city-bred Cym. rv. ii. 8.
city (2 after Greek 'polis', Latin 'civitas')
1 the City = London 3H6 I. i. 67.

2 self-governing city or state Cor. III. i. 199. 3 fig. = maiden innocence All'sW. I. i. 139, Lucr.

469, Compl. 176.

city-woman: citizen's wife AYL. II. vii. 75. civet: perfume derived from the civet cat AYL. III. ii. 70 civet . . . the very uncleanly flux of a cut, Lr. IV. vi. 133 an ounce of civet.

civil (freq. in collocations referring to civil war, e.g. c. arms R2 III. iii. 102, c. wounds I. iii. 128; 1 rare in S.; 2 not pre-S.; the sense of 'well-mannered, polite' MND. iii. ii. 147 comes partly out of sense 2; in Ado II, i. 306 there is a pun on 'Seville')

1 of or belonging to citizens Rom. Prol. 4 Where

civil blood makes civil hands unclean.

2 having proper public or social order, well-governed, orderly Gent. v. iv. 156, 2H4 iv. i. 42, H5 i. ii. 199, Ant. v. i. 16 cml streets.

3 pertaining to civil law Mer. V. v. i. 210 a c. doctor\*.

civility: civilization Mer. V. 11. ii. 210°, clack-dish: wooden dish with a lid carried by beggars and 'clacked' to attract attention Meas. ш. іі. 139.

claim: to demand the fulfilment of (a promise) Gent. iv. iv. 94, R3 III. i. 197.

clamour: din (as of guns) 3H6 v. ii. 44 like a clumour in a rault (Ff Cannon).

clamour: (?) to silence (the tongue) Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 250 c. your tongues, and not a word more. ¶ Said to be a metaphor from bell-ringing.

clangor (not pre-S.): loud resonant ringing sound 3H6 II. iii. 18 Like to a dismal clangor.

clap sb.: at a clap, at one stroke Lr. 1. iv. 318. clap (sense 'to clap hands, applaud 'is not pre-S.; 3 is the usual S. sense; 'to tap, pat' also occurs) 1 clap to, shut smartly 1H4 II, iv. 309, Cor. I. iv. 51. 2 to strike (hands) reciprocally in token of a bargain H5 v. ii. 134 and so c. hands and a bargain ; hence apparently the use in Wint. 1. ii. 104 Ere I could make thee open thy white hand And clap thyself my love; so c. up, settle (a bargain) hastily Shr. n. i. 319 Was ever match clapp'd up so sud-denly?, John III. i. 235.

3 to put or set smartly or vigorously Wiv. II. ii. 144 C. on more sails, R2 III. ii. 114, Rom. III. i. 6 c-s me his sword upon the table, Ant. III. viii. [x.] 29; absol. 2H4 III. ii. 51 a' would have clapped [viz.

an arrow] i' the clout.

4 c. up, put in prison 2H6 1. iv. 53; fig. Ant. iv. ii. 5 to impose (fines) H8 v. iv. 86.

6 to enter into briskly, strike into (a song) Meas. IV. iii. 44, AYL. v. iii. 12 a song . . . Shall we clap into 't roundly ?

clapper-claw: to maul, thrash, drub Wiv. II. iii. 67; fig. Troil. v. iv. 1 they are c-ing one unother, [Epist. (Q1) A new play . . . neuer clapperclawd with the palmes of the vulgar].

Clare: volarists of Saint Clare, order of nuns, called

Poor Clares and Minoresses, instituted by St.

Clare at Assisi in the 13th cent., Meas. 1. iv. 5. claret wine [Fr. 'vin clairet']; light-red wine 2H6 ty, vi. 4. ¶ The name 'claret' was orig, opposed to 'white' and to 'red', but in time became

transferred to red wines (now, those from Bordeaux).

claw (3 the fuller phrase was 'to claw a person's ears, senses, humour,' &c.) to seize, grip Ham. v. i. 78 age . . . Hath claw'd me

in his clutch.

to scratch gently or soothingly 2H4 II. iv. 282 his poll clawed like a parrot.

to flatter, cajole Ado 1. iii. 19 and claw no man in his humour; cf. LLL. iv. ii. 66.

clay: freq. applied to that of which men and mortal things are made or to which they will return. clay-brained: clod-pated, stupid 1H4 H. iv. 255.

cleanly adv. (obsolete uses)

1 completely, quite Ven. 694 till they have singled ... the cold fault cleanly out. cleverly, adroitly Tit. 11. i. 94 struck a doe, And borne her cleanly by the keeper's nose, Lucr. 1073 cleanly-coin'd excuses.

clean-timbered: clean-limbed LLL. v. ii, 639.

clear adj. (senses now obs. or archaie)
1 bright, fully light Meas. IV. ii. 227 clear dawn,
H8 I. i. 226 my clear sun, Ven. 860.

(of looks) serene, cheerful MND, 111. ii. 60, Shr. 11. i. 173, Wint. 1. ii. 343 a countenance as c. As friend-

ship wears; as adv. Mac. I. v. 72 Only look up c. 3 glorious, illustrious Mer.V. II. ix. 42 that clear

honour, Lr. IV. vi. 74 the clearest gods, Lucr. 11. unspotted, unstained, innocent Tp. III. iii. 82, Wiv. III, iii, 124 If you know yourself clear, Mac. I. vii. 18 So clear in his great office, II. i. 28, Ant. v. ii. 121, Per. I. i. 141, IV. vi, 116.

clear vb. (the less common senses are the foll.)

to get (any one) clear of a place Wint. I. ii. 439
 I will . . . Clear them o' the city.
 to settle (affairs) AYL, I. i. 181 this wrestler shall

clear all, Wint. III. i. 18 clear or end the business. 3 to get rid of, cancel (debts) Mer. V. III. ii. 320 all debts are c-ed between you and I, Wint. I. ii. 74 the

imposition c-d; also to set (a person) free from debt Tim, II, ii. 236 Ictear'd him with fice Intents, clearly: entirely, completely Tw.N. v. i. 292; John III, iv. 122\* In this which he accounts so c. non (or ? manifestly, evidently), v. v. 7\* And wound our tottering colours clearly up (or ? stainlessly).

clearness: freedom from suspicion Mac. III. i. 133\*.

clearstories: see CLERESTOR'

cleave: to split; pa. t. eleft Wint. III. ii. 197, 3H6
I. i. 12, clove Lr. I. iv. 176; pa. pple, cleft Gent. v.
iv. 103, cloven (always qualifying a sb., e.g. Tp.
I. ii. 277 a cloven pine).

clef (old edd. cliff): key in music Shr. III. i. 78 'D

sol re,' one clef, two notes have I; fig. Troil. v. ii. 11 any man may sing her, if he can take her cliff (Ff

find her . . . her life

cleft: divided, twofold Compl. 293. clepe: to call LLL. v. i. 24, Mac. III. i. 94 (Ffelipt), Ham. I. iv. 19; cf. yclept.

clerestory: upper part of the nave, choir, and transepts of a large church lying above the triforium (or the nave arches) containing windows admitting light to the central parts of the building; also applied to similar features in other buildings Tw.N. IV. ii. 42 (F1 eleere stores, Ff2, 4) clear(e stones, mod. edd. clearstories).

clerk (archaic sense): man of learning, scholar MND, v. i. 93, H8 11, ii. 92\*, Per. v. Gower 5 Deep clerks she dumbs.

clerk-like: in a scholarly way Wint. 1. in. 392. clerkly adj.: scholarly, book-learned Wiv. 1v. v. 58. clerkly adv.: in a scholarly manner Gent. 11. i. 119.

2H6 III. i. 179 ignominious words, though c. couch'd. clew: ball of thread All'sW. 1. iii. 190 you have wound a goodly clew (fig.).

cliff: see cleft.
climate sb.: formerly used = region, country,
 'clime', without ref. to climatic conditions R2 IV. i. 130 in a Christian climate, Cæs. I. iii. 32.

climate vb. (S.): to dwell in a particular region or 'clime,' reside Wint. v. i. 170 whilst you Doc. here. climature: (?) region (S.) Ham. I. i. 125 (Q2).

Climb (obs. sense): to reach by climbing, Gent. II.
iv. 182 c. her window, III. i. 115. Rom. II. v. 76 c.
a bird's nest; fig. Tim. I. i. 77 To c. his happiness.
cling: to pinch with hunger Mac. v. v. 40.

clinquant: glittering H8 I. i. 19 All c., all in gold. clip (3 is the prevailing use)

1 to cut Per. v. iii. 74 clip lo form. 2 to curtail, abbreviate LLL. v. ii. 600 Judas Mac-cabeus clipt is plain Judas, Lr. IV. vii. 6 Nor more nor clipp'd, but so.

3 to embrace, surround John v. ii. 34 Neptune's arms, who clippeth thee about, 1Н4 пп. i. 44 clipp d in with the sea, 2Н6 пу. i. 6 (Ff Cleap(e), Oth. пп. iii. 465, Ant. v. ii. 360, Сут. п. iii. 139.

clipper: one who mutilates current coin by fraudulently paring the edges H5 IV. i. 249 (allusive

nassage)

clip-winged (S.): having the wings clipped 1H4 III. i. 151 A clip-wing'd griffin. cloak-bag: portmanteau Cym. III. iv. 172; fig. 1H4 II. iv. 503 that stuffed cloak-bag of gatts.

clock sb.: twixt c. and c., between the striking of one hour and another; tell the c., count the strokes of the clock Tp. II. i. 297, R3 v. iii. 277.

strokes of the clock Tp. II. i. 297, R3 v. iii. 277.
clock vb.: to cluck Cor. v. iii. 163. ¶ 'To clucke,
or clocke, as a Henne, 'Cotgr.
clock-setter: one who attends to and regulates
clocks John III. i. 324 fold Time the clock-setter.
clodpole: blockhead Tw. N. III. iv. 211.
cloistress (S.): nun Tw. N. I. i. 28.
close sb.¹ (Ofr. 'clos', from Latin 'clausum'): enclosure Tim. v. i. 210 a tree which grows here in
mu close. my close.

close sb.2 (from the vb. close; 2 and 3 not pre-S.) 1 conclusion of a piece of music, cadence R2 11. i. 12 music at the c. (Q1), H5 1. ii. 182 Congreeing in a full and natural close, Like music.
2 union Gent. v. iv. 117, Tw.N. v. i. 162 (he holy

close of lips.

3 close encounter, grapple 1H4 I. i. 13 the intestine shock And furious close of civil butchery.

close adj. and adv. (uses not now general)

1 enclosed, shut up, shut in, confined Gent. III. i. 236 c. prison (hence c. prisoner Oth. v. ii. 334), MND. III. ii. 7, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 503, R3 IV. ii. 52 I will take order for her keeping c., HS v. iv. 31, Rom. 111. ii. 5 thy c. curtain, Lucr. 367. 2 free from observation, concealed, secret 2H6 11. iv. 74 c. dealing, R3 1. i. 157 secret c. intent, Tim.

IV. iii. 143, Ham. II. i. 118 which, being kept c.; often in phrase stand c. Ado III. iii. 113, 3H6 IV. v. 17, Mac. v. i. 23, also absol. Tw.N. II. v. 23 close (= be still); used adverbially = secretly Shr. Ind. i. 127 in a napkin being close convey'd, 1H6 i. iv. 9. close entrench'd.

3 practising secreey, uncommunicative, not open Meas. IV. iii. 127 In your close patience, John IV. ii. 72 that close aspect of his, 1H4 II. iii. 115 No lady closer, Mac. III. v. 7 close contriver of all harms,

Cym. III. v. 85 Close villain.
close vb. (often used where 'enclose' would now be usual, e.g. Lucr. 761 Some purer chest to close so pure a mind)

1 to join (hands) John II. i. 533, Rom. II. vi. 6.

2 to be united, meet H5 1. ii. 210 many lines close in the dial's centre, Mac. III. ii. 14 She'll close and be herself.

3 to grapple 1H4 пп. іі. 133, 2H4 п. і. 21.

to come to terms, agree Gent. II. v. 13, Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 834, 2H4 II. iv. 358, Cæs. III. i. 202, Ham. II. i. 45 He c-s with you in this consequence; to take a lower stand, 'climb down' Meas. v. i. 341. closely (obs. in both S. uses)

1 in close confinement Shr. I. i. 187 closely mew'd

her up, R3 1. i. 38. 2 secretly, covertly, privately LLL. IV. iii. 137 c. shrouded in this bush, R3 III. i. 159, Rom. v. iii. 255 Meaning to keep her closely at my cell, Ham. 111. i. 29 we have closely sent for Hamlet hither.

closeness: retirement, seclusion Tp. 1. ii. 90. closet (1 is freq.; also fig. Lucr. 1659, Sonn. xlvi. 6) 1 private room, spec. private apartment of a mon-arch or potentate John IV. ii. 267, H5 v. ii. 210,

Cæs. 11, i. 35.

2 private repository or cabinet for papers Cas. III. ii. 135, Mac. v. i. 6 unlock her closet, take forth paper, Lr. III. iii. 12.

close-tongu'd (S.): uncommunicative Lucr. 770.

closure (2 not recorded before S.)

1 enclosure, bound, limit R3 ut. iii. 10 Within the guilty closure of thy walls, Ven. 782 the quiet closure of my breast, Sonn. xlviii. 11.

2 conclusion, end Tit. v. iii. 134. cloth (3 in use about 1450-1650)

1 handkerchief, napkin 3H6 1. iv. 157, Cym. v. i. 1, Per. 111. ii. 87.

dress, livery Cym. II. iii. 128 a hilding for a

2 dress, livery Cym. II. iii. 128 a hilding for a livery, a squire's cloth.
3 painted cloth, hanging for a room painted or worked with figures or mottoes, tapestry LLL. v. ii. 577, Troil. v. x. 47, Lucr. 245.
Clothair, Clotharius: one of the French kings of the Merovingian dynasty H5 I. ii. 67; as a type of antiquity H8 I. iii. 10.
clotpoll, -pole: (a person's) 'thick' head Cym. IV. ii. 184; blockhead, dolt = CLOPOLE Troil. II. i. 128, Lr. I. iv. 51 (Qq clatpole). ¶'Clat' is a wide-spread dial. form (= clod of earth), by the side of 'clot' and 'clod'. side of 'clot' and 'clod'

cloud sb.: dark spot on the face of a horse (used punningly) Ant. III. ii. 51.

cloud vb.: recorded first from S. in senses 'to over-spread with gloom or sorrow' 3H6 iv. i. 74, 'cast a slur upon, asperse' Wint. I. ii. 280, 'to become gloomy' LLL. v. ii. 729.

cloudy: chiefly fig. = gloomy, sullen Mac. III. vi. 41.

cloudy: chiefly fig. = gloomy, sullen Mac, III. vi. 41. clout (1 see also babe of clouts)

1 piece of cloth, rag R3 I. iii. 177, Rom. II. iv. 221 as pule as any c., Ham. II. ii. 537, Ant. IV. vii. 6°. 2 square piece of carvas at the archery butts, which was the mark aimed at LLL. IV. i. 138, 2H4 III. ii. 52 (see clay vb. 3), Lr. IV. vi. 94. clouted: (a) patched, (b) studded with heavy nails 2H6 IV. ii. 199 clouted shoon, Cym. IV. ii. 214 My clouted throughs.

clouted brogues.
cloy: (?) to claw Cym. v. iv. 118 cloys his beak.

cloyless (S.): that does not satiate Ant. II. i. 25.

cloyment (S.): satiety Tw.N. n. iv. 101 surfeit, c. club: 1H6 i. iii. 85 Tll call for clubs (= 1'll summon assistance), H8 v. iv. 54, Tit. n. i. 37, Rom. r. i. 79. ¶ 'Prentices and clubs' was the rallying cry of the London apprentices. cluck: in mod. edd. for clock vb. Cor. v. iii. 163.

clue: see CLEW.

clusters: crowds, mobs Cor. IV. vi. 123, 129 Here come the clusters; so clust'ring, thronged 1H6 IV. vii. 13 the clust'ring battle of the French.

clutch: to clench (the hand) Meas. III. ii. 51, John II. i. 589 I have the power to clutch my hand.

coach-fellow: horse yoked in the same carriage

with another, fig. companion, mate Wiv. 11. ii. 8.

co-act: to act together Troil. v. ii. 115.

co-active: acting in concert with Wint. 1. ii. 142. coal (the following are special uses)

1 dead coal(s, cinder(s, charred fuel Wint, v. i. 68, fig. John v. ii. 83 the dead coal of wars; (hence, sing.) ashes Cor. IV. vi. 138.

2 carry coals, do dirty work, (hence) submit to insult H5 III. ii. 51 I knew by that piece of service the men would carry coals, Rom. 1. 1. 2.

coarse (once in S.): inferior H8 III. ii. 240. coarsely (once in S.): slightingly, meanly All'sW.
111. v. 57 Reports but coarsely of her.
coast (2 old edd. cost, which some take to be the
verb 'cost' = cause the loss of)

1 to go a roundabout way, travel circuitously Err.
I. i. 134 And, c-ing homeward, came to Ephesus,
H8 III. ii. 38 how he c-s And hedges his own way; to make progress against obstacles Ven. 870 all in

haste she coasteth to the cry.
2 to assail, attack 3H6 1. i. 268 Whose haughty spirit

. . Will coast my crown.

coasting\*: (a) accosting (cf. coast 2); (b) hesitating approach of a suitor (cf. coast 1) Troil. IV. V. 59 That give a coasting (accostingt) welcome ere it comes.

coat (the ordinary sense, with proverbial phrases pertaining to it, is common Wiv. nr. v. 147 there's a hole made in your best coat, H5 nr. vi. 92, Oth. 1, i. 53 when they have lined their coats; be in (a

person's) coat, stand in his shoes Tw.N. Iv., i. 33 = coat of arms, or coat-armour Wiv. I. i. 17, &c. MND. III. ii. 213, R2 III. i. 24, 1H4 IV. ii. 49 a herald's coat; fig. Compl. 236 spirits of richest coat. = coat of mail R2 I. iii. 75, 1H4 IV. i. 100.

cobloaf: 'little loafe made with a round head' (Minsheu 1617) Troil. n. i. 41.

cock 1 (the foll. senses occur each once)

weather-cock Lr. III. ii. 3. [Tim. 11, ii. 172\*.

2 spout or pipe to let out liquor, tap (in fig. phrase) 3 in fire-arms, part of the mechanism for discharg-

ing the piece H5 II. i. 55.

monly taken to be the word meaning 'directory

of divine service'.

cock-a-hoop: set c.\*, orig. = to drink without stint, make good cheer recklessly, (hence) to cast off all restraint, give the rein to disorder, set all by

the ears Rom. 1. v. 85.

cockatrice: = BASILISK 1, Rom. III. ii. 47 the death-

durting eye of cockutrice.

cocker'd: indulged, pampered John v. i. 70. cockle': prob. darnel, Lolium tenulentum (the 'tares' of Matthew xiii. 25) LLL. iv. iii. 383

Sow'd cockle reap'd no corn; fig. Cor. 111. i. 69 The cockle of rebellion.

cockle2: applied to any bivalve shell, esp. that of the scallop Shr. IV. iii. 66, Per. IV. iv. 2 Sail seas in c-s; cockle hat, hat with a scallop-shell stuck in it, worn by pilgrims as a sign of their having been to the shrine of St. James of Compostella in

Spain Ham. iv. v. 25 (quoting an old ballad). cockled: having a shell (S.) LLL. iv. iii. 338

vockled snails.

cockney: effeminate or foppish fellow Tw. N. 1v. i. 15 I am afraid this great lubber, the world, will

prove a cockney; squeamish woman Lr. Ir. iv. 123.

cockpit: properly, enclosed place for fightingcocks, transf, applied to a theatre H5 Prol. 11.

cock-shut time\*: evening twilight, (a) time when

woodcocks were caught in nets as they 'shot' through the glades of the woods; (b) time at which poultry are shut up R3 v. iii, 70.

cock-sure: perfectly secure or safe 1H4 II. i. 95
We steal as in a castle, cock-sure. ¶ The modern senses are post-S.

Cocytus: river of the infernal regions Tit. II. iii. codding: (?) lustful Tit. v. i, 99.

codling: immature or half-grown apple Tw.N. I. v. 168 a c. when 'tis almost an apple.

cod-piece: part of male attire made indelicately conspicuous in S.'s time; fig. in Meas. III, ii. 124. coffin : pie-crust Tit. v. ii. 189 of the paste a c. I will

Cf. CUSTARD-COFFIN. rear. Cf. CUSTARD-COFFIN. cog (1, 2 common Eliz.; 3 not pre-S.)

1 to employ fraud or deceit, cheat Ado v. i. 95, LLL. v. ii. 236, R3 i. iii. 48, Tim. v. i. 100, Oth. Iv. ii. 132.

2 to use flattery, fawn Wiv. 111. iii. 76. 3 to wheedle (a thing) from a person Cor. 111. ii. 133. cognition: knowledge, consciousness Troil. v. ii. 61 cognition of what I feel. cognizance: mark or token by which a thing is

known 1H6 II. iv. 108 c. of my blood-drinking hate, Cym. II. iv. 127 The c. of her incontinency; transf. from the proper heraldic sense of 'device or emblem worn by retainers', which occurs in Cæs. II. ii. 89 relics, and cognizance.

cohere: to agree (with) Meas. II. i. 11, Tw.N. v. i. 262; so coherence, agreement 2H4 v. i. 72; coherent, in accordance All'sW. III. vii. 39.

cohort: band of soldiers Lr. 1. ii. 167 (Qq).

coif: see quoif.

coign: corner-stone Cor. v. iv. 1 (Ff Coin), Per. III. Prol. 17; c. of vantage, position (properly, a projecting corner) affording facility for observation or action Mac. I. vi. 7.

coil (kept a coil\*, in F<sub>2</sub> acoyle, bustled about, pestered All's W. II. i. 27: see A<sup>3</sup>3)

noise, disturbance Err. 111. i. 48. fuss, to-do Ado III. iii. 99, John II. i. 165; mortal coil, bustle or turmoil of this mortal life Ham, III.

i. 67 When we have shuffled off this mortal coil.
 coistrel: knave, base fellow Tw.N. I. iii. 4<sup>1</sup>, (F<sub>1</sub>
 Coystrill), Per. IV. vi. 181 (Qq<sub>123</sub> custerell).

Colbrand: Danish giant in ancient legend John I. i. 225, H8 v. iv. 23.

cold sb.: coldness H8 IV. ii. 98 of an earthy cold. cold adj. (5 the meaning is somewhat doubtful)

1 deliberate, cool 2H4 m. ii. 136 a c. soldier, v. ii. 98 c. considerance, Cym. 11. iii. 2 the most coldest [man] that ever turned up ace.

2 devoid of sensual heat, chaste Tp. IV. i. 66 cold nymphs, MND. 1. i. 73, Ham. IV. vii. 172, Cym. V.

v. 182, Compl. 293 cold modesty. gloomy, dispirited, hopeless All'sW. II, i. 147 Where hope is coldest, 1H4 II, iii, 35 cold heart, 2H4 v. ii, 31, 3H6 III, ii, 133. [535] 4 chilling, damping 2H6 III. i. 86 C. news, R3 IV. iv.

5 without power to move or influence Gent. IV. iv. 188, Mer.V. II. vii. 73 your suit is cold.

6 (of scent) not strong, faint Tw.N. 11. v. 136 at a c. scent, Ven. 694 the c. fault; cf. Wint. 11. i. 150.

coldly: calmly, tranquilly, coolly Err. v. i. 273, Ado III. ii, 134, John II. i. 53 We coldly pause for thee, Rom. III. i. 57; lightly, with indifference Ham. IV. iii. 65.

cold-moving: frigid, distant Tim. II. ii. 222 c. nods. collateral: indirect All'sW. I. i. 100, Ham IV. V.206.

colleagued: allied Ham. I. ii. 21.

collect: to gather (information), deduce, infer 2H6
III. i. 35, H8 I. ii. 130, III. ii. 295 the articles
Collected from his life.

collection: inference, deduction Ham. IV. V. 9, V.

ii. 199, Cym. v. v. 433 I can Make no c. of it. collied: blackened, darkened MND. 1. i. 145 the c. night, Oth. 11. iii. 208 my best judgement c. (Qq coold). collop: slice of meat; applied to offspring (16th c. use) Wint. I, ii. 138, 1H6 v. iv. 18.

Colme-kill: Iona, Mac. 11. iv. 33.

coloquintida: the colocynth or bitter-apple, Citrullus Colocynthis, which furnishes a purgative drug Oth. i. iii, 356.

Colossus: bronze statue of Apollo of enormous size, one of the seven wonders of the world, reputed to have stood astride the entrance to the harbour of Rhodes, Cæs. 1. ii. 135 he doth bestride the narrow world Like a Colossus; hence colossus-

wise Troil. v. v. 9.
colour sb. (after the literal sense and sense 1, 4 is the most freq. in S.; the word easily lends itself to quibbling; of doubtful place is All'sW. II. v. 65 holds not colour with = is not in keeping with)

1 pl. military ensigns (freq.); phr. feur no c-s, fear no enemy, have no fear Tw.N. I. v. 6, 2H4 v. v. 94; under her colours, in her party, led by her Cym. 1. iv. 21.

2 appearance, semblance 1H6 II. iv. 34 without all

colour Of . . . flattery, Ham. 111. iv. 129.
3 general 'complexion' or tone, character, kind AYL. 1. ii. 108-9 Sport! Of what c.?, Lr. 11. ii. 145

a fellow of the self-same colour (Qq nature).
4 pretext, pretence Gent. IV. ii. 3 Under the c. of commending him, 2H4 v. v. 91, (with quibble) 1H6 II, iv. 34, 2H6 III, i. 236, Cæs. II. i. 29, Ant. 1. iii. 32 seek no colour for your yoing, Lucr. 267. 5 allegeable ground or reason, excuse 2H4 I. ii. 280

I have the wars for my colour, Cym. 111. i. 51 against all colour (=in opposition to all reason).

colour vb. (2 cf. colour sb. 4)

to dye Shr. r. i. 211, rv. i. 137, Wint. rv. ii. [iii.] 49, Cym. v. i. 2.

to give a specious appearance to, gloss, disguise Meas. II. i. 237, 1H4 I. iii. 109, Ham. II. ii. 296, 111. i. 45 That show of such an exercise may colour Your loneliness.

colourable: specious, plausible LLL. IV. ii. 158 colour'd: depicted in colour, painted Lucr. 1497 pencil'd pensireness and colour'd sorrow.

colt sb.; young inexperienced fellow Mer. V. I. ii. 43. colt vb.; to be fool 1H4 II. ii. 43. ¶ In use 1580-1620. co-mart (Qq): Han, I. i. 93 (Ff Cou innut). combat: always = fight between two, duel. e.g.

Ham. 1. i. 84; single combat 1H6 1. ii. 95, 2H6 1. iii. 212, personal combat Ant. 1V. i. 3. [230.

combinate: betrothed, affianced (S.) Meas. III. i. combination: agreement, treaty, alliance (8.)

Tw.N. v. i. 395, H8 I. i. 169 The articles o' the combination, Ham. III. iv. 60.

combined: tied, bound (8.) Meas. IV. iii, 153 combined by a sacred vow; cf. AYL. v. iv. 157 Thy faith

my funcy to thee doth combine.

combustious: combustible (S.) Ven. 1162,

come (1 is frequent=come to be)
1 to become MND. II. ii. 92, Ham. v. i. 170 How came he mad?

2 phrases: c. from thy ward, leave thy posture of defence Tp. I. ii. 468; He's coming, he begins to relent Meas. II. ii. 125; c. to it, reached the age of puberty, attained full age 2H4 III. ii. 273, Troil. I. ii. 89; came to himself, recovered consciousness Cas. I. ii. 271; c. home, to come away from its hold, so as to drag Wint. I. ii. 214; c. short, to fall short (of) Meas. v. i. 214, Ado III. v. 45, Ham. IV. vii. 90, Sonn. lxxxiii. 7; similarly Ham. III. ii. 29 this overdone, or come turdy off, Lr. I. iii. 10 If you come slack of former services.

come about, (1) to veer round Mer. V. II. vi. 64 the wind is c. about, (2) to turn out to be true Rom. I. iii. 45 how a jest shall c. about; come behind for the purpose of attacking 2H6 IV. vii. 87; come by, to get hold of, become possessed of (freq.) Tp. II. i. 300, Mer. V. I. ii. 9, Cas. II. i. 259; come forth, to be published Tim. t. i. 26; come in, (1) to make a pass or home-thrust, get within the opponent's guard 1H4 II. iv. 245, 2H4 III. ii. 306; (2) to give in, yield, relent John v. ii. 70; come near (see NEAR); come off, (1) to escape, get clear (freq.); to leave the field of combat, retire from an engagement John v. v. 4, H5 III. vi. 79, Cor. I. vi. 1 we are c. off Like Romans; (2) to come to the issue, turn out Meas. II. i. 58, Tim. 1. i. 30; (3) to pay, disburse Wiv. Iv. iii. 12 I'M make them pay... they must c. off; come over, (1) to surpass Ado v. ii. 7 In so high a style . . . that no mun living shall c. over it; (2) to come as an overshadowing or overmastering influence, take possesion of (fig.) H5 1. ii. 267, Oth. Iv. i. 20 it c-s o'er my memory; (3) to light upon Tim. 111. ii. 86 Nor came any of his bounties over me; come up, (1) to take rise, come into fashion 2H6 IV. ii. 11 since gentlemen came up; (2) to rise to Wint. II. i. 192; come upon, to approach Troil. IV. iii. 3 the hour... Comes fast upon.

comeddle: to mix Ham. III. ii. 74 (Qq com(m)edled, Ff co-mingled, mod. edd. commingled). comely: fittingly Compl. 65 comely-distant.

Comfort: used as interj. (S.) = cheer up, take heart Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 854 C., good c., John III. iv. 4, R2 III. ii. 75, R3 II. ii. 89, Ant. III. vi. 89 Best of c.!; -what c.! = what cheer? Meas. III. i. 53, R2 II. ii. 72; -have c., be of (good) c., be of good cheer Tp. I. ii. 492, Tw. N. III. iv. 375, John v. iii. 9, v. vi. 35

comfort vb. (2 is peculiar to S.)

I to minister relief to, relieve LLL. IV. ii. 44, Wint. II. iii. 56 in c-ing your evils, Tit. II. iii. 209 comfort me, and help me out, Lr. III. v. 21. 2 to take comfort, be consoled AYL. II. vi. 5,

Ant. I. ii. 175.

comfortable (2 was a common Eliz, sense)

I affording comfort, consolation, or help All'sW. 1 allorung comfort, consolation, or help All SW.
1. i. 87 Be c. to my mother, Rom. v. iii. 148, Lr. 1.
iv. 330 kind and c.; of things Tw. N. 1. v. 240, R2
11. ii. 76c. nords, Lr. 11. ii. 171, Lucr. 164 Noc. struc.
2 cheerful, 'of good comfort' AYL. 11. vi. 9 be c.,
R3 1v. iv. 174, Cor. I. iii. 2, Tim. 111. iv. 72.
comfortless (1 now rare of persons; 2 obs.)
1 unconsoled, inconsolable Err. v. i. 80 grim and
c decayir M8 11. iii. 105 The gueen is confortless

c. despair, H8 11. iii. 105 The queen is comfortless. giving no comfort John v. vi. 20, Tit. III. i. 250,

Lr. 111, vii. 85,

coming(s)-in: income Mer. V. 11. ii. 178, H5 IV. i. 263 What are thy rents? what are thy comings-in? co-mingle: to mingle together Ham. III. ii. 74 (so Ff co-mingled, mod. edd. commingled, Qq comedled). coming-on: complaisant AYL. IV. i. 118.

comma (1 term of rhetoric; 2 fig. for punctuation) 1 short member of a sentence (fig.) Tim. 1. i. 49\* no levell'd malice Infects one comma in the course I hold. 2 break of continuity Ham, v. ii. 42\* a c. 'tween

their amities (various conj. and explanations). command sb.: upon command, (1) at a given order R3 I, iv. 202; (2) at pleasure AYL. II, vii. 125. command vb. (1 is freq.; 2 is rare) [8. 1 to demand with authority 2H6 v. i, 49, Cym. I. v. 2 to lay commanded [from convenient or commanded [from convenient or commanded [from convenient or commanded [from convenient or convenient or commanded [from convenient or con

commanded [from command sp.]: entrusted with command Cor. I. i. 268 to be c. Under Cominus. commander: applied to Death, Ven. 1004. commandment (old edd. usually commandement or command ment, representing four-syll. pronunciation, which still survives dial.)

1 at my, your c., at my, your service Mer.V. 11. ii. 32, 2H4 v. iii. 141; at c., at pleasure 2H4 111. ii. 27.

2 ten commandments, the fingers 2H6 I. iii. 145. ¶ In frequent use about 1600.

commeddle: see co-MEDDLE.

commence: 2H4 IV. iii. 126 learning, a mere hoard of gold kept by a devil till sack c-s it and sets it in act and use; allusion probably to the commence-ment at Cambridge University, i.e. proceeding to the degree of Master or Doctor and so qualifying to teach.

commend sb. (1 late examples of this sense)

1 commendation Mer.V. 11. ix. 90\* commends and courteous breath, Per. II. ii. 49 speak in his just c. 2 pl. greetings, remembrances, compliments R2 111, i. 38, 111, iii. 126 kind commends. commend vb. (senses 2, 3, and the sense 'to praise'

are the most freq.)

1 to deliver, commit, entrust LLL, III. i. 177 to her white hand see thou do c. This seal'd-up counsel, R2 III. iii. 116, H8 v. i. 17, Mac. I. vii. 11, Lr. II. iv. 28, Lucr. 436.

2 to commit to the care or attention of Gent. 1. i. 17, Cor. IV. v. 150 Let me c. thee first to those . .

3 to recommend to kindly remembrance, 'remember' Wiv. 1. iv. 164 if thou seest her before me, c. me; refl. Mer.V. 111. ii. 233 Signior Antonio Commends him to you. co'mmendable (in Mcr. V. 1. i. 111 ? comme'ndable);

(?) bestowing commendation, commendatory Cor.

iv. vii. 51\*

commendation: pl. greetings, remembrances Gent. 1. iii. 53.

comment sb.: mental observation, pondering John v. vii. 4; Ham. III. ii. 84\* the very comment of thy soul, thy most intense observation (Ff my). comment vb. (2 cf. COMMENT sb.)

1 to discourse or expatiate upon Gent. п. i. 44 a physician to c. on your maludy, Sonn. xv. 4. 2 to ponder, meditate R3 iv. iii. 51 fearful c-iny.

Commentaries: the Commentarii or memoirs of

Cæsar 2H6 Iv. vii. 65.

commerce: intercourse Tw.N. III. iv. 194, Ham. ur. i. 110. The orig. stressing is comme'rce, e. g. Troil. III. iii. 206.

commission (2 the commonest use in S.)

1 order, mandate Meas. 1. i. 13, Lr. v. iii. 254. 2 warrant All'sW. II. iii. 280, 1H6 v. iv. 95 letters of c., H8 1. ii. 20, &c., Rom. IV. i. 64, Lr. v. iii. 65

Bore the commission of my place and person. 3 in c., entrusted with an office Mac. 1. iv. 2; cf. Cor. IV. vii. 14 Join'd in c. with him; in c. with, serving as a justice of the peace with 2H4111, ii. 98. 4 body of persons charged with some specified

office Lr. in. vi. 41 You are o' the commission. commit: to sin Gent. v. iv. 77; spec. to commit adultery Lr. 111. iv. 80.

commixture (twice only; 2 peculiar to S.)
1 compound 3H6 m. vi. 6 thy tough commixtures. 2 'complexion,' bodily habit or constitution LLL. v. ii. 297.

commodious: accommodating (S.) Troil. v. ii. 192. commodity (sense 'wares, merchandise' is freq.)

1 convenience Mer.V. 111. iii. 27, Wint. 111. ii. 94\*. 2 expediency John 11. i. 597\* break faulh upon C.

3 advantage, profit 2H4 r. ii. 282 I will turn diseases to commodity, Lr. IV. i. 21.

4 quantity of wares, parcel, consignment, lot Tw.N. III. i. 51 his next c. of hair, 1H41. ii. 93 a c. of good names, iv. ii. 19; spec. parcel of goods sold on credit by a usurer to a needy person, who im-mediately raised some cash by re-selling them at a lower price, often to the usurer himself Meas. IV. iii. 5 he's in for a commodity of brown paper and old ginger.

common sb. (3 (i) not pre-S.; 3 (ii) only S.)

1 common people, commonalty Cor. 1. i. 157,

2 common land Cas. IV. i. 27 graze in c-s; fig. or allusively Err. 11. ii. 29 make a c. of my serious hours, LLL. 11. i. 221 My lips are no common.

3 the common, (i) that which is usual Cor, IV, i. 32, (ii) the vulgar tongue AYL. v. i. 55 this female, -which in the common is, woman.

common adj. (all the foll, are common uses)

1 belonging equally to more than one, or to all mankind 1H4 II. i. 104 homo is a c. name to all men (cf. the grammatical term 'common noun'), Mac, 111. i. 69 the common enemy of man.

2 belonging to the community at large, free to everyone, public Wiv. IV. V. 125, Meas. IV. ii. 9 a c. executioner, AYL. II. iii. 33 the c. road, Ces. I. iii. 15, III. i. 80; c. right, the right of every

citizen Meas. II. iii. 5; prostituted Ado IV. i. 65, general All'sW. II. v. 58, 2H6 I. i. 207, Cor. II. iii. 100; generally known or spoken of John IV. ii.

187 common in their mouths.

4 usual, prevalent Gent. v. iv. 62, Sonn. cii. 12.
5 ordinary, undistinguished 1H6 iv. i. 31 any c. man, 3H6 i. i. 9 common soldiers, Ven. 293 So did this horse excel a c, one; common sense, ordinary or untutored perception LLL. I. i. 57.

6 belonging to the commonalty, of the people or the multitude Err. 111. i. 101, 2H4 1. iii. 97, Cor. 1. vi. 43 The common file, Lr. v. iii. 50, common vb. (early variant of commune)

1 to share, take part Ham. IV. v. 202 I must c. with your grief (F1 common, Qq Ff234 and mod. edd. commune).

2 to talk, converse Meas. IV. iii. 112 For I would common with you of such things (F1 commone). commoner: prostitute All'sW. v. iii. 196, Oth. IV.

common-hackney'd: vulgarized 1H4 III. ii. 40. common-kissing: kissing all alike Cym. III. iv. 166.

commonty, meaning 'common, commons' used blunderingly for 'comedy' in Shr. Ind. ii. 140.

commotion (1 occurs four times, 2 thrice)

1 tumult, sedition 2H6 m. i. 358. 2 mental perturbation Troil. m. iii. 187.

commune (cf. common vb.) to converse Wint. 11. i. 161 (commu'ne). to talk over Shr. 1. i. 101 (co'mmune).

community: commonness 1H4 III. ii. 77.

compact sb. (once co'mpact 1H6 v. iv. 163; not pre-S.): once in bad sense, plot, conspiracy Err. îr. ii. 165.

compact ppl. a.1 [Latin 'compact-' from 'compingere' to fasten together]

knit together Lr. 1. ii. 7.

made up or composed of Err. III. ii. 22, MND. v. i. 8 of imagination all compact, AYL. II. vii. 5, Tit. v. iii. 88, Ven. 149 a spirit all compact of fire. 3 solid Lucr. 1423.

compact ppl.a.2[I atin 'compact-' from 'compacisei' to make a compact]: leagued Meas. v. i. 206, Lr.

ii. ii. 125 (Ff; Qq contunct). compact vb. (2 peculiar to S.)

to combine, incorporate Lucr. 530.

2 to confirm, strengthen Lr. 1. iv. 364 add such reasons of your own As may compact it more

companion sb.: used as term of contempt = fellow Err. IV. iv. 63, All'sW. v. iii. 252, 2H4 II. iv. 130 scurry companion, 2H6 IV. x. 33, Cas. IV. i.i. 137, Oth, iv. ii. 141.

companion vb.: to make a companion Ant. I. ii. 31. companionship: Tim. I. i. 251 All of companionship, all belonging to one party.

company sb. (S. is earliest for the application to a ship's crew)

- 1 from company, alone, in solitude 1H6 v. v. 100; for company, by way of sociableness Shr. iv. i. 180. 2 companion All's W. iv. iii. 37; fig. MND. i. i. 219
- new friends and stranger companies, H5 1. i. 55 His companies unletter'd.

company vb.: to accompany Cym. v. v. 409.

comparative (the S. uses are unique): adj.
1 = full of comparisons (cf. comparison 2) 1H4 I.

ii. 90 comparative, rascalliest, sweet young prince.
2 (a) serving as a means of comparison, (b) comparable (with) cym. n. iii. 134\* C. for your virtues, sb. (a) one who is 'full of comparisons,' as above,

(b) rival, compeer 1H4 III. ii. 67\* every beardless vuin comparative.

compare sb.: comparison Tw.N. II. iv. 103, Sonn. xxi. 5.

compare vb. (2 cf. 'Art stryving to compayre
With Nature', Spenser)

to draw comparisons R2 II. i. 186.

2 c. with, to vie with, rival MND. II. ii. 99, 2H4 II. iv. 179, Ham. v. ii. 146 lest I should compare with him in excellence.

comparison (1 perhaps there is a suggestion of 'caparison' intended)

1 pl. Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 26 his gay comparisons, advantages which appear when we are compared.

2 satirical or scoffing simile Ado 11. i. 154, LLL. v. ii. 852 Full of comparisons and wounding flouts. compass (sense 'range of voice' occurs Ham. III.

ii. 391)

1 circle, circumference Gent. 11. vii. 51 Whatc. will

you wear your farthingale?, Wiv. v. v. 72, R2 11. i. 101, 3H6 iv. iii. 46 the c. of her [Fortune's] wheel. 2 circular course, circuit Cæs. v. iii. 25 My life is run his compass, Oth. III. iv. 72 A shyl, that had number'd in the world The sun to course two hundred compasses.

3 bounds, limits; range, reach R2 111. iv. 40, 1H4 111. iii. 22 in good c. (=within reasonable limits), H8 1. i. 36 Beyond thought's compass, Tit. v. i.

126, Oth. III. iv. 21 (Qq compassing). compassed: round, arched Shr. Iv. iii. 139 a small c. cape, Ven. 272 his c. crest;—c. window, semi-circular bay-window Troil, 1. ii. 118.

compassion vb.: to pity Tit. IV. i. 124. compassionate: (a) feeling pity for oneself, (b) sorrowfully lamenting, (e) piteous R2 I. iii. 174°. compeer: to rival, equal Lr. v. iii. 70 he compeers

the best. compel: to take or get by force, extort All'sW. IV. iii. 361 I'd compel it of you, 2H4 IV. i. 147, H5

111. vi. 119, H8 1. îi. 57.

compelled: enforced, unsought, involuntary Meas. II. iv. 58 Our co'mpell'd sins, H8 II. iii. 87 This co'mpell'd fortune, Ham. IV. vi. 18 a c. valour, Lucr. 1708 this compelled stain.

competence: adequate supply 2H4 v. v. 71. competent: sufficient, adequate Tw.N. III. iv. 273,

Ham. I. i. 90.

competitor: associate, partner Gent. 11. vi. 35, R3 iv. iv. 505 more competitors Flock to the rebels, Ant. v. i. 42. ¶ This is the commoner S. use.

compile: to compose as an original work LLL. IV. iii. 134 Did never sonnet for her sake compile, Sonn. lxxviii. 9.

complain: = 'complain of', bewail R2 III. iv. 18, Lucr. 1839 that late complain'd Her wrongs to us.

complement (cf. compliment): that which goes to 'complete' the character of a gentleman in regard to external appearance or demeanour Wiv. iv. ii. 5, LLL. i. 1. 167 A man of c-s, iii. i, 24, H5 ii. ii. 134 deck'd in modest c. (=unostentatious demeanour), Rom. 11. iv. 21 captain of c-s, Oth. I. i. 63 c. extern. Mod. edd. fluctuate between complement and compliment in some of these passages.

complete (stressed co'mplete in the attributive and complete in the predicative position; Ham. 1. iv. 52 in co'mplete steel=in full armour, Troil. IV. i. 27 A thousand co'mplete courses of the sun, 3H6 II. v. 26 make the hour full complete)
perfect in nature or quality, perfectly constituted Meas. 1. iii. 3 a complete bosom.

2 fully equipped or endowed, perfect, accomplished H8 i. ii. 118, III. ii. 49 c. In mind and feature, Troil. III. iii. 181 thou great and c. man, Tim. 111. i. 10.

3 filled (with), full Gent. 11. iv. 74 c. . . . With all good grace, Tim. Iv. iii. 245 The one is filling still,

never complete.

42

complexion (3 orig. as showing the bodily tem-

perament)
bodily habit or constitution, orig. supposed to
be constituted by the four 'humours' Ham. v.

be constituted by the four 'humours' Ham. v. ii. 103 rery sultry and hot for my complexion.

2 constitution or habit of mind, disposition, temperament, 'nature' Ado II. i. 307 of that jealous c., Mer. V. III. i. 32 ti is the c. of them [birds] all to leave the dam; quibblingly in LLL. I. ii. 83.

3 natural colour and appearance of the skin, esp. of the face Tp. I. i. 34, Err. III. ii. 104 What c. is she of?—Swart, Cor. II. i. 231, Otl. IV. II. 61.

4 colour (fig.) Wint. I. ii. 381 chang'd c-s. H5 II. ii. 73 lose So much c.; fig. 2H4 II. ii. 61 discolours the c. of my greatness, "AYL. III. ii. 205 Good my c.! ('Rosalind appeals to her complexion not to be tray her by changing colour' Aldis Wright).

5 visible aspect, look (of objects in general) R2

5 visible aspect, look (of objects in general) R2

III. ii. 194 the c. of the sky.

complice: confederate, comrade R2 II. iii. 165, 2H4 I. i. 163. (Cf. ACCOMPLICE.)

compliment (so mod. edd. in passages bearing the foll, meaning, where old edd, have complement): observance of ceremony in social rela-tions, formal civility or courtesy AYL. II. v. 26 that they call c. is like the encounter of two dog-apes, Tw. N. III. 111, John I. i. 201, Rom. II. ii. 89 farewell c. f. Lr. I. i. 306, v. iii. 235, Ant. Iv. iv. 32. complimental: courteous Troil. III. i. 43 (F1

complemental). complot sb. and vb. (=plot), stressed co'mplot 2H6 111. i. 147, R2 1. i. 96, complo't R3 111. i. 192, R2 1.

iii. 189.

comply (1 rare sense; 2 not pre-S.)
1 to fulfil, accomplish Oth. I. iii. 265.

2 'to use complements, or eremonies, or kind offices' (Florio), observe the formalities of courtesy Ham. I. ii. 399 let me e. with you, v. ii. 195. compose (S. senses now obs. are)

1 to make up, fashion, construct, produce MND. 1. i. 48, All's W. I. ii. 21, Troil. v. ii. 167 a casque compos'd by Vulcan's skid, Mac. 1. vii. 73, Haun. III. I. 19.8. 2 to come to a settlement Ant. II. ii. 15. [69].

composed: elaborately put together Gent. III. ii. composition (3 peculiar to S.) 1 constitution John I. i. 88 the large composition of

this man, R2 11. i. 73.

2 compact, agreement Meas, I. ii. 2, v. i. 214, John II. i. 561, Mac. I. ii. 61.
3 consistency Oth. I. iii. 1 There is no composition

in these news That gives them credit.

composture: manure, compost (S.) Tim. IV. iii. 447. composure (not pre-S. in either sense)

1 temperament, disposition Troil. II. iii. 254 of sweet composure, Ant. I. iv. 22. 2 combination Troil. II. iii. 110 a strong c. (Ffcounsel).

compound sb. (the underlying meaning is 'compounded drug 'Cym. I. v. 8)

compound word Sonn. lxxvi. 4 compounds strange. 2 mass, lump 1H4 II. iv. 138, 2H4 II. iv. 321. compound vb. (the following uses are obs.)

1 to construct, form, make up, constitute H5 v. ii. 220 Shall not thou and I... compound a boy?, Tim. 1v. ii. 35, 1v. iii. 274.

to settle (a difference) Shr. I. ii. 27 c. this quarrel,

R3 II. i. 75; also intr. to agree, make terms, settle Meas. IV. ii. 25, John II. i. 281 Till thou c. whose right is worthiest, Lr. 1. ii. 144; fig. H5 IV. vi. 33. comprehend: used blunderingly for 'apprehend' Ado III. iii. 25, III. v. 50.

compromise:

1 settlement by arbitration Wiv. 1, i. 34.

coming to terms by concessions on both sides John v. i. 67, R2 II. i. 254.

compromis'd: come to an agreement Mer. V. I.

iii. 79 When Laban and himself were compromis'd. compt (cf. count): account, reckoning All'sW. v. iii. 57 strikes some scores away From the great c. Tim. 11. i. 35 have the dates in c. (i. e. for the calculation of interest due), Mac. 1. vi. 26 in c. (=accountable, subject to account), Oth. v. ii. 272 at c. (= at the day of reckoning, the judgement day; Q<sub>1</sub> count).

compter: = counter Wint, iv. ii. [iii.] 38.

comptible: readily answering to, (hence) susceptible, sensitive to Tw.N. 1. v. 188.

comptroller: officer in a great household whose duties were primarily to check expenditure and

so to manage in general H8 I. iii. 67. compulsative (S.; Ff), compulsatory (Qq): involving compulsion Ham, I. i. 103 by strong hand And terms c. [ii. 44.

compulsion: compelling circumstances John v. compulsive (not pre-S.): exercising compulsion Ham. III. iv. 86 c. ardour; (in physical sense) driving or forcing onward Oth. 111. iii. 455 the Pontick sea, Whose . . . c. course . . . [46. compunctious (not pre-S.): remorseful Mac. I. v.

comrade (old edd. also cumrade, comerade): stressed

comrade (out ed. also cumrade, comerade): stressed comrade 1H4 iv. i. 96, Ham. i. iii. 65 (Qq courage); co'mrade Lr. II. iv. 213.

con (1 is freq.; 2 is still dial.)
1 to learn by heart MND. I. ii. 103, Troil. II. i. 18 (Q cunne), Caes. Iv. iii. 97 conn'd by rote.
2 con thanks, be grateful All'sW. Iv. iii. 175, Tim.

IV. iii. 431.

concave (obs. use): hollow AYL. III. iv. 24, Compl. 1 concave womb.

co'nceal'd: secretly married Rom. III. iii. 97 what says My c. lady to our cancell'd (Ff conceal'd) lore? concealment: secret, mystery 1H4 III. i. 166. conceit (it is often difficult to determine the pre-

cise meaning)

What is conceived in the mind, conception, idea, thought LLL, n. i. 72, Mer. V. m. iv. 2, Ham. iv. v. 46° C. upon her father, Oth. m. iii, 115 Some horrible conceit, Sonn. eviii. 13 the first c. of love.

faculty of conceiving, apprehension, understanding, mental faculty or capacity Err. IV. ii. 65, AYL. v. ii. 60 a gentleman of good c., John III. iii. 50, Troil. I. iii. 153 whose c. Lies in his hamstring, Per. III. i. 16.

personal opinion or estimate Gent. 111. ii. 17 the

good conceit I hold of thee, H8 11. iii. 74.

imagination, fancy AYL. 11. vi. 8, R2 11. ii. 33, Ham. 111. iv. 113 °C. in weakest bodies strongest works, Lr. 1v. vi. 43; gaiety of imagination, wit 2H4 n. iv. 263\* there is no more c. in him than is ın u mallet.

fanciful design, device, invention 1H6 iv. i. 102, Tit. iv. ii. 30, Ham. v. ii. 160 of very liberal c.; fancy article MND. 1. i. 33 rings, gawds, conceits. conceit vb. (only thrice in S.)

1 to form a conception, or opinion of Cæs. 1. iii. 162 Hin and his worth . . . you have right well c-cd, 111.
i. 192 one of two bad ways you must conceit me.
2 to form an idea Oth. 111. iii. 149 (Qq coniects).

conceited (the modern sense is not S.)

1 full of imagination or fancy, ingenious Wiv. I. iii. 24, 2H4 v. i. 39, Lucr. 1371 the c. painter, Compl. 16 her mapkin . . . Which had on it c. characters. 2 possessed of an idea Tw. N. m. iv. 326.

conceitless: witless Gent. IV. ii. 99.

conceive (1 and 2 were common Eliz, senses)

1 to take the meaning of (a person), understand Wiv. 1. i. 251 c. me, c. me, Meas, II. iv. 142, MND. 1v. i. 220, Lr. 1. i. 12; absol. 2H4 II. ii. 126 lakes upon him not to c., Tp. Iv. i. 50 Well, I conceived.

2 to have a certain opinion of H8 1, ii, 105 The griev'd commons Hardly conceive of me.

concent (old edd. consent, the common Eliz. form): harmony H5 1. ii. 181 government . . . Put into parts, doth keep in one concent, 206.

conception (2 with quibble on the meaning 'off-

spring '

mere fancy Oth. III. iv. 155.

2 design, plan Troil. 1. iii. 312 I have a young conception in my brain.

conceptious (S.): fruitful Tim. IV. iii. 188.

concern (2 not pre-S.; 3 is obs.)

1 trans. to have reference to, relate to 2H4 iv. i. 30 What doth concern your coming. to be of importance to Meas. I. i. 77, Oth. I. iii. 22.

intr. to be of importance Gent. 1. ii. 73, LLL. IV. ii. 149 it may c. much, Wint. III. ii. 87\*; with pronoun 1H6 v. iii. 116 what c-s his freedom unto me?.

4 to befit MND. 1. i. 60. [129. concernancy (S.): import, meaning Ham. v. ii. concerning: concern, affair Meas. I. i. 56 As time and our concernings shall importune, Ham. III. iv.

191 Such dear concernings.

concert: see consort. conclave: college or whole body of cardinals H8

II. ii. 100 the holy conclare. conclude (special or obs. uses are the foll.) 1 be it c-d, to conclude, in brief Wint. 1. ii. 203.

2 to come to a final arrangement or decision R2 1. i. 156 c. and be agreed, 1H6 v. i. 5, 2H6 i. i. 218, Cor. iii. i. 144, Ham. iii. iv. 201 'ts so c-d on. 3 to decide, resolve R3 1. iii. 15, Cæs. ii. ii. 93, Mac. iii. i. 141 It is concluded.

4 intr. to be decisive, settle the matter John 1. conclusion (meanings 'end, close' and 'inference' freq.; in c. means (1) finally, e.g. Err. 11. i. 74, (2) in short, e.g. Gent. 11. i. 94, Oth 1. i. 15) problem, riddle Per. 1. i. 56.

2 experiment Oth. I. iii. 334, Ant. v. ii. 356 She hath pursu'd c-s infinite Of casy ways to die, Cym. 1. v. 18; so try c-s Ham. 111. iv. 195, Lucr. 1160.

concupiscible: lustful Meas. v. i. 99.

condemn: Ant. v. ii. 100 C-ing shadows quite (= easting discredit upon unsubstantial things); Sonn. xcix. 6 The hily I c-ed for thy hand (= 1 accused the lily of liaving stolen its whiteness from thy hand)

condign: worthily deserved LLL, I. ii. 27; now only applied to appropriate punishment, a use originating in the phraseology of Tudor acts of parliament 2H6 III. i. 130 condayn munishment.

condition (I and 6 are the commonest senses) 1 provision, stipulation (freq.); phrase on condition (that) 1H6 v. iii. 152, shortened to condition Troil.

1. ii. 78 Condition, I had gone bare-foot to India.

2 covenant, contract Tp. 1. ii. 117, 120, Mer. V. 1. iii. 149 sneh . . . sums as are Express'd in the condition, All'sW. Iv. ii. 30, 1H6 v. iv. 165.

3 mode or state of being AYL. 1. ii. 16, Cæs. 11. i. 236 Your weak condition (= constitution), Oth. 1. ii. 26, 11. iii. 304.

4 social or official position, rank Tp. 111. i. 59 I am in my condition A prince, 2H4 IV. iii. 90, H5 IV. iii. 63, 2H6 V. i. 64.

5 mental disposition, temper, character LLL, v. ii. 20 A light c. in a beauty dark, Mer. V. 1. ii. 141 the condition of a saint, H8 1. ii. 19, Cor. 11. iii. 102, Tim. Iv. iii. 140.

6 characteristic, property, quality Gent. 111. i. 275, Ado 111. ii. 68 his ill conditions, AYL. 1. i. 48, Shr. v. ii. 168 soft conditions, H5 IV. i. 110. conditionally: on condition 3H6 I. i. 196. conditioned: in specified circumstances Tim. IV. iii. 535 thus condition d. ¶ For another meaning

see BEST-CONDITIONED.

condole (used in two obs. senses)

to grieve MND. I. ii. 29, 44 a lover is more c-ing. 2 to grieve with (a sufferer) H5 II. i. 134 Let us condole the knight.

condolement (2 only S., ? confused with 'dole') 1 sorrowing Ham. 1. ii. 93 obstinate condolement.

2 tangible expression of sympathy, solatium Per. 11. i. 163\* there are certain c-s, certain vails. conduce: Troil. v. ii. 144\* there doth c. a fight (a)

intr. for refl. carries itself on, goes on, (b) intr. for pass, is joined or begun.

conduct:

1 guidance, leading Lr. 111. vi. 106 that will to some

provision Give thee quick conduct.

2 escort, guard (see also safe-conduct) Tw.N. III. iv. 268 I will . . . desire some c. of the ludy, John I. i. 29, 1H4 III. i. 93, R3 I. i. 45 This conduct to convey me to the Tower.

3 guide, leader, conductor Rom. v. iii. 116 Come, bitter c., come, unsavoury guide; fig. Tp. v. i. 244, 2H4 v. ii. 36, 2H6 II. iv. 102 conduct of my shame,

Lucr. 313 (of a torch).

4 leadership, command AYL. v. iv. 164 on foot In

his oven c., Tit. IV, iv. 64 under c. 0f Lucius.

conduit: pipe for the conveyance of water Cor. II.

iii. 250: fig. Err. v. i. 315 the c-s of my blood;

structure for the distribution of water, which is made to spout from it, often in the form of a human figure (hence allusively) Wint, v. ii. 61, Tit. 11. iv. 30, Rom. 111, v. 130 a conduit, girl? what! still in tears?, Lucr. 1234.

confection: compounded preparation of drugs (ym. 1. v. 15; spec. prepared poison v. v. 247. confectionary': (a) place in which sweetmeats are kept, (b) maker of sweetmeats Tim. 1v. iii. 261. confederacy and confederate are used both in a good and a bad sense with ref. to (1) alliance,

(2) conspiracy. confederate (strained use): conspiring (i.e. to assist the murderer) Ham. III. ii. 271 Confederate season

(Qq 2-6 Considerat(e). confess: Oth. Iv. i. 38 c., and be hanged, proverbial phrase of the 16th-17th cent., the orig. ref. of

which is doubtful. confessor: stress varies, co'nfessor, confe'ssor.

confidence: prob. misused for 'conference' Wiv. 1. iv. 168, Ado III. v. 3, Rom. 11. iv. 136. confident: John II. i. 28 secure And c., confidently secure (see AND 1); Cym. v. iii. 29 Three thousand c., having the confidence of three thousand.

confine sb. (pl. is stressed co'n fines in senses 1 and 2; sing, always confine, but usually in sense 4, to which the few instances of pl. stressed coufi'nes possibly belong

1 pl. boundaries, bounds Rom. III. i. 6 when he enters

the confines of a tavern.

2 pl. region, territory R2 1. iii, 137 our quiet c-s,

R3 IV. iv. 3 in these c-s... have I lurk'd, Cæs. III. i. 272; fig. John IV. ii. 246 this c. of blood and breath. 3 confinement, limitation Oth. I. ii. 27 Put into

circumscription and confine, Compl. 265

4 place of confinement, prison Tp. Iv. i. 121 Spirits, which . . . I have from their c-s call'd. Ham. I. i. 155\* hies To his confine, 11. ii. 256 confines, wurds,

and dungeons, Ant. 111. v. 13. confineless (S.): boundless Mac. 1v. iii. 55.

confiner: inhabitant Cym. IV. ii. 337 c-s... of Italy. confirmer: Innabitant Cylli. N. in. 351 es. ... of lady. confirmed: firm, immovable, steady, resolute Ado II. i. 398 of approved valour, and c. honesty, v. iv. 172 Thy age confirm'd (= thy riper manhood). confiscate pa.pple.: confiscated Err. 1. i. 20 His goods confiscate to the duke's dispose, I. ii. 2 Lest

that your goods too soon be confiscate, Mer.V. iv. i. 333, Cym. v. v. 324. confiscate; fixed Meas. v. i. 226. confinx (not pre-S.): flowing together Troil. 1. iii. 7.

conformable: compliant, submissive Shr. II. i.

272, H8 m. iv. 22 At all times to your will c. confound (sense 'destroy, ruin' is the most freq.) 1 to waste, consume, spend 1H4 1. iii. 100 He did c. the best part of an hour, H5111. i. 13 As doth a galled rock O'erhang and jutty his c-cd base, Cor. 1. vi. 17, Ant. I. i. 45, I. iv. 28, Per. v. ii. 14, 1279, Sonn. viii. 7. 2 to mingle indistinguishably Err. 1. ii. 38, 1.2 iv.

i. 141.

confounding: ruinous Tim. IV. i. 20 your confounding contraries, IV. iii. 394 confounding odds.

confusedly: promiscuously 1H6 i. i. 118. confusion (I is common in S., now obs.)

1 overthrow, ruin, destruction Mac. 111. v. 29; as an imprecation Lr. 11. iv. 96 Vengeance! plague! death! confusion!

2 mental agitation Mer. V. III. ii. 178 there is such

confusion in my powers, Ham. 111. i. 2.

3 pl. disorders, commotions Rom. IV. v. 66. conge'd, congied: taken leave All'sW. IV. iii. 100 I have c. with the duke.

conger: applied abusively to a man 2H4 II. iv. 57

Hang yourself, you muddy conger (Q cunger).

congest: to collect together Compl. 258.

congratulate: to salute LLL. v. i. 95.

congree (S.): to agree, accord H5 1. ii. 182 C-ing in a full and natural close (Qq congrueth with a mutual consent).

congree (S.): to greet mutually H5 v. ii. 31. congrue (S.): to agree H5 i. ii. 182 (see congree). Ham. IV. iii. 67 letters congruing to that effect (Ff conjuring).

conject: to conjecture Oth. III, iii, 149 (Ff conceits). conjecture (the foll. are obs. uses)

1 supposition H5 IV. Chor. 1 Now entertain c. of a time When creeping murmur and the poring dark Fills the wide vessel of the universe.

2 evil surmise, suspicion Ado IV. i. 107, Wint. II.

i. 175, Ham. IV. v. 15 Dangerous conjectures. conjunct: closely joined or connected Lr. II. ii. 125 (Ff compact), v. i. 12.

conjunction (the gen. sense 'union' occurs) I position of two planets when they are in the same direction as viewed from the earth 2H4 11. iv. 286 Saturn and Venus . . . in conjunction.

2 united force 1H4 IV. i. 37 our small conjunction. conjunctive: closely united Ham. iv. vii. 14 She's so c. to my life and soul, Oth. 1. iii. 374 Let us be

c. in our reveuge (Q<sub>1</sub> communicative, Q<sub>2</sub> conjective). conjuration (much less common than the vb.) solemn appeal or entreaty, adjuration R2 III. ii. 23, H5 1. ii. 29 Under this c. speak, Rom. v. iii. 68, Ham. v. ii. 38 An earnest c. from the king.

2 incantation, charm 2H6 i. ii. 99, Oth. i. iii. 92.

conjure (mostly co'njure, occas. conju're)

1 to call upon solemnly, adjure Gent. 11. vii. 2; absol. Ham. 1v. iii. 67 (see congrue).

2 to influence by incantation, charm, or magic (freq.) Oth. 1. iii. 105; with infinitive Tim. 1. i. 7 all these spirits thy power Hath c-'d to attend, Lr. 11. i. 41; with adv. Rom. 11. i. 26 Till she had laid it, and c-'d it down; esp. conjure up (not pre-S.), to raise or bring into existence as by magic, to eause to appear to the fancy MND. III, ii. 158, Ces. II. i. 323; cf. Mer. V. I. iii. 35, Wint. v. iii. 40, 114 iv. iii. 43 Fou c. from the breast of civil peace Such bold hostility; used absol. Err. 111. i. 34 Dost thou c. for wenches?, H5 v. ii. 317, Troil. v. ii. 122 I cannot conjure.

co'njurer: magician Err. v. i. 243.

consanguineous (not pre-S.): of the same blood

Tw. N. 11. iii, 85.

conscience (1 the usual sense; phr. upon or in (one's) conscience Tw.N. 111. i. 33, 3H6 111. iii. 113, Oth. iv. iii. 62;—a or o' conscience [see A3] Per. iv. ii. 23;—for conscience' suke Cor. II. iii, 36)

1 sense of right and wrong Ham. III. i. 83 Thus c. does make cowards of us all; Tp. 11. i. 286 I feel not This deity in my bosom: twenty consciences ... candied be they ....

2 regard for the dictates of conscience, conscientiousness Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 663 I cannot with c. take it, Oth. III. iii. 203 their best conscience Is not

to leave't undone, but keep't unknown. 3 inward knowledge or consciousness, internal conviction, inmost thought Wint. III. ii. 47, H5

IV. i. 124 I'will speak my c. of the king, 2H6 III. i. 68, Cym. 1. vi. 116 my mutest conscience. 4 reasonableness, sound judgement Tim. 11. ii. 185 Canst thou the c. lack, To think I shall lack friends? conscionable: conscientious Oth. 11. i. 244.

consent sb. ('compliance, concurrence' is the

chief sense)

1 agreement as to a course of action, concert Tp. 11. i. 211, LLL. v. ii. 461 here was a consent . . . To dash it, AYL. 11. ii. 3, Troil. 111. iii. 176.

agreement or unity of opinion, unanimity 2H4 v. i. 78, H5 m. ii. 22, Cor. m. iii. 25 consent of (=agreement about), v. iii. 71.

3 opinion, or the expression of it Wint. v. iii. 136 by my consent, 1H6 1. ii. 44, 3H6 1v. vi. 36, Mac. 11. i. 25\* (or ? party).

consent vb. (unusual sense): consent in, agree in planning 0th. v. ii. 296. [III. iv. 80. consequently: afterwards, subsequently Tw.N.

conserve (occurs only twice in S.)

to preserve Meas. III. i. 86. 2 to make into a conserve Oth. 111. iv. 76 it was dy'd in mummy which the skilful Conserv'd of maidens'

hearts (Qq with the skilful conserve(s)

consider (in a sense common in 17th cent.): to requite, recompense, remunerate Wint. IV. i. [ii.] 19 which [services] if I have not enough c-cd, IV. iii. [iv.] 829, Cym. II. iii. 31. [98. considerance (not post-S.): reflection 2H4 v. ii.

considerate: considering, thoughtful, reflective R3 IV. ii. 30, Ant. II. ii. 116.

consider'd: suitable for deliberate thought (S.) Ham. II. ii. 81 at our more consider'd time.

consi'gn: (properly) to set one's seal, (hence) agree to 2H4 v. ii. 143 God consigning to my good intents, H5 v. ii. 90, 325.

co'nsign'd: added by way of ratification Troil, IV. iv. 45 With distinct breath and c. kisses to them. consist (always takes a prep. in, of, or on; the

following are obs. uses) 1 c. on, upon, insist upon 2H4 IV. i. 187, Per. I. iv. 83 Welcome is peace if he on peace consist.

2 consist in, reside or inhere in R3 IV. iv. 407 In

her consists my happiness. consistory: council-chamber, fig. R3 n. ii. 150; college of cardinals presided over by the pope H8 11. iv. 91.

consonancy: agreement, accord Tw.N. II. v. 143, Ham. II. ii. 301.

consort sb. (in 2 and 3 mod. edd. read concert)

fellowship, company Gent. IV. i. 64, Lr. II. i. 99.

harmonious music Gent. 111. ii. 84.

3 company of musicians 2H6 III. ii. 327 screech-owls

make the consort full. consort vb. (like the sb., not pre-Eliz.)

1 to accompany, attend Err. 1. ii. 28, LLL. 11. i. 177

Sweet health and fair desires consort your Grace!, Rom. III. i. 136.

2 to keep company or associate with MND, III. ii. 387; with play on consort sb. 2, Rom. III. i. 49-50. consorted: associated, leagued LLL. I. i. 258, R2

v. iii. 138, R3 III. iv. 70, Rom. II. i. 31, Lucr. 1609. conspectuity (S.; humorous or random formation); sight Cor. n. i. 72 your bisson conspectuities.

conspire: used of the plots of a single person Gent. I. ii. 41, Troil. v. i. 70 I would conspire against desting, Oth. III. iii. 142, Sonn. x. 6. constable: in France and England, a principal

officer in the royal household, having jurisdiction in matters of arms and chivalry H5 II. iv. 41, &c., Н8 п. і. 102,

constancy (the foll. are obs. and rare uses)

1 persistence, perseverance H8 III. ii. 2\*. 2 certainty MND. v. i. 26 grows to something of great c.

constant (rare uses in S. are)

constant question, formally conducted discussion Tw.N. IV. ii. 54\*

2 settled, steady Tp. II. ii. 124 my stomach is not c. ccnstantly (used only in senses now obs.)

1 fixedly, resolutely, faithfully Cas. v. i. 92, Ham. 1. ii. 234, Cym. 111. v. 119. 2 confidently Meas. 1v. i. 23 I do constantly believe

you, Troil. iv. i. 40. 3 continuously Tw.N. ii. iii. 162.

constant-qualified: endowed with constancy Cym. I. iv. 68 (Ff and some edd. constant, qualified). constellation: position or configuration of the 'stars' or planets in regard to each other, as supposed to influence men and events, (hence) a person's character as determined by his 'stars' Tw.N. 1. iv. 35\*.

conster: see construe.

constitution: frame (of body or mind) Mer. V. III. ii. 247 the constitution Of any constant man, Tw. N. 1, iii. 143 the excellent constitution of thy ley.

constrain (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 to assume or put on by an effort Lr. 11. ii. 103 constrains the yarb Quite from his nature.

2 to violate Tit. v. ii. 178 her . . . chustity . . . you c-'d.

constrained: produced by compulsion, forced Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 59, Cym. v. iv. 15. constringe: to compress, constrict Troil. v. ii.

170 Constring d in mass by the almighty sun.

construe (old edd. freq. conster): to interpret, explain; (with Clause) Tw.N. III. i. 64 I will c. to them whence you come; to translate orally Shr. III, i. 30. consul: used=senator Oth. 1, ii. 43 many of the c-s... Are at the duke's already, Cym, iv. ii. 385.

consummation: death Lr. IV. vi. 132 (Ff consumption), Cym. IV. ii. 280 Quiet c. have; cf. Ham. III.

i. 63 a consummation Devoutly to be wish'd. contagion (rare uses): contagious or poisonous influence Cas. n. i. 265 the vile c. of the night, Ham. 111. ii. 415 When . . . hell itself breathes out C. to this world; poison Ham. IV. vii. 147 I'll touch my point With this contugion.

contagious: pestilential, poisonous, noxious MND. II. i. 90 C. fogs, John v. iv. 33 this night, velose black c. breath..., Ham. I. iii. 42. [Ixxvii. 9. contain: to keep, retain Mer. V. v. i. 201, Sonn.

containing: contents, tenor Cym. v. v. 431. contemn: to refuse scornfully Ven. 205 c. me this.

contemptible (occurs only twice in S.)

1 despicable 1H6 I. ii. 75 my contemptible estate. 2 disdainful Ado 11. iii. 198 a contemptible spirit.

contemptuous (twice only; cf. prec. word)
1 = contemptible 2, John II. i. 384 this c. city.
2 = contemptible 1, 246 t. iii. 86 c. . . callot.
contend: to strive earnestly Meas. III. ii. 252 c-cd

especially to know himself; to strive to go, proceed with effort Sonn. lx. 4 [the wares] forwards do c. contending: making war, warlike Shr. v. ii. 160,

Ven. 82

content sb.: the precise meaning is often doubtful;
occas. = fulfilment of one's desire, or (simply) desire, wish R2 v. ii. 38 To whose high will we bow our calm c-s, 2H6 1. iii. 70 work your Grace's full c., Troil. 1. ii. 319 my heart's c., Ven. Ded. 7, Compl. 157 'gainst her own c .; - in heart's content S. sometimes plays upon the sense 'containing power, capacity' of the other sh. 'content', e. g. 2116 1. i. 35 Such is the fulness of my heart's content.

content adj. (1 recorded only from S.) 1 be c. (used imper.), be calm, be not uneasy R2 v. ii. 82, Caes. iv. ii. 41, Cym. v. iv. 102; also elliptically Lr. i. v. 338 Pruy you, content.
2 elliptically, as an exclamation = I am content;

agreed! Shr. v. ii. 70, 1H6 m. i. 146, 3H6 m. ii. 183, Cor. m. iii. 52, Ant. iv. iii. 22.

content vb. (obs. uses are as follows)

content vb. (obs. uses are as follows)
1 to please, gratify Gent. III. i. 93 scorns what best c-s her, Shr. Iv. iii. 180 Because his painted skin c-s the eye, H8 III. i. 131, Ham. III. i. 24, Ven. 213.
2 refl. and pass, used imper. c. thee or be c-ed = be calm, do not trouble Wiv. III. iii. 176, Ado v. i. 87, Lr. III. iv. 113, Cym. I. v. 26.
3 to remunerate, pay R3 III. ii. 110, Oth. III. i. 1 I vill content your pains: absol. Shr. I. i. 167.

will content your pains; absol. Shr. 1. i. 167.
4 intr. to acquiesce Ven. 61 Fore'd to content.
contented (1 a use of the sense 'ready, willing

1 Well contented! = CONTENT adj. 2, Mac. II. iii. 141.
2 marked by contentment R3 I. iii. 84 that c. hap.
contentless: discontented Tim. IV. iii. 246.

continent sb. (3 Milton speaks of 'the moist con-

tinent of the moon, prob. imitating S.)

1 something that holds or contains: (i) cover, enclosure, receptacle Ham. IV. iv. 64 tomb enough and c. To hide the slain, Lr. 111. ii. 58, Ant. 1v. xii. [xiv.] 40 Heart, once be stronger than thy c.; (ii) bounding or enclosing land MND. 11. i. 92 have

(ii) bounding or enclosing land M.N.H. i. 12 late overborne their c-s, 1H4 iii. i. 111 the opposed c. 2 earth, 'terra firma' 2H4 iii. i. 47. 3 'solid globe' or orb of the sun Tw.N. v. i. 281\*. 4 summary, sum LLL. iv. i. 112 my c. of beauty, Mcr. V. iii. 130 The c. and summary of my fortune, Ham, v. ii. 116. continentadj. (2 in both passages there is probably a play upor the sense of 'clusto'.

a play upon the sense of 'chaste

1 self-restraining, temperate Lr. 1. ii. 188.

restraining, restrictive LLL. 1. i. 259 c. canon, Mac. 1v. iii. 64 All continent impediments.

continuance: permanence Meas. 111. i. 250, Tw. N.

I. iv. 6 the c. of his love, Rom. I. Chor. 10.

continuantly (humorous perversion): 2H4 II. i. 30.

continuate (I an early-17th-cent. sense)

1 uninterrupted Oth. in. iv. 177 (Q1 convenient).

2 lasting Tim. I. i. 11 continuate goodness. continue (the foll. are rare uses)

1 to retain H8 II. iv. 31 what friend of mine . . . dud 1 C. in my liking?; to let live Meas. IV. iii. 91.

2 to come as a sequel Tim. II. ii. 5.

contract sb.: contract twice as freq. as co'ntract. contract vb.: most freq. in the sense 'betroth, affiance'; fig. Sonn. i. 5 thou, contracted to thine own bright eyes.

contract pple.: espoused R3 III. vii. 178. contracting (Meas. III. ii. 304), contraction (Ham. III. iv. 46): betrothal.

contrarious: adverse 1H4 v. i. 52 contrarious winds; Meas. Iv. i. 63 these false and most contrarious quests (? self-contradictory, inconsistent).

co'ntrary sb. (2 occurs twice, to the c. 8 times)
1 opposite side Wint. 1. ii. 372 Wafting his eyes to the
c., H8 II. i. 15 The king's attorney on the c. Uryd.
2 in the contrary = to the contrary H8 III. ii. 183,

Oth. 1v. ii. 175.

3 by contraries, in a manner contrary to what is customary Tp. 11. i. 154.

contrary adj. (usu. co'ntrary; contra'ry 4 times): wrong (S.) Mer.V. 1. ii. 103 set a deep ylass of Rhenish wine on the c. casket, John IV. ii. 198 upon c. feet ;-adv. in an opposite direction 1H4 v. v. 4

turn our offers contrary.

contra'ry vb.: to oppose, thwart Rom. 1. v. 89.

contrive': to devise, plan, esp. to plot R2 1. i. 96

treasons... Complotted and c-d, H5 v. ii. 6. Troil. 1. iii. 201, Ham. 11. ii. 220 c. the means of meeting;

absol. Mcr.V. IV. i. 353, Caes. II. iii. 16. contrive<sup>2</sup>: to spend, pass (time) Shr. I. ii. 279\* Please ye we may contrive this afternoon.

control: to overpower, overmaster Tp. 1. ii. 373, Cor. 111. i. 160 the ill which doth c. 't (cf. Romans vii. 19), Sonn. xx. 7 all hues in his c-ing, cvii. 3.

controller: censorious critic, detractor 2H6 III. ii. 205 an arrogant c., Tit. n. iii. 60 Saucy c. of our private steps.

controlment: restraint, check John I. i. 20; very common in 16th-17th cent. in without c. Ado i. iii. 21, Tit. 11. i. 68.

controversy: Cæs. 1. ii. 109 hearts of c. = courage that contended with the violence of the stream.

convenience (1 the usual Eliz. sense) 1 fitness, aptitude, propriety Meas. III. i. 259, All's W. III. ii. 75 all the honour That good c. claims.

2 pl. comforts, advantages, Troil. III. iii. 7\* certain and possess d c-s, Oth. II. i. 236\* these required c-s. conveniency: fitness Mer.V. IV. i. 82: advantage Oth. IV. ii. 178.

convenient: fitting, proper, becoming Meas. IV.
iii. 111, MND. III. i. 2 a marrellous c. pluce for our
rehearsal, 2H6 I. iv. 9, Tit. v. ii. 90, Lr. v. i. 36; so conveniently Mer. V. II. viii. 45.

convent vb.: to summon, convene Meas. v. i. 158, H8 v. i. 52, Cor. II. ii. 59; Tw.N. v. i. 394\* When ... golden time c-s (=either 'summons' or 'is convenient').

conventicle: secret meeting 2H6 III. i. 166.
conversation (cf. 'of upright c.' Psalm xxxvii. 14)
1 intercourse All'sW. I. iii. 242 the c. of my thoughts,
R3 III. v. 30, Ham. III. ii. 60, Cym. I. iv. 118.
2 behaviour, conduct Wiv. II. i. 25, Oth. III. iii.
244 these perfections of a Ant. Iv. ii 130 Per II.

264 those soft purts of c., Ant. 11. vi. 130, Per. 11. Gower 9; pl. manners 2H4 v. v. 106.

converse sb. (not pre-S.): intercourse, (hence) conversation Ham. II. i. 42 Your party in c., Oth. III. i. 40 your c. and business; phrase c. of breath LLL. v. ii. 743.

converse vb.: to hold intercourse, associate with (freq.). The mod. sense of 'talk' is post-S.

conversion: change to something better or higher AYL. iv. iii. 138 my c. So sweetly tustes, John 1. i. 189 'Tis too respective and too sociable for your conversion ('for one who has undergone such a change of rank as you have ').

convert (used of religious change Mer. V. III. v. 37) 1 trans. to turn in another direction AYL. v. iv. 168

c-ed...from his enterprise, Sonn. vii. 11 The eyes ...c-ed are From his low tract. 2 intr. to turn away or aside Sonn. xi. 4 when thou

from youth c-est, xiv. 12. 3 to appropriate to Mer. V. 111. ii. 168.

4 to change into something else Ado II. iii. 72, Ham. v. i. 233 that loam, whereto he was c-ed; intr. for passive, to undergo a change Ado I. i. 127 Courtesy itself must c. to disdain, Mac. IV. iii. 228. convertite (common Eliz.): convert AYL. v. iv.

191, John v. i. 19 But since you are a gentle converte, Lucr. 743.

convey (physical senses are freq.)

euphemism for 'to steal' Wiv. I. iii. 30, R2 IV. i. 317; cf. Cym. I. i. 63.

refl. to represent oneself, pass oneself off H5 I. ii. to manage with secrecy Mac. IV. iii. 71, Lr. I. ii. 12 I will . . . c. the business as I shall find means. conveyance (sense of 'vehicle' is first in S.)

1 escort, conduct, convoy Ham. Iv. iv. 3\* Claims the c. of a promis'd march (Q2 Craues a free passe and conduct) Over his kinydom, Oth. 1. iii. 281 To his c. I assign my wife.

removal R3 IV. iv. 284 Mad'st quick conveyance. 3 document by which transference of property is effected Ham. v. i. 118 The very c. of his lands will

hardly lie in this box.

4 cunning management, underhand dealing, trickery, jugglery Ado II. i. 255 with such impossible c., 1H6 I. iii. 2, 3H6 III. iii. 160 Thy sly conveyance. 5 channel for conveying liquid Cor. v. i. 55 these

conveyances of our blood

6 means of transport Wiv. III. iii, 136. conveyer: thief (S.) R2 IV. i. 317. convict pple: proved guilty R3 I. iv. 196.

convicted: defeated John III. iv. 2 armudo of c. sail. convince (2 cf. 'Which of you convinceth me of sin?' John viii. 46)

1 to overcome Mac. 1. vii. 64 his two chamberlains

Will I with wine. 1. vii. 64 ins two chamberlains Will I with wine. 1. c., iv. iii. 142, 0th. iv. i. 28, Cym. 1. iv. 109, Per. 1. ii. 123.
2 to prove guilty of Troil. 11. ii. 130.
3 to give proof of LLL. v. ii. 754\*.
convive (S.): to feast together Troil. iv. v. 271.
convocation: assembly Ham. iv. iii. 21 a certain c. of politic worms: gathering of provincial symod of clergy H5 1. i. 76.

convoy: means of conveyance or transport All'sW.
IV. iii. 103, H5 IV. iii. 37 crowns for c. put into his purse, Rom. 11. iv. 205 cords . . . Which . . . Must be my convoy, Ham. 1. iii. 3.

convulsion: eramp Tp, iv. i. 262. cony: rabbit AYL. iu. ii. 361, Ven. 687. cony-catch: to cheat Wiv. i. i. 129, i. iii. 34, Shr. IV. i. 45, V. i. 101.

coop: to enclose for protection or defence John II. i. 25 c-s from other lands her islanders, 3H6 v. i. 109. copatain: high sugar-loaf hat Shr. v.

Origin unascertained; other forms were 'copintank', 'coppid tank', 'coptank'.

cope sb.: the firmament Per. iv. vi. 136 under the c. cope vb. (1 and 2 not pre-S.; 3 only S.)

intr. to come into contact with, have to do with Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 437 The royal fool thou cop'st with, Ham. III. ii. 60, Luer. 99.

2 trans. to meet, encounter AYL. II. i. 67 I love to c. him in these sullen fils, H8 I. ii. 78, Troil. 1. ii. 34, Lr. v. iii. 126 (Qq c. withal), Oth. iv. i. 87, Ven. 888 who shall cope him first.

3 to match (a thing) with (an equivalent) Mer.V. copesmate: companion Lucr. 925 Mis-shapen Time,

concernate of ugly Night.

copp'd: peaked Per. 1. i. 101 Copp'd hills.
copulative: used humorously = one about to be
married AYL. v. iv. 58 the country copulatives.

copy (= 'specimen of penmanship' in 2H6 iv. ii. 99)
1 copylold, tenure of land 'by copy', i.e. according
to the copy of the manorial court-roll, (fig.) Mac.

111. ii. 38 in them nature's copy's not eterne.
2 pattern, example All'sW. I. ii. 46 a copy to these younger times, John IV. ii. 113, H5 III. i. 24, Tim. III. iii. 32 takes virtuous copies to be wicked.

3 original Sonn. xi. 14 nor let that copy die.

4 minutes or memoranda of a conference, (hence) subject-matter, theme Err. v. i. 62 the copy of our conference.

coranto: quiek dance H5 III. v. 33 swift corantos. cordial: restorative, comforting Wint. 1. ii. 318,

v. iii. 77 cordial comfort, Cym. I. v. 64. core (2 S. phrase imitated by later writers) 1 central part of an ulcer Troil. II. i. 7 a botchy c.;

fig. v. i. 4 thou core of envy, v. viii. 1. 2 heart's c. perhaps containing a play on Latin

'cor'=heart Ham. 111, ii. 78, Corinth: (allusively) house of ill fame Tim. 11, ii. 72. Corinthian: gay, spirited fellow 1H4 II. iv. 13. co-rival: to vie with Troil. I. iii. 44. (Cf. corrival.) corky: withered Lr. III. vi. 29 his corky arms. cormorant: glutton (fig.) R2 II. i. 38 Light varity,

insatiate c.; attrib. = ravenous, rapacious LLL. I i. 4, Troil. 11. ii. 6 this cormorant war, Cor. 1. i. 127 the cormorant belly.

corn: pipes of c., i.e. of oat-straw MND, H. i. 67. corner: (fig.) place of concealment H8 HI. i. 31.

corner-cap: app. some kind of three-cornered cap LLL. IV. iii, 53. cornet: company of cavalry, so called from its

standard, which was orig. a long horn-shaped pennon 1H6 IV. iii. 25. cornuto (cf. HORN): euckold Wiv. III. v. 74.

corollary : surplus Tp. IV. i. 57 bring a corollary, Rather than want a spirit.

coronet: chaplet, garland MND. IV. i. 58, Ham. ıv. vii. 173.

corporal sb.: LLL. III. i. 197 And I to be a c. of his [Cupid's] field. ¶ 'Corporals of the field' were superior officers of the army in the 16th and 17th cent., who acted as assistants or aides-de-camp

to the sergeant-major. corporal adj. (2 in common use 1520-1700)

1 bodily Meas. 111. i. 78, Mac. 1. vii. 80. 2 material, physical LLL. 1v. iii. 86 she is but c., Mac. 1. iii. 81 what seem'd c. melted As breath. corporate: belonging to a body of persons Tim. 11. ii. 214 a joint and corporate voice.

correctioner (S.): one who administers correction 2H4 v. iv. 23 you filthy famished correctioner. correspondent: responsive, submissive Tp. 1. ii.

297 I will be correspondent to command.

corrigible (2 cf. 'bear a reasonable c. hand 'Jonson)

1 submissive Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 74 His c. neck. 2 correcting Oth. I. iii. 330 ths . . . c. authority.

corrival (old edd. corrival(l and corival(l; 2 cf. for the meaning competitor and RIVAL) rival 1H4 1. iii. 207 Without corrival.

2 partner 1H4 IV. iv. 31 many moe corrivals. corroborate: used absurdly in H5 II. i. 130.

co'rrosive sb.: sharp or caustic remedy 2H6 III. ii. 403

co'rrosive adj.: fretting, wasting 1H6 III. iii. 3 Care is no cure, but rather c. (Fi2 3 carrasice)

corruptibly: so as to be corrupt John v. vii. 2. corse (freq.): corpse R3 1. ii. 32, Cas. III. i. 199.

cost (the following senses are obs.)

outlay, expense Ado I. i. 100 the fushion of the world is to avoid cost.

- COURSE

2 costly thing Meas. I. iii. 10, AYL. II. vii. 76 The c. of princes, 2H4 1. iii. 60 (said of a building), Sonn. lxiv. 2, xci. 10 pronder than garments' cost.

costard: orig. a large kind of apple, applied humorously to the head Wiv. III. i. 14, LLL. III. i. 73, R3 I. iv. 160, Lr. IV. vi. 248.

costermonger (orig. seller of costard apples): used contemptuously = 'commercial' 2H4 i. ii. 193 in these costermonger times.

costly: lavish, rich Mer. V. II. ix. 94 c. summer.

co-supreme: co-equal in supremacy Phoen. 51. cote sb.: cottage AYL. III. ii. 454 (F1 Cont).

cote vb. (orig. a coursing term): to pass beyond, outstrip Ham. II. ii. 338 we coted them on the way (F1 coaled).

cot-quean: man that busies himself unduly with matters belonging to the housewife's province

Rom. IV. iv. 6.

Cotswold: Wiv. 1. i. 93 (F1 Cotsall), 2H4 III. ii. 23 (F1 Cot-sal-man = athletic man, such as inhabited the Cotswold Hills, famous for athletic sports).

couch (the gen. senses are 'lay 'and 'lie') 1 to cause to crouch Lucr. 507 a falcon towering in the skies, Coucheth the foul below.

2 to lower to the position of attack 1H6 III. ii. 134

A braver soldier never couched lunce.

3 to lie hidden or in ambush Wiv. v. ii. 1, All'sW. iv. i. 24 c., ho! here he comes, Tit. v. ii. 38, Ham.

v. i. 244, Lr. 111. i. 12.

couched: lying, esp. lying concealed Wiv. v. iii. 14 c. in a pil, Ado III. i. 30, Tim. II. ii. 182 These flies are c., Ham. II. ii. 485; fig. R2 1. iii. 98 Virtue with valour c. in thine eye, Troil. I. i. 41 sorrow, that is c. in seeming gladness; expressed 2H6 III. i. 179 words...clerkly c.

couching vbl. sb.: low bowing Cæs. 111. i. 36.

couching pple:: represents the heraldic term 'couching lying 1H4 nr. i. 152 A c. lion. council: spec the body of the king's privy councillors Wiv. n. i. 35, R2 n. iii. 124, 2H6 nr. i. 174,

H8 iv. i. 112.

counsel (sense of 'legal adviser' occurs in 2H4 I.

ii. 155, Cym. 1. iv. 185)

1 consultation, deliberation, consideration Ado II. iii. 221, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 422, 1H4 IV. iii. 11 I hold us little c. with wenk fear As you (= consult

fear), 2H6 i. i. 98.

2 private or secret purpose, secret, inmost thought Ado III. iii. 91 keep your fellows' c-s and your own, Cor. 1. ii. 2 they of Rome are enter'd in our c-s, Ham. IV. ii. 11; in c., in private, in secret Wiv. I. i. 123; so counsel-keeper 2H4 II. iv. 290, counsel-keeping Tit. II. iii. 24.

counsellor:

1 privy councillor H8 1. i. 219 (F1 Councellour; chancellor +)

2 legal advocate Meas. I. ii.115 good c-s lack no clients.

count sb. (cf. COMPT)

1 reckoning, account Rom. r. iii. 71, Ant. n. vi. 54, Sonn. ii. 11 Shall sum my c.: phr. out of (all) c., incalculable Gent. п. i. 64-65.

2 legal indictment Ham. IV. vii. 17 a public count. count vb.: to make account of Gent. II. i. 67.

Count Comfect: Ado IV. i. 322 'my Lord Lollipop' (Staunton); probably with play on the legal sense

of 'count'=charge, indictment. counted: accounted, esteemed R3 iv. i. 46.

countenance sb. (the precise meaning of many instances is doubtful)

1 bearing, demeanour AYL, 11. vii. 108 the c. Of stern commandment, Shr. Iv. ii. 65, v. i. 41°, 1H4 v. i. 69 unkind usaye, dangerous c., Lr. I. ii. 177.

2 (?) show, pretence Meas, v. i. 119 the evil which is here wrapt up In countenance.

3 favour, patronage AYL. i. i. 19°, 1H4 i. ii. 33 under rehose c. we steal, 174, 2H4 iv. ii. 13, 24, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 40, Ham. i. iii. 113 hath given c. to his speech.

countenance vb.: to be in keeping with, give a suitable accompaniment to Shr. iv. i. 101\*,

Мас. п. iii. 87

Counter sb.: Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 38 (see compter),
Troil. II. ii. 28 (F<sub>1</sub> Counters, Q Compters); used =
debased coin Cæs. IV. iii. 80; typically of a thing

of no intrinsic value AYL, II. vii. 63. counter adv.: (hunting term) following the trail in a direction opposite to that which the game has taken Err. iv. ii. 39 A hound that runs c., 2H4 I. ii. 102, Ham. iv. v. 110 this is c., you jake Danish dogs. ¶ In the first two instances there is a quibble on the 'Counter' or debtors' prison,

cf. COUNTER-GATE.

counter-caster (S.): contemptuous name for an arithmetician Oth. 1. i. 31.

counterchange: exchange Cym. v. v. 397.

countercheck: rebuke in reply to one from another person AYL. v. iv. 85 the 'countercheck quarrelsome'; check John II. i. 224 Have brought countercheck before your gates.

counterfeit sb.: image, likeness, portrait Mer.V. III. ii. 115 Fair Portia's counterfeit, Tim. v. i. 85, Mac. II. iii. 83 sleep, death's counterfeit, Lucr. 1269,

Sonn. xvi. 8, lili. 5. counterfeit (2 a rare use)

1 deceitful, false H5 111. vi. 64 an arrant c. rascal, v. i. 73, Tim. 1v. iii. 113.

2 portraved Ham. III. iv. 54.

counter-gate: gate of the Counter, a name for debtors' prisons in London, Southwark and elsewhere Wiv. III. iii. 85.

countermand (obs. uses)

1 to oppose the power of Lucr. 276.

2 to prohibit Err, IV. ii. 37 c-s The passages of alleys. counterpart: copy, reproduction Sonn. lxxxiv. 11. counterpoint: counterpane Shr. II. i. 345.

counterpoise: compensation, equivalent All'sW.

11. iii. 182 counterseal (S.): to seal with an additional seal by way of further sanction Cor. v. iii. 205.

countervail: to equal, counterbalance Rom. II. vi. 4, Per. II. iii. 56 Had not a show might c. his worth. countless (not pre-S.): in Ven. 84 Qq comptles(se. country: man of countries, traveller John I. i. 193. county: count (freq.) Mer.V. I. ii. 48. couplement (2 cf. 'a comely couplement 'Spenser)

coupling, union Sonn. xxi. 5.

2 couple, pair LLL. v. ii. 533 most royal c. couplet: pair, couple (S.) Tw.N. III. iv. 414 a c. or two of most sage saws, Ham. v. i. 309 (the pigeon lays only two eggs at a time and the newly hatched birds are covered with yellow down).

courage (the foll. obs. uses began in 14th cent.)
1 spirit, disposition 3H6 II. ii. 57 this soft c., Cor.

111. iii. 90, 1v. i. 3.

2 desire, inclination Tim. III. iii. 24 c. to do him good: sexual inclination, lust Ven. 276 his hot c. courageous: used blunderingly in MND. iv. ii. 28. courb: to bow Ham. iii. iv. 155 (mod. edd. curb).

course sb. (obs. or special uses are)

1 current, freq. of a river; of air 2H4 iv. v. 149 found no c. of breath within your majesty; c. of the sun, a year H8 ii. iii. 6, Sonn. lix. 6; so yearly c., John 111. i. 81.

2 customary procedure, habit Meas. III. ii. 244, Troil. I. iii. 9, Ham. III. iii. 83 in our circumstance and c. of thought; esp. pl. habits, way of life, goings-on Meas. II. i. 201, H5 I. i. 24, Oth. IV. i. 290.

3 regular order or process Ado v. iv. 6 the true c. of ull the question, John 1. i. 113 the c. of time, H5 v.

Chor. 4, Lr. III. vii. 101 the old c. of death (= natural death), Oth. I. ii. 86; in c. = in due course, as a matter of course Meas. 111. i. 260.

4 line of action, method of procedure (freq.) Tp. 11. i. 295, Lr. 1. iii. 27 To hold my very course (= 'to

take the same course as I do').
5 point of the compass Tp. 1. i. 55\* Set her two c-s off to sea again; some place a colon at c-s, which is then taken = 'sails'

6 in bear-baiting, one of a succession of attacks Mac. v. vii. 2 bear-like I must fight the c., Lr. III. vii. 54.

course vb.: to pursue AYL. II. i. 39, Mac. I. vi. 21, Lr. III. iv. 56 to c. his own shadow, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 11 to c. your flying flags.

coursing: marauding H5 1. ii. 143 c. snatchers. court-cupboard: movable sideboard or cabinet used to display plate, &c., Rom. 1. v. 8 remove the court-cupboard, look to the plate.

courteous: as a formula of address, orig. to superiors Troil. v. ii. 182 Myc. lord, Rom. 111. ii. 62. courtesy (usu. 3 syll., but in a few instances 2 syll., where old edd. have curtsie, cursie, mod. edd. court'sy, curt'sy, curtsy)
1 good manners MND. III. ii. 147 If you were civil

and knew c.; sense of what good manners require Mer. V. v. i. 217 I was beset with shame and c.

2 obeisance, bow (freq.) LLL. 1. ii. 67, Troil. II. iii. 115 The elephant hath joints but none for c.; a common phr. was to make c. Ado n. i. 57, AYL. Epil. 24; fig. Meas. n. iv. 176 (cf. Lr. n. vii. 26 'yield to wrath').

3 c. of nations, usage of civilized peoples AYL. i. i. court-hand: style of handwriting in use in the English law-courts from the 16th cent. to the reign of George II, 2H6 IV. ii. 105.

courtier: one who courts, wooer Ant. II. vi. 17 c-s of beauteous freedom.

courtly (2 courtlike is also used Wiv. II. ii. 242) 1 belonging to or connected with the court All'sW. III. iv. 14 c. friends, 2H6 I. i. 27 c. company.

2 befitting the court, elegant, refined AYL. III. ii. 73 too c. a wit, Troil. III. i. 31, Cym. III. v. 71. 3 (in an unfavourable sense) characteristic of the

false manners of courtiers Tim. v. i. 30 To promise is most courtly.

court of guard: guard room, guard house 1H6 II. i. 4, Oth. II. i. 221 (cf. iii. 218), Ant. IV. ix. 2. [44)

courtship (not pre-S.; = 'wooing' in Mer. V. II. viii. 1 courtliness of manners LLL. v. ii. 364 Trim gallants, full of c., 788, AYL. III. ii. 368 (with play on sense 'wooing'), 2H6 I. iii. 57, Oth. II. i. 172 (Q1 courtesies).

2 state befitting a court or courtier Rom. III. iii. 34. 3 paying of court to anyone R2 1, iv. 24.

cousin (the ordinary mod. sense is freq.)

1 collateral relative more distant than brother or sister, formerly very freq. applied to nephew or niece, as in Ado 1. ii. 2, AYL. 1. ii. 166; also = uncle Tw.N. 1. v. 130, v. i. 316; = brother-in-law

1H4 III. i. 52. 2 in legal language, often formerly applied to the next of kin, including direct ancestors and descendants; so=grandchild in John III. iii. 17, R3 II. ii. 8, II. iv. 9, Oth. I. i. 113.

3 used by a sovereign in formally addressing or mentioning another sovereign or a nobleman

Meas. v. i. 165, R3 III. iv. 35.

covenants: clauses or articles of a contract Shr. II. i. 128, 1H6 v. iv. 114, v. v. 88, Cym. I. iv. 60.

covent: early form of 'convent' surviving in 'Covent Garden' Meas. Iv. iii. 137, H8 IV. ii. 19.

cover (common Eliz, senses are the foll.) 1 to spread the cloth for a meal; trans, Mer. V, III. v. 65 c. the table; intr. AYL. II. v. 31 Sirs, c. the while, 2H4 II. iv. 11.

intr. and pass, to put on one's hat Mer. V. II, ix, 44 How many then should c. that stand bare, AYL. III. iii. 83 pray be covered.

covert'st: most secret R3 III. v. 32. coverture: covering, cover Ado III. i. 30, 3H6 IV. covet: to have inordinate desire for 1H6 v. iv. 145. covetousness: strong or inordinate desire John IV. ii. 29 They do confound their skill in c.

coward: to render timorous H5 II. ii. 75 cowardship: cowardice Tw. N. III. iv. 425.

cowish: cowardly Lr. IV. ii. 12 cowish terror. cowl-staff: pole on which a 'cowl' or basket is borne between two persons Wiv. 111. iii. 157

cox: spelling of 'cock's' = God's, All'sW. v. ii. 44 Cox my passion!
coxcomb (the sense of 'fool' is most freq.)

I cap worn by a professional fool, like a cock's comb in shape and colour Wiv. v. v. 149, Shr. II. . 224, Lr. 1. iv. 117.

ludicrous appellation for the head Wiv. III. i. 91, Tw.N. v. i. 180 a bloody c., H5 v. i. 45, Lr. II.

iv. 125.

coy adj.: distant, disdainful, Gent. 1. i. 30, Shr. 11. i. 238 rough and coy and sullen, Ven. 96, 112, my coy disdain.

coy vb. (twice only; 2 peculiar to S.)

1 to stroke caressingly, pat MND. IV. i. 2.

2 to disdain Cor. v. i. 6 if he coy'd To hear Cominius

speak. coystril: see COISTREL.

coz (= cousin in its different arplications)

1 = nephew John III. iii. 17, Rom. I. v. 69; = uncle Tw.N. 1. v. 143; = brother-in-law 1H4 III. i. 79. 2 = cousin 2, 1H4 I. i. 91, H5 IV. iii. 30 (Ff conze).

cozen: to cheat (trans. and intr.) Mer. V. II. ix. 38, All's W. Iv. iv. 23 c-'d thoughts, Lr. v. iii. 156, oth. Iv. ii. 132 c-ing slave, Lucr. 387 C-ing the pullor of a lawful kiss; so cozenage, cheating Ham. v.

Mac. IV. i. 117 the ref. is either to the thunder-crash of the judgement-day or the blast of the

archangel's trumpet. crack sb.2 (not pre-S.): lively or pert little boy 2H4 III. ii. 34 when a' was a c., not thus high, Cor.

1. iii. 74.

crack vb.: to utter (a boast) loudly or smartly Cym. v. v. 178 our brags Were c-'d; (hence) to boast LLL. iv. iii, 268 Ethiops of their sweet complexion c. cracker: boaster John II. i. 147.

crack-hemp (S.): gallows-bird Shr. v. i. 47. variant of the usual word of the period, 'crack-

halter'

cradle: place of repose MND. III. i. 83, Ven. 1185. cradle: to lie as in a cradle (S.) Tp. 1. ii. 461 husks Wherein the acorn cradled.

craft: to make a (good) job of it (S.) Cor. IV. vi. 119 you have crafted fair :

crafty (2 extension of the ordinary use)
1 skilfully wrought Ado III. i. 22 crafty arrows. 2 feigned John IV. i. 53 you may think my love was

c. love: cf. crafty-sick, feigning sickness 2H4 Ind. 37.

cramm'd reason : Troil. II. ii. 49\*.

crank sb.: winding path Cor. 1. i. 143 though the c-s and offices of man.

crank vb.: to run in a winding course, zigzag 1H4 III. i. 99 how this river comes me c-ing in, Ven. 682 [the hare] c-s and crosses.

crannied: like a cranny (S.) MND, v. i. 160. crants: garland, wreath Ham. v. i. 254 allow'd her virgin crants (Ff rites). ¶ The word (= German 'kranz') occurs in the Eliz. period also in the forms 'cranse, crannce, corance.'

craret (variant spelling of 'crayer'): small trading vessel Cym. iv. ii. 205 (old edd. care).

crave (unusual sense): to beg to know Shr. II. i. 180 I'll crave the day When I shall ask the banns. craven sb.: cock that is not 'game' Shr. II. i. 226. craven vb.: to render cowardly Cym. III. iv. 80. craver: beggar Per. II. i. 94. ¶ In use 1400-1660. craze: to break, impair R3 IV. iv. 17 c-40 my voice. crazed: impaired, unsound MND. I. i. 92 Thy c. title. crazing: (?) shattering H5 IV. iii. 105 (see GRAZE vb.2).

crazy: broken down, decrepit 1H6 III. ii. 89 c. age. cream: to form a scum Mer. V. I. i. 87 cream and

mantle like a standing pond. cream-fac'd: pale Mac. v. iii. 11 c. loon. create pple .: created MND. v. ii. 35 [i. 412] the issue there c., John IV. i. 107, H5 II. ii. 31 hearts c. of duty and of zeal.

credent (2 for similar use of an active form with

passive sense cf. INTRENCHANT)

1 believing, trustful Ham. 1. iii. 30 with too c. ear, Compl. 279 Lending...c. soul to that strong-bonded

2 credible Meas. IV. iv. 29 my authority bears so credent bulk, Wint. I. ii. 142.

credit sb.: report (S.) Tw. N. IV. iii. 6.

credit vb.: to do credit to, honour Shr. IV. i. 106. creek: narrow or winding passage Err. IV. ii. 38; winding part of a rivulet Cym. IV. ii. 151.

crescent: growing, increasing Ham. I. iii. 11, Ant. II. i. 10 My powers are c., Cym. I. iv. 2 of a c. note. crescive: growing H5 I. i. 66 c. in his faculty.

cresset: open lamp or fire-basket set up to a beacon, transf. 1H4 III. i. 15.

crest sb. (fig. uses of 1 and 4 coincide; the allusion in John v. iv. 34 is doubtful; LLL. IV. iii. 256

beauty's crest = brightness) 1 comb, tutt of feathers, or the like on an animal's head, only fig. 1H4 I. i. 99 bristle up The c. of youth, Troil. I. iii. 380 make him full His c., Cor.

IV. v. 226,

2 device placed on a wreath, coronet, &c., and borne above the shield and helmet in a coat of arms, often fig. Wiv. v. v. 69 Each . . . coat, and several c., MND, III, ii. 214 like coats in heraldry . . . crowned with one c. . AYL. Iv. ii. 64, Shr. II. i. 224, John IV, iii. 46, 2H6 v. i. 202 old Nevil's c., The rampant bear.

3 helmet (orig. plume of feathers, &c., on a helmet, or the conical top of it) John II. i. 317, Mac. v. vii. 40 (viii. 11), Ven. 104.

4 ridge of the neck of a horse or dog Cæs. Iv. ii. 26,

Ven. 272 his braided hanging mane Upon his com-

pass'd crest. crest vb.: to serve as a crest to, to top Ant. v. ii. 83 his rear'd arm C-ed the world (some heraldic crests were of the form of a raised arm on a wreath).

crestless: having no heraldic crest 1H6 II, iv. 85. crest-wounding: disgracing the crest or cognizance Lucr. 828 crest-wounding, private scar.

crewel: worsted Lr. II. iv. 7 c. garters (Ff 12 cruell). cribb'd: confined, hampered Mac. III, iv. 24 cabin'd, cribb'd, confin'd. ¶ In mod. use gen, an echo of S. crimeful: criminal Ham. IV. vii. 7 (Qq criminall),

Lucr. 970. cringe: to distort (the face) Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 100. cripple: lame H5 IV. Chor. 20 (old edd. creeple).

I curled, rippled Tp. IV. i. 130 Leave your c. channels,

1H4 I. iii, 106 who [swift Severn] hid his c. head in the hollow bank.

crisped: curled Mer. V. III. ii. 184\* below c. heaven. crisped: curled Mer. V. III. ii. 92 those c. . . . locks. critic adj.: censorious LLL. IV. iii. 170 c. Timon: so critical (not pre-S.) with the same meaning MND. v. i. 54 satire, keen and c.; critic sb. (not pre-S.) fault-finder, caviller LLL. III. i. 186.

crone: withered old woman Wint. II. iii. 76. crook-back: hunchback 3H6 II. ii. 96; — adj. hunchbacked 3H6 I. iv. 75 that radiant c. prodigy. crooked (fig. uses date from the 13th cent.)

false H5 I, ii. 94 their crooked titles.
Perverse, malignant Gent. Iv. i. 22 c. fortune,
2H6 v. i. 158, v. vi. 79, H8 v. iii. 44 c. malice. crop (3 not recorded before S.)

1 to gather, pluck R2 11. i. 134, 1H4 v. iv. 73. 2 to lop off R3 1. ii. 248; fig. Per. 1. i. 141.

3 intr. to yield a crop Ant. 11. ii. 233\* He ploughed her, and she cropt.

crop-ear (not pre-S.): crop-eared animal 1H4 II. cross sb.: coin, properly, one having on it the representation of a cross (usu. quibblingly) LLL. I. ii. 37, AYL. II. iv. 12, 2H4 I. ii. 257. cross adj .:

1 passing from side to side Cæs. I. iii. 50 c. blue

lightning (i.e. forked), Lr. IV. vii. 35. 2 perverse H8 III. ii. 215 what c. devil, Rom. IV. iii.

5 my state, Which...is c. and full of sin; inclined to quarrel or disagree Shr. 11. i. 244 c. in talk, R3 III. i. 126, Tit. II. iii. 53.

cross adv.: broke cross, broken across the adversary's body Ado v. i. 142.

cross vb. (2 the commonest S. sense)

1 to meet, face Ham. I. i. 127.

2 to thwart, go counter to MND. I. i. 150, Mac. III. i. 81 How...borne in hand, how cross'd, Ven. 734. 3 to debar from 3H6 III. ii. 127 To c. me from the

golden time I look for. 4 pass, to have one's debts crossed off or cancelled (quibblingly) Tim. 1. ii. 170\* When all's spent, he'd

be cross'd then, an he could. cross-gartered: wearing garters above and below the knee so as to cross behind it Tw. N. II. v. 169,

&c.; so cross-gartering III. iv. 23. crossing: contradiction 1H4 III. i. 36.

cross-row: more fully 'Christ-' or 'criss-cross-row', the alphabet, so called from the cross formerly prefixed to it in primers R3 1. i. 55.

crotchet: used with play on the senses 'whim, fancy' and 'musical note' Ado II. iii. 59, Rom. IV. v. 120.

crow: crowbar Err. III. i. 80, Rom. v. ii. 21

crowd: to squeeze, crush (lit. and fig.) 2H4 IV. ii. 34, Cæs. 11. iv. 36.

crow-flower: buttercup Ham. IV. vii. 170. So in mod. north-midland use; Gerarde (1597) gives the name to the Ragged Robin.

crow-keeper: one employed to keep rooks away from corn-fields, also = scarecrow Rom. 1. iv. 6, Lr. IV. vi. 89 handles his bow like a crow-keeper.

crown sb.: triple c., the papal tiara 2H6 I. iii. 66.

There are many instances of puns on various senses MND. I. ii. 100, H5 IV. i. 248, Lr. I. iv. 172.

See also French crown.

crowner: by-form of 'coroner' assimilated to 'crown' Tw.N. I. v. 142, Ham. v. i. 4 The c. hath set on her, 23.

crownet: by-form of 'coronet' (cf. prec.) Ant. v.

crown-imperial: handsome fritillary, Fritillaria imperialis, a native of the Levant, cultivated in English gardens Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 126. crudy(Q): 'curdy', thick 2H4 IV. iii. 106 (F1 cruddie).

-CUSTOMER

cruel: Lr. II. iv. 7, see CREWEL ;-sb. pl. cruelties Lr. III. vii, 65.

cruelly: excessively H5 v. ii. 214 I love thee c. cruelty: concr. cruel person Tw.N. I. v. 309 Fare-

well, fair cruelly, II. iv. 82. crusado, cruzado: Portuguese coin, orig. of gold, bearing the figure of a cross Oth. III. iv. 27.

crush: to discuss (a cup of wine) Rom. I. ii. 86. crush'd: forced, strained H5 I. ii. 175. [ii. 200. crutch: symbol of old age LLL. IV. iii. 245, Cym. IV. cry sb.:

1 public report, rumour Troil. III. iii. 184 The cry went once on thee, Oth. IV. i. 124 the cry goes

2 pack of hounds MND. iv. i. 130, Cor. iii. iii. 118, iv. vi. 149, Oth. ii. iii. 373; applied to a company

of people Ham. III. ii. 294. cry vb. ('cry mercy, pardon, grace' belongs to 2)

1 to supplicate, appeal 1H6 v. iv. 53 c. for venguence at the gules of heaven, Tim. 11, i. 20 My uses cry to me. 2 to beg for (something) Compl. 42 Where want cries some; to call for, demand loudly Oth. 1. iii. 278

The affair cries haste.
3 to extol, 'cry up' H3 1. i. 27 cried incomparable.
cry on: to invoke with outcry Tw. N. v. i. 63 Cried
fame and honour on him, Troil. v. v. 35 Crying on Hector; cry down, to put down, overwhelm by more vehiment action H8 1. i. 137 c. down This Ipswich fellow's insolence; cry on, (of hounds) to yelp on the scent Shr. Ind. i. 23, Tw.N. II. v. 137, Ham. IV. V. 109 on the false trail they cry; cry out, (1) to tell plainly Rom. III. iii. 198, (2) to be in labour H8 V. i. 67; cry out of, to complain loudly of H5 II. iii. 29.

crystal: used of the eyes H5 II. iii. 57, Ven. 963. crystal-button: worn on the jerkins of vintners

1H4 II. iv. 78.

cub-drawn: sucked dry by her cubs, fierce or ravenous Lr. 111. i. 12

cuckoldly: whose wife is unfaithful Wiv. II. ii. cuckoo: fool, 'gowk' 1H4 II. iv. 392. ¶ Associated with 'cuckold' LLL. v. ii. 908, MND. III. i. 138, All'sW. 1. iii. 68.

cuckoo-bud: some yellow flower LLL. v. ii, 904. cuckoo-flower (not identified): Lr. iv. iv. 4. cudgell'd: produced by a cudgel (S.) H5 v. i, 93,

cuisses: see cushes.

cullion: base fellow Shr. IV. ii. 20; so cullionly. culverin [ultimately from Fr. 'couleuvre', adder cannon, very long in proportion to its bore 1H4 II. iii. 58.

cumber: to harass, trouble Tim. 111, vi. 52 Let it

not c. your better remembrance, Cas. 111. i. 264. cunning (the sense of 'underhand craft' is freq.) 1 knowledge Troil. v. v. 41, Cor. 1v. i. 9, Tim. v.

iv. 28, Oth. 111, iii. 49. 2 skill, ability Shr. Ind. i. 92, H5 v. ii. 149 I hare no c. in protestation, Rom. 11. ii. 101, Ham. IV. vii. 155, Ant. 11. iii. 34.

profession Tim. IV. iii. 210 By putting on the c. of a carper.

cunning adj. (2 still in wide dial. use)

1 'knowing', skilful, clever Ado 11. ii. 53, v. i. 239,
Shr. I. i. 97, 191 c. schoolmasters, Rom. 1v. ii. 2 cunning cooks, Ham. III. iv. 138.

cunning man, fortune-teller, wizard 2H6 iv. i. 34;

cf. cunning witch 2H6 I. ii. 75.

3 dexterously wrought or devised R2 1. iii. 163 a.c., instrument, Oth. v. ii. 11, 332 any c. cruelty. cup: to ply with drink, intoxicate Ant. II. vii. 124. Cupid's flower: the pansy, also called heartsease and love-in-idleness MND. IV. i. 79.

cur: formerly used without depreciation of dogs of the mastiff or other large kind Mac. 111. i. 93. Still dial, = shepherd's dog, watch-dog.

curate: priest having a cure of souls, parish priest LLL, v. i, 123, Tw.N. IV. ii. 3, 25. curb: to restrain from R2 1, i, 54, Cym. II. iii. 125

you are curb'd from that enlargement. ¶ Also the usu. spelling in mod. edd. of cours.

curdied (S.): congealed Cor. v. iii. 66 the icicle That's curdied.

curdy: see CRUDY.

51

cure sb. (for proverbs see CARE)

1 remedy H8 i. iv. 33 For my little c., Let me alone. 2 stand in bold (hard) cure, are in a healthy (desperate) state Lr. 111. vi. 109, Oth. 11. i. 51.

cure vb.: to be remedied Rom. I. ii. 50.

cureless: incurable Mer.V. iv. i. 142, 3H6 n. vi. 23, Lucr. 772.

curiosity: nicety, delicacy, fastidiousness Tim. IV. iii. 303, Lr. I. i. 6, I. ii. 4, I. iv. 75 jealous c. curious (meaning uncertain in some passages)

1 anxious, concerned Cym. 1. vi. 191 c.... To have them in safe stowage; causing or involving care Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 527 c. business, Troil. III. ii. 68.

2 particular, fastidious, nice Shr. IV. iv. 36, All'sW. i. ii. 20 rather c. than in haste, Sonn. xxxviii. 13, Compl. 49 c. secrecy; careful in observation Rom. I. iv. 31 curious eye

3 made with care, skilfully wrought, dainty, delicate 3H6 11. v. 53, Lr. 1. iv. 35 a c. tale, Cym. v. v. 362 a most c. muntle, Per. 1. i. 16, 1. iv. 43, Ven. 734.

4 adv. delicately, nicely LLL. 1. i. 247 c.-knotted garden, Lucr. 1300 too curious-good. curiously: fastidiously, delicately, minutely Ado y. i. 160, Shr. Iv. iii. 143 The sleeves curiously cut, Ham. v. i. 226.

currance: current H5 i. i. 34 (Ff<sub>23</sub>-ant, F<sub>4</sub>-ent). current sb.: unimpeded course or progress Mer.V. iv. i. 64 the c. of thy cruelty, 1H4 ii. iii. 60 c-s of

a heady fight.

current adj.: often allusively used in ref. to 'current coin'=(i) common R2 v. iii. I23; (ii) sterling, genuine 1H4 II. i. 59 holds c. (= proves true), R3 I. ii. 84 make No excuse c., I. iii. 256, II. i. 95 c., from suspicion (= sound and not attacked by suspicion), H8 I. iii. 47 Held c. music (ellipt. = have it considered good music).

currish: (?) involving stories about beasts 3H6 v. curry: to use flattery 2H4 v. i. 81.

cursorary (S.): cursory H5 v. ii. 77 (Q3 cursorary, Qq12 cursenary, Ff curselarie, -y). curst (usu. spelling of 'cursed' in the foll. uses)

1 malignant, perverse, shrewish LLL. iv. i. 36 c. wives, Shr. 1. i. 184 c. and shrewd, 11. i. 307, 1H4 11. iii. 51 thick-eyed musing and curst melancholy.

2 savage, vicious Ado II. i. 25 God sends a c. com short horns, Wint. III. iii. 135 (of bears), Ven. 887

(of a boar).

curstness: malignancy, ill humour Ant. II. ii. 25. curtal: having the tail docked, applied to a common dog Wiv. II. I. 112. Err. III. II. 152:—sb. the proper name of a horse All'sW. II. III. 65.

curtle-axe [perverted form of 'cutlass' = Fr. 'contelas']: broad cutting sword AYL. I. III. 120,

H5 IV. ii. 21.

curtsy sb., see courtesy; vb. (old edd. freq. cursie). cushes: armour for the thighs 1H4 IV. i. 105.

cushion: symbol of peace and ease Cor. IV. vii. 43 From the cusque to the c.; a swelling simulating pregnancy 2H4 v. iv. 17.

custard-coffin: crust over a custard Shr. iv. iii. custerell: form of coistrel in Per. iv. vi. 181

(Qq 123).

custom: of c., customary Wiv. v. v. 81 Our dance of c., Mac. III. iv. 97, Oth. III. iii. 122; with a c., from habit Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 12.

customer: harlot All'sW. v. iii, 291, Oth, ry, i. 120.

custom-shrunk: having fewer customers Meas.

cut sb. (3? one with a docked tail) 1 draw cuts, draw lots Err. v. i. 425.

2 slash in a garment Ado III. iv. 19.

3 common or working horse; (as a proper name) 1H4 II. i. 6, (as a term of abuse, cf. Horse) Tw.N. 11. iii. 206 call me cut.

cut vb.:

1 to carve, represent in stone Mer.V. 1. i. 84 cut in alabaster, Wint. v. iii. 79 what fine chisel Could ever yet cut breath?.

2 to preclude from 1H4 v. ii. 90.

cut off, (1) to make an end of, break off, cancel John II. i. 96, H5 v. i. 88, Cæs. iv. i. 9, Lr. II. iv. 177; (2) to put to death Meas. v. i. 35, Ham. I. v. 76, Lr. IV. v. 38; cut out, to shape according to a pattern, fig. Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 395. cut and long-tail: lit. horses or dogs with docked

tails and with long tails, fig. all sorts of people

Wiv. III. iv. 47.

cutpurse: pickpocket, thief Lr. лл. ii. 88.

cutter: sculptor Cym. II. iv. 83; cutter-off: inter-rupter, curtailer AYL. I. ii. 54 the c. of Nature's wit. cuttle: ? cut-throat, bully 2H4 II. iv. 138.

Cyclops: one of a race of one-eyed giants who forged thunderbolts for Zeus Tit. IV. iii. 46 of the C.' size, Ham. II. ii. 519 the C.' hammers.

cynic: one of the same school of philosophy as Diogenes, who carried to an extreme of asceticism the principle of contempt for ease, wealth, and the enjoyments of life; (hence) surly, rude fellow

Cæs. iv. iii. 132. Cynthia: the moon personified as a goddess Rom.

111. v. 20, Ven. 728.

cypress: tree of hard durable wood and dense dark foliage, symbolical of mourning; attrib. Shr. II. i. 345 In c. chests, 2H6 III. ii. 323, Cor. I. x. 30 at the c. grove (Ff Cyprus); Tw.N. II. iv. 52\* in sad c., (a) in a coffin of cypress wood, (b) on a bier strewn with cypress

cypress2: crape-like fabric Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 221 Cypress black as e'er was crow (some mod. edd. cyprus); kerchief made of this, used as 'mourn-ing ' Tw.N. пп. i. 134 (see Aldis Wright's note). Cytherea: Venus, Shr. Ind. ii. 53, Wint. Iv. iii.

[iv.] 122.

daff (2 daff'd the world aside 1H4 IV. i. 96 has been much imitated by modern writers)

1 to put off (clothes, armour) Ant. IV. iv. 13 till ne do please To daff't for our repose, Compl. 297 my white stole...I daff'd.

2 to put, turn, or thrust aside Ado II. iii. 187, v. i. 78 Canst thou so d. me?, Pilgr. xiv. 3 [183] duff'd

3 to put off with an excuse Oth. IV. ii. 176 (F1 dafts,

Qq dofftst).

dagger (S. is earliest for fig. uses exemplified in Mer.V. III. i. 118, Mac. II. iii. 147, Ham. III. ii. 421) 1 rapier (or sword) and d., method of fighting introduced towards the end of the 16th cent. and taking the place of sword-and-buckler fighting Wiv. I. i. 297, Ham. v. ii. 152; attrib. Meas. IV.

iii. 16 the rapier and dagger man. 2 d. of lath, wooden weapon borne by Vice in the and the morality plays Tw.N. Iv. ii. 140, 1H4 II. iv. 154; cf. 2H4 III. ii. 347 Vice's d., H5 IV. iv. 78 pare his nails with a rooden d. (cf. Tw.N. Iv. ii. 138-144), dainty sb. (2 common phrase 1550-1650)

1 daintiness, fastidiousness 2H4 IV. i. 198 weary Of d. 2 make dainty, be chary or loth Rom. 1. v. 23.

dainty adj.: d. of, scrupulous or particular about Troil, I. iii. 145, Mac. II. iii. 151 let us not be d. of leave-taking.

daisied (not pre-S.): full of daisies Cym. rv. ii. 398, dalliance (obs. use): idle delay 1H6 v. ii. 5.

dally: to trifle (with) Shr. IV. iv. 68, Tw. N. II. iv. 47, 111. i. 16.

Damascus: referred to as the place where Cain slew Abel, 1H6 1. iii. 39.

damask sb.: the colour of the d. rose (Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 222), = (1) blush-red colour Cor. 11. i. 235 the rear of white and d. in Their . . . cheeks; (2) striped red and white AYL. III. v. 123 mingled d.; -adj. of such colour (in both applications) LLL. v. ii. 297 their d. sweet commixture, Tw. N. II. iv. 114 her d. cheek, Pilgr. vii. 5 [89] A lily pale, with d. dye to grace her.

damask'd: of the hue of a damask rose Sonn. cxxx.

dame (3 by far the most freq. use)
1 mistress (of a household, &c.) Wint. iv. iii. [iv.]

57 Both d. and servant, Lucr. 1034. 2 a form of address to a lady Ant. IV. iv. 29. 3 woman of rank, lady MND. v. i. 300, Mac. IV. ii.

63, Lucr. 21 such a fearless d.; prefixed to a name 2H6 I. ii. 39 Dame Margaret.
4 mother 2H4 III. ii. 125, Lucr. 1477.
damp: vapour, fog, mist All'sW. II. i. 166, Ant. Iv. ix. 13, Lucr. 778 With rotten damps ravish the

morning air.

damnation: abusively addressed to a person Rom. III. v. 235 Ancient d.! O most wicked fiend!

Dan: master (= DON) LLL, III. i. 190 (Q1).

dance: d. bare-foot, said of an elder sister when a younger one is married before her Shr. II. i. 33. dancing horse: a famous performing horse named

Morocco, kept by one Banks LLL. I. ii. 58.

dancing-rapier: sword worn only for ornament in dancing Tit. 11. i. 39 (cf. All'sW. 11. ix. 33, Ant. 111. ix. [xi.] 36).

danger (2 these are late exx. of this sense)

I power to harm; reach or range (as of a weapon): within (a person's) d., John IV. iii. 84 Nor tempt the d. of my true defence; in his power, at his mercy Mer. V. 1v. i. 180; so in, into or out of the d. of Tw. N. v. i. 88, Mac. 111. ii. 15, Ham. 1. iii. 35

Out of the shot and d. of desire.

2 mischief, harm, damage Mer.V. IV. i. 38, Cæs. II.

i. 17 That at his will he may do d. with.

dangerous: threatening Ado v. i. 97 d. words,
1H4 v. i. 69 d. countenance.

dankish: dank, humid Err. v. i. 248 d. vault.

Dansker: Dane, Ham. II. i. 7. ¶The Danish form.

Daphne: nymph pursued by her lover Apollo and changed into a laurel tree MND. II. i. 231, Shr. Ind. ii. 59

Dardan, Dardanian: Trojan, of Troy.

dare sb.: defiance Ant. 1. ii. 197 Pompeius Hath given the d. to Cusar; daring, boldness 1H4 IV. i. 78 It lends . . . A larger d. to our great enterprise.

dare vb.1 (2 freq.: not pre-Eliz.) 1 to go so far as to, be willing to Mer.V. v. i. 251 I d. be bound, H8 v. i. 17 I love you And durst commend a secret to your ear; phr. dares or durst better=would rather All'sW. III. vi. 95, H8 III.

ii. 254. 2 to challenge, defy MND. III. ii. 413, 1H6 I. iii. 45 to challenge, dely M.N. III. 11, 413, 1145 I. III. 45 am I day'd and bearded to my face?, Rom. II. iv. 12 being d-d, Ham. IV. v. 132 I d, damnation, Mac. III. iv. 104, Ant. III. xi. [xiiii] 25. "Obscure passages: Meas. IV. iv. 28" ('Reason taunts or defies her with no,' or 'Reason defies her denial of my assertions'); 2H4 IV. i. 119" ('Their coursers, by neighing, challenging the spur to give the signal of setting off').

give the signal of setting off').

- DEAR

dare vb.2 (of different origin from vb.1): to daze, dazzle, or fascinate (larks) and so entrap them, e.g. by means of a piece of scarlet cloth and a looking-glass H8 III. ii. 283 And d. us with his cap like lurks (ref. to the cardinal's biretta); so H5 IV. il. 36 dure the field (= make the prey crouch).

dareful: defiant Mac. v. v. 6. daring: quasi-adv. in R2 1. iii. 43 daring-hardy. daring: quasi-adv. in R2 I. iii. 43 during-hardy.
dark adj.; S. is the earliest authority (in the mod.
period) for the senses 'iniquitous, evil' (R2 I. i.
169), 'gloomy, dismal' (Mer.V. v. i. 87, Rom. III.
v. 36), 'frowning, clouded' (Ven. 182), 'indistinct,
indiscernible' (Tp. I. ii. 50, Ven. 760), 'concealed,
secret' (Lr. I. i. 38); also for d. house, d. room,
formerly considered a proper place of confinement for madmen Err. IV. IV. 96, AYL. III. ii. 427;
similarly keep him d., keep him confined in a dark
room All'sW. IV. i. 101.
dark vh.: to obscure, eclipse Per. IV. Gower 35.

dark vi.: to obscure, eclipse Per. Iv. Gower 35.
dark adv. = darkling AYL. III. v. 39 yo d. to bed.
darken: to deprive of lustre or renown, eclipse
Cor. II. i. 278, Ant. III. i. 24 yain which d-s him.
darkling: in the dark MND. II. ii. 86, Lr. I. iv. 240.
darkly: S. is earliest for 'secretly' (Meas. III. ii.
192, All'sW. Iv. iii. 14), 'gloomily, frowningly'
(Tw.N. II. i. 4 My stars shine d. over me, R3 I. iv.
178 Hond darkly. ... dast hous speak ').

178 How durkly . . . dost thou speak!).
darkness: death Meas. 111. i. 82. ¶ Cf. the biblical

phrase 'darkness and the shadow of death'. darnel: a grass, Lolium tenulentum, a weed injurious to growing corn Lr. 1v. iv. 5. ¶ ln 1H6
III. ii. 44 there is possibly a ref. to the belief that 'Darnell hurteth the eies and maketh them dim, if it happen in corne' (Gerarde).

darraign: to set in array 3H6 II. ii. 72. darting: shooting darts Ant. III. i. 1 d. Parthia (ref. to the practice of Parthian horsemen, who retreated shooting flights of arrows backward upon the enemy).

dash sb. (1 common Eliz. and Caroline phr.)

1 at first dash, from the first 1H6 i. ii. 71. 2 stroke of the pen, or of colour Lucr. 206 Some loathsome dush the herald will contrive.

3 touch Wint. v. ii. 127 the d. of my former life.

dash vb. (physical senses also occur)

1 to destroy, frustrate LLL. v. ii. 463, 3H6 II. i. 118. 2 to daunt, dispirit, abash LLL. v. ii. 583 an honest man, look you, and soon dushed !, Oth. III. iii. 214.

date (1 the prevailing S. meaning) 1 duration, term of existence Err. 1. ii. 41, MND. III. ii. 373 whose d. till death shall never end, John

1v. iii. 106, R3 iv. iv. 255, Rom. 1. iv. 3, 109, Sonn. exxiii. 5 Our dates are brief. limit or end of a period or term Sonn. xiv. 14 Thy end is truth's and beauty's doom and date. date-broke +: Tim. II. ii. 38 demands of date-broke

bonds (F<sub>1</sub> demands of debt, broken Bonds). dateless (not pre-S.): without term, endless, limitless R2 1. iii. 151 The d. limit, Rom. v. iii.

115, Sonn. xxx. 6, cliii. 6.

daub: to cover with a specious exterior R3 III. v. 28 d-d his vice with show of virtue; so d. it, dissemble, pretend Lr. iv. i. 52 (Qq dance it).

daubery: false show Wiv. iv. ii. 190.

daughter: rhymes with 'after' in Shr. 1. i. 243. Dauphin (old edd. Dolphin): H5 1. ii. 221.

daw: type of foolishness 1H6 II. iv. 18, Cor. Iv. v. 48. dawning: morning Lr. II. ii. 1 Good d. (Qq euen);

bird of dawning, the cock Ham. I. i. 160. day (3 the lit. sense of 'daylight' occurs in comparisons 2H4 IV. iv. 32 Open us duy, 2H6 II. i. 107 clear as day)

1 phrases: How's the d.?, what time is it? Tp. v. i.

3; so by the d. = o'clock 1H4 II. i. 2; tuke no longer d-s, be no longer about it Tit. iv. ii. 167; The duty as, be no longer about 111. IV. II. 101; the addy of the d., morning salutation Cym. III. v. 32, also time of day (freq.). = day of battle John III. iv. 116 by losing of this d., 2H4 I. ii. 170; (hence) victory John II. i. 393 To whom in furour she shall give the d., 1H4 v. iv. 163, 9He v. if 60

2H6 v. ii. 89.

3 light (fig.) Ant. IV. viii. 13 0 thou d. o' the world!. day-bed: sofa, couch Tw.N. II. v. 55, R3 III. vii. 71 lolling on α level d. ¶ Used dial. as adj. = lazy. day-woman: dairy-woman LLL. 1. ii. 138.

dazzle: (of the eyes) to lose distinctness of vision, esp. from gazing at too bright light LLL. 1. i. 82. 3H6 II. i. 25 D. mine eyes, or do I see three sums?, Tit. III. ii. 85, Ven. 1064. ¶ In Gent. II. iv. 211 d-d is 3 syll. (F<sub>1</sub> dazel'd, Ff<sub>2-1</sub> dazel'd so).

dead (a dead man = 'a man marked out for death'

occurs once Wiv. IV. ii. 45)

is dead = has died Ado v. i. 254, H5 v. i. 86, Rom. v. iii, 210 my wife is dead to-night, Lr. v. iii, 294. 2 deadly, mortal MND, 111, ii, 57, Wint, IV, iii, [iv.] 447 the d. blow of it, R2 IV. i. 10 thut d. time (but ?=dark and dreary, like d. hour Ham. 1. i. 65). 3 deadly pale 2H4 1. i. 71, Oth. 11. iii. 179.

dead-killing (S.): mortal R3 IV. i. 35, Lucr. 540. deadly adj.: death-like, deathly Err. IV. IV. 95 their pale and d. looks, Tw. N. I. V. 286 such a d. life, Lr. V. iii. 292 cheerless, dark, and deadly.

deadly adv.: = mortally (in various uses) Ado v. i. 182 hate him d., R3 III. vii. 26 d. pale, Troil. v. v. 12 deadly hurt, Cor. II. i. 68 they lie deadly.

deadly-handed: murderous 2H6 v. ii. 9. deadly-standing\*: fixed with deathly stare Tit.

II. iii. 32 dead men's fingers: the early purple orchis, Orchis mascula Ham. iv. vii. 172. [271.]

deal sb.: no d., not at all Sonn. Music iii. 27 [Pilgrideal vb.: to act (freq.) John v. ii. 22; phr. d. npon, set to work upon, proceed against R3 rv. ii. 3; d. in, (1) proceed or act in (a matter) Ado uv. i. 249, v. i. 101; (2) have to do with Tp. v. i. 271, 1H6 v. v. 56, 3H6 nr. ii. 154; dealt on lieutenantry,

fought by proxy Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 39. [270. dealing: in plain d., putting it plainly Meas. II. i. dear adj. (2, 4, and 5 peculiar to S.; many instances of d. usu. referred to this word belong to the next)

1 precious, valuable, worthy Mer.V. 1. i. 62 Four worth is very d. in my regard, R2 1. iii. 156, 1H4 IV. iv. 31 d. men Of estimation, Cor. 1. vi. 72, II. iii. 102, Sonn. xxx. 4 wail my d. times' wuste.

2 important, significant 1H4 IV. i. 34, Rom. v. ii. 19 full of charge Of d. import, v. iii. 32, Lr. III. i. 19 I . . . dare . . . Command a d. thing to you; hence in weakened ironical sense of 'precious' Ado 1. i. 134,

Mer.V. 111. v. 71 O dear discretion, Lr. 1. iv. 296. 3 affectionate, fond, loving Gent. Iv. iii. 14 what d. good will I bear, Wint. 11. iii. 149 our d. services,

Sonn. exxxi. 3 my dear doting heart.

4 heartfelt, hearty; (hence) earnest, zealous LLL. π. i. 1, 1H4 v. v. 36 your d-est speed, Troil. v. iii. 9. 5 (a) rare, unusual, or (b) loving, kind Rom. 111. iii.

28\* This is dear mercy (Q1 meere, i. e. mere). dear adj. 2 (of different origin from DEAR adj. 1, but undoubtedly associated with it in use): hard, grievous, dire Tp. 11. i. 142, LLL. v. ii. 872, All's W. 1v. v. 11, Tw. N. v. i. 75, John 1. i. 257 my d. offence, R2 1. iii. 151 thy d. exile, R3 1. iv. 219, Tim. 1v. iii. 384, v. i. 233 In our d. peril, Oth. 1. iii. 261, Sonn, xxvii 3. 6 extrapolad, extrap Sonn. xxxvii. 3 fortune's d-est spile. ¶ Cf. 'turnd' to disadvantage deare,' Spenser.

dear adv.: = dearly (i) with the verbs 'aby', 'buy', 'cost', (ii) with 'love'; occas, with 'grieve', Cas, III. i. 196 grieve thee duarer.

dear'd : held dear Ant. 1. iv. 44 (old edd. fear'd).

dearly (sense 3 is purely S.)
1 richly, finely Troil. 111. iii. 96 how d. ever parted

1 rienly, inley from in. in. 30 data to the factor (= richly gifted), Cym. ii. ii. 18.
2 heartily Wint. v. i. 130 dearly welcome.
3 deeply, keenly Err. ii. ii. 134 How d. would it touch thee, AYL. i. iii. 36, Ham. iv. iii. 44 we d. griete.
dearness: affection, fondness Ado iii. ii. 101.

dearth: costliness, high value Ham. v. ii. 124 death (first in S. as an exclamation H8 1. iii. 13) 1 the death: a common idiom in earlier English

Err. I. i. 146 adjudged to the d., MND. I. i. 85, R2 III. i. 29, H5 rv. i. 184, R3 I. ii. 179 beg the d.; also in phrases still current die the d., to the d., be the death of.

skeleton, or skull Mer.V. 11. vii. 63 A carrion D., John v. ii. 177 A bare-ribb'd D.; cf. d-'s face LLL. v. ii. 613, death's-head Mer.V. 1. ii. 55.

deathful: deadly, mortal 2H6 III. ii. 404 a d. wound; so death-like Per. 1. i. 29 death-like dragons. death-mark'd: marked out for death Rom. Prol. 9. death-practis'd: whose death is plotted Lr. IV.

deathsman: executioner 2H6 III. ii. 217, Lucr. 1001. death-token: plague-spot betokening the approaching death of the patient Troil. 11. iii. 189 (cf. Ant. 111. viii. 19 [x. 9]).

debase: to degrade the dignity of R2 III. iii. 190. debate sh.: contention, quarrel MND. 11. i. 116, Sonn. lxxxix. 13. ¶ Not used = argument, dis-

cussion.

debate vb.: to fight Lucr. 1421 d. with angry swords, Sonn. xv. 11; with it All'sW. 1. ii. 75\* nature and sickness Debate it at their leisure. ¶ The sense of 'discuss' occurs

debatement: deliberation, consideration Meas.

v. i. 100, Ham. v. ii. 45. debater: disputant Lucr. 1019.

debile: weak All'sW. 11. iii. 40, Cor. 1. ix. 48 some debile wretch.

debitor and creditor: statement of account, accountbook Oth. I. i. 31, Cym. v. iv. 171

debonair: gentle, meek Troil. 1. iii. 235. deboshed (2 a 17th cent. sense)

1 corrupted, depraved Tp. 111. ii. 31, All'sW. 11. iii. 145, Lr. 1. iv. 265 (Ff debosh'd, Qq deboyst).
2 vilified All'sW. v. iii. 208 tax'd and debosh'd.

debted (not post-Eliz.): indebted Err. iv. i. 31. decay sb. (1 a common 16th c. use)

1 downfall, destruction, ruin John IV. iii. 154 The imminent d. of wrested pomp, 2H6 III. i. 194, R3 IV. iv. 410, Lucr. 516 thy tife's d.; also, cause of ruin Sonn. Ixxx. 14 my lore was my decay.

2 a ruin (fig.) Lr. v. ii. 299 this great decay.

decay vb. (cf. prec. word)

1 to perish, be destroyed 1H6 I. i. 34, Ant. II. i. 4,

Lucr. 23, Sonn. lxxi. 12.

2 to destroy Cym. 1. v. 56 to decay A day's work. deceas'd: bygone 2H4 III. i. 81 times deceas'd. deceivable: deceitful, deceptive Tw. N. IV. iii. 21,

R2 II. iii. 84. deceive (rare and obs. uses)

1 to be false to, betray 1H4 v. i. 11. 2 to cheat out of Sonn. iv. 10.

deceptious (first in S.): delusive Troil. v. ii. 120 As if those organs had deceptious functions.

decimation: selection of every tenth man for

decimation: selection of every tenth man for punishment by death Tim. v. iv. 31.

decipher (both S. senses are obs.)

1 to reveal, detect 1H6 iv. i. 184, Tit. iv. ii. 8 both decipher'd... For villains, mark'd with rape.

2 to make known, indicate Wiv. v. ii. 11.

deck sb.: pack of cards 3H6 v. i. 44. Since 17th c.

dial. (chiefly midland).

deck vb.: to cover Tp. 1. ii. 155\*.

declension: falling away from a high standard 2H4 II. ii. 193 (Q descension), R3 III. vii. 188; decline, deterioration Ham. II. ii. 149 and by this d. Into the madness.

decline (the sense of 'fall off in vigour, vitality,

&c.' occurs, cf. DECLINED)

to incline or lean to Err. 111. ii. 44.

1 to incline or lean to Err. III. 11. 44.
2 to fall, sink Shr. Ind. i. 119 with d-ing head, Troil.
IV. v. 188, Cor. II. i. 180, Tim. 1. i. 89, Ham. II. ii.
508; in pa. pple. Winit. v. ii. 82 had one eye d-d,
Lucr. 1661 With head d-'d; fig. to fall upon (an
unworthy object) Ham. I. v. 50 to d. Upon a weelch.
3 to bend (the head, &c.) Err. III. ii. 139, L. IV. Ii. 22.
4 to inflect (a word) Wiv. IV. i. 43; (hence) to go
through (a matter) formally and in order R3 IV.

through (a matter) formally and in order R3 iv. iv. 97 ('go through it all from beginning to end'), Troil, II, iii, 55 I'll decline the whole question.

declined: fallen, decayed, deteriorated, enfeebled Troil. III. iii. 76, IV. V. 188, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 27 ('decayed in fortune'); similarly declining (Qq) Lr. I. ii. 80 (Ff declin'd).

decoet: to warm up (S.) H5 III. v. 20. dedicate pple.: dedicated Meas. II. ii. 154 whose minds are d. To nothing temporal, 2H6 v. ii. 37

dedicate to war.
dedicated: Tim. IV. ii. 13 A d. beggar to the air (= 'a beggar devoted by fortune to a homeless life'); Sonn. Ixxxii. 3 The d. words (= words of dedica-

tion, dedicatory epistle).

deed: performance (of what is promised) All'sW.
III. vi. 101, Tim. v. i. 29, Ham. I. iii. 27; Lr. I. i. 73 my very deed of love (= what my love really is).

deed-achieving: achieved by acts of valour Cor.
II. i. 192. ¶ Cf. UNRECALLING for passive sense.

deedless: inactive Troil. IV. v. 98. deem: thought Troil. IV. iv. 59 what wicked d. is this? deep sb.: depths in d. of night Wiv. IV. iv. 41, Cas. Iv. iii. 225.

deep adj. (besides the sense of 'intense' the follow-

ing are the chief fig. uses)

1 grave, serions, weighty 1H4 I. iii. 190 matter d. and dangerous, R3 III. vII. 66 d. designs, IV. ii. 118 my d. service (Qq true), Mac I. iii. 126 In d-st consequence, Cym. II. iii. 96; grievous, heinous R3 II. ii. 28 d. vice, Tim. III. iv. 31, Mac I. vii. 20, Luca 761 Lucr. 701.

profound in learning, knowledge, or insight Tp. it. i. 274 A chough of as d. chut, 2H4 IV. ii. 17, R3

111. vii. 74 deep divines.

3 profound in craft or subtlety 2H6 ии. i. 57 d. de-

ccit, R3 I. iii. 224 d. traitors, II. i. 38.

deep- in comb.: = to a depth, deeply, profoundly, intensely, as deep-contemptative AYL. II. vii. 31, dep-divorcing (but ? two separate words) Err. II.
ii. 142, deep-drawing Troil. Prol. 12, deep-drenched
Lucr. 1100, deep-green Compl. 213, deep-preneditated 116 III. i. 1, deep-revoleing R3 IV. ii. 42, deepsearched LLL. I. i. 85, deep-sore Ven. 432, deepsweet Ven. 432, deep-wounded Pilgr. ix. 10 [126];

-from the doubte deep-tee (i.e. tetched) 216 II. iv. = from the depths deep-fct (i.e. fetched) 2H6 ii. iv. 33; = solemnly deep-sworn John iii. i. 231 (cf. DEEPLY 2); deep-brain'd: full of profound thought Compl. 209.

deeply (3 freq., with various applications)
1 profoundly, thoroughly Tw. N. ii. v. 48; with profound craft Shr. v. iv. 42 dissemble deeply.
2 solemnly Ham. 11. ii. 237 Tis d. sworn (cf. deep

2 Stieffilly Adm. 11. ii. 23 17.8 a. 8worn (c. aeep oaths LLL, i. i. 23, deep vow Lucr. 1847).
3 intensely Wint. 11. iii. 14, 2H4 1v. v. 25 so deeply sweet, Tit. vv. i. 98, Ven. 814 deeply distress'd.
4 with 'deep' sound Shr. 11. i. 194, Ven. 832.
deep-mouth'd: loud and sonorous Shr. Ind. i. 18
d. brach, John v. ii. 173, H5 v. Chor. 11 d. sta.

deer: in Lr. 111. iv. 142 mice and rats and such small deer, a line from the old romance of Sir Bevis of Hampton is echoed, where 'deer' has the old sense of 'beasts', 'animals'; but S. no doubt associated the word with the object of the chase.

deface: to efface, obliterate, cancel Mer.V. III. ii. 300 defuce the bond, 2H or i. i. 103. defame: evil repute, infamy Lucr. 768, &c. defam'd: made of ill repute 2H6 III. i. 123.

**default** (1 phrase peculiar to S.)
1 lack All'sW. II. iii. 241 m the d. (= at need).
2 fault Err, I. ii. 52, 1146 II. i. 60, IV. iV. 28. **defeat** sb. (obs. use): destruction, ruin Ado IV. i.

47 defeat of her virginity, Ham. II. ii. 606 [598]. defeat vb. (1 common 1435-1635; 2 rare sense)

deteat vv. (t common 1433-1635; 2 Fare sense)

1 to undo, destroy, ruin Tim. vv. iii. 164, Ham. I.

ii. 10 a d-ed joy, Oth. Iv. ii. 160 may d. my life.

2 to disfigure, deface Oth. I. iii. 346.

3 to defraud (any one) of MND. Iv. i. 163, Sonn. xx.

11 Nature . . . by addition me of thee defeuted.

defeature: disfigurement Err. II. i. 98, Ven. 736. defect: defectiveness, faultiness Mac. 11. i. 18,

Sonn. cxlix. 11 all my best doth worship thy d. defence (2 a 17th cent. use, now rare)

1 capacity of defending itself 3H6 v. i. 64\*

2 art of defending oneself, practice or skill in self-defence AYL. III. iii. 65, Cas. IV. iii. 201, Ham. IV.

3 arms, armour Tw.N. 111. iv. 243, Rom. 111. iii.

133, Ant. IV. iv. 10 Go put on thy defences.

defend (1 chiefly in God defend!)

1 to forbid Ado II. i. 99, IV. ii. 22, 1H4 IV. iii. 38,
Oth. I. iii. 268, Ant. III. iii. 43 Isis else defend!

2 intr. (of the usual trans. sense) to make a defence

H5 1. ii. 137 defend Against the Scot.

defendant: defensive H5 II. iv. 8 means d. defensible: able to make a defence 2H4 II. iii. 38, Н5 пп. ііі. 50.

defer (obs. use): to waste (time) 1H6 III. ii. 33. defiance (1 the usual S. sense; 2 only S.)

1 challenge to fight R2 III. iii. 130, Cæs. v. i. 64.

2 declaration of aversion, rejection Meas. 111. i. 141

Take my definice; Die, perish!.

deficient: failling, fainting Lr. iv. vi. 24 the deficient sight. ¶ Not pre-Eliz, in any sense.

defile: used with a quibble on 'pitch' All'sW. iv.

iv. 24 D-s the pitchy night, Tim. 1. ii. 234; cf. Ado III. iii. 61. definement (not pre-S.): description Ham. v. ii.

definite: resolute Cym. 1. vi. 43; so definitive

Meas, v. i. 428.

deformed: deforming Err. v. i. 299 Time's d. hand.

defunct (not pre-S. as an adj.): dead H5 vs. i. 21; (?) discharged, laid aside Oth. 1. iii. 266 In my (met) defunct and proper satisfaction. defunction: decease H5 1. ii. 58.

defunctive (S.): funeral Phoen. 14 d. music.

defuse: see DIFFUSE.

defy (1, 2, and sense 'set at defiance' are about equally common in S.)

1 to challenge, esp. to a fight Err. v. i. 32, John II. i. 406, H5 II. i. 76, Ant. II. ii. 164.

2 to reject, despise AYL. Epil. 21, Mer.V. III. v. 76, 1H4 IV. i. 6 do d. The tongues of soothers, Ham.

v. ii. 232 we defy augury, Per. IV. vi. 29. deign (obs. use): to condescend to take, accept without grudging Gent. 1. i. 162, Ant. 1. iv. 63. deject pple .: downcast, dejected Troil. 11. ii. 50 Make

... fustihood d., Ham. III. i. 164 d. and wretched. dejected: abased, humbled Wiv. v. v. 175, Lr. IV. i. 3 (= thing most humbled by fortune), Per. 11. ii. 46 the d. state wherein he is.

delated\*: (a) expressly stated, (b) conveyed Ham. I. ii. 38 (Q of 1603 related, Qq delated, Ff diluted).

delation: accusation Oth. III. iii. 123 (Q1 denote-

ments, Ff Qq<sub>12</sub> addations).

de'lectable: R2 II. iii. 7, 2H4 IV. iii. 108.
delicate sb.: delicacy, luxury 3H6 II. v. 51.
delicate (often more than one sense is implied)

1 delightful, pleasant Wint. III. i. 1 The climate's d. Mac. I. vi. 10, Oth. I. iii. 360, Ant. II. vii. 115 delicate Lethe.

graceful, dainty, elegant Tp. I. ii. 438 d. Ariel, II. ii. 97, Tim. IV. iii. 387, Oth. II. iii. 20 d. creature.

voluptuous Ado 1. i. 313 soft and delicate desires, tender, not robust Ham. IV. iv. 48 a d. and tender prince, Oth. 1. ii. 74 her d. youth, 11. i. 236.

exquisite in nature, beauty, &c., Tp. 1. ii. 272 a spirit too d. To act her earthly . . . commands. skilful, ingenious Lr. IV. vi. 189 a d. stratagem,

Oth. IV. i. 197 So d. with her needle!, Cym. v.

47; skiffully or finely wrought All SW. Iv. v. 111
d. fine hats, Ham. v. ii. 160 most d. carriages.
delight: charm, delightfulness LLL. v. ii. 905,
Rom. I. iii. 82, Ven. 78, Sonn. xci. 11, cii.12 sweets
grown common lose their dear d. ¶ The senses
inleasure' and 'source of release of the 'pleasure' and 'source of pleasure' are the usual; of d. = delightful, e.g. Sonn. xcviii. 11.

delighted (from the noun DELIGHT): endowed with or affording delight, delightful Meas, 111, i. 119, Oth, 1, iii. 291 d. beauty, Cym. v. iv. 102 to make my gift, The more delay'd, delighted.

deliver (3 weakening of the legal use 'hand over') 1 to bring forth (offspring), lit. and fig., chiefly passive Err. v. i. 405, LLL. iv. ii. 72, Oth. i. iii. 378, Per. v. i. 107.
2 to send All'sW. i. i. 1, III. vii. 33.
3 to present, exhibit Tw. N. I. ii. 40, Cor. v. iii. 39

The sorrow that d-s us thus chang'd, v. v. [vi.] 141.

4 to declare, communicate, report, relate (very freq.) Err. II. ii. 168, Wint. v. ii. 4 d. the manner how he found it, 1H4 v. ii. 26, H8 I. ii. 143, Cæs. III. i. 181, Mac. I. v. 11, Ham. I. ii. 193.

5 intr. to speak, discourse R2 in. iii. 34, Cor. r. i. 98. deliverance (sense 'release' is used 5 times)
1 bringing forth of offspring Cym. v. v. 371.

2 utterance, enunciation, delivery All's W. II. i. 85 In this my light d., II. v. 4, 3Hb II. i. 97 at each word's delw'rance. delivery: statement, account Wint, v. ii. 10.

Delphos: Delphi, the oracle of Apollo Wint. II.

demand sb. and vb. are often used simply = question, without any idea of authoritative or

demean: refl. to behave oneself Err. iv. iii. 83, v. i. 88 he d-d himself rough, 2H61, i. 189, 3H61, iv. 7. demerit (1 the orig. sense in English)

pl. merits, deserts Cor. 1. i. 278, Oth. 1. ii. 22. pl. offences, sins Mac. 1v. iii. 225 Not for their own d-s, but for mine, Fell slaughter on their souls. demesne (old edd. demeune)

pl. lands, estates Rom. 111. v. 182 Of fair d-s. 2 pl. regions, domains Rom. H. i. 20, Cym. III. iii. 70.

demi- in comb.: = half (often contemptuous) demi-devil Tp. v. i. 272, Oth. v. ii. 300, demi-god Meas. I. ii. 129, LLL. Iv. iii. 79, Mer. V. III. ii. 115, deminatur'd Ham. IV. vii. 87, demi-paradise R2 II. i. 42, demi-puppet Tp. v. i. 36, demi-wolf Mac. III. i. 94; demi-Atlas [see ATLAS], one that holds up half the world Ant. I. v. 23; demi-cannon, large gun of about 61 inches bore Shr. 1v. iii. 88.

demise: to convey, transmit R3 IV. iv. 248. demon (old edd. Demon)

attendant or ministering spirit Ant. II. iii. 19 Thy demon—that's thy spirit which keeps thee. evil spirit, devil H5 11. ii. 121. de'monstrable: evident, apparent Oth. III. iv. 141.

demonstrate (stressed de'monstrate, demo'nstrate) 1 to exhibit, set forth, manifest, show AYL. III. ii. 405, H5 IV. ii. 54, Ham. I. i. 124, Oth. I. i. 61. 2 to prove All'sW. I. ii. 47, Oth. III. iii. 432.

demure adj.: grave, sober H8 I. ii. 167, Lucr. 1219. demure vb.: (?) to look demurely Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 29.

demurely: gravely Mer.V. II. ii. 207; with subdued sound Ant. IV. ix. 31. denay sb.: denial Tw.N. II. iv. 126.

denay vb.: old form of DENY, 2H6 I. iii. 107. denier: French coin, the twelfth of a sou; used

as the type of a very small sum Shr. Ind. i. 9, 1H4 III. iii. 90, R3 I. ii. 253 My dukedom to a beggarly denier.

denote (not pre-S.) is used in the ordinary mod.

denotement: indication, token Oth. II. iii. 325  $(Q_2$ ; see DEVOTEMENT), III. iii. 123  $(Q_1$ ; others delations, dilations).

denounce: to proclaim, declare John III. i. 319 d. a curse, III. iv. 159 denouncing vengeunce, Ant. III. vii. 5 [war] denounc'd against us.

denunciation: formal declaration Meas. I. ii. 158.

deny (see also DENAY)

to refuse to do something Shr. II. i. 180 If she deny to wed.

2 to refuse permission to, not to allow R2 II. iii. 129 I am denied to sue my livery here, Tit. II. iii. 174. 3 to refuse to accept R2 II. i. 205 If you . . . deny

his offer'd homage.

4 to refuse admittance to 1H4 II. iv. 552 If you will deny the sheriff, so. depart sb.: departure Gent. v. iv. 97, 2H6 I. i. 2,

3H6 rv. i. 92; death 3H6 n. i. 110.

depart vb. (2 this sense is now only used in 'depart this life '

to take leave of one another Tim. 1. i. 263 Ere we depart, Cym. 1. i. 108 The loathness to depart.

2 to go away from, leave, quit 2H iv. v. 83, 3H6
11. ii. 73 depart the field, Lr. III. v. 1, Sonn. xi. 2.
3 d. with(uh, part with, give up LLL. II. i. 146, John II. i. 563 Hath willingly d-ed with a part.

departing: separation 3H6 II. vi. 43 life and death's departing.

depend ('rest or hang upon', and 'rely upon' are the commonest senses)

1 to lean Cym. 11. iv. 91 Cupids . . . D-ing on their

brunds.

2 to be in a position of dependence Meas. III. ii. 28, Troil. III. i. 4, Lr. 1. iv. 273. 3 to impend, be imminent Troil. II. iii. 21 the curse

d-ing (Ff dependant) on those, Rom. 111. i. 125, Lucr. 1615.

4 to remain in suspense Cym. IV. iii. 23.

dependancy, -ency: dependence Meas. v. i. 62, Ant. v. ii. 26, Cym. II. iii. 123.

dependant: impending Troil. 11. iii. 21 (Q deending)

deplore: to tell with grief Tw.N. III. i. 176.

deploring: tearful, doleful Gent. III. ii. 85. depose (the foll. are the rarer uses)

1 to deprive a person of (something) R2 IV. i. 192

You may my glories and my state depose. [ii. 26. 2 to give evidence upon oath Meas. v. i. 192, 3H6 1. 3 to examine on oath R2 1. iii. 30 Depose him in the justice of his cause.

depositary (not pre-S.): one with whom anything is lodged in trust Lr. 11. iv. 254.

depravation (once): defamation, detraction Troil.

v. ii. 129 stubborn critics, apt . . . For d. deprave: to vilify, detract Tim. I. ii. 147; intr. Ado v. i. 95 deprave and slander.

depress'd: brought down, humbled R2 III. iv. 68.

deprive: to take away (a possession) Ham. 1. iv. 73 d. your sovereignty of reason, Lucr. 1186 to d. dishonour'd life, 1752.

deputation: appointment to act on behalf of another, office of deputy Meas. 1. i. 20, 1H4 IV. i. 32, IV. iii. 87 in d. (=as deputies, as vice-regents), Troil. 1. iii. 152, Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 74 (Ff disputution).

depute: to appoint 0th. IV. i. 249, IV. ii. 226. deputed sword: sword delivered as an emblem of

office or dignity Meas. 11. ii. 60 deputy: Lord Lieutenant (of Irelan !) H8 III. ii.

261; d. of the ward, member of the Common Coun-

cil of London, who acts instead of an alderman in his absence 1H4 III. iii. 129, 2H4 II. iv. 91. deracinate: to uproot H5 v. ii. 47, Troil. I. iii. 99. derision: 4 syll. at end of line MND. III. iii. 197, 370. derive: the sense 'gain, obtain' is the most freq., of which somewhat exceptional uses are in 2H4 I. i. 23 How is this derived? = ('Whence does thy information come?', Lr. 1. ii. 90)

1 refl. to pass by descent, be descended or inherited

Ado Iv. i. 137 This shame d-s itself from unknown loins, 2H4 Iv. v. 42 this imperial crown, Which ... Derives itself to me.
2 to draw upon, direct to (a person) All'sW. v. iii.

268 would d. me ill will, H8 n. iv. 30 That had to

him deriv'd your anger.
3 refl. to originate out of Tw.N. III. iv. 272.

to trace the origin of, show how (it) comes about Troil. II. iii. 66.

deriv'd: descended (freq.) MND. 1. i. 99, Cæs. II. i. dern: dark, wild, drear Lr. 111. vii. 63 that dern time (Ff sterne), Per. 111. Gower 15.

derogate vb.: to act in a way derogatory to one's position Cym. II. i. 50; in line 59 (quibblingly) degenerate.

derogate pple.: debased Lr. 1. iv. 304 her d. body.

derogately (S.): disparagingly Ant. II. ii. 38. derogation: disparagement Cym. II. i. 49. descant sb. melody sung extempore upon a plainsong, ground, or bass, to which it forms the air Gent. I. ii. 91 you . . . mar the concord with too harsh a d.; (hence) fig. comment R3111. vii. 48 on that ground I'll make a holy descant.

descant vb.: to sing a descant or air, (hence) to 'sing with a small, yet pleasant and shrill voice as birds doe' (Minsheu), warble Lucr. 1134; (hence) to comment R3 1. i. 27 d. on mine own deformity, Pilgr. xiv. 4 [184].

descend: to come down from 3H6 1. i. 74 d. my throne, Compl. 31 [hair] untuck'd, descended her sheav'd hat.

descending: descent, lineage Per. v. i. 130 (Qq123 discending, Qq456 discent, Ff34 descent). descension: descent 2H4 II. ii. 193(Q; Ff declension).

descent (the foll. are rare S. uses)

1 that to which one descends, lowest part Lr. v. iii. 139 To the d. and dust below thy foot.

2 transmission by inheritance R2 II. iii. 136 my inheritunce of free d.; step in descent All'sW. III. vii. 24 From son to son, some four or five descents. description: the idiomatic use in of this descrip-

tion (Mer.V. III. ii. 302) is not pre-S

descry sb.: sight of a distant object Lr. IV. vi. 218. descry vb.: to reconnoitre R3 v. iii. 9, Lr. IV. v. 13. desert: without d., undeservedly, without cause

Gent. II. iv. 58, Err. III. i. 112, R3 II. i. 67 deserved: deserving, meritorious (S.) All'sW. II. i. 192, Cor. III. i. 290. ¶ Cf. Latin 'meritus'. deserving (the two uses are equally freq.).

1 that which one deserves, desert, due reward Meas. v. i. 478 [death] 'Tis my d., Lr. v. iii. 306, Sonn, lxxxvii. 6.

2 that for which one deserves well, merit All'sW. 1. iii. 7, 2H4 IV. iii. 48 more of his courtesy than

design sh.: the sense of 'plan, scheme' is weakened to that of 'purpose, aim, intention'; whence 'thing in view, project, enterprise' LLL. IV. i. 89, Wint. IV. iii. [IV.] 515 not prepar'd For this d., R2 I. i. 81, Troil, II. ii. 194, Mac. II. i. 55 marder . . toward his d. Moves like a ghost, Ant. v. i. 43.

design vb.: to point out, indicate R2 1, i. 203 ('appoint which of the two combatants shall be victorious'), Ham. r. i. 94 ('meaning borne by the article drawn up').

designment: enterprise, undertaking Cor. v. v. [vi.] 35, 0th. 11. i. 22 their designment halts. desire (1 S. affords late exx. of this construction)

1 to request the boon or favour of something from (a person) MND. III. i. 189, 197 (Qq you of, Ff of you), Mer.V. IV. i. 403 d. your Grace of pardon, AYL. v. iv. 56; with of dropped MND. III. i. 204 I desire you more acquaintance (so Qq Ff12; Ff34 your more).

to invite LLL. v. ii. 145 if they d. us to 't, H5 IV. i. 27 D. them all to my parition, Troil. IV. V. 149. desired: sought after, beloved 0th. II. i. 207.

despair: to be without hope of Mac. v. vii. 42 [viii. 13] Despair thy charm.

desperate (rare use): reckless, utterly careless of Tw. N. v. i. 68 desperate of shame and state.

desperately: in despair, without hope, hopelessly Meas, IV. ii. 151 d. mortal\* ('likely to die in a desperate state,' J.), Lr. v. iii. 294 And d. are dead. desperation: of d., involving thoughts of self-destruction Tp. I, ii. 210, Ham. I, iv. 75. despited: despitable (cf. Abhorrer) Rom, III. ii. 77, Tim. IV. iii. 468, Ven. 135, Sonn. xxxvii. 9. ¶In Ham. III. 178 stressed despitable (filmric's).

Ham. III. i. 72 stressed de'spis'd (Ff dispriz'd).

despite sb. (3 the prepositional use is not pre-S.) 1 contempt, scorn, disdain Ado I. i. 245 an obstinate

heretic in the despite of beauty, Oth. IV. ii. 116.

malice, ill-will: in d., out of ill-will, spitefully
H5 III. v. 17, Oth. IV. iii. 94 scant our former

having in despite.

3 in d., in defiance of another's wish MND. v. i. 112, Shr. Ind. i. 128 An onion . . . Shall in d. en-force a watery eye, Rom. v. iii. 48, Lucr. . 5; esp. m d. of, in (a person's) d., notwithstanding the opposition of Wiv. v. v. 135, 3H6 i. i. 158, Cym. iv. i. 16; Err. iii. 108\* in d. of mirth (Theobald wrath†), mean to be merry; hence d. (of) Meas. 1. ii. 26 d. of all controversy, Ado v. i. 75 D. his nice fence (the word here becoming a preposition). despite vb.: to vex Ado II. iii. 31.

despiteful: malicious, spiteful, cruel AYL. v. ii. 87, All'sW. III. iv. 13; fig. of things Shr. iv. ii. 14 d. lore l, R3 iv. i. 36.

Destinies: the three goddesses, the Parcae or

Fates, believed to determine the course of human life R2 1. ii. 15, Ven. 733.

destitute: deserted, forsaken Lucr. 441.

detain: to withhold Err. II. i. 107, R2 I. i. 90, Lr. 1. ii. 43 I shall offend, either to d. or give it, Sonn.

detect: to expose, lay bare, esp. in wrong-doing Wiv. II. ii, 329, Meas, III. ii, 133, AYL, III. ii, 324, Ham, 111. ii. 94.

detection: exposure, accusation Wiv. 11. ii. 260. detention: withholding Tim. 11. ii. 39 the detention of . . . debts.

determinate vb.: to fix the limits of R2 1. iii. 150. determinate pple. (1 legal metaphor; cf. next)

1 ended, expired Sonn. Ixxxvii. 4. 2 decisive H8 II. iv. 174 a d. resolution, Oth. IV. ii. 232 none [i.e. no accident] can be so d. as . . .

3 intended Tw.N. II. i. 11 my d. royage. determination (1 legal metaphor)

1 cessation, end Sonn. xiii. 6. 2 decision, sentence Meas. III. ii. 265 the d. of justice, Troil. II. ii. 170 a free d. 'Twixt right and

3 resolution, intention, mind Wiv. 111. v. 71, Mer. V. I. ii. 109, 1H4 IV. iii. 33, Ham. III. i. 177. determine (the sense of 'decide' trans. and intr.

is the usual one)

1 to put an end to 2H4 IV. v. 80 Till his friend sickness hath de'd me, 1H6 IV. vi. 9 To my de'd time thou gav'st new date.

2 to come to an end Cor. III. iii. 42 Must all d. here? v. iii. 120, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 161, IV. iii. 2 It will

determine one way detested: detestable (cf. ABHORRED) Tw. N. v. i. 143, R2 II. iii. 109, Lr. 1. ii. 84, II. iv. 220.

Deucalion: the Greek Noah, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 444. deuce-ace: low throw at dice, two and one LLL. 1. ii. 50.

devest: old spelling of DIVEST.

device ('contrivance, plan' is the usual sense) 'manner of thinking, cast of mind' (Schmidt) AYL.

I. i. 176\* full of noble d., Ven. 789\* your d. in lore.

2 design (of an object), shape, cut John I. i. 210 in habit and d., Cym. I. vi. 189 plate of rare device.

3 emblematical figure borne as a heraldic charge

or cognizance Per. 11. ii. 15, &c.

4 something devised for dramatic representation LLL, v. ii. 666, MND, v. i. 50, Tim. i. ii. 157. 5 'cunning' piece of work Compl. 232 this d. was sent me from a nun.

devil, old edd. often divel(), scanned usually as a monosyllable (e.g. Mac, I. iii. 107), but occas, as a disyllable (e.g. Tp. IV. i. 188): devil's book (see nook 4) 2H4 II. ii. 51.

devil-porter: to play the 'devil-porter', act the porter of hell Mac. II. iii. 20.

devise: to think Cor. 1. i. 107 the other instruments Did see and hear, d., instruct, walk, feel; to decide on 1H6 I. ii. 124\* what devise you on?, devote prle.: addicted Shr. I. i. 32.

devoted: consecrated, holy R3 1. ii. 35 d. charituble deeds.

devotement: devotion, worship Oth. II. iii. 325 (Q1, F1 denotement, Q3 Ff234 devotement; Q2 denotement).

devotion: devout purpose or object R3 IV. i. 9\*

Upon the like d. as yourselves.
devour (fig. uses): d. the reay (not pre-S.), to cover
it with great rapidity 2H4 1. i. 47; Tp. v. i. 155
they derour their reason (= make their reason inoperative).

devour'd: 'consumed,' absorbed Per. iv. iv. 25 in sorrow all devour'd.

devout: zealous, 'religious' LLL. v. ii. 790. dew: first applied to tears by S. (cf. BRINE) LLL. IV. iii. 30, R2 v. i. 9, Lucr. 1829; other fig. uses are R3 iv. i. 83 d. of sleep, Cor. v. v. (vi.) 23 d-s of flattery, Cos. u. i. 230 dew of slumber.

dewberry: (?) gooseberry MND, u.i. i. 178,

dewlap: applied to a woman's breast MND. 11. i. 50 (old edd. dewlop).

dew-lapp'd: having a dewlap or fold of loose skin hanging from the throat (in cattle) Tp. 111. iii. 45, MND. IV. i. 128.

dexter: right Troil. IV. V. 127 the dexter cheek.

dexteriously: 17th cent. variant of 'dexterously' Tw. N. 1. v. 65.

dial: clock, or watch AYL. II. vii. 20, R2 v. v. 53 like a d-'s point, Rom. II. iv. 122, Lucr. 327; so dial-hand Sonn, civ. 9.

dialogue vb. (not found before S.)

1 to hold a conversation Tim. II. ii. 51.

2 to express in dialogue form Compl. 132.

diameter: extent from side to side Ham. IV. i. 41 o'er the world's diameter.

Dian's bud\*: the plant Artemisia (= the herb of Artemis or Diana, the moon-goddess), or the Agnus castus (the Chaste Tree), to which very similar virtues are ascribed by ancient herbalists MND. IV. i. 79.

diapason: a bass sounding in exact concord, i.e. in octaves, with the air Lucr. 1132 And with deep groans the diapason bear.

diaper: towel, napkin Shr. Ind. i. 57.

dibble: instrument for making holes in the ground for seeds or young plants Wint, IV. iii. [iv.] 100. dich: orig. contraction of 'do it' in 'much good do it you'; hence in similar phrases Tim. I. ii. 74

Much good dich thy good heart.

Dick: used like 'Jack' = fellow, lad LLL. v. ii. 465

some Dick, That smiles his cheek in years, dickens (not recorded before S.): Wiv. III. ii. 20.

dictator: chief magistrate with absolute power, elected in ancient Rome in times of emergency Cor. II. ii. 94 our then dictator.

diction: expression or description in words Ham. v. ii. 124 to make true d. of him (euphuistic).

Dictynna: a title of Diana LLL, Iv. ii. 37.

Dido: 'queen of Carthage' (Shr. I. i. 158), in love with £neas Tp. II. i. 80, Rom. II. iv. 44, Ham. II. ii. 477 [468].

die sb., pl. dice: used with quibble on the verb 'die' MND. v. i. 314, Tim. v. iv. 34; fig. = chance, luck R3 v. iv. 10 I have set my life upon a cast, And I will stand the hazard of the die.

die vb.: phr. to die the death, to be put to death, suffer the penalty of capital punishment MND. I. i. 65, Cym. IV. ii. 96; S. is earliest for die (with laughing) Shr. III. ii. 244, Troil. I. iii. 176 at this sport Sir Valour dies.

diet sb. (1 the orig. sense etymologically, but 'daily food' is the earliest sense in English)

1 course of life R3 1. i. 139 an evil diet.

prescribed course of food, regimen Tim. IV. iii. 87 the tub-fast and the d.; phr. take or keep d. Gent. 11. i. 26, Meas. 11. i. 120.

3 food, fare, victuals, board Tw.N. III. iii. 40 I will bespeak our d., 1H4 III. iii. 84 Fou owe money . . . for your d. and by-drinkings, Ham. I. i. 99\*, Oth. 111. iii. 15 nice and waterish diet.

diet vb. (2 exact meaning not always clear)

to feed (lit. and fig.) 1H6 1. ii. 10 d-ed like mules, Cor. 1. ix. 52, Oth. 11. i. 306 to d. my revenge, Cym. 111. iv. 183 all the comfort The gods will d. me with.

2 to prescribe a diet for, as a regimen of health (lit. and fig.) Err. v. i. 99 be his nurse, D. his sick-ness, 2H4 IV. i. 64 To d. rank minds sick of happiness, Compl. 261 disciplin'd, ay, d-ed in grace; (hence) to restrict, cause to conform or be tied to All'sW. IV. iii. 35\*, v. iii. 223\*, Cor. v. i. 58 d-ed to my

dieter: regulator of diet Cym. rv. ii. 51.

difference (the ordinary sense is freq.; in Sonn. ev. 8 app. a ref. to the use in logic = differentia,

the attribute by which a species is distinguished from all other species of the same genus) I diversity of opinion, disagreement, dispute Mer.V. IV. I. 171; at d., at variance, in disagreement Cor. v. iii. 201 : Vexed . . . with passions of some difference (= conflicting emotions) Cas. 1. ii. 40.

2 characteristic or distinguishing feature Ham. v. ii. 113 full of most excellent differences.

3 (heraldic term) alteration or addition to a coat of arms, to distinguish a younger or lateral branch of a family; fig. Ado 1. i. 70, Ham. IV. v. 1824.

4 make difference, discriminate Wiv. II. i. 57.

differency (not pre-S.): difference Cor. v. iv. 12. difficult (once in S.): Oth. 111. iii. 82 full of poise and difficult weight (= weighty and difficult to be estimated).

diffidence: distrust, suspicion John 1. i. 65, 1H6
111. iii. 10, Lr. 1. ii. 166. ¶ The sense 'distrust of oneself' is post-S.

diffuse (2 peculiar to S., but cf. next)

1 to pour, shed Tp. IV. i. 79 D-st honey-drops.

2 to confuse, render indistinguishable Lr. 1. iv. 2 If ... I other accents borrow, That can my speech d. (old edd. defuse).

diffused: confused, disorderly Wiv. rv. iv. 56 some d. song, H5 v. ii. 61 diffus'd attire (old edd. defus'd), R3 1. ii. 78 diffus'd infection of a man (old edd. defus'd).

digest (old edd. often disgest; 1 the oldest sense of the word)

1 to arrange R3 III. i. 200 d. our complets in some form, Troil. Prol. 29, Ham. II. ii. 469 [460] an excellent play, well d-ed in the scenes, Ant. II. ii. 182. 2 fig. of the physical sense of digesting food: (i) to

put up with, swallow, stomach LLL. v. ii. 290 d. this harsh indignity, Mer.V. 111. v. 96; (ii) to assimilate, amalgamate All's W. v. iii. 74 in whom my house's name Must be d-ed, Lr. 1, i. 130 With my two daughters' dovers d. the third; (iii) to get rid of, dispose of H5 II. Chor. 31 well d. The abuse of distance; to disperse, dissipate 1H6 IV. i. 167 d. Your angry choler on your enemies; (iv) to comprehend, understand Cor. 1. i. 156, 111. i. 130.

digestion: Troil. 11. iii. 44 my chéese, my d.; cf. Jonson's Epigrams ci, 'Digestiue cheese, and fruit there sure will bee.'

digress (both senses are Eliz.)

to depart, deviate Shr. 111. ii. 110, Rom. 111. iii. 126 D-ing from the valour of a man

2 to transgress, offend R2 v. iii. 66 This deadly blot in thy d-ing son, Tit. v. iii. 116 I do d. too much,

Citing my worthless praise.
digression: moral going astray, transgression LLL. 1. ii. 122, Lucr. 202 my d. is so vile. ¶ Once also in the sense 'deviation from the subject or purpose' 2H4 IV. i. 140.

dig-you-den: see GoD and GOOD EVEN.

dilate: to relate at length Err. I. i. 122 d. at full What hath befull'n, Oth. I. iii. 153 all my pilgrimage dilute.

dilated (in Ham. 1. ii. 38 F<sub>1</sub> perhaps a spelling of DELATED, perhaps = sense 2)

1 spread far and wide Troil. II. iii. 264 Which, like...

a shore, confines Thy spacious and ddated parts. 2 extended, expressed at length All'sW. II. i. 59 take a more dilated furewell.

dild: see GoD 'ILD.

dildo: word of obscure origin used in the refrains of ballads Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 195 burthens of d-s and fadings.

diligence (2 is mainly contextual)

1 assiduity, esp. in service 1H6 v. iii. 9 your accustom'd d. to me, Ham. v. ii. 95 all d. of spirit, Cym. Iv. iii. 20.

2 speed, dispatch Tp. I. ii. 304 hence with d., Lr. I. v. 4 If your d. be not speedy; (quasi-personified) Tp. v. i. 241 Bravely, my diligence.

diligent:

attentive, heedful Tp. 111. i. 42 diligent eur.

2 assiduous, esp. in service Shr. IV. iii. 39, Lr. v. i. 53 d. discorery, Cym. III. v. 121, v. v. 86. dim: not bright, dull, lustreless Wint. IV. iii. [iv.]

120 violets dim, John III. iv. 85, Lucr. 403 death's dim look.

dimension: bodily frame; pl. bodily parts or

proportions Mer. V. III, i. 64, Tw. N. I. v. 282 in d. and the shape of nature, Lr. 1. ii. 7 my d-s are as

well compact.

diminish: to impair Tp. 111. iii. 64, Ven. 417 If springing things be any jot diminish'd.
diminutive: very small thing Troil, v. i. 38 d-s of nature, Ant. Iv. x. 50 [xii. 37] poor'st d-s.
dint: force Cæs. III. ii. 199 you feet The d. of pily.
dire (not pre-Eliz.): dreadful, dismal, horrible Mac. 11. iii. 64 prophesying with accents terrible Of dire combustion

direct: to address (words) 1H6 v. iii. 178. ¶ S. is the earliest authority for the senses 'address (a letter)', 'inform (a person) as to whereabouts and 'appoint, order'.

direction: capacity for directing R3 v. iii. 16. directitude (a humorous blundered form): Cor.

directive: subject to direction (S.) Troil, r. iii. 356. directly (the sense 'at once', Ham. m. ii. 221 is not pre-S.

1 straight John III. iv. 129, Cas. IV. i. 32 to run d. on, Oth. III. iii. 408 lead d. to the door of truth, without medium, immediately Mer.V. IV. i. 360, Wint. III. ii. 195, Oth. II. iii. 359 To counsel Cassio

3 straightforwardly Oth. IV. ii. 212, Cym. III. v. 113. without ambiguity, plainty, pointedly 1H4 II. iii. 91 answer me D. unto this question, H5 v. ii. 130, Cor. iv. v. 197, Oth. II. i. 222 d. in love with him, Cym. 1. iv. 177.

5 exactly, precisely, just Tw.N. 111. iv. 74, Cas. 1. ii. 3, Ham. 111. iv. 210 When in one line two crafts

directly meet.

direness: horror Mac. v. v. 14.

dirge: funeral song, song of mourning Rom, IV. V. 88, Ham, I. ii, 12, Lucr, 1612.

dirty: as an epithet of disgust or aversion (not pre-S.) Cym. III. vi. 55 those Who worship d. yods.

Dis: god of the infernal regions Tp. IV. i. 69.

disallow: to disapprove of John i. i. 16.

disanimate: to discourage 1H6 III. i. 182.

disappointed: unprepared (cf. APPOINT 2) Ham. I. v. 77 Unhousel'd, disappointed, unanel'd.

disaster sb. (etymol. sense, rare): unfavourable aspect of a star Ham. I. i. 118 D-s in the sun; (hence) ill-luck Mac. III. i. 112 So weary with d-s, tugg'd with fortune.

disaster vb.: to ruin Ant. n. vii. 18 the holes where eyes should be, which pitifully disaster the cheeks. disbench: to cause (a person) to leave his scat (S.)

Cor. II. ii. 76 I hope My words d-'d you not.

disbranch: fig. to sever Lr. IV. ii. 34. discandy (S.): to dissolve or melt out of a solid

condition Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 165, IV. x. 35 [xii. 22]. discase: to undress Tp. v. i. 85 I will d. me; to unmask Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 651. ¶Cf. case sb. 2 1 (i) and 1 (v).

discerner: person of judgement, critic H81. i. 32. discernings: intellectual faculties Lr. 1. iv. 250

his discernings Are lethargied.

discharge sb.: occurs 7 times in S., who is the earliest authority for the senses 'letting off a firearm' (1H4 I. i. 57), 'emission' (AYL, II. i. 37, Troil. IV. iv. 41), 'payment' (Cym. v. iv. 173), 'performance, execution' (Tp. II. i. 262).

discharge vb. ('dismiss, disband' and 4 are the

most freq. meanings) to unburden, disburden, deliver, free Ado v. i. 335, 2H4 II. iv. 145, Rom. v. i. 63 d-'d of breath. 2 fig. of letting off cannon H8 I. ii. 206 d. a horrable

oath, Lucr. 1605 d. one word of woe. 3 to pay, settle with (a creditor) Err. 1v. i. 32, Mer. V. 111. ii. 274, Tim. 11. ii. 12.

4 to perform MND. I. ii. 96, IV. ii. 8, Cor. III. ii. 106. discipline sb. (the earliest sense in English, chastisement, correction,' is not S.)

instruction, teaching Gent. 111. ii. 88, Shr. 1. i. 30 this moral d., Troil. 11. iii. 33 heaven bless thee from a tutor, and discipline come not near thee.

2 training in military affairs, military experience John 11. i. 39 our chiefest men of d., H5 111. ii. 65. discipline vb. (2 this sense was orig. applied to

the penitential use of the scourge)

1 to instruct, train Troil. 11. iii. 258 he that d-'d thy

arms to fight, Compl. 261 d-'d, ay, dieted in grace.
2 to chastise, 'punish' Cor. II. i. 141.
disclaim (not in pre-Eliz. use)
1 to renounce or disayow all share in Lr. II. ii. 58. 2 to repudiate connexion with, disown John I. i. 247 I have d-'d Sir Robert, R2 I. i. 70 D-ing here the kindred of the king, Lr. 1. i. 115.

disclaiming: disavowal Ham. v. ii. 255. disclose vb. (the sense 'reveal' is the common one) 1 to unfold Ham. 1. iii. 40 before their buttons be d-'d, Sonn. liv. 8 their musked buds discloses.

2 pass, to be hatched Ham, v. i. 309 (see courter). disclose sb.: incubation (fig.) Ham. III. i. 175. discolour: to bring a blush to 2H4 II. ii. 5 it d-s

the complexion of my greatness to acknowledge it. discolour'd: pale Lucr. 708 lean d. cheek.

discomfit: discouragement 2H6 v. ii. 86. discomfited: discouraged Shr. II. i. 164 be not so d.

discomfiture: defeat, rout 1H6 1, i.59.
discomfort sb. (sense 'uneasiness' is late)
1 discouragement R2 III. ii. 65, Mac. 1, ii. 28.
¶ 'Discourago' and its compounds are not S.
2 sorrow 2H4 1, ii. 119, Mac. 1v. ii. 29°, Ant. 1v. ii.

34 What mean you, sir, To give them this d.?. discomfort vb. (thrice in S.; cf. the senses of prec.) to discourage Troil. v. x. 10, Cas. v. iii. 105.

2 to grieve Ham. III. ii. 178.

discontent: a malcontent (not pre-S.) 1H4 v. i. 76. discontented: full of discontent 0th, v. ii. 313. discontenting: dissatisfied Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 545. discontinue: to cease to frequent Ado v. i. 197 I must d. your company, Mer.V. 111. iv. 75 I have discontinu'd school.

discordant: disagreeing 2H4 Ind. 19.

discourse sb. (d. of reason dates from the 15th c.)
I reasoning, thought, reflection Meas. r. ii. 196
reason and d., Tw. N. v. iii. 12, Troil. v. ii. 139,
Ham. rv. iv. 36 with such large d., Looking before and after; d. of reason, process or faculty of reasoning Troil. II. ii. 116, Ham. I. ii. 150; cf. d. of thought Oth. IV. ii. 153.

2 talk, conversation Gent. II. iv. 110, H5 I. i. 43 d. of war, R3 v. iii. 100 ample interchange of sweet d.,

Oth. r. iii. 150.

3 faculty of conversing, conversational power Err. 111. i. 109 a wench of excellent d., Troil. i. ii. 274. 4 familiar intercourse Ham, 111. i. 108.

discourse vb. (5 now only as a reminiscence of the

S. passage)

1 to hold discourse, talk, converse MND. v. i. 153 Let [them] At large d., Cas. III. i. 295 d. . . . of the state of things.

2 to pass (the time) in talk Cym. III. iii. 38.

3 to tell, narrate Err. v. i. 398, R2 v. vi. 10, Tit. v. iii, 81; absol. 1H6 r. iv. 26,

4 to utter, say Oth. II. iii. 284 and d. fustian with

one's own shadow. 5 to give forth (musical sound) Ham. III. ii. 381.

discourser: narrator H8 1. i. 41 a good d. discover (2 is the most freq. S. sense; the sense 'find out' is not common)

to uncover, expose to view Mer.V. II. vii. 1 d. The several caskets, Tw. N. 11. v. 175, R3 IV. iv. 241. 2 to divulge, reveal, disclose (athing), make known, Gent. II. i. 175 that might her mind d., Wiv. II. ii. 194, Ado v. i. 244, 1H6 II. v. 59, v. iv. 60, Cæs. III. i. 17 our purpose is d-ed; (bence) to show, exhibit Gent. III. ii. 77, Wint. III. i. 20, Cæs. I. ii. 69.

3 to spy out, reconnoitre Eir. I. i. 91 we d-ed Two ships, R2 II. iii. 33, Ant. IV. x. 8 Where then ap-portment we may best d.; absol. Tim. v. ii. 1. 4 to reveal the identity of, betray (a person) Lr.

II. i. 68 I threaten'd to discover him.

to distinguish, discern Meas. IV. ii. 184, Cor. II. i. 47, Cæs. II. i. 75 d. them By any mark of favour. discoverer: scout, spy, explorer 2H4 iv. i. 3.

discovery (obs. or arch. uses are the foll.; the word

does not appear before mid-16th cent.)

1 revelation, disclosure (of a secret) Wint. 1. ii. 441, H5 II. ii. 162 the d. of . . . treason, Ham. II. ii. 312. 2 exploration, reconnoitring Tp. II. i. 251, Mac. v. iv. 7 make d. Err in report of us, Lr. v. i. 53. 3 bringing to view, showing Tim. v. i. 39 a d. of

the infinite fatteries . . ; means of discovering Ven. 828 the fair d. of her way (discoverer †). discretion: use thy d., do your d., act as you think fit AVI.

fit AYL. 1. i. 154, Oth. III. iii. 34.

discuss: to declare, tell Wiv. I. iii. 102, IV. v. 2, H5 III. ii. 67, IV. i. 37, IV. iv. 5 What is thy name? discuss, 30 Discuss the same in French unto him. disdain: indignation, vexation Troil. 1. ii. 35\*.

disdain'd: disdainful (S.) 1H4 1. iii. 183.

disease sb.: trouble, grievance, vexation AYL. v. iv. 68, 1H6 II. v. 44, Tim. III. i. 57, Lr. I. i. 177 To shield thee from d-s of the world (Ff disasters). disease vb.: to trouble, disturb Cor. 1. iii. 117, Mac.

v. iii. 21 (Ff 234; see DISSEAT).

disedge: to satisfy the appetite of Cym. III. iv. 96.
disfurnish: to deprive Gent. Iv. i. 14, Tim. III. ii.
49 to d. myself, Per. Iv. vi. 12 she'll d. us of all our cavaliers.

disgest, gestion: old forms of digest, digestion. disgrace: disfigurement LLL. 1. i. 3 in the d. of death, Sonn. xxxiii. 8 [the sun] Stealing unseen to

west with this disgrace

disgrac'd: disgraceful Wint. 1. ii. 188. disgraceful (not pre-S. in any sense): devoid of grace, unbecoming 1H61. i. 86 thesed. wailing robes. disgracious (not pre-S. in any sense): out of favour, disliked R3 III. vii. 111, IV. iv. 178.

disquise: drunkenness, intoxication Ant. 11. vii. 131 the wild d. hath almost Antick'd us all. ¶ Cf. the old use of 'disquised' = drunk.
dishabited(S.): dislodged John 11. i. 220 stones. . . d.

dishclout: used in contemptuous comparison Rom. III. v. 221 Romeo's a dishclout to him

dishonest: unchaste Wiv. III. iii. 195, Tw.N. I. v. 45. H5 1. ii. 49.

dishonesty: lewdness Wiv. IV. ii. 144.

dishonourable: used adv. in 1H4 IV. ii. 33. dishonour'd: dishonouring, dishonourable Cor. III. i. 59 this so d. rub, Lr. I. i. 231 No. . . d. step. disjoin: intr. to sever oneself Ven. 541.

disjoint vb.: to fall to pieces Mac. III. ii. 16 let the

frame of things disjoint.
disjoint pple: 'out of joint,' distracted Ham. 1.
ii. 20 thinking... Our state to be disjoint.
dislike sb. (rare use): disagreement, discord 1H4

v. i. 26, Troil. II. iii. 239, Lr. 1. iv. 350.

dislike vb. (the current trans. use is commonest)

1 to displease Rom. II. ii. 61 if either thee d. (q1 displease), Oth. II. iii. 50 l'll do 't; but it d-s me.

2 intr. to disapprove of All'SW. II. iii. 120.

disliken (S.): to disguise Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 669 d.

dislimn; to obliterate the outlines of, efface, blot dispensation (2 cf. DISPENSE 4)

out Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 10 (Ff distimes). ¶ In mod. use only in reminiscences of S.

dismal (obs. uses) : ill-boding, sinister 3H6 п. vi. 58 Now death shall stop his (i.e. the screech-owl's) d. threatening sound, Ven. 889; disastrous, calamitous Rom. iv. iii. 19 My d. scene I needs must act alone. The orig, application of the word is to the unlucky days (dies mali) of the mediaeval calendar; the derived senses are none of them pre-Eliz.

dismal-dreaming: full of ill-boding dreams

Pilgr. xiv. 20 [200].

dismantle: reft. to change one's outward covering Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 669 muffle your face; D. you; to divest, strip Ham. III. ii. 298 This reatm d-d was Of Jose himself; to remove (a covering) Lr. I. i. 220 dismantle So many folds of fuvour. dismask (not pre-S.): to unmask LLL. v. ii. 297.

dismay: to be discouraged 1H6 III. iii. 1 D. not,

disme: tenth man sacrificed Troil, II. ii, 19. dismiss: S. is the earliest authority for the senses 'discard, reject' (Tp. IV. i. 67 the d-ed bachelor), 'put out of the mind, cease to entertain' (Ven.

425 D. your rows), 'to send out of court, refuse further hearing to' (Cor. II. i. 86 d. the controversy). dismiss'd: forgiven, remitted Meas. II. ii. 102.

dismission: discharge from service or office Ant. i. 26; rejection Cym. 11. iii. 57.

dismount (1 and 2 are not pre-S.; sense 2 is a

metaphor from gunnery practice)

1 to unseat, unhorse (fig.) H5 III. vii. 89 your horse
... rould trot as well vere some of your brags d-cd.

2 to lower Compl. 281 his ... eyes he did d.

3 d. thy tuck, draw thy rapier from its sheath
Tw.N. III. iv. 247.

disnatur'd: unnatural Lr. 1. iv. 307. disorbed: removed from its sphere Troil. II. ii. 46
Like a star disorb'd. ¶ A. S. coinage.
disorder sb. (not earlier than the 16th c.; the verb

occurs in S. only in the pa. pple.)
1 disorderly act or practice, misdemeanour Tw.N.
11. iii. 107, Lr. 1. ii. 127 machinations, hollowness, treachery, and all ruinous disorders, II. iv. 202.

disturbance of mind, discomposure John III. iv. 102 such disorder in my wit, Ven. 742.

disorder'd: disorderly, unruly Lr. 1. iv. 265, 279. dispark: to throw open (park land) for common use R2 III. i. 23 D-'d my parks, and felled my

forest woods.
dispatch sb. (2 is the commonest S. sense)

1 dismissal, leave to go, congé LLL. IV. i. 5, Cor. V. iii. 180 gire us our d., Lr. II. i. 127 the several mes-

sengers From hence attend dispatch.

2 execution, settlement Meas, IV. iv. 14 to have a d. of complaints, LLL. II. i. 31 craving quick d., All'sW. III. ii. 56 after some d. in hand at court, Iv. iii. 104; swift d., prompt execution, (hence) speed, expedition H5 II. iv. 6, Oth. I. iii. 46 postpost-haste dispatch, Sonn. exliii. 3.

3 conduct, management Mac, I, v. 69 into my d.

4 act of putting away hastily Lr. 1. ii. 34. dispatch vb. (the most freq. meaning in S. is 'to make haste '

1 to make away with, kill R2 III. i. 35; absol. John IV. i. 27, R3 I. ii. 182, Lr. II. i. 60; also to dispatch a person's life Lr. IV. V. 12.

2 to deprive of Ham. I. v. 75 Of life, of crown, of queen, at once dispatch'd.

to settle, conclude (a business), execute promptly; absol. Wiv. v. v. 196 have you d-ed?, Ant. v. ii. 229; to settle or have done with Meas. III. i. 280 d. with Angelo, Ant. 111. ii. 2 They have d-'d with Pompey.

1 licence granted by ecclesiastical authority to do what is forbidden or omit what is enjoined by ecclesiastical law or by any solemn obligation LLL. 11. i. 87 seek a d. for his oath, 1H6 v. iii. 86 a dispensation may be had.

2 makesd. with, sets aside Lucr. 248 (cf. next word 3). dispense: always in the constr. dispense with : (1) to make an arrangement with, for an offence 2H6 v. i. 181 Canst thou d. with heaven for such an oath?; (2) to give exemption or relief from LLL, I. i. 146 d. with this decree, 1H6 v. v. 28 d. with that contract; (3) to set aside, disregard Wiv. II. i. 47 d. with trifles; (4) to forgo, do without Meas. III. i. 152 d. with your leisure, Tim. III. ii. 94 learn now with pity to d.; (5) to condone by dispensation, pardon Meas. Ht. i. 133 Nature d-s with the deed, Err. H. i. 103, Lucr. 1070, 1279, 1704. dispiteous: pitiless John IV. i. 34 (Ff dispitious).

displace: to remove, banish Mac. III. iv. 109,

Lucr. 887.

displant: to uproot (fig.) Rom. III. iii. 58 D. a town. displanting: deposition from office Oth. II. i. 286. display: to behave ostentatiously Lr. II. iv. 41. displeasure (the foll, are special or obs. uses)

your d., the unpopularity you are in H8 III. ii. 393, Oth. III. i. 45.

2 tuke a d., take offence Tp. 1v. i. 202. 3 offence, wrong Err. 1v. iv. 118 Do outrage and d. to himself, v. i. 142 Doing d. to the citizens.

disponge: reading in mod. edd. for DISPUNGE. disport sb.: pastime, sport Oth. I. iii. 273, Lucr.

disport vb.: refl. to amuse oneself 3H6 IV. v. 8 Comes hunting this way to d. himself, Tim. 1. ii. 143.

dispose sb. (not pre-S.)

1 disposal Gent. 11. vii. 86, IV. i. 76 Which . . . rest at thy dispose, Err. 1. i. 20, John 1. i. 263. bent of mind, temperament Troil. II. iii. 176.

3 external manner Oth. 1. iii. 403 a smooth dispose. dispose vb. (dispose of is common in sense 2)

1 to place or distribute, to manage, do with H5 IV. Chor. 51, H8 1. ii. 116 these so noble benefits . . . Not well d-'d, Troil. IV. v. 115 His blows are well d-'d: there, Ajax!.

to put or stow away, deposit Tp. 1. ii. 225, Err. 1.

i. 83, 1. ii. 73, Tit. IV. ii. 175.

3 to regulate, order, direct H5 IV. iii. 132 how thou pleasest, God, d. the day!; refl. to direct one's action Wint. I. ii. 179, Per. I. ii. 117; also in gerund disposing = direction, arrangement John v. vii. 92, H8 1. i. 43, Ven. 1040.

to settle matters, come to terms (S.) Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 123 you did suspect She had d-'d with Casar.

disposed: inclined to merriment, in a merry mood LLL. 11. i. 248, v. ii. 467, Tw.N. 11. iii. 91. disposition (1 rare; 2 and 3 about equally freq.)

1 arrangement Oth. I. iii. 237 fit d. for my wife. 2 inclination, humour, mood AYL. I. i. 133, IV. i. 118 a more coming-on d., R3 I. iii. 63, Cor. I. vi. 74, III. ii. 21 The thwarting of your d-s, Rom. 1. iii. 65 your disposition to be married, Lr. 1. iv. 316. natural constitution or temperament Wiv. IV. v.

113 the villanous inconstancy of man's d., Rom. III.

iii. 114, Ham. 1. ii. 169.

disprize: to hold in contempt Troil. IV. v. 74 (Q misprising), Ham. III. i. 72 d-d love (Qq despiz'd). disproperty (S.): to alienate (a possession) Cor. II.
i. 267 Dispropertied their freedoms.

disproportion sb.: want of fitness Oth. III. iii. 233 Foul d., thoughts unnatural (so Qq; Ff d-s).

disproportion vb.: to make out of proportion 3H6
III. ii. 160 To d. me in every part, Like to a chaos.
disproportion'd (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 out of proportion Tp. v. i. 290.

2 inconsistent Oth. I. iii. 2.

dispunge: to pour down as from a squeezed spouge Ant. IV. ix. 13 The poisonous damp of night dis-

punge upon me.

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dispurse: to disburse 2H6 III. i. 117. ¶ 'Probably from some Scottish chronicle' (H. C. Hart); the only other recorded examples of this word are from a Scottish Act of Parliament (1643), and Heslop's Northumberland glossary (1892).

disputable: inclined to dispute (S.) AYL, II. v. 35. disputation: conversation (S.) 1H4 III. i. 205, H5

пт. іі. 105.

dispute (1 an obs. sense; 2 not pre-S.) [62. 1 to discuss Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 413; cf. Rom. III. iii. 2 to strive against, resist Mac. rv. iii. 219\*.

disquantity (not pre-S.): to diminish Lr. 1. iv. 272. disquietly: in a disturbing manner (S.) Lr. 1. ii. 127. disseat +: to unseat Mac. v. iii. 21 (F<sub>1</sub> des-eate, Ff<sub>234</sub> dis-ease; many conj.).

dissemble: to disguise (once in S.) Tw.N. IV. ii. 5. dissembling vbl. sb.: falseness, hypocrisy 3H6 III. iii. 119; so the ppl. adj. = false, hypocritical Err. IV. iv. 102 D. villain. Troil. V. iv. 2 That d. . .

varlet; fig. MND. n. ii. 98 What . . . d. glass of name. dissembly: Dogberry's perversion of 'assembly' Ado IV. ii. 1.

dissolution (5 times in S.; 1 not pre-S.)
1 liquefaction Wiv. 111. v. 121 a man of continual
d. and thaw, Lucr. 355 Against love's fire fear's frost hath dissolution.

2 destruction, ruin Meas. III. ii. 242, R2 II. i. 259 Reproach and d., Lr. I. ii. 163 d-s of ancient amilies.

dissolve (sense 4 intr. is most freq.)

1 to loosen, undo R2 II. ii. 71 d. the bands of life, Troil. v. ii. 153 The bonds of heaven are . . . d-d, and loos'd.

and loos'd.

2 to part, separate Wiv. v. v. 249 [237] nothing can d. us, All's W. I. ii. 66d-d from my hive, Cor. I. i. 210.

3 to destroy, put an end to Lr. v. iv. 19 Lest his ungoern'd rage d. the life; also intr. to come to an end Tp. Iv. i. 154, v. i. 64 The charm d-s apuce.

4 to melt R2 III. ii. 108 all d-'d to tears; also intr. Gent. III. iii. 8, MND. I. i. 245, Lr. v. iii. 205 ('ready to shed tears'), Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 162.

dissuade: discourage All's W. III. v. 24.

distaff: cleft stick on which wool or flax was formerly wound; used as the type of woman's occupation Lr. IV. iii. 17, Cvin. v. iii. 34; so occupation Lr. IV. ii. 17, Cym. V. iii. 34; so distaff-woman R2 III. ii. 118.

distain: to defile, sully, dishonour R3 v. iii. 323, Troil. I. iii. 241, Per. Iv. iii. 31 She did distain †

my child (old edd. disdain(e), Lucr. 786. distance (1 the orig. sense of the word; the usual S. sense is that of 'intervening space', of which 2 is a special use)

disagreement Mac. III. i. 116 in such bloody d. in fencing, definite interval of space to be kept between the combatants Wiv. II. i. 232 [223], ii.

iii. 27, Rom. 11. iv. 23.

3 remoteness in intercourse, the reverse of intimacy or familiarity Oth. 11. iii. 59 a wary d., 111. iii. 13 a politic d., Compl. 151 With safest distance I mine honour shielded.

distaste (not pre-Eliz.; 2, 3 not pre-S.)

to have no taste for, disrelish, dislike Troil. II. ii.

66, Lr. I. iii. 15 (Qq dislike).

2 to offend the taste, cause disgust Troil. iv. iv. 48

D-ing (Ff) with the salt of broken tears, Oth. III. iii. 328.

3 to render distasteful Troil, II. ii. 123 her brainsick raptures Cannot d. the goodness of a quarrel, IV. iv. 48 D-d (Qq) with the salt of broken lears distasteful: expressing dislike or aversion Tim.

II. ii. 221 distusteful looks.

distemper sb. (2 and 3 not pre-S.; 3 cf. DISTEM-

1 ill humour, ill temper Wiv. III. iii. 230, III. v. 80 instigated by his d., Wint. I. ii. 385, Ham. III. ii. 358 what is your cause of d.f., III. iv. 122. 2 deranged condition of body or mind, illness,

disease Ham II. ii. 55 your son's distemper.

3 intoxication H5 II. ii. 54 little faults, proceeding on distemper.

distemper vb.: to disturb, disorder Tw.N. II. i. 5 the malignancy of my fale might, perhaps, d. yours, Ven. 653 disturbing Jealousy . . . Distempering gentle Love in his desire. ¶ See also distempered.

distemperance:=DISTEMPERATURE 2, Per. v. i. 27 Qq12 distemperature

distemperature (in MND. II. i. 106, 1H4 v. i. 3 there is probably a glance at the old sense of 'inclemency of weather', but the direct ref. is to 'ill humour, discomposure')

1 physical disorder or derangement, ailment, illness Err. v. i. 82 pale d-s, 1H4 III. i. 34 Our grandam earth, having this d., In passion shook.

2 disturbance of mind Rom. II. iii. 40 Thou art up-

rous'd by some d., Per. v. i. 27.

distempered (1 the orig. sense; cf. prec. word)
1 inclement John III. iv. 154 no d-'d day; transf. All'sW. I. iii. 159 this d-'d messenger of wet (i. e. the rainbow).

2 out of humour or temper, vexed Tp. IV. i. 145,

John IV. iii. 21, Ham. iii. ii. 317.

3 physically disordered, diseased, ailing Tw.N. 1. v. 97 a d. appetite, 2H4 111. i. 41 as a body, yet, d-d, Troil. 11. ii. 169, Sonn. cliii. 12.

4 mentally or morally deranged, distracted Rom. 11. iii. 33 a d-'d head, Mac. v. ii. 15 his d-'d cause. distil (3 is much the commonest S. use)

1 to fall in minute drops Tit, 111. i. 17. [iii. 15, 2 to let fall in minute drops Tit. 11. iii. 201, Rom. v. 3 to obtain or extract the essence of, also to obtain (the quintessence) by extraction or distillation (lit. and fig.) MND. I. i. 76 the rose d-'d, AYL. III. (iii. 430 May.) 1. 1. 10 the rose d=d, A.1. III.
ii. 153 Nature presently d=d Helen's cheek, All'sW.
II. iv. 47, H5 IV. i. 5, Troil. I. iii. 350 a man d=d
Out of our virtues, Mac. III. v. 26: used absol.
Cym. I. v. 13 To make perfumes? distil? preserve?.
4 to melt Ham. I. ii. 204 (F, bestif d).
distillation: product of distilling Wiv. III. v. 117.
Sonn. v. 9; so distillment Ham. I. v. 64 The

leperous distilment.

disti'nct sh.: separate thing (S.) Phoen. 27 Two d-s. distinct adj.: stressed disti'nct Troil. iv. v. 244; distinct Mer.V. II. ix. 61, Troil. iv. iv. 45.

distinction: discrimination Troil. III. ii. 26.

distinctively: (?) distinctly Oth. 1. iii. 155 (so

Ff<sub>234</sub>; F<sub>1</sub> instinctively, Qq intentively).
distinctly (obs. use): separately, individually Tp.
1, ii. 200, Cor. III., ii. 205, IV. iii. 48, Oth. II. iii. 292.
distinguishment: distinction Wint, II. i. 85.

distract ppl. adj.:
1 separated, divided Compl. 231 Their d. parcels.

[vi. 289. perplexed, confused Cas. IV. iii. 154. 3 crazy, mad Tw.N. v. i. 290, Ham. IV. v. 2, Lr. IV. distract vb.:

1 to separate, divide, scatter All'sW. v. iii. 35 to the brightest beams D-ed clouds give way, Oth. I. iii. 328, Ant. III. vii. 43 Distract your army.

328, Ant. III. VII. 43 District your army.
2 to perplex, confuse, bewilder Wiv. II. ii. 141 This news d-s me, Tim. III. iv. 116 your districted soul, Mac. II. iii. 111, Ham. I. v. 97 this d-cd globe.
3 to make mad Err. v. i. 39, 2H4 II. i. 120. [28. distractedly: disjointedly Tw.N. II. ii. 22, Compt. distraction: division, detachment Ant. III. vii. 76. His power went out in such d-s. ¶ The senses refusions to sureful decomposers. ferring to mental derangement follow the vb.

distrain: to levy a distress upon R2 II. iii. 131, (hence) to confiscate 1H6 1. ifi. 61 d-'d the Tower to his use

distraught: mentally deranged R3 III. v. 4, Rom. distressful: gained by hard toil H5 IV. i. 290

distressful bread.

distribute: to administer (justice) Cor. III. iii. 97.

distrustful: diffident 1H6 I. ii. 126, distrurb: disturbance R3 IV. ii. 72 my sweet sleep's d-s (Ff disturbers). Used by Samuel Daniel (1597) and Milton (1667).

disvalue (not pre-S.): to disparage Meas. v. i. 215. disvouch (S.): to contradict Meas. IV. iv. 1.

dive-dapper: dabchick Ven. 86 ad. peering through

divers (I now expressed by the form 'diverse'; in H8 v. iii. 18 new opinions, D. and dangerous, the old meaning 'wrong, perverse' is perhaps represented)

1 different in kind AYL. III. ii. 329, 2H4 III. i. 53, H5 I. ii. 184, Rom. II. iii. 11.

2 various, sundry, several Wiv. 1. i. 236, Cas. Iv. i. 20; absol. Mer.V. III. i. 121 d. of Antonio's creditors.

divest (spelling of the earlier 'devest', not re-corded earlier than F<sub>1</sub>, i.e. 1623)

1 intr. to undress Oth. II. iii. 183 (Qq Ff Deresting). 2 to strip or dispossess oneself (of) H5 II. iv. 78 (Ff derest), Lr. 1. i. 51 (Ff direst).

dividable: that divides (S.) Troil, 1. iii, 105, divi'dant: divided, separate (S.) Tım. ıv. iii. 5. divided: incomplete, imperfect John II. i. 439.

divine sb.: applied to a priest of a heathen religion Wint. 111. i. 19 Apollo's great divine.

divine adj.: immortal, blessèd R2 1. i. 38 Or my d. soul answer it in heaven.

divinely: piously, religiously, sacredly John II. i. 237 most d. row'd, R3 III. vii. 61 D. bent to meditation. divineness: superhuman excellence Cym. 111. vi. 43. diviner: soothsayer, seer Err. 111. ii. 145.

division (the foll, are technical senses)

1 in music, execution of a rapid passage of melody, esp. one consisting of florid phrases or runs 1H4 III. i. 210 ditties... Sung... With ravishing d., to her lute, Rom. III. v. 29 the lark makes sweet d.; (hence fig.) variation, modulation Mac. IV. iii. 96 abound In the d. of each several crime, Acting it many ways.

2 definite portion of a battalion or squadron 2H41. iii. 70 his d-s . . . Are in three heads; cf. Oth. I. i. 23 the division of a battle.

divorce: that which causes separation H8 II. i. 76 the long d. of steel (=executioner's axe), Tim. IV. iii. 384 dear d. 'Twixt natural son and sire, Ven. 932 Hateful d. of love (viz. Death).

divulge: to proclaim (a person) to be so-and-so
Wiv. 111. ii. 44 d. Page himself for a secure and
wilful Actaon, Tw.N. 1. v. 281 In voices well d-'d (= of good repute).

divulging: becoming known Ham. IV. i. 22. dizzy: to make 'dizzy', confuse Troil. V. ii. 171 d. with more clamour Neptune's ear, Ham. V. ii. 120 d. the arithmetic of memory (Q2 dosie, Q, dazzie,

Qq4-6 dizzie). dizzy-ey'd: dazzled 1H6 iv. vii. 11 D. fury.

do (the chief obs. or archaic uses are the following;

see also doing, done)
1 to put to death Ado v. iii. 3, 2H6 III. ii. 179; also
do him dead 3H6 I. iv. 108.

2 to play the part of, enact Ado II. i. 124, MND. I.

ii. 28, 71 Fou may do it extempore.
3 imperative='go on!'Tp. iv. i. 241, Troil. ii. i. 45.
4 = 'do with' Lucr. 1092 For day hath nought to do

what's done by night.

5 to be sufficient; phr. all would not do 1H4 II. iv. 192. to do, to be done, still undone Meas. 1. ii. 121, AYL. 1. ii. 122, 2H6 III. ii. 3, Ham. IV. iv. 44; do good, succeed Wint. II. ii. 54; do withal Mer. V. III. iv. 72 I could not do withal, I could not help it.

dock'd+: put in dock Mer.V. 1. i. 27 And see my wealthy Andrew dock'd in sand (old edd. docks).

doctrine (2 a late example of this sense) 1 instruction, lesson LLL. IV. iii. 302, Rom. I. i. 244,

Ant. v. ii. 31 learn A d. of obedience. learning, condition All's W. I. iii. 249.

document (once): instruction Ham. IV. v. 177. do de: used to represent shivering or the chattering of teeth from cold Lr. III. iv. 57.

dodge: to be shifty Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 62.

doff: see DAFF.

dog: occurs in various proverbs and comparisons, g. octains in various provens and comparisons, e.g. Wiv. 1. iv. 118, Mer.V. 1. i. 94, Tw. N. 11. iii. 156, 1H4 11. i. 10, Tit. v. i. 122; dogs of var Cæs. III. i. 273 (cf. H5 1. Chor. 7) is a S. expression much echoed by mod. writers:—(a) dog at, an adept at Gent. IV. iv. 14, Tw. N. 11. iii. 66 I am dog at a catch ;—the dog's name, applied to the letter R, which Ben Jonson says 'is the dog's letter, and burreth in the sound 'Rom. II. iv. 225.

dog-ape: (?) dog-faced baboon, cynocephalus AYL.
11. v. 27 like the encounter of two dog-apes,
dog-days: the days about the time of the heliacal rising of the Dog-star, the hottest and most un-wholesome period of the year, about July 3 to August 15, H8 v. iv. 44.

dogfish: name of a kind of small shark, applied

opprobriously to a person 1H6 1. iv. 107 dog-fox: (properly) male fox; applied to Ulysses (?)=bloody-minded fellow Troil. v. iv. 12.

dogged: like a dog John IV. iii. 149 Now. . . . Dolh d. war bristle his angry crest; (hence) cruel, malicious John IV. i. 129 these d. spies, 2H6 III. i. 158 d. Fork. dog-hearted: cruel Lr. IV. iii. 47 his d. daughters.

dog-hole: vile place, unfit for human habitation All'sW. H. iii. 291 France is a dog-hole.

dog's-leather: leather made of dogskin 2H6 IV. ii. 27. Cf. 'Dogs leather gloues' Cotgr. s.v. 'Gans. dog-weary (not pre-S.): tired out Shr. IV. ii. 60. doing: deed, action, performance R3 II. ii. 90, H8 I. ii. 74, Cor. I. ix. 40; also pl. Cor. I. ix. 23.

doit: a former Dutch coin, equivalent to half a farthing, used as the type of a small sum Tp. 11. ii. 34, Mer. V. 1. iii. 141, 2H6 111. i. 112, Cor. 1v. iv. 17.

dole i (in 2H4 t. i. 169=distribution)

1 share, portion All'sW. 11. iii. 176 what d. of honour

Flies where you bid it.

portion or lot in life, destiny, in phr. happy man be his d., i.e. may his lot be to be called 'Happy man!' Wiv. III. iv. 68, Shr. I. i. 143, Wint. I. ii. 163, 1H4 II. ii. 84.

dole 2: grief, sorrow, mourning AYL. 1. ii. 140 making such pitiful dole, Ham. 1. ii. 13 weighing

delight and dole.

dollar: in S.'s time applied both to the German thaler and the Spanish piece of eight (eight reals) Mac. 1. ii. 64; also with play on 'dolour'

Tp. 11. i. 18; cf. Lr. 11. iv. 54. dolphin: mammal of the whale family Tw. N. 1. ii. 14; see also dauphin, and cf. 1H6 v. iv. 107. domination: sovereignty John II. i. 176.

dominator: ruler, lord LLL. 1. i. 220.

domineer: to feast riotously Shr. III. ii. 227. dominical: for 'd. letter,' the letter, marked in red on old almanacs, used to denote the Sundays in a particular year LLL, v. ii. 44. ¶ The seven letters A, B, C, D, E, F, G are used in succession to denote the first seven days of the year (January 1-7), and then in rotation the next seven days, so that, e.g. if the 3rd of January be a Sunday, the dominical letter for the year is C.

done (I is recorded first from S.)

1 agreed! Tp. 11. i. 33, Shr. v. ii. 74, Cor. 1. iv. 2.

2 ruined, lost All'sW. 1v. ii. 65, R2 1. i. 183, Ham. doom sb. (1 the usual S. sense)

1 judgement, sentence R2 1. iii, 148.

2 day of d., only='last day of one's life, day of dissolution, death-day,' not 'day of judgement' (S. uses simply doom or general doom) R2 III. ii. 189, 3H6 v. vi. 93, Tit. II. iii. 42; so doomsday 1H4 iv. i. 134, R3 v. i. 12, Rom. v. iii. 234.

doom vb. (rare use): to decide, judge Cym. v. v. 421. door: Speak within door, lower your tone, do not talk so loud Oth. IV. ii. 144 (Qq dores); in Warwickshire the phr. 'Speak within the house' was current till recently in the same sense ;- is the wind in that door?, Is that the tendency of affairs? 1H4 III. iii. 101.

door particulars: home or private affairs Lr. v. i. 30 these domestic door particulars (Qq; mod. edd. chiefly, following Ff, these domestic and particular broils).

dormouse: attrib. = sleepy, dormant Tw. N. III. ii. dotage: feebleness of mind Lr. I. iv. 317; exces-

sive fondness Oth. IV. i. 27.

dotant (S.): dotard Cor. v. ii. 47 a decayed dolant. dote: to act or talk foolishly Err. IV. iv. 60, Ven. 1059; to be excessively fond or in love Gent. iv. iv. 89, Ham. v. ii. 197, Ven. 837; hence doter, fond lover LLL. IV. iii. 260, doting, fond R3 IV. iv. 301, Lucr. 1064.

double sb.: sharp turn (not pre-S.) Ven. 682.

double adj.: as d. as, having twice the power or influence of Oth. I. ii. 14; d. beer, strong beer

2H6 II. iii. 64.

double adv.: doubly, twice All'sW. II. iii. 252, Wint. v. iii. 107, Mac. Iv. i. 83 make assurance d. sure; double-fatal yew R2 III, ii. 117 so called because it has poisonous leaves, and was used for instruments of death; with duplicity, deceitfully Rom. 11. iv. 180 deal double with her.

double vb.: to be twice as much as Lr. II. iv. 262; fig. Cym. III. iv. 180 honouruble, And, doubling

that, most holy.

double-henned: Troil. v. vii. 11\* my double-henned sparrow! (Q spartan), an obscure expression, 'sparrow . . . with a female married to two cocks,

and hence false to both ' (Schmidt).
doublet: close-fitting body-garment, with or without sleeves, worn by men from the 14th to the 18th cent. Tp. 11. i. 108; -d. and hose, typical male attire; also, a kind of undress, or dress for active pursuits, implying absence of the warm cloak, or the dignified gown or long coat Wiv. III. i. 46 in your d. and hose! this raw rheumatic day?, AYL. II. iv. 6 d. and hose ought to show itself courageous to petticoat.

double-vantage: to benefit doubly Sonn. lxxxviii.

doubt (I remains in dial. use)

to suspect, apprehend Cor. III. i. 151, Ham. I. ii. 255 I doubt some foul pluy, Oth. III. iii. 19. 2 refl. to fear Tim. 1. ii. 161 I doubt me.

doubtful: inclined to suspect, suspicious, apprehensive Mer. V. 11, ii, 109, Tw. N. Iv. iii, 21, Mac. 111, ii, 7 dwell in d. joy, Lr. v. i, 12 I am d. that you have been . . boson'd with her. doubtless: without fear or suspicion John Iv. i.

130 pretty child, sleep d., 1H4 iii. ii. 20 I am d. I

can purge Myself.
dout (F1 doubt): to put out, extinguish (fig.) H5 iv. ii. 11, Ham. IV. vii. 192 (Qq Ff 234 drown(e)s).

dove: common type of gentleness and harmlessness

MND. 1. i. 171 the simplicity of Venus' doves, Ham. v. i. 308; hence, an innocent or simpleton Shr. III. ii. 160 she's n lamb, a dove, a fool to him. dower'd: endowed Lr. i. i. 207 D. with our curse. dowlas: coarse kind of linen 1H4 III. jii. 79.

dowl(e: soft fine feather Tp. III. iii. 65. down: used in ballad refrains without appreciable

meaning Wiv. I. iv. 44, Ham. IV. v. 169. down-gyved: hanging down like gyves or fetters

Ham. II. i. 80 his stockings . . . d. to his ankle. downright adj.:

1 directed straight downwards, vertical 2H6 п. ііі. 93 a downright blow, 3H6 1. i. 12.

2 direct, straightforward, plain, definite Meas. III. ii. 115, H5 v. ii. 150 d. oaths, Oth. I. iii. 251. downright adv. (in Ven. 645?='straight down,'

or 'straightway, forthwith')
positively, absolutely, out and out LLL. v. ii. 390,

Rom. III. v. 129 It rains downright.

2 plainly, definitely AYL. III. iv. 29.

Downs: the part of the sea within the Goodwin Sands off the east coast of Kent, a famous rendezvous for ships 2H6 IV. i. 9 whilst our pinion. nace anchors in the Downs.

down sleeves ': (?) close-fitting sleeves Ado III. iv. doxy: vagabond's cant for a beggar's mistress Wint. Iv. ii. 2.

drabbing: associating with bad women Ham. II. draff: pig-wash, hog's-wash Wiv. 1v. ii. 112 Still swine eats all the draff (Ff Q3 draugh), 1H4 1v. ii. 38 eating draff and husks.

dragon: a yoke of dragons is attributed by S. to the goddess of the night MND. III. ii. 379, Troil. v. viii. 17 The d. wing of night, Cym. II. ii. 48 you

dragons of the night.

dragon's tail: the descending node of the moon's orbit with the ecliptic Lr. 1. ii. 145 under the d.

drain (rare use): to let fall in drops 2H6 111, ii. 142. dram: 1/2 ounce apothecaries' weight, 1/1/2 ounce avoirdupois weight; (hence) very small quantity All'sW. II. iii. 232;— fluid ounce; (hence) spec. dose of poison Wint. I. ii. 320, Rom. v. i. 60 let me have A dram of poison. [Tim. v. i. 107. draught: cesspool, privy, sewer, Troil. v. i. 84, draw (see also drawn; 8 is not pre-S.)

1 intr. to pull a vehicle, fig. applied to acting in concert Troil. v. v. 44 we d. together, Oth. iv. i. 68 Think every bearded fellow that's but yok'd May d. with you.

2 to bend (a bow), pull back (an arrow) on the string (freq.); also absol. Tit. iv. iii. 3 Look ye d. home enough, 63 Now, musters, draw.

3 intr. to draw the bow across a fiddle Ado v. i. 131. (of a ship) to displace so much water (absol.) Troil. II. iii. 280 greater hulks draw deep.

5 to gather, collect, assemble John IV. ii. 118, 1H4 III. i. 90, Troil.II. iii. 80, Cor. II. iii. 261, Cæs. I. iii. 22.

6 to withdraw 2H4 ir. i. 166 Go, wash this face, and drue the action, 3H6 v. i. 25, H8 v. iv. 62, Cym. iv. iii. 24\*
7 = 'draw liquor,' be a drawer Wiv. I. iii. 11.

to receive (money), to win (a stake) Mer.V. IV. i. 87, Wint. 1. ii. 248 the rich stake drawn, Ham. IV. v. 141 (fig.), Lr. 1. i. 87 to d. A third more opulent than your sisters

9 to bring (something into a person's hands) Lr. 111. iii. 24, Cym. 111. iii. 18 Draws us a profit. 10 to disembowel (usn. quibblingly) Meas. 11. i. 221

(cf. sense 7), Ado III, ii. 22, John II, ii. 504. 11 to write out, frame, compose MND. I. ii. 108, Mer.V. IV. i. 395, Shr. II. i. 127, R3 v. iii. 24.

draw on, (1) to involve as a consequence 3H6 III. iii. 75, (2) to entice, lead on Mac. III. v. 29; (3) intr. to approach Wiv. v. iii. 26, v. v. 2, MND.

I. i. 2; draw out, to extend, lengthen Cas. III. i. 100; cf. R3 v. iii. 294 My foreward shall be drawn out all in length, draw up, (1) to set in array Lr. v. i. 51 draw up your powers; Lucr. 1368 Before the which is drawn the power of Greece; (2) to inhale Ven. 929 draws up her breath. drawer: tapster Wiv. II. ii. 167, Rom. III. i. 9. drawn (the foll. are special uses)

1 d. fox, a fox driven from cover and therefore wily in his attempts to get back again 1H4 III. iii. 128 (? also ref. to 'fox' = broadsword).

2 having one's sword drawn Tp. 11. i. 316, MND. II. ii. 402, H5 II. i. 39.

3 d. of, emptied of Cym. v. iv. 168. dread sb.: one deeply revered Ven. 635 wondrous d.! dread adj.; dreadful, terrible Tp. I. ii. 206 his dread trident; held in awe, revered 2H6 v. i. 17 our drend liege, Ham. III. iv. 108 your dread command.

dread vi.; to be anxious about Pilgr. vii. 10 [94]

Dreading my love, the loss thereof still fearing,

dreadful (obs. use); full of dread R3 i. is, 8, Ham.

I. ii. 207, Oth. II. iii. 177; so dreadfully, with

dread Meas. IV. ii. 149 apprehends death no more d. but as a drunken sleep; also colloquially used as a strong intensive, = exceedingly, 'terribly' Ham. II. ii. 281 I am most d. attended.

dregs (once sing, dreg Troil, III. ii. 68); always fig. (1) worthless part of something, impurity, corrupt matter Troil. III. ii. 68, 70, Tim. I. ii. 242 Friendship's full of d., Sonn. lxxiv. 9; (2) residue, last remains Tp. II. ii. 43 till the d. of the storm be past, R3 1. iv. 125, Cor. v. ii. 83.

dress (the sense 'to prepare, equip' is freq., often with more or less explicit ref. to putting on

clothes) to cultivate (a plot of ground) R2 III. iv. 56.

2 to train, break (a horse) R2 v. v. 80.

dressing: trimming up, refashioning Sonn. cxxiii.

4 They are but d-s of a former sight; pl. ornaments
of office Meas. v. i. 56.
dribbling (old edd. dribling): of an arrow, falling

short or wide of the mark Meas. I. iii. 2 the d.

dart of love. drift (1 once ; 2 the usual S. sense)

1 shower (of bullets) John II. i. 412.

2 what one is driving at, aim, tendency Tp. v. i. 29 d. of my purpose, Wiv. II. ii. 256 understand my d., Troil. III. iii. 113 the author's d., Rom. II. iii. 55, Ham. II. i. 10 d. of question, III. i. 1 d. of circumstance\* (Qq d. of conference), IV. vii. 151.

3 scheme, plot, design Gent. II. vi. 43, &c. dvinks, carconsol (S. Viim u. v. 75. Ant II. vii. 119.

drink sb.: carousal (S.) Tini. 111. v. 75, Ant. 11. vii. 112. drink vb.: to d. (a person) dead drunk, to bed, said of the seasoned toper who sees his companions succumb to the effects of their potations Oth. II.

iii. 85, Ant. 11. v. 21. drive (past tense drore, drave; pa. pple. driven, droven, (?) drove in 2H6 nt. ii. 84) 1 to rush at or upon Tit. 11. iii. 64, Ham. 11. ii. 502.

2 let d., to aim blows, strike 1H4 II. iv. 221 Four rogues...let d. at me, 251.

3 d. away, to cause (the time) to pass 1H4 n. iv. 31. driven: (of snow) drifted Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 220 Lawn as white as d. snow; (of down) separated from the heavier down by a current of air Oth. 1. iii. 232 My thrice-d. bed of down.

drollery: puppet-show Tp. 111, iii. 21 A living d.; comic picture 2H4 II. i. 160 a pretty slight d. drone: the bass pipe of a bagpipe, which emits one continuous note 1H4 I. ii. 85.

drooping chair: chair of old age (cf. CHAIR-DAYS) 1H6 IV. v. 5.

drop sb.: used for 'tear-drop' (freq.) Tp. 1. ii. 155, Ven. 981, Lucr. 1228; 'drop of blood' H5 III. v.

25, Troil. IV. v. 132 any d. thou borrow'dst from thy mother, Cor. v. i. 10 the d-s That we have bled

dogether; fig. small quantity Mer.V. 11. ii. 201, Oth. 1v. ii. 52 A d. of patience, Cym. 1v. ii. 304. drop vb.: d. forth, bring forth, produce AYL. 11. ii. 252 when it d-s forth such fruit, 1v. iii. 35 d. forth such giant-rude invention; d. in for, come

in for Sonn. xc. 4.

dropping: dripping wet Per. IV. i. 62 with a d. industry they skip From stem to stern; tearful Ham. I. ii. 11 dropping eye.
dropsied: inflated All'sW. II. iii. 135 a d. honour. drossy: frivolous Ham. v. ii. 197 the drossy uge. drouth: lack of moisture, thirst Per. III. Gower 8, Ven. 544.

drovier: cattle-dealer Ado 11. i. 204.

drown: to make completely drunk (S.) Tw.N. 1. v. 140 a third [draught] d-s him; cf. Tim. 111. v. 70

a sin that often Drowns him, Ven. 984.

drowsy: inducing sleep Oth. 111. iii. 332 d. syrups. drug: spec. poisonous or injurious concoction Rom. v. i. 66, Ham. III. ii. 270, Oth. I. ii. 74. drumble: to be sluggish Wiv. III. iii. 157.

dry adj. (1 properly, = that does not draw blood) severe, hard Err. 11. ii. 65 another d. basting. 2 (of jests, &c.) dull, stupid AYL. 11. vii. 39, LLL. v. ii. 374, Tw.N. 1. iii. 81, v. 44.

dry vb: to cause (the brain) to lose its substance (cf. DRY adj. 2) Wiv. v. v. 147, Ham. IV. v. 153.

dry-beat: to beat soundly (cf. DRY adj. 1) LLL. v. ii. 264, Rom. III. i. 84, IV. v. 127.

dry-foot: draw d., track game by the scent of the

foot Err. iv. ii. 39.

dub: to confer the rank of knighthood Tw.N. 111. iv. 260, H5 IV. viii. 91; (hence) to invest with a dignity R3 1. i. 82 dubb'd them gentlewomen; to dub with an opprobrious name H5 11. ii. 120.

ducat: gold coin of varying value, formerly in use in most European countries, that current in Holland, Russia, Austria, and Sweden being equivalent to about 9s. 4d.; also, silver coin of Italy, value about 3s. 6d. Mer. V. II., viii. 19, double d-s, Ham. III. iv. 23 Dead, for a d., dead!

ducdame (unexplained; many conj.): AYL. II. v.

dudgeon: hilt of a dagger of wood of the same name (? boxwood) Mac. 11. i. 46. due sb. (obs. use): debt Mer.V, IV. i. 37 the due and

forfeit of my bond, Tim. 11. ii. 16 a note of certain dues, 158.

due adj. (nautical use): straight, direct H5 III. Chor. 17 Holding d. course to Harfteur, Oth. 1. iii. 34. due adv.: duly 2H4 III. ii. 333 duer paid. ¶ S. is the earliest authority for the nautical use Tw. N.

III. i. 148 due west.

due vb.: to endue, invest 1H6 IV. ii. 34.

duello: established code of duellists LLL. 1. ii. 188, Tw.N. III. iv. 341 he cannot by the duello avoid it.

duke sh.: sovereign prince, ruling a small state called a duchy Tp. 1. ii. 58 D. of Milan; hence used to render the Venetian 'doge' Oth. IV. i. 230; hereditary title of nobility in Great Britain, ranking next to that of prince 2H6 1. i. 125 Suffolk's duke.

Supoke s alike.

duke vb. : d. it, play the duke Meas. III. ii. 102.

dull (all the foll. are freq.; 5 not pre-S.)

1 not quick or sharp, obtuse, stupid Tp. v. i. 297

this d. fool. R3 iv. iv. 446 D., unmindful villain.

2 wanting sensibility or acuteness in the bodily
faculties, physically insensible Shr. Ind. i. 24 the
d-est seend, Wint. I. ii. 421 the d-est nostrid, 118

III. ii. 434 d. cold marble, Ant. III. iii. 16 d. of longue.
3 slow, inert, inactive, heavy, drowys Mer. V. II.

3 slow, inert, inactive, heavy, drowsy Mer. V. 11. vii. 8 d. lead, John III. iv. 109 the d. ear of a drowsy man, 1H4 iv. ii. 87 a d. fighter, Ham. iv. iv. 33 spur my dull rerenge; soft, soothing 2H4 iv. v. 2. 4 gloomy, melancholy Ado II. iii. 75 dumps so dull

and heavy. Sonn. xcvii. 13 so dull a cheer

5 tedious, irksome, uninteresting Err. 11. i. 91 Are my discourses d.?, Ant. 1v. xiii. [xv.] 61 this d. world, Lucr. 1019 dull debaters.

6 not sharp, blunt R3 IV. iv. 227.

7 not bright, obscure, dim, gloomy, overcast 2H41V. iii. 106 d. and crudy vapours, H5 111. v. 16 their climate foggy, raw, and d., Cym. 11. iv. 41 is't not Too dull for your good wearing?

dull-eyed: wanting in perception Mer.V. 111. iii. 14 a soft and d. fool; having the eyes dimmed Per. 1. ii. 2 dull-ey'd metuncholy. dumb: to put to silence Ant. 1. v. 50 what I would have spoke Was beastly dumb'd; by him (old edd.

dumb(e), Per. v. Gower 5 Deep clerks she dumbs. dumbly: without speech MND. v. i. 98, R2 v. i.

95, Ven. 1059.

dumb-show: first in S. in the general (non-dramatic) sense 'significant gesture without speech' Tit. III. i. 132.

dump: (properly) mournful melody or song, (hence) tune in general Gent. 111. ii. 85 Tune a deploring d., Rom. IV. v. 108 play me some merry d., Lucr.

1127 Distress likes dumps.
dun: Rom. 1. iv. 40-1 Tut! dun's the mouse . . . thou art D., we'll draw thee from the mire; ref. to (1) a proverbial saying 'alluding to the colour of the mouse, but frequently employed with no other intent than that of quibbling on the word "done" (Nares); (2) an old Christmas game, called also 'Dun is in the mire', in which a heavy log was lifted and carried off by the players.

dung: applied to vile or contemptible matter Ant. v. ii. 7 and never palates more the d. (mod. edd. duyt). The beggar's nurse [i.e. the earth] and Casar's; cf. the dungy earth Wint, n. i. 156, Ant.

I. i. 35.

dup: to 'do up', open Ham. iv. v. 54.

durance: confinement, imprisonment LLL. III. i. 135, 2H4 v. v. 37 in base d.; with quibble on the meanings 'continuance, duration' and 'stout durable cloth' Err. iv. iii. 26 suits of d., 1H4 i. ii. 49 is not a buff jerkin a most sweet robe of d.?.

dust (obs. or arch. use): grain of dust, minute particle of dry matter All'sW. v. iii. 55, John III. iv. 128 aach d., aach straw, vr. i. 93 A grain, a d., a graut, R2 II. iii. 91 to touch a d. of England's

ground.

dusty: consisting of dust Troil. III. ii. 196 mighty states ... grated To d. nothing; applied to death as the state in which all 'turn to dust' (Eccles, iii. 20) Mac. v. v. 23 lighted fools The way to d. death; cf. 'dustic death's defeature' (Anthony Copley's 'Fig for Fortune'), 'brought me into the dust of death ' (Psalm xxii. 15).

III. ii. 164, Ven. 206.

duteous (not pre-S,); dutiful, submissive Lucr.
duty (1 the most freq. S, sense)
1 reverence, respect MND, v, i, 101 in the modesty
of faurful duty, AYL, v, ii, 103, Ven. Ded. 9 Four
honour's in all d.; act of reverence, compliment
LLL, vi. ii, 150 Stopy not thy compliment; 1 frogue
thy d., 114 v, ii, 55, 118 v. ii, 61 Tongues spil their
duties out duties out.

2 (one's) due Shr. iv. i. 39 have thy duty.

dwell (the main fig. uses are as follows) 1 to remain, continue (in a state) Mer. V. 1. iii. 156, All'sW. 17, iii. 13 d. darkly with you (=be kept secret by you), 118 ur. ii. 134; to reside, exist H5 17, iii. 27, Mac. 11. ii. 7, Lucr. 1446; to depend on, lie in, rest with H8 III. ii. 460, Troil. I. iii. 336,

2 d. on or upon, (i) to stand on, make much of Wiv. II. ii. 256, Rom. II. ii. 88 Fain would I d. on form; (ii) to continue in R3 v. iii. 101, 240. dweller on: stickler for Sonn. cxxv. 5 d-s on form

und favour.

dwelling: dwelling-place, home AYL. III. ii. 364, Shr. iv. v. 55, 2H4 v. iii. 5 a goodly d., and a rich. dwindle (not pre-S.): 1H4 III. iii. 3, Mac. I. iii. 23.

eager (most of the S. uses are obs.)

1 pungent, acrid Sonn. cxviii. 2 With e. compounds we our palate urge; (of air) keen, biting Ham. I. iv. 2; (of speech) R2 I. i. 49 two e. tongues, 3H6 II. vi. 68 eager words.

ardent, impetuous R2 v. iii. 75 this e. cry, 3H6 1.

iv. 3 the e. foe, Lucr. 1298 an eager combat. eagle: referred to as (i) one of the emblems of Jupiter, (ii) an ensign in the Roman army Cym. IV. ii. 348 Jove's bird, the Roman e., v. v. 474 our princely eagle, The imperial Casar.

eagle-sighted: having sight strong enough to gaze at the sun LLL, iv. iii. 226.

eagle-winged: that soars aloft R21. iii. 129 e. pride. eale: Ham. I. iv. 36 the dram of e. (Qq 23 eale, Qq 456

ease, passage not in Q<sub>1</sub> F<sub>1</sub>); corrupt, many conj. ean: to bring forth (lambs) 3H6 II. v. 36; eaning time Mer. V. 1. iii. 88, Per. 111. iv. 6.

eanling: young lamb Mer. V. I. iii. 80. ear sb.: about (a person's) ε-s, in expressions denoting severe treatment or hard measure H5 III. vii. 96, 3H6 v. i. 103, Rom. III. i. 87;—by the e., by hearsay All's W. III. v. 50;—by the e-s, quarrelling, at variance (said orig. of animals) All's W. I. ii. 1, Cor. I. i. 239 :- in e. and e., in everybody's ears Ham. IV. v. 94 :- in the e., within hearing Ham. 111. i. 193;—o'er e-s, drowned Tp. Iv. i. 215;—shuke (one's) e-s, to make the best of things (? like a dog when wet) Tw.N. II. iii. 135, Cæs. Iv. i. 26, ear vb.: to plough, till All'sW. I. iii. 48, R2 III. ii. 212, Ant. I. ii. 120, I. iv. 49, Ven. Ded. 6.

ear-bussing (Qq), -kissing (Ff): whispered ('the speaker's lips touching the hearer's ear') Lr. 11.

i. 9 ear-bussing arguments.
earl: order of nobility next below a marquis and next above a viscount (freq.); used for the foreign 'count' All'sW. 111. v. 12, H5 IV. viii. 103.

earn¹: to gain deservedly or as recompense, deserve Ado и. і. 99, Ant. и. хі. [хііі.] 175, іv. і. 16. earn 2 (mod. edd. yearn): to grieve H5 11. iii. 3, 6

(F<sub>1</sub> enue), Caes. II. ii. 129 (F<sub>1</sub> eurnes).

earnest: money paid as an instalment to secure a bargain Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 659; quibblingly in Gent. II. i. 165, Err. II. ii. 24 with the other word meaning 'seriousness'.

earth (the foll, are obs. or special uses; 1 was in use from Anglo-Saxon times down to the 17th c.)

1 country, land Wint. III. iii. 44, John II. i. 344 the e. this climate overlooks, R2 II. i. 41, H8 III. i. 142 this English e.; landed estate Rom. I. ii. 15 She is

the hopeful lady of my earth.

2 a type of dull, dead matter R2 III. iv. 78 thou little better thing than earth, Lr. v. iii. 263.

3 the body Sonn. exlvi. 1. earth'd: buried Tp. 11. i. 242.

earthly (the ordinary sense is common; 2 peculiar

existing in the ground 3H6 I. iv. 17.

pale or lifeless as earth Tit. 11. iii. 229 the dead man's e. cheeks (Q1 earthy).

earth-vexing: troubling man's life Cym. v. iv. 42. earthy: grossly material Tp. 1. ii. 273 her e. . . . commands, Err. III. ii. 34 my earthy-gross conceil.

ease (the meanings 'comfort' and 'leisure', in a bad sonse 'idleness, sloth', are the common ones) 1 do (a person) ease, give pleasure or assistance to Shr. v. ii. 180, 3H6 v. v. 72, Ham. I. i. 131.

2 facility, easiness Oth. I. iii. 29 of ease (=easy); with e., easily Tp. III. i. 30; at what e., how easily H8 Epil. 2 (? not S.).

3 means of relief Troil. v. x. 56. easeful: restful 3H6 v. iii. 6 his e. western bed. easily (the usual sense is 'without difficulty')

1 comfortably, at ease AYL. III. ii. 342 sleeps e., Oth. v. i. 83 To bear him easily hence. 2 smoothly, freely Ado v. i. 163 it goes e., Tw.N. III. iv. 362\* He will bear you easily (?=1).

easiness (occurs thrice): indifference Ham. v. i. 74
Custom hath made it in him a property of e.;
facility Ham. 111. iv. 166 that shall lend a kind of

e. To the next abstinence; indulgence H8 v. iii. 25 Out of our ensiness and childish pity.
easy adj. (the sense 'not difficult, requiring little effort' is the most freq., often with some ellipsis or condensation of expression, e.g. Cor. v. ii. 45 the e. grouns of old women, Ant. III. viii. [x.] 41 'Tis e. to 't (= It is not a difficult journey thither), Cym. 1. iv. 23 which . . . an e. battery might lay flat; Cym. I. I.v. 23 which ... an e. battery might lay flat; S. is earliest for sense 1 and the sense 'loosely fitting' All'sW. v. iii. 282, R3 v. iii. 50)

1 moved without difficulty to action or belief, yielding, compliant Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 518, H5 III. ii. 125\*, H8 III. ii. 357 good e. man, Cym. II. iv. 47 Your lady being so easy.

2 of small importance, insignificant, slight John III. i. 207, 2H4 v. ii. 71, Tit. III, i. 198 at an e. price.

easy adv.: freq. = easily; also in comp. e.-borrow'd Lr. 11. iv. 188, e.-melting 3H6 II. i. 171, e.-yielding 2H4 II. i. 130.

easy-held: 'free from constraint' (Schmidt) 1H6

v. iii. 138 this her e. imprisonment.
eat (there are many exx. of the fig. sense 'devour') 1 phrases: e. the air, be 'fed 'upon promises 2H4 t. iii. 28, Ham. III. ii. 99; e. iron, a sword, be stabbed Ado IV. i. 279, 2H6 IV. X. 31, Troil. II. iii. 231.

2 to make a way into (a thing) by gnawing or corrosion Troil. III. iii. 136, Lucr. 755.

ebb sb.: at \( \epsilon\_{\text{o}} = \text{o}\_{\text{o}} \), this \( \epsilon\_{\text{o}} = \text{o}\_{\text{o}} \), his \( \epsilon\_{\text{o}} = \text{o}\_{\

nts flows, his caprictousness Froil. II. III. 140. ebb vb.: fig. to decline, decay Tp. II. i. 230 to ε., Hereditary stoth instructs me, 234, AYL. II. vii. 73 the . . . means do ε., Wint. v. I. 102, 0th. III. iii. 459; ebb and flow 1H4 I. ii. 36, Lr. v. iii. 19. ebb'd: decayed Ant. I. iv. 43 the ebb'd man. ebon: black (like ebony) LLL I. i. 244 the ε.-coloured ink, 2H4 v. v. 40, Ven. 948.

Ebrew (common spelling from 14th to 17th cent.):

1H4 II. iv. 201 a Jew else, an Ebrew Jew.

cche: to eke out Mer. V. III. ii. 23 To cche it and to
druw it out in length (Ff<sub>123</sub> ich, Q<sub>1</sub> cck, Q<sub>2</sub> cch,
Qq<sub>31</sub>cech, F<sub>4</sub>ilch, mod. edd. eke), Per. III. Gower 13 (rhymes with speech).

Echo: Echo personified (in Greek mythology, an oread or mountain nymph) Rom. II. ii. 161.

ecstasy (1 the orig. meaning of the Greek word) 1 state of being beside oneself, in a frenzy or stupor, excitement, bewilderment, (sometimes) madness Tp. 111. iii. 108, Tit. 1v. i. 125 attend bim in his e., Mac. 111. ii. 22 In restless e., Ham. 11. i. 102 the very ecstasy of love, 111. i. 169, 111. iv. 74, 137. 2 swoon Oth. 1v. i. 80.

3 rapture, delight Mer. V. III. ii. 111 allay thy e. edge (used in various fig. applications of literal phrases take away, take off, turn, blunt, abate the edge; cf. sense 2; humorously misused in Mer. V. II. ii. 180 e. of a feather-bed, H5 III. vi. 50 e. of penny cord)

1 cutting weapon, sword Cor. v. v. 113 Stain all your edges on me.

keenness of appetite or desire Shr. 1. ii. 73 Affection's e., R2 1. iii. 296 cloy the hungry e. of appelile. [111. i. 26.

3 give (a person) an e., stimulate, incite him Ham. perilous path on a narrow ridge 2H4 1. i. 170 he walk'd . . . on an e.; cf. the phr. 'on a razor's edge'.

5 utmost point or limit Troil. IV. v. 68. edged: sharpened, sharp H5111. v. 38, 1H6111. iii. 52. e'er (in old edd. often ere): common contraction of ever in all uses Tp. 1. ii. 443 the first That e. I sight'd for; Troil. 1. i. 29 what goddess e'er she be; in e'er since Tw. N. 1. i. 23, John 11. i. 288, Cor. v. iii. 48; see also or.

effect sb. (meaning 'result, consequence' is freq. and colours many exx. given below; quibbles

are freq.

1 contemplated result, purpose, end Gent. II. vii. 73, 1H6 v. iv. 102, Oth. I. iii. 105; to e., to the purpose Tit. IV. iii. 59, Lr. III. i. 52.

2 drift, tenor AYL. IV. iii. 36, John IV. i. 38, H5 v. ii. 72 tenours and particular e-s, Cas. 1. ii. 284 To

what effect?, Ham. 1. iii. 45, v. ii. 37. 3 outward sign, manifestation, appearance Meas. III. i. 24, Ado II. iii. 119 what e-s of passion shows she?, H5 v. ii. 240 the poor . . . e. of my visage, H8 II. iv. 84, Mac. v. i. 12°, Lr. I. i. 133, Compl. 202 Effects of terror and dear modesty.

4 something acquired by an action (S.) Ham. III. iii. 54 I am stall possess d Of those effects.

5 execution, accomplishment, fulfilment, realization Gent. 1. i. 50\*, Meas. 11. i. 13 attain'd the e of your own purpose, Mac. I. v. 48, Lr. Iv. ii, 15, Ant. v. ii. 332 thy thoughts Touch their effects, 6 practical reality, fact Troil. v. iii. 110\*.

effect vb. (obs. uses are)

I to produce (a state) Shr. r. i. 86.

2 to give effect to Troil. v. x. 6 effect your raye. effectless: fruitless Tit. m. i. 77, Per. v. i. 53. effectual (2 is an obs. sense)

1 having due effect Gent. III. i. 224 stunds in e. force = must take effect).

to the point, pertinent, conclusive 2H6 III. i. 41 Or else conclude my words effectual. effectually: with the due or intended result Tit. IV. IV. 106 Your bidding shall I do e.; in effect, in

reality Sonn. exiii. 4 mine eye . . . Seems seeiny, but effectually is out.

effeminate (2 rare use, found also in Nashe)

1 womanish, unmanly, feeble, self-indulgent AYL.

111. ii. 436, R2 v. iii. 10, 146 f. i. 35, v. iv. 107,

Troil. 111. iii. 219, Rom. 111. i. 120. 2 tender, gentle R3 III. vii. 210.

effigies (not pre-S.): likeness AYL. II. vii. 196.

effuse: pouring out 3H6 II. vi. 28 effuse of blood. effusion: shedding (of blood, of tears) John v. ii. 49, H5 III. vi. 142, 1H6 v. i. 9; concr. Meas. III. i. 30 The mere e. of thy proper loins (= thy children). eftest: (?) most convenient Ado IV. ii. 39. ¶ An

unexplained blunder of Dogberry's. eftsoons: shortly, soon Per. v. i. 256.

egal (F1): equal Mer. V. III. iv. 13, Tit. Iv. iv. 4; so

egal (F1): equal Mer. V. III. IV. 13, Tit. IV. IV. 4; so egally R3 III. vii. 212.
egg (both uses appear to be only S.)
1 taken as a type of a worthless thing All'sW. IV.
iii. 282 He will stad, sir, an e. out of a cloister,
Wint. I. ii. 162 Will you take e-s for money?.
2 applied contemptuously to a young person Mac.
IV. ii. 81 What? you egg! Young fry of treachery?.
egg=shell: = Eeg 1, Ham. IV. IV. 53.
eglantine: sweet-briar MND. II. i. 252.
egma: rustic's blunder for 'enigma' LLL, III. i. 75

egma: rustic's blunder for 'enigma' LLL, III, i. 75 No egmu, no riddle.

egregious (obs. use): very great H5 iv. iv. 11.
Egyptian: (?) gypsy Oth. III. iv. 57; E. thief,
a robber in the Greek romance of 'Theagenes and Chariclea' , who attempted to kill Chariclea, whom he loved Tw.N. v. i. 122.

eight: in e. and six, in alternate verses of eight and six syllables each, the common ballad metre

MND. III. i. 25,

eight-penny: of little value, trifling 1H4 III. iii.
118. ¶ Cf. 'To giue the vtmost earnest of her loue, to an eight-pennie Sentinell' (Chapman). eisel (old edd. esitl, esite, eysett): vinegar Ham. v. i. 298, Sonn. exi. 10.

either: = 'each other' Tp. 1. ii. 447, H5 II. ii. 106, ettner: = 'each other 'Ip. 1. ii. 447, H5 ii. ii. 106, R0m. ii. vi. 29, Sonm. xxviii. 5; e. uhich, either one or the other Ham. iv. vii. 13. ¶ Either is one syll. in R3 i. ii. 64, Cæs. iv. i. 23, Mac. v. vii. 18. eke vb.: to increase, add to Mer. V. III. ii. 23 (cf. ECHE); éke out, to supplement AYL. i. ii. 211, All'sW. II. v. 80. eke adv.: also Wiv. i. iii. 103, MND. III. i. 100. eke adv.: also Wiv. i. iii. 103, MND. III. i. 100.

elbow sb.: rub the e., show oneself pleased, chuckle LLL. v. ii. 109, 1H4 v. i. 77.

elbow vb.: to jog Lr. IV. iii. 44; cf. 2H4 I. ii. 80 Go, pluck him by the elbow. eld: old age Meas. III. i. 36 pulsied e., Troil. II. ii. 104 wrinkled eld † (Ff old, Q elders); people of olden times Wiv. IV. iv. 37 The superstitious idleheaded eld.

elder sb.: heart of e., jocular alteration of 'heart of oak', =faint heart Wiv. 11. iii. 30.

elder adj.; older (freq.) Mer.V. IV. i. 251 How much more e. art thou than thy looks!; more advanced, belonging to a later period R2 11. iii. 43 e. days, Cym. v. i. 14;—sb. aged person 2H4 n. iv. 281, Cæs. r. ii. 7; senator Cor. r. i. 232, n. ii. 47. elder-gun: popgun made of a hollowed shoot of

elder, i.e. a harmless weapon H5 IV. i. 213. ¶ 'Elderne gun' is used by Sir T. Overbury, a Warwickshire-bred man, and 'eller-gun' is found in the mod. Cheshire dialect.

eldest: oldest, earliest Tp. v. i. 186, Err. 1. 1. 124, Ham, 111. iii. 37.

elect: to pick out, select Meas. I. i. 18, 1H6 IV. i. 4. element (I this sense colours the whole word)

1 general name for earth, water, air, and fire, which were held in ancient and mediaeval philosophy to be the simple substances of which all material bodies are compounded; hence, a constituent part of a whole, material or immaterial; pl. materials Tp. 111. iii. 61 the e-x Of whom your pl. materials Tp. 111. 111. 61 the 6-8 Of whom your swords are temper'd, Ado 11. j. 359 There's little of the melancholy e. in her, Tw.N. 1. v. 296, 11. iii. 10 Does not our life consist of the four e-8?, R2 111. iii. 55, H5 111. vii. 23, H8 1. i. 48's no e. (= no component part), Troil. 1. iii. 41 the two moist e-8, Cas. v. v. 73 the e-8 So mix'd in him, Ham. IV. vii. 181, Oth. II. iii. 60, Ant. II. vii. 51 the e-x once

out of it (= at its dissolution), v. ii. 291, Sonn. xlv. 5. 2 the air, atmosphere, or sky Tw. N. 1. i. 26, 2H4 Iv. iii. 58 the cinders of the e., H5 Iv. i. 108, Cas. I. iii. 128 the complexion of the e., Lr. III. i. 4.

3 pl. atmospheric agencies or powers, sometimes = heavens Tp. 1. i. 25 command these e-s to silence, v. i. 317, Cor. i. x. 10 By the e-s, Lr. in. ii. 16, Oth. ii. i. 45, Ant. iii. 40; (?) the celestial spheres of ancient astronomy Oth. III. iii. 465 Your e-s that clip us round about.

4 that one of the 'four elements' which is the natural abode of a being, (hence) appropriate or natural surroundings or sphere Wiv. IV. ii. 190 beyond our e., Tw. N. III. i. 66, III. iv. 139 not of your e., Lr. II. iv. 58, Ant. v. ii. 90 above The e. they tw'd in.

elf vb. (S.): to twist, tangle Lr. II. iii. 10.

elf-locks: tangled mass of hair supposed to be due to the agency of elves Rom. 1. iv. 91. f-skin: used contemptuously of a thin slight

man 1H4 II. iv. 274 (Hanmer eel-skin +, cf. John г. і. 141, 2Н4 пг. ії. 354).

eliad : see ŒILLADE.

ell: 45 inches Err. III. ii. 113, Rom. II. iv. 91.

elm: with ref. to the practice of training vines on elms Err. II. ii. 178 Thou art an e., my husband, I a vine, 2H4 II. iv. 363 thou deade. (? = poor support). else (in MND. v. i. 229 nor e. = nor, as or e. freq. = or)

1 anything besides, such like John II. i. 276 Bastards,

and else.

2 in another place or direction Gent. IV. ii. 127 since the substance of your perfect self Is e. devoted, Err. v. i. 50.

3 = 'if it is not believed' John IV. i. 108 the fire is dead with grief. . . . see else yourself. Elue: in old edd. = Elbe, H5 1. ii. 45, 52.

elvish: Err. II. ii. 194 ocls, and e.† sprites (F. Ocles and Sprights, F. and Elves Sprights); elvish-mark'd, marked at birth by malignant fairies R31. iii. 228.

Elysium (old edd. Elizium): in Greek mythology, the abode of the blessed after death Gent. II. vii. 38; state of perfect happiness H5 iv. i. 294.

emballing (S.): probably used in an indelicate sense; explained by comm. as 'investing with the ball as the emblem of royalty 'H8 II. iii. 47. embarquement: laying under embargo, (hence)

hindrance, impediment Cor. 1. x. 22 E-sall of fury. embassade: mission as ambassador 3H6 IV. iii. 31

When you disgrac'd me in my embassade.

embassador: freq. form of 'ambassador' in old edd. embassage: errand Ado I. i. 290, II. i. 280 do you any e. to the Prymies; message LLL. v. ii. 98, R2 111. iv. 93, R3 11. i. 3, Sonn. xxvi. 3 To thee I send this written embassage (Q1 ambassage). embassy (3 not recorded outside S.)

1 mission of an ambassador LLL. I. i. 133 comes in e., John I. i. 99, Troil. IV. v. 215.

2 ambassador's commission or message LLL. II. i.

3, John I. 1. 6 hear the embassy, H5 I. 1. 95.
3 message (esp. of love) Wiv. III. v. 135 c. of meeting, Tw.N. I. v. 177, Wint. I. i. 31 loving embassies.
embattle: to draw up in battle array Wiv. II. ii.

265, John IV. ii. 200 e-d (4 syll.) and rank'd, H5 IV. ii. 14; also intr. to be drawn up Ant. IV. ix. 3

we shall embattle By the second hour. embay'd: locked in a bay Oth. 11. i. 18.

ember-eves: the vigil of an Ember day Per. 1. Gower 6.

emblaze: to set forth, as with a heraldic device 2H6 IV. x. 75 To embluze the honour

embodied: united to another as if in one body All'sW. v. iii. 174 I by vow am so embodied yours.

emboss: to drive (a hunted animal) to extremity, close round (fig.) All'sW. III. vi. 106.

embossed (old edd. imbost, imbossed): swollen, tumid AYL. 11. vii. 67 e. sores, 1H4 111. iii. 176 e. rascal, Lr. 11. iv. 227 embossed carbuncle.

embossed 2: foaming at the mouth from exhaustion Shr. Ind. i. 17 the poor cur is e-'d, Ant. iv. xi. [xiii.] 3 the boar of Thessaly Was never so e-'d; ef. Tim. v. i. 222 his embossed froth.

embounded (not pre-S.): confined John IV. iii. 137. embowel: to disembowel 1H4 v. iv. 109, 111, R3 v. ii. 10; fig. to empty All'sW. I. iii. 249.

embrace (1 is not recorded before S.)

1 to welcome as a friend, companion, or the like Cor. IV. vii. 10, Tim. I. i. 45, Cym. III. iv. 179 With joy he will e. you; to welcome or receive (a thing) joyfully Ado I. i. 106, Tw. N. II. v. 161 [150]. R2 1. iii. 89 e. His golden uncontroll'd enfrunchisement, Troil. Iv. i. 14, Ham. v. ii. 266; (hence) to submit to with resignation Wiv. v. v. 263 [251] What cannot be eschew'd must be e-'d, Mac. III. i. 137 embrace the fate Of that dark hour.

2 to cherish, devote oneself to cling to Mer.V. II. viii. 52 his e-d heaviness, AYL. I. ii. 191 e. your own sufety, R2 i. iii. 184, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 56. embrasure (S.): embrace Troil. IV. iv. 37.

embrue: old spelling of IMBRUE.
eminence (not pre-S. in any of its senses)

1 the e. of, the advantage of Troil. II. iii. 269.
2 acknowledgement of superiority, homage Mac.
III. ii. 31 Present him eminence.

Emmanuel: formerly written at the head of deeds. letters, &c. 2H6 IV. ii. 110. emmew: see ENEW.

empale: old spelling of IMPALE.

emperial: blunder for 'imperial' Tit. IV. iv. 40, for 'emperor' Tit. IV. iii. 93. emperor (occas. use); commander Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.]

empery (I late exx. of this sense)

1 status of emperor Tit. 1. i. 22, 201.

2 absolute dominion H5 1. ii. 226 Ruling in large
and ample empery O'er France, Tit. 1. i. 19.

3 territory of an emperor or absolute ruler, empire R3 III. vii. 135, Cym. I. vi. 120.

emphasis: intensity of feeling Ham. v. i. 277 whose grief Bears such an e.; emphatic expression (S.) Ant. 1. v. 68 Be chok'd with such another e. !. empiric: quack All'sW. 11. i. 125. ¶ The empirics

were an ancient sect of physicians who drew their rules of practice entirely from experience.

empiricutic (S.; coined word put in the mouth of Menenius): empirical, quackish Cor. 11. i. 130 the most sovereign prescription in Gulen is but e. (F<sub>1.2</sub> Emperickqutique; F<sub>3.4</sub> Empericktique, whence some mod. edd. empirictic).

employ (obs. use): to send (a person) with a commission somewhere Ant. III. iii. 36 I will e. thee back again, v. ii. 70 e. me to him, Cym. II. iii. 68

To employ you towards this Roman.

employment ('business, occupation' is the usual sense)

(one's) service John I. i. 198 At your employment. 2 purpose, use R2 I. i. 90 for lewd e-s.

empoison: to destroy Ado III. i. 86, Cor. v. v. [vi.] empress: 3 syll. in Tit. I. i. 240, &c.

empty-hearted: unfeeling Lr. i. i. 155. emulate: ambitious Ham. 1. i. 83 emulate pride.

emulation (2 is the most freq. S. use) 1 endeavour or ambition to equal or excel Cor. I.

x. 12, Lucr. 1808. 2 ambitious or jealous rivalry, contention between rivals 1H6 IV. i. 113 Such factious e-s, R3 II. iii. 25, Troil. II. ii. 212, Cæs. II. iii. 14.

grudge against the superiority of others Troil. I. iii. 134 an envious fecer Of pale and bloodless e. emulator: disparager AYL. 1. i. 152.

emulous: (in a good sense) ambitious Troil. IV. i. 28; (in a bad sense) envious Troil. II. iii. 81 e. factions, 245, III. iii. 189.

enact sb.: purpose, resolution (S.) Tit. IV. ii. 119. enact vb. (2 echoed in mod, use from S.; 3 Crowley,

1616, has 'enact a murder') to ordain, decree Mer. V. IV. i. 349, 1H6 v. iv. 123,

Lucr. 529.

2 to personate (a character) on the stage, play (a part) Tp. IV. i. 121 to e. My present funcies, Ham. III. ii. 109 I did enact Julius Casar.

3 to accomplish, perform 1H61. i. 122 E-ed wonders, 111. i. 116 what murder too Hath been e-ed, R3 v. iv. 2. enacture\* (S.): performance, fulfilment Ham. III. ii. 209 Their own enactures (Qq; Ff en(n)actors).

enamell'd: having naturally a hard shiny surface

Gent. 11. vii. 28 e. stones, MND. 11. i. 255 e. skin. Enceladus: giant of ancient story Tit. 1v. ii. 94. enchafed: excited, irritated Cym. IV. ii. 174; furious, angry Oth. 11. i. 17 the enchafed flood.

enchant (fig. uses): to influence as if by a charm, hold spellbound, attract as if by magic 1H6 111. iii. 40, Oth. 1. ii. 63, Cym. 1. vi. 167, Compl. 128. enchantment: applied to a person (cf. DREAD sb.)

Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 447. enchas'd: adorned as with gems 2H6 I. ii. 8. enclog (S.): to hinder Oth. II. i. 70 (Qq cloy).

encompass: to outwit, take advantage of, 'get round' (S.) Wiv. 11. ii, 161. encompassment: 'talking round' a subject (S.)

Ham. II. i. 10 this e. and drift of question. encounter sb. (the sense of 'meeting, friendly or hostile' is the common one; 1, 2, and 3 are only S.)

1 amatory meeting Wiv. 111. v. 76, Meas, 111. i. 263,

Ado 11. iii. 160 *luis amiable e.*, 1v. i. 94, All'sW. 11. vii. 32, Troil. 11. ii. 217. 2 accosting, address Gent. 11. vii. 41.

3 style or manner of address, behaviour Shr. IV. v. 54, Wint. 111. ii. 50, Ham. 11. ii. 164 Mark the e., v. ii. 199 outward hubit of encounter.

encounter vb. (the foll. are peculiar to S.)

1 to go to meet Ado 1. i. 100 the fushion of the world is to avoid cost, and you e. it; used bombastically = to go towards Tw. N. 111. i.83 Will you e. the house?.

to light upon, befall Wint. II. i. 20 good time e.

her!, Cym. 1. vi. 112. encounterer: 'forward' person (S.) Troil. 1v. v. 58. encrimson'd: red like crimson Compl. 201. A S. coinage, echoed by mod. writers.

encumber'd: (?) folded Ham. I. v. 174 arms e. end sb. (some obs. or unusual phrases are given below; see also AN-END, LATTER END)

1 extremity, extreme part; at the arm's end, at arm's length AYL. II. vi. 10; at the stave's end Tw.N. v. i. 295.

pl. fragments Ado I. i. 298 old ends, R3 I. iii. 337

odd old ends (Qq old odd ends).

3 conclusion, close; an e., no more All'sW. 11. ii. 69, Cor. v. iii. 171; and there an e., this shall be the end, no more Gent. 1. iii. 65, R2 v. i. 69, Mac. III. iv. 80; at un e., concluded, exhausted LLL. v. ii. 431, 3H6 III. ii. 81; for on e., to cut the matter short Cor. II. i. 263; hace (an)e., be finished, completed, concluded Lr. v. i. 45, Ant. I. ii. 99, Sonn. veii. 6. exhausterate (FF. P. IV. v. ii. 99). xeii. 6; so drew toward e. (Ff) R3 III. vii. 20 (Qq124 grew to an end).

4 death, destruction; be the end (of a person) 2H4 IV. iv. 130, R3 II. i. 15; take his end, meet his

death 2H6 1. iv. 36.

5 to as much e., to as much purpose H8 1. i. 171; is the end of, is at the 'bottom' of H8 11. i. 40.

end vb.: to get (a crop) in Cor. v. v. [vi.] 37 I... holp to reup the fame Which he did end all his (= garner as all his own). ¶ Current in Warwickshire, Worcestershire, and Herefordshire.

end-all: that which ends all Mac. 1. vii. 5. ¶ Known dial, in the sense of 'finishing stroke

endart (S.): to shoot as a dart Rom. 1. iii. 98. endeared (2 a common 17th c. sense)

enhanced in value, made more precious John IV. ii. 228 to be endeared to a king, Sonn. xxxi. 1. bound by obligation 2H4 II. iii. 11, Tim. I. ii. 236

so virtuously bound, ... So infinitely e-'d, 111. ii. 36.

ender: my origin and e., my beginning and my end, source of my life and death Compl. 222. ending: vbl. sb. death John v. vii. 5, H5 IV. i. 166, Lucr. 1612; ppl. adj. dying 2H4 iv. v. 78.

endurance (occurs thrice; also indurance in old and mod. edd.; 2 the phrase is taken from Foxe's account of Cranmer's trial; 3 not pre-S.)

patience Ado 11. i. 248 past the e. of a block.

2 imprisonment, durance H8 v. i. 122\* to have heard you, Without endurance further.
3 hardship Per. v. i. 138.
endure: used with adverbial phrase or complement

to denote continuance in a place or state Cor. 1. vi. 58 to e. friends, Lucr. 1659 my mind. . still pure both in her poison'd closed yit endure. enemy: the devil Meas. II. ii. 180, Tw. N. II. ii. 29;—

as adj.=hostile Mer.V. iv. i. 448 hold out e. for ever, Cor. iv. iv. 24 This e. town, Lr. v. iii. 222, Ant. iv. xii. [xiv.] 71.

enew †: to drive (a fowl) into the water Meas. III. i. 89 Whose . . . deliberate word . . . follies doth e. As fulcon doth the fowl (Ff misprinted emmew, some mod. edd. enmew). ¶ An old hawking term. enfeoff: to surrender 1H4 m. ii. 69.

enfoldings: clothes Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 759. enforce (also inforce; the sense of compelling the

observance of a law is post-S.)

1 to drive by force 2H4 iv. i. 71 e-d from our most quiet sphere By the rough torrent of occusion, H5 IV. vii. 66 as swift as stones E-d from the old Assyrian slings.

to obtain or produce by physical or moral force LLL. 111, i. 79, 1y. i. 82, AYL. 11, iii, 32 e. A thierish living, John 1. i. 18, H5 III. vii. 31, Tim. v. iv. 45, Ant. 1. iii. 7, Lucr. 181 As from this cold flint I enforc'd this fire.

3 to use force upon Cas. IV. iii. 111; (hence) press

upon, urge (a person) Cor. 111. iii. 3.

4 to urge the performance of (a thing) R2 IV. i. 90 we will e. his trial, Cor. III. iii. 21, Lr. II. iii. 20 Enforce their churity.

5 to put forward strongly, lay stress upon Meas. v. i. 262, Cor. II. iii. 227, Cas. III. ii. 43 his glory not extenuated; ... nor his offences e-d, Ant. II. ii. 103; absol. Ant. v. ii. 124.

6 to obtrude (a thing) on All'sW. n. i. 129. enforced (also inforced in old and mod. edd.)

1 ravished, violated MND, 111, i. 209 some e. chustity, Tit. v. iii. 38, Cym. 1v. i. 19, Lucr. 668. 2 compelled: (i) involuntary Mer. V. v. i. 240, John

v. ii. 30, R2 1. iii. 264 an e. pilyrimaye, Lr. 1. ii. 139; (ii) constrained, forced R3 111. v. 9 e. smiles, Cæs. IV. ii. 21. enforcedly: under compulsion Tim. IV. iii. 242 enforcement: compulsion, constraint 2H4 1. i. 120,

R3 III. vii. 231; violation R3 III. vii. 8, Lucr. 1623. enfranched: enfranchised Ant. nr. xi. [xiii.] 149. enfranchise (2 is freq.)

to set free from political subjection Ant. I. i. 23. to release from confinement Tit. IV. ii. 126.

enfree: to set free Troil. IV. i. 38; so enfreedom LLL. III. i. 130.

engage (the S. uses are the foll.)

1 to pledge, pawn, mortgage Tim. 11. ii. 156 let all my land be sold.—'Tis all e-'d; to keep as a hostage

1H4 IV. iii. 95, v. ii. 43. 2 to pledge (one's word, one's honour, &c.) Err. v. i. 162, AYL. v. iv. 173 *I do e. my life*, 1H4 II. iv. 571 [563], Cas. H. i. 127, Oth. HI. iii. 463 I here  $\epsilon$ nguge my words.

3 to bind (one) by a promise or undertaking Ado iv. i. 339, LLL. iv. iii. 178 the row I am e-d in, R2 1. iii. 17, Troil. v. iii. 68 e-d to many Greeks . . .

to appear . . . to them. to entangle, involve Ham. III. iii. 69 0 limed soul,

that struggling to be free Art more engaged!. 5 to enlist; refl. and pass, to embark on an enter-prise 1H4 i. i. 21 impressed and e-'d to fight, Troil. ii. ii. 124, v. v. 39, Ant. iv. vii. 1.

engagement: what one is pledged to do Cas. II. i. 307 All my engagements I will construe to thee.

engaol: to imprison R2 L iii. 166. ſ187. engild: to brighten with golden light MND. III. ii. engine (the following are the only S. senses)

1 artifice, contrivance, device, plot All'sW. III. v. 20 all these e-s of lust, Tit. II. i. 123, Oth. IV. ii. 221

engines for my life.

2 mechanical contrivance, machine, implement Gent, III. i. 138 an e. (viz. a rope ladder) fit for my proceeding; fig. Ven. 367 the e. of her thoughts (viz. her tongue); instrument of warfare Tp. 11. i. 168, Troil. I. iii. 208, II. iii. 144 an e. Not portable, Cor. v. iv. 20, Oth. III. iii. 356 you mortal e-s (viz. cannons); cf. Tit. v. iii. 86 the fatal e. (viz. the Trojan horse); instrument of torture Lr. 1. iv. 292.

enginer (1 most mod. edd. ingener)
1 inventor Oth. II. i. 65 (F1 Ingeniuer).

2 maker of military engines or works Troil. II. iii. 8 a rare e., Ham. III. iv. 206 to have the e. Hoist

with his own petar.
engirt vb.: to surround, encircle 2H6 v. i. 99 e.

these brows, Ven. 364 engirts so white a foe.
engirt pple:: surrounded, beset (lit. and fig.) 2H6
III. i. 200 My body round e. with misery, Lucr. 221, 1173 Grossly engirt with daring infamy.

Englished: put into plain English, described in plain terms Wiv. r. iii. 50. englut: to swallow up H5 rv. iii. 83, Oth. r. iii. 57. engraffed: implanted, firmly fixed Lr. 1. i. 301 (Ff12 ingraffed, Qq12 ingrafted), Oth. 11. iii. 146 (F1 ingraft): closely attached to 2H4 11. ii. 69.

engrafted: firmly fixed or rooted Cas. II. i. 184 the e. love he bears to Cæsar, Sonn. xxxvii. 8 I make my love engrafted to this store.

engrave: pa. pple. engrav'd Gent. II. vii. 4, 1H6 II. ii. 15; engraven Lucr. 203.

engross (old and some mod. edd. also ingross)
1 to write out in a legal hand R3 III, vi. 2.

2 to get together, collect 1H4 III. ii. 148 To e. up glorious deeds on my behalf, 2H4 IV. v. 69, Ant. 111. vii. 36 people Engross d by swift impress.

3 to gain exclusive possession of, monopolize Wiv.

II. ii. 207 e-ed opportunities to meet her, All'sW. III. ii. 68, Rom. v. iii. 115 e-ing death, Sonn.

exxxiii. 6

4 to fatten R3 III. vii. 75 to engross his idle body. engrossment: quantity collected 2H4 IV. v. 78. enjoin: to bind (a person) as by an oath or obliga-tion (to do something) Ado v. i. 291 any heavy neight That he'll e. me to, Mer.V. II. ix. 9 e-d by oath to observe three things, All'sW. III. v. 94 e-'d

penitents, Wint, 111. iii. 52 enjoy: to have the possession or use of John II. i. 240, Ant. II. vi. 78 (do not part with), Sonn. xxix, 8; absol. R2 II. iv. 14 to e. by rage and war.

enjoyer: possessor Sonn. lxxv. 5. enkindle: fig. to incite Mac. 1. iii, 121. enlard: to fatten Troil. II. iii. 207.

enlarge (doubtful sense in Sonn. lxx. 12; ? 2)

1 to widen the limits or scope of, give free scope to, extend Wiv. II. ii. 236 she e-th her mirth, AYL. III. ii. 152 fill'd With all graces wide e-d, 2H4 I. i. 204, Troil. v. ii. 35, Ham. v. i. 248 Her obsequies have been as far e-'d . . .; to give vent to Ces. IV. ii. 46 enlarge your griefs.

2 to set at liberty Tw.N. v. i. 288, H5 II. ii. 40 E.

the man committed yesterday, 57. enlargement (I is the usual S. use)

1 release from confinement LLL. 111. i. 5, 1H4 1II. i. 31, 1H6 H. v. 30, 3H6 IV. vi. 5

2 freedom of action Cym. II. iii. 125. enlighten (once): to shed lustre upon Soun. clii. 11.

enlink (once): to connect H5 111. iii. 18. enmesh (not pre-S.): to entangle Oth. II. iii, 371. enmew: see ENEW.

enormity: irregularity, monstrosity Cor. n. i. 18, enormous: disordered, irregular Lr. n. ii. 176. enow: pl. form of 'enough' Mer.V. nn. v. 23, H5 iv. i. 243 ne have French quarrels e., iv. ii. 28, iv. iii. 20, 1H6 v. iv. 56, Mac. iv. ii. 55, Ant. i. iv. 11. enpatron: to have under one's patronage Compl.

224 Since I their altar, you enpatron me.
enpierced (8.): pierced Rom. 1. iv. 19 (Qq F<sub>1</sub> enparced, F<sub>2</sub> impeared, F<sub>4</sub> mpierced).
enraged: maddened with love or desire, ardent
Ado 11. iii. 112 she loves him with an e. affection, Ven. 29, 317; violent 2H4 L i. 144 my limbs. being now enrag'd with grief.

enrank (not pre-S.): to draw up in battle array 1H6 enrapt (not pre-S.): 'carried away' Troil, v. iii, 65, enridged (S.): thrown into ridges Lr. IV. vi. 72 rear'd like the enridged sea (Qq12; F1 enraged).

enrolled: written, as a deed, on a roll or parchment LLL. I. i. 38, &c.

enrooted: entangled as root with root (S.) 2H4 iv. i. 207 His foes are so enrooted with his friends. enround: to surround H5 1v. Chor. 36.

enschedul'd (S.): written down H5 v. ii. 73. ensconce (old cdd. also insconce; not pre-S.; in

mod. use chiefly a revival from S.)

1 to shelter behind or within a 'sconce', earth-

work, or fortification, (hence fig.) Wir. II. ii. 28, Err. II. ii. 38, All'sW. II. iii. 34, Luer. 1515 therein so e-'d his secret evil, Sonn. xlix. 9. 2 refl. to place oneself in a position of concealment or security Wiv. III. iii. 96 e. me behind the arras.

enseamed: (properly)loaded with grease, greased; (hence fig.) Ham. III. iv. 92.
ensear (S.): to dry up Tim. IV. iii. 188.

e'nshield (S.): usually taken as = 'enshielded' but the accent is peculiar Meas. II. iv. 81.

ensinewed: see INSINEWED. enskied: placed in heaven Meas. t. iv. 34.

ensteep'd (S.): lying under water Oth. II. i, 70. ensue (rare use in Wint. IV. Chor. [i.] 25 what of her ensues=what becomes of her)

1 to follow upon, succeed R2 II. i. 198 Let not tomorrow then ensue to-day, Lucr. 502. 2 to follow as a logical conclusion AYL. I. iii. 33.

entail sb.: succession of estate; phrase cut the e.

All'sW. IV. iii. 316.

entail vb.: to bestow as an inalienable possession 3H6 i. i. 194 I here e. The crown to thee; to appoint (a person) heir 3H6 i. i. 235 To e. him and his heirs unto the crown.

entame (not pre-S.): to subdue AYL. III. v. 48. enter sb.: entrance on the stage LLL. v. i. 145.

enter vb. (the ordinary physical senses occur)

1 intr. and pass. to bind oneself by a bond, &c. Err.

IV. iv. 127 I am here e-ed in bond for you, R2 v. ii. 65 some bond he's e-ed into: to engage in Ado II. iii. 214 [203] e. into a quarrel, Oth. III. iii. 412 enter'd in this cause.

2 to engage in (conversation) 1H6 m. i. 63.

3 to introduce Ant. IV. XII. (XIV.) 113. 4 to instruct, initiate All'sW. II. i. 6 After well e-'d soldiers, Cor. I. ii. 2 e-'d in our counsels; cf. MAN-ENTERED.

5 to bring (an action) before the court in due form 2H4 II. i. 1 have you e-d the action? (Dyce exion). entertain sb.: reception Per. I. i. 119.

entertain vb. (4 the current mod. meaning of 'amuse' does not emerge)

1 to keep up, maintain (a state of things) Meas. 111. i. 73, Mer.V. I. i. 90, Lucr. 1514.

2 to take into one's service Gent. II. iv. 105, Ado I. iii. 60e-ed for a perfumer, R3 I. ii. 258, Cæs. v. v. 60. 3 to treat Wiv. II. i. 88, Shr. II. i. 245 with mildness

e-'st thy wooers, 1H6 I, iv, 38, Lr, I, iv. 63.

4 to engage a person's attention or thoughts Wiv. 11. i. 68 to e. him with hope, Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 53 to e. them sprightly; to discourse with Tp. 1v. i. 75.

5 to occupy, while away (time) Lucr. 1361, 6 to engage (an enemy) H5 I. ii. 111. 7 to receive Err. III. i. 120 Since mine own doors re-fuse to e. me, AYL. III. ii. 443, R3 I. iv. 136 there's few or none with e. it (viz. conscience), Tim. 1. ii. 194 let the presents Be worthily entertain'd. [17.

entertainer: one who cherishes a feeling Tp. II. i. entertainment (2 cf. note on ENTERTAIN)

I maintaining a person in one's service, employ All'sW. III. vi. 12, IV. i. 17 i' the adversary's e., Cor. IV. iii. 49, Oth. III. iii. 250, Ant. IV. vi. 17 e., but No honourable trust.

way of spending (time) LLL. v. i. 129,

reception (of persons), manner of reception, (hence) treatment Tp. 1. ii. 462 I will resist such e., Meas, 111, ii. 231 the e. of death, Shr. 11. i. 54, 111. i. 2, Cor. IV. v. 10 I have deserv'd no better e., Ham. 11. ii. 337, Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 140, Cym. 1. iv. 172; John Drum's e., 'which is, to hale a man in by the heade, and thrust him out by both the shoulders' (Holinshed) All'sW. III. vi. 40.

4 accommodation for guests, esp. provision for the table AYL. In. iv. 73, Iv. iii. 145 fresh array and entertainment, Wint. 1. i. 9, Lr. ii. iv. 209, 5 meal, repast Tim. 1. ii. 154.

enter-tissued: see INTERTISSUED.

entire (stressede'ntire when immediately preceding a monosyllabic sb. or one stressed on the first syll, LLL, 11, i. 130, 2H4 II. iv. 357; otherwise enti're)

1 unmixed, pure 2H4 II. iv. 357 pure fear and e. cowardice, Lr. I. i. 243\* Aloof from the e. point.
2 unfeigned, sincere Shr. Iv. ii. 23.

2 unteigned, sincere Shr. IV. II. 23.
entirely (2 a common sense 1340-1720)
1 without intermission Meas. IV. ii. 157.
2 heartily, sincerely Ado III. i. 37 loves Beatrice so
e., Mer. V. III. ii. 226 They are e. welcome, All's W.
t. iii. 105, Lr. I. ii. 107, Oth. III. iv. 113.
entitled in: having a claim to or upon LLL. v. ii.
820 Neither e. in the other's heart, Sonn. xxxvii. 7
Entitled in the mayes. See also INTULLED.

Entitled in thy parts. See also INTITULED.
entrance (3 syll. in Rom. I. iv. 8, Per. II. iii. 64 old
edd. enterance, and Mac. I. v. 40): 1H4 I. i. 5 the thirsty e. of this soil, 'the parched surface of the earth'; Shr. II. i. 54 for un e., as an entrance fee. entranc'd: in a swoon Per. III. ii. 94.

entreasured (not pre-S.): stored up 2H4 III. i. 85,

Per. 111. ii. 65.

entreat sb.: entreaty R3 III. vii. 223 (F<sub>1</sub> entreaties), Tit. I. i. 449, 483 (F<sub>1</sub> intreats).

entreat vb. (the sense 'ask earnestly' is the usual

one, and occurs with various constructions)
1 to treat R2 III. i. 37, 2H6 II. iv. 82, 3H6 I. i. 271,
R3 IV. iv. 152, Troll IV. iv. 113.
2 to beguile, pass (the time) Rom. IV. i. 40.
3 to enter into negotiations 2H6 IV. iv. 9 I'll send some holy bishop to e.; (hence) to intercede, plead AYL. IV. iii. 74, Lr. III. iii. 6. [I. iii. 122.

entreatment: conversation, interview (S.) Hann.
entrench: to cut All'sW. II. i. 45 this very sword
e-ed it. ¶ A meaning recorded otherwise only
from Spenser 'A wide wound therein... Entrenched deep.'
envenom: to kill by poison, (hence) destroy AYL.

11. iii. 15, John 111. i. 63.

envious: malicious, spiteful (the more freq. S. sense) LLL, I. i. 100 an e. sneaping frost, R2 II. i. 62 the e. siege, 2H6 III. i. 157 The e. load (=load of malice), Ham. IV. vii. 174.

enviously: maliciously Ham. IV. V. 6. envy sb.: ill-will, malice (freq.) Tp. I. ii. 258, Mer.V.

iv. i. 10 carry me Out of his e-'s reach, Tw.N. II. i. 31, 3H6 III. iii. 127 Exempt from e., R3 IV. i. 90 Whom enry hath immur'd.

envy: Cor. 111. iii. 56 Rather than e. you, rather than such as show malice towards you; 93 Envied against, showed malice towards. The stressing varies e'nvy, envy'.

enwheel: to encircle Oth. II. i. 87.

enwombed: born of (my) womb All'sW. I. iii. 152. Ephesian: boon companion Wiv. IV. v. 19, 2H4 11. ii. 164.

epicure: luxurious person, sybarite Mac. v. iii. 8 mingle with the English epicures, Ant. II. vii. 59. Epicurean: luxurious, sensual Wiv. II. ii. 304 E.

rascal; suited to the taste of an epicure (S.) Ant. II. i. 24 Epicu'rean cooks.

Epicurism: luxury Lr. 1. iv. 267.

Epicurus: an Athenian philosopher (about 300 B.C.) Cæs. v. i. 77.

epigram: short poem ending with a witty or ingenious turn of thought Ado v. iv. 103. epileptic: 'distorted and pale like that of a man

epileptic: 'distorted and pale like that of a man in a fit of epilepsy' (Wright) Lr. II. ii, 86, epithet: term, phrase, expression (8.) Ado v. ii, 69 'Suffer love,' a good e.r., LLL. IV. ii. 8, v. i. 17, v. ii. 171, Oth. I. 1. 14 epithets of war. epitheton (earlier form of 'epithet'): adjective indicating some characteristic quality or attribute LLL. I. ii. 15 (Q. wpchhaton, F. Q. upathaton).

epitome (occurs once): representation in miniature (not pre-S.) Cor. v. iii. 68.

equal adj .:

1 forming a perfect balance or counterpoise Meas. II. iv. 69 e. poise (= equipoise), Mer. V. 1. iii. 150 an e. pound (= an exact pound), 2H4 iv. i. 67 e. balance, 2H6 II. i. 202 justice' e. scales, Ham. I. ii. 13; fig. equally balanced AYL. I. ii. 190 a more e. enterprise, Lucr. 1791

2 fair, just, impartial LLL, IV, iii, 384, H8 II, iv, 16. equal vb.: to cope with 2H4 I, iii, 67. equinoctial: for 'equator' Tw.N. II, iii, 25. equinox: equal length of days and nights (used

fig.) Oth. 11. iii. 130.

equipage: of better e., more richly equipped Sonn. xxxii. 12; cf. in e., a military phrase meaning orig. 'in military array', used by Pistol app. fig. in Wiv. II. ii. 4 (Qq).

equivalent: equal in power Per. v. i. 92. equivocal: ambiguous Oth. I. iii. 217; expressing himself ambiguously All's W. v. iii. 252.

Erebus: place of darkness, hell Mer. V. v. i. 87. ergo: therefore Err. IV. iii. 56. ¶ Cf. AROAL.

eringo: candied root of sea holly, Eryngium maritimum, formerly used as a sweetmeat and regarded as an aphrodisiac Wiv. v. v. 23.

ern: see EARN 2.

errant: wandering Troil. I. iii. 9.

erroneous: deviating from the path of right, criminal 3H6 II. v. 90; misguided R3 I. iv. 204. error: transgression, wrongdoing Gent. v. iv. 111,

LLL. v. ii. 779, Sonn. exvii. 9.

erst: once upon a time, formerly H5 v. ii. 48. escape (both uses are peculiarly S.)

1 sally (of wit) Meas, IV. i. 64.

2 outrageous transgression Tit. IV. ii. 114 this foul escape, Oth. I. iii. 197.

escapen † (old edd. escapend, escapen'd): Per. II. eschew: to keep clear of, escape Wiv. v. v. 263. escot (S.): to pay a reckoning for, maintain Ham. II. ii. 370 how are they escoted?.

esile: see EISEL.

esperance: hope Troil. v. ii. 118, Lr. iv. i. 4; the motto of the Percy family used as a battle cry 1H4 II. iii. 76, v. ii. 96 Now, E.! Percy! and set on.

espial: spy 1H6 I. iv. 8, IV. iii. 6, Ham. III. i. 32. espouse (peculiar S. use): to unite in marriage 2H6 1, i. 9; fig. H5 IV. vi. 26 e-'d to death, Lucr. 20 espoused to more fame.

esquire: a man belonging to the higher order of English gentry, ranking immediately below a knight H5 1. i. 14 Six thousand and two hundred good e-s, IV. viii. 109 Davy Gam, esquire.

essa'y: trial, proof Lr. 1. ii. 48, Sonn. ex. 8.

essence (occurs 4 times in S.) 1 life, existence Phæn. 26.

2 something that is, entity 0th, IV. i. 16, 3 nature Meas. II. ii. 120 His [man's] glassy essence. 4 (one's) very being Gent. III. i. 182 She is my essence.

essential: real Oth. II. i. 64. essentially: in one's essential nature 2H6 v. ii. 39; in fact, really (S.) 1H4 II. iv. 548, Ham. III. iv. 187 I e. um not in madness, But mad in craft.

establish: to settle (estate) upon Mac. I. iv. 37.

estate sb. (1 and 4 are the commonest uses)

1 state or condition Mer.V. 111. ii. 317 my e. is very low, R2 111. iv. 42, H5 IV. i. 100 what thinks he of our e.?, Cor. 11. i. 127, Lr. v. iii. 211 seen me in my worst e.; Tw.N. v. i. 405 man's e. (= manhood); spec. good or settled condition Mac. v. v. 50.

2 status, rank, dignity, esp. high rank Mer. V. 11. ix. 41 e-s, degrees, and offices, Mac. 1. iv. 37, Ham. 11. ii. 277, v. i. 243.

3 class or rank of persons (in all e-s) LLL. v. ii. 853, R3 III, vii. 212.

property, possessions, fortune Mer.V. 1. i. 43, 2H4 1. iii. 53, H8 1. i. 82, Cym. 1. iv. 124.

5 administration of government Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 413, John 1v. ii. 128, R3 11. ii. 127, H8 11. ii. 70 business of e., Ham. III. iii. 5 The terms of our e. estate vb.: to settle or bestow upon Tp. IV. i. 85,

MND. 1. i. 98, AYL. v. ii. 13.

esteem sb.:

supposed or estimated value All'sW. v. iii. 1. account, worth 1H6 III. iv. 8 prisoners of e., v. v.

27 unother ludy of esteem, Cym. v. v. 254. 3 opinion, judgement LLL. 11. i. 4 precious in the world's esteem, MND, 111. ii. 294, Mac. 1. vii. 43.

4 favourable opinion 2H6 v. ii. 22 praise and e., H8 iv. i. 109 in much esteem with the king.

esteem vb. (uncommon S. use): to estimate the value of, value Cym. 1. iv. 90 What do you e. it ut? esteeming: value, worth Sonn. cii. 3.

estimable: valuable Mer. V. I. iii. 167;-Tw. N. II. i. 28 estimable wonder (=admiring judgement).

estimate (2 not pre-S., and rare)

1 valuation, value Troil. 11. ii. 54, Tim. 1. i. 14,
Sonn. lxxxvii. 2; All'sW. 11. i. 183 in thee hath e. (has a claim to be considered in appraising thee). 2 repute, reputation R2 11. iii. 56 None else of name

and noble estimate, Cor. III. iii. 112.

estimation (4 is purely S.)

1 value, worth Ado II. ii. 25, Mer.V. II. vii. 26, All'sW. v. iii. 4 (cf. esteem sb. 1).

2 thing of value Troil. II. ii. 91, Cym. I. iv. 104 your brace of unprizeable estimations.

3 repute, reputation Gent. 11. iv. 57 To be of worth and worthy e., H5 III. vi. 16, Ham. II. ii. 357 [348]. 4 conjecture 1H4 I. iii. 272. [196.

estridge: ostrich 1H4 IV. i. 98, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] eternal: Ham. I. v. 21\* this e. blazon (=revelation of eternity), Ant. v. i. 66 Would be e. (=would be eternally recorded); - 'used to express extreme abhorrence '(Schmidt) Cæs. 1. ii. 159 Th' e. devil, Ham. v. ii. 379 in thine e. cell, Oth. rv. ii. 130 some e. villain ;—adv. Wint. 1. ii. 65 to be boy eternal. eterne: eternal Mac. III. ii. 38, Ham. II. ii. 520 [512].

Ethiop: blackamoor Ado v. iv. 38;-adj. black AYL. IV. iii. 36 E. words, blacker in their effect.

eunuch: in Cor. III. ii. 114 a pipe Small as an e. usu, taken as = eunuch's +, but perhaps the ref. is to the 'eunuch flute', in playing which the performer hums through a hole.

even adj. (the foll. uses are now obs.)

uniform R2 III. iv. 36.

2 direct, straightforward H5 tv. viii. 114 in plain shock and e. play of battle, Ham. II. ii. 304 be e. and direct with me.

3 exact, precise All'sW. v. iii. 331 the even truth. 4 equable, unruffled 1H4 I. iii. 286, H5 II. ii. 3, H8 III. i. 37\* I know my life so e., 165\* as e. as a calm, Cas. II. i. 133 The e. virtue of our enterprise, Ham. IV. iii. 7 To bear all smooth and even.

5 equally balanced Cor. iv. vii. 37, Mac. iii. iv. 10. 6 as sb. the e. of it, the plain truth (cf. 3 above), the

long and the short of it H5 II. i. 128. even adv. (employed in the foll, obs. or archaic uses; often contracted e'en)

1 in exact agreement Tw.N. v. i. 249 as the rest

yoes e., Cym. 1. iv. 50 to yo e. with what I heard. 2 exactly, precisely, just Mer.V. 1. iii, 50 E. there, 111, ii. 49 E. as, AYL. 1. i. 92 Is it e. so?, Ven. 59 E. so, Pilgr. 147 E. thus.

3 (of time) at the same moment (with), just (now, then) Tp. II. i. 319 [311] e. now, Cas. I. iii. 27 E. at noonday, Cym. III. vi. 16 e. before, Sonn. lxxi. 12

let your love even with my life decay.
4 quite, fully Wiv. IV. vi. 12 answer'd my affections
e. to my wish, Cor. I. iv. 57 a soldier E. to Cuto's wish.

5 used to emphasize the identity of a person, thing, or circumstance Tp. 111. i. 14 these sweet thoughts do e. refresh my labours, Gent. 11. i. 50 e. she I mean, Mer. V. v.i. 242 I swear to thee, e. by thine own fair eyes.

even vb. (occurs thrice, in senses only S.) 1 pass. to be even or quits with Oth. II. i. 311.

2 to act up to, keep pace with All'sW. I. iii. 3 to even your content, Cym. 111. iv. 184. even Christian: fellow Christian Ham. v. i. 31.

even-handed: impartial Mac. 1. vii. 10 e. justice.

¶ Cf. weigh with an even hand Mer. V. 11. vii. 25. evening mass\*: (probably) mass said in the after-noon Rom. IV. i. 38.

evenly (occurs thrice): in a straight line, directly (S.) 1H4 III. i. 104 run In a new channel, fair and e., H5 11. iv. 91 e. deriv'd From his most fam'd of famous ancestors; in an even direction or position with Ado II, ii. 7.

even-pleached: evenly interwoven H5 v. ii. 42. event: outcome, issue, consequence Tp. 1. ii. 117 Meas, III. ii. 258\* leave we him to his e-s (=the issue of his affairs), Shr. III. ii. 130 after him, and see the e. of this, R2 II. i. 215, Cor. II. i. 289, Ham. IV. iv. 41\*, 50. The sense of 'happening, occurrence' is recorded first from S., Tit. v. iii. 204.

ever (often contracted E'ER; obs. or arch. senses are)
1 throughout all time, eternally, 'for ever' (freq.)
Tp. iv. i. 122 Let me live here e., Mac. v. iii. 21 Will

cheer me ever or disseat me now. with how and what forming indefinite relatives Troil. III. iii. 96 how dearly e. parted, Oth. III. iii. 470 What bloody business ever.

ever-fired: always burning Oth. 11. i. 15 quench the guards of the e. pole (so Qq; Ff ever-fixed). everlasting (1 cf. Gent. v. iv. 81; 2 cf. 'I would

... get mee an enerlasting robe, ... and turne Serieant, 'Fletcher 'Woman Hater' iv. ii.) 1 the Everlasting, God, Ham. I. ii. 131.

2 material used in 16th-17th cent. for the dress of sergeants and catchpoles, app. identical with 'durance' Err. IV. ii. 33 e. garment='robe of DURANCE', the sergeant's buff jerkin.

evermore: with negative = at any time H8 II. iv. 129 no, nor e., Sonn. xxxvi. 9 not evermore.

every: adj. = either, each H8 II. iv. 50 a wise council to them Of e. realm; with pl. sb. = all severally Tp. v. i. 249 e. These happen'd accidents;—sb. = every one AYL. v. iv. 179 e. of this happy number,

Ant. I. ii. 40 every of your wishes. evidence: witness or witnesses Ado IV. i. 37, 2H6

III. ii. 21 true e., of good esteem, Lr. III. vi. 38 Bring in their e., Lucr. 1650 came e. (=came as a witness); treated as a pl. R3 I. iv. 192 Where are the e.? (Ff). evident: indubitable, certain, conclusive Cor. IV. vii. 52, v. iii. 112 We must find An e. calamity, Cym. 11. iv. 120 some corporal sign about her, More evident than this. ¶ A 16th-17th cent. use.

evil sb. (1 the commonest S. sense)

1 sin, crime Meas. 11. ii. 91 to do that e., R3 1. ii. 76 1 Sin, erine stages. It. in. 3 to do that e., 183 i. ii. to of these supposed e-s (Ft Crimes)... to acquit myself, Lucr. 972 the dire thought of his committed evil.

2 misfortune, calamity Tw.N. ii. i. 7 bear my e-s alone, H8 ii. i. 141, Cæs. ii. ii. 81, oth. i. i. 161.

3 disease, malady AYL. ii. vii. 67 ult the embossed sores and headed e-s, Wint, Ii. iii. 56, John III. iv. 114. Cox. I. i. 185; then the King's evil screptly.

114, Cor. 1. i. 185; the e., the King's evil, scrofula

Mac. IV. iii. 146.

evil sb.2: of uncertain meaning Meas. 11. ii. 172, H8 II. i. 67; interpreted by comm. as 'jakes, privy', but the meaning 'hovel' would suit equally well.

evil adj. (about 20 instances; much less freq. than the adj. ILL); occas, uses: ill-boding Troil, I. iii. 92 planets e.; unwholesome R3 1, i, 139 an e. diet;— adv. 3H6 Iv. vii, 84, H8 I. ii, 207, Lr. I. i, 169, evil-ey'd: maliciously disposed Cym. I. i, 72.

T'Evil eye' is not S.

evilly: with difficulty, reluctantly, impatiently
John III. iv. 149 This act so e. borne (some mod.) edd. born); inappropriately, unproperly Tim, IV. iii. 470 good deeds evily bestow'd. evitate: to avoid Wiv. v. v. 253 [241].

exact: for stress cf. Entire; 1H4 IV. i. 46 the e'xact wealth of all our states, Troil. IV. v. 231 with e'xact view, Ham. v. ii. 19 an exa'ct command, Lr. I. iv. 289 the most exa'ct regard;—the exact, the precise, the actual All's W. III. vi. 64.

exacting: exaction Meas. III. ii. 303.

exactly: perfectly, completely Ham. I. ii. 200
Armed at points e., cap-a-pe; in express terms R2
I. i. 140 I. . . exactly begid Four Grace's pardon.
exalt: refl. to be elated with pride Lr. v. iii. 68.

exalted: raised, high Cas. 1. i. 64 exalted shores. examplesb .: parallel case in the past John III. iv. 13.

example vb. (2 a late 16th cent. sense) to give an example of LLL, 111, i. 89, Sonn. lxxxiv, to furnish a precedent for LLL. 1. ii. 122, 1v. iii. 124 *Ill*, to e. ill, John Iv. iii. 56, H5 r. ii. 156, Troil.

I. iii. 132 erery step, E-d by the first pace.

3 to furnish (one) with instances Tim. IV. iii. 441. exceed: intr. to be greater or better (than something else), to be superior or pre-eminent Ado III. iv. 17, Per. II. iii. 16, Lucr. 229 The guilt being

great, the fear doth still exceed.

excellent adj.: surpassing, exceptionally great, exceeding (used in a bad sense) R3 IV. iv. 52 That e. grand tyrant Tit. II. iii. 7, Lr. I. ii. 132, Ant. I. i. 40 E. falschood!; -adv. eminently, extremely Ado III. i. 98 an e. good name, Ham. II. ii. 174.

excellently: exceedingly Ado III. iv. 13 I like the new tire within e., Troil. iv. i. 24 lore . . . more e.

except (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 intr. to make objection Gent. 1. iii. 83, 11. iv. 155, Tw. N. 1. iii. 7 let her e. before e-ed (a legal phrase 'exceptis excipiendis' perverted).

2 trans. to object to, take exception to R2 1. i. 72,

Cæs. II. i. 281\*, Sonn. exlvii. 8. except: (without 'that') All'sW. IV. iii. 303 more ... I know not; e.... he had the honour .... R2 1.iv. 6.

exception (the sense of 'something excepted' occurs in 1H4 r. iii. 78 proviso and e.) occurs in 1H4 r. iii. 78 proviso and e.) [ii. 25. 1 objection (to a person's status or fitness) H5 rv. 2 disapproval, dislike, dissatisfaction All'sW. r. ii.

40 when E. bid him speak, H5 II. iv. 34 How modest in e., Ham. v. ii. 245; phrase take e-s at, to, disapprove, find fault with Gent. 1. iii. 81, v. ii. 3, Tw.N. 1. iii. 6, 1H6 IV. i. 105, 3H6 III. ii. 46; so Oth. IV. ii. 211 taken against me a most just e. (Qq conception).

exceptiess (S.): making no exception Tim. IV. iii. excess: usury, interest (S.) Mer. V. I. iii, 63.

exchange (3 these are inaccurate uses)

1 reciprocal giving and receiving; phrase make (an) e. Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 650, Rom. II. iii. 62; in e. of (= for) Wiv. II. ii. 248, 1H4 IV. ii. 14; in right great e., in exchange for persons of great importance Troil. 111. iii. 21; of passes in fencing Ham. v. ii. 283 in answer of the third exchange.

2 money transaction by means of bills Shr. IV. ii. 89. 3 = change; substitution of one word for another (Adam for Cam) LLL. IV. ii. 42; transmutation, alteration Mer. V. II. vi. 35.

4 thing offered or given in exchange Rom. II. vi. 4 the e. of joy, Lr. iv. vi. 281 And the e. my brother !, v. iii. 98.

exchange (1 cf. 'She . . . death for life exchanged foolishlie,' Spenser, Faerie Queene vii. vi. 6)

1 to obtain in exchange for LLL. IV. i. 84. 2 to change Sonn, eix. 7 not with the time exchang'd. excitement: incentive, encouragement Troil. 1. iii. 182 Excitements to the field, Ham. IV. iv. 58, exclaim sb.: outcry R2 I. ii. 2, Troil. V. iii. 91.

exclaim so:: outery us. 1. ii. 2, 1701. V. III. 31.

Ham. II. ii. 375, Oth. II. iii. 316, Luer. 757, Compl. 313; e. on, accuse loudly, blame Mer. V. III. ii. 175, R3 III. iii. 15, Ven. 930 e-s on Death, Luer. 741.

exclamation: loud complaint, "vociferous re-

exclamation: foud complaint, 'vociterous reproach' (J.) John II. i. 558, R3 v. iv. 154.

excrement: outgrowth (of hair) Err. II. ii. 81, LLL, v. i. 112 with my e., with my mustachio, Mer.V. III. ii. 87 valour's e. (=a brave man's beard), Ham, III. iv. 120 like life in excrements.

excuse sb.: indulgence, pardon Shr. Ind. ii. 126 I hope this reason stands for my e., Cor. 1. iii. 114 Gire me e., good madam, v. v. [vi.] 69, Lucr. 235,

excuse vb. (the foll. are uses now obs.)

to seek to extenuate (a fault); used with a clause Err. 111. i. 92 she will well e. Why at this time the doors are made against you; absol. MND. v. i. 364 Never excuse.

2 to maintain the innocence of, refl. to clear one-

self 2H6 I. iii. 181, R3 I. ii. 82.

3 to beg off from doing (something), decline Gent.

1, iii, 71 Excuse it not, for I am peremptory.

execute (the commoner uses are to 'carry into effect', of which sense 1 is an extension, and 'inflict capital punishment on', of which sense 2 is an extension)

to give practical effect to (a passion, &c.), allow to operate Tp. r. ii. 104 e-ing th' outward face of royalty (= 'acting as a king to all appearance'). LLL. v. ii, 853, R3 1, iv. 71 e. thy wrath, Cym. III. v. 147; to bring (a weapon) into play Troil, v. vii. 6 c. your aims; absol. Oth, n. iii. 230 To e. upon him.

2 to put to death, kill R2 IV. i. 82, 1116 I. iv. 36

Whom with my bare fists I would execute. execution (obs. use, cf. execute 1): giving practical effect to a passion, &c.; exercise (of powers) 3116 II. ii. 111 The e. of my big-swoln heart, Troil. I. iii. 210, Lr. 1. i. 139, Oth. m. iii. 467 The e. of his wit, hands, heart.

executioner: murderer 2H6 m. i. 276, R3 t. ii. 186.

executor (the testamentary sense is used fig. in Sonn. iv. 14; stressed e'xecutor in sense 2)

1 performer, agent Tp. 111. i. 13. 2 executioner H5 1. ii. 203 executors pale. exempt pple.: cut off, debarred, excluded Err. 11. ii. 175 from me e., AYL. II. i. 15 e. from public haunt, 1H6 II. iv. 93, Tim. Iv. ii. 31 from neadth e. exempted pple: E. be from me, far be it from me All'sW. II. i. 198.

executies: funeral rites 1H6 III. ii. 133. exercise (the general meaning of 'practice' is the most usual; 4 cf. 'Sermons, commonly termed by some Prophesies or Exercises,' Canons of the

by some Propherses of Exercises, Canons of the Church, 1604; for Tp. 1. ii. 328\* see the comm.)

1 habitual practice or employment Wint. 1. ii. 166

He's all my e., 3H6 IV. vi. 85 hunting was his daily e.

2 acquired skill (S.) Ham. IV. vii. 97.

3 religious devotion or act of worship Wint. III. ii.

242, R3 III. vii. 63 his holy e., Oth. III. iv. 42. 4 preaching, discourse R3 III. ii. 109.

exhalation: meteor John III. iv. 153, H8 III. ii. 227 fall Like a bright e. in the evening, Cas. II. i. 44. exhale: to draw forth R3 1. ii. 58, 166; esp. of the sun drawing up vapours and thereby producing meteors LLL. iv. iii. 70 thou, fair sun, ... E'st this rapour-row, 1H4 v. i. 19 an e'd meteor, Rom. III. v. 13 some meteor that the sun e-s; in the language

of Pistol, absol. = 'draw!' H5 11. i. 66. exhaled: exha'l'd Lucr. 779; e'xhal'd 1H4 v. i. 19. exhaust (once): to draw forth Tim. IV. iii, 120,

exhibit (technical term): to submit (a petition, bill) for inspection or consideration Wiv. 11. i. 146 e. a bill in the parliament, Meas. 1v. iv. 11, 146 III. i. 150. ¶ Misused for 'inhibit' in Mer.V. 11.

exhibiter: presenter of a bill H5 1. i. 74

exhibition (1 in use from 15th c. to Swift's time) 1 allowance of money for a person's support Gent. I. iii. 69 What maintenance he . . . receives, Like e. thou shalt have, Lr. I. ii. 25, Oth. I. iii. 238. 2 gift, present Oth. Iv. iii. 76.

exigent: state of pressing need, emergency, strait Cas. v. i. 19, Ant. IV. Xii. [xiv.] 63; (spec.) end 1H6 II. v. 9 These eyes... Wax dim, as drawing to their exigent.

exile sb.1: banishment; stressed e'xile, exi'le. exile sb.2: banished person; stressed e'xile.

exile vb.: stressed exi'le: but in attrib, use the pa. pple. is e'xiled Mac. v. vii. 95 [viii. 66], Lucr. 640;

exion: blunder for 'action' 2H4 II. i. 34.

exorcism: calling up spirits, conjuration 2H6 I. iv. 5; so exorcist All'sW. v. iii. 309, Cas. II. i. 323, exorcizer (F1 Exorcisor) Cym. 1v. ii. 276.

expect sb.: expectation Troil. I. iii. 70.

expect vb. (not pre-Eliz. in any sense): to wait for, await Gent. 1. i. 54, Mer. V. v. i. 49, 1H6 v. iii. 144 here I wille, thy coming, Ant. 1v. iv. 23, Per. 1. iv. 94.

expectance: state of waiting to know (something) Troil. IV. V. 145 e. . . . What further you will do. expectancy: expectation Oth. II. i. 41; source of

hope Ham. III. i. 161 (Qq expectation).

expectation: waiting 2H4 v. ii. 31 You stand in coldest e., Cæs. 1. i. 45 with patient e., Lr. Iv. iv. 23 our preparation stands In e. of them; phrase full of e., full of promise, hopeful, promising 1H4 11. iii. 22; cf. Ham. III. i. 161 (Qq). expecter: one who waits Troil. IV. v. 155.

expedience (not pre-S.; both senses only S.)

1 speed, dispatch R2 II. 1. 287, H5 IV. iii. 70.

2 enterprise, expedition 1H4 I. 1. 33 In forwarding
this dear expedience, Ant. 1. ii. 191.

expedient (rare sense outside S.): speedy, expeditious John n. i. 60, 223, IV. ii. 268\* with all e. | extent (2 is a transferred use of 1)

haste (cf. with the speediest expedition Gent. 1. iii. 37), R2 1. iv. 39, 2H6 III. i. 288, R3 1. ii. 217\*. 

Expeditious occurs only once Tp. v. i. 315. 
expediently: expeditiously (S.) AYL. III. i. 18. 
expedition: hence in \( \epsilon\_i\), in motion, in progress H5 II. ii. 191 Putting it straight in expedition: 
expense ('cost, charge' is the most freq. sense) 1. 
expense ('cost, charge' is the most freq. sense)

1 spending (of money), esp. extravagant expenditure Wiv. II. ii. 149. Lr. II. i. 102 e. and waste (so  $Q_2$ ;  $Q_1$  wast and spoyle), Sonn. xciv. 6. 2 expenditure (of breath) LLL. v. ii. 522.

3 loss (of a possession) Sonn. xxx. 8

experient: expert Per. r. i. 164 (Ff). experimental: with e. seal, 'setting the stamp of experience upon the results of his reading' Ado ıv. i. 168.

expert: (in passive sense) tried, proved by experience Oth. II. i. 49 e. and approv'd allowance, expiate pple: (of an appointed time) fully come R3 III. iii. 23 the hour of death is e. (Ff<sub>234</sub> now expir'd, Qq the limit of your lines is out).

expiate vb.: (said of death) to end (one's days)

Sonn. xxii. 4 Then look I death my days should e.

expire (common Eliz. use): to bring to an end, conclude Rom. 1. iv. 110 Shall . . . e. the term Of a despised life.

[explain †: Per. 11. ii. 14; Ff 34 and Qq 12 entertuin(e. ¶ Not a S. word.]

explication: explanation LLL. IV. ii. 14 exploit: spec. military enterprise All'sW. I. ii. 17

sick For breathing and e., iv. i. 41 in e. (=in action) expostulate: to set forth one's views, discourse,

discuss Gent. III. i. 252, 3H6 II. v. 135, R3 III. vii. 191, Ham. 11. ii. 86 to e. What majesty should be, Oth. rv. i. 216.

expostulation: discourse Troil. IV. iv. 60. exposture (S.): exposure Cor. IV. i. 36. ¶ Ex-

posure (not pre-S.) occurs twice.
express adj.: (a) exact, fitted to its purpose, (b) well framed or modelled Ham. II. ii. 325\* in form, in moving, how e. and admirable! ¶ Stressel expre'ss and e'xpress; cf. ENTIRE. express vb.: to manifest, reveal, betoken Shr. II.

i. 77, 2H6 1. i. 18 I can e. no kinder sign of love Than this kind kiss, Cor. I. iii. 1, Tit. 1. i. 422 hath e-'d himself... A father and a friend to thee, Ham. 1. iii. 71 Costly thy habit... But not e-'d in fancy, Lr. iv. iii. 19.

expressive: open and emphatic in expressing sentiments All'sW. II. i. 53.

expressure (not pre-S.; 2 peculiar to S.)

1 expression Tw. N. 11. iii. 174 the e. of his eye, Troil. 111. iii. 205 more divine Than breath or pen can give expressure to 2 image, picture Wiv. v. v. 73\*.

expulse: to expel, banish 1H6 m. iii. 25.
exquisite (obs. etymol. sense): sought out, ingeniously devised Tw. N. 1. v. 182, n. iii. 159 I have no exquisite reason for 't.
exsufficate (S.; old edd. exufficate): (?) puffed up,

inflated, 'windy' Oth. 111. iii. 182.

extant: (of time) present Troil. IV. v. 167.

extemporal: impromptu, extempore LLL, I, ii, 192 some e. god of rime, IV. ii. 50, 1H6 III. i. 6 e. speech; so extemporally adv. Ant. v. ii, 216, Ven. 836. ¶ Extempore is also S.

extend (3 an extension of the legal sense 'to take possession of by a writ of extent'; cf. EXTENT 1)

to prolong in duration Mac. III. iv. 57.

2 to magnify in representation, give exaggerated praise to Cym. I. i. 25, I. iv. 22. 3 to seize upon Ant. I. ii. 109.

1 seizure of lands in execution of a writ AYL. 111. i. 17 let my officers . . . Make an e. upon his . . . lands. 2 attack, assault Tw. N. IV. i. 57\* unjust e. Aguinst

thy peace. 3 showing or exercising of (justice, kindness) Tit.
11v. iv. 3 the e. Of egal justice\*, Ham. II. ii. 399\* [390].
extenuate (both were freq. 16-17th cent. uses)

1 to mitigate (a law) MND. 1. i. 120. 2 to depreciate, disparage Cæs. 111. ii. 42 his glory not extenuated.

extenuation: mitigation 1H4 III. ii. 22.

extern: external, outward Oth. 1. i. 63; only S. as sb. = outward appearance, exterior Sonn. cxxv. 2 extinct pple.: extinguished, quenched R2 1. iii. 222, Ham. 1. iii. 118 these blazes . . . e. in both.

extincted := prec. Oth. II. i. 81 Give renew'd fire to our extincted spirits.

extincture (S.): extinction Compl. 294.

extirp: to root out, extirpate Meas. III. ii. 112 to extirp it [a vice] quite, 1H6 III. iii. 24.

extirpate: to drive completely out of Tp. 1. ii. 125.

extort: MND. III. ii. 160 e. A poor sout's patience,
 'wrest it from her, make her impatient.'
extracting: (?) for 'distracting' 'Nw. N. v. i. 201\*,
extraught: 'extracted,' descended 3H6 II. ii. 142. extravagancy (not pre-S.): vagrancy Tw.N. II. i. 12 My determinate voyage is mere extravagancy.

extravagant: straying, roaming, vagrant LLL. IV. ii. 68, Ham. I. i. 154 e. and erring spirit, Oth.

ı. i. 137.

extreme adj .: one third of the instances are in the superlative form e-st; for the stress cf. ENTIRE, LLL. v. ii. 748 The e'xtreme part of time, Sonn. cxxix. 4 Savage, extre'me, rude, cruel;—sb. not press. in the phrases in the e. (Oth. v. ii. 345), in e-s (3H6 III. ii. 115), break into . . . e-s (Tit. III. i. 215). extremity (obs. or archaic senses, for most of

which 'extreme' would be the modern equivalent) extreme or utmost degree Err. 1. i. 141 the e. of dire mishap, Lr. v. iii. 209 another... vould muke much more, And top e., Luer. 969 Devise extremes beyond e., Sonn. ii. 6 swift e. (= the extreme of swiftness); phrase in e., in the highest degree MND. III. ii. 3 Which she must dote on in e., Ham. II. ii. 3 which she must dote on in e., Ham. 111. ii. 180.

2 extreme severity or rigour Err. v. i. 309 0, time's e., Wint. v. ii. 134 e. of weather, R3 i. i. 65, Cas. II. i. 31 run to these and these extremities, Oth. v.

ii. 137, Cym. 111. iv. 17.

3 extravagance Wiv. iv. ii. 77, 173.

exufflicate: see EXSUFFLICATE

eyas: young hawk taken from the nest for the purpose of training, or one whose training is incomplete; fig. Ham. 11. ii. 363 [355] an acrie of children, little c-s (F. Fases); so eyas-musket, used joeularly of a sprightly child Wiv. 111. iii. 22. ¶ E. is literally a 'nest-bird' ('an eyas'='a nyas', which is ultimately from Latin 'nidus' nest); unsekt is the mole of the several leavil.

which is ultimately from Latin 'indus' nest); musket is the male of the sparrow-hawk.

eye sb. (archaie pl. eyne 11 times for rhyme, but not rhyming in Per. III. Gower 5, Luer. 1229)

1 the organ of sight; phr. put the finger in the eye (like a child weeping) Err. II. ii. 208; phr. referring to drunkenness Tp. III. ii. 10 thy eyes are almost set in thy head; fig. MND. III. ii. 435 sorrow's eye, Tim. v. 38 area; the eyes of exception Lr. IV. Tim. v. i. 26 opens the eyes of expectation, Lr. iv.

iv. 15 close the eye of anguish.

attributed to the heavenly bodies, esp. the sun
MND. III. ii. 188 eyes of hight (=stars), John III. i.

79 the glorious sun . . . with splendour of his precious eye, Rom. 111. v. 19 yon grey is not the morning's eye, Ham. 11. ii. 548 the burning eyes of heaven, Sonn. xviii. 5 the eye of heaven (=the sun), xxv. 6

the sun's eye.

3 sight, view Tp. 11. i. 133 banish'd from your eye, H8 1. i. 30 him in eye, Mac. 111. i. 125 Masking the business from the common eye, Ham. 14. iv. 6 in his eye;—In my mind's eye (not pre-S.) Ham. 1. ii. 185;—Mer. V. 1. i. 138\* if it stand... Within the eye of honour, (a) within the scope of honour's vision, (b) within the limits of the honourable ;-Ant. II. ii, 215° tended her i' the eyes = waited in her sight (cf. MND, 11, i, 172, Ham, 1v. iv. 6).
4 look, glance 1H4 r, iii, 143' eye of death, Ham, 11, ii, 308 have un eye of (=watch), Oth, 11, i, 38 to

throw out our eyes for (=to look out for); of the exchange of amorous glances Tp, 1. ii. 438 At the first sight They have changed eyes, Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.]

156 mingle eyes With one that ties his points.
5 slight shade, tinge Tp.11, i.58 taveny. — With an eye of green in t, Ham. 1, iii, 128 Not of that eye which

their investments show (so Ff; Qq that die or dygle eye vb.: to appear to the eye (S.) Ant. i. iii. 97, eye-beam (not pre-S.): glauce LLL, iv. iii. 29, eye-drop (S.): tear 2H4 iv. v. 86.

[ii. 268. eye-glass: crystalline lens of the eye (S.) Wint. i. eye-offending: hurting the eye Tw.N. I. i. 30 e. brine; unsightly John III. i. 47 e. marks.

eyestrings: muscles, nerves, or tendons of the eye, supposed to crack at death or loss of sight Cym. 1. iii. 17.

eye-wink (not pre-S.): look, glance Wiv. II. ii. 74. eyliad, eyrie, eysell: see ŒILLADE, AERIE, EISEL.

fa: the fourth note of the scale LLL. IV. ii. 104; used jocularly as a vb. Rom. iv. v. 121 I'll re you, I'll

fable: falsehood Err. IV. iv. 75 Suns fuble.

face sb.: there are various transf. and fig. uses; of the heavens Mer.V. 11. vii. 45, Rom. IV. v. 41 to see the neavens Mcr. V. H. VI. 45, Rom. IV. V. 41 to see this morning's f., Sonn. xxxiii. 6; of the earth R2 III. iii, 97 the flower of England's f., R3 v. iii, 267 the earth's cold f.; of immaterial things (= appearance) John v. ii. 88 to know the face of right, Cass. v. i. 10, Lr. III. i. 20;—phr. from f. to foot Cor. II. ii. 113, full of f., (2 beautiful, or florid) Per. I. Gower 23, John v. ii. 159 turn thy f. (= depart). Cayb. (1.3 16th cent. 180)

face vb. (1 a 16th cent. use)

1 to show a false face, maintain a false appearance

1H6 v. iii. 141 flatter, face, or feign. 2 to brave, bully Shr. iv. iii. 125, &c.; f. down, insist or maintain to a person's face that . . . Err. 111. i. 6; f. at out, brazen it out H5 m, ii. 36; f. out of, exclude impudently from, bully out of Tw.N. iv. ii. 103, v. i. 92, H5 m. vii. 95; see also card sb. 1.

3 to trim Shr. iv. iii. 123 (to a tailor, quibblingly)
Thou hast f-d many things, 114 v. i. 74 (fig.) To f.
the garment of rebellion With some fine colour.

faced: patched (cf. FACE vb. 3) 1H4 iv. ii. 34. face-royal: 2H4 1. ii. 25-7 quibble between 'face on a coin' (cf. LLL, v. ii, 614) and 'kingly face'.

There was a gold coin called a 'royal'.

facinerious: infamous, vile All's W. n. iii. 36 (mod. edd. facinorous †; but Latin 'facinus' had a byform 'faciner-' of the stem 'facinor-'; cf. also Old Fr. 'facinereux')

facing: trimming Meas. 111. ii. 11 craft, being richer

than innocency, slands for the facing. fact (I now used only in phrases such as 'after the fact', 'before the fact')

1 deed, esp. evil deed, crime 1H6 tv. i. 30 this f. was infamous, Mac. III. vi. 10 damned fact?, Lucr. 349. 2 in the fact, in the very act 2H6 II. i. 171.

faction ('party' is the most freq. sense)

I class, set (of persons) Gent. IV. i. 37, Troil. II. i. 130 the faction of fools.

2 self-interested or turbulent party strife, factious spirit, dissension AYL. v. i. 62, 1H4 IV. i. 67, 1H6 II. iv. 125, Troil. III. iii. 190, Ant. I. iii. 48; factious quarrel or intrigue Tim. 111. v. 74

factionary: active as a partisan (S.) Cor. v. ii. 30. factor: agent Ant. II. vi. 10 factors for the gods.

faculty (1 an Eliz. sense)

personal quality, disposition H8 1. ii. 73 neither know My faculties nor person.

2 active quality or virtue (of a thing) Cæs, I, iii, 67

Their natures, and pre-formed faculties. pl. powers Mac. 1. vii. 17 Duncan Hath borne his faculties so meek.

fadge: to fit, be suitable LLL. v. i. 158, Tw.N. II. ii. fading: 'with a fading' was the refrain of an indelicate song Wint, Iv. iii. [iv.] 195 burthens of dildos and fudings

fail sb. (2 and 3 only S.)

1 failure, omission Wint. 11. iii. 169 the f. Of any point, v. i. 27 fail of issue, H8 II. iv. 196. 2 (a) death, (b) failure of issue H8 I. ii. 145\*.

fault, offence Tim. v. i. 153 hath sense withat Of its own fail (Ff fall), Cym. 111. iv. 66.

fail vb. (2 common down to the Eliz. period) 1 to die H81.ii, 184 had the king in his last sickness f-'d.

to be at fault, err Meas. III. ii. 279 [271], MND. III. ii. 93 one man holding troth, A million f., All'sW. III. i. 15 to f. As often as I guess'd, IV. V. 89, Cor. IV. vii. 40.

3 to leave undone, omit Mac. III. vi. 21 he f-'d His presence, Lr. 11. iv. 144 Would f. her obligation, Cym. 111. iv. 181.

fain adj.: glad, pleased 1H6 III. ii. 114 f. by flight to save themselves, 2H6 II. i. 8 man and birds are f. of sate themsetes, 2710 H. J. 8 man that the strein states Gent. 1. i. 128, AYL. IV. i. 61, 2H4 II. i. 157 I must be f. to paten . . . my plute; (hence) necessitated, obliged Lr. IV. vii. 38;—adv. gladly, willingly, always with would (freq.).

faint adj. (2 now only in the proverbial 'faint beauty in the proverbial 'faint street.)

heart'; f.-hearted, f-ly and f-ness follow the senses

of the adj.)

inactive, inert, timid Tim. 1. ii. 16, 111. i. 58, 111. iii. 25, Lr. 1. iv. 73 a most faint neglect.

2 spiritless, weak-spirited 3H6 v. iv. 51 warriors f., Ven. 401, Lucr. 1209 Faint not, faint heart.

3 weak, feeble Mer. V. 1. i. 126 mg f. means, H5 1. i. 16 f. souis past corporal toil, Tit. 11, iii. 234, Rom. IV. iii, 15.

faint vb.: to lose heart John v. vii. 78, Ven. 569 f-s not like a pale-fac'd coward; also impers. it f-sme, I am depressed H8 II. iii. 103; to become feeble MND. I. ii. 35, AYL. II. iv. 76 f-s for succour, Lucr. 1543; so 1H6 II. v. 40 f-ing kiss, 95 my f-ing words, fair sb.: that which is fair, a beautiful thing Rom.

I. i. 237 they hide the f., I. iii. 90, Cym. I. vi. 38, Lucr. 780 the supreme f. (viz. the sun); one of the fair sex, a woman, esp. a beloved woman LLL, v. ii. 37, H5 v. ii. 176 speak, my f., Rom. II. LLL V.
ii. 37, H5 v. ii. 176 speak, my f., Rom. II. Chor. 3:
applied to a man Ven. 208: beauty Err. II. i. 98
My decayed f., LLL Iv. i. 17, MND. I. i. 182, Sonn.
xviii. 7 every fuir from fur sometime declines.
fair adj.: outside the physical senses of 'beautiful,
clear, bright, unsullied,' and the immediate fig.

uses, is employed very widely as an epithet of praise (cf. the adv. FAIR); uses no longer current are :- as a form of courteous address LLL, v. ii. 311 Fair sir, God sare you!;—Fair day-light = broad daylight Lr. iv. vii. 52.

fair adv. (4 now only in phr. 'bid, promise fair') speak) Err. 111. ii. 188 so f. an offer'd chain, R3 1v. iv. 152 entreat me f.; on good terms 2H4 11. i. 211

tup for tap, and so part fair.

2 equitably, honestly Meas, III, i. 139, 1H4 v. i. 114.

3 becomingly, fittingly Cor. IV, vi. 119.
4 auspiciously, favourably, fortunately Err. IV. i. 92, Mer. V. II. i. 20, R2 II. ii. 122 The wind sits f., v2, Mer. V. H. 1. 29, K2 H. H. 122 The wind sils f., 1H4 V. V. 43 since this business so f. is done, Troil. I. iii. 372 Should he scape Hector f.; phrase F. be to you, prosperity attend you Troil. H. i. 47. 5 softly, gently Ado V. iv. 72 Soft and f., 1H4 H. i. 104 f. and evenly;—stand f., stand still Troil. IV. V. 234.

fair vb.: to beautify Sonn. exxvii. 6.

fairest-boding: of happiest omen R3 v. iii, 228. fair-fac'd (not pre-S.): of fair complexion Ado III. i. 61; fair in appearance John 11. i. 417 peace and fair-fuc'd league

fairing: complimentary gift LLL. v. ii. 2.

fairly (2 recorded only from S.)

1 beautifully, handsomely Shr. 1. ii. 149 I'll have them very f. bound, Troil. 1. iii. 84, Rom. 111. ii. 84; in beauty Sonn. v. 4; in a neat or elegant hand

In beauty Sonn. V. 4; in a neat or elegant land Shr. In. 1. 71, R3 III. vi. 2.

2 courteously, respectfully Err. v. i. 233 Then f. I bespoke the officer, Per. v. i. 10 greet them fairly.

3 becomingly, properly, honourably Mer. V. I. i. 129 to come f. of from the great debts, Cor. IV. vii, 21 he bears all things fairly.

4 auspiciously, favourably 1H4 v. iii. 29, H5 v. ii. 10 fiii/h met. 18.

10 fairly met, 18. 5 completely, fully, quite Shr. 1. i. 108, Rom. 11. iv.

49 You gave us the counterfeit fairly.

fairness: To the f. of my power, as fairly as I can Cor. 1. ix. 73.

fair play (not pre-S.; hyphened in old edd.); equitable conditions of intercourse John v. i. 67, v. ii. 118.

fair-spoken: of courteous or pleasant speech H8 IV. ii. 52 fair-spoken, and persuading.

fairy: enchantress, charmer (S.) Ant. IV. viii, 12. faith (the commonest uses are)

1 loyalty, fidelity Gent. rv. iii. 26, MND, m. ii. 127 Benring the badge of f. to prove them true, 2H6 v. i. 166 0': where is f.7 0'! where is loyalty?, H8 n. i. 143, Cæs. m. i. 137; esp. faithfulness in love, true

love (freq.).

2 freq. used exclamatorily in by or on my faith, (in) good faith, in or i faith, faith (also faith); added to imperatives Err. vv. iv. 153, Ado I. i. 236, MND. I. ii. 50, Troll. vv. i. 51; to questions Tw. N. II. iv.

27, Ham. I. ii. 168.

faith'd: believed in Lr. 11, i. 72 Make thy words f. faithful (the meaning 'loyal' is the commonest; 2 cf. 'This is a faithful saying', 1 Timothy i. 15) 1 believing (in religion) R3 I. iv. 4. 2 true Meas, IV. iii. 135 a faithful verity. 3 (?) conscientious Ham. II. ii. 114.

faithfully (in Mer.V. v. i. 299 answer all things f.

is a formula used in the Court of King's Bench)
1 confidently Tim. III. ii. 46 wye it half so f.
2 assuringly AYL. II. vii. 195 whsper'd fullfully.
faithless: unbelieving Mer.V. II. v. 38 f. Jew;
disloyal John II. i. 230, H8 II. i. 123 f. service: not
to be trusted Meas. III. i. 135 O faithless coward t.

faitor: (properly) impostor, cheat: doubtful word in 2H4 II. iv. 171 (Q faters, Ff Fates), falchion: (properly) sword more or less curved with the edge on the convex side R3 I. ii. 94,

Lucr. 176, &c.

falcon: female hawk trained for the sport of hawking (contrast TERCEL) Mac. II. iv. 12, Ven. 1027. fall sb. (of the following less frequent S. uses, 1

and 2 are only S., 3 and 4 are obs.) shedding (of blood) H5 1. ii. 25.

2 downward stroke (of a sword) R3 v. iii. 112 a heavy f., Oth. 11. iii. 236 the clink and f. of swords.

3 ebb of the tide; phrase at f., at a low ebb Tim. и. ii. 215.

musical cadence Tw.N. 1. i. 4 a dying fall.

bout at wrestling AYL. I. ii. 219 You shall try but one full.

fall vb. (3 is used with various complements)

1 (of a river) to discharge itself, fig. Lucr. 653. 2 to shrink, become lean H5 v. ii. 167 A good leg will

fall; cf. fall away (below).

3 to come to be, get (into a condition), become Mer.V. IV. i. 267 I am fullen to this for you, Tw. N. IV. ii. 94 how fell you beside your five wits?, 2H6 I.
i. 254 be fall n at jurs, H8 II. i. 35 fell to himself (=regained self-control), Cas. IV. iii. 154 she fell distract.

4 to let fall, drop Tp. 11. i. 304 To f. it (viz. your hand) on Gonzalo, AYL. 111. v. 5 F-s not the axe upon the humbled neck, R3 v. iii. 136 f. thy edgeless sword, Lucr. 1551 every tear he f-s; to give birth to Mer.V. 1. iii. 89 Fall parti-colour'd lambs.

5 to happen, come to pass; also, to turn out (in a particular way) MND. v. i. 189, Mer.V. I. ii. 95 An the worst f. that ever fell, Caes. 111. i. 146, 243, Ham. 1V. vii. 70 It fulls right.

6 to happen to, befall John 1. i. 78 Fair f. the bones

that took the pains for me !, Ant. 111. vii. 39 No disgrace Shall full you, Ven. 472.

fall away = sense 2 (above) 1H4 III. iii. 1, 1H6 III. i. 192; fall down, to come to grief 2H4 IV. ii. 44; fall from, (1) to forsake the allegiance of, revolt from Ado I. i. 265 [257], John III. i. 320, Tim. IV. iii. 404; (2) pass, to have forfeited All'sW. v. i. 12, H8 III. i. 20, Ham. II. ii. 165 And be not from his reason fallen; fall in, to make up a quarrel Troil. m. i. 114; fall into, to come within the range of H8 III. ii. 341; fall off, to withdraw from allegiance, revolt 1H4 I. iii. 94, Lr. I. ii. 119, Cym. III. vii. 6 The fallen-off Britains; fall over, to go over to (the enemy) John III. i. 127; fall to, to apply oneself (to), begin (upon), set to (work), esp. to begin eating or fighting Tp. 1. i. 3, AYL. II. vii. 171, Shr. I. i. 38, 1H6 III. i. 90, Tit. 111. ii. 34.

fallacy: delusive notion, error Err. 11. ii. 190. fallible: liable to be erroneous Meas. III. i. 169 hopes that are f.; blunderingly used in Ant. v. ii. 257 (old edd. falliable).

falling sickness: epilepsy Cas. I. ii. 257. fallow: adj. uncultivated H5 v. ii. 44 her f. leas The darnel, hemlock... Doth voot upon ;—sb. arable land H5 v. ii. 54; ground ploughed and har-

fallow adj.<sup>2</sup>: of pale brownish or reddish yellow colour Wiv. 1. 6. 2 your fallow greyhound.

false: ?vb. or adj. in Cym. 11. iii. 74\*; if a vb. ?=betray their trust.

falsehood (obs. meanings are)

1 falseness, faithlessness, perfidy Tp. 1. ii. 95, Gent. IV. ii. 8 my f. to my friend, Wint. III. ii. 142 this is mere f., John III. i. 95, 277, Troil. IV. ii. 107

Make Cressid's name the very crown of falschood. 2 deception, imposture Meas. 111. ii. 303 [295], Ant.

I. i. 40, Sonn. exxxvii. 7.

falsely: wrongly John iv. ii. 198 f. thrust upon contrary feel, Oth. v. ii. 115 0! f., f. murder d, Sonn. extiviii. 4; perfidiously, treacherously Tp. II. i. 71, Meas. II. iv. 48, Cor. III. i. 59 laid f. P the plain way of his merit, Ham. II. ii. 67, borne in hand; improperly R3 v. iii. 252\* England's chair, where he is fulsely set.

falsify (once): to prove (expectations) to be ill-founded 1H4 i. ii. 233 falsify men's hopes. falsing: deceptive Err. ii. ii. 97.

fame sb.: common talk or report, rumour 1H6 II.

iii. 68 thou art no less than f. hath bruited, H8 I. iv. 66, Ant. II. ii. 169; personified Ado II. i. 223 I have played the part of Lady Fame. fame vb.: to speak abroad the fame of, make re-

nowned Troil. II. iii. 256\*, Sonn. lxxxiv. 11.

fam'd for: reported as being 3H6 iv. vi. 26, familiar: adj. ('intimate,' 'friendly' is the most common meaning)

belonging to the household or family, domestic, household Wiv. I. i. 21 a f. beast to man, Oth. II. iii. 315 good wine is a good familiar creature.

2 well-known H5 1. i. 47 F. as his garter, III. vii. 40, Cym. v. v. 94 His favour is function to me.

3 current, habitual, ordinary, (hence) trivial Wiv. 1. iii. 49, Meas. 1. iv. 31, H5 IV. iii. 52 our names, F. in his mouth as household words, Cas. III. i. 266 dreadful objects [shall be] so familiar.

4 plain, easily understood LLL. I. ii. 9 a familiar

demonstration, Troil. III. iii. 113.

5 f. spirit, a demon supposed to be in association with or under the power of a man, and to attend at his call 1H6 v. iii. 10 Now, ye f. spirits, Sonn. lxxxvi. 9.

sb. intimate friend LLL. v. i. 104; familiar or attendant spirit LLL. 1. ii. 180, 1H6 III. ii. 122, 2H6 IV. vii. 113 he has a f. under his tongue.

famine: hunger, starvation 2H6 IV. x. 64, Mac. v. v. 40, Cym. 111. vi. 19.

famous: notorious Shr. 1. ii. 257, Wint. 111, iii. 11, 2H4 IV. iii. 70, Ant. 1. iv. 48 famous pirates. famoused: renowned Sonn. xxv. 9.

famously: with renown R3 II. iii. 19; gloriously, splendidly Cor. I. i. 38.

fan sb.: motion of the air such as is made by a fan Troil. v. iii. 41 the f. and wind of your fair sword. fan vb.: fig. from the winnowing of corn Cym. 1. vi. 177 The love I bear him Made me to f. you thus.

fanatical: extravagant LLL, v. i. 20.

fancy sb. (2 the commonest S. sense) 1 fantasticalness LLL. 1. i. 169, Ham. 1. iii. 71 Costly thy habit... But not express'd in fancy.

2 amorous inclinion, love Mer.V. 111, ii. 63 Tell me where is f. bred, AYL, 111, v. 29, Tw.N. 11, iv. 33 Our funcies are more giddy and unfirm . . . Than women's are, Oth. 111. iv. 64; used for 'one in love' Compl. 61, 197.

3 musical composition in an impromptu style Shr.

ш. іі. 71, 2Н4 ш. іі. 346.

fancy vb. (the only S. sense): to love, fall in love with Gent. III. i. 67, Shr. II. i. 12, 2H6 I. iii. 97; with a thing as object Shr. II. i. 16; intr. Tw. N. 11. v. 30 should she f., it should be one of my complexion, Troil, v. ii. 162.

fancy-free: free from the power of love MND, II. i. 164 In maiden meditation, f. fancy-monger: one who deals in love AYL. III. ii. 387. fancy-

sick: love-sick MND. III. ii. 96.

fane: temple Cor. 1. x. 20, Cym. 1v. ii. 242

fang sb. (old edd. phang): canine tooth, tisk: also fig. AYL. II. i. 6 the icy fang... of the winter's wind, Tw.N. I. v. 197 the very fangs of malice. fang vb. (old edd. phang): to seize Tim. IV. iii. 23

Destruction fang mankind. fanged (not pre-S.): having fangs Ham. III. iv. 203

adders fang'd. fangled: fond of finery or foppery Cym. v. iv. 134

our fangled world.

fantasied: full of (strange) fancies John IV. ii. 144. fantastic (cf. next word

imaginary R2 1. iii, 299.

fanciful, capricious Gent. 11. vii. 47, Ven. 850 the humour of f. wits; (said of things) extravagant, grotesque Meas. II. ii. 121 f. tricks, Troil. v. v. 38 Mad and f. execution, Ham. IV. vii. 169 f. garlands.

fantastical (3 the common S. sense)

I = FANTASTIC I, Mac. I. iii. 53, 139.
2 imaginative Tw.N. I. i. 15.
3 = FANTASTIC 2, Meas. III. ii. 100 a mad f. trick, Ado II. i. 80 like a Scotch jig, and full as f., Oth. II. i. 227 telling her fantastical lies. fantastically: oddly, strangely 2H4 III. ii. 338

a head fantastically carved, H5 ii. iv. 27. fantastico: absurd, irrational person Rom. п. iv. 31 (Q1 -icoes; other old edd. phantacies, -asies).

fantasy (contrast FANCY sb.)

1 delusive imagination, hallucination 1H4 v. iv. 137 ' is it f. That plays upon our eyesight?, Ham. I. i. 54\* Is not this something more than fantasy?.
2 imagination Wiv. v. v. 57 the organs of her f.,

MND. v. i. 5, AYL. II. iv. 31\*, Rom. I. iv. 99 Begot of nothing but vain f., Cass. II. i. 197, III. iii. 2.

3 product or figment of the imagination, fanciful image, fancy MND. II. i. 258 full of hateful f-ies, John v. vii. 18 legions of strange f-ies, Cas. II. i. 231 no figures nor no funtasies.

4 caprice, whim Rom. 11. iv. 31, Ham. Iv. iv. 61 for a fantasy and trick of fame, Oth. III. iii. 299. fap: drunk Wiv. I. i. 184.

far: (?) comparative in Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 444 Far than Deucalion off (F1 Farre).

farced: stuffed out with pompous phrases H5 IV.

i. 283 The farced title running 'fore the king. fardel, farthel: bundle, pack Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 729, &c., Ham. III. i. 76.

fare: state of things John v. vii. 35 ill fare, 3H6

II. i. 95 What fare? (= What cheer?).

far-fet: lit. far-fetched, = deeply laid or cunningly devised 2H6 III. i. 293 his f. policy. ¶ The sb. 'far-fetch' was in use 1560-1680 in the sense of 'deeply-laid or cunning stratagem'.

farm sb.: in farm, on a lease R2 II. i. 257.

farm vb.: to rent (land) Ham. IV. iv. 20; to let or

lease (land) R2 I. iv. 45.

farrow: properly, a litter of pigs; in Mac. IV. i. 65
Her nine farrow is used in sing, with numeral to indicate the number of young.

farthest: at the f., at latest Mcr.V. II. ii. 125 (F1). farthingale, fardingale: hooped petticoat Gent. 11. vii. 51, Wiv. III. iii. 69, Shr. IV. iii. 56.

fashion sb. (the commoner S. meanings are 'shape, make', 'manner, way', 'prevailing custom', 'conventional usage')

1 kind, sort Gent. v. iv. 61 Thou friend of an ill f. Wint. III. ii. 105, Per. IV. ii. 84 gentlemen of all f-s; phr. in f. to, of a kind to Mer.V. I. ii. 23.

2 mere form, pretence Mer.V. iv. i. 18. fashion vb. (I rare outside S.)

1 to contrive, manage MND, 111, ii, 194 To f. this false sport, 1H4 r. iii, 298 As I will f. if, 0th. v., ii, 242 which I will f. to fall out between theelve and one. 2 to make (something) of a specified shape or form;

esp. constr. with complement Ado 111. iii. 141 fing them like Pharaoh's soldiers in the reechy painting, 1H6 III. iii. 65, Cæs. II. i. 30 Fashion it

thus, Lr. 1. ii. 206 All with me's meet that I can f. it. 3 to change, transform Cas. 11. i. 220\* Ill f. him

(or ?=I'll shape him to my purpose).
4 to counterfeit, pervert Ado 1. iii. 30 to f. a carriage to rob love from any, H5 1. ii. 14 That you should f., wrest, or bow your reading.

5 to adapt, accommodate to Gent. III. i. 135 How shall If. me to wear a cloak?, Ado v. iv. 88 A halling sonnet . . . Fashion'd to Beatrice.

fashion-monger: one who studies and follows the fashion Rom. II. iv. 35; so fashion-monging (QF<sub>1</sub>), -mongering (Ff<sub>234</sub> mongring) Adov. i. 94. fashions [corruption of 'farcin']: disease of horses

closely allied to glanders Shr. 111. ii. 54.

fast (rare use): fasting, abstinence Meas. I. ii. 135

surfeit is the father of much fast.

fast adj. (the sense 'rapid, quick' occurs)

1 (of sleep) deep, sound Mac. v. i. 9; also = fast
asleep Rom. IV. v. 1. 2 firmly adhering to Oth. I. iii. 369 f. to my hopes,

Cym. I. vi. 138 fast to your affection. 3 shut close H8 v. ii. 3 All fast?.

fast adv.: close (by) Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 514, 2H6 III. fast vb.: past tense fast Cym. iv. ii. 347, representing older 'faste', Anglo-Saxon 'faste'. fasten upon: to induce to accept Oth. II. iii. 51 f.

but one cup upon him.

fasten'd: settled, confirmed Lr. II. i. 79.

fast-lost: lost through a fast Tim. II. ii. 181.

fastly: rapidly Compl. 61. fat: old form of 'vat'.

fat (1 a use app. peculiar to S., but 'fat mist' occurs in the 17th cent.)

close, stuffy 1H4 II. iv. 1 that fat room. slow-witted, dull, gross LLL. III. i. 110 a fat Venvoy, v. ii. 269, Tw.N. v. i. 113 fat and fulsome to mine ear, Ham. I. v. 32.

fatal (1 the Parcae or Fates were called 'the fatal dames' or 'ladies'

concerned with or fraught with destiny H5 v. i. 21 Parca's f. web, 3H6 IV. ii. 21.

2 foreboding mischief, ominous 1H6 III. i. 194 that f. prophecy, 3H6 II. vi. 56 that f. screech-oul, Cas. v. i. 88, Mac. I. v. 40.

fat-brained: heavy-witted H5 III. vii. 148.

fate sb. (special use): what one is destined to achieve H5 II. iv. 64, Ant. III. xi. [xiii, ]169. fate vh.; to destine All'sW. Iv. iv. 20; so fated, (1) destined to Tp. I. ii. 129, Lr. III. iv. 67, Oth. III. iii. 276; (2) invested with the power of destiny All's W. I. i. 236.

father sb.: the friend or relative that 'gives away' a bride at the altar Ado v. iv. 15. ¶ Till recently termed 'father-in-church' in Warwickshire and Oxfordshire.

father vb.: Ado I. i. 116 f-s herself, shows who her father is.

father-in-law: stepfather R3 v. iii. 82.

fatherly: as a father Cym. II. iii, 39. fathom (old edd. fadom, the orig. meaning is 'the embracing arms', hence 'stretching the arms in a straight line' (of which 1 is a fig. use), hence 'measure of 6 feet')

fig. grasp of intellect Oth. I. i. 153 Another of his f. pl. depths Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 501 all . . . the pro-

found sea hides In unknown futhoms.

fathomless: that cannot be embraced by the arms Troil. II. ii. 30 a waist most fathomless. fathom-line: sounding-line 1H4 1, iii. 204.

fatigate ppl. (not post-S.): fatigued Cor. II. ii. 122. fat-kidneyed: gross 1H4 II. ii. 6.

fatness: grossness Ham. III. iv. 153. fatting vbl. sb.: growing fat R3 I. iii. 314.

fat-witted: dull-witted 1H4 r. ii. 2.

faucet: kind of tap for drawing liquor from a barrel; only in faucet-seller Cor. 11. i. 80 (Ff<sub>123</sub> Forset, F<sub>4</sub> Fauset, mod. edd. fosset). ¶ 'Faucet' is the common spelling from the 14th cent. onwards. fault (2 and the sense 'defect, imperfection' are

the most freq. S. meanings; 4? only S.) lack, want, in phr. for f. of, in the absence of, for want of Wiv. 1. iv. 17, 2H4 II. ii. 47, Rom. II.

iv. 132

2 something wrongly done; also in obs. phr. do or make a f., commit an offence Wiv. v. v. 9, Wint. III. ii. 218, R2 I. ii. 5, Lucr. 804, Sonn. xxxv. 5. 3 (in hunting) a break in the line of scent, loss of

scent Tw. N. II. v. 142 the cur is excellent at f-s. :

phr. cold fault, cold or lost scent Shr. Ind. 1. 20, Ven. 694.

4 misfortune Wiv. 1. i. 96, III. iii. 232, Per. IV. ii. 79. faultful: culpable Lucr. 715. [iii. 75. faulty: guilty 1H4 III. ii. 27, 2H6 III. ii. 202, H8 v. fauset: see faucet.

Faustus: the famous German magician made familiar in England by Marlowe, Wiv. IV. v. 71. favour (obs. or archaic senses are the foll.; 4 and 5 were very common in the 15th-16th cent.)

leave, permission, pardon LLL. III. i. 70 By thy f.,

have grace and favour in them.

4 appearance, aspect, look John v. iv. 50 the f. and the form Of this most fair occasion, H5 v. ii. 63, Caes. 1. iii. 129 the complexion of the element In f-'s + like the work we have in hand (Ff Is Fauors,

like, some mod. edd. is f-ed), Lr. 1. iv. 260.
5 countenance, face Meas. Iv. ii. 34 a good f. you have, Troil. 1. ii. 99 a brown f., Ham. v. i. 213, Sonn. exiii. 10 if it see . . . The most sweet f. or deformed'st creature; pl. features 1H4 III. ii. 136, Lr. III. vii. 40.

favourable (obs. use): gracious, kindly 2H4 IV. V.

2 some dull and favourable hand.

favoured †: featured Cas. I. iii. 129; see FAVOUR 4. favouring: kindly Ant. Iv. viii. 23 thy f, hand.
fawn sb.!: young fallow deer AYL. II. vii. 128.
fawn sb.!: service eringe Cor. III. ii. 67.
fawn vb.: to wag the tail with delight or fondness
R3 I. iii. 290, Cas. v. i. 41, Lucr. 421 As the grim

lion f-eth o'er his prey; fig. to wheedle, cringe (freq.).

fay: faith Ham. II. ii. 276 by my fay.

fealty: obligation of fidelity on the part of a feudal tenant or vassal to his lord R2 v. ii. 45; (hence gen.) fidelity, loyalty Gent. 11. iv. 92.

fear sb. (3 in some exx.? = ground of alarm, as in Psalm liii. 6 (Prayer-book) 'They were afraid

where no fear was'

dread, alarm, apprehension; phr. give or put f. to, make timid, intimidate Meas. 1. iv. 62, Ven. 1158; for f. of trust (= fearing to trust myself) Sonn. xxiii. 5; Upon the foot of f., in flight 1H4 v. v. 20; out of f., (i) for fear 1H4 iv. iii. 7, (ii) without fear 1H4 iv. i. 135 I am out of fear 0f death (cf. MND.

111. i. 23 this will put them out of fear).

2 formidableness, dreadfulness AYL. I. ii. 189 the f. of your adventure, 3H6 II. vi. 5, Cas. II. i. 190,

Cym. III. iv. 9 put thyself Into a haviour of less f. 3 object of dread, something to be feared MND. v. i. 21 imagining some f., 1H4 I. iii. 87, 2H4 I. i. 95, Ham. III. iii. 25.

fear vb. (1 was the orig. meaning of the vb. in Anglo-Saxon; 2 is now used only intr.)

1 to frighten, scare Meas. II. i. 2 a scarecrow. . . . to f. the birds of prey, Shr. I. ii. 214 f. boys with bugs, 3H6 v. ii. 2 Warwick was a bug that f-'d us all, Lr. III. v. 4 How...I may be censured, ... something fears me to think of.

2 to be apprehensive or concerned about, (hence) mistrust, doubt Wiv. IV. iv. 80, Err. IV. iv. 1 F. me not, man; I will not break away, Ado III. i. 31 F. you not my part of the dialogue, Shr. IV. iv. 10, R3 1. i. 137 his physicians f. him mightily, Cor. 111. ii. 126, Ham. IV. v. 122.

3 to be afraid of Sonn. cxv. 9.

fearful: about equally freq. in (1) the objective sense 'dreadful, terrible' and (2) the subjective, 'timorous, apprehensive'; f. of oceas. = concerned about 3H6 v. vi. 87 f. of his life.

feast: to keep holiday, enjoy oneself (S.) Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 359, 2H4 III. i. 59, Per. I. iv. 107.

feast-finding: hunting for banquets Lucr. 817. feast-won: won by a feast Tim. 11. ii. 181.

feat: adj. adroit, dexterous Cym. v. v. 88 A page ... So f., so nurse-like; neat, trim Tp. 11, i. 281 [273]; — adv. neatly Compl. 48 With sleided silk f. and affectedly Enswath'd.

feat vb.: (?) to constrain to propriety Cym. 1. i. 49\* A sample to the youngest, to the more mature A gluss that feated them (featur'd \( \dagger, fear'd).

feather (in Tw.N. 111. i. 72 almost = bird)

1 kind of plumage 3H6 III. iii. 161 birds of self-same f.; fig. of that f., of such a kind Tim. 1. i. 101. pl. wings John IV. ii. 174 set f-s to thy heets, Rom.

L. iv. 20 To soar with his light f-s, Lucr. 1216. used with ref. to the wearing of plumes in hats H81. iii. 25 those remnants Of fool and f.; so plume

Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 176.

feature: shape or form of body Tp. III. i. 52 how f-s are abroad, Gent. II. iv. 74 complete in f. and in mind, H8 III. ii. 50, Ham. III. i. 168, Sonn. exiii. 12; shapeliness, comeliness R3 I. i. 19 Cheated of f. by dissembling nature. of 'lineaments of the face' is not S.

featur'd: shaped Ado III. i. 60, Sonn. xxix. 6. featureless (not pre-S.): ugly Sonn. xi. 10.

fedary (S.): confederate, accomplice Meas. II. iv. 123 (F<sub>1</sub> fedarie, Ff<sub>234</sub> feodary), Cym. III. ii. 21 (Ff Fædarie), Wint. II. i. 89 (F<sub>1</sub> Federarie, ? a misprint or a scholarly correction).

federary: see preceding word.

fee sb. (1 phrases derived from the sense of inheritance in land)

in fee, (to be held) in absolute possession Ham. IV. iv. 22 should it be sold in fee; - at a pin's fee, at a pin's value Ham. 1. iv. 65.

2 sum which a public officer is authorized to demand as payment for the exercise of his functions; fig. 2H6 iii. ii. 217 I should rob the deathsman of his fee.

3 remuneration paid to a professional man Mer. V.

1v. i. 424, Rom. 1. iv. 74, Lr. 1. i. 166, Ven. 609. 4 perquisite 3H6 111. i. 22 a deer whose skin's a keeper's fee.

payment, recompense Ado 11. ii. 54, R3 1. ii. 170, Ham. II. ii. 73 three thousand crowns in annual f. 6 bribe John 11. i. 170.

fee vb.: to employ, make use of (an opportunity), as one would a servant Wiv. II. ii. 208

feed sb.: feeding-ground, pasture-land AYL. 11. iv. 84 bounds of feed; food-fodder Tit. 1v. iv. 92 [sheep] rotted with delicious feed.

feed pple.: hired Tw.N. 1. v. 305 no feed post. feeder: one dependent on another for food, (hence) servant AYL. II. iv. 100, Tim. II. ii. 169, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 109.

feeding: food 2114 1. i. 10 a horse Full of high f., Cor. v. i. 56 wine and f., Sonn. exviii. 6 To bitter sauces did I frame my f.; pasture Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 169. Tcf. feet sb. fee-farm: kind of tenure by which land is held in

fee-simple subject to a perpetual fixed rent, fig. in phrase in fee-farm Troil. III. ii. 51.

fee-grief: grief that has a particular owner Mac. IV. iii. 196 a fee-grief Due to some single breast.

feel: to test, sound H5 IV. i. 132 to f. other men's minds, Lr. I. ii. 97 to f. my affection to your honour. feeling vbl. sb. (the sense 'sensibility, suscepti-bility', e.g. LLL. IV. ii. 30, is not pre-S.; the foll.

are obs. or rare)

1 experience Meas. III. ii. 129, LLL. III. i. 120. 2 what is felt to belong to a thing, impression pro-

duced by it R2 1. iii. 301\*

feeling ppl. adj.: (in passive sense) deeply felt, heartfelt Wint. iv. i. [ii.] 8 f. sorrows, Rom. iii. v. 75 such a f. loss, Lr. iv. vi. 227 known and f. sorrones.

feelingly (1 arises from the meaning 'with just perception, understandingly'; 2 not pre-S.)

1 appropriately, to the purpose Meas. I. ii. 37, Tw.N. II. iii. 175 most f. personated, Ham. v. ii. 114. 2 with feeling or emotion Lucr. 1112, 1492.

3 so as to be felt or leave an impression AYL. II. i.

11, Lr. iv. vi. 153.

fee-simple: estate belonging to the owner and his heirs for ever 2H6 IV. x. 28 the lord of the soil come to seize me for a stray, for entering his f. without leave; usu, fig. = absolute possession Wiv. IV. ii. 229 if the devil have him not in f., All'sW. IV. iii. 314, Rom. III. i. 35 buy the f. of my life, Compl. 144. feign: to relate in fiction, fable Mer. V. v. i. 80,

3H6 I. ii. 31 all that poets feign of bliss and joy. feigning (3 the sense 'sing softly, hum' was in

use in the 15th-16th cent.

1 inventive, imaginative AYL. III. iii. 22 the truest poetry is the most feigning.

2 deceitful MND. 1. i. 31 feigning love. 3 singing softly MND. 1. i. 31 feigning voice.

felicitate pple. (S.): made happy Lr. 1. i. 77. fell sb.: skin Lr. v. iii. 24 flesh and f. (used quasiadv. = entirely); covering of hair or wool, fleece

AYL. III. ii. 56, Mac. v. v. 11 fell adj.: fierce, cruel (freq.); hot, angry MND. 11. i. 20 Oberon is passing fell and wrath.

fellow sb. (5 in 14th cent. implied polite condescension = 'comrade', 'my friend'; in S.'s time this notion had disappeared, but the word when ad-dressed to a servant does not seem to have necessarily implied haughtiness or contempt, though its application to one not greatly inferior was a gross insult)

1 companion, associate (freq.) Tp. III. iii. 60; also attrib. AYL. III. ii. 378, Ham. I. ii. 177. 2 partaker, sharer of Wint. III. ii. 39. 3 consort, spouse Tp. III. i. 84\*.

3 consort, spouse 1p. In. 1. c. 1. 4 equal, match MND. IV. i. 39 good hay... hath no fellow, Cass. v. iii. 101, Mac. II. iii. 69. 5 customary title of address to a servant LLL. IV. i. 103 Thou, f., a word, R3 III. ii. 105 Gramercy, f.: there, drink that for me, Rom. 1. ii. 58 Good den, good fellow.

fellow vb.: to be a 'fellow' to Wint. I. ii. 143. fellowly: sympathetic Tp. v. i. 64.

fellowship (see also GOOD-FELLOWSHIP)

1 partnership, membership MND. I. i. 85 everlasting

bond of f., Ham. III. ii. 294 a f. in a cry of players. participation, sharing (in an action, &c.) Tim. v. ii. 12 His fellowship i the cause against your city.

11. 12 It's Jetowship 1 the cause against your city.

3 companionship, company LLL, Iv. iii, 49 sweet f.

in shame, John III, iv. 3 disjoin'd from f., Cor. v. iii.

175, Oth. II. i. 93 Parted our f., Lucr. 790 f. in woe.

4 intercourse H8 III. i. 120 all the f. I hold now with

him, Ham. II. ii. 300 by the rights of our f.

felonious: wicked, criminal 2H6 III, i. 129. ¶ The

technical legal sense relating to felony is post-S, female: womanish, effeminate R2 III. ii. 114 their female joints.

femetary: old spelling of FUMITORY H5 v. ii. 45.

femiter: see FUMITER.

fence sb. (2 occurs only once)

1 art of fencing Ado v. i. 75, John n. i. 290. 2 defence 3H6 iv. i. 44.

fence vb.: to defend, shield, protect 3H6 II. vi. 75,

III. iii. 98, Tim. iv. i. 3, Lucr. 63. fennel: fragrant yellow-flowered perennial, Faeniculum vulgare, used in fish-sauces, and regarded as an emblem of flattery 2H4 II. iv. 267 eats conger

and fennel, Ham. IV. v. 179. fenny: inhabiting marshland Mac. IV. i. 12. fen-suck'd: drawn up from marshes Lr. II. iv. 169.

feedary: see FEDARY.
fere: spouse Tit. IV. i. 89 the woeful fere... of that

... dame, Per. I. Gower 21 (Qq Peere, Ff34 Peer). fern-seed: 'seed' of the fern, once supposed to be invisible and capable of communicating its invisibility to any one who possessed it 1H4 II. i. 96. ferret: to worry H5 IV. iv. 30. fertile: abundant Tw.N. I. v. 276 f. tears. ¶ In

2H4 IV. iii. 132\* f. sherris perhaps = promoting

fertility (fig.).

fertile-fresh: with luxuriant foliage Wiv. v. v. 74. fervency: eagerness Ant. II. v. 18. [III. i. 6. festinate: hasty Lr. III. vii. 10; festinately LLL. festival: like a feast-day John III. i. 76 kept f.;

joyful Ado v. ii. 42 woo in festival terms. fet: fetched H5 III. i. 18, R3 II. ii. 121 (Qq fetcht).

Cf. deep-fet, far-fet.

fetch sb.: dodge, trick Ham. II. i. 38, Lr. II. iv. 90. fetch vb. (3 trans. from the phrase 'fetch a blow')

1 f. and carry, said orig. of dogs, hence fig. to run backwards and forwards with news, tales, &c. Gent. III. i. 276 her master's maid . . . hath more qualities than a water-spaniel . . . She can f. and carry.

2 to draw. derive, borrow from a source Meas. III. i. 80, R2 I. i. 97, 2H4 II. ii. 130, H5 II. ii. 116 forms, being f-'d From glistering semblances of piety, Oth. I. ii. 21 I f. my life and being From men of royal siege.

3 to deal a blow at Per. 11. i. 17 I'll f. thee with a

4 to perform (a movement) Mer.V. v. i. 73 F-ing mad bounds, Cym. I. i. 81 I'll f. a turn about the garden.

fetch about: to take a roundabout course John IV. ii. 24; fetch in, (1) to close in upon, surround Ant. IV. i. 14, Cym. IV. ii. 141; (2) to take in, cheat Ado I. i. 233 [225]; fetch off, to do for, get the better of Wint. I. ii. 334, 2H4 III. ii. 327.

fettle: to make ready, prepare Rom. III. v. 154. fever vb. (not pre-S.); to throw into a fever Ant. III. xi. [xiii, ] 138 The white hand of a ludy f, thee. feverous; feverish Meas. III., 1, 13 a f, bife, Troil. III.ii, 36 a fev rous pulse, Cor. I. iv, 61, Mac. II. iii, 67.

few: in few, in a few words, in short Tp. 1. ii. 144, Meas. 111. i. 236, H5 1. ii. 245, Ham. 1. iii. 126.

fewness: only in F. and truth, in few words and truly Meas. I. iv. 39.

fico: Italian for 'fig' Wiv. I. iii. 31. Cf. FIGO. fiddlestick: the devil rides upon a f., here's a fine

commotion! 1H4 ii. iv. 543 [535]

fidelity: by my f., upon my word Wiv. rv. ii. 164. fidiused: jocular formation on the name Aufidius Cor. II. i. 146.

field (1 a freq. sense, 4 common in lit. sense)

1 open country MND. II. i. 96, Ven. 8.

2 country as opposed to town MND. II. i. 238 in the
town, the field, III. ii. 398, Cor. II. ii. 126.

3 land as opposed to water Oth. 1. iii. 135 by flood and field, Ven. 454.

4 battle-ground, scene of war (fig.) Ven. 108 Making

my arms his field.
5 battle Mer.V. 11. i. 26 won three f-s, 1H4 v. v. 16

How goes the f., 1H6 v. iii. 12 get the f., 3H6 III. ii. 1 at Saint Alban's field . . . was slain, Lucr. 1430. 6 expanse (of sky) Per. 1. i. 37 yon field of stars.

surface of an escutcheon on which the charge is displayed Lucr. 58; ?in 2H6 iv. ii. 56 with play on sense 1; fig. (with play on sense 4) Lucr. 72 This silent war of lilies and roses, . . . in her fair face's field.

8 green f., green cloth of a counting-house; ? the meaning in H5 II. iii. 18 his nose was as sharp as a pen, and (? read on) a table of green f-s, where Theobald's emendation a' babbled † o' green f-s is

generally accepted.

field-bed: bed in the open field Rom. II. i. 40.

fielded: engaged in battle Cor. 1. iv. 12. fierce (2 cf. 'fierce credulity,' 'fierce flattery,' Ben Jonson)

proud, haughty 2H6 IV. ix. 45 he is f. and cannot

brook hard language.

2 wild, extravagant, excessive MND. IV. i. 75 the f. vexation of a dream, H8 1. i. 54 f. vanities, Tim. iv. ii. 30 the f. wretchedness that ylory brings us, Cym. v. v. 383 This fierce abridgement. fife: in Mer.V. ii. v. 30\* the wry-neck'd f., either

the instrument or the player. fift: old form of 'fifth' (Anglo-Saxon fifta), now

confined to dial, use.

fifteen:=fifteenth; a tax of one fifteenth formerly imposed on personal property 2H6 IV. vii. 24.

fig of Spain: contemptuous gesture consisting in thrusting the thumb between two of the closed fingers or into the mouth H5 III, vi. 62; hence fig vb., to insult (a person) by giving him the 'fig' 2H4 v. iii. 121.

fig's end: used scornfully as a substitute for some word just mentioned Oth. 11. i. 258 she is full of most blessed condition.—Blessed fig's end!

fight o'er: to fight one after another Tp. 111. iii. 103

I'll fight their legions o'er.

fights: kind of screen used during a naval engage-ment to conceal and protect the crew of the

ment to conceal and protect the crew of the vessel Wiv. II. ii. 144 up with your fights. figo: Spanish for 'fig' H5 III. vi. 60 f. for thy friendship, IV. i. 60 The flyo for thee. figure sb. (3 referred by some to the sense 'horoscope, diagram of the aspects of astrological houses

1 distinctive shape or appearance Ado 1. i, 15 doing

in the figure of a lamb the feats of a lion.

imaginary form, phantasm Wiv. IV. ii. 234 to scrape the f-s out of your husband's brains, Coes. II.

i. 231 no figures nor no fantasics.

(?) effigy Wiv. IV. ii. 189\* She works... by the figure (?=operates on a wax effigy of a person, for the

purpose of enchantment). 4 represented character, part enacted Tp. 111. iii. 83

Bravely the f. of this harpy hast thou Perform'd, written character Tim. v. i. 159 shall . . . write in thee the f-s of their love, v. iii. 7, Oth. 1. i. 62.

6 any of the various rhetorical forms of expression, which are adopted in order to give beauty, variety, or force Gent. 11. i. 156, LLL. 1. ii. 59, v. i. 68, Shr. 1. ii. 115, Ham. 11. ii. 98.

figure vb.: to picture in the mind, imagine Meas. I. ii. 56 Thou art always figuring diseases in me, Sonn. eviii. 2, Compl. 199.

2 to portray, represent R3 1. ii. 194 I would I knew thy heart.—'Tis figur'd in my tongue.

3 to prefigure, foreshow 3H6 II. i. 32 4 to be a symbol of, represent typically MND. 1. i. 237, 2H4 IV. i. 45.

file sb. (2 and 3 are not pre-Eliz.)

1 list, roll All'sW. IV. iii. 190 the muster-f., 2H4 I.

iii. 10, H8 1. i. 75 the f. Of all the gentry, Mac. 111. i. 95 the valu'd file.

2 the number of men constituting the depth from front to rear of a formation in line; often used loosely for 'ranks, numbers, army' All'sW. 111. iii. 9 Great Mars, I put myself into thy f., 1v. iii. 805 the doubling of f-s (=putting two files into one and so making the ranks smaller), Cor. v. v. [vi.] 34, Tim. v. ii. 1 are his f-s As full as thy report?, Ant. I. i. 3, IV. i. 12.

3 body (of persons), properly, a small one H8 I. ii. 42, v. iv. 60 a f. of boys, Cor. II. i. 26 us o' the righthand f. (=the patricians), Cym. v. iii. 30 ( three who are really active practically constitute the whole troop'); hence in phrases the greater f., the majority Meas. 111. ii. 148 The common f., the

common herd Cor. 1. vi. 43.

file vb.1: to rub smooth with a file Tw. N. III. iii. 5, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 626; (hence) to polish, refine neatly LLL. v. i. 12 his tongue [is] f-d, Tit. II. i. 123 she shall f. our engines with advice, Sonn. lxxxv. 4 precious phrase by all the Muses f-d (Q fil'd); in Sonn. lxxxvi. 13 some, after Malone, read fild, but Q has fild = filled.

file vb.2: to defile Mac. 111. i. 65 For Banquo's issue have I fil'd my mind.

file vb.3: to march in line, keep pace with H8 III. ii. 172 (Ff fill'd, as also Ff<sub>12</sub> in Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 626: see FILE vb.1).

fill sb.: pl. thills or shafts of a eart Troil. III. ii. 46;

ef. FILL-HORSE.

fill vb.: to satiate, satisfy H5 iv. i. 289, Tim. i. i. 271 to see meat fill knares, Sonn. Ivi. 5 fill Thy hungry eyes; also intr. to be satiated Ven. 548 ylutton-like she feeds, yet never filleth; fill up. (1) to come up to the measure of, equal LLL v. ii. 194 How many inches do fill up one mile; (2) to fulfil, satisfy Mer.V. IV. i. 160 comes . . . to fill up your Grace's request in my stead. fill-horse: shaft-horse Mer.V. 11. ii. 103 (old edd.

phil-, mod. thill-).

film sb.: fine thread, as of gossamer Rom. 1. iv. 64 (F<sub>1</sub> Qq *Philome*, others *filme*). [iv. 147. **film** vb. (not pre-S.): to cover with a film Ham. 111. filthy (1 is peculiar to S.)

1 murky, thick H5 III. iii. 31, Mac. 1. i. 12.

find (obsolete uses are the foll.)

1 f. forth = find out Err. 1. ii. 37, Mer. V. 1. i. 144. 2 to experience, feel Meas. 111. i. 78 f-s a pang, Cor. v. iii. 111 We must find An evident calamity.

to discover the true character of, esp. to discover the weakness of All'sW. II. iv. 34, v. ii. 47, 1114 I. iii. 3, H5 IV. i. 279 I am a king that f. thee (viz.

ceremony), Oth. II. i. 254. 4 to provide, furnish H5 I. ii. 72 To f. his title with some shows of truth.

find-fault: fault-finder H5 v. ii. 296. Survives

in Lancashire and Somerset. finding: thing found Wint. III. iii. 132.

fine sb. (3 extension of the sense 'pecuniary mulet')
1 end Ado I. i. 255 [247] the f. is, . . . I will live a
bachelor, All's W. Iv. iv. 35, Ham. v. i. 113 is this the f, of his f-s; esp. in the phrase in f., in the end, finally All'sW. III. vii. 19, 1H6 I. iv. 34, Ham. II. ii. 69, Lr. II. i. 50;—All'sW. IV. iv. 35 the f-'s the crown, probably a translation of the

Latin 'Finis coronat opus'.
2 amicable agreement of a fictitious suit for the possession of lands, formerly in vogue where the ordinary modes of conveyance were not available

or equally efficacious Ham. v. i. 112; f. and recovery, means by which an estate tail was converted into a fee-simple, hence = absolute ownership Wiv. IV. ii. 229, quibblingly in Err. 11. ii. 76.

3 penalty, punishment Meas. II. ii. 40, Cor. v. v. [vi.] fine adj. (the ordinary material senses occur; 5 or 6 is often blended with the sense of 'excellent,

admirable')

1 (of gold) containing a certain proportion of pure metal, specified in carats 2H4 IV. v. 160 Other [gold], less fine in carat.

2 (of wine) clear 2H4 v. iii. 46. 3 consummate, egregious Wiv. v. i. 19 the f-st mad

devil of jealousy, Oth. IV. i. 153 a fine fool.
4 highly accomplished or skilful Shr. I. ii. 177 A f. musician, Cæs. 1. i. 10 a f. workman, Ant. 11. vi. 63 your fine Egyptian cookery.

5 exquisitely fashioned, delicately beautiful Tp. 1. ii. 317 F. apparation, LLL. 1. i. 63 some mistress f., Rom. 11. i. 19 her f. foot, Ham. 11. ii. 476 [467] more

handsome than fine.

6 refined, delicate, subtle (in various applications) Ado III. iv. 22, LLL. I. ii. 59, AYL. III. ii. 363 Four accent is something f-r, All'SW. v. iii. 273 thou art too f. in thy evidence, 1H4 IV. i. 2 if speak-

ing truth In this f. age were not thought flattery.
fine adv.: delicately, subtly Cym. 1. i. 84 How f. this
tyrant Can tickle where she wounds; mincingly LLL. v. i. 22 to speak dout, f., when he should say,

doubt. fine vb.!: to bring to an end Lucr. 936\* Time's office

is to fine the hate of foes. fine vb.2 (2 cf. FINE sb3)

1 to pay as a fine or penalty H5 IV. vii. 73 I have find these bones of mine for ransom.
2 to punish Meas. II. ii. 40 To f. the faults. III. i. 113, R2 II. i. 248 the nobles hath he f-'d For ancient

fine-baited: subtly alluring Wiv. II. i. 98.

fineless (S. coinagé): infinite Oth, 111. iii. 173. fineness: subtlety Troil. 1. iii. 209. finger vb.: to pilfer, filch 3H6 v. i. 44, Ham. v. ii. 15 Finger'd their pocket.

finical: excessively particular in dress Lr. II. ii. 19 glass-gazing . . . finical roque. finish: to die Ant. v. ii. 192, Cym. v. v. 36, 413. Finsbury: 'Finsbury Fields outside Moorgate were the archery ground of the Londoners, and a favourite resort of citizens and their wives 1H4 III. i. 256.

firago: meant for 'virago', which does not otherwise occur Tw.N. III. iv. 305. fre: phrases:—give f., discharge a volley Wiv. II. ii. 145; fig. Lucr. 1604 Three times with sighs she gives her sorrow f.:—give the f., give the order to discharge a volley, fig. Gent. II. iv. 39 A f. volley of words ... you gave the f.:—put one's finger in the f., meddle with dangerous matter Wiv. I. iv. 91.

fire-drake: properly, fiery dragon, or fiery meteor; applied to a man with a red nose H8 v. iv. 46. fire-eyed (1H4 vv. i. 114, Rom. III. i. 130 Q1 only) and fire-new (LLL. I. i. 177, R3 I. iii, 256, Lr. v. iii, 134) are not pre-S; fire-robed (Wint. Iv. iii, [iv.] 29) is app. only S., and fire-work(s in the sense of 'pyrotechnic display' is not pre-S. firk: to beat, trounce H5 iv. iv. 29, 33. firm: well-ascertained, certain Mer.V. iv. i. 53.

first (senses 3 (i) and 3 (ii), although really distinct,

cannot always be separated) in heraldry the f. = the colour first mentioned in

blazoning a coat of arms (fig.) MND. III. ii. 213 Two of the f.+, like coats in heraldry (old edd. f. life).

2 (one's) f., the beginning or outset (of one's period

of life, action, &c.) Tim. 1. i. 119 from my f., Mac. v. ii. 11 their f. of manhood, Ham. 11. ii. 61 Upon our f., Lr. v. iii. 290 your f. of difference and decay. 3 at first, also at the f. in senses (i) and (ii):
(i) at the outset, in the first stage, on the first occasion, (hence) originally Gent. 11. vi. 9, 111. i. 95 Wint iii 328 1148 m. i. 1 pr. i. 121 th their

95, Wint. I. ii. 336, 1H6 m. i. 51, iv. i. 121 let it rest vehere it began at f., R3 v. iii. 311, Ham. II. ii. 192 he knew me not at f., Oth. II. iii. 361; also at f. and last, from beginning to end 1H6 v. v. 102, Mac. III. iv. 1; since at f., ever since, from the time when Err. II. ii. 5, Sonn. lix. 8;

when EIT. II. II. J., Soull. IIX. 5; (ii) from the beginning, directly, at once Mer.V. IV. i. 68 Every offence is not a hate ut f., Shr. v. ii. 68 To come at f. when he doth send for her, Cym. I. iv. 117, II. v. 15, Ven. 250, Sonn. xc. 12; (iii) before others Cor. I. i. 137 True is it... That

I receive the general food at first.

first-conceived: first heard 2H6 III. ii. 44. [147. firstlings: first-fruits Troil. Prol. 27, Mac. IV. i. fist: to punch 2H4 II. i. 25, Cor. IV. v. 131, Per. IV. vi. 182.

fit sb.: paroxysm of lunacy, formerly regarded as a periodic disease Err. IV. iii. 91, Tit. IV. i. 17, Ham. IV. i. 8; fit of the fuce, grimace H8 I. iii. 7; applied to critical times Cor. III. ii. 33 The riolent fit o' the time, Mac. IV. ii. 17 The fits o' the season. fit adj. (2 now only dial. exc. with 'for' or 'to')

1 of the right measure or size, well fitting Gent. IV.
iv. 169, LLL. IV. i. 50 One o' these maids' girdles for
your waist should be fit, All'sW. I. i. 114, Cym. IV.
i. 2 How fit his garments seree me!; fig. All'sW.
II. ii. 21 Will your answer serve fit to all questions?, Ham. IV. v. 10, Lr. I. ii. 206 All with me's meet that I can fashion fit.

prepared, ready Meas. III. i. 268, Mer.V. v. i. 85 fit for treasons, Cor. 1. iii. 48 We are fit to bid her

welcome, Oth. III. iv. 165.

fit vb. (obs. uses are as follows)

1 to be fitting or suitable Rom. I. v. 79 It fits, when such a villain is a guest.

2 to agree or harmonize with Tit. III. i. 265 it fits not with this hour, Lr. III. ii. 76; construed with to John v. vi. 19.

3 to be suitable for, answer the requirements of Wiv. II. i. 165 she'll fit it.

4 to furnish (a person with something) Gent. II. vii. 42 fit me with such weeds, Ado I. i. 329 [321], All's W.

II. i. 93 T'll fit you, H8 II. i. 99, Cym. v. v. 21.

fitchew: polecat Troil. v. i. 67, Lr. iv. vi. 125;
used as a term of contempt 0th, iv. i. 148.

fitful: marked by fits or paroxysms Mac. III. ii. 23
life's f. fever. Used once by S., the earliest
authority for the word, and popularized in various applications by mod. writers.

fitly: at a fitting time Tim. III. iv. 113, Lr. 1. ii. 190

I will fitly bring you to hear my lord speak, fitment (not pre-S.; the S. exx. are the only instances till the 19th cent., when the word is used in the sense of 'fittings')

1 preparation Cym. v. v. 410. 2 duty Per. iv. vi. 6.

fitness: readiness, inclination (S.) Ham. v. ii. 209\*
if his fitness speaks, mine is ready (Q2).
fitted: driven as by fits or paroxysms out of a place

Sonn. exix. 7

five-finger-tied: (?) exaggerated expression for 'tied very securely' Troil. v. ii. 154. fives (= 'vives', aphetic form of 'avives'): disease of the parotid glands in young horses Shr. III. ii. 56. fixture: fixing Wiv. III. iii. 67 the firm f. of thy foot (Ff<sub>23</sub> + fixure): fixedness Troil. I. iii. 101 (Ff<sub>24</sub>). fixure: fixedness, stability Wint. v. iii. 67\*, Troil. I. iii. 101 (Ff34 fixture).

flake: lock of hair Lr. IV. vii. 30 these white flakes.

flaky: broken into flakes of cloud R3 v. iii. 87. flamen: priest in ancient Rome devoted to the service of a particular deity Cor. 11. i. 232, Tim. IV. iii. 156,

flaming: highly-coloured, high-flown Troil. I. ii. flannel: ludicrously used to designate a Welshman Wiv. v. v. 176 to answer the Welsh flannel.

flap-dragon: raisin or the like used in the game of snapdragon LLL. v. i. 46 thou art easier swallowed than a f.; hence as vb., to swallow as one would a 'flap-dragon' Wint. III. iii. 100.

flapjack: pancake Per. 11. i. 88, flap-mouthed: having broad hanging lips Ven. 920 Another flap-mouth'd mourner.

flare: to stream in the wind Wiv. IV. vi. 42. flat sb.: level ground, plain Ham, v. i. 274 Till of this f. a mountain you have made; swamp Tp. II. ii. 2 bogs, fens, f-s; shallow, shoal Mer.V. 1. i. 26, John v. vi. 40.

flat adj. (not very freq.; chiefly in fig. uses)

1 absolute, downright Meas. II. ii. 131 f. blasphemy, Ado II. i. 231 the f. transgression of a schoolboy, IV. ii. 45, John III. i. 298; that's f. (not pre-S. =that's the absolute, undeniable truth LLL. III. i. 107, 1H4 I. iii. 218, IV. ii. 43.

2 stupid, dull H51. Chor. 9 f. unraised spirits, Troil.

IV. 1. 62 a flat tamed piece. flat-long: with the flat side downward Tp. II. i. 188. flatness: absoluteness Wint. III. ii. 123.

flatter vb.1:

1 to try to please by obsequious speech or conduct AYL. IV. i. 194 that f-ing tongue of yours, R2 II. i. 87 I mock my name, great king, to f. thee; also intr. f. with R2 II. i. 88 Should dying men f. with those that live?.

2 to gratify the vanity or self-esteem of Cæs. II. i. 208 when I tell him he hates f-ers, He says he does,

being then most flattered.

3 to encourage with hopeful or pleasing representations Shr. Ind. i. 44 a f-ing dream, 2H4 I. iii. 29 F-ing himself with (Q in) project of a power Much smaller than the smallest of his thoughts, Ven. 989 hope . . . doth f. thee in thoughts unlikely; also intr. f. with Gent. iv. iv. 195 Unless I f. with myself too much, Tw.N. i. v. 324 not to f. with his lord, Nor hold him up with hopes. to please with the belief or suggestion that Ven.

5 to represent too favourably Gent. 1v. iv. 194 the painter f-'d her a little, John II. i. 503 Drawn in the

flattering table of her eye.
6 flatter up, pamper, coddle LLL. v. ii, 822.
flatter vb.2: to flutter Cor. v. v. 116 (Ff<sub>34</sub> Flutter'd). flattering: used adv. = flatteringly Rom. 11. ii. 141. flattery: gratifying deception, delusion (S.) Oth.

1V. i. 131 she is persuaded I will marry her, out of her own lowe and faultery, Sonn. xlii. 14.

flaunts: finery Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 23.

flaw sb. 1 (1 by some referred to FLAW sb. 2)

1 flake of snow 2H4 IV. iv. 35\* as sudden As f-s con-

gealed in the spring of day. 2 fragment Lr. 11. iv. 288\* this heart Shall break into a hundred thousand flaws.

3 crack, fissure (fig.) Ant. III. x. [xii.] 34 Observe how

Antony becomes his flaw. 4 defect, blemish LLL. v. ii. 416\* sound, sans crack or flaw.

flaw sb.2:

sudden burst or squall of wind 2H6 nr. i. 354, Cor. v. iii. 74 a great seamark, standing every f., Ham. v. i. 238 winter's flaw, Per. 111. i. 39.

2 outburst of feeling or passion Meas. II. iii. 11 the f-s of her own youth, Mac. III. iv. 63 these f-s and starts.

flaw vb.: to make a flaw in, damage, mar HS 1. i. 95 France hath f'd the league, 1. ii. 21, Lr. v. iii. 198 his f'd heart...'Twixt two extremes of passion... Burst smilingly.

flax: as the material of which a wick is made 2H6

v. ii. 55 oil and flax.

flax-wench: female flax-worker Wint. 1. ii. 277. flay: to skin: (hence, joeularly) to strip (a person of his clothes) Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 658 (old edd. fled). fleckled: dappled Rom. II. iii. 3 f. darkness (Q1 and

mod. edd. flecked; also flecker'd+).

fledge:

1 to bring up (a young bird) till its feathers are grown and it can fly Mer. V. III. i. 32 knew the bird was fledged. 2 to cover with down 2H4 1. ii. 22 the jurenal . . .

whose chin is not yet fledyed.

flee: used for 'fly' LLL. III. i 68, 2H4 I. i. 123
arrors fled (flyt) not swifter, Ven. 947.

fleece: transf. head or mass of hair Tit. II, iii. 34

My fleece of woolly hair, Sonn. lxviii. 8

fleer sb. (not pre-S.); sneer Oth. IV. i. 83.

fleer sb. (not pie-5.); sheer out. 17.1. 35.
fleer vb.: to smile or grin contemptuously, gibe or
sneer at Ado v. i. 58, LLL. v. ii. 109, Rom. i. v.
61, Cæs. i. iii. 117 no fleering tell-tale.
fleet (the sense 'pass away, vanish' is freq.)
1 to be afloat Ant. iii. xi. (xiii. 171.

2 to pass (time) AYL. r. i. 126.

flesh sb. (3 referred by some to 1) 1 inf., in good condition Rom.v.i. 84 get thyself inf. strange f., unusual or loathsome food Ant. I. iv. 67.

3 visible surface of the body Ant. I. ii. 19\* fairer than you are . . . in flesh.

piece of f., human being, sample of humanity Ado 1v. ii. 88 as pretty a piece of f., AYL. 111. ii. 69, Tw.N. 1. v. 30 piece of Eve's flesh, human nature with its limitations and frailties

H8 v. iii. 12 capable Of our f., Ham. 111. i. 63 the thousand natural shocks That f. is heir to, Sonn. cli. 8 flesh stays no further reason.

flesh vb. (the orig. meaning was 'to reward a hawk or a hound with a piece of the flesh of the game

killed to excite its eagerness in the chase') to initiate in or inure to bloodshed John v. i. 71 f. his spirit in a war-like soil, Lr. 11. ii. 50 come, I'll flesh ye.

2 to inflame the ardour or rage of (a person) by a foretaste of success, &c. Tw.N. iv. i. 44 you are well f-ed, 2H4 I. i. 149 f-'d with conquest, H5 II. iv. 50 flesh'd upon us.

3 to plunge (a weapon) into flesh 2H4 iv. v. 131 the wild dog Shall f. his tooth in every innocent; f. one's maiden sword, use it for the first time in battle 1H4 v. iv. 132, 1H6 iv. vii. 36 Did f. his puny sword in Frenchmen's blood.

4 to gratify (lust) All'sW. IV. iii. 19 he f-s his will in the spoil of her honour.

flesh'd: inured to bloodshed, hardened H5 III. iii. 11 the flesh'd soldier, R3 IV. iii. 6 flesh'd villains.

fleshly: consisting of flesh John iv. ii. 245. fleshment (S.): excitement resulting from a first success (cf. flesh vb. 2) Lr. 11. ii. 130 in the f. of this dread exploit.

flesh-monger: fornicator Meas. v. i. 333.

flew'd: having large chaps MND. IV. i. 126. Flibbertigibbet: Lr. III. iv. 118, IV. i. 62 one of the names of fiends taken from Harsnet's 'Declaration of egregious Popish Impostures

flickering; t: shining with unsteady light Lr. 11.
ii. 114 f. Phoebus' front (Qq12 printed fithering, Q<sub>3</sub> fletkering, Ff flicking).
flight sb. (lef. You must have diverse shaftes of

one flight, fethered with dinerse winges, for diuerse windes,' Ascham 'Toxophilus', 1545)

1 of the self-same f., having the same power of flight, applied to arrows of equal size and weight Mer. V.

2 flock (of birds) Tit. v. iii. 68; transf. company (of angels) Ham. v. ii. 374.

3 long-distance shooting with special arrows called flights 'or 'flight-arrows' Ado I. i. 40' challenged Cupid at the slight.

flighty adj.: swift Mac. rv. i. 145.
fling (2 used of animals from the 14th cent.)
1 to dash, rush Tim. rv. ii. 45 He's fung in rage from this ingrateful sent Of monstrous friends.

2 to kick and plunge violently Mac. II. iv. 16 Duncan's horses...broke their stalls, flung out. flirt-gill (not pre-S.): woman of light or loose

behaviour Rom. и. iv. 163. " Gill is a pet form of 'Juliana'.

flock: tuft of wool 1H4 n. i. 7.

flood (fig. uses are fairly numerous)

I freq. used of large bodies of water, rivers, the sea (Mer.V. IV. 1. 72 the main f.), also for water as opposed to land (MND. II. 1.5 Through f., through fire, Oth. I. iii. 135 by f. and field); hence, of streams of tears and blood.

2 flowing in of the tide Gent. II. iii. 48 in losing the f. [thou'lt] lose thy royage, John v. vii. 64 Decoured by the unexpected f., Caes. IV. ili. 218 a tide . . .

taken at the flood.

flood-gate': sluice 1H4 H. iv. 440, Ven. 959.

flood-gate2: strong stream, torrent; used adj. = torrential Oth. I. iii. 56 my . . . grief Is of so f. and o'erbearing nature. ¶ Cf. 'Out of her gored wound the cruell steele He lightly snatcht, and did the floud-gate stop With his faire garment, Spenser.

floor: f. of heaven, the sky Mer.V. v. i. 58; app. transf. from the meaning of 'ceiling', which is found in Holland's 'Plutarch', 1603.
flote: sea (S.) Tp. I. ii. 234 the Mediterranean f.
The usu. meaning (1480-1660) is 'wave, billow.'

flourish sb.: ostentatious embellishment, gloss, varnish LLL. II. i. 14, IV. iii. 238 Lend me the f. of ull gentle tongues, R3 1. iii. 241, IV. iv. 82, Ham. II. ii. 91 since brevity is the soul of wit, And tediousness the limbs and outward flourishes, v. ii. 187.

flourish vb.:

1 to embellish Meas. IV. i. 76. 2 to brandish a sword (intr.) Tit. I. i. 310 him that f-'d for her with his sword, Cas. III. ii. 197 Whilst bloody treason flourish'd over us.

flout: to quote with sarcastic purpose Ado I, i. 298 ere you flout old ends any further

flouting-stock in the form vlouting-: object of mockery Wiv. III. i. 120; used for 'flout' rv. v. 83 full of gibes and vlouting-stocks.

flow sb.:

1 stream (fig.) H8 1. i. 152 f. of gall, Tim. II. ii. 3 cease his f. of riot, v. iv. 76 our brain's f. (=tears); phr. set at flow, cause to weep Tim. H. ii. 173.

2 rise of the tide Tp. v. i. 270: fig. 1H4 r. ii. 43, Troil. H. iii. 140, Tim. H. ii. 152. 3 rise of water in general Ant. H. vii. 20 the f. 6' the Nile, Lucr. 651 The petty streams that . . . Add to his [the sea's] flow.

flow vb. (pa. pple. once flown All'sW. H. i. 142)

1 to circulate Meas. I. iii. 52 Lord Angelo . . . see confesses That his blood f-s, Cym. III. iii. 93 The princely blood flows in his cheek. flow over, overflow Ant. v. ii. 24.

3 fig. to issue (from a source) Per. IV. iii. 27 he did not f. From honourable sources; cf. All'sW. II. i.

142 great floods have flown From simple sources. 4 (of the sea, &c.) to rise and advance AYL. II. vii.

72 Doth it (sc. pride) not f. as hugely as the sea. 5 to rise and overflow (fig.) Troil. v. ii. 39 You f. to

great distraction.

6 to overflow with tears H8 Prol. 4, Cor. v. iii. 99, Sonn. xxx. 5 an eye, unus'd to flore

7 to abound in, overflow with Ado Iv. i. 251, Wint. v. i. 102 your verse F-'d with her beauty once, Rom. II. iv. 42 the numbers that Petrarch flowed in.

flower: bloom, beauty (S.) Per. III. ii. 96. flower-de-luce:

1 iris Wint, Iv. iii. [iv.] 127. 2 the heraldic lily, borne upon the royal arms of France 1H6 I. i. 80, I. ii. 99, 2H6 v. i. 11; hence applied to Princess Katharine H5 v. ii. 223. flowering:

1 blooming (fig.) H5 III. iii. 14; f. youth, bloom of

manhood 1H6 II. v. 56.

2 flowery 2H6 III. i. 228 the snake, roll'd in a f. bank, Rom. III. ii. 73 0 serpent heart, hid with a f. face (cf. Mac. I. v. 66 look like the innocent flower, But be the serpent under't).

flowery: full of or expressed in flowers of speech

(not pre-S.) Meas, 111. i. 81\*

flowing: abundant, copious H8 II. iii. 62. fluent: copious (cf. prec.) H5 III. vii. 36. flush (not pre-Eliz; 1 and 2 not pre-S.)

1 full Tim. v. iv. 8 Now the time is flush.

2 full of life, lusty, vigorous Ham. III. iii. 81 as f.

as May (Ff fresh), Ant. 1. iv. 52 flush youth.

flushing: redness Ham. 1. ii. 155.

fluster: to excite with drink Oth. n. iii. 61. flux: discharge AYL. III. ii. 71 the very uncleanly

f. of a cat; continuous stream (of people) II. i. 52. fluxive (not pre-S.): flowing Compl. 50 f. eyes.

fly (often used in the senses of 'flee') 1 trans, and intr. (of a falconer) to cause a hawk to

fly at game 2H6 II. i. 1 flying at the brook (see BROOK Sb.), Ham. II. ii. 459 [450] We'll e'en to't like French fulconers, fly at anything we see. 2 fly off, desert Lr. II. iv. 91 The images of revolt and flying off (= rebellion and desertion), Ant. II.

ii. 159 and never F. off our loves again; fly out, rush out, break out Cor. 1. x. 19 [My valour] Shall f. out of itself ('shall deviate from its own native generosity,' J.), Cym. III. iii. 90 his spirits f. out Into my story, Iv. 10. 54 their blood thinks scorn, Till it f. out and show them princes born.

fly-bitten: fly-specked 2H4 m. i. 163.
fly-slow † (Pope): slowly passing R2 m. iii. 150 The
f. hours (Qq1-4 slie slow, Q5 Ff134 slye slow, F2 Mye slow; many conj.).
fob sb.t: Err. IV. iii. 24 (old edd. sob; conj. bob t).

fob vb.: to cheat, deceive, delude 1H4 I. ii. 68, Oth. IV. ii. 197 (see FOP); f. off. (1) put off deceitfully 2H4 II. i. 39 (old edd. fub); (2) set aside by a trick Cor. I. i. 99 to fob off our disgrace with a tale.

foil sb.1: setting of a jewel, (hence fig.) that which sets something off to advantage R2 1. iii. 266 as f. wherein thou art to set The precious jewel of thy home return, 1H4 1. ii. 237, R3 v. iii. 251, Ham. v. ii. 269 I'll be your f., Laertes; in mine ignorance Four skill shall... Stick fiery off indeed, Compl. 153 the f. Of this false jewel; in Ant. 1. iv. 24 Ff foyl(e)s is by some referred to this word, but see FOIL sb.2 2.

foil sb.2 (1 orig. a term of wrestling = 'the fact of being almost thrown, a throw not resulting in

a flat fall )

1 defeat, repulse, check 1H6 III. iii. 11; phr. give the f., put to the f. = give a check to Tp. III. i. 46, 1H6 v. iii. 23.

2 (?) disgrace, stigma Ant. 1. iv. 24\* (mod. edd.

soils †; Ff foyl(e)s).
foil sb.3: light fencing weapon Ado v. ii. 14, Ham. 11. ii. 343 [334], v. ii. 182, &c.

foil vb.: to throw in wrestling AYL. I. i. 138, &c.;

to overcome, defeat 3H6 v. iv. 42, Troil. 1. iii. 372, Cor. I. ix. 48, Ven. 114, Sonn. xxv. 10 After a thousand vetories once f-d; (hence) to frustrate, render nugatory or of no effect Oth. I. iii. 271 (Qq foyles, Ff seel(e), Cym. II. iii. 126 (mod. edd. sout t), Pilgr. vii. 15 [99].

foin sb.: thrust in feneing Lr. Iv. vi. 252; so foin vb. Wiv. II. iii. 24, 2H4 II. i. 19.

foison: plantiful cym or baryest Tn. Iv. i. 110

foison: plentiful crop or harvest Tp. IV. i. 110
Earth's increase, f. plenty, Barns and garners
never empty, Meas. I. iv. 43, Ant. II. vii. 23 if
dearth Or f. follow: pl. resources Mac. IV. iii. 88.

fold: embrace (S.) Troil. III. iii. 224.

follow (4 used more widely than now)
1 to pursue as an enemy 2H4 1y. iii. 27, Cor. III. iii.

137, iv. v. 104 I have ever f-'d thee with hate, Ant. v. i. 36 O Autony! I have follow d thee to this. to prosecute (a thing in hand), carry through, 'follow up' Tw.N. v. i. 377, 2H4 i. i. 21 a day, So fought, so follow'd, and so fairly won, H5 11. iv. 68.

3 to imitate, copy MND. II. i. 131, Wint. v. ii. 63. 4 to engage in (a pursuit), practise (a calling), apply oneself to Tw.N. 1. iii. 101, John II. i. 31 f. arms,

Cor. IV. V. 35, Lr. II. ii. 157 f-ing her affairs, follower: pursuer 3H6 I. iv. 22, Cor. I. iv. 44, following: ensuing Lucr. 186 What f, sorrow, folly: lewdness, wantonness Wiv. II. ii. 258, III. ii.

36, Meas. III. i. 89, Troil. v. ii. 18, Oth. II. i. 137, v. ii. 130,

folly-fall'n: lapsed into folly Tw. N. III. i. 76. fond adj. (the mod. sense 'having a strong affection or liking for' is first recorded from S., who construes it with of Wint. I. ii. 164, John III. iv. 92, 98, Oth. v. ii. 155, and on MND. II. i. 266, Sonn. lxxxiv. 14; a contemporary sense, 'foolishly

affectionate, doting', is doubtfully represented)
1 infatuated, foolish, silly (the commonest sense
in S. and in the Eliz. period, since when the
literary use has been narrowed to that of 'foolishly credulous or sanguine').

2 trifling, trivial Meas. II. ii. 149 f. sicles, Ham. I. v. 99 trivial fond records.

3 eager (for), desirous (of): construed with of Cor. v. iii. 162, Cym. 1. i. 37 Then old and f. of issue; with with Lucr. 134; with infinitive AYL. II. iii. 7. fond vb.: to dote on Tw. N. II. ii. 35.

fondling': Ven. 229 (a) darling, pet, (b) pres. pple. of the verb 'fondle'; either interpretation makes

this the earliest evidence for the words. food: in food, while eating Err. v. i. 83.

fool sb.! (the phrase a f. to = in every way inferior to Shr. III. ii. 160 is not pre-S.)

1 (with an adj. as good, poor) used as a term of endearment or pity Gent. IV. iv. 10), Ado II. i. 328, Tw.N. v. i. 381, Wint. II. i. 117, 3H6 II. v. 36, Rom. I. iii. 31, Lr. v. iii. 307.

2 (somebody's) dupe or sport LLL, v. ii. 68, Tw. N. 11. i. 158 now I am your f., Rom. 111. i. 142 I am Fortune's f., Mac. 11. i. 44 Mine eyes are made the f-s o' the other senses, Ham. 1. iv. 54 we f-s of mature, Lr. 11. ii. 132, Oth. 1. iii. 589.

3 born idiot, 'natural fool' All'sW. 1v. iii. 213 the decided and the fool of the sense fool of the sen

shriere's f. = an idiot maintained by the sheriff,

who was responsible to the crown

4 used as adj. = foolish Mer. V. 1. i. 102, 11. ix. 26.

4 used as adj. - Toolish Mer. V. I. 1. 102, II. ix. 26. fool sb.; kind of custard or dish of whipped cream Troil. v. i. 10 (quibblingly) thou full dish of fool. fool vb. (rare use): to make a fool of Lr. II. iv. 278. fool-begged: (?) idiotic, foolish Err. II. i. 41 This f. patience. ¶ The formation of this compound is obscure; Nares explains, 'so foolish that the guardianship of it might well be begged': see EG. (Och hour. ?) proceeding from a fool 1914 v. v.

fool-born: (?) proceeding from a fool 2H4 v. v. 60

a fool-born jest.

fooling: humour for jesting Tw.N. 1. v. 35.

foolish: used depreciatingly in speaking of one's own things Mer.V. 1. ii. 128 my f. eyes, Rom. 1. v. 126 We have a trifling foolish banquet towards. [7. foolish-compounded: composed of folly 2H4 I. ii. foolish-witty: foolish in one's wisdom Ven. 838, fool's head: Fou shall have An f. of your own Wiv.

iv. 131 (with quibble on Anne); cf. ASS-HEAD and 'Shee makes him see a Fooles head of his

own ' (Breton, 1577).

foot sb.: phr. at f., close behind Ham. rv. iii, 57, Ant. I. v. 44;—on f.(i) standing Troil. I. iii. 135 keeps Troy on f.; (ii) moving, astir Cor. IV. iii. 49, Ven. 679 when thou hast on f. the purblind hare; (iii) in active employment or operation LLL. v. ii. 755 since love's argument was first on f.; -f. to f., with one's foot against one's opponent's, in close combat Ant. III. vii. 66;-f. and hand, putting the foot forward and dealing a blow at the same time 1H4 II. iv. 245;—set on (one's) f., start on one's way Cas. II. i. 331;—Upon the f. of fear, in flight 1H4 v. v. 20 (cf. Mac. II. iii. 132 Upon the f. of motion).

foot vb. (the use of f. it = 'dance' Tp. 1. ii. 379 F. it featly here and there, has been much imitated by later writers; 4 said of birds of prey, esp. hawks,

in 16-17th cent.)

1 intr. to go on foot, walk Wiv. II. i. 124 thieres do f. by night; trans. to tread Lr. 111. iv. 123 Swithold

f-ed thrice the old (= wold). 2 pass, to be settled or established H5 II. iv. 143 he is f-ed in this land already, Lr. 111. vii. 45; to be 3 to kick Mer.V. I. iii. 14 (Qq landed). 4 to clutch Cym. v. iv. 116 the holy eagle Stoop'd, as

to foot us.

foot-cloth: large richly-ornamented cloth laid over the back of a horse, &c., and hanging down to the ground on each side 2H6 IV. vii. 52; attrib. IV. i. 54, R3 III. iv. 83.

footing (2 only S.)

1 step, tread Mer.V. v. i. 24, Troil. 1. iii. 156, Ven. 722; set f. (i) set foot, enter 2H6 III. ii. 87, H8 III. i. 182; (ii) gain a footing or firm position R2 II. ii. 48, 1H6 III. iii. 64, Troil. II. ii. 155. 2 landing Oth. II. i. 76.

3 dancing Tp. IV. i. 138 country fooling. 4 footprint Ven. 148 and yet no footing seen.

surface for the foot, ground to walk on, foothold Wint. III. iii. 114 there your charity would have lacked f., John v. i. 66, 1H4 1. iii. 193, 13 1. iv. 17 Upon the giddy f. of the hatches, Troil. III. iii. 75, foot-land-raker (S.): footpad 1H4 II. i. 81.

foot-licker: 'humble fawner' (J.) Tp. 1v. i. 220.

footman (1 survives in Worcestershire dial.)

1 walker, pedestrian Wint. rv. ii. [iii.] 69.

2 more fully 'running footman', a servant who ran

with his master's carriage Tit. v. ii. 55.
fop sb.: fool Lr. I. ii. 14. ¶ The mod. sense is post-S.
fop vb.: to fool, dupe Oth. Iv. ii. 197 to find myself fopt in it (mod. edd. fobbed +).

foppery (2 cf. FOP vb.)

1 folly Meas. I. ii. 143, Mer. V. II. v. 35 the sound of shallow foppery, Lr. I. ii. 132. 2 dupery, deceit Wiv. v. v. 134.

foppish (not pre-S.): foolish Lr. I. iv. 183 For wise

men are grown foppish.

for pref. (remarkable uses are the foll.)

1 before All'SW, IV, iv, 3 for whose throne 'tis needful... to kneet (mod, edd. 'foret).

2 for all - oneo for all County (procedul.)

for all = once for all Cym. II. iii. 111.

3 in place of Ham. v. i. 252, Lucr. 1424; LLL. I. i. 279 the best that ever I heard.—Ay, the best for the worst; Cor. v. iv. 23 made for, made to represent. 4 in expressions denoting an amount staked or an object risked LLL. v. ii. 726 Dead, for my life!, Shr. i. i. 193 for my hand, iii. i. 50 Now, for my life, the knave doth court my love, Ham. III. iv. 23 Dead, for a ducat, dead!; hence in phrase with a negative, e.g. for my head or heart, to save my life, Meas. IV. iii. 164 I dure not for my head fill my belly Shr. I. ii. 38 I... could not get him for my heurt to do it.

5 because of, on account of Gent. IV. i. 50 [banished] from Mantua, for a gentleman, Who . . . I stabb'd, Sonn. xxvii. 14 For thee, and for myself no quiet find, xcix. 6 The lily I condemned for thy hand.

6 in the character or quality of, as Meas. 1. ii. 36 niled, for a French releet, Err. 11. ii. 192 I cross me for a sinner (=sinner that I am), v. i. 32 I...defy thee for a villain, Lr. III. iv. 56 to course his own shadow for a traitor; so What is he for a fool?= What kind of a fool is he? Ado I. iii. 49 (cf. German 'was für ein?').

7 in exclamations R2 III. iii. 70 alack, for woe!, v.

ii. 75 God for his mercy !.

8 in spite of; as in phr. for all=although Wiv. v. v. 210, Cym. v. iv. 208, Ven. 342.

9 as a precaution against, for fear of; always with a gerund, e.g. Gent. 1. ii. 133 here they shall not lie, for catching cold (-lest they catch cold), 2H6 IV. i. 74, Troil. I. ii. 292, Per. I. i. 40, Sonn. lii. 4.

for conj. (obs. uses are as follows)

1 introducing subordinate clauses with two meanings, (1) because Tp. 1. ii. 272 And, for thou wast a spirit too delicate ... she did confine thee, Oth. III. iv. 160 They are . . . jealous for they are jealous; also for that (freq.) and for because Wint. 11. i. 7, John 11. i. 588, R2 v. v. 3; (2) in order that 3H6 111. i. 9 And, for the time shall not seem tedious, I'll tell thee . . ., 111. ii. 154.

2 for and, and moreover Ham. v. i. 101.

for-, prefix, spelt also fore-, expresses prohibition, neglect, destructive or injurious effect, &c.: see FORBEAR, FORBID, FORDO, FORSLOW, FORSPEAK, FORWEARIED.

forage sh .: raging, ravening LLL. IV. i. 94.

forage vb.: to range abroad for food John v. i. 59; to glut oneself as a wild beast, raven H51. ii. 110, fig. Ven. 554.

forbear: to leave alone, withdraw from the presence of Lr. 1. ii. 181, Ant. 1. ii. 130, 11. vii. 45 F. me tell anon; (hence) intr. to withdraw, retire Wint. v. iii. 85 f., Quit presently the chapel, Ant. v. ii. 174,

Cym. 1. i, 68.

forbid vb.: with personal object and negative clause Pilgr. ix. 8 [124] She... Forbade the boy he should not pass those grounds.

forbid pple .: banned, cursed Mac. I. iii. 21.

forbiddenly: unlawfully Wint. 1. ii. 417. forbidding: obstacle Lucr. 323.

force sb.: phrases :-of force, (1) of weight, weighty 1H6 III. i. 156 those occasions . . . were of f., 2H6 I. iii. 166, 3H6 II. ii. 44 aryuments of mighty f.: (2) necessarily LLL. 1. i. 146, MND. III. ii. 40 That, when he wak'd, of force she must be eyed, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 436, 1H4 II. iii. 122, Cass. IV. iii. 202 Good reasons must, of f., give place to better;—f. perforce,
(1) by violent constraint, against one of 250, (2) of III. i. 142, 2H4 IV. i. 116, 2H6 I. i. 259; (2) of necessity 2H4 IV. iv. 46.

force vb.1 (4 common 16th cent. sense; H5 11. Chor. 32\* f. a play, by some referred to force vb.2, is

possibly corrupt)

I to press home, urge Meas, III, i. 108, H8 III, ii. 2 If you will now unite in your complaints, And I them with a constancy, Cor. 111. ii. 51, Compl. 157. 2 to reinforce Mac, v. v. 5,

3 to attach importance to, care for Lucy. 1021 If. not argument a straw; (hence) to hesitate to do something LLL. v. ii. 441 Four oath once broke, you force not lo forswear.

force vb.2: to stuff, farce Troil. II. iii. 237 f. him with praises, v. i. 64 malice f-d with wit.

fordo, foredo: to kill, put an end to Ham. II. i. 103, v. i. 243 F. its own life, Lr. v. iii. 257 she fordid herself, Oth. v. i. 129.

fordone: exhausted MND. v. ii. 4 [i. 381]. fore adv .: before (of time) Sonn. vii. 11 The eyes, f.

duteous.

fore prep. (in mod. cdd. usually 'fore; 1 and 2 late exx. of the senses)

1 in the presence of Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 403 Contract us f. these witnesses; in asseverations All'sW. II.

iii. 51 F. God, I think so, Cor. 1. i. 126 Fore me. 2 before (of time) Meas. 11. ii. 160 At any time f.

2 before (of time) Meas, II. II. 100 At any time f. noon, Cor. IV. vii. 3 the grace for eneat.
3 in preference to IH6 I. iii. 22 prizest him f. nie?. fore conj.: before Wint. v. i. 226, John v. i. 7. fore-, prefix, is used = (1) in front, front, in f-finger All'sW. II. ii. 25, f-foot H5 II. i. 71, f-rank H5 v. ii. 97, f-runer Mer.V. II. ii. 38, f-skut H8 II. iii. 98, f-spurrer Mer.V. II. ix. 95; (2) beforeland, newyously, pre- in f-addied (2) beforehand, previously, pre-, in f-advised Cor. II. iii. 199, f-bemoaned Sonn. xxx. 11, f-betrayed Compl. 328, f-knowing Ham. I. i. 134, Ven. 245, f-knowledge Tw.N. I. v. 151, f-nomed Meas. III. i. 249, f-past All'sW. v. iii. 121, f-recited H8 I. ii. 127, f-said Ham. i. I. 103, f-recited Ly I. ii. 297 recited HS I. ii. 12 rouched Lr. I. i. 223.

forecast: forethought, prudence 3H6 v. i. 42.

I Still common in the midlands.

foredoom: to condemn beforehand Lr. v. iii. 293 Your eldest daughters have foredoom'd themselves (Ff fore-done).

fore-end: early part Cym. III. iii. 73.
foregoer: predecessor All's W. II. jiii. 144.
foregone: gone by, past All's W. I. jiii. 142 days f.,
Sonn. xxx. 9 grieunces f. ¶ Oth. III. jiii. 429 f.
conclusion, a S. phrase, usually taken by the commentators = previous experience (cf. clusion 2), but used by mod. writers = (1) decision formed before the case is fully argued or the evidence known, or (2) result that might have been foreseen as inevitable.

forehand adj.: f. shaft, arrow used for shooting straight before one 2H4 III. ii. 52; done at an earlier time Ado IV. i. 50 extenuate the f. sin;—sb. the f., the upper hand or advantage H5 IV. i. 300: vanguard, mainstay (S.) Troil. 1. iii. 143 The sinew

and the forehand of our host.

forehorse: leader in a team; fig. All'sW. u. i. 30. foreign: not of one's household or family (S.) Oth. IV. iii. 91 they . . . pour our treasures into foreign laps, Per. IV. i. 33 I love the king . . . With more than foreign heart.

fore-run: to be the precursor of Meas. v. i. 8, R2 11. iv. 15, Rom. v. f. 53 thought did but fore-run

my need.

fore-say: to decree Cym. IV. ii. 146 as the gods f. il. forespent: previously bestowed Cym. 11. iii. 64 his goodness f. on us; past H5 11. iv. 36 his vanities f. Contrast FORSPENT.

forestall:

1 to deprive (a person) of something by previous action Cym. III. v. 69 may This night f. him of the coming day.

2 to discount or condemn by anticipation Troil. 1.

iii. 199 They . . . Forestall prescience. forestall'd: 2H4 v. ii. 38° f. remission, (a) anticipated pardon, (b) pardon on conditions which honour would prevent accepting.

foretell (2 in freq. use 1300-1680; once in S.)

1 to indicate beforehand Wint. II. iii. 198, John v. vii. 5, 3H6 II. i. 43 thou, whose heavy looks f. Some dreadful story hanging on thy tongue.

2 to tell beforehand Tp. iv. i. 149 As I foretold you.

forethought: predestined John 111. i. 312 F. by

foreward: vanguard R3 v. iii. 294.

forfeit sb. (1 the orig. sense)

1 breach, violation (of an obligation) Mer.V. v. i. 252\*, Rom. r. i. 103° Your lives shall pay the forfeit of the peuce.

2 penal fine, penalty for breach of contract or neglect of duty Mer.V. I. iii. 149, IV. i. 37, Rom. 1. iv. 112 some vile for fert of untimely death; fig. Cym. v. v. 209.

3 person handed over to the law or to death Meas. it. ii. 71 Your brother is a forfeit of the law, IV. ii. 166, Troil. IV. V. 186\* Despising many forfeits and subducments.

4 forfeiture, loss Meas. I. iv. 66, Mer. V. iv. i. 212, All'sW. 111. vi. 33, 3H6 11. i. 197 nacke f. of his head.

forfeit vb. (rare use): intr. to fail to keep an obli-

gation Mer. V. 111. i. 55, 135. forfeit pple.: lost by reason of breach of an obligation or the like, to be given up as a renalty Meas, II. ii. 73, LLL. v. ii. 426, Mer. V. Iv. i. 366; f. to, liable to All'sW. Iv. iii. 216, Sonn. evii. 4. forfended: forbidden Lr. v. i. 11 the f. place.

forget: to drop the practice of (a duty, &c.) Err. п. ii. 1 you have quite forgot A husband's office, 2H6 п. i. 192 forgot Honour and virtue; with infin. to forget how to do something Gent. III. i. 85, Meas. i. ii. 41, 2H4 v. ii. 22 like men that had forgot to speak, 2H6 v. i. 161, Ven. 1061 Her voice is

stopp'd, her joints forget to bow.

forgetive: a S. word of uncertain formation,
commonly taken to be a derivative of the vb. 'forge' and = inventive, creative 2H4 IV. iii. 107

apprehensire, quick, forgetive.
forgive: to remit (a debt), overlook the omission
of (a duty, &c.) Wiv, v. v. 184 F. that sum, LLL.
iv. ii. 150 I f. thy duty, Mer.V. iv. i. 26, Tw.N. 1. v. 205 I forgive you the praise.

fork: only in transferred uses, of which I and 2 are only S.:—(1) forked tongue (popularly supposed to be the sting) of a snake Meas. III. i. 16, Mac. IV. i. 16; (2) barbed head of an arrow Lr. I. i. 146; (3) pl. lower limbs of the body Lr. IV. vi. 122.

forked (2 and 4 are common Eliz.)

1 cleft at the summit Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 5. 2 (of an arrow) barbed AYL, II. i. 24.

2 (of an arrow) barbed AYL, R. 1. 24.
3 two-legged Lr. RI, iv. 111 a poor, bare, f. animul;
ef. 2H4 III. ii. 337 like a forked radish.
4 'horned', euckolded Wint. I. ii. 186.
forlo'rn'; pa. pple. of 'forlese' -to bring to ruin,
confound Sonn. Music iii. 21 [Pilgr. 265] Love hulh forlorn me.

forlorn 2 adj. (fo'rlorn or forlo'rn; cf. ENTIRE)

1 (?) the same sense as in 'forlorn hope' Cym, v.
v. 406 The f. soldier, that so nobly fought. ¶' Forlorne
boics,' 'forlorne sentinels,' 'forlorne fellowes' are expressions found in the Eliz, period.

2 abandoned, forsaken, desolate, (hence) unhappy, wretched (the usual sense).

of wretched appearance, meagre (S.) 2H4 III. ii. 339, Tit. II. iii. 94 The trees . . . forlorn and lean. sb. forlorn person 3H6 III. iii. 26,

form (the foll. are obs. uses; 1 is a peculiarly S. use of an old sense; 2, 3 are not pre-S.)

1 image, likeness, portrait Gent. iv. iv. 205, Meas. ii. iv. 127, LLL. ii. i. 235, John v. vii. 32 I am a scribbled form, drawn with a pen, Sonn. ix. 6.

2 orderly arrangement, good order John III, iv. 101

I will not keep this f. upon my head When there is such disorder in my wit; military formation 2H4 iv. i. 20 In goodly form comes on the enemy. 3 behaviour, pl. manners Gent. v. iv. 56 change you

to a milder f., Tw.N. v. i. 362 cam'st... in such form, Cas. i. ii. 304 he puts on this tardy form.

formal (the meaning is not always certain)

1 having regard to due form or propriety, ceremonious, precise Shr. III. i. 62 Are you so f.?, IV. ii.

64 f. in apparel, Ham. IV. V. 215 f. ostenlation.
2 extremely regular or accurate, stiff, rigid AYL.
11. vii. 155 beard of f. cut\*, Compl. 29 [hair] tied m formul plut.

(?) conventional R3 m. i. 82 the f. Vice, Iniquity 4 dignified 2H4 v. ii. 133 in f. majesty, Cæs. 11. i. 227 f. constancy (= dignified self-possession).

normal or ordinary in intellect, sane Err. v. i. 105 a f. man, Tw.N. 11. v. 130 any f. capacity (= any one of a well-regulated mind), Ant. 11. v. 41 Not like a formul man.

former (obs. use): front, forward Cæs. v. i. 80. formerly: just now Mer. V. tv. i. 363, forsake (in H8 ii. i. 89° absol. app. = leave the body) 1 to decline, refuse All's W. H. iii. 62, 1H6 IV. ii. 14 If you f. the offer of their love, Oth. iv. ii. 125 for-sook so many noble matches.

2 to give up, renounce, reject Err. IV. iii. 19 and bid you f. your liberty, Lucr. 1538 'It cannot be', she in that sense forsook, And turn'd it thus.

forset: see FAUCET.

forslow: to delay 3H6 II. iii. 56 (Ff12 Foreslow). forsooth: in truth, certainly; used by low persons as a phrase of honest asseveration; implying some contempt when used by well-bred persons (Schmidt).

forspeak: to speak against Ant. III. vii. 3. forspent: worn out, exhausted 2H4 I. i. 37 f. with speed, 3H6 II. iii. 1 Forspent with toil.

forswear (also intr. and refl. 'to swear falsely' 1 to abandon or renounce on eath Tp. iv. i. 91 Her and her blind boy's scandal'd company 1 have for-sworn; construed with infin. (only S.) Tw. N. iii. iv. 279 f. to wear iron about you, Cor. v. iii. 80 The things I have forsworn to grant, Rom. 1. i. 229 She hath forsworn to love.

to deny or repudiate on oath or with strong words Err. v. i. 11 that self chain . . . Which he for swore . . . to have, Shr. v. i. 113 deny him, f. him, 1H4 v.

ii. 38 forswearing that he is forsworn. forted: fortified Meas. v. i. 12 A forted residence. forth adv. (used with far redundantly, in thus far f. Tp. 1, ii. 177, so far f. Wiv. 1v. vi. 11, how far f. 2H4 IV. ii. 53)

1 forward (in movement or direction) Shr. Iv. i. 149 As he f. walked on his way, H5 11. ii. 189\* Then f., dear countrymen, Tim. 1. i. 50 fles an eagle flight, bold and f. on, Cym. 1V. ii. 149 Did make my way long f. (= made it seem long).

onwards, immediately afterwards and continuously Cas. IV. iii. 48 from this day forth.

in various contexts = out Meas. v. i. 249 hear this matter f., Err. IV. iv. 97 wherefore didst thou lock me f., Mer.V. 1. i. 144 To find the other f., Shr. iv. iii. 62 Lay f. the gown, v. ii. 105 Swinge me them soundly f., 3H6 II. i. 12 how he singled (liftor f., Cor. 1. iii. 99 I will not f., Tit. v. iii. 133 beat f. our brains, Oth. v. i. 10 f., my sword; similarly f. of Tp. v. i. 160, R2 III. ii. 204, Cæs. III. iii. 3. 4 abroad, not at home Wiv. II. ii. 281 at that time...

her husband will be f., Err. 11, ii. 214 Say he dines f., Cæs. 1. ii. 294 I am promised forth. 5 (of a force) in the field, at sea Cor. 1. iii. 108 The

Volsces have an army f., Ant. iv. x. 12 [xi, 3]\* his best force Is forth to mun his gulleys.

forth prep.; out of MND. 1. i. 164 Steal f. thy father's house, Cor. 1. iv. 23 issue f. their city, Ant. IV. X. 7 put f. the haven; similarly from f. (freq.) Wiv. IV. iv. 55 Let them from forth a sawpit rush.

forthcoming: ready to appear or to be produced when required, e.g. in court Shr. v. i. 95, 2H6 I.

iv. 56, II. i. 177.

forthright sb. (not pre-S.): straight path Tp. III. iii. 3, Troil. III. iii. 158.

fortitude (obs. use): physical or structural strength 1H6 11. i. 17 his own arm's f., Oth. 1. iii. 222 the f. of the place.

fortress: 1H6 II. i. 26 God is our f.; cf. Psalm xxxi. 3 and Luther's 'Ein feste burg ist unser Gott.' fortressed: protected from Lucr. 28; cf. Compl. 9

fortified her visage from the sun.

fortune sb. (the chief obs. uses are the foll.)

1 by f., by chance Mer.V. II. i. 34, AYL. I. ii. 48,

Oth. v. ii. 224, Sonn. xxxii. 3; at f., at random

Oth. III. iii. 263.

2 chance, hap, accident Mer. V. 1. i. 44, Shr. III. ii. 23 Whatever f. stays him from his word, Oth. I. iii. 130 the battles, sieges, f-s That I have pass'd; Cor. IV. v. 99 to prove more f-s (= to try the fortune of war again).

3 pl. used = sing.: a person's possessions, wealth Ado п. i. 316, Oth. v. ii. 365 seize upon the f-s of

the Moor.

fortune vb. (occurs twice; 1 late ex. of this sense) 1 to regulate the fortunes of Ant. I. ii. 79.

2 to happen Gent. v. iv. 169.

forty (1 very common in Eliz. dramatists)

1 used indefinitely to express a large number Err. iv. iii. 84 worth f. ducats, Cor. III. i. 242 I could beat f. of them, Sonn. ii. 1 When f. winters shall besige thy brone; so f. thousand Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 279, R2 III. ii. 85 (Ff Q.; others twenty), Ham. v. i. 291, Oth. III. iii. 443.

2 f. pence, a customary amount for a wager H8 II. forward (1 not pre-S.; the meanings 'early', 'ready, prompt', 'preceious', 'pert, bold' occur) 1 situated at the front Tp. II. ii. 98 His f. voice, All'sW. III. iii. 116 Whoever charges on his f. breast,

v. iii. 30 Let's take the instant by the forward top.
2 cager, ardent, zealous R2 iv. i. 72 How fondly dost
thou spir a f. horse, 2H4 i. 173, R3 III. ii. 46 f.
Upon his party, H8 iv. i. 9, Tit. i. i. 56.

forwearied: thoroughly exhausted John II. i. 233. foster (gen. sense 'cherish' occurs four times)

to feed Cym. II. iii. 119 f-'d with cold dishes. 2 to bring up as a foster-child, be a foster-parent to John v. ii. 75 a loon f-d up at hand, Tit. II. ii. 153 foster forlorn children, Per. IV. iii. 15. [i2. foster-nurse(not pre-S.): AYL. II. iii. 40, Lr. IV. iv.

foul (often merely a strong epithet of condemnation or disgust; I very freq., and in most midland and northern dials, the chief current sense : f. play = unfair dealing Tp. 1. ii. 60, Ham. 1. ii. 255 is not pre-Eliz.)

1 ugly LLL. IV. iii. 87, H5 IV. Chor. 21 f. and ugly witch, 2H6 v. i. 157, Oth. H. i. 141, Ven. 133 hard-

farour'd, foul.

2 unattractive, poor in quality Troil. 1. iii. 359 Let us like merchants show our foulest wares.

3 stormy Tp. 11. i. 148 [141], John IV. ii. 108 So f. a sky, Oth. II. i. 34, Ven. 456 Gusts and foul flaces.

4 grossly abusive Meas. v. i. 304 in f. mouth . . . . 70 call him villain; cf. foul-spoken Tit. 11. i. 58. 5 harsh, rough H5 ii. i. 59 'I you grow f. with me, Ven. 573 Foul words and frowns.

foully: shamefully, disgracefully, wickedly All'sW. v. iii. 155, Mac. iii. i. 3; impurely Meas. II. ii. 174; insultingly 1H4 r. iii. 154.

foulness: moral impurity, wickedness Ado IV. i.

155, H8 III. ii. 184, Lr. I. i. 230; ugliness AYL. III. iii. 42, III. v. 66.

foundation: Ado v. i. 334 [327] God save the f.!, said to be a formula used on receiving alms at a house of charity.

founded: solid, steady Mac. III. iv. 22 f. as the rock. founder (2 rare fig. use of the nautical sense)

1 to cause (a horse) to break down or go lame Tp. 1v. i. 30 Phoebus' steeds are f-'d, 2H4 IV. iii. 39.

2 to come to grief, be wrecked H8 III. ii. 40.

four: used like the Fr. 'quatre' for an indefinite
number, large or small according to the circumstances (cf. FORTY) Tw. N. I. iii. 115 it's f. to one, stances (cf. FORTY) IW.N. I. III. 113 Us J. 16 One, Wint. v. III. 152 [148] any time these J. hours, 1H4 II, III. 14 II I travel but f. foot, H5 v. i. 43 I well peat his pate f. days, Cor. I. II. 6 'Tis not f. days gone, Ham, II. III. 150 he walks f. hours toyether (mod. edd. incorrectly for t), Ant. II. vii. 109 I had rather fust from all f. days. ¶ Freq. in Eliz. writers. four-inched: four inches wide Lr. III. iv. 55.

foutra, foutre: contemptuous expression 2H4 v. iii. 100 A f. for the world, 118 (Q fowtre, Ff footra). fox : type of ingratitude Lr. I. iv. 342, III. vi. 25,

&c.; so foxship, ingratitude Cor. iv. ii. 18. fox2: kind of sword H5 iv. iv. 9. ¶ The wolf on some makes of sword-blade is supposed to have

been mistaken for a fox. fracted: broken H5 II. i. 130 His heart is f., Tim.

11. i. 22 my reliances on his fracted dates.

fraction (2 not pre-S. in this gen. sense) discord, dissension, rupture Troil. II. iii. 108. 2 fragment Troil. v. ii. 155, Tim. II. ii. 221.

fragment: applied to a person as a term of con-tempt (S.) Troil. v. i. 9, Cor. I. i. 228.

frame sb. (the sense of 'picture frame' is not pre-

S., used fig. in Sonn. xxiv. 3)
1 'framing', contrivance Ado IV. i. 191 toil in f. of villanies.

2 structure, form Wint. II. iii. 102\* The very mould and f. of hand, nad, finger; (hence) constitution, nature, 'mould' Meas. v. i. 61, All'sW. IV. ii. 4,

nature, 'mould Meas. V. I. ol., All SW. IV. II. 4, Tw. N. I. 33 a heart of that fine f., Tim. I. i. 70. 3 established order, plan, system Ado IV. i. 130\* Chal I for that at frayal nature's f.f., Mac. III. ii. 16\* let the frame of things disjoint.
4 definite form or order LLL. III. i. 201 [193] Stall

a-repairing, ever out of f., Ham. III. ii. 326 put your discourse into some frame.

5 structure of parts fitted together Ham. v. i. 47.

6 applied to the earth 1H4 III. i. 16, Ham. II. ii. 317 [310].

7 the human body Meas. 11. iv. 134, 1H6 11. iii. 54, Sonn. lix. 10 this composed wonder of your frame. frame vb. (1 survives in Yorkshire dial.)

1 to direct one's steps, go Per. I. Gower 32.
2 to cause, produce, bring to pass 2H4 IV. i. 180 which God so f.!, 2H6 v. ii. 32 Fear f-s disorder, Pilgr. vii. 15 [99].
frampold: disagreeable Wiv. II. ii. 95.
franchise (S. uses): pl. liberties, privileges Cor.

IV. vi. 87 Your f-s...confin'd Into an auger's bore; free exercise Cym. III. i. 57 repair and franchise [of the laws].

franchis'd: free Mac. II. i. 28 keep My bosom ; frank sb.: enclosure for hogs, sty 2H4 II. ii. 160. frank adj. (I is obs.; 2 now somewhat archaic) I unrestrained All'sW. n. iii. ii. 61 thy f. election. 2 liberal, bounteous All'sW. 1. iii. 20, Cor. III. i. 129, Other is 48.

Oth. III. iv. 45, Sonn. iv. 4. open, undisguised Oth. I. iii. 38, III. iii. 195; outspoken H5 1. ii. 244.

franked up: shut up in a sty R3 1. iii. 314, &c. franklin: freeholder; orig., in 14-15th cent., the name of a class of landowners, of free but not noble birth, and ranking next below the gentry Wint. v. ii. 181 [173] boors and f-s, 1H4 II. i. 60, Cym. III. ii. 78 no costlier than would fit A f-'s

frankly:

I freely, without restraint or constraint, unre-strictedly Troil. v. viii. 19, Tim. II. ii. 189 Men and men's fortunes could I f. use, Ham. III. i. 34 We may of their encounter f. judge, v. ii. 267. 2 generously, unreservedly Meas. III. i. 104, Tit. I.

i. 420, Oth. II. iii. 301 to make me f. despise myself. 3 openly, without disguise H8 II. i. 81, Troil. I. iii.

253 Speak f. as the wind, Mac. 1. iv. 5 f. he confess d. fraud: faithlessness Gent. u. vii. 78, Ado II. iii. 76 The f. of men was ever so, 1H6 fv. iv. 36, Ven. 1141. fraught sb.: freight, cargo Tw.N. v. i. 65, Tit. 1. i. 71; fig. load Oth. III. iii. 450 Swelt, bosom, with thy f.

fraught vb.: to load (fig.) Cym. 1. i. 126. fraught pple.: laden, loaded, fig. stored, filled Gent. 111. ii. 70 full f. with serviceable vows, Mer. V. 11. viii. 30 A resset . . . richly f., Wint. vv. iii. [iv.] 527 so f. with curious business, H5 II. ii. 139, Troil. Prol. 4, Lr. 1. iv. 243.

fraughtage: cargo Err. IV. i. 88. fraughted: fraught Sonn. Music iii. 26 [Pilgr. 270].

fraughting: forming the cargo Tp. 1. ii. 13. frayed: frightened Troil. III. ii. 32.

freckled: spotted Tp. 1. ii. 283 A f. whelp, H5 v. ii.
49 The f. cowslip (cf. MND. 11. i. 13),
free adj. (the foll. are the chief obs. senses)

1 of noble or honourable character, generous, magnanimous Tw. N. 1. v. 281, H8 III. i. 59 Like f. und honest men, Troil. I. iii. 235, IV. V. 138, Oth. II. iii. 328 of so f., so kind . . . a disposition, III. iii. 199 your free and noble nature.

2 guiltless, innocent AYL. II. vii. 85, Tw.N. I. v. 98, Wint. I. ii. 113, 251, II. iii. 30, H8 III. i. 32 as f. a soul, Ham. II. ii. 598 [590] Make mad the guilty and appal the f., III. ii. 255, 6th. III. iii. 255.

free vb. (2 a rare sense; cf. Romans vi. 7) 1 to secure from Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 446 we f. thee From the dead blow of it.

2 to clear from blame or stain, absolve, acquit Wint. III. ii. 112 mine honour, Which I would f., H8 II. iv. 155, Cor. Iv. vii. 47, Ham. v. ii. 256 F. me so fur in your most generous thoughts, Lucr. 1208.

3 to get rid of, banish Mac. III. vi. 35 F. from our feasts... bloody knives, Cym. III. vi. 79; to obtain remission of (a sin) Tp. Epil. 18.

1 at f., freely, at liberty Tp. Iv. i. 268 thou Shalt have the air at f., Cym. III. iii. 71 liv'd at honest f. 2 ease H8 v. i. 103\* You cannot with such f. purge

yourself.

privilege, franchise Mer.V. III. ii. 279 the f. of the state, IV. i. 39 your charter and your city's f., Cor. II. i. 267 Disproperted their f-s; fig. Wint. 1. i. 12, Sonn. xlvi. 4.

free-hearted: liberal Tim. III. i. 10.

freely: in freedom, with absolute possession of ireely: in freedom, with absolute possession of one's privileges, &c. Mer.V. III. il. 250 I must f. huve the half..., Tw. N. I. iv. 39 thou shall live as f. as thy lord, To call his fortunes thine. ¶ The more usual meanings are 'unreservedly, readily, willingly', 'frankly, openly', 'without hindranee', 'generously, liberally,' freeness: liberality Cym. v. v. 422. freestone-coloured: of the colour of Rath hydrogeness.

freestone-coloured: of the colour of Bath brick

AYL. IV. iii. 26.

French: LLL. III. i. 9 F. brawl (see BRAWL sb.); Wiv. I. iii. 91 F. thrift . . . myself and skirted page; 'French pages were the fashion at this period, and the discarding of the excess of serving-men is commonly alluded to '(H. C. Hart).

French crown: the French coin called 'écu' LLL. French crown: the French coin called 'ceu' LLL.
III. i. 149, 2H4 III. ii. 240 four Hurry ten skillings
in F. c-s, H5 IV. i. 246, 2H6 IV. ii. 170; with pun
on the sense 'top of the head' and with reference to the baldness produced by 'the French
disease' Meas. I. ii. 55, MND. I. ii. 100, All'sW.
II. ii. 24; comp. F.-colour, yellowish MND. I. ii. 98,
frequent adj. (twice only in S.)
1 addicted to Wint. IV. i. [ii.] 36,
9 familiar with Sonn expire.

2 familiar with Sonn. exvii. 5.

frequent vb.: to resort to a place R2 v. iii. 6. fresh sb.: spring of fresh water Tp. ni. ii. 77. fresh adj. (1 cf. 'freshman' at a university)

raw, inexperienced John III. iv. 145.

2 invigorating, refreshing 0th. IV. iii. 45\* The f. streums, Cym. v. iii. 71 f. cups, soft beds, Sweet words, Compl. 213 The deep-green emerald, in whose fresh regard . .

fresh regiona... 3 cool 3H6 II. v. 49° a fresh tree's shade.
4 blooming, looking healthy or youthful Tp. 1v. i.
137, Shr. 1v. v. 29, Oth. II. iii. 20, Ven. 164.
5 ready, eager H8 I. i. 3° a fresh admirer.
fresh-fish: novice H8 II. iii. 86.

freshly: newly, recently Tp. v. i. 236\* f. beheld Gur. . ship (or ?= beheld our ship renovated); anew, afresh Meas. I. ii. 181, Cym. v. iv. 143; with undiminished intensity H5 iv. iii. 55 f. remembered, H8 v. iii. 31 f. pitied in our memories; healthily, bloomingly AYL. 111. ii. 244, H5 IV. Chor. 39 freshly tooks.

fret sb.: in instruments of the guitar kind, (formerly) a ring of gut (now a bar of wood) placed on the finger-board to regulate the fingering Lucr.

fret vb.1: to make or form by wearing away R2 III. iii. 167, Lr. 1. iv. 309 fret channels in her cheeks. fret vb.2: to adorn (a ceiling) with carved or em-

bossed work in decorative patterns Cym. II. iv. 88 The roof o' the chamber With golden cherubins is fretled; fig. Ham. II. ii. 320 [313]; to chequer Cæs, II. i. 104 yon grey lines That fret the clouds, fret vb.3: to furnish (a guitar, &c.) with frets; quibblingly in Ham. III. ii. 395 [388] though you

can fret me, you cannot play upon me. fretful (not pre-S. in either sense)

1 eating away 2H6 111. ii. 403 a fretful co'rrosive. 2 peevish, ill-tempered, impatient 1H4 111. iii. 13, Ham. 1. v. 20, Lr. III. i. 4. friar: member of any of certain religious orders

founded in the 13th cent. and afterwards, of which the chief were the Franciscans or Grey Friars, the Augustines or Austin Friars, the Dominicans or Black Friars, the Carmelites or White Friars; in Shr. IV. i. 148 It was the f. of orders grey is a fragment of a lost ballad.

friend sb. (in the ordinary sense the foll. phrases occur: at f., to f.=as a friend, friendly, on one's side; be or hold f-s with, make f-s to)

1 pl. relatives, kinsfolk, 'people' Gent. I. i. 64, III. i. 106 she... is promis'd by her f-s Unto a youthful gentleman, Meas. I. ii. 161, AYL. I. iii. 65, R21. iv. 22 Tit. v. i. 136; occas, sing. 146, viv. 9.

iv. 22. Tit. v. i. 136; oceas, sing. 1H6 v. iv. 9.
2 like Fr. 'ami', 'amie' = lover, sweetheart Wiv.
III. iii. 125, Ado v. ii. 75, LLL. v. ii. 405, Oth. iv.
3, Ant. III. x. [xii.] 22, Cym. I. iv. 79 her adorer, not her friend.

3 used as adj. = friendly Cas. v. iii. 18.

friend vh.: to befriend, assist Meas. IV. ii. 116, H5
IV. v. 17, H8 I. ii. 140 Not f-ed by his wish, Cym. II.
iii. 52; absol. Troil. I. ii. 82 time must f, or end.
friending: friendliness Ham. I. v. 185 his love and f.

friendship: friendly act, favour, friendly aid Mer. V. I. iii, 169, Wint. IV. i. [ii.] 22 the heaping f-s, Tim. IV. iii. 70 what f. may I do thee?, Lr. III.

ii. 62 a hovel; Some f. will it lend you 'yainst the tempest, Oth. III. iii. 21.

frieze, frize: kind of coarse woollen cloth with a nap Wiv. v. v. 150, Oth. n. i. 126 (Qq freeze). frippery: place where cast-off clothes are sold Tp. 1v. i. 228.

fritters: make fritters of, hash up Wiv. v. v. 155. fro=from Rom. iv. i. 75, Cym. v. v. 262. [iii. 184. frolic: merry MND. v. ii. 17 [i. 394]; adv. Shr. iv. from prep. (the chief obs. uses are)

1 among, from among All'sW. II. i. 130 entreating f. your royal thoughts A modest one, Tim. 1. ii. 96 why have you that charitable title from thousands?.

2 away from, apart from; at variance with, not in accordance with, alien to; otherwise than, in a accordance with, alien to; otherwise than, in a different way from Mer. V. III. ii. 192 you can wish none (= no joy) f. me, 114 111. ii. 31, H5 IV. vii. 143 quite f. the answer of his degree, Case I. iii. 35 Clean f. the purpose, 64 f. quality and kind, II. i. 196, Mac. III. i. 100, Ham. III. ii. 24, Oth. I. i. 132 f. the sense of all civility, Ant. II. vi. 30 f. the present (= not to the purpose his hand), Cynn. I. vi. 18. I new 341 Soc. Inmestifulmien halds wrought. iv. 18, Lucr. 341 So f. himself impiely hath wrought. from adv.: away Tim. Iv. iii. 404 the fulling-f. of his

friends (mod. edd. falling-of †).
front sb. (1 the usual S. sense)

1 forehead, (hence) face John II. i. 356 these royal 1 forenead, thence) late 30 ft 11. 30 of these volus f-'s, R3 1, i. 9 smooth'd his wrinkled f., Mac, 1v. 1ii. 231; transf. 1H4 III. i. 14 f. of heaven (cf. Lr. II. ii. 114 ft.ckering Phaebus' f.), H5 1. Chor, 21; phr. Oth, I. iii. 30 head and f. of my offending, 111. i. 52 To take the saf'st occasion by the front.
2 foremost line of battle 3H6 1, i. 8, Cor. 1. vi. 8

(with pun on sense 1), Ant. v. i. 44. first period, beginning Wint. IV, iii. [iv.] 3 April's f., Sonn. cii. 7 summer's front.

front vb.: to march in the front rank (S.) H8 I. ii.

42 I... front but in that file ... frontier: outwork in fortification 1H4 II. iii. 57 pulisadoes, f-s, parapets; fig. 1. iii. 19 The moody f. of a servant brow (cf. H5 111. i. 10); frontier fortress or town Ham. IV. iv. 16.

frontlet: band worn on the forehead; fig. with ref. to a frowning visage Lr. 1. iv. 210 what makes

that frontlet on ?.

frosty: characteristic of old age 2H6 v. i. 167 the f. head, Tit. v. iii. 77 my frosty signs.
 froth: to make drink frothy; fig. Wiv. 1. iii. 14

Let me see thee frolk and lime.

fruit (1 not a common use in S. or elsewhere)

1 dessert Ham, II. ii. 52 the fruit to that great feast. 2 offspring 3H6 IV. iv. 24 King Edward's f., H8 V. i. 20, Lucr. 1064, Sonn. xevii. 10. fruitful (sense l is rare outside S.)

1 abundant, copious Meas, IV, iii, 165 one f. meal,
1 abundant, copious Meas, IV, iii, 165 one f. meal,
1 Tim. v. i. 155 a recompense more f., Ham. I. ii. 80,
2 generous, liberal H8 I. iii. 56, 0th. II. iii. 350,
1 fruitfully: copiously, fully All's W. II. ii. 75 you
1 understand me?—Most f., Lr. IV. vi. 271 f. offered,
1 fruitless: liberality (S.) 0th. III. iv. 39,
1 fruitless: barren, not producing offspring, un1 fertile MND. I. i. 73 the cold f. moon, Mac. III. i. 61
2 a fruitless crown, Ven. 751 fruitless chastidy.
1 frush: to smash, batter Troil IV, vi. 29

frush: to smash, batter Troil, v, vi, 29.
frustrate vb.: to annul 3H6 II. i. 175 To f. . . . his oath,
frustrate pple: frustrated Ant. v, i. 2\*; vain Tp.
III. iii. 10 Our frustrate search. [146,
frutify: comic blunder for 'notify' Mer.V. II. ii.

fub: see FOB 2H4 II. i. 39.

fulfil (1 the earliest sense)

1 to fill full, fill up LLL, iv. iii. 364 charity itself f-s the law, Luer. 1258 [women] so fulfill'd With mea's abuses, Sonn. exxxvi. 5 f. the treasure of thy love. 2 to execute, perform 1H6 iii. ii. 133, Luer. 1635.

fulfilling: suitable, complementary Troil. Prol. 18. full sb. phrases:—at f., (1) fully, completely Meas. 1. i. 43 be thou at f. ourself; (2) at length Err. 1. i. 122 dilate at f., H5 11. iv. 140 know our mind at f., Ham. IV. iii. 66; (3) at the period or moment of fullness LLL. v. ii. 215 look the moon at f., Ant. III. namess L.L. v. II. 215 took the moon at f., Ant. III. ii. 49 at f. of tade;—m the f., with full complement Troil. vv. v. 271;—to the f., (1) fully All'sW. I. iii. 199, 2H6 I. ii. 84; (2) to its full state Ant. II. i. 11 at will come to the f., Troil. III. iii. 242 to may f. of view (=to my eye's complete satisfaction). full adv.: freq. in the senses (1) fully, quite; (2) very, exceedingly.

full-acorn'd: fed full on acorns Cym. II. v. 16. fullam: kind of false dice loaded at the corner Wiv. 1. iii. 92

fuller: one who cleanses cloth H8 1, ii, 33. full-gorg'd: crammed full with food Shr. iv. i. 194.

full-hearted: full of courage Cym. v. iii, 7. fullness: repletion, satiety Sonn. lvi. 6; abundance

Cym. III. vi. 12 To lapse in fullness. fully: to saticty Cor. I. ix. 11, Lr. III. v. 22.

fulsome (1 a S. use; the rest are obs.)
1 (?) lustful Mer.V. I. iii. 87 fulsome ewes.

2 cloying, wearisome Tw.N. v. i. 113 f. to mine eur. 3 offensive to the senses, physically disgusting John III. iv. 32 f. dust, R3 v. iii. 133 fulsome wine.

4 morally foul, filthy Oth. IV. i. 37.

fumble: to wrap up clumsily Tit. IV. ii. 59; fig. Troil. IV. iv. 46.

fume: to be clouded with fumes of liquor Ant. II. i. 24 Keep his brain fuming.

fumiter (mod. edd.): the plant Fumaria Lr. IV. iv. 3 (Qq femiler, Ff incorrectly Femiler); also fumitory (mod. edd.) H5 v. ii. 45 (most old edd. femilery).

function (the usual meaning is 'office, employment', 2 not pre-S.)

1 activity, action (of the faculties) Mac. 1. iii. 140 f. Is smolher'd in surmise, Ham. 11. ii. 590 [582] his whole f.

2 particular kind of activity or operation, (i) of a physical organ MND. III. ii. 177 Dark night, that from the eye his f. takes: (ii) of intellectual or moral powers Oth. 11. iii. 357 Even as her appetite shall play the god With his weak function.

funeral (l'a 16-17th cent. use)

1 pl. obsequies Tit. I. i. 381, Cæs. v. iii. 105. 2 death Per. II. iv. 32.

furlong: thousand f-s opposed to an acre Tp. 1. i. 70, Wint, 1. ii. 95.

furnace: to exhale as from a furnace Cym. 1. vi. 66 f-s The thick sighs. \ So used by Chapman. furnish (the construction f. with also occurs)

1 to supply with what is necessary, equip, fit out Mer. V. n. iv. 9 we have two hours To f. us, 1H6 iv. i. 39 He then that is not f-'d in this sort, Ant. 1. iv.

77 I shall be furnish'd to inform you rightly. 2 to dress, also to decorate, embellish Ado III. i. 103 Which is the best to f. me, AYL, III, ii. 260 f-'d like a hunter, Rom. IV. ii. 36 ornaments . . . to f. me to-morrow.

3 f. forth = sense 1 (S.) 2H4 1. ii. 255 lend me u thousand pound to f. me forth, Ham. 1. ii. 181 f. forth the marriage tables ;—f. out, to provide for Tim. 111. iv. 117 not so much left to f. out A moderate tuble.

furnishings: unimportant appendages, mere externals Lr. III. i. 29.

furniture: fitting out, equipping, provision 1H4 10. iii. 224 Money and order for their f.; equipment Shr. iv. iii. 182 this poor f. and mean array, 2H6 1. iii. 172; trappings, harness All'sW. II. iii. 65.

furrow: arable or ploughed land Tp. iv. i. 135; hence furrow-weed (S.) Lr. iv. iv. 3.

furse: Tp. 1. i. 72 (Ff fir(r)s), 1v. i. 180 (Ff firzes), further: more distant or remote H8 II. iv. 230 till f. day, Lr. v. iii. 54 To-morrow, or at f. space ;-no further = no further business Cor. 11.iii. 181.

fury (the ordinary senses are freq.)

1 inspired frenzy, poetic 'rage' LLL. IV. iii. 229,
Oth. III. iv. 73 A sibyl... In her prophetic f., Sonn.

e. 3 Spend of thou they, on some worthless sony?.

2 one of the avenging deities, dread goddesses with snakes twined in their hair, sent from Tartarus to avenge wrong and punish crime Ado I. i. 200 [193], MND. v. i. 291, 346 I. iii. 31, R3 I. iv. 57, Tit. v. ii. 82, Ant. 11. v. 40.

## fustian:

coarse cloth made of cotton and flax Shr. IV. i. 49 the serving-men in their new fustian.

(a) bombastic language, rant, (b) gibberish, nonsense Oth. 11. iii. 284\*

3 as adj.: bombastic, ridiculously pompous Tw.N.

n. v. 120, 2H4 n. iv. 202.

fustilarian: (?) comic formation on the word fustilugs' = fat frowzy woman 2H4 II. i. 68.

gaberdine: loose upper garment Tp. 11. ii. 41. gad: sharp spike; applied to a stylus Tit. IV. i. 103 I... with a gad of steel will write these words; phrase upon the gad, suddenly Lr. 1. ii. 26 All thus done Upon the y .! (ef. 'on the spur of the moment'). gage sb.

pawn, pledge, security; in phr. lay to g., to put in pawn Lucr. 1351.

2 pledge (usu, a glove thrown on the ground) of a person's appearance to do battle in support of his assertions, challenge R2 1. i. 69, &c., 1v. i. 34 my g. . . . m g. to thine, 86 rest under gage, 105. gage vb. (3 a sense peculiar to S.)

1 to pledge, stake, risk Ham. 1. i. 91 a moiety competent Was g-d by our king, Lucr. 144 one for all,

or all for one we gage.

2 to bind as by oath or promise 1H4 I, iii, 173 Dal gage them both in an unjust behalf, Troil. v. i. 46. 3 to entangle in Mer.V. 1. i. 131\* the great debts

Wherein my time . . . Huth left me gaged. gain (the foll, uses are app. only S.) 1 to acquire (a language) 2H4 iv. iv. 69.

to restore Cym. IV. ii. 167 to gain his colour.

3 to give victory to Cym. II. iv. 59.

gain-giving: misgiving Ham. v. ii. 227. gainsay: to forbid (S.) Troil. IV. v. 131.

gainsaying: refusal Wint. r. ii. 19 I'll no g.
gainst, in mod. edd. usually 'gainst: used in the
various senses of 'against', the temporal meaning being least usual; = AGAINST 2 Shr. II. i. 309 [317] g. the wedding day, R2 v. ii. 66 (Qq 2-5 against), Rom. III. v. 154; = AGAINST 3 Tit. v. ii. 206 (Qq against), Ham. t. i. 158 gainst that season comes.

gait: walking, going forward Wiv. 1. iv. 31, MND. v. ii. 46 [i. 423] take his g. (= go his way), Tw.N 1. iv. 15 address they g. (= go), 111. i. 94 with g. and entrance, H8 111. ii. 117 fast g., Lr. 1v. vi. 243 go your g.: fig. proceeding Ham. I. ii. 31 to suppress

His further guit herein.

Galen (old edd. also Galien = mediaeval Latin 'Galienus', Gallen, Galton): celebrated physician of the 2nd cent. A.D., All'sW. H. iii. 12, Cor. H. i. 130 the most sovereign prescription in G.; (hence gen.) a physician Wiv. 11, iii, 29 What says my Esculapius? my Galen?.

gall sb.: spirit to resent injury or insult Oth. IV.

iii. 95 we have galls.

gall vb. (orig. sense 'make sore by chafing' and fig. 'harass, annoy' occur; 2 is only S.)

I to graze with a weapon, to wound, hurt Shr. v. ii. 60, John IV. iii. 94, H8 III. ii. 208, Tit. IV. iii. 70, Ham. IV. vii. 147.

2 to scoff ut H5 v. i. 78.

gallant sb. (2 a courteous mode of address) 1 man of fashion and pleasure, fine gentleman Ado III. iv. 96 all the gallants of the town, Oth. II. iii. 31.

pl. used as a vocative = gentlemen Ado III. ii. 15,

1H4 II, iv. 310, 1H6 III, ii. 41.
3 ladies' man, lover Wiv. II. i. 22.
gallant adj. (orig. = 'showy in appearance, smart') 1 loosely used as a gen, epithet of praise = excellent, splendid, fine AYL. r. iii. 120 A g. curtle-axe, Wint. i. i. 42 a'y. child, Cas. iv. ii. 24 y. show; of a ship = noble, stately Tp. v. i. 237.

2 chivalrous, full of noble daring (the common S.

use) 1H4 IV. iv. 26 gallent warrors.
gallantry (once): body of gallants Troil. III. i. 151.
gallant-springing: 'growing up in beauty'
(Schmidt) R3 I. iv. 230 g., brace Plantagenet.
galled': (a) irritated, (b) full of gall, rancorous
Troil. v. x. 55\* Some gulled goose of Winchester.

galled 2: sore from chafing Ham. III. ii. 256 the g. jude; fretted with salt water H5 III. i. 12 a g. rock, Lucr. 1440 the g. shore; with tears R3 IV. IV. 53, Ham. I. ii. 155 her galled eyes.

galley: low flat-built sea-going vessel with one deck, formerly used in the Mediterranean, Shr. n. i. 373 [381].

Gallia: Gaul, France H5 v. i. 94 in the G. wars, 1H6 iv. vii. 48.

Gallian: French 1H6 v. iv. 139, Cvm. 1. vi. 66. galliard: quick and lively dance in triple time Tw.N. 1. iii. 129, H5 1, ii. 252.

galliass: heavy low-built vessel, larger than a galley, employed in war Shr. 11. i. 372 [380].

gallin aufrey: medley, jumble Wint. iv. iii. [iv.]

337 a g. of gambols; promiscuous assemblage Wiv. II. i. 117 He lores the gallimanfrey.
gallop: fulse g., canter (fig.) Ado III. iv. 94, AYL. III. ii. 120 This is the very fulse gallop of verses.
gallow: to frighten Lr. III. ii. 44. ¶ Now dial.
usually in the form 'galley', but 'gallow' is used in scrib, west mid. in south-west midl.

gallowglasses: soldiers or retainers formerly maintained by Irish chiefs 2H6 IV. ix. 26, Mac. ı. ii. 13.

gallows (with additional pl. suffix gallowses Cym. v. iv. 213): one deserving to be hanged, gallows-bird Tp. i. i. 34, LLL. v. ii. 12. gambol: as adj. sportive, playful 2H4 ii. iv. 273.

game (the foll, are absolute meanings)

1 fun, sport LLL. v. ii. 155, 361 pleasant game, MND. r. i. 240 As waggish boys in game . . . 2 amorous play Troil av. v. 63, Oth. n. iii. 19.

sport derived from the chase LLL. IV. ii. 174, 3H6 iv. v. 11.

gamester (thrice in the sense 'gambler') frolicsome person AYL. I. i. 173, Shr. II. i. 394

[402], H8 1. iv. 45 Fon are a merry gamester. lewd person All'sW. v. iii. 190, Per. iv. vi. 83

gamut: musical scale Shr. III. i. 72, &c. (old edd. gamoth, gamouth). [iii. 128.

Ganymede: cup-bearer to Zeus (Jupiter) AYL. 1. gape: to be eager to Rom. II. Chor. 2

gaping vbl. sb.: bawling H8 v. iv. 3 leave your y. gaping ppl. adj.: y. pig\*, pig's head served on the table with its mouth wide open Mer. V. w. i. 47, 54.

garb: style, manner, fashion H5 v. i. 81, Cor. iv. vii. 44 austerity and g. (=austere behaviour), Ham. n. ii. 399 [390], Lr. n. ii. 103 constrains the g. Quite from his nature, Oth. II. i. 318. ¶ The meaning 'fashion of dress, costume' is not S.

garboil: brawl, commotion Ant. I. iii. 61, II. ii. 71.

garden-house (not pre-S.): summer-house Meas. v. i. 206.

Gargantua: the large-mouthed voracious giant in Rabelais AYL. 111. ii. 239. garland (2 cf. 'Bellay, first garland of free Poesie'

Spenser) 1 royal crown or diadem 2H4 IV. v. 200 (garment +), v. ii. 84, R3 III. ii. 40 Till Richard wear the g. of the realm.

2 principal ornament or 'glory' Cor. I. i. 190 Him ... that was your g., I. ix. 60, II. ii. 106, Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 64.

garnish: outfit, dress Mer.V. 11. vi. 45.

garnished: furnished (? with words or with brains) Mer. V. III. v. 75.

gaskins: breeches Tw. N. t. v. 27 if both break, your gaskins full.

gasted: terrified Lr. H. i. 57 g. by the noise I made. gastness: terror Oth. v. i. 106 the y. of her eye. gate: in Ham. 1. v. 67 The natural g-s and alleys of

the body there is perhaps an allusion to the 'vena porta' (rendered 'gate-yein' by 17th cont writers).

gather: to infer, deduce, conclude Err. 1. i. 95, IV. iii. 87 The reason that I g. he is mad, R3 1. iii. 68; absol. to draw inferences, get information All's W. IV. i. 87 To g. from thee, Ham. II. ii. 108 now, g., and surmise.

gaud, gawd: plaything, toy, gewgaw MND. I. i. 33. John III. iii. 36.

gauded, gawded: adorned Cor. II. i. 236 nicely gawded cheeks.

gaudy-night (8.): night of rejoicing Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 182. ¶ A nonce-compound modelled on the common 'gaudy-day'.
gay: in ballad style, conventional epithet of praise

applied to women Sonn. Music 15 [Pilgr. 225] the lady gay.

gaze: that which is gazed at Mac. v. vii. 53 [viii. 24] the show and g. o' the time, Sonn. v. 2 The lovely gaze.

gear (orig. sense is 'apparel, dress' LLL. v. ii. 304)
1 stuff, thing, article Mer. V. 11. ii. 182 a good wench
for this gear, Troil. 111. ii. 220, Rom. v. i. 60.

2 discourse, talk Mer.V. 1. i. 110.

matter, affair, business 2H6 I. iv. 17, III. i. 91, R3 I. iv. 159 shall we to this g.?, Troil. I. i. 6, Rom. 11. iv. 110.

geck: fool Tw.N. v. i. 355, Cym. v. iv. 67. ¶ Survives in midl. dial.; used by George Eliot in 'Adam Bede' ix.

geld: to deprive (of some essential part) LLL. II. i.

148, R2 m. i. 238 g-ed of his patrimony, HH4 m. i. 111 Gelding the opposed continent.
gemini: pair Wiv. m. ii. 9 a gemini of baboons.
gender: kind, sort, class Oth. n. iii. 327 one g. of herbs, Phoen. 18; the general g., the common sort Ham. 1v. vii. 18.

general sb. (the military sense is used fig. in Gent. iv. i. 61, LLL. in. i. 195 [187], Rom. v. iii. 219 g. of your wees, Sonn. cliv. 7)

1 the general, the whole Troil. 1. iii. 342.

2 people in general, the public, the multitude Cas. II. i. 12, Ham. II. ii. 466 [457] 'lieus caviare lo the g. 3 that which is common to all Troil. I. iii. 180

Severals and generals of grace.
4 in general, (i) in a body, collectively; universally, without exception 1H4 IV. iii. 26 So are the horses of the enemy In g., Troil. IV. v. 21 (i.e. by all), Cas. IV. ii. 29, Lucr. 1484; (ii) in all respects Per. v. i. 185 Most wise in g.; (iii) generally Cas. 11. ii. 29 to the world in general as to Casar.

general adj.:

1 all, all collectively, whole 1H4 m. ii. 178 Our g.

forces, 1H6 IV. iv. 3 all our g. force, Troil. v. ii. 129 the g. sex (=all womenkind), Lr. 1. iv. 65, Oth. III. iii. 346 the general camp.

111. 11. 34 the general camp.

2 relating to the whole people, common, public 2H4
1y, i, 94, Cas. 111. ii, 95 the g. coffers, Ham. II. ii,
597 [589] cleave to the g. ear with horrid speech,
general adv.: generally 1H4 IV. i. 5.
generally (the sense 'usually, commonly' is

post-S. in a body, as a whole AYL. III. ii. 372, Shr. I. ii.

277 To whom we all rest g. beholding, H5 I. i. 88. 2 universally, without exception Wiv. II. ii. 242 g. allowed, All'SW. II. iii. 43 to be g. thankful, H8 II. 1. 47, Tim. 11. ii. 119.

generation:

offspring, progeny Wint. II. i. 147, R2 v. v. 8, Troil. III. i. 148 is love a y. of vipros f, Lr. I. i. 119.
 breed, race, kind Tp. III. iii. 33 Our human y., Meas. iv. iii. 96, Tim. I. i. 205 Thy mather's of my y.

generative: capable of generation Meas. 111. ii. 121. generous: of noble lineage, high born Meas. iv. vi. 13, LLL. v. i. 98 most g. sir, Ham. 1. iii. 74,

Oth. 111. iii. 280.

genius (3 not pre-S.) l in classical pagan belief, tutelary god or attendant spirit supposed to be allotted to every man at his birth Tw.N. III. iv. 144, Troil. IV. iv. 50 the G. so Cries' Come!' to him, Cas. II. i. 66, Mac.

111. i. 56 under him My genius is rebuk'd.
2 used with allusion to the two mutally opposed spirits (the good and the evil genius) by whom every person was supposed to be attended throughout his life Tp. iv. i. 27 the strong'st suggestion Our worser genius can.

3 embodied type or representation 2H4 III. ii. 341

a' was the very genius of famine. gentility: politeness LLL. 1. i. 127.

gentle sb.: pl. gentlefolk LLL. IV. ii. 174; chiefly used (sing. and pl.) in polite address Wiv. III. ii. 96, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 46 Be merry, q., H5 I. Chor.

8 pardon, g-s all, Ant. IV. Xiii. [XV.] 47.
gentle adj. (the senses 'well born', 'kind', 'not violent, mild' are well represented in S.)

I used in polite address or as a complimentary epithet Gent. I. ii. 14 What think'st thou of the g. Proteus?, 11. i. 118 I thank you, g. servant, 111. i. 14 your g.daughter, Cass. 111. ii. 78 You gentle Romans.

2 tame H5 m. vii. 58, H8 v. iii. 22.

gentle vb.: to ennoble H5 iv. iii. 63 g. his condition, gentleman (1 in the 17th c. 'something more than an ordinary Souldier, hath a little more pay, and doth not stand Centinel') [1v. i. 39.

officer of a company of soldiers 1H4 IV. ii. 26, H5 2 man of gentle birth attached to the household of a person of high rank Tw. N. v. i. 184 The count's g., H8 1. ii. 5 That g. of Buckingham's; transf. 1H4 1. ii. 29 Diana's foresters, g-men of the shade; so gentlewoman Ado 11. iii. 234 [223], H8 111. ii. 95, Oth. III. i. 26 the g. that attends the general's wife.

gentry (2 properly 'what is proper to gentlemen') 1 rank by birth, quality or rank of gentleman Wiv. 11. i. 53, Wint. 1. ii. 393 which no less adorns Our

g., 1H6 II. iv. 93 uncient g., Cor. III. i. 143. 2 good-breeding Ham. v. ii. 115 the card or culendar

of g.; courtesy Ham, n. ii. 22 g. and goodwill. George: the jewel, on which is a figure of St. George, forming part of the insignia of the order of the garter 2H6 iv. i. 29, R3 iv. iv. 367, 370.

german adj. and sb. (cousin-german = first cousin Troil. IV. v. 120)

1 closely related, akin Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 805 (Ff Iermain(e), Tim. IV. iii. 345 (Ff Germa(i)ne).

2 appropriate Ham. v. ii. 165 more g. to the matter (Ft Germaine, Qq 23 Ierman, Q1 more cosin german).

3 sb. near relative Oth. 1. i. 114 (F1 Germaines, Q1 Iermans).

germen (not pre-S., old edd. germaine): germ Mac. iv. i. 59 the treasure of Nature's y-s, Lr. III. ii. 8. gest'†: pl. deeds Ant. iv. viii. 2 (old edd. yuests). gest': time allotted for a halt (S.) Wint. I. ii. 41.

gesture (obs. use): carriage, bearing, demeanour AYL. v. ii. 70 If you do love Rosalind so near the heart as your g. cries it out, H5 iv. Chor. 25 their gesture sad.

get (pa. t. got, in Per. II. ii. 6 gat to rhyme with at,

pa, pple, got, also gotten)
intr. to gain 1H6 iv. iii. 32 we lose, they . . . get.
to get knowledge of, learn, ascertain Gent. ii. v.
40, Wint. iv. i. [ii.]55, Ham. III. i. 2 Get from him
why he puts on this confusion.

at the pass of this consistent.

3 to beget (freq.); in John 1. i. 259 to get=to be begotten; absol. Ven. 168 to get it is thy duty.

¶ The foll. uses are recorded first from S.; senses 1 and 2 above, 'acquire (a custom or quality)' Cym. IV. ii. 236, Sonn. lxxviii. 3; 'catch (an illness)'Tp. II. ii. 70; have got = possess Tim. I. ii. 26; get thee gone Err. III. i. 84; 'become,' with an adj. complement Mer.V. I. i. 135; get aboard Err. IV. iv. 160, Wint. III. iii. 7; get back Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 139; get off = escape Cor. II. i. 143; get on = put on 2H4 v. iii. 134, Mac. II. ii. 71.

getter: begetter Cor. IV. v. 241.

ghost sh. (the mod, use is the prevailing one) 1 incorporeal being, spirit Sonn. lxxxvi. 9. 2 apparition, spectre Ven. 933.

3 corpse 2H6 III. ii. 161 a timely-parted g., Ham. I.

ghost vb.: to haunt Ant. II. vi. 13.

ghostly: spiritual Meas. IV. iii. 53, Rom. III. iii. 48 ghostly confessor. [i. 190 [182]. giant-dwarf: dwarf with giant's power LLL. III. gib(-cat): tom-cat Ham. III. iv. 190; 1H4 I. ii. 83. gibbet: to hang as on a gibbet (S.) 2H4 III. ii. 285. gig sb.: whipping-top LLL I. IV. iii. 167, v. i. 71, 74. gig vb.: (?) to walk wantonly Ham. III. i. 152 (so Q 1604; F gidge, Q 1676 jig).
giglet, ot: lewd, wanton woman Meas. v. i. 347; used adj. 1H6 iv. vii. 41, Cym. III. i. 31 g. fortune.

gild (1 common in 16-17th cent.)

1 to smear with blood John II, i, 316 all gilt with Frenchmen's blood, Mac, II, ii, 57 (quibble), 2 to supply with money Mer, V. II, vi, 49, 3 to flush Tp. v. i, 280 liquor that hath gilded them.

to give a specious lustre to 1H4 v. iv. 162 I'lly. it with the happnest terms I have, 2H4 1. ii. 171, Ant. I. v. 37, Compl. 172 decests were y-ed in his smiling.

gilded: of a golden colour Ant. 1. iv. 62 y. puddle. gillyvor: clove-scented pink, Dianthus caryophyllus Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 82, 98.

gilt: gold, money H5 II. Chor. 26.

gimmal, gimmer: pl. joints or connecting parts for transmitting motion in clockwork 1H6 I. ii. 41 by some odd g-s or device, Their arms are set like

clocks (F1 gramors, F123 Gimmalls, F4 Gimmalls).
gimmaled: made with gimmals or joints, consisting of two similar parts hinged together H5 IV. ii. 49 the g. bit (Ff Lymold, mod. edd. gimmal). gin: to begin Mac. I. ii. 25 whence the sun gins his

reflection; more usu, with an infin.; cf. can vb.² ging (once): gang, set Wiv. IV. ii. 126 (F<sub>1</sub> Q<sub>3</sub> yin), gipsy: allusively identified with 'Egyptian' Ant. iv. x. 41 [xii. 28]. gird sb.: sharp or biting remark Shr. v. ii. 58; so

gird vb. intr. 2H4 I. ii. 6, trans. Cor. I. i. 262.

girded: invested, besieged H5 m, Chor. 27.
girdle: Ado v. i. 146 to turn his g., said to refer to preparation for wrestling by turning the buckle to the back;—MND. n, i. 175 put a g, round the earth, make a circuit of the world.

girt: to gird 1H6 III. i. 170, 2H6 I. i. 66, Gis: by Gis!=by Jesus, Ham. IV. v. 59, give (pa. pple. once gave Ven. 571; 8 metaphor from

the exuding of moisture, e.g. on a stone)

1 to 'give away' (the bride) at the marriage ceremony AYL. III. iii, 71 Is there none here to g. the woman?.

2 to dedicate, devote, surrender Wiv. v. v. 161 have given ourselves . . . to hell, Wint. II. iii. 8 Given to the fire, H5 I. ii. 270, R3 II. i. 117, Ant. III. ii. 64, Sonn. clii. 11 gave eyes to blindness; intr. (?) = refl. to give oneself up to Compl. 51 gave to tear (mod. edd. gan); cf. H5 IV. vi. 32.

(of the mind) to suggest, cause to suspect H8 v. iii. 109, Cor. IV. v. 158 my mind gave me his clothes

made a false report of him.

4 to display as an armorial bearing Wiv. I. i. 16 may g. the dozen white luces in their coat, 1H61. v. 29.

5 to represent, report Cor. 1. ix. 55 us that g. you truly, Ant. I. iv. 40 men's reports Give him much

6 to attribute, ascribe, assign H8 III. ii. 263 the fault thou gav'st him, Rom. IV. V. 116-7 (quibbling), Mac. 1. iii. 119 those that gave the Thane of Cawdor

7 to consider, set down as Wint. III. ii. 96. 8 to be tearful Tim. IV. iii. 493 whose eyes do never y. give away, to sacrifice (another's interests) Oth. III. iii. 28; give back, to retreat, fall back Gent. v. iv. 126; give off, (1) to relinquish John v. i. 27 My crown I should y. off; (2) to cease Ant. Iv. iii. 22; give over, (1) to abandon, desert Tp. II. i. 11, MND. III. ii. 130, Shr. I. ii. 106, Tit. IV. ii. 48
Pray to the devils; the gods have given us over; (2)
to pronounce incurable, 'give up' 1H4 III. iii. 41,
Tim. III. iii. 12 His friends, like physicians, Thrice
give him over; (3) to yield to 2H4 I. i. 164 g. o'er To stormy passion; give up, (1) to succumb Cym.

II. ii. 46; (2) to deliver, render R3 I. iv. 193 have given their verdict up, Ham. I. iii. 98 give me up the truth.

giving out: assertion, declaration Meas. I. iv. 51, Ham. 1. v. 178, Oth. Iv. i. 129,

glad sb.: gladness Per. II. Gower 38. ¶ An archaism;

not in current use after 1450, glad vb.: to make glad 3H6 rv. vi. 93, Tit. 1. i. 166. glance sb.: satirical hit AYL. 11. vii. 57g-s of the fool. glance vb.:

1 (of a weapon) to glide off an object struck Wiv. v. v. 261 [249] your arrow hath y-d; fig. Shr. v. ii. 61 the jest did y. away from me, Lr. v. iii. 150; g. on, to strike obliquely upon and turn aside Per, III. iii. 7.

2 to dart or spring aside Sonn. lxxvi. 3\*.

3 to pass quickly from (a subject) Meas. v. i. 307 to g. from him to the duke himself;—g. at, to allude to in passing, hit at, reflect upon MND. n. i. 75 G. at my credit with Hippolyta, Cæs. i. ii. 325 Cæsær's ambition shall be glunced at.

4 to allude to Err. v. i. 66 I often glanced it. glass (the commonest S. sense is 'mirror

I sand-glass, hour-glass All'sW. II. i. 168, Wint. I. ii. 306 The running of one g., iv. Chor. [i.] 16 I turn my g., 1H6 iv. ii. 35, Sonn. exxvi. 2; in nautical use, half-hour glass, hence = half-an-hour Tp. 1. ii. 240, v. i. 223 three glasses since.

2 magic mirror or crystal Mac. IV. i. 119. 3 eye-ball R2 I. iii. 208, Cor. III. ii. 117.

glassed: enclosed or cased in glass LLL. II. i. 242.

glass-eyes: spectacles Lr. IV. vi. 175.

glass-fac'd: reflecting, like a mirror, the looks of another Tim. 1. i. 59 the glass-fac'd flatterer. glass-gazing: contemplating oneself in a mirror Lr. 11. ii. 19.

glassy: frail as glass Meas. 11. ii. 120 His g. essence. glaze: to stare Cas. I. iii. 21 (mod. edd. glar'dt). ¶ In mod. use found only in Cornwall and Devou.

glean: to collect into one mass H8 III. ii. 285. gleaned: stripped of defenders H5 1. ii. 151.

gleek sb.: gibe, jest 1H6 III. ii. 123, Rom. iv. v. 115; so gleek vb. MND. III. i. 154, H5 v. i. 78.

glib: to castrate, geld Wint. II. i. 148.

glimpse: transient brightness, flash Meas. 1. ii. 168 g. of newness; Ham. 1. iv. 53 g-s of the moon (=the earth by night); fig. faint appearance, tinge, trace Troil. 1. ii. 25.
globe: Ham. 1. v. 97 this distructed y.=this con-

fused head or brain

glooming (once): dark (fig.) Rom. v. iii. 305 A y. peace. ¶ Gloomy, which occurs thrice in S., is not recorded before his date.

glorious: eager for glory Cym. 1. vi. 7 the desire

that's g., Per. 1. Gower 9.

gloss: set a g. on, to give a speciously fair appearance to 1H6 iv. i. 103, Tim. i. ii. 16.

glow: to make hot Ant. II. ii. 212 To y. the delicute

cheeks.

gloze sb.: pl. 'highfalutin' talk LLL. IV. iii. 370. gioze vb. (orig. = to make glosses upon)

1 to interpret (a thing) to be (so and so) H5 I. ii. 40 Which Salique land the French unjustly y. To be the realm of France.
2 to comment on Troil, II. ii. 165.

3 to talk smoothly and speciously, use fair words or flattering language R2 11. i. 10, Tit. IV. iv. 35 thus it shall become High-witted Tamora to 9. with ull, Per. 1. i. 110 he has found the meaning But I will gloze with him.

glut: to swallow Tp. 1. i. 65 And gape... to g. him.
glutted: satiated 1H4 III. ii. 84 g., gorg'd, and full.
gnarl (not pre-S.): to snarl R2 I. iii. 292 g-ing
sorrow, 2H6 III. i. 192 woless are gnarling.
gnarled: knotted Meas. II. ii. 116 g. onk. ¶ First
in S., app. as a variant of 'knurled', whence in

mod, use only from the beginning of the 19th cent.

gnaw pa. pple. gnawn Wiv. 11. ii. 311 my reputation mawn at.

go (1 current till about 1800)

1 to walk, move on foot at an ordinary pace Tp. III. ii. 23, Gent. 111. i. 391 going will scarce serie thy turn, iv. ii. 20 lore Will creep... where it cannot go, 1H4 II. iii. 88, 2H4 II. iv. 178, Lr. I. iv. 135 Ride more than thou goest, Sonn. exxx. 11.

2 used in the imperative as a rebuke or remonstrance MND. iii. ii. 259 you are a tame man, go!,

H5 v. i. 73, Rom. I. v. 90 You are a princox; yo. go about, make it one's object to Meas. III. ii. 219, MND. iv. i. 213, H5 iv. i. 215, Lucr. 412; go along with, agree with or approve of Ham. i. ii. 15; go before, be superior to (S.) Cym. 1. iv. 83; go by, go unnoticed Shr. 1. ii. 256, Meas. 11. ii. 41; go even, hard, near (see EVEN, HARD, NEAR); go in, join in Ador.i. 194[188]; go off, die Mac. v. vii. 05 [viii. 36]; go through, do one's ntmost Meas. n.i. 293 [285], Per. iv. ii. 47; go to! used to express disapprobation, remonstrance, protest, or derisive incredulity (very freq.); go to it, (1) perish, die Gent. IV. iv. 5. Ham. v. ii. 56; (2) copulate Lr. IV. vi. 115, 125, Per. IV. vi. 82; go up, (of a sword) be put up in its sheath Cas. v. i. 52. goal: Ant. iv. viii. 22 Get g. for g. of = be even with. goatish: lascivious, lustful Lr. i. ii. 143.

gobbet: piece of raw flesh 2H6 IV. i. 85, V. ii. 58.

god sb.: prefixed, without the article, to the name of a deity, or a person likened to one Ado 111. iii. 142 like god Bel's priests, Troil. I. iii. 169 god Achilles (QF1; Ff23 yood);-God be wi' you, in old edd. usually God buy you or ye (also bu'y, buy'), oceas. God be with you, God buy to you, later Ff and Qq God b' w' ye, b' wi' ye or you; — God dig-you-den, God (y)iyoden: see GOOD-DEN.

god vh.: to deify, idolize Cor. v. iii. 11. God-a-mercy (2 app. orig. = 'God reward you') 1 = God have mercy ! Shr. v., iii. 153, 1H4 nr. iii. 58, Ham. Iv. v. 198 G. on his soul! (Ff Gramercy).

2 used in response to a respectful salutation or a wish, usu, expressed by an inferior, for a person's welfare John r. i. 185, H5 IV. i. 34, Troil. v. iv. 33,

Ham. 11. ii. 172.

godfather: fig. sometimes with ref. to the godfather's naming the child at baptism LLL. 1. i. 88 These early y-s of heaven's lights That give a name to every fixed star, Ven. Ded. 5 :- jocularly, pl. jurymen whose verdict brings a man to the gallows Mer. V. IV. i. 399 (cf. 'I will leane you To your God-fathers in Law, Let twelve men worke,' Jonson, 'twelve God-vathers, good men and true' Randolph).

God 'ild, Godild (old edd. god(d)ild, God-eyld, good dild, God dil'd): lit. 'God yield,' used in return-ing thanks AYL. III. iii. 81, v. iv. 56, Mac. I. vi. 13, Ham. IV. v. 42 How do you, pretty ludy?—Well,

G. you! (=thank you).

god-like adv.: divinely Per. v. i. 208 g. perfect. goer: g.-back, one who retreats Cym. i. i. 169; g.-backward, one who deteriorates All'sW. i. ii. 48; y.-between, go-between Troil. 111. ii. 208.

Gog: perversion of God Shr. III. ii. 163 by g-s-wouns. gold: the metal used in the ornamentation of fabrics, gold thread Shr. II. i. 348 [356] Valance

of Venice yold.

golden (the fig. sense 'precious' is freq.; 3 y. time 2H4 v. iii. 98 is also used like y. aye Tp. 11. i. 175 [168], Lucr. 60, y. world AYL. 1. i. 127)

1 of gold (freq.); g. care, the burden of the crown 2H4 iv. v. 22; g. sorrow, (?) sorrow that comes from high rank H8 ii. iii. 22.

2 rich Tim. IV.iii. 18 the learned pute Ducks to the g. fool. 3 exceedingly favourable or propitious Tw.N. v. i.

394 When . . . golden time convents. goldenly (S. coinage): excellently AYL. I. i. 6. Golias: form of Goliath Wiv. v. i. 24 (Ff Q<sub>2</sub> Goliah), found also in Chancer and app. used in mediaeval Latin 1H6 I. ii. 33 Samsons and Goliasses

gondola (old edd. Gondilo, -ylo, Gundello): light flat-bottomed boat in use on the Venetian canals Mer.V. H. viii. 8, AYL. IV. i. 40; hence gondolier Oth. I. i. 126 (Ff Qq<sub>23</sub> Gundelier).

gone: not pre-S. in the senses (1) dead John III.
iv. 163, (2) far advanced R2 II. i. 185, (3) lost,
ruined Meas, v. i. 297, Mer. V. III. v. 19.
good sb. phrases: do g. to, be of use or advantage
to Mer. V. III. v. 7, AYL. v. ii. 65, Tit. Iv. ii. 35,
Ven. 28;—nuch g. do it (cf. picn) Wiv. I. i. 84;
—do a government prevail upon Meas. v. ii. 37. -do q. on or upon, prevail upon Meas. iv. ii. 71, 1H4 III. i. 199 one that no persuasion can do g. upon, Rom. IV. ii. 13;—do g., be successful, make pro-gress Wiv. I. iv. 148 Shall I do any g.?, Wint. II. ii. 54, 2H6 IV. iii. 15 to thrive and do g.

good adj. (all the ordinary senses are freq.; 6 (ii) is

the most freq. meaning of make good)

1 a conventional epithet to titles of high rank Wint, I. ii. 220 At the y. queen's entreaty, H8 III. i. 77 y. your Graces, Cym. II. iii. 158 She's my yllady; hence freq., an epithet of courteous address or respectful reference Tp. I. i. 10 G. boatswain, Gent. I. ii. 115 Be calm, g. wind, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 200. 2 comely Per. IV. ii. 51 She hus a good face.

3 in mildly depreciative sense implying weakness or trustful simplicity H8111. ii. 357 good easy man. 4 able to fulfil his engagements, financially sound, (hence) wealthy, substantial Mer. V. I. iii. 12, 16, Cor. I. i. 16.

5 absol. used vocatively (cf. good now) Tp. 1. i. 3, 17 Nay, good, be patient, Rom. 1. v. 8 Good thou.

17 May, good, be pattent, Rom. 1. v. 8 Good thou. 6 make good, (i) to carry into effect, fulfil, perform Shr. Ind. i. 19, 1. i. 74, 1v. ii, 115 to make the matter y., 2H6 v. i. 122, Cor. i. vi. 86, Tim. r. ii. 205 to make his veishes y., Ant. II. ii. 149; (ii) to prove (a statement, charge) to be true, substantiate R2 I. i. 4, Ham. I. ii. 210; (iii) to show or prove (a person or thing) to be blameless Mcr. V. I. iii. 95, Wint, II. iii. 60 I. . . reould by combal make her y.; (iiv) to maintain hold, defend combat make her g.; (iv) to maintain, hold, defend (a position) H8 v. iv. 58, Cor. 1, v. 12 to make g. the city, Lr. 1, i. 175, Cym. v. iii. 23.

good cheap: cheap 1H4 III. iii. 51.

good-conceited: well devised Cym. II. iii. 18. good-deed: in reality, in deed Wint. I. ii. 42.

good-den, good-even: the full phr. 'God give ye good even' is represented in F4 by God gi goode'en or Good-e'en (Rom. 1. ii. 58, 111. v. 173), but the early Qq and Ff have Godigoden, Godde-godden, Godigeden, Godgigoden, God dig-you-den (LLL. IV. i. 42 F1), for which mod. edd. read God-ye-good-den, God gi' go' den or good-den, &c.; the shortened form is variously spelt in old edd. good den, good faced: pretty Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 124 No. 9. sir.

TCf. GOOD adj. 2.

good-fellowship: 1H4 I. ii. 155, Troil. IV. i. 52. goodman (3 evolved from the use in 2 ii)

1 husband Shr. Ind. ii. 107 I am your goodman. 2 prefixed to (i) designations of occupation Ham. v. i. 14 g. delrer; (ii) names of persons under the rank of gentlemen, esp. yeomen or farmers Ado III. v. 10 G. Verges, LLL, IV, II. 37 g. Dull, 2H4 v. iii. 91 g. Puff of Barson; hence (iii) allusively, jocularly, or ironically Meas. v. i. 324 g. buldpute, Tw.N. IV, II. 145 g. drivel, 1H4 II. iv. 107 g. Adam, 2H4 v. iv. 31 G. death! g. bones!, Lr. 11. ii. 49 goodman boy.

3 yeoman LLL. I. i. 306 I'll luy my head to any

goodman's hat.

good morrow: good morning, good day; also in phr. H5 iv. i. 26 Do my g, to them, Rom. II. iv. 118
God ye g., Lr. II, ii. 165 Give you g.!.
goodness: 'good things' Meas. III. ii. 234 Bliss

and g. on you!, v. i. 6 we hear Such g. of your justice, 1H6 III. ii. 72 Talbot means no g., R3 I. iv. 198 (Ff), Lr. v. i. 7, Oth. I. ii. 35 The g. of the night; (hence occas.) success Mac. IV. iii. 136 the chance of goodness.

good-night: (?) funeral song or dirge 2H4 III. ii. 346, good now: interjectional expression denoting entreaty, expostulation, acquiescence Err. IV. iv. 20, Wint. v. i. 19, Troil. III. i. 124, Ham. 1. i. 70, Ant. 1. ii. 27, 1. iii. 78. Survives in south-

western dial.; cf. 600D adj. 5. goodwife: formerly prefixed to surnames = Mrs. 2H4 II. i. 104 goodwife Keech, the butcher's wife.

goodwill: by or of one's g., of one's own accord, voluntarily R2 iv. i. 177, Ven. 479.

good year (in old edd. also good-yeer(e, -yere, -jer, the g., Wiv. 1. iv. 127, Ado 1. iii. 1, 2H4 11. iv. 63, the g., Wiv. 1. IV. 121, Ado 1, In. 1, 221, 190; hence in imprecations, denoting some undefined malefic power Lr. v. iii. 24 The g-s shall derour them. Supposed by some, without evidence, to be orig. a word meaning 'the French disease

goose: tailor's smoothing iron, of which the handle resembles a goose's neck Mac. II. iii. 17. goose-pen (S.): quill pen Tw.N. III. ii. 56, gorbellied: fat-paunched 1H4 H. ii. 97.

Gordian knot: intricate knot tied by the Phrygian king Gordius, and cut by Alexander the Great. Cym. 11, ii. 34 As slippery as the C. was hard; fig. H5 1. i. 46 Turn him to any cause of policy, The G. of it he will unloose.

gor'd: fig. rent asunder Lr. v. iii. 322.

gorge: what has been swallowed; cust they., orig. a phrase of falconry Tim. IV. iii. 40.

gorget: piece of armour for the throat Troil, I. iii. Gorgon: any of three mythical women, having snakes for hair, whose look turned the beholder to stone Mac. II. iii. 79 destroy your sight With a new Gorgon, Ant. II. v. 116.

gospel: used allusively with ref. to 'the gospel for the day' at mass Tw.N. v. i. 298 a madman's

epistles are no gospels.

gospell'd: imbued with the principles of the

gospel Mac. III. i, 88.

goss: gorse, furze, or whin, Ulex europaeus Tp.
1v. i. 180 pricking yoss. ¶ This form probably
survives in the Warwickshire phrase 'as rough as goss'.

gossip sb .:

1 a child's godfather or godmother, sponsor (always with ref. to their relation to the parents) Gent. III. i. 270 'tis not a muid, for she hath had y-s (i.e. for a child of hers), Wint. II. iii. 41 About some y-s for your highness, H8 v. v. 13 My noble y-s (=sponsors to Princess Elizabeth). 2 friend Mer.V. III. i. 7 my g. Report, Rom. II. i. 11

my y. Venus; used as a prefix to a woman's surname Wiv. iv. ii. 9, 2H4 II. i. 106 y. Quickly.

applied to a woman's female friends invited to be present at a birth, (hence) tattling or gossiping woman MND. H. i. 47 sometime lurk I in a y.'s bowl, Mer.V. III. i. 9 as lying a g. . . as ever knapped ginger, Tit. IV. ii. 152 long-longu'd g., Rom. III. v. 172; fig. Tw.N. I. v. 294; so gossip-like Ado v. i. 193.

gossip vb. (cf. Gossip sb. sense 3)

to be sponsor to All'sW. I. i. 191.

2 to be a gossip, take part (in a feast) Err. v. i. 410, MND. II. i. 1.5.

gossiping: merrymaking (orig. meeting of 'gossips', esp. at a birth) Err. v. i. 422, John v. ii. 59. goujeret: incorrect spelling of GOOD YEAR in mod. edd.

gourd: kind of false dice Wiv. 1. iii. 92. gout: drop Mac. II. i. 46 gouts of blood.

govern (freq. in the gen. sense, once common): to direct, regulate, control Gent. 11. vii. 74 truer stars did y. Proteus' birth, Wiv. v. i. 21 the finest maddevil of jealousy... that every-ed frenzy, Mer. V. 1v. i. 134, Cæs. I. jii. 83, Ham, 11. ji. 379 y. these ventages with your finger, Lr. 1v. vii. 19 Be y-'d by your knowledge.

governess: ruler, mistress MND. II. i. 103 the

moon, the g. of floods, Lucr. 443.
government (the sense 'rule, sway' occurs)
1 control, management MND. v. i. 125 a sound, but not in g. (i. e. without control of the stops of the recorder'; cf. Ham. III. ii. 379), Rom. iv. i. 102, Cym. 11. iv. 150 Quite besides The g. of putience.

2 demeanour, conduct, behaviour, esp. becoming conduct, discretion 1H4 1. ii. 31 men of good y., III. i. 183 Defect of manners, want of y., 3H6 1. iv. 132 Tis g. that makes them seem divine, H8 II. iv. 136 wife-like g., Oth. III. iii. 256 Fear not my g. 3 command of an army, &c. 1H4 IV. i. 19, 1H6 II. i.

64, Oth. IV. i. 249.

4 period of rule Meas. IV. ii. 141.

governor (the obs. uses are as follows) 1 military commander Oth. II. i. 55.

2 tutor 1H6 1. i. 171 ordain'd his special governor.

gown: nightgown 2H4 III. ii. 199.

grace sb. (1 do grace occurs also in the sense 'do a kindness, confer a favour' cf. 3; 5 is only S. and is an extension of the religious sense 'favour

of God ' 1 do (a person or thing) g., reflect credit on, set in a good light, embellish 1H4 II. i. 79 to do the profession some g., v. iv. 161 if a lie may do thee g., Ham. I. i. 131, Sonn. xxviii. 10, cxxxii. 11 mourning doth thee g.; -in g. of, in honour of MND. IV.

i. 140. 2 ornament H5 II. Chor. 28 this grace of kings. 3 favour LLL. v. ii. 128, H8 III. ii. 167, Mac. I. vi. 30 shall continue our g-s towards him; good opinion

Ado II. iii. 32 come in my grace.

4 fortune, hap, luck Gent. III. i. 146 curse the g., Meas. I. iv. 69, Wint. v. ii. 125, Ham. I. iii. 53.

5 the source of grace, God, Ado II. i. 316, All'sW. I. iii. 228, II. i. 163, Wint. I. ii. 80 G. to boot!, Mac. v. vii. 101 [viii. 72].

6 beneficent virtue or efficacy Rom. II. iii. 15; cf.

HERB-GRACE. 7 sense of duty or propriety Gent. v. iv. 165 the boy hath g. in him; he blushes, AYL. 111. iv. 2 have the g. to consider that tears do not become a man;

virtue Mac. IV. iii. 91 the king-becoming y-s. 8 serving to form complimentary periphrases; used ludicrously in MND. v. i. 199 I am thy lover's g. (=thy lover), 1H6 v. iii. 33 the devil's grace.

9 mercy, pardon Meas. v. i. 375, 3H6 II. ii. 81 kneel for g., Lr. III. ii. 59 cry These . . . summoners g. grace vb.: to gratify, delight R3 IV. iv. 175. ¶ The usual senses are 'adorn, embellish', and 'confer

honour on, do honour to'. grac'd: endued with graces Mac. III. iv. 41\* the g. person of our Banquo; but?=dignified, honour-

able, as in Lr. 1. iv. 269 a grac'd palace. graceful (1 otherwise only 15th cent.; 2 only S.)

1 full of divine grace Wint, v. i. 171. 2 favourable Ant. 11. ii. 64 with graceful eyes.

gracious (only 3 is still current; 5 is not evidenced

elsewhere in Eliz. literature)

1 finding favour, acceptable, popular AYL. 1. ii. 202\*, 3H6 III. iii. 117 g. in the people's eye, Tit. 1. i. 11, 170, 429.

2 attractive, graceful, elegant, lovely Ado IV. i. 109, MND. IV. i. 226, Mer.V. III. ii. 76 a g. roice, John III. iv. 81 a g. creature, R3 IV. iv. 205 royal and gracious.

3 kind (freq.); used as a courteous epithet, e.g. Tp. v. i. 253 How fares my g. sir?, LLL. v. ii. 737

gracious lords.

4 godly, righteous, pious, holy Meas. III. ii. 238 a brother Of g. order, Troil. II. ii. 125 To make it (a quarrel) g., Cæs. III. iii. 199 g. drops, Ham. v. ii. 87 Thy state is the more gracious.

happy, fortunate Meas. v. i. 76 her g. fortune, Wint. III. i. 22 gracious be the issue

graciously: through divine grace Per. IV. vi. 65. gradation: position, rank Oth. 1. i. 37\* old g. graff sb.: graft, scion Per. v. i. 60 For every g. would

send a caterpillar; fig. Lucr. 1062 This bastard g. graff vb. (pa. pple. graft): to insert a graft in (a stock) AYL. III. ii. 126 g. it with a medlar, 2H4

v. iii. 3 pippin of my own g-ing, 2H6 III. ii. 214 stock Was graft with crab-tree slip, R3 III. vii. 126. graft vb. ('graft' as a sb. does not occur)

1 to fix, implant, or attach, as one does a graft or scion All'sW. I. ii. 54, Wint. I. ii. 246 A servant g-ed in my serious trust, R2 III. iv. 101 the plants thou g-'st, 1H4 III. ii. 15 Such...rude society, As thou art . . . grafted to, Mac. IV. iii. 51.

2 to fix grafts upon (a stock) Cor. 11. i. 208 some old crab-trees . . . that will not Be g-ed to your relish.

grafter (rare sense): original tree from which a scion has been taken for grafting H5 III. v. 9

grain (1 'grain' is properly the red insect used in dyeing called 'kermers', 'alkermes', but also= 'cochineal

in g., literally, dyed scarlet or crimson, fast dyed MND. I. ii. 98 your purple in-g. beard; (hence) indelible, ineradicable, ingrained Err. 111. ii. 103 [a fault] 'tis in g., Tw.N. I. v. 257 'Tis in g., sir; 'twill endure wind and weather.

2 arrangement of veins and fibres in wood; fig. dirert his g. Tortive and errant Troil. 1. iii. 8; phr. (not pre-S.) against the grain Cor. 11. iii. 241.

grained 1: ingrained Ham. III. iv. 90 such black and g. spots; furrowed, lined Err. v. i. 313 this g. face

grained2: pronged, forked Compl. 64 his g. bat.

gramercy (2 the Qq read God a mercy)

1 = God-A-Mercy 2, Mer. V. II. ii. 131 God bless your
worship !—Gramercy !, R3 III. ii. 105, Tit. II. i. 495,
IV. ii. 7, Tim. II. ii. 68, 73; expressing thanks for advice Shr. 1. i. 41, 167.

2 = God-A-Mercy 1, Ham. IV. v. 198 C. on his soul. grammar-school: one of a class of schools orig. founded for the teaching of Latin 2H6 IV. vii. 37.

grand (in Wiv. IV. v. 89\*, Lr. II. ii. 112 the meaning is uncertain; in Ham. v. ii. 18 g. commission is prob. modelled on technical terms like 'grand assize', 'grand jury')

1 pre-eminent, chief Tp. 1. ii. 274 her g. hests, v. i. 280 this g. liquor (=the elixir), R2 v. vi. 19 The g. conspirator, R3 iv. iv. 52.

2 g. sum, grand total H8 III. ii. 294.

3 main, principal Ant. III. x. [xii.] 10 g. sea (= ocean).

grand captain: chief captain or commander Ant.
III. i. 9. A technical military term of the 16th cent.

grandsire: used for 'old man' Shr. IV. v. 50: adj. = ancient Rom. I. iv. 37 I am proverb'd with a grandsire phrase)

grange: farm-house, country house Meas. III. i. 279 the moated g., Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 309, Oth. I. i.

106 My house is not a grange. grant: to assent to 3H6 1. i. 245 g-ed to that act. grasp sb.: embrace Troil. IV. ii. 13 the y-s of love.

grasp vb. (2 not pre-S.)
1 to clutch 2H6 nr. ii. 172 y-'d And tuyy'd for life.

2 to embrace Troil. III. iii. 168 G-s in the comer

grass-green: green with grass (not pre-S.) Ham. IV. v. 31.

grass-plot (not pre-S.); Tp. IV. i. 73. grate sb.: grating 1H6 I. IV. 10, 60; barred place of confinement WIV. II. ii. 9 looked through the g., like a geminy of baboons.

grate vb. (the foll. are now obs. or rare uses)

1 to wear away Troil. III. ii. 195 g-d To dusty nothing. 2 to harass, irritate Ham. III. i. 3 G-ing so harshiy ull his days of quiet, Ant. I. i. 18.

3 to make exacting demands upon Wiv. II. ii. 7. gratify (the sense 'to please' also occurs)
1 to reward, requite Cor. II. ii. 45 To g. his noble
service, Oth. v. ii. 211, Cym. II. iv. 7 I barely g. your love.

2 to give a gratuity to, fee Mer.V. IV. i. 407 g. this gentleman

3 to grace LLL. IV. ii. 163 to gratify the table.

gratillity: clown's humorous perversion of 'gratuity' Tw.N. II. iii. 28.

gratulate adj.: gratifying Meas. v. i. 531. gratulate vb.: to greet, salute R3 IV. i. 10 To g. the gentle princes, Tim. I. ii. 133; to express joy

at Tit. I. i. 221 gratulute his safe return. grave (pa. pple. graved and graven)

1 to bury, swallow up as in a grave R2 III. ii. 140

g-'d in the hollow ground, Tim. IV. iii. 167 ditches grave you all!.

to cut into Ven. 376 soft sighs can never grave it. 3 to engrave, record by engraved letters or some-thing resembling them Mer.V. 11. vii. 36 this saying g-'d in gold, B3 IV. iv. 141 (Ff branded), Lucr. 755, Sonn. c. 10 If Time have any wrinkle graven there

gravel: attrib. = hard (fig.) Meas. IV. iii. 71. gravelled: nonplussed AYL. IV. i. 76 g. for lack of

gravely: with dignity 1H4 II. iv. 485 [478]. graves: old form of greaves (leg-armour) 2H4 IV. i. graymalkin: properly = grey cat, used in Mac. 1.
i. 8 as the name of a fiend.

graze vb.1: (humorously of persons) to feed Rom.
111. v. 190 G. where you will, you shall not house

graze vb.2 (not pre-S.): to abrade in passing Oth. 1v. i. 279 neither g. nor pierce; to ricochet H5 1v. iii. 105 (F<sub>2</sub> grasing, F<sub>1</sub> Qq crasing).

grease: (?) to make gross or lewd (cf. GREASILY)

Tim. iv. iii. 196 greases his pure mind. greasily: grossly, indecently LLL. iv. i. 141

greasy: contemptuous epithet Wiv. 11. i. 110 this g. knight, AYL. 11. i. 55 you fut and g. cilizens.

great (less usual or obs. senses are)

1 pregnant (fig.) Per. v. i. 107 I am great with woe. 2 (of the heart) full or 'big' with emotion or pride 5hr. v. ii. 172, All'sW. Iv. iii. 370, R2 II. i. 229, 2H4 IV. iii. 121, R3 v. iii. 348.

3 (of letters) capital Tw.N. II. v. 98 her great P's. 4 g. time, long while Tp. III. iii. 105; Of g-er time,

older Gent. 11. vii. 48.

5 in titles of office = 'grand' H5 IV. viii. 100 G.-master of France, 1H6 IV. vii. 70 G. mareschal to Henry the Sixth. g. morning, broad day Troil IV. iii. 1, Cym. IV. ii.

7 adv. g. tike, very likely 2H6 m. i. 379.
great-belly doublet: doublet with a thick 'belly' or lower part H5 vv. vii. 52. ¶ 'Dublets with great bellies . . . stuffed with four, five, or six pound of Bombast at the least' (Stubbes, Anatomy of Abuses, 1583); cf. THIN-BELLY.

great kinsman: (?) ancestor Rom. IV. iii. 54; or

great=eminent.

greatly: illustriously H5 v. ii. Chor. 407 [Epil. 5]. greatness: often used with possessive pronoun as a title, e.g. LLL. v. i. 116 it pleaseth his g.

gree: to agree (in various senses) Gent. 11. iv. 184
Plotted and g-d on, Meas. 1v. i. 44 other tokens Between you g-d (=agreed or determined upon). Mer.V. 11. 11. 111 How g. you now?, Shr. 11. 1. 264 [272] your dowry g-d on, 291 [299] we have g-d so well together, Ant. 11. vi. 37 this g-d upon, Sonn. exiv. 11 what with his gust is greeing.

Greece: Shr. Ind. ii. 95 John Naps of G., ? read Greetet, the name of a hamlet near Winchcomb in Gloucestershire and of a village on the Warwick road near Birmingham; Troil, 11, i, 13 The plague

of G. 'alluding, perhaps, to the plague sent by Apollo on the Grecian army' (J.).

Greek: merry G., Troil. I. ii. 116, IV. iv. 56; a common phr. in 16-17th cent. for 'merry fellow, roysterer, boon companion'; so foolish Greek addressed to the clown in Tw.N. IV. i. 19.

green sb.: verdure Sonn. xii. 7, lxviii. 11; grassy

turf or sod Per. iv. i. 16 (Fly4 Grave).

green adj. (n. g. eye is regarded as a point of beauty MND. v. i. 343, Rom. ii. v. 222)

1 said of the sea, and hence of Neptune, Tp. v. i. 43, Wmt. iv. iii. [iv.] 28, Ant. iv. xii. [xiv.] 58.

2 pale, siekly Tw.N. ii. iv. 115 a. g. and yellow melancholy, Rom. ii. ii. 8, Mac. i. vii. 37 g. and pale.

3 of tender age, youthful Tim. iv. i. 7 g. virginity,
Sonn. civ. 8, Pilgr. iv. 2 [44] fresh, and green.
4 fresh (freq. of material and immaterial things);

g. in earth, just buried Rom. IV. iii. 43. 5 raw, inexperienced LLL. I. ii. 95 a g. wil, H5 II.

iv. 136 his g-er days, Ham. 1. iii. 101 a green girl.

green-ey'd: epithet of jealousy Mer. V. III, ii. 110,
Oth. III. iii. 166.

[IV. iii. 75. [IV. iii. 75.

green goose: young goose, gosling LLL. 1. i. 97, greenly: unskilfully, foolishly H5 v. ii. 148, Ham. 1v. v. 83.

green-sickness: kind of anaemia called chlorosis, affecting young women Per. iv. vi. 14; transf. of a man Ant. 111. ii. 6; with ref. to the morbid appetite characterizing the disease 2H4 IV. iii. 100.

greet: to gratify Per. IV. iii. 38. ¶ A rare sense, found also in Greene's 'James IV'.

grey sb.: cold sunless light of early morning Ado v. iii. 27, Rom. 11. v. 19; cf. grey-ey'd morn Rom. 11. iii. 1. ¶These uses are not pre-S. grey adj.: hoary, ancient 1H4 11. iv. 506 [499] that g. iniquity. ¶ In its application to the colour of

eyes grey is supposed by some, e.g. Malone, to mean what we now call 'blue'.

grief (both the foll. are common Eliz.)

I hardship, suffering, cause of pain or sorrow Ado 1. i. 323 [315] love's g., L.L. iv. iii. 171 Where lies thy g.?, Tw.N. ii. iv. 117' smiling at g., 114 v. i. 134 the g. of a wound, 214 i. i. 144 my limbs, Weaken'd with grief.

2 grievance 1H4 IV. iii. 42 The nature of your y-s, H8 I. ii. 56 The subjects' g., Cas. I. iii. 118 redress of all these griefs, Per. 11. iv. 23. grief-shot (S.): sorrow-stricken Cor. v. i. 45.

grievance (the sense 'cause of complaint' occurs) 1 oppression, annoyance 2H4 IV. i. 198 such picking grievances, Oth. I. ii. 15 restraint and grievance.

trouble, distress, suffering Gent. 1. i. 17, 1v. iii. 37 I pily much your g-s\*, Rom. 1. i. 162, Sonn. xxx. 9 Then can I greee at g-s foregone.

grieve (1 a rare use; 2 a freq. poetical use)

1 to be a grievance or cause of complaint Per. 11.

iv. 19 It shall no longer grieve without reproof. to feel grief for, be sorry for, regret Wint. IV. Chor. [i.] 18, R2 II. ii. 37 the nothing that I grieve, 1H4 v. iv. 29, Lr. 1v. iii. 55 you shall not y. Leuding me this acquaintance, Ven. 1024. ing me this acquaintance, Ven. 1024. grievous: used adv. (S.) R2 1. iv. 54 (Ff Q5 very),

1H4 IV. i. 16 he's grievous sick.

grievously:

with a heavy penalty, dearly Cas. 111. ii. 86. bitterly, sorrowfully Gent. 111. ii. 14 takes his going grievously, Oth. v. i. 53 cry so grievously.
3 strongly, exceedingly John iv. iii. 134.
griffin: fabulous animal, half lion, half eagle.

grind (2 metaphor from sharpening an axe)
1 to afflict, torment Tp. IV. i. 261 g. their joints.

2 to whet (the appetite) Sonn. cx. 10. [iii. i. 62. gripe sb. 1: grasp H5 iv. vi. 22, H8 v. iii. 100, Mac.

gripe sb.2: vulture Lucr. 543 the g.'s sharp claws.

gripe vb. (commonly said of grief in the 16th cent.) 1 to clutch or grasp at Per. 1. i. 49.

2 to clutch, seize, grasp (lit. and fig.) Wiv. I. iii. 92

Let rultures g. thy guts, John IV. ii. 190, 1H4 v. i. 57, H8 II. ii. 136 to be g-'d by (=join hands with); absol. Cym. 111. i. 40.

3 to grieve, afflict 3H6 I. iv. 171 To see how inly

griping: painful, distressing Rom. IV. V. 129 y. grise, grize (old edd. also grice, greese): step Tw. N. III. i. 138. Tip. IV. iii. 149. III. i. 138, Tim. IV. iii. 16 every g. of fortune, Oth.

1. iii. 200 as a g. or step. grisled: horrible, grisly Per. 111. Gower 47\* the g. north (Q1; Qq 2-6 grislee, Q5 grieslee, Ff 3 + grisly).

-GUARD

grisly: grin, ghastly MND. v. i. 141 This g. beast, 1116 i. iv. 47, Per. III. Gower 47 (see GRISLED). Grizel (F1 Grissell): later form of the proper name 'Grisilde' borne by the heroine of Chaucer's Clerk's Tale (adapted from a story of Petrarch's). who is the proverbial type of a meek, patient

wife Shr. 11. i. 289 [297]. grizzle: sprinkling of grey Tw.N. v. i. 169.

grizzled: grey Ham. I. ii. 239 (Qq prisst'd, Ff grisly), Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 17 likis g. head (F. grizled), grizzly: grey, grizzled Ham. I. ii. 239 (see prec.). groat: coin equal to four pence All'sW. II. ii. 23,

H5 v. i. 62.

groom (the common sense is 'servant')

fellow Tit. IV. ii. 166 you are gallant grooms. 2 bridegroom Shr. III. ii. 216, Oth. II. iii. 182, Cym. 111. vi. 69.

gross sb.: twelve dozen; only in phr. by the g., in large numbers Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 208.

gross adj. (the senses 'glaring, flagrant' and 'coarse'

are common)

1 big, bulky Wiv. III. iii. 42 this g. watery pumpion, Lr. IV. vi. 14 The crows . . . Show scarce so g. as bettles: with quibble in Ado v. i. 168 a great g. one, 1H4 11. iv. 254 [lies] g. as a mountain.

2 big-bodied, corpulent 1H4 11. iv. 568 [560].

3 palpable, to palent HT II. IV. 306 1505; 3 palpable, plain, evident Wiv. v. v. 147, Meas. 1. ii. 165 Wilk character too g. 18 wrd, All'SW. 1. iii. 180 to all sense 'ts g., Wint. II. i. 175, 1114 II. iv. 254 (cf. sense 1), H5 II. ii. 103 as g. As black from white, Ham. IV. iv. 46, Oth. I. ii. 72, III. iii. 219; as adv. = plainly Meas. II. iv. 83 Fll speak more g., Lr. 1. i. 295 (Ff grossely). 4 entire, whole LLL. 1. ii. 50 the g. sum, AYL. IV.

i. 205 the g. band of the unfaithful, 2H4 II. i. 94; also short for 'gross sum' Mer.V. I. iii. 56 the g. Of full three thousand ducats ; fig. Ham. 1. i. 68 in

the g. and scope (= general drift) of my opinion.

5 dull, stupid Err. 111. ii. 34, Ado v. i. 168 (cf. sense 1), MND. v. i. 376 This pulpable g. play, AYL. H. v. 56, H5 IV. i. 302 g. brain, R3 III. vi. 10, Oth. III. iii. 405.

6 phrases involving absol. uses: by gross, wholesale LLL. v. ii. 320 we that sell by y.; in gross, generally, on the whole Mer. V. 111. ii. 159.

grossly (3 now the only surviving use)
1 palpably, plainly, obviously Err. 11. ii. 173, All'sW.
1. iii. 186 so g. shown, H5 11. ii. 107, Sonn. xcix. 5.

2 fagrantly, excessively Meas. v. i. 473, John IV. ii. 94, 1H4 III. iii. 149, Ant. III. viii. 38 [x. 29]. 3 materially (opposed to 'spiritually') Mer. V. v. i. 25, Tw. N. v. i. 247 A spirit. . . grossly clad. 4 stupidly Meas. III. i. 18, John III. ii. 163 led so g. by this meddling priest, R3 IV. i. 79, Oth. III. iii. 296 grossly graps.

396 grossly gape on. 5 clumsily Wiv. 11. ii. 151 Let them say 'tes g. done. 6 indelicately, coarsely Mer. V. v. i. 266 Speak not

so grossly.

7 (?) in a state of gross sinfulness Ham. III. iii. 80. grossness: bulkiness Troil. 1. iii. 325 Whose g. httle characters sum up; flagrant character, enormity Mer.V. 111. ii. 80 Hading the g. with fair ornument; materiality MND. 111. i. 167 thy mortal ; coarseness, want of refinement Wiv. v. v. 133, R3 III. i. 46\*; stupidity Tw.N. III. ii. 80 such impossible passages of grossness.

ground sb. (2 is freq.; many quibbles occur between literal and figurative meanings)

1 the bottom of the sea or other water 1H4 i. iii. 204 Where fathom-line could never touch the g.; the bottom where the water becomes too shallow for a vessel to float 2H4 IV. i. 17 touch g. And dash themselves to pieces, IV. iv. 40 on g. (=aground).

2 basis, foundation Shr. m. i. 74 ' Gamut' I am, the

g. of all accord, Tw.N. II. iii. 166 his g. of faith; (hence) motive, reason Wint. I, ii, 353 my g, to do't Is the obedience to a master, Rom. v. iii. 180 the true g. of all these piteous woes, Compl. 63 the grounds and motives of her woe.

3 in painting or decoration, main surface or first coat of colour 1H4 1. ii. 234 like bright metal on a sullen ground, Lucr. 1074 My sable ground of sin

I will not paint.

98

4 plainsong or bass on which a descant is 'raised' (fig.) R3 III. vii. 48 on that g. I'll make a holy descant, Tit. II. i. 70 (with play on sense 2) should the empress know This discord's g., the music would not please.

5 space traversed or occupied Mcr. V. II. ii. 114 till I have run some g.;—get g. of, get the better of 2H4 II. iii. 53, Cym. I. iv. 119; give g., recede, yield Tp. II. ii. 65, 3H6 II. vi. 16.

ground vb.: to fix, establish, found, base AYL.
I. ii. 296, R3 I. iii. 29 g-ed malice, H8 I. ii. 144,

Sonn. Ixii. 4, cxlii. 2.
groundling: frequenter of the pit of a theatre
Ham. III. ii. 12 to split the cars of the groundlings.
grovel, vb. (not pre-S.): John II. i. 305, 2H6 I. ii. 9.

grow (1 is common with adjs.)

1 to become Tw.N. v. i. 93 grew a twenty years removed thing, 1H4 III. ii. 68, Cor. iv. iv. 21 g. dear friends, Sonn. cliii. 7 a cold valley-fountain . . . Which . . . grew a seething bath.

2 to accrue, become due Err. IV. i. 8 the sum... Is g-ing to me, iv. iv. 123 how the debt g-s, Sonn.

lxxxvii. 11.

grow on (1) to advance, proceed Per. iv. iv. 19 So with his steerage shall your thoughts q. on; (2) to come by degrees MND. I. ii. 10 and so g. on to a point (Ff<sub>1'23</sub>; Qq q. to a point); grow on or upon, (1) to increase so as to be more troublesome to (a person) H5 III. iii. 55, Lr. v. iii. 106 My sickness g-s upon me; (2) to gain ground upon Cass. It. i. 107 the sun arises; Which is a great way g-ing on the south; (3) to come to take liberties with AYL. i. i. 92 begin you to g. upon me?; grow to or unto, (1) to become closely, vitally, indissolubly united to R2 v. iii. 30, 106, H8 v. v. 50 like a vine g. to him, Cym. I. iii. 1, Ven. 540 face g-s to face; (2) to adhere or cling to H8 III. i. 83
They that my trust must g. to, Ham. IV. vii. 85 he grew unto his seat, Sonn. xviii. 12; (3) to be an integral part of 2H41. ii. 100 I lay uside that which g-s to me?; (4) to advance to or arrive at (a particular stage or state) 1H6 IV. i. 36 g-n to credit by the wars, R3 III. vii. 20 grew to an end (Ff drew).

growth: size, stature Wiv. IV. iv. 50, AYL. I. ii. 131, 2H4 I. ii. 182.

grudge sb.: murmur, grumbling Tp. 1. ii. 249. grudge vb.: g. one thought, have one envious thought 1H6 111. i. 175.

grudging vbl. sb.: = GRUDGE sb. Ado 111. iv. 89 he eats his meat without g.; so grudging ppl. adj., unwilling, reluctant 1H61v. i. 141 theory. stomachs. runt: to groan Ham. III. i. 77.

guard sb. (other S. uses than those below are: 'protection, defence,' 'posture of defence,' 'watch,'

protector, defender ')

1 keeping, guardianship, custody Err. v. i. 149 He broke from those that had the g. of him, Mer. V. 1. iii. 176 in the fearful g. Of an unthrifty knave, Cor. 1. x. 25 ('under the protection of my brother'), Lr. v. iii. 1, 48, Ant. v. ii. 67 I'll take her to my g.

2 at a g., on his defence Meas. 1. iii. 51; out of

one's g., unprepared Tw.N. 1. v. 92.

3 pl. caution Compl. 298 Shook off my sober guards. 4 border or trimming on a garment Meas. III. 1. 95, Ado 1, i, 297 [289] the g-s are but slightly basted on, 1H4 III. i. 260 relvet g-s; fig. LLL. IV. iii. 58 rimes are g-s on wanton Cupid's hose: with play on the meaning 'defence' 2H4 I. i. 148.

on the meaning 'defence' 2H4 I. i. 148.

5 pl. the stars \( \text{g}\) and \( \text{y}\) of the constellation of the Lesser Bear, Oth. II. i. 15theg-softheever-fixed pole.

guard \( \text{vb}\). to ornament with 'guards' (see prec. 4), to trim Mer.V. II. ii. 170, H8 Prol. 16 a long modley coat g-ed with yellow; fig. Ado I. i. 296 [288], John IV. ii. 10 To g. a title that was rich before. \( \text{¶ The only pre-Eliz, meaning of the word. guardage: guardianship Oth. I. ii. 70.

cuardagt: guardian protector 146 IV. v. vii 0.

guardant: guardian, protector 1H6 IV. vii. 9, Cor. v. ii. 67. guardsman: soldier of the guard Ant. v. ii.

232 stage dir. (F<sub>1</sub>).

gudgeon: one who will bite at any bait or swallow anything, credulous or gullible person Mer. V. 1. i. 102.

guerdon: reward, recompense Ado v. iii. 5, LLL. III. i. 178 [170]; so guerdon'd, rewarded 2H6 I. iv. 49, 3H6 III. iii. 191.

guess: conjecture 2H4 III. i. 88, H5 I. i. 96 with a ready g., Tit. II. iii. 207, Cas. II. i. 3 Greg.; rough estimate Mer.V. I. iii. 55 by the near g. of my memory, Lr. v. i. 52, Sonn. lxix. 10 in guess. [48.

guessingly (not pre-S.): by conjecture Lr. III. vii. guide: conduct, direction Tim. 1. i. 252 give them

guide to us.

[guidon +: military flag or pennant, broad at the end near the staff and forked or pointed at the other; or the bearer of it H5 IV. ii. 60 (Ff Guard:

guilder: properly, gold coin formerly current in the Netherlands and parts of Germany; also, Dutch silver coin; used in pl. = money Err. 1. i. 8, IV. i. 4 I. . . want guilders for my voyage, guiled: treacherous (S.) Mer. V. III. ii. 97.

guiltless: 2H6 iv. vii. 107 guiltless blood-shedding

shedding of innocent blood.

guilty: used with various implications; (1) Lucr. 1511 g. instance = suggestion of guilt; (2) applied to the instrument, occasion, &c. of a crime Err.
IV. iv. 65 the g. doors, Tit. v. ii. 184 The bason that
receives your g. blood; (3) playfully in a transf.
sense LLL, ii. 117 The world was very g. of such
a ballet; (4) involving guilt, criminal 1H6 II. iv.
94, R3 I. iv. 283 g. murder, Rom. III. ii. 111 danned g. deeds; (5) laden with guilt 3H6 v. vi. 11 the y. mind; (6) prompted by sense of guilt Lucr. 1482 y. woe; the construction with to (=of) occurs twice Err. III. ii. 169 g. to self-wrong, Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 551 guilty To (=to blame for).

guinea-hen: strumpet Oth. r. iii. 318. guise: custom, habit, fashion 2H6 r. iii. 45, Mac. v. i. 21 This is her very g., Cym. v. i. 32, Ven. 1177. gules: heraldic name for 'red' Tim. iv. iii. 59,

Ham. 11. ii. 488 [479]. gulf: voracious belly Mac. 1v. i. 23, Lucr. 557. gull sb.1: unfledged bird 1H4 v. i. 60 that ungentle y., the cuckoo's bird, Tim. H. i. 31 a naked y. I Now used in Worcestershire and Warwickshire dial. for a gosling.

gull sb.<sup>2</sup> (not pre-S.)

1 dupe, fool Tw. N. 111. ii. 76, v. i. 216, 355, H5 111.
vi. 72, R3 t. iii. 328 sample gulls, Oth. v. ii. 161. 2 trick, deception Ado u. iii. 132 [123].

gull vb.: to dupe, cheat, take in Tw.N. 11. iii. 147,

H5 11. ii. 121, Sonn. lxxxvi. 10.

gull-catcher: trickster, cheat Tw.N. 11, v. 206. gum: used for 'rheum' H5 IV. ii. 48; cf. Ham. 11.

gummed: stiffened with gum 1H4 u. ii. 3 a g. retret gun-stone: stone used for the shot of a gun H5 ı. ii. 282,

gurnet: fish of the genus Trigla; soused y., used

as a term of opprobrium 1H4 IV. ii. 13. gust sb.: taste, liking, relish Tw.N. I. iii. 34 the g. he-hath in quarrelling, Tim. 111. v. 55° sin's extremest g., Sonn. cxiv. 11.

gust vb.: app. to taste (fig.) Wint. I. ii. 219' (?'when I am the last to hear of it').

guts: gluttonous or corpulent person 1H4 II. iv. 255 thou clay-brained g.; still in use in Warwickshire for 'a greedy person'; (?) offal, applied to a dead body Ham. III. iv. 212\*.

guts-griping: Troil. v. i. 21 g. ruptures (mod. edd. guts-griping, ruptures; Dryden in his version has 'gut-gripings, ruptures').

gut-gripings, ruptures').

Guy: Guy of Warwick, who slew the giant COLBRAND (q.v.) H8 v. iv. 23 not Samson, nor Sir Guy

gyve vb.: to fetter, shackle Oth. II. i. 171 (Ff134 gine, Qq catch).

gyves: fetters, shackles (also fig.); Ham. IV. vii. 21 Convert his g. to graces (? 'regard his imprisonment as an ornament to him, and so calling for more devotion from them ').

H: Ado III. iv. 55, quibble on ACHE sb. (q.v.).

ha (2 is freq. and is chiefly S.)

1 exclamation expressing wonder or surprise, eagerness, indignation; often preceded by ha or ah (Tp. v. i. 263 Ha, ha! What things are these!),

ah (1p. v. 1. 205 ha, ha, boy! sayst thou so?). Ham, I. v. 150 Ah, ha, boy! sayst thou so?). used as an interjectional interrogative = ch? Mer. V. II. v. 44 What says that fool...ha?

3 inarticulate vowel sound, expressing hesitation or interruption in speech, often with hum Troil. ш. iii. 287, Per. v. i. 84.

ha': worn-down form of HAVE.

haber-de-pois: Eliz. form of avoirdupois.

habit: the common mod. sense of 'settled practice, custom' occurs only three times (Gent. v. iv. 1, Mer. V. 1. ii. 62, Ham. 1. iv. 29), the usual S. meanings being 'dress, garb' and 'bearing, demeanour', which are app, blended in some exx. habited: not pre-S, in the sense 'dressed, attired'

Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 559, Tit. II. iii. 57 is it Dian, habited like her?.

habitude: constitution, temperament Compl. 114\*. hack vb.; of uncertain meaning in Wiv. ii. i. 52. iv. i. 69; the context suggests some indelicate ref. (cf. HACKNEY).

hackney: common woman LLL. III. i. 35. hackney'd: see common-Hackney'd.

haggard: sb. wild female hawk caught when in her adult plumage Ado III. i. 36 as coy and wild As h-s of the rock, Shr. IV. i. 196 to man my h. (fig.), Tw.N. III. i. 72; (hence) wild and intractable woman Shr. IV. ii. 39;—adj. wild, intractable Oth. III. iii. 260 if I do prove her haggard.

haggle (not pre-Eliz. in any sense); to hack, mangle H5 iv. vi. 11 York, all haggled over, hag-seed; a hag's offspring Tp. I. ii. 365. hair (3 a common Eliz. sense; Ant. I. ii. 206 like the

courser's hair refers to the popular notion that a horsehair placed in water will turn into an cel)

1 type of something small or slight, jot or tittle, iota Tp. 1, ii. 217 Not a h. perish d, 2114 1, ii. 26 d is not a h. amiss, Troil. 111, ii. 191 If I... swerve a h. from truth; so h-'s breadth Wiv. 1v. ii. 3; to a h., to a nicety, with the utmost exactness Troil. ur. i. 159.

2 ugamst the h., contrary to the natural tendency,

against the grain Wiv. 11. iii. 42, Troil. 1. ii. 28. 3 kind, nature, stamp, character 1H4 IV. i. 61 The quality and hair of our attempt,

hair-breadth: not pre-S. as adj. Oth. I. iii. 136. halberd: military weapon, used chiefly in the 15th and 16th cent., consisting of a sharp-edged blade ending in a point and a spearhead mounted on a handle five to seven foot long Err. v. i. 185, 3H6 IV. iii. 20, R3 I. ii. 40.

halcyon: a bird (identified with the kingfisher) of which the ancients fabled that it bred about the time of the winter solstice in a nest floating on the sea and produced a calm for the space of fourteen days; (hence) h. days = period of calm 1H6 i. ii. 131; in Lr. II. ii. 83 turn their h. beaks With every gale there is a ref. to the belief that a dried specimen of the bird hung up so as to move freely would turn in the direction of the wind.

half: one of two partners LLL. v. ii. 250 I'll not be your h., Shr. v. ii. 78 I will be your h. (=share the risk with you); (hence) wife Cæs. II. i. 274 to me, your self, your h.; cf. Ado II. iii. 188 [177] half myself (=my wife).

half-blooded (not pre-S.): of superior blood by

one parent only Lr. v. iii. 81 H. fellow. half-cap: half-courteous salute (S.) Tim. II. ii. 222. half-check'd, cheek'd (Ff half(e) checkt or chekt) : applied to a bit in which the bridle is attached halfway up the cheek or side-piece, thus giving insufficient control over the horse's mouth Shr. 111. ii. 58.

half-cheek: side-face (S.) LLL. v. ii. 617. half-face: thin face John I. i. 92 (cf. next), half-faced (I cf. 'grotes, halfe grotes, and shyl-linges with halfe faces' Stow's Chronicle, 1561)

I (orig, of a coin) having a profile stamped upon it like the groats and half-groats first struck in 1503 (18th year of Henry VII) John 1. i. 94 A h. groat (applied contemptuously to a thin-faced man); so hulf-faced fellow 2H4 III. ii. 286.

2 with only one half of the face visible 2H6 IV. i. 98

our half-fuced sun, striving to shine.
3 imperfect, half-and-half 1H4 r. iii. 208.
half-kirtle\*: (a) jacket, (b) the petticoat attached
to it 2H4 v. iv. 24.

half-part: half John II. i. 437 He is the h. of a blessed man, Per. IV. i. 94 H., mates, h.!. halfpence: small pieces (S.) Ado II. iii. 157 [147]. half-supp'd: half-satisfied Troil. v. viii. 19 My half-supp'd sword.

half-sword: at h., at close quarters with swords 1H4 n. iv. 185 at half-sword with a dozen.

half-world: hemisphere Mac. II. i. 49.

half-world: hemisphere Mac. 11. i. 49.

halidom: orig. the holy relies upon which oaths
were sworn, the ancient formula being 'as helpe
me God and halidome', altered later to 'by my
halidome', which was subsequently used by
itself as a weak asseveration Gent. rv. ii. 138 By
my h., I was fast asleep, Shr. v. ii. 100, H8 v.,
117 Now, by my h., What manner of man are you?,
Rom. 1. iii. 43. ¶ In old edd. halthdome, holldam,
holydlamte; the form holydlame is due to association with 'dame', the phrase being popularly
taken as = by our Lady. taken as = by our Lady.

hall (3 not recorded before S.)

1 baronial or squire's residence Shr. II. i. 189 Kate of Kate-Hall.

2 the Hall, Westminster Hall, formerly the seat of the High Court of Justice H8 11. i. 2.

3 a hall!, a cry to clear the way or make sufficient

room, e.g. for a dance Rom. I. v. 30. halloo: in mod. edd. represents a lo, alow of old

edd. in Lr. 111. iv. 76.

hallow: to shout, (intr.) Gent. v. iv. 13, Wint. III. iii. 78, 2H4 I. ii. 216; once trans. Tw.N. I. v. 293 Hallow your name to the reverberate hills.

Hallowmass: the feast of All Hallows, All Saints' Day, Nov. 1st, Gent. 11. i. 28 to speak pulny, the a beggar at H., Meas. 11. i. 133, R2 v. i. 80 (old edd. Hollowmass; 'Hallowmass... was, in S.'s time, ten days nearer the winter solstice than now,' Clark and Wright). ¶ Cf. All-Hallowmass.

halt: halt or lame man Sonn. Music iv. 10 [Pilgr. 2081 A crimble son control of the lame man sonn. Music iv. 10 [Pilgr. 2081].

308] A cripple soon can find a h.: an alteration of the proverb '1t is hard halting before a cripple' (Heywood, 1562); cf. '1t is ful hard to halten ynespied Byfore a crepul, for he kan the craft'

(Chaucer).

Hames Castle: Ham in Picardy 3H6 v. v. 2. hammer (the literal sense also occurs)

1 to devise, plan 2H6 i. ii. 47 h-ing treachery; also intr. to deliberate earnestly upon or of Gent. i. iii. 18 that Whereon this month I have been h-ing, Wint. II. ii. 49 hammer'd of this design.

2 (of an idea) to be persistently in the mind Tit. II. iii. 39 Blood and revenge are h-ing in my head. hand sb. (the foll. obs. uses of phrases are found)

1 with preps.: at h., (i) at the beginning, at the start Caes. IV. ii. 23 like horses hot at h.; (ii) by hand John v. ii. 75 a lion foster'd up at h.; —at or many h., of all h-s, in any case LLL IV. iii. 219 many h., of all h-s, in any case LLL iv. iii. 219
Therefore, of all h-s must we be forsworn, Shr. 1.
ii. 150 see that at any h., 229, All'SW. III. vi. 14 in
any h.;—by this h., by one's own or another's h.,
used freq. in asseverations Tp. III. ii. 57 by this
h., I will supplant some of your teeth, AYL. III.
ii. 420 by the white h. of Rosalind, All'SW. III. vi.
52, 2H6 v. iii. 22 by my h., lords, 'twas a glorious
day, Troil. Iv. i. 22 By Venus' h. I swear, Cor. Iv. v.
156, Ven. 80; also for my h. Shr. I. i. 193; in one's
h., led or held by one John II. i. 236, R3 Iv. i. 2,
H8 v. iii. 22, Cor. v. iii. 23, Tit. v. iii. 138; brief
in h., shortly to be dispatched John Iv. iii. 158;
n h. with, occupied or engaged with Ven. 912 In in h. with, occupied or engaged with Ven. 912 In h. with all things, nought at all effecting; -of one's h. with all things, wought at all ejecting;—b) one's he-s, in respect of one's actions or valour in fight Wiv. 1. iv. 27, Wint. v. ii. 186 [178] a tall fellow of thy h-s, &c., 2H4 11. ii. 74; out of h., (i) at once 1H6 111. ii. 102, 3H6 1v. vii. 63, Tit. v. ii. 77; (ii) done with 2H4 111. i. 107 were these inward wars once out of h.;—unto thy h., ready for thee Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 29. 2 with verbs: bear in h. (freq.), to delude (a person)

with false hopes or pretences, pretend or profess to do something Meas. I. iv. 52, Ado IV. i. 309, Shr. IV. ii. 3, Mac. III. i. 81, Ham. II. ii. 67; gue me your h-s, applaud MND. v. ii. 68 [i. 444]; had... by the h., secured 2H4 I. iii. 21; have... III. have to do with Tw.N. I. iii. 70; holds h-s with, in the constant of Laboration 101. is the equal of John II. i. 494; lay h. on heart, reflect Rom. 11. v. 192; made a fine h. or fair h-s, succeeded, done well H8 v. iv. 76, Cor. Iv. vi. 118; take (join, close) h-s refer to the ceremony in the marriage service Ado IV. i. 310, V. iv. 56, AYL. v. iv. 135, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 374, 396, John II. i. 532-3; will to h., call for execution Mac. III.

iv. 139,

hand vb.: to handle Tp. 7. i. 26 h. a rope; to deal with Wint, 11. iii. 63, IV. iii. [iv.] 360.

handfast (1 the phrase is only S.) 1 firm hold; in h., held fast Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 798.

2 marriage-contract Cym. 1. v. 78. hand-in-hand : well-matched Cym. 1. iv. 80 a kind of hund-in-hand comparison.

handkercher, -chief: in old edd. also -cheffe,

-chif(f)e, -chiefe.

handsaw: saw managed with one hand 1H4 II. iv. 190 my sword hacked like a h. ¶ In Ham. II. ii. 407 [397] when the wind is southerly, I know a hawk from a h.\*, usually explained as a corruption of 'her(o)nsew', 'her(o)nshaw', but dial, variants of such a type, e.g. 'ha(h)nser', 'ha(h)nsey', are recorded only from East Anglia: see hawk sb. and the comm.

handsome: proper, fitting, becoming, decent Ado IV. ii. 92 one that hath two gowns, and everything h. about him, v. iv. 105; ? also in Ham, II. ii. 475 [466] more handsome than fine\*; adv. 2H4
II. iv. 304 that ever I dress myself handsome.
handsomely: conveniently Tit. II. iii. 268 if we

miss to meet him h.; elegantly, neatly Tp. v. i. 293 trim it h., Wint, Iv. iii. [iv.] 779 he wears them not handsomely.

handy-dandy: words used in the children's game which hand will you have ;=choose which you please Lr. iv. vi. 158 change places; and, h., which is the justice, which is the thief?.

which is the justice, which is the time!.

hang (pa. t. and pa. pple, hung, except in the sense 'put to death by hanging', in which hanged is usual; in MND. v. i. 367 Qq hanged, Ff hung; in AYL. in. ii. 183, Cym. ii. v. 68, Pilgr. xiv. 3 [183] hanged is used for hung):—hung off, leave go MND. III. ii. 260; hang up, hang on a gibbet LLL. iv. iii. 54 lore's Tyburn, that h-s up simplicity, Rom ut. iii. 56 Rom. III. iii. 56.

hanger: strap on a sword-belt from which the sword hung Ham. v. ii. 157, &c. hanging: gloomy Meas. ιν. ii. 35 α hanging look. hangings: fruit on a tree Cym. III. iii. 63 my

mellow hangings

hangman: playfully applied to Cupid, Ado III. ii.

11 the little h.; attrib.?=fit for the hangman Gent. iv. iv. 61 hangman + boys\* (Ff Hangman's boyes or boy).

hap: dear hap, good fortune Rom. 11. ii. 189; by

hap; uear hap, good fortune Rom. If. II. 189; by haps, by chance Ado III. i 105.

haply, happily: in the sense 'perchance, perhaps' the old edd. have haply about twice as freq. as happily: exx. of the latter are Shr. IV. iv. 54 (F1, Dt. Ti. IV. iii. 8 (Q4), Ham. I. i. 134 (F1), Lr. I. i 102 (Ff; Q1 Happelly, Q22 Haply), Oth. II. i. 282 (Ff<sub>3</sub>a), III. iii. 263 (Qq; Ff) Haply.

happiness: propriety, appropriateness, felicity
Ado 11. iii. 202 [191] He hath... a good outward\*
h.; Ham. 11. ii. 217 αh, that often madness hits on.

happy adj.

1 propitious, favourable; phr. in h. time Shr. Ind. i. 90, All'sW. v. i. 6, Cæs. II. ii. 60, Ham. v. ii. 214, 0th. III. i. 32; in a h. hour Ado Iv. i. 288; in rery h. season 2H4 Iv. ii. 79; all meaning 'at an appropriate moment, in time'; also Rom. III. v. 112 in happy time = a propos.
2 apt, dexterous, skilful Gent. IV. i. 34 Have you

the tongues?—My youthful travel therein made me h., Cym. 111. iv.177 tellhim Wherein you are happy.

3 appropriate, fitting, felicitous 1H4 v. iv. 162 I'll gild it with the happiest terms I have, 1H6 III. ii. 18

this happy stratagem, Tim. i. i. 16 that happy terse, happy vb.: to render happy Sonn. vi. 6. harbour sb.: shelter, lodging Meas. i. iii. 4, LLL. ii. i. 174, 2H6 iii. i. 336, v. i. 168, Tim. v. iv. 53,

harbour vb.; to lodge; trans. Err. 1. i. 136 any place that h-s men, Tw. N. 11. iii. 106 she h-s you as her kinsman, John II. i. 262; intr. Gent. III. i. 140, R2 I. i. 195, 3H6 IV. vii. 79.

hard adj. (the ordinary lit. and fig. meanings occur) 1 hardened, obdurate Tim. IV. iii. 270, Mac. III. iv.

143, Ant, III. xi, [xiii.] 111 when we in our viciousness grow hard.

2 too h. for, too much for, more than (one) can manage LLL, II, i. 256. 3 harsh to the ear Ado y, II, 39 a hard rime.

hard adv. (1 cf. 'a Trotting Horse, when he sets

hard, and goes of an uneasy rate', Holme's Armoury, 1688).

with an uneasy pace AYL. III. ii. 334 trots hard. 2 Go h. (with), fare ill (with), be hurtful or disadvantageous (to Gent. IV. IV. 2, Mer. V. III. ii. 291, Shr. IV. ii. 80, IV. iv. 109 It shall go h. if Cambio go without her, 3H6 II. vi. 77; go h. but introduces a istatement of what will happen unless overwhelming difficulties prevent it, esp. it shall go h. but I will = I will assuredly Gent. I. i. 86, Mer.V. III.

i. 78, Ham. III. iv. 207.

3 with difficulty 3H6 v. i. 70 The h-er match'd, the greater victory, Oth. I. ii. 10 I dad full hard forbear him; so hard-a-keeping, difficult to keep LLL. 1. i. 65; hard-rul'd, managed with difficulty H8 III. ii.

102, hard-believing, incredulous Ven. 985.
4 close, near (freq.) Wiv. Iv. ii. 41 H. by, Iv. ii. 114, h. at door, Err. II. ii. 124 h. in the palm of the hand, Ham. I. ii. 179 it follow'd h. upon, Oth. II. i. 270 hard at hand.

hard-favour'd: of unpleasing countenance, ugly AYL. III. iii. 31, H5 III. i. 8, Ven. 133. hardiment: boldness, bold exploit 1H4 I. iii. 101

changing h. with great Glendower, Troil. iv. v. 28, Cym. v. iv. 75.

Cyn. V. IV. 75.
hardiness: boldness, daring H5 I. ii. 220, Cym. III.
hardly (the meaning 'scarcely', into which 2 imperceptibly passes, is the commonest)
1 severely, harshly H8 I. ii. 105, Cym. III. iii. 8.
2 with difficulty Gent. I. i. 143, II. i. 120, 2H4 II.
iv. 123, Cor. v. ii. 78 Iwas h. moved, Mac. v. iii. 62.
hardness: difficulty Oth. III. iv. 35 0! hardness
to dissemble, Cym. v. v. 432; hardship Oth. I.
iii. 234, Cym. III. vi. 21.
hardock: (?) hurdock Lr. IV. iv. 4 (Ff. 2 Hardokes

hardock: (?) burdock Lr. IV. iv. 4 (Ff 12 Hardokes, Qq hor-docks, mod. edd. hoar-docks t, harlocks t,

hare-bell: wild hyacinth Cym. Iv. ii. 222.

hare-finder: in the sport of coursing, one whose business is to espy the hare in her form Ado I. i. 193[186] to tell us Cupid [who is blind!] is a good h. hark: used imperatively to start or urge on dogs

in the chase Tp. IV. i. 260 there, Tyrant, there! hark, hark !.

harlock +: see HARDOCK. Actually recorded once, from Drayton's Dowsabel,

harlot: lewd person Err. v. i. 205 she with h-s feasted, Cor. III. ii. 112, Rom. II. iv. 46, attrib. Wint. II. iii. 4 the harlot king. harlotry: courtesan Oth. Iv. ii. 239 (Q<sub>1</sub> harlot); silly weuch 1H4 III. i. 198, Rom. IV. ii. 14 A

peevish self-will'd h.; attrib. as a vague term of contempt='scurvy', worthless 1H4 II. iv. 442 these harlotry players.

harmony: music, tuneful sound Tp. III. iii. 18
What h. is this?, Ham. III. ii. 385 [378]. ¶ The earliest meaning.

harness: body-armour Troil. v. iii. 31, Mac. v. v. 52; used for men-at-arms 1H4 III. ii. 101.

harness'd: armed, in armour John v. ii. 132, Troil. 1, ii. 8.

harp: to hit upon, guess Mac. iv. i. 74. Harpier (Harper †): ? error for 'harpy' Mac. iv. i. 3. harpy: fabulous monster, rapacious and filthy, having a woman's face and body and a bird's wings and claws, supposed to be a minister of divine vengeance Tp. III. iii. 83, Ado II. i. 282.

harrow: to lacerate (the feelings), distress Ham. I. i. 44 it h-s me with fear and wonder, I. v. 16 a tale . . . whose lightest word Would h. up thy soul; with play on the lit. sense Cor. v. iii. 34 Let the

Volsces Plough Rome, and harrow Italy.

Harry ten shillings: ten-shilling pieces coined in the reign of Henry VIII, 2H4 III. ii. 239.

- HAZARD

harsh ('rough to the ear' and 'rude, roughly offensive' are the commoner S. meanings) 1 unpleasantly rough (i) to the touch Troil. 1. i. 60,

(ii) to the taste (fig.) Oth, v. ii. 114. (?) of unpleasant or rough aspect Sonn. xi. 10

Harsh, featureless and rude.

harvest: season for reaping corn; fig. Ado I. iii. 27, Tw.N. III. i. 146 come to harvest (=ripened), Cym. I. i. 46, ¶ The fig. use of the sense 'ripened fruit or produce' is much commoner.

harvest-home: fig. occasion of profit Wiv. 11. ii. 292. marvest-nome: ng. occasion of pront wiv. H. ii. 292.
haste sb.: in h., (1) with speed, quickly, e.g. Mer. V.
ni. ii. 187 [180] Return in h., R2 i. i. 150 In h. whereof(='in order to expedite this proof'); Lr.
ni. 26 i' the h.; so in all h., with all possible speed R3 iv. i. 56, Troil. i. i. 121 In all swift h.;
Occasion to gate empthing does gridle in the control of the control (2) eager to get something done quickly, in a hurry, e.g. Gent. I. iii. 89 He is in h.; therefore 1 pray you, go; make h. is freq.; in the same sense are used take his h. Tim. v. i. 215, put it to the haste Ant. v. ii. 195.

haste vb.: to urge on, speed, accelerate Mer. V. II.
ii. 124, 1H4 III. i. 142, Cor. v. i. 75, Rom. IV. i. 11;
Ham. I. v. 29 H. me to know't = Let me know it quickly.

hastily: quickly, speedily Ado v. i. 45, John I. i. hasty (the ordinary mod. sense is frequent)

1 quick, speedy 2H4 II. i. 143, Rom. v. i. 64 h. powder, Cæs, IV. iii. 111, Ham. II, ii. 4 Our h. sending.

2 in a hurry Ado v. i. 49, 2H4 IV. v. 59, R3 IV. iv. 163. hasty-witted: inconsiderate, rash Shr. v. ii. 40. hat: used like CAP 1 (iii) Cor. II. iii. 104 to have my hat; exclamation by this hat! Wiv. I. i. 175 (cf. HOOD).

hatch vb.: (2 chiefly under or beneath the h-es, which is now associated with the mod. sense of 'grated framework covering the hatchway')

1 half-door, gate or wicket with an open space above Err. III. i. 33, John I. i. 171 In at the window, or else o'er the h. (=born irregularly), v. ii. 138 take (=jump over) the hatch, Lr. 111. vi. 76.
2 pl. movable planks forming a kind of deck in

ships Tp. 1. ii. 230, Wiv. II. i. 95, 2H6 III. ii. 103 I stood upon the hatches, R3 I. iv. 13, Per. III. i. 72.

hatched: closed with a hatch Per. IV. ii. 37 hatch'd2: h. in silver, inlaid with strips of silver, fig. of hair streaked with white Troil. I. iii. 65.

natchment: square or diamond-shaped tablet dis-playing the armorial bearings of a deceased person Ham. IV. v. 214 No trophy, sword, nor hatchment o'er his bones.

hate: cause of hatred (not pre-S.) John III, iv. 28, Cor. 1. i. 189.

hatefully: malignantly Ven. 940.

haught: haughty R2 iv. i. 254 thou h. insulting man, 2H6 1. iii. 71 (F<sub>1</sub> haughtie), R3 11. iii. 28 h. and proud.

haughty: high-spirited, high-minded, exalted 1H6 II. v. 79 this h. great attempt, IV. i. 35 h. courage, R3 IV. ii. 37.

haul: to drag 2H4 v. v. 38 (Ff123 Hall'd, F4 Hal'd, Q Halde).

haunch: fig. latter end 2H4 rv. iv. 92 the haunch

of winter.

haunt sb. : public resort, society of men AYL. 11. i. 15 our life exempt from public h., Ham. v. i. 18 out of h. (= secluded), Ant. v. xii. [xiv.]54 And all the haunt be ours (= we alone shall be run after).

haunt vb.: trans. to frequent the company of, accompany or follow persistently Err. III. ii. 83, MND. 11. ii. 85 do not h. me thus, 1H4 11. iv. 498, Troil. IV.i. 10 how Diomed . . . Did h. you in the field ; intr. to resort habitually, remain continually Mac.

I. vi. 9, Oth. I. i. 96 to h. about my doors, Compl. 130 following where he haunted.

hautboy (old edd. Ho(ε)-boy): wooden double-reed instrument of high pitch 2H4 III. ii. 355.

have (often reduced to ha', in old edd. ha, a; in me rather had R2 III, iii. 192 there is confusion between the two idioms, 'I had rather' and 'me were better'

1 idiomatic uses with it :- have it, have the victory Shr. v. ii. 182 thou shalt ha't; in phrases like let me have it = tell me it Wint. I. ii. 101, II. i. 25, H8 II. i. 145, Ham. II. ii. 572 [565]; cf. Oth. I.

iii. 379 We will have more of this.

2 idiomatic uses of the imperative :- have after=1 will follow Ham. I. iv. 89; have at the or you = 1 shall come at you, I shall attack you 2H6 II. iii. 93 h. at thee with a downright blow, Rom. v. v. 126 h. at you with my wit; -h. at it = I will begin or attempt it Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 300, Cym. v. v. 316; h. at you = I will address you LLL. v. iii. 290. h. they will go through 2H6. IV. iii. 290; h. through = I will go through 2H6
IV. viii. 64; h. to it = I will set about it Shr. I. i.
142; so IV. v. 78 H. to my widow; v. ii. 37 ha'to thee = here's to your health; h. with thee, you = I'll go along with you Wiv. II. i. 160, Oth. I. ii. 53. 3 elliptical uses:—Wiv. II. i. 37 I have [scil. some-

thing] to show to the contrary, Cor. II. iii. 181 I have no further [scil. business] with you, Tim, IV. iii. 288 What wouldst thou have to Athens?

What commission do you wish to give me for A.?) Ham. III. ii. 101 I have nothing [scil. to do] with the answer.
 to be versed in, know Gent. IV. i. 33 H. you the tongues?, Mer. V. I. ii. 73, Tw.N. I. iii. 133, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 622 till he had both tune and words, H8 V. V. 15.

5 to grasp the meaning of (a person), understand Ham. II. i. 68 You have me, have you not ?.

with will: to maintain or assert to be 1H6 m.

i. 30 If I were covetous... As he will have me.
have-at-him [see have 2 for the phr. have at]:
attack, stroke H8 II, ii. 85 I'll venture one h.
(F<sub>1</sub> I'll venture one; haue at him, Ff<sub>234</sub> one heave at him).

haver: possessor Cor. n. ii. 90 dignifies the haver. having: possessor Cor. II. II. 30 augustes the hater.

having: possession, property, wealth, estate
Wiv. III. ii. 76 The gentleman is of no h., AYL.

III. ii. 401, Wint. IV. iii. [1.v.] 743, H8 II. iii. 23

Our content Is our best h., Cym. I. ii. 20; also pl.

H8 III. ii. 160; in Oth. IV. iii. 94 our h. endowments,

'gifts', accomplishments Troil, III. iii. 97,

Compl. 235 'gifts', ac Compl. 235.

haviour: behaviour, bearing, manner Wiv. I. iii. 84, Tw. N. III. iv. 229, R2 I. iii. 77, Ham. I. ii. 81 the dejected h. of the visage, II. ii. 12 (Ff humour),

Cym. III. iv. 9.

havoe: cry h., orig. to give an army the order 'havoe!' as the signal for pillaging John II.1351, Cor. III. 1273, Ces. III. 1273 Cry 'H.!' and let slip the dogs of war, Ham. v. ii. 378 This quarry cries on h. (= calls for merciless slaughter).

hawk sb.: in Ham. II. ii. 406 [397] commonly taken to be the bird (cf. HANDSAW), but perhaps a variant of 'hack', which was applied to various

tools of the mattock, hoe, and pickaxe type.
hawk vb.: fly at, as a hawk Mac. II. iv. 13.
hawking: 'hawk-like, keen' (Schmidt) All'sW.
I. i. 106 his hawking eye.

hay1: country dance having a winding or serpen-

tine movement LLL. v. i. 166. hay<sup>2</sup> (S.): home-thrust Rom. n. iv. 28.

hazard sb. : (2 the prevailing sense ; 4 cf. 'Pelouse ... the lower hazard in a tennis-court 'Cotgr.) I game at dice at which the chances are complicated by a number of arbitrary rules H5 III. vii. 98; hence fig. come or go to h., to run extreme risks Mer.V. II. ix. 18, H5 III. vii. 98.

2 venture, chance, (hence) risk, peril, jeopardy;—phr. on (the) hazard, at stake Troil. Prol. 22 Sets all on h., Cæs. v. i. 68; put in h., risked Cor. II.

iii. 264.

3 thing risked or staked Mer. V. 1. i. 152.

4 each of the winning openings in a tennis-court H5 I. ii. 263 We will in France . . . play a set Shall strike his father's crown into the hazard.

hazard vb. : Ant. III. x. [xii.] 19 h-ed to thy grace,

depending for its fate on thy favour.

he: he...he=one...another Mer.V. IV. i. 54 Why he cannot abide a gaping pig; Why he, a hurmless necessary cat; Why he, a woollen bappne, Troil. IV. i. 66 he as he (=the one as well as the other), Y. 1. 60 he as he (= the the as we has the other), Sonn. xxix. 6 Featur'd like him, like him with friends possess'd; cf. MND. 111. ii. 25-6, Cor. 1. vi. 36 Ransoming him..., threat ning the other, Mac. 1v. iii. 80 his jewels and this other's house.

head sb. (the chief idiomatic, technical, and special

uses are the foll.)

picious h. of theft is stopp'd, Troil. iv. v, 5, Per.
II. iii. 97 Loud music is too harsh for ladies' heads; for 'mouth' Cym. v. v. 158 Those [viands] which I heav'd to head; = the mod. 'face' in the phr. to (one's) head Meas. IV. iii. 151, Ado. v. i. 62, MND. I. i. 106.

2 antiers of a deer, roebuck, &c. 1H6 iv. ii. 51

Turn on the bloody hounds with h-s of steel; quibble in Troil. iv. v. 31, 45, 46; of the first h., said of a deer, &c., at the age when the antiers are first developed LLL. iv. ii. 10.

3 source of a river; fig. source, origin All'sW. I. iii. 180 Your salt tears' h., R2 I. i. 97, Ham. I. i. 106 The source of this our watch and the chief head

Of this post-haste.

4 headland, promontory Ant. III. vii. 51. 5 category Tim. III. v. 28\* set quarrelling Upon the head of valour.

6 hostile advance, resistance Ham. IV. v. 101\*

Laertes, in a riotous head.

John v. ii. 113 this gallant h. of war, 1H4 1. iii. 285 by raising of a head, 1v. iv. 25, cym. iii. v. 25; phr. make (a) h., raise a body of troops 1H4 III. i. 65, 3H6 II. i. 141 Making another h. Cæs. IV. i. 42, Cym. iv. ii. 139 make some stronger head.

The S. phr. head and front (0th. i. iii. 80) probably = summit, height, has been used with other

meanings by mod. writers.

head vb.: to behead Meas. II. i. 256.
head borough: parish officer having the same functions as a petty constable Shr. Ind. i. 12

(third-borough+).

headly: reading of F<sub>1</sub> in H5 III. iii. 32 headly murder (other Ff and mod. edd. heady). ¶ In early English the word was applied to the 'capital' or 'deadly' sins.
headpiece: helmet H5 III. vii. 154; covering for the head Lr. III. ii. 26 He that has a house to put

his head in has a good h.; head, brain Wint. I.

heady: headlong, precipitate, impetuous Err. v. i. 216 heady, rash, 1H4 II. iii. 60, Lr. II. iv. 111 my more headier will; of a stream H5 I. i. 34 With

such a heady currance, scouring faults.

health: welfare, well-being, prosperity Mer. V.

v. i. 114, 2H4 tv. iv. 81 H. to my sovereign, Tim.

II. ii. 207 to the state's best h., Cæs. IV. iii. 36, Ham. I. iii. 21, I. iv. 40 Be thou a spirit of h. or goblin

damn'd. This sense survives in the phr. 'drink a health', recorded first from S., Shr. III.

ii.173 He calls for wine: 'A health!' quoth he. healthful: healthy All'sW. 11. iii. 54, H8 1. i. 3, Ham. 111. iv. 141; fig. Cæs. 11. i. 319 Had you a

healthful ear to hear it.

heap sb. (3 a late ex. of this sense; cf. Coverdale, Ezekiel xxxviii, 22 'vpon him and all his heape')

1 phr. on heaps, on a heap, in a fallen or prostrate mass, prostrate, in ruins H5 v. ii. 39 all her husbandry doth lie on h-s, Tit. 11. iii. 223 Lord Bassianus lies . . . All on a h., Tim. 1v. iii. 101

laid proud Athens on a heap. 2 mass AYL. 1 ii. 74 the great h, of your knowledge, 2H6 v. i. 157 Hence, h, of wrath, Tim. v. i. 157 such h-s and sums of love and wealth, Per. 1. i. 33

all thy whole heap must die.

3 great company or body R3 II. i. 53 Among this princely h.; phr. on h-s, upon a h., in a body H5 iv. v. 18, Troil, iii. 27, Cas. i. iii. 23, heap vb.: Wint. iv. i. [ii.] 22 the h-ing friendships,

increase of friendly relations.

hear (some special uses): Mac. III. iv. 32 We'll h. ourselves again (=we will talk with one another again); Cæs. I. ii. 203 he h-s no music (=does not listen to, pays no attention to); Per. 1. iv. 54 hear these tears (=hear of, be informed of), cf. Cym. II. iv. 17 h. The legions . . . sooner landed.

hearing:

- 1 in the sense of 'faculty or sense by which sounds are heard' is used in contexts where 'ear(s) would now be usual, e. g. Tp. r. ii. 265 terrible To enter human h., LLL. r. i. 75 younger h-s are quite ravished, Ant. v. ii. 95 Fou lie, up to the h.
- quae racesaca, Ant. v. 11, 33 Tota te, up for the no of the goods, Ven. 428 would . . I had no hearing. 2 report, news Shr. v. ii. 183 Tis a good h. when children are toward, Cym. III. i. 4 theme and h. hearken (2 peculiar to Eliz, and Caroline times)
- 1 to inquire or seek after LLL 1.i. 217 to h. after the fiesh\*, Ado v. i. 221 H. after their offence, R3 1. i. 54. 2 to be on the watch Shr. v. iv. 53; to wait for Shr. 1. ii. 263, 1H4 v. iv. 52 h-d for your death, hearse; coffin 2H4 v. v. 112, 1H6 1. i. 104, R3 1. ii. 2, Cas, III. ii. 170. ¶ The only meaning in S. hearsed; coffined, buried Mer. V. III. i. 96, Ham. 1. iiv. 47 heaved iv. death; for Jury 657.

iv. 47 hearsed in death; fig. Lucr. 657. heart (in 1H4 III. i. 251 Heart!, taken by some in sense 3, is the abbreviation of 'God's heart!', 'sheart!')

1 disposition, temperament Meas. v. i. 385 Not changing h. with habit, Ado II. i. 327 a merry h. 2 feeling Mer.V. I. ii. 139 with so good h. (= so

heartily).

3 freq. as a term of endearment, appreciation or commendation, and compassion Tp. 1. i. 6 Height, my h-st cheerly, cheerly, my h-st, LLL, v. i. 113 sweet h., H5 II, i. 123 poor heart, Cym. 1. i. 112 take it, h.; cf. MND. IV. ii. 27 where are these h-s?

(=good fellows).

(=good fellows).

4 vital or essential part, core, centre, essence
Wiv. II. ii. 238 the heart of my purpose, Tw.N. I.
v. 204 the h. of my message, Cor. I. vi. 55 Theor
very heart of hope. ¶ S. is the earliest authority
for in h. (Shr. IV. v. 77), fight one's h. out (Troil.
III. ii. 53), h. of h. (Troil. IV. v. 170, Ham. III. ii.
The control of the cort 78), wear my h. upon my sleeve (0th. I. i. 64), do any man's heart good (MND. I. ii. 74).

heart-blood: essence Troil. III. i. 35 h. of beauty.

heart-burned: suffering from heartburn Ado II.

i. 4, 1H4 III. iii. 59.

heart-dear: 2H4 II. iii. 12 (so Ff; Q hearts deere

Harry) hearted: fixed in the heart Oth. I. iii. 373 I hate the Moor: my cause is h.; III. iii. 449 hearted throne.

- HEIGHTEN

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heartless: spiritless, disheartened Rom. I. i. 72, Lucr. 471, 1392. ¶ Usually taken = unfeeling in Sonn. Music iii. 35 [Pilgr. 279] h. ground, but this meaning is otherwise not recorded before the 19th cent.; perhaps = 'sterile' (an Eliz. sense).

heartlings: see Op. heart-offending: wounding the heart 2H6 III. ii. 60 h. groans; cf. heart-sore sighs Gent. I. i. 30.

heart's-ease: peace of mind H5 IV. i. 256; name of a popular Eliz, tune Rom, IV. v. 104.

heart-sore Gent. 1. i. 30, heart-struck (=distressing the heart) Lr. III. i. 17, and heart-whole in the sense of 'having the affections free' AYL. IV. i. 51 are not pre-S.

heart-strings: in old anatomy, the tendons or nerves supposed to brace and sustain the heart Gent. rv. ii. 63, Lucr. 1141; in sing. from heart-string, (jocularly) = from my heart H5 rv. i. 47.

hearty: as a complimentary epithet Ant. IV. ii. 38.
heart sb.: Tw.N. 1. v. 139 one draught above h.
(?= beyond the point at which the body becomes
warm with moderate drinking).
heart vb.: (?) to run swiftly over Wint. 1. ii. 96.
heartyple.:heated John IV. i. 61 Therron... h. red-hot;

? in Tw. N. 1. i. 26\* till seven years h. (? = heated for seven years by the sun's rays).

heath: see LONG HEATH.

heave sb.: deep sigh Ham. IV. i. 1; thrust H8 II, ii. 85 one heave at him (Ff234; cf. HAVE-AT-HIM).

beave vb.: pat. and pa. pple always heave; the meaning 'utter' (a groan, word) is not pre-S., AYL. II. i. 36 h-d forth such groans, Lr. rv. iii. 27 heaved the name of 'father' Pantingly forth.

heaven (metrically treated as one or as two syll.;

not pre-Eliz, in exclamations of surprise, etc.; often put for 'God'in old edd. in deference to the Act to restrain Abuses of Players, of 1605-6; sometimes in sing. with pl. concord R2 1. ii. 6, Mac. 11, i. 4; also in pl. with sing. concord John иг. i. 108, Mac. IV. iii. 230).

1 floor of h., the sky Mer. V. v. i. 58. 2 used fig. with ref. to the ancient astronomical division of the realms of space around the earth into 'spheres' or spherical shells lying one outside another H5 I. Chor. 2 O I for a Muse of fire, that would ascend The brightest h. of invention.

heaven-hued: blue Compl. 215 h. sapphire, heavenly: divinely ofth. v. ii. 133 heavenly true, heavily: sadly, sorrowfully Ado v. iii. 18. R3 I. iv. 1 Why looks your Grace so h. to-day?, Ham. II. ii. 316 [309], Mac. IV. iii. 182 the tidings, Which I have heavily borne.

heaviness: drowsiness Tp. 1. ii. 307, 1H4 111. i. 218. ¶ The commonest S. sense is 'sadness'.

heaving sb.: deep groan or sigh Wint. II. iii. 35. heaving ppl. adj.:rising Troil.II.ii. 196 our h. spleens. heavy (the literal sense of 'weighty', and the fig. senses of 'oppressive, grievous, sore', 'sad, sorrowful', 'distressing, saddening', and 'sleepy, drowsy ' are freq.)

1 weighty, important, serious All'sW. 11. v. 50 matter of h. consequence, 1H4 II. iii. 68 h. business, H5 II. ii. 53, Lr. v. i. 27 Most just and h. causes. 2 dull, stupid 0th. 11. i.143 0 heavy ignorance! thou

praisest the worst best.

3 slow, sluggish MND. v. i. 377 The h. gait of night, John III. iii. 43 [thy blood] h. thick (heavy-thick+), iv. i. 47 h. time, Ant. III. vii. 38; cf. heavy-gaited R2 III. ii. 15.

gatted 12 11, 11, 15, 4 (of a deed or its agent) grievous, heinous, wicked Meas, II, iii, 28, Wint, III, ii, 209, John IV. iii, 58, Ham. IV. i, 12 0 heavy deed!, heavy-headed: drowsy or stupid with drinking, drunken Ham. I. iv. 17 heavy-headed retel.

hebenon (Ff), hebona (Qq): (?) yew, which was notorious for its poisonous properties Ham. 1. v. 62 juice of cursed h. ¶ So 'iouyce of Hebon', Marlowe 'Jew of Malta' III.

Hebrew: reading of F1 in Gent. n. v. 58, Mer. V.

I. iii, 58, 179; cf. Ebrew.

Hecate (usu, 2 syll.; 3 syll. in 1H6 III. ii. 64, as also once in Milton, Comus 535); goddess of Greek mythology supposed to preside over witcheraft and magical rites MND.v.ii.14[i.391] (F. Hecates), Mac. III. v. 1 (F. Hecat), I.F. i. 112 (F. 194 Hecat), i. i. i. 112 (F. 194 Hecat), i. i. i. 112 (F. 194 Hecat), i. i. i. i. 112 (F. 194 Hecat), i. i. i. i. i. i. 64 that railing Hecate (viz. Joan of Arc).

hectic: hectic or wasting fever Ham. rv. iii. 69. Hector: transf. in allusion to the Trojan hero = valiant warrior Wiv. I. iii. 11, II. iii. 35.

hedge (1 16-17th cent. use; 2 not pre-S.)
1 hedge out, shut out, debar Troil. III. i. 66.

2 to go aside from the straight path Troil, III, iii, 158 (Q turne); (hence) to shuffle, dodge Wiv. II.

ii. 27 to shuffle, to hedge and to lurch. hedge-born: of low or mean birth 1H6 iv. i. 43;

cf. born under a hedge 2H6 rv. ii. 58.
hedge-hog: applied to a person who is regardless
of others' feelings R3 r. ii. 103.

hedge-pig: hedgehog Mac. Iv. i. 2. Survives in East Anglian and southern dial.

hedge-priest: illiterate priest of low status LLl., v. ii. 543.

heed: that which one heeds or pays attention to (S.) LLL. I. i. 82 that eye shall be his heed.

heel sb.: in phr. referring to (1) flight or speed Err.
1. ii. 94 I'll take my h-s, Mcr.V. 11. ii. 32 my h-s h. II. 34 1 a take my h-s, McF. V. II. II. 32 my h-s are at your commandment, AYL. III. ii. 295 Fou have a numble wit: 1 think 'twas made of Atalanta's h-s, 1H4 II. iv. 52 show it a fair pair of h-s, Mac. I. ii., 30 to trust their h-s; (2) punishment in the stocks All'sW. IV. iii. 119 his h-s have deserved it, 2H4 I. ii. 142 To punish you by the h-s; i-out at h-s in upfortungte or decayed circumstances in h-s, in unfortunate or decayed circumstances, in

trouble or distress Wiv. I. lii. 32, Lr. II. ii. 164. heel vb.: to perform (a dance) Troil. IV. iv. 86 Lean-not...h. the high lavoit. ¶ Only S. in this sense; cf. Ado III. iv. 46 Ye light o love with your h-s!, v. iv.

122, H5 III. v. 34 our grace is only in our heels.

heft: straining, retching (S.) Wint. II. i. 44.

heigh: cry of encouragement Tp. II. i. 6, Wint. IV.

ii. [iii.] 2, 6 (Ff hey), 10, 1H4 III. iv. 542 [534].

heigh-ho, hey-ho (both forms occur in old edd.):

used (1) to summon a person MND. rv. i. 208 Heigh-ho! Peter Quince!, 1H4 II. i. 1 Heigh-ho! ... What, ostler!; (2) to express joy AYL. II. vii. 152 heigh-ho! the holly!; (3) to express sadness or dejection Ado II. i. 334 cry h. for a husband, III. iv. 53, AYL. IV. iii, 170, Troil. III. iI. 139, Lr III. ii. 75 h. the wind and the rain (Qq hey-ho, F<sub>1</sub> heighho, mod. edd. hey, ho).

height (old edd. also spelt heighth, hight) 1 high rank, degree, or position R21. i. 189, R31. iii. 83 this careful h., Tit. iv. ii. 34 to be advanced to this height, Sonn. xxxii. 8.

2 highest point, zenith, summit Err. v. i. 200, John IV. iii. 46, 2H4 II. iii. 63 the tide swell'd up unto his h. (F1), R3 III. vii. 187 pitch and h.;—at (the) h., at the or its highest point, at its height AYL.
v. ii. 51 at the h. of heart-hearness, R3 1. iii. 41
(Qq highest), Tit. 11. i. 71, Cas. IV. iii. 216 We, at
the h., are ready to decline;—in h. of, at the height of R3 v. iii. 177; in h., at his highest Ant. III. viii. 30 [x. 21]; in the h., in the extreme Ado IV. i. 306, Per. 11. iv. 6; to the h., to the utmost H8 1. ii. 214 traitor to the h., Troil. v. i. 3; on h. of our . . ., on pain of our utmost . . . Tim. III. v. 89.

heighten: to exalt Cor. v. v. [vi.] 22.

heinously: very badly, 'shockingly' 1H4 III. iii. 212.

heir: in transf. use (1) a person to whom something (e.g. fate, sorrow, &c.) is bound to fall due Wiv. v. v. 45 h-s of fixed destiny, R2 II. ii. 63 my sorrow's dismal h., Han. III. i. 63 That flesh is h. to; (2) offspring, product 2H4 IV. iv. 122 Unfather'd h-s... of nature, Ven. Ded. 5 the first heir of two inventions heir of my invention.

heir apparent: used in the strict sense of 'heir whose right is indefeasible' 1H4 I. ii. 65, &c., and also = 'heir presumptive' 2H6 I. i. 153 (of the Duke of Gloucester, the King's uncle).

hell: place of confinement for debtors Err. IV. ii. 40 One that, before the judgement, carries poor

souls to hell.

hell-hated: hated as hell Lr. v. iii. 149 h. lie. hell-hound: applied to a fiendish person R3 IV. iv. 48, Tit. v. ii. 144, Mac. v. vii. 32 [viii. 3].

hell-kite: person of hellish cruelty Mac. IV.

helm vb. (not pre-S.); to steer, fig. Meas. III. ii. help sb. (1 only S.; 2 a common S. sense)

neip sb. (1 only S.; 2 a common S. sense)
1 at help, in our favour Han. Iv. iii. 47.
2 relief, cure, remedy Err. v. i. 160, 2H6 IV. vii.
95, Troil. IV. i. 47 There is no help, Cor. III. i.
220, IV. vi. 121, Ven. 93, Sonn. cliii. 11 I, sick
withal, the help of bath desired.
help vb. (pa. t. and pa. pple. helped, but more often
holp): to relieve, cure, remedy Tp. II. ii. 102
I will h. his ague, Gent. IV. ii. 48 To h. him of his
blindness, Rom. I. ii. 49 Turn giddy, and be holp by
backward turning, Lr. IV. iv. 10, Lucr. 1822 Do
wounds ?. wounds help wounds?.

helpless: affording no help, unavailing, unprofitable Err. II. i. 39 urging h. patience, R3 I. ii. 13 the h. balm of my poor eyes, Ven. 604, Lucr. 1027, 1056 Poor h. help. ¶ In Lucr. 756\* either this sense or 'that cannot be helped, irremediable', as in Spenser's 'helpless hap', helpless harms'. hem: to clear away with a hem or cough AYL. I. iii. 19.

hemp: the material of the hangman's halter H5 111. vi. 45; so hempen in jocular phr. 2H6 IV. vii. 94 Ye shall have a h. caudle then. ¶ Of such phrases there were many, e.g. 'be not caute in an hempen snare' (Skelton), 'dauncing in a hempen circle' (Nashe).

hempseed: gallows-bird 2H4 II. i. 66\*. (Cf. prec.) hen: chicken-hearted fellow All'sW. II. iii. 223. hence (1 always with here, as in earlier English)

in the next world John IV. ii. 89, Ham. III. ii. 234, henceforward LLL. v. ii. 824 Hence ever, 2H4 v. v. 57, Oth. III. iii. 380 from hence I'll lore no friend.

henceforth: for h., for the future Ado v. i. 308. hence-going: departure Cym. III. ii. 64; cf. Wint. I. ii. 450.

henchman: page of honour MND. II. i. 121.

henloft: hen-house Wiv. 111, iv. 41 (Qq 12; Ff Q 3 pen). ¶ Used by Nashe.

Henry: 3 syll. in R3 11, iii. 16 and elsewhere.

hent sb.: in Ham. III. iii. 88\* Up, sword, and know thou a more horrid heat it is doubtful whether we have the sense of 'clutch, grasp' or of 'intention, design', or whether heat is for hint in its S. sense.

hent vb.: to take, seize Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 134\* merrily h. the stile-a; in pa. pple = reached, occupied Meas. 1v. vi. 14 The generous and gravest

citizens Have hent the gates.

her: old possessive pron. of the 3rd person pl. = their; app. surviving in 1H6 i. i. 83 her flowing tides, Troil. 1. iii. 118 right and wrong . . . Should lose her names ; mod. edd. their.

herald sb. (in old edd, also herauld, -ault, har(r)old) 1 officer having the duty of (i) making proclama-tions 2H6 IV. ii. 190, (ii) bearing messages between princes and hostile forces John. 11. i. 325, the princes and nostite forces John, it. 1, 325, H5 iii. v. 36, Troil. i. iii. 218, (iii) conveying challenges H8 i. i. 34, Lr. v. i. 48, (iv) arranging public processions, funerals, &c. 1H6 i. i. 45, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 145 the most noble cores that ever h. Did follow to his urn, (v) regulating the use of arranging bearings Sh. vi. i. 93, 4 h. Katel 20. armorial bearings Shr. 11. i. 223 A h., Kate? 0! put me in thy books, Lucr. 206 Some loathsome dash the herald will contrive.

2 messenger, envoy LLL. v. ii. 97 Their herald is a pretty knavish page, R3 I. i. 72, Ham. III. iv. 58

the herald Mercury.

3 fore-runner, precursor Ado II. i. 319 Silence is the perfectest h. of joy, Rom III. v. 6 the lark, the h. of the morn, Cass. I. iii. 56, Ven. 531 The owl, night's herald, Sonn. i. 10.

4 attrib. use of 1 (ii) Gent III. i. 144 My h. thoughts in thy pure bosom rest them; While I, their king... herald vb.: to usher (in) Mac. I. iii. 102, Per. III.

i. 34.

heraldry: (2 is only S.)

1 art or science of a herald, blazoning of armorial bearings MND. III. ii. 213 like coats in h.; fig. Oth. 111. iv. 48.

2 heraldic practice or regulation Ham. 1. i. 87 a seal'd compact, Well ratified by law and heraldry 'a kind of hendiadys, meaning heraldic law', Clark and Wright).

3 heraldic title or rank All'sW. II. iii. 279 the

heraldry of your birth.
4 heraldic device, armorial bearings (fig.) Ham. II.
ii. 487 [478] Hath now this dread and black complexion smear'd With h. more dismal, Lucy. 64 This heraldry in Lucrece' face.

herb-grace, herb-of-grace: the plant rue, Ruta graveolens All'sW. IV. v. 18 (F1 hearbe of gruce) R2 III. IV. 105 (F1 Herbe of Grace). Ham, IV. V. 181 (Ff Herb(e)-Grace, Q1 hearb a grace, Qq herbe of Grace).

herblet (not pre-S.): little herb Cym. IV. ii. 287. here: as sb. = the present life Lr. 1. i. 164; as adj. here-approach, arrival Mac. IV. iii. 133, here-remain, stay 148.

hereafter: as adj. = future 1H6 II. ii. 10 h. ages,

R3 IV. iv. 391 Hereafter time.

hereby: close by LLL. IV. i. 9; in LLL. I. ii. 143

That's hereby is app. intended for a country expression, but the meaning is uncertain.

hereto: hitherto Cor. 11. ii. 65. hermit: begging h., (?) mendicant friar Tit. 111. ii. 41; beadsman (S.) Mac. I. vi. 20 We rest your hermits.

Herod: represented in the old mystery plays as a blustering tyrant Wiv. II. i. 20 What a H. of Jewry is this!, Ham III. ii. 16 (see out-Herod), Ant. III. iii. 3 H. of Jewry dure not look upon you But when you are well pleas'd.

Hesperides: nymphs who were fabled to guard, with the aid of a dragon, the garden in which golden apples grew in the Islands of the Blest; used allusively and as sing. Per. 1. i. 27 this fair H., With golden fruit, but dangerous to be touch'd; transf. applied to the garden LLL. IV. iii. 341 (ref. to the 11th Labour of Hercules).

Hesperus: the evening star All'sW. II. i. 167. hest: bidding, command Tp. III. i. 37, 1H4 II. iii.

67\* (Q<sub>1</sub>; others hast(e). hew: Tim. v. iv. 46 hew to't, cut thy way to it. hewgh: imitation of a whistling sound Lr. IV. vi. 94 (Qq hagh).

hey: call to dogs Tp. iv. i. 258; cry expressing

- HO

excitement, surprise, exultation, Qq hagh AYL. v. iii. 19, 22, Tw.N. rv. ii. 79, Lr. 111. ii. 75; with nony, nonino Ado II. iii. 73, AYL. v. iii. 19, Ham. rv. v. 164. ¶ See also невен.

heyday: state of excitement Ham. III. iv. 69 The h. in the blood is tame. ¶ As interj. put in mod. edd. for high-day(Tp. II. ii. 199 [190]), HOYDAY, q.v.

hev-ho: see HEIGH-HO.

Hibbocrates: i. e. Hippocrates, Greek physician (4th cent. E.c.) Wiv. 111. i. 66.

hide: (pa. pple. usually hid, but hidden occurs in

predicative use 9 times; 3 cp. ALL HID) 1 to sheath (a sword) AYL. II. vii. 119, R3 I. ii. 176. 2 to shield, protect John II. i. 260, 1H4 II. iv. 295, Cas. II. i. 85 To hade thee from prevention, Cym.

IV. ii. 388 I'll hide my master from the flies. 3 hide fox, and all after, old signal cry in the game

of hide-and-seek Ham. IV. ii. 32.

hideous: detestable, odious Lr. 1. i. 153 check This h. rashness; shocking Tw. N. III. iv. 216 a most hideous opinion of his rage. hie: intr. and refl. to hasten (freq.).

Hiems: winter personified LLL. v. ii. 899, MND.

II. i. 109.

high adj.: All'sW. II. i. 12\* higher Italy, (?) the Italian nobility; Tim. IV. iii, 246 at high wish, at the height of one's desires; Cæs. 11. i. 110 the high east, the exact east

high adv. (in All'sW. IV. iii. 50 higher app. = fur-

ther inland)

1 loudly Ant. 1. v. 49 neigh'd so high. 2 highly Tw. N. 1. i. 15 high funtastical, Lucr. 19 highproud; deeply, intensely, very All'sW. v. iii. 36 My high-repented blumes, Tit. IV. iv. 63 highresolved men.

high and low: short for 'high and low men', two kinds of false dice made so as to turn up high and low numbers respectively Wiv. 1. iii.

93; perh. also Wint. v. 1. 207. high-battled: having a lofty command Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 29; high-blown (S.): inflated H8 111. ii. 362 my h. pride; high-born or -borne (S.): of high birth or exalted lofty LLL. I. i. 171\*; high cross (not pre-S.): cross set on a pedestal in a market-place or the centre of a town Shr. I. i. 136; high-day adj.: holiday Mer. V. II. ix. 98 h. wt; high-engender'd: produced in the sky Lr. 111, ii. 23; high-gravel-blind: jocular intensive of sand-blind Mcr. V. II. ii. 38; high-grown: overgrown with tall vegetation (S.) Lr. IV. iv. 7; high-judging' (S.): ? that is supreme judge Lr. 11, iv. 231; high-lone (not pre-S.): quite alone, without support Rom. I. iii. 36 (Q<sub>1</sub> high lone, Q<sub>2</sub> hylone, others a lone, alone); high-minded: arrogant 1H6 I. v. 12; highpitch'd: of lofty character (not pre-S.) Lucr. 41 h. thoughts; high-proof (S.): in the highest degree Ado v. i. 124 we are h. melancholy; high-sighted (S.): supercilious, arrogant Cas. 11. i. 118 h. tyranny; high-stomach'd: haughty R2 1. i. 18 H. . . . and full of tre; high-witted: cunning Tit. 1v. iv. 35 h. Tamora.
hight: is named LLL. 1. i. 169, MND. v. i. 141.

hild: form of the pa. pple, of HOLD used for rhyme's sake Lucr. 1257. ¶ Found also in Golding (1587). hilding: good-for-nothing fellow All'sW. III. vi. 4; attrib. 2H4 1. i. 57 some hilding fellow; jade,

baggage Rom. 111. v. 169. hilt: pl. = sing. (formerly freq.) H5 11. i. 69 Ill run him up to the hilts, Cas. v. iii. 43.

hind : female of the red deer MND. 11. i. 232.

hind 2 (2 occurs more frequently than 1) 1 servant Wiv. 111. v. 101, AYL, 1. i. 20. 2 rustic, boor LLL. 1. ii. 125, 1H4 m. iii. 18. hinge sb.: fig. pivot Oth. III. iii. 366.

hinge vb. (not pre-S.): to bend Tim. IV. iii. 212 h. thu knee.

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hint: occasion, opportunity Tp. 1. ii. 134, 11. i. 3 Our h. of woe Is common, Cor. III. iii. 23 ready for this h., Oth. I. iii. 142, Ant. III. iv. 9 When the best h. was given him, he not took't, in. ix. [xi.] 18, Cym. v. v. 173 took his hint. ¶ The mod. sense of 'suggestion' is only in Oth. i. iii. 166\* Upon this hint I spake.

hip 1: on or upon the hip, at a disadvantage Mer. V.

I. iii. 47, IV. i. 335, Oth. II. i. 317. hip<sup>2</sup>: fruit of the wild rose Tim. IV. iii. 425.

hipped: lamed in the hip Shr. III. ii. 50 his horse h., with an old mothy saddle. The horse is said to be hipt, when the hip-bone is remooued out of his right place. (Topsell, 1601).

Hiren: name of a female character in Peele's play of 'The Turkish Mahamet and Hyrin the fair Greek', used allusively by S. and early 17th cent. writers = seductive women, harlot 2H4 II. iv. 172, 188 (? with quibble on 'iron').

his (3 its is S., but much less freq.)

1 = that one's 2H6 II. i. 131 his (Ff it, mod. edd. that) cunning...that could..., Mac. IV. iii. 80 Desire his jewels and this other's house.

2 often = the genitive inflexion 's Tp. 11. i. 244 [236] the king, his son's alive Ham. 11. ii. 520 [512] Mars his armour (Qq 1-4 Marses Armor, Ff Mars his Armours); occas, joined redundantly with 's John 1. i. 139 Sir Robert's his.

3 = its (very freq.) Tp. 1. ii. 295 I will rend an oak And peg thee in his knotty entrails. hist (not pre-S.): 'nota silenții' (Minsheu, Ductor

in Linguas, 1617 Rom. n. ii. 158.

history sb. (in Per. v. i. 119 almost=life-story)
1 narrative, tale, story Tw.N. 11. iv. 111, 3H6 v.
vi. 28 that tragic h., R3 III. v. 27 The h. of all her
secret thoughts, Ham. III. ii. 314, Oth. I. iii. 139
in my trave's kistory, Cym. III. v. 99.

2 story represented dramatically, drama (fig.) AYL. 11. vii. 164 Last scene of all, That ends this strange eventful h.; historical play or drama Shr. Ind. ii. 144, H5 1. Chor. 32 Chorus to this h., Ham. II. ii. 425 [416] tragedy, comedy, history, Oth. II. i. 266. history vb.: to record, recount 2H4 IV. i. 203. hit: old form of IT, app. surviving in All'sW. v. iii.

197 (Ff), Mac. I. v. 48 (Ff<sub>12</sub>). hit vb. (3, 4, 5 are not pre-S. as also the idiomatic hit it LLL. IV. i. 128, and hit or miss Troil, I. iii. 384)

1 hit of = hit upon Err. III. ii. 30. 2 to imitate exactly Wint. v. i. 127 Four father's image is so hit in you.

3 to succeed Mer. V. 111. ii. 268 Hath all his ventures

fail'd? What, not one hit?; to be fulfilled All's W. 11. i. 146 Oft expectation . . . hits Where hope is coldest.

4 intr. to fall in suitably or exactly Tim. III. 1. 6 this hits right; trans. to suit or fit in with H8 1.

ii, 84 Hitting a grosser quality.
5 to agree Lr. 1, i. 308 let's hit together (Qq lets hit; Ff. let vs sit; mod. edd. let us hit+).

hitherto: up to this point, thus far Ham. III. ii. 218, Oth. I. iii. 185; to this place 1H4 III. i. 75. hive sb. (the ordinary sense occurs 5 times)

1 hived swarm 2H6 in. ii. 125 an angry h. of bees.

2 headgear of plaited straw Compl. 8. hive vb.: to lodge together (not pre-S.) Mer.V. II.

v. 48 drones hire not with me.

ho: in old edd. also hoa and how; see also HEIGHно, оно, soно, what но, whoa но; repeated, it expresses derisive laughter, e.g. MND. III. ii. 421.

hoar adj. (2 is only S.)

1 greyish-white Ham. IV. vii. 168 a willow. ... That shows his hour leaves.

hoar leprosy, white leprosy, elephantiasis Tim. IV. iii. 35.

3 mouldy Rom. II. iv. 142, &c. (quibbling). hoar vb.: to become mouldy Rom. II. iv. 147 When it hoars ere it be spent; to smite with 'hoar leprosy' (S.) Tim. iv. iii. 156.

hoardock +: see HARDOCK

hoary (once): = HOAR 1, Ham. IV. vii. 168 (Qq23

horry, Q4 hoary, Qq56 hoarse). **Hob:** by form of 'Rob' = Robert, used as a generic name for a rustic Cor. II. iii. 123 Hob and Dick.

Hobbididance: name of a fiend taken, like FLIB-BERTIGIBBET, from Harsnet, who spells it 'Hoberdidance' Lr. iv. i. 60 (Q<sub>1</sub> -dence). hobby-horse (2 not pre-S.)

1 in the morris-dance, a figure of a horse made of light material and fastened round the waist of a performer, who went through various antics; only in quotation from a ballad (perhaps satirizonly in quotation from a ballad (perhaps satirizing Puritan opposition to 'May-games') LLL. III.
i. 32 The hobby-horse is forgot, Ham. III. ii. 144-5.
2 frivolous fellow, buffoon Ado III. ii. 75; light
woman LLL. III. i. 33, Wint. I. ii. 276 (Ff HolyHorse), Oth. IV. i. 158.

Hobgoblin: name for Puck or Robin Goodfellow
Wiv. v. v. 47, MND. II. i. 40.
hob, nob: variant of 'hab, nab' = have, have not,
Tw. V. III. iv. 263.

Tw. N. III. iv. 265 hodge-pudding (S.): pudding made of a medley of ingredients Wiv. v. v. 163.

hoeboy: spelling of HAUTBOY. hoise (hoist is also used by S.)

1 to hoist (sail) R3 iv. iv. 528. 2 to raise, lift Tp. 1. ii. 148 there they hoist us (F<sub>1</sub> hoyst), Ham. III. iv. 207 the enginer Hoist with his

own petar (= blown into the air by his own bomb). 3 to remove 2H6 1. i. 170 We'll . . . h. Duke Humphrey

from his seat.

Holborn: formerly the place of residence of the

bishops of Ely, R3 m. iv. 31.

hold sb. (the sense of 'grasp', lit. and fig., is the most freq.; hold = place in a ship for cargo 2H4 II. iv. 69 is of different origin)

1 in hold(s), in custody, in prison Meas, iv. iii. 94, Shr. i. ii. 121, R3 iv. v. 3. 2 animal's lurking-place Cym. III. iii. 20.

hold vb. (pa. t. and pa.pple. usually held; pa. pple. once holden 2H6 ii. iv. 71, once HILD, q.v.)

Transitive meanings :-

1 to endure, bear Cor. 111. ii. 80 the ripest mulberry That will not h, the handling, Tim. 1. ii. 161, Ham. v. i. 181 many pocky corses . . . that will scarce h.

the laying in.

2 in various uses where 'have' or 'keep' is now the idiomatic verb Tp. 11. i. 66 our garments...
h... their freshness, MND. 1. i. 232 Things base
and vile, h-ing no quantity, All'SW. v. ii. 3 when
I have held familiarity with fresher clothes, John 1. i. I have held familiarity with fresher clothes, John I. i. 223 That h-s in chase mine honour up and down, 114 II. iv. 437 how he h-s his countenance, 118 I. iii. 8 when they hold 'em (viz. fits of the face), Ham, I. v. 96 while memory h-s a sent In this distracted globe, Lr. II. iv. 245 Hold amily; refl. = keep or be (so-and-so) Gent. Iv. i. 32, I... held me glad, Err. III. ii. 69, R3 I. iii. 157, Mac. III. ii. 54 hold thee still, Sonn. Ixxxv. 1.
3 to keep (one's word) Wiv. v. v. 271 [258].
4 to restrain, keep back, keep waiting, detain (freq.) Gent. I. iii. 2 sad talk was that Wherenith my brother held you, Aco. 1. i. 214 [206], Tw. N. III. iv. 313, John III. iv. 18 H-ing the eternal spirit

... In the vile prison, Cæs. 1. ii. 83 h. me here so long, 11. i. 201 h. hum from the Capitol; R3 1v. i. 81 hath held mine eyes from rest, Mac. 111. vi. 25 From whom this tyrant h-s the due of birth; phr. hold one's hand Lr. 111. vii. 72, hold one's tongue Sonn. cii. 13.

5 to entertain (a feeling, thought) Gent. III. ii. 17
the good conceit I h. of thee, John. III. iv. 90 You
h. too heinous a respect of grief, Ham. I. ii. 18 Hold-

ing a weak supposal of our worth.

6 to esteem at a certain value, regard in a particular way Ado III. ii. 101 heh-s you well, All'SW. IV. iii. 345 men very nobly held, Tw.N. II. iv. 86, III. iv. 255, 3H6 II. ii. 109 I h. thee reverently, Rom. III. iv. 25, Ham. Iv. iii. 61 if my love thou he'st at

7 to offer as a wager Mer. V. III. iv. 62, Shr. III. ii.

86 I hold you a penny. B. Intransitive meanings :-

B. Intransitive meanings:—

8. imper. = Here! take it! Gent. IV. iv. 124, Wiv.

1. iii. 86 H., sivrah, bear you these letters, 1. iv.

162, R3 III. ii. 105 hold, syend thou that Qq; Ff
there, drink that for me), Cess I. iii. 117 Hold, my
hand, Mac. II. i. 4; also hold thee, hold you Shr. IV.

iv. 17 H. V. i. 6. Gen. viiii? iv. 17, H5 v. i. 61, Cæs. v. iii. 85.

9 to remain fast or unbroken, not to break or give way Shr. 11. i. 147, Wint. Iv. ii. [iii.] 36 If the springe h., the cock's mine, John v. vii. 56, Ham. I. v. 93 Hold, hold, my heart!, Cym. I. vi. 69 Can

my sides hold ?.

10 = hold one's hand (freq.) Mac. v. vii. 63. [viii. 34];

hence, to refrain AYL. v. i. 14, H8 Epil. 14.

11 to maintain one's position, 'hold out' Ant. III.

11 to maintain one's position, 'hold out' Ant. 111.
xi. [xiii.] 170 Our force by land Hath nobly held.
12 to continue; also, to continue in one state of mind, be steadfast Wiv. v. i. 2 I'll h., Meas. 111.
i. 174, Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 36 Four resolution connot h., Tim. 11. i. 4, Cæs. I. ii. 296 if ... your mind h., Ham. v. ii. 206; phr. h. friends Ado i. i. 93.
13 to be valid or true, 'hold good' Wiv. I. iii. 92,
LLL. Iv. ii. 42 The allusion holds in the exchange,

All'sW. IV. V. 99, H8 II. i. 149; also with an adj. 1H4 II. i. 59 It h-s current, Tim. v. i. 4 hold

for true, Lr. iv. vii. 85 H-s it true, sir, that . . .?. 14 to take place R2 v. ii. 52\* hold those justs and trumphs?.

C. Phrases: — hold hands with, be on an equality with, match (S.) John II. i. 494; hold in, (1) intr. keep counsel 1H4 II. i. 85; (2) trans. keep silent about Lr. v. iii. 204; hold off, keep away or at a distance, maintain a reserve Troil.
I. ii. 311, IV. ii. 17, Ham. II. ii. 309 [302]; hold out, (1) keep out, exclude 1H4 II. i. 93 will she h. out water in foul way?, Rom. 11. ii. 67 stony limits cannot h. lore out, Tim. 1. ii. 113; (2) keep up, persist in 3H6 11. vi. 24 h. out flight; (3) endure to the end John IV. iii. 156 can Hold out this tempest, 2H4 IV. iv. 117 h. out these pangs; (4) remain unsubdued, continue or persist in a course Meas, v. i. 367, LLL. v. ii. 396, Mer. V. iv. i. 448 h. out enemy for ever, Tw. N. iv. i. 5 Well held out, John v. i. 30 nothing there holds out But Dover Castle; with it Wiv. iv. ii. 145; hold up, keep going, carry on Wiv. v. v. 111, MND, III. ii. 239, Ado II. iii. 136 [126].

The phr. h., or cut bow-strings MND. I. ii. 115\* has not yet been satisfactorily explained.

holdfast: adj. grasping firmly Lucr. 555 in his h. foot the weak mouse panteth ;—sb. as a name for a dog that holds tenaciously H5 11. iii. 55 holdfust is the only dog.

holding (1 is S. only; 2 is an Eliz. use)
1 consistency All'sW iv. ii. 27 this has no holding. 2 burden of a song Ant. 11. vii. 118.

holding-anchor: the largest of a ship's anchors, sheet-anchor 3H6 v. iv. 4.

hole (1 Eliz. and still in some dial.) [m. vi. 91 1 phr. find a h. in his coat, find some fault in him H5 2 spit in the h., (?) spit in the hollow of the hand in preparation for vigorous action Shr. III. i. 41.

holiday: 1 speak h., use choice language Wiv. III. ii. 72. 2 as adj. (of things) festive, gay, sportive Wiv. II.
i. 2 the h.-time of my beauty, AYL. I. iii. 14 h.
foolery, IV. i. 71 in a h. humour; choice, da ty 1H4 I. iii. 46 h. and lady terms; (of persons) idle,

triffing Tp. II. ii. 30 a holiday fool.
holla interj. :=stop! cease! AYL. III. ii. 259 Cry 'holla!' to thy tongue, Oth. I. ii. 56 Holla! stand there!, Ven 284; used to excite attention LLL. v. ii. 898 Holla! approach, Shr. IV. i. 12 Holla, ho! Curtis, Ham. I. i. 18 Holla! Bernardo!; used to express surprise Tit. II. i. 25 Holla, what storm is this? (Qq F<sub>1</sub> Hollo), Lr. v. iii. 72 Holla, holla?. holla vb. (see also Hollow vb.)

1 to cry out loud, shout (trans. and intr.) Mer. V v. i. 43 Leave hollaingt (old edd. hollowing), Tw. N. v. 1. 43 Leave notating (old edd. notating), 1843.
1. v. 293 Holla † your name (F<sub>1</sub> Hallov, F<sub>2</sub> Hollav, Ff<sub>21</sub> Hollov), R2 iv. i. 54 as many lies As may be holla'd † (old edd. hollowed), 114 1. iii. 222 in his car Til holla 'Mortimer' (Qq<sub>12</sub> hollow).
2 to call to the hounds in hunting MND, iv. i. 131

A cry more tuneable Was never holla'd to (F1

hallowed).

3 to call to or after Lr. III. i. 55 Holla the other (Og

hollo interj.: Tit. II. i. 25 (see HOLLA).

hollow vb.:=Holla vb. (which see for other instances) Cor. 1. viii. 7 Hollow me like a hare (Holla+), Ven. 973 she hears some huntsman hollow

(Qq<sub>123</sub> hallow, the rest hollow).
hollow adv.: insincerely, falsely Tw.N. III. iv.
103; so hollowly Tp. III. i. 70, Meas. II. iii.
23, hollowness insincerity Lr. I. ii. 126. ¶ The corresponding meaning of the adj. is common.

hollow-pamper'd (Ff; no hyphen in Q): 2H4 II.

iv. 177 h. jades of Asia, app. a misquotation of 'Holla, ye pamper'd jades of Asia!', Marlowe, Tamburlaine IV. iv. 1.

holy: devoted as a priest to Meas. v. i. 384.

holy-alet: reading of mod. edd. in Per. 1. Gower 6 (old edd. Holydayes, Holy dayes, &c.) for the sake of the rhyme (festivals), intended as a synonym of 'church-ale' = festive gathering in connexion with a church; but there is no evidence for the existence of the word.

holy-horse: reading of old edd. in Wint, I. ii, 276; usu, taken as a misprint for hoby-horse, but perhaps genuine; cf. the ironical phr. 'He maketh as though he were as holy as a horse' (Palsgr.).

hely-rood day: feast of the Exaltation of the
Holy Cross, 14th Sept., 1H41. i. 52.

holy-thistle: = CARDUUS BENEDICTUS Adom.iv. 79. holy-water: fig. balm Cym. v. v. 270; court h., gracious but empty promises, fair words Lr. III.

homager: humble servant Ant. 1. i. 31.

home sb.:

1 latest h., the grave Tit. 1. i. 83 near at h.; Meas. 1v. iii. 103 Petition us at h., beg for me to come home Ant. I. ii. 196; from h., abroad John IV. iii. 151; from (one's) h., not at (one's) home Err. 11. i. 101, Lr. 11. i. 126; not at home, not prepared to receive visitors Tw. N. I. v. 116.

place where one would be, place of rest 1H4 iv. i. 57, 3H6 iii. ii. 173 many lives stand between me and h., Sonn. lxi. 6, cix. 5 my home of love.

home adj.: domestic Gent. II. iv. 120, R2 I. i. 205.

home adv.

1 to its right or proper place, back to the person or place from which a thing issued MND. III. ii. 172 now to Helen my heart is home return d, All'sW. v. iii. 225 Send for your ring; I will return it home, H8 III. ii. 159 come home (=accrue to you), Sonn. lxxxvii. 12 Comes home again (=returns to

2 to the point aimed at, so as to reach, touch, or penetrate effectually (freq. with verbs of striking or thrusting); hence in various fig. connexions or thrusting); hence in various fig. connexions fully, satisfactorily, thoroughly, plainly:—with speak, &c., Meas. iv. iii. 152 Accuse him home and home, Cor. II. iii. 108, III. iii. 1, iv. ii. 48, Ham. III. iii. 29 tax him home, Ant. I. ii. 114 Speak to me home; with pay, &c., Tp. v. i. 71, Wint. v. iii. 4, H4 I. iii. 289, Lr. III. iii. 13 will be reenged home; with know, confirm, satisfy, trust All'sW. v. iii. 4, Mac. I. iii. 120, Cym. III. v. 92, Iv. ii. 328; Wint. I. ii. 248 play'd home, played to a finish. homely (not pre-S. in this sense): not beautiful,

plain, uncomely Gent. II. iv. 99 Upon a homely object Love can wink, Err. II. i. 89, Wint. Iv. iii.

[iv.] 439.

homespun: rustic, clown MND. III, i. 82.

honest (the ordinary mod. sense is freq., as also

are 1 and 3)

1 holding an honourable position, respectable Tp. 111. iii. 34 H. lord, Wiv. 11. ii. 121 Master Page is an h. man, H8 IV. ii. 161 h. lord; hence (like 'worthy') a vague epithet of appreciation MND. III. i. 191 Your name, h. gentleman?, Cor. I. i. 65

my good friends, mine honest neighbours.
2 decent, seemly, befitting Wiv. I. i. 188, Meas. III.
ii. 170, IV. iii. 189 your company is fairer than h.,
1H4 III. iii. 194 thou shalt find me tractable to any

h. reason

n. reason.
3 chaste Wiv. IV. ii. 110 Wives may be merry, and
yet h. too, &c., Oth. III. iii. 385; transf. Ado III.
i. 84 I'll devise some h. slanders ('some slanders
which do not affect her virtue', Wright).
4 genuine Wiv. IV. ii. 129\* Behold what h. clothes
you send forth to bleaching!.

honesty (the senses correspond to those of the precadj.): honour, honourableness Gent. II. v. 1 by mine h./, Err. v. i. 30, Ado II. i. 398, Cæs. Iv. iii. 67; decency, decorum Tw.N. II. iii. 96 no wit, manners, nor h., H8 v. ii. 27, Oth. Iv. i. 288; womanly honour, chastity Wiv. I. iii. 53, &c., Ham. 111. i. 108; uprightness, integrity Ces. 11. i. 127 what other oath Than h. to h. engag'd :- in h. =in truth Cym, III.vi.69; occas. generosity Tim. 111. i. 31.

honey: to talk fondly or sweetly Ham. III. iv. 93. honey-bag: enlargement of the alimentary canal in which the bee carries its honey MND. III. i.

175, &c.

honey-dew: sweet sticky substance found on the leaves and stems of plants, supposed to be excreted by plant-lice Tit. III. i. 113.

honey-seed: the host's blunder for 'homicide' 2H4 II. i. 60.

honey-stalks: stalks of clover-flowers Tit. iv. iv. 90. ¶ 'Honeysuckle' was anciently a name for red clover, and is still in Warwickshire and other midland districts.

honeysuckle: the host's blunder for 'homicidal'

2H4 II. i. 58. honour (obs. use): to do honour or homage to pay worthy respect to 1H6 I. vi. 5, v. iii. 50, 3H6 I. i. 198 To h. me as thy king, Per. II. iii. 61, Ven. Ded. 4. till I have heed you with some graver labour, Sonn. exxv. 2.

honourable (obs. use): respectable, decent, be-

coming LLL. v. ii. 328 chides the dice In h. terms, Shr. Ind. i. 110 bear himself with h. action. ¶ The meaning 'upright, honest' is not pre-S. All'sW. v. iii. 241, Rom. n. ii. 143, Cæs. m. ii. 88-9; also the advb. use = 'honourably ' 3H6 III. ii. 123 (so F1; 0g Ff23+ honourably, Cæs. v. i. 60.

honour'd: honourable Lr. v. i. 9 h. lore, Ant. iv.

viii. 11 kiss The honour'd gashes whole.

honour-flaw'd: of damaged virtue Wint. II. i. 142. honour-owing (see owe): possessing honour, honourable H5 IV. vi. 9 honour-owing wounds.

hood sb.: Mer. V. II. vi. 51 by my h.! an asseveration as old as Chaucer, but of uncertain reference. hood vb.: to blindfold (a hawk) when it is not pur-

suing game; always fig. H5 III. vii. 126 'tis a h-ed valour; and when it appears, it will bate, Rom. III. ii. 14 (see BATE vb.1)

hoodman: blindfolded player in blind-man's-buff

All'sW. IV. iii. 137 (allusively); hoodman-blind, blind-man's-buff Ham, III. iv. 77.
hoodwink: to blindfold All'sW. III. vi. 25 We will bind and h. him, Rom. I. iv. 4, Cym. v. ii. 16; fig. to cover up Tp. IV. i. 206 the prize I'll bring thee Shall hoodwink this mischance.

hoof: i' or o' the hoof, on foot Wiv. I. iii. 89 (Ff234

oth', F1 Q3 ith').

hoop sb.: 1 tumbler's h., hoop decorated with ribbons of different colours twisted round it LLL. III. i. 198 [190].

2 one of the bands placed at equal intervals on a quart pot 2H6 IV. ii. 75 the three-hooped pot shull

have ten hoops.

3 applied to a finger ring Mer.V. v. i. 147. hoop vb.!: to encircle Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 452 (Ff

hope).

hoop vb.2 (mod. edd. mostly whoop)

1 to shout with astonishment AYL. III. ii. 204 and yet again wonderful! and after that, out of all h-ing, H5 II. ii. 108 admiration did not h. at them. 2 to drive out with derisive cries Cor. IV. v. 84 to be

Hoop'd out of Rome.

hoot: to shout LLL. IV. ii. 61 the people fall a h-ing, Cæs. I. ii. 245 (F1 howted, Hanmer shouted+).

hop: 2H61. iii. 140 h. without thy head, be belieaded. Hopdance: = Hobbididance Lr. III. vi. 33.

hope sb.

1 out of h., (i) without hope Tp. III. iii. 11, Shr. v. i. 147; (ii) not merely hoping MND.III. ii. 279; (iii) past hope Ven. 567 Things out of h.; (iv) in hopes H8 Prol. 8, Cor. IV. v. 85.

person or thing that is the centre of one's hopes 1H6 IV. iv. 20 Fou, his false h-s, 2H6 II. iii. 24, 118 v. iv. 56 the h. o' the Strand, Lucr. 1430 their brave h.

3 thing hoped for Mer. V. 1. i. 17, Tit. 11. i. 74, Sonn. exliii. 11 if thou catch thy hope.

4 expectation 1H4 1. ii. 233 fulsify men's h-s, Oth.

1. iii. 203 the worst, which late on hopes depended.
hope vb. (obs. use): to expect, anticipate, suppose
H5 III. vii. 82, Ant. II. 1. 38.
hopeless: Cor. III. i. 16 To h. restitution, 'in such a way that restitution should be hopeless', Wright.

horn (in Lr. III. vi. 79 thy h. is dry there is a ref. to the practice of beggars carrying a horn, by blowing which they announced their approach and in which they received liquor given to them)

1 attributed to cuckolds, who were fancifully said to wear horns on the brow Wiv. 11. i. 123, &c., Ado 1. i. 274 [266], &c., LLL. IV. i. 115, &c., John I. i. 219, Ant. I. ii. 5.

pl. deer LLL. IV. i. 114 to kill horns.

h. of abundance, cornucopia (symbol of fruitfulness and plenty) 2H4 1. ii. 51 (quibblingly).

horn-beast: horned animal, deer AYL. III. iii. 53. horn-book (not pre-S.): leaf of paper containing the alphabet (often with the addition of the ten digits, some elements of spelling, and the Lord's Prayer) protected by a thin plate of translucent horn and mounted on a tablet of wood with a projecting piece for a handle LLL. v. i. 50.

horn-mad: orig. of horned beasts, enraged so as to be ready to horn anyone; hence, of persons, stark mad, furious Wiv. 1. iv. 51, sometimes, by word-play, mad with rage at being made a cuckold Wiv. III. v. 158, Err. II. i. 57 [cf. lines 58, 59], Ado I. i. 280 [272].

horologe (once): clock Oth. II. iii. 136. horrid, horridly: nearly synonymous with 'horrible', 'horribly' Tw.N. III. iv. 223 meditate ... upon some horrid message for a challenge, Ham. 1. iv. 55 So horridly to shake our disposition. horse (the old pl. without s is freq. used)

1 proverbial phr. (of obscure meaning) Shr. 1. ii. 82 as many diseases as two-and-fifty h-s, (ef. Lr. III. vi. 21); Tw.N. II. iii. 184 a h. of that colour, something of that kind; R3 I. i. 159 I run before my h. to market, I count my gains prematurely.

2 applied contemptuously to a man (cf. cut sb. 3) 1H4 II. iv. 219 spit in my face, call me h., Troil.
III. iii. 126 a very h., That has he knows not what;
cf. 1H4 III. iii. 10 a peppercorn, a brewer's horse.
horse vb. (2 is peculiar to S.)

to set (one thing up on another) Wint. 1. ii. 288. 2 to bestride Cor. 11. i. 230 ridges hors'd With variable complexions.

horse-drench: draught of medicine for a horse

Cor. II. i. 132. horse-hair: used for fiddle-bows Cym. II. iii. 33. horse-leech: medicinal leech H5 II. iii. 58,

horseway: road for horse traffic Lr. IV. i. 56 Both stile and gate, h. and footpath. ¶ Cf. the modern Warwickshire use of 'horse-road' for the part of the roadway allotted to horse and wheeled

traffic (opposed to 'footpath').

hose: two meanings were current in S.'s time, (1) long stockings, e.g. Gent. II. i. 85; (2) article of clothing for the legs and loins, close-fitting breeches or drawers, c. g. 1H4 11. iv. 243; esp. in doublet and h.;—French h., large, wide breeches

H5 III. vii. 60, Mac. II. iii. 16,
host sb.: he at h.=Host vb. Err. v. i. 413. ¶ A
different word from host=landlord of an inn.

host vb.: to lodge, put up Err. 1. ii. 9 Go bear it to the Centaur, where we h., All'sW. 111. v. 94.

hostage:

1 security or pledge given to enemies, &c., for the fulfilment of an undertaking Tit, IV. IV. 104, Cym. IV. ii. 185; a person thus given and held in pledge Cor. I. x. 29.

2 (in a gen. sense) pledge, security Troil. III. ii. 114 You know now your h-s; your uncle's word,

and my firm faith.

hot: eager, ardent Gent. II. v. 53 a hot lover, Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 702 a hot brain, R3 I. iii. 311, Cæs. Iv. ii. 19 A hot friend cooling; angry, in a passion Err. 1. ii. 47 She is so hot because the meat is cold. hot-house: brothel, stew Meas. II. i. 67.

hour (treated metrically as one or as two syll.):= moment Mer. V. IV. i. 19 To the last hour of act.

hourly: marking the hours Lucr. 327 hourly dial. house sb.: keep (the) h., stay indoors, remain at home Meas. III. ii. 77, Cym. III. iii. 1 A goodly day not to keep h.; so Tim. III. iii. 42 Who cannot keep his wealth must keep his h. (=stay at home and look after it); cf. AYL. iv. iii. 83 the h. doth keep itself. Cym. III vi. 36 Poor h., that keep'st thyself! (i.e. that is empty).

house vb.: to drive or pursue into a house Err. v. i. 188

household: as adj. domestic, homely Shr. II. i. 272 [280] a Kate Conformable as other h. Kates. household stuff: goods and chattels belonging

to a household Shr. III. ii. 234.

housekeeper: 1 one who keeps at home Cor. I. iii. 56\*.

2 dog kept to guard the house Mac. III. i. 97. housekeeping: hospitality LLL, II, i. 104, Shr. II, i. 350 [358], 2H6 r. i. 192.

housewife, housewifery: rare spelling in old

edd. of HUSWIFE, HUSWIFERY. hovel: refl. to take shelter Lr. IV. vii. 39.

hovering: hesitating, wavering Wint. 1. ii. 302.

how (obs. or archaic uses are)
1 phr. How's the day?, What hour of the day is it? Tp. v. i. 3; How say you?, What is your opinion? What do you mean? Tp. 11. i. 262 [254], Ham. II. ii. 190; How so?, How is that? Why? Wiv. 11. v. 71, Troil. 111. iii. 247.

v. 71, Troil. III. iii. 247. [Iv. vi. 22. 2 at what price 2H 4 III. iii. 42, Troil. Iv. ii. 23, Per. 3 orig. ellipt. for 'How is that?' or 'How say you?', hence = 'What!' Meas. II. i. 72, Cæs. II.

i. 312.

howbeit adv.: nevertheless H5 1. ii. 91, Cor. 1. ix.

70 :-conj. although Oth. II. i. 300.

however, howe'er (obs. or archaic uses; H8 IV. i. 106 shows the passing of sense 2 into the modern use = 'for all that', 'yet') 1 notwithstanding that, although All'sW. v. iii.

88 Howe'er it pleases you to take it so, The ring was never hers, Cas. I. ii. 303 So is he now . . . However he puts on this turdy form. [r. iii. 191. 2 in any case, at all events Gent. 1. i. 34, All'sW. howlet: owl Mac. 1v. i. 17 (mod. edd. owlett).

howsoever, howsoe'er:

1 = HOWEVER 1, Meas. II. i. 237, Ado II. iii. 216 [205], Cor. v. ii. 32 Howsoeter you have been his lur. . . . you cannot pass

= HOWEVER 2, MND, v. i. 27, Mer. V. 111, v. 95 (Q) howsoere. Q2 how so mere, Ff12 how som ere), 1H6 iv. i. 187, Troil. III. iii. 300.

howsomever, howsome'er:

1 in whatever manner, to whatever degree Ham. I. v. 84 howsomever thou pursu'st this act (Ff howsoever).

= HOWEVER 2, Mer.V. 111. v. 95 (see Howsoever), All'sW. I. iii. 58 (Ff howsomere).

howt: see HOOT.

hox: to hough, hamstring Wint, I. ii. 244.

hoy: small coasting vessel Err. IV. iii. 39

hoyday: exclamation of surprise, &c. R3 IV. iv. 460, Troil, v. i. 73 (Q hey-day), Tim, I. ii. 139. huddle (not pre-Eliz.; neither 1 nor 2 is pre-S.)

1 to pile or heap up Ado II. i. 254 huddling jest upon jest with such impossible conveyance upon me. to crowd, throng Mer.V. IV. i. 28 his losses, That

have of late so huddled on his back.

hue: app. archaic in prose use about 1600, being included in contemporary dictionaries in the lists of 'Hard Words'; not used by S. in prose.

hugger-mugger: in h., secretly Ham. IV. v. 84. hulk: large ship of burden or transport 2H4 II. iv. 69 a h. better stuffed in the hold, 1H6 v. v. 6, Troil. II. iii. 280 (See BULK 3); (hence,) big, un-

wieldy person 2H4 1. i. 19 the hulk Sir John.
hull: to float or drift by the force of the wind or
current acting on the hull alone, drift with sail furled (also fig.) Tw.N. 1. v. 217, R3 IV. iv. 459.

H8 II. iv. 197.

hum: utterance of the interjection 'hum!' Wint. II. i. 70 The shrug, the hum or ha, 73 these hums and ha's, Cor. v. iv. 23 his hum is a battery.

human, humane: the spelling of old edd. is always humane for both of the meanings (I) bealways numane for both of the meanings (1) belonging or pertaining to a man or mankind, and (2) befitting a man, kindly, courteous (an obs. meaning found in 0th. II. i. 245), kind, benevolent; mod. edd. mostly follow mod. usage in allotting human to sense 1 and humane to sense 2, but comm. are not all agreed as to the meaning in particular instances; the stressing is alwayshu'man(e, except perhaps in Wint. III. ii. 166 Not do'ing it, a'nd being do'ne: he, mo'st huma'ne.

humanity: nearly always = human nature; in 1H6 it, iii. 53 app. = mankind.

humble: the meaning 'submissive, not self-assertive' occas, passes almost into gentle, kind', e.g. LLL. v. ii. 629, H5 t. Chor. 33; so humble-ness Mer.V. iv. i. 373, humbly Tit. 111. i. 41. humble-bee: bumble-bee LLL. III. i. 95, MND.

III. i. 175.

humorous (not pre-Eliz. in any sense; 1, 2, and 3 are not pre-S.; 2 and 3 are rare; the meaning

'full of drollery, facetious' is post-S.)
1 moist, damp Rom. 11. i. 31 the humorous night. 1 moist, daily Rolli, 11, 13 the humorous wight, 2 capricious, whimsical, fanciful AYL, 1, ii. 283, 1v. i, 21\*, John III. i, 119 her h, ladyship (sc. Fortune), 1H4 III. i, 234, 2H4 Iv. iv. 34, H5 II. iv. 28 vain, giddy, shallow, h. youth, Troil, II. iii. 139, Cor. II. i. 52, Ham. II. ii. 344 [335].

3 moody LLL, III. i. 185 [177] a humorous sigh.

humour sb. (the excessive use of this word in fashion in S.'s time is often ridiculed by him, notably in Nym's jargon in Wiv. and H5) 1 moisture Cæs. 11. i. 262 suck up the humours Of

the dank morning.

2 in early physiology, fluid of an animal or vege-table body, either natural or morbid; esp. any of the four chief fluids of the human body (blood, phlegm, choler, meiancholy), by the relative proportions of which a person's physical and mental qualities were held to be determined Ado III. ii. 27 the toothache—Where is but a h. or a worm?, LLL. 1. 233 the black-oppressing h. (melancholy was called black choler), John v. i. 12 This inundation of mistemper d h., 1H4 II. iv. 501 that trunk of h-s, Troil. 1. ii. 23, Rom. Iv. i. 96 through all thy veins . . . A cold and drowsy h., Oth. III. iv. 32.

3 mental disposition, temperament LLL. v. i. 10 his h, is lofty, 2H4 II. iv. 256 what h, is the prince of?, R3 IV. iv. 270, Cæs. IV. iii, 119; pl. LLL. II. i. 53, 2H6 I. i. 248.

4 temporary state of mind, mood, temper Wiv. II. iii. 79 see what h. he is in, 1H4 III. i. 171 When you do cross his h. (Qq come crosse), R3 t. ii. 229 Was ever woman in this h. woo'd?, IV. i. 64 feed my h., Oth. 111. iv. 124 Were he in favour as in h. alter'd, Lucr. Arg. 8 In that pleasant humour.
5 fancy, whim, caprice Mer.V. 111. v. 69 let it be

as h-s and conceits shall govern, John IV. ii. 209,

Tit. v. ii. 140 Yield to his humour.

6 inclination or disposition (for something), fancy (to do something) Ado v. iv. 102 flout me out of my h., MND. I. ii. 31 my chief h. is for a lyrant, H5 11, i. 58 I have an humour to knock you.

humour vb. (not pre-S.; used nonsensically in Wiv. 1. iii. 61, n. i. 132; cf. note on prec. sb.)

1 to comply with the humour of, indulge; also, to influence (a person) by observing his humours or inclinations Err. 1v. iv. 83, Ado II. i. 399, LLL. Iv. ii. 52, 2H4 v. i. 79, Cas. I. ii. 320.

2 to adapt oneself to LLL. 171. i. 14.

humour'd: R2 III. ii. 168 h. thus\*,? (Death) continuing in this same humour: see the comm. Humphrey hour: phr. not satisfactorily explained in R3 IV. iv. 176; supposed to have the same source as the plir, 'dine with Duke same source as the phr. (=go dinnerless). Humphrey

hunch-back'd (not pre-S.) : later Qq of R3 IV. iv.

81 for BUNCH-BACK'D.

hundred: often used vaguely for a great number Gent. iv. iv. 152, 1H6 i. i. 123, Ham. i. ii. 237; The Hundred Merry Tales, a popular jest-book published in 1526, Ado II. i. 137; h. psalms, (?) the psalter as a whole Wiv. II. i. 63 (mod. edd. Hundredth Psalm+).

hundred-pound: app. contemptuous epithet for a pretender to the title of gentleman (perhaps referring to a minimum property-qualification)

Lr. 11. ii. 17.

hundredth+: Wiv. 11. i. 63 the Hundredth Psalm+ (old edd. the hundred Psalms).

Hungarian: used, by association with 'hunger', = needy, beggarly Wiv. 1. iii. 21 0 base H. wight!

= needy, beggarly w.v. 1, 10, 21 0 base H. wojne;
¶ A cant term of the Eliz, period.
hungerly: starved, famished (freq.) Shr. III. ii.178,
hungry: unfertile Cor. v. iii. 58 the h. beach;—1H6
1, ii. 28 their h. prey=prey of their hunger.
hungry-starved: famished with hunger 1H6 1.

v. 16; cf. hunger-starved 3H6 1. iv. 5.

hunt (rare use): game, quarry Cym. 111. vi. 89.

huntsman: two meanings were current in S.'s time,—(1) man who hunts, hunter, e. g. MND.IV. i. 144; (2) manager of a hunt, e. g., Shr. Ind. i. 16. hunts-up: orig. 'the hunt is up', the name of an old song sung to awaken huntsmen in the morning; hence, Early morning song Rom. III.

v. 34 hunts-up to the day, hurling: impetuous, violent Ham, I. v. 133 wild

and hurling words (Qq whurling)

hurly (not pre-S.): commotion Shr. IV. i. 206 hurly-burly: commotion, tumult Mac. 1. i. 3
When the h.'s done; attrib. = tumultuous 1H4 v.

i. 78 hurly-burly innovation.

hurricano: waterspout Troil. v. ii, 169 the dread-ful spout Which shipmen do the h. call, Lr. 111, ii. 2 You cateracts and hees. ¶ In this sense other-wise only in Drayton (? copying S,) 'downe the shower impetuously doth fall, Like that which men the Hurricano call', Moon-Calfe, 1627. hurry sb. (not pre-Eliz.): commotion, tumult Cor.

hurry vb. (not pre-S.): is used trans. and intr.; in John v. i. 35\* trans. or intr. according as up and down is taken as adv. or as prep.; Per. Iv. i. 20

Hurrying me from my friends (Qq<sub>123</sub> whirring). hurtle: (of weapons, battle) to clatter, crash AYL. IV. iii. 133 in which hurtling. . . I awak'd, Cæs. II, ii. 22 The noise of battle hurtled in the air.

hurtless: harmless Lr. IV. vi. 171.

husband sb. (cf. the senses of HUSBANDRY) one who manages a household 2H4 v. iii. 11 (Ff<sub>34</sub> husbandman).

2 one who manages (well or ill, thriftily or otherwise) Meas. 111. ii. 76, Shr. v. i. 70 while I pluy the good h. at home, H8 111. ii. 143 an ill h. (=a bad economist).

husband vb. (3 not pre-S.)

1 to till, farm 2H4 iv. iii, 130 land . . . husbanded,

and tilled.

2 to manage with thrift and prudence, use economically or sparingly Wiv. 1v. vi. 53 h. your denice, Shr. Ind. 1. 68 ff ib eh e-d with modesty ('if it is not overdone'), Ham. 1v. v. 137 I'll h. them so well, They shall go far, Sonn. xeiv. 6 husband nature's riches from expense.

3 to be a husband to, marry All'sW. v. iii. 126,

Lr. v. iii. 71 if he should husband you.

husbandman: farmer 2H4 v. iii. Il (Ff 34).

husbandry:

1 management (of a household) Mer.V. III. iv. 25 I commit into your hands The h. and manage of my house; -good h., profitable, careful, or economical management H5 iv. i. 7, Cor. iv. vii. 22; also h. = good h., economy, thrift Troil. I. ii. 7 like as there were husbandry in war, Per. III. ii. 20 (in both instances with ref. to early rising).

2 cultivation of the soil, tillage, farming Meas. 1. iv. 44 (fig.) tilth and h., AYL. 11. iii. 65, 2H4 111. ii. 126, H5 v. ii. 39, 2H6 ur. i. 33 they'll . . . choke the herbs for want of husbandry. [516 [508].

hush adj. (not pre-S.): hushed, silent Ham. II. ii. husht: hush! Shr. I.i. 68 (Ff<sub>12</sub> Q Hush! Ff<sub>3</sub> Hush! d), Per. I. iii. 10 (Qq Ff<sub>3</sub>4). ¶ A 16th-17th cent. form, which survives in dial.; mod. edd. substitute husht, which occurs 9 times in S. husks: fig. refuse H5 iv. ii. 18, Troil. iv. v. 165.

huswife, housewife (hous(e)- in Ff thrice, in Qq

once Oth. II. i. 112)

1 woman who manages a household (freq.); applied to Fortune, Nature AYL. 1. ii. 35 the good h. Fortune, Tim. IV. iii. 426 The bounteous h., Nature.

2 light woman, hussy 2H4 int. ii. 344 the overscutched huswires, H5 v. i. 85, Oth. n. i. 112, Iv.
i. 95, Ant. Iv. xiii. [xv.] 44 the fulse h. Fortune.
huswifery: (good) housekeeping H5 n. iii. 66,
Oth. n. i. 112 (Qq house) wifeny).
Hydra: used attrib. = difficult to kill like the

many-headed snake of Lerna (cf. Oth. II. iii. 310), whose heads grew as fast as they were cut off 2H4 IV. ii. 38 this Hydra son of wur; so Hydraheaded H5 1. i. 35.

Hyems := HIEMS.

hyen (late instance of this form, otherwise only

14th cent.): hyena AYL. IV. i. 163 [156].

Hymen: Greek and Roman god of marriage, represented as a young man carrying a torch and veil Tp. IV. i. 23 H.'s lamps, 97 H.'s torch, AYL. v. iv. 136 Hymen's bands (=bonds of matrimony).

Hymenæus: the god Hymen; hence, marriage Tit. 1. i. 325.

hyperbole: rhetorical figure of speech consisting in exaggerated or extravagant statement LLL. v. ii. 408 Three-pil'd hyperboles.

hyperbolical: exaggerated, extravagant Tw.N. IV. ii. 29 h. fiend!, Cor. I. ix. 51 acclumations h. Hyperion: sun-god H5 IV. i. 295, Ham. I. ii. 140.

Hyrcania: ancient name of a country south of the Caspian Sea 3H6 I. iv. 155; the adjs. are Hyrcan Mac. III. iv. 101 the H. tiger, and Hyrcanian Mer. V. 11. vii. 41 H. deserts, Ham. 11. ii. 481 [472] the Hyrcanian beast.

hyssop: aromatic herb, Hyssopus officinalis, formerly grown along with thyme Oth. 1. iii. 326.

I': used, as freq. in the late 16th c. and in the 17th c., for 'me' Mer. V. 111. ii. 320 all debts are cleared between you and I, AYL. 1. ii. 19 my father hath no child but I, Sonn. lxxii. 7 And hang more praise upon deceased I.

I2: spelling of AY adv. in old edd.

Icarus: in Greek mythology, son of Dædalus, who flew so high that the sun melted the wax with which his artificial wings were fastened on, so that he fell into the Ægean Sea, 1H6 IV. vi. 55, 3H6 v. vi. 21.

ice: symbolical of coldness or chastity AYL, π. iv. 17 the very ice of chastity, All'sW, π. iii, 99 boys of ice, R3 iv. ii, 22 thou art all ice, Ham, π.

i. 142 as chaste us ice.

Ice: reading of Ff in Lr. IV. vi. 247 (Qq ile, mod.

- IMAGE

edd. ise, Ise) = I shall. The form '-se', '-s'

(= shall) is mainly northern.
ice-brook: a sword of Spain, the i. 's temper, steel tempered in icy-cold water; according to some, that of the river Salo (Xalon) near Bilbilis

(Baubola), in Spain Oth. v. ii. 252

Iceland dog: shaggy sharp-eared white dog for-merly in favour as a lap-dog in England, H5 II. i. 44 (contemptuously, of a person). ¶ Also called 'Iceland cur' or 'shock', and simply 'Iceland' (Drayton, 1627).

icy-cold+: some mod. edd. in R3 III. i. 176 (old

edd. icie, cold).

idea: (occurs thrice; 3 not pre-S.)

1 image, likeness R3 III. vii. 13 your lineaments. Being the right idea of your father.

2 mental image or picture Ado. IV. i. 226 The idea

something merely imagined or fancied LLL. rv. ii. 69 forms, figures, shapes, objects, ideas, apprehensions.

Ides of March: fifteenth day of March according to the reckoning of the ancient Roman calendar

Cæs. 1. ii. 18, &c.

idiot (old edd. also ideot): 'licensed' fool, professional jester John III. iii. 45 (fig.) Making that i., laughter, ... strain in: in: 40 (iig.) Making that i, laughter, ... strain their cheeks to idle merriment, Troil. II. i. 58 Mars his i., Tit. v. i. 79 An i. holds his bauble for a god, Lucr. 1812 esteemed so As silly-jeering i-s are with kings. ¶ Also in the sense 'blockhead, simpleton, fool'.

idle adj .: 1 ineffective, worthless, vain, trifling LLL. v. ii. St3 your i. scorns, MND. III. ii. 168 vaste more i. breath, Tw. N. III. iii. 46 i. markets (= for articles of fancy or luxury), Tim. I. ii. 162 an i. bunquet, rv. iii. 27 I am no t. votarist, Oth. I. ii. 95 Mnet not an idle cause.

2 foolish, silly Meas, IV. i. 65 their i. dream, All'sW II. v. 55 An i. lord, IV. iii. 242, John IV. ii. 153 1. dreamer, Lr. 1. ii. 53, 1. iii. 17 I. old man.

3 crazy Ham. III. ii. 95; cf. IDLE-HEADED.

serving no useful purpose, useless, unprofitable Err. II. ii. 182 i. moss, R3 III. i. 103 i. weeds, Oth. I. iii. 140 antres vast and deserts idle.

idle vb.: to move lazily or uselessly Rom. 11. vi. 19 the gossamer That idles in the . . . uir; cf. Meas. III.

ii. 297 [289] idle spiders' strings.

idle-headed: silly, crazy Wiv. Iv. iv. 37 i. eld. idleness: trifling, frivolous occupation or pastime Tw.N. I. v. 69, 144 I. ii. 218, Ant I. iii. 92-3. idly: carelessly, lightly John Iv. ii. 124, R2 v. ii. 25

the eyes of men... Are idly bent on him, H5 I. ii. 59, Tim. 1. i. 20 A thing slipp'd idly from me.
i' fecks: in faith Wint. I. ii. 121.

ignoble (the adv. ignobly occurs only in sense 2) of low birth or base descent 1H6 III. i. 177, v. iv. , 3H6 iv. i. 70, R3 iii. vii. 126,

2 base or dishonourable in character Tp. 1. ii. 116,

Wint. 11. iii. 119, R3 111. v. 21.

ignominy, and its shortened form ignomy (freq. in the 16th and 17th c.): dishonour, disgrace Meas. II. iv. 112 (F1 Ignomie, Ff234 Ignominy), 1H4 v. iv. 100 (QqFf<sub>24</sub> ignominy, the rest ignomy), Troil, v. x. 33 (Q ignomyny, Ff<sub>12</sub> better ignomy), Tit. rv. ii. 116 (Qq ignomie, Ff ignomine, y), ignorant (obs. or peculiar uses are)

uninformed, unskilled in Wint. II. iii. 69, Cym. III. ii. 23 I am ignorant in what I am commanded. 2 unconscious of Meas. II. ii. 119 Most 1. of what he's most assur'd.

3 resulting from ignorance Oth. IV. ii. 69 t. sin. that keeps one in ignorance Tp. v. i. 67\* i. fumes, Wint. i. ii. 397\* ignorant concealment.

'ild : see Godild.

112

iliad : see ŒILLADE. ill sb. (is used only in the foll, senses)

1 wrong-doing, wickedness, sin Tp. 1. ii. 353 capable of all ill, R2 1. i. 86 So much as of a thought of ill in him, Oth. IV. iii. 106 The ills we do, Lucr. 91 Whose inward ill no outward harm express'd.

2 evil inflicted or suffered, mischief, misfortune, disaster Mer.V. II. v. 17 There is some ill a-brew-ing, Ham. III. i. 81 bear those ills we have, Sonn. cxix. 9 0 benefit of ill !.

ill adj. (used in various applications of 'bad', 'evil'; 1 morally evil, wicked Tp. 1. ii. 454, 455, Wiv. v. v. 137, Meas. 11. i. 68 a very ill house, 2H4 1. ii. 188 his ill angel, H8 rv. ii. 43, Mac. 1. iii. 131, Lucr. 579.

unskilled Rom. IV. ii. 6 'tis an ill cook that cannot lick his own fingers, Ham. II. ii. 119 I am ill at

these numbers. ill- in composition :

1 (objective) ill-boding (not pre-S.) 1H6 iv. v. 6, -breeding, contriving mischief Ham. IV. V. 15, -dispersing R3 IV. i. 52, divining Rom. III. V. 54, -doing Wint. I. ii. 70, -uttering Ant. II. V. 35.

Cadverbial, with pres. and pa. pples.) ill-annexed Lucr. 874, besseming Rom. I. v. 78, compos'd Mac. IV. iii. 77, disposed, indisposed, ill, sick (17th c. sense) Troil. II. iii. 85, cerected, erected for evil purposes or under evil auspices R2 v. i. 2, god (not pre-S.) 3H6 II. ii. 46, inhabited (see INHABITED), -nurtur'd 2H6 I. ii. 42, Ven. 134, -resounding Ven. 919, -roasted AYL. III. ii. 39, -ta'en, wrongly conceived, mistaken Wint, I. ii. 460, -thought-on, unfavourably regarded Troil. I. i. 74, -used R3 IV. iv. 397 (Ff times ill-vs'd repast, Qq time misused o'erpast), Sonn. xcv. 14, -weaved 1H4 v. iv. 88 Ill-weav'd ambition ('like badlywoven cloth, loose in texture and therefore

liable to shrink'), wresting Sonn. exl. 11. (parasynthetic) ull-fac'd, having an unpleasant face, ugly Err. 1v. ii. 20, -favoured, ill-looking, nace, ugly Err. IV. 11. 20, -Javoured, ill-looking, uncomely, ugly Gent. II. vii., 54, Wiv. I. i. 314, III. iv. 32, AYL. iii. v. 53, Tit. III. ii. 66 (hence ill-favouredly, unpleasingly, and so, often = badly Wiv. III. v. 70, AYL. I. iii. 43, III. ii. 280, H5 Iv. ii. 40), -headed Ado III. i. 64, -roofed Ant. II. vii. 2. showed Room v. i. 44, -kell. J. J. J. vi. i. 44, -kell. J. vi. i. 44, -kell. J. Vi. i. vi. i. 44, -kell. J. vi. i. 44, -ke 2, -shaped Rom. v. i. 44, -sheathed 1H4 I. i. 17, -spirited 1H4 v. v. 2, -starr'd (not pre-S.) Oth. v. ii. 271, -tuned John II. i. 197.

4 ill-seeming, of evil appearance Shr. v. ii. 144. I'll: in old edd. spelt Ile. illness (once): evil, wickedness Mac. i. v. 21.

illo:=hillo Ham. I. v. 115.

ill-temper'd: badly tempered or mixed, said of the humours (see HUMOUR sb. 2) Cas. IV. III. 114 When grief and blood ill-temper'd rexeth him; passing almost into the mod. sense of 'bad-tempered' in line 115. ¶ Сf. мизтемрев'р. illume (not pre-S.): to light up Ham. 1. i. 37.

illusion (obs. use): deception H8 r. ii. 178.

illustrate adj.: illustrious LLL. IV. i. 65, V. i. 132. illustrate vb.: to make evident H8 m. ii. 182. illustrious: used as the negative of 'lustrous'

Cvm. I. vi. 109 i. as the smoky light That's fed with stinking tallow (mod. edd. illustrous+, inlustrous+, unlustrous+).

ill-well: Ado n. i. 124 so ill-well, with so successful an imitation of a defect.

image (2 and 4 were 16-17th cent. senses)

1 appearance semblance, likeness Wint, v. i. 127

Four father's i. is so hit in you, John IV. ii. 71 The 1. of a wicked heinous fault, Ham. v. ii. 77 by the image of my cause I see The portraiture of his. visible appearance or form Ham. 1. i. 81 Our last

king. Whose image even but now appear'd to us.

3 counterpart, copy, likeness Meas. II. iv. 46 heaven's i. (=mankind), Shr. Ind. i. 35, 1H4v. iv. 120, R3 II. i. 124, Mac. II. iii. 85 The great doom's image, Lr. v. iii. 266, Lucr. 764.
4 representation Ham. III. ii. 251 This play is the

image of a murder done in Vienna.

5 embodiment, type 2H6 I. iii. 179 I. of pride, Lr. II. iv. 91 The images of revolt, IV. vi. 163.

6 mental picture, idea, conception Tp. 1. ii. 43, MND. v. i. 25 fancy's i-s, Tw.N. II. iv. 19, Troil. II. ii. 60, Mac. 1. iii. 135.

imagery (once): hangings, tapestry R2 v. ii. 16.

An early 17th cent. inventory has 'ij peeces of fyne tapestrie of silke Imagrie '.

imaginary (1 the ordinary mod. sense; 2 and 3 obs. and somewhat rare, not pre-S.)

1 existing only in imagination, not real Err. IV. iii, 10, R2 II. ii. 27 Which for things true weeps things i., 2H4 IV. iv. 59 forms i., Ven 597 All is i.

2 of or belonging to the imagination, imaginative John IV. ii. 265 foul i. eyes of blood Presented thee more hideous, H5 I. Chor. 18 your i. forces, Troil. III. ii. 18 The i. relish, Sonn. xxvii. 9 my soul's i.

sight.

representing things by means of images Lucr.

1422 much imaginary work.

imagination: quasi-coner. in R3 1. iv. 80 unfelt i. (Ff I-s), what they imagine but do not realize. imagin'd: of imagination Mer. V. III. iv. 52 with . speed (= as quick as thought); H5 III. Chor. 1 with i. wing (= with the wings of imagination); Rom. II. vi. 28 the i. happiness (= happiness having its seat in the mind).

imbace: 16-17th cent. form of 'embase' in H5 1. ii.94 (Qq<sub>12</sub>), of uncertain meaning: see next word. ¶ 'Embase' is known only in the sense 'lower,

debase, impair'

imbar: (a) to bar, (b) to bar in, secure H5 1. ii. 94 (Ff imbar(re, Qq<sub>12</sub> imbace, Q<sub>2</sub> embrace), imbecility (once): weakness Troil. I. iii. 114. imbossed, imbost: old forms of embossed <sup>1</sup> and <sup>2</sup>.

imbrue, embrue (old edd. also embrew): to stain or dye with blood Tit. II. iii. 222; transf. (of a weapon) to pierce MND. v. i. 352 Come, blade, my

breast i.; (of a person) absol. to commit bloodshed 2H4 II, iv. 209 imitate: to make (a thing) in imitation of some-

thing (S.) Sonn, liii, 6 the counterfeit Is poorly imitated after you.

immanity (once): atrocious savageness 1H6 v.i.13, immask (S.): to cover, hide 1H4 r. ii. 200, immaterial \*: flimsy, slight (S.) Troil, v. i, 35, immediacy (not pre-S.): direct relation in a position of authority Lr. v. iii. 66.

immediate:

1 next in succession (to a throne, &c.) All'sW. II. iii. 139 (fig.) She is young, wise, fair; In these to nature she's 1. heir, 2H4 V. ii. 71 The 1. heir of England, Ham. 1. ii. 109 the most 1. to our throne.

2 passing in direct succession to 2H4 IV. v. 41 this .crown . . . i. from thy place and blood, Derives

itself to me.

3 direct Ant. II. vi. 137 the immediate author. immediately: app. legal term = expressly MND.

I, i. 45 according to our law I, provided, imminence\*: impending evil Troil, v. x. 13 I... dare all i. that gods and men Address (see ADDRESS 2) their dangers in

immodest: immoderate, excessive Wint. III. ii. 103; arrogant 1H6 IV. i. 126.

immoment (S.): of no moment Ant. v. ii. 165.

immortal: heavenly, divine Ant. v. ii. 283\*. immure sb. (S.): wall Troil. Prol. 8 (F<sub>1</sub> emures).

immure vb. (not pre-Eliz.): spelt emure in LLL, itt. i. 131, iv. iii. 328 (Qq F<sub>1</sub>). imp sb.: used affectedly=child LLL. i. ii. 5, v. ii. 559; fig. in imp of fame 2H4 v. v. 47, H5 iv. i. 45, imp vb.: properly a term of falconry, to engraft feature is the writer of ball advances.

feathers in the wing of a bird so as to make good losses and deficiencies and thus restore or improve the powers of flight R2 II. i. 292 Imp out our drooping country's broken wing.

impaint (not pre-s.): to depict 1H4 v. i. 80.
impair, impare: (?) unsuitable, unfit, inferior
Troil. iv. v. 103 (Ff impair(e, Q impare, J. impure†). impale, empale (both forms in old edd.)

1 to shut or hem in Troil. v. vii. 5 Impale him with your weapons round about. 2 to encircle with a crown 3H6 III. ii. 171, III. iii. impart:

1 to furnish, afford Lucr. 1039 this no slaughter-house no tool imparteth.

2 to communicate, make known, tell Ham. III. ii. 349 (Qq only); in Ham. I. ii. 112\* love is app. to be supplied as the object of *impart*, the prep. to-ward partly depending on it; unless *impart* = 'impart myself' (J.).

impartial (not pre-S.; the ordinary sense in R2 I.
i. 115, 2H4 v. ii. 36): indifferent Meas. v. i. 166,
Ven. 748. ¶ In Rom. line 1856 (Q<sub>1</sub>) Cruel, unust,
impartial destinies misused for 'partial', a use
found also in Swetnam, 'The Woman-hater,' 1620.
impartment (not pre-S.): communication Ham.

impasted: made into a paste Ham. II. ii. 490 [481]. impeach sb.: calling in question, challenge, accusation Err. v. i. 270, 3H6 I. iv. 60.

impeach vb.: to call in question, discredit, disparage MND. II. i. 214 You do i. your modesty, Mer. V. III. ii. 279, III. iii. 29, R2 I. i. 189.

impeachment (the orig. sense = Fr. 'empêchement'; 2 a 16th-17th c. sense; 3 almost obs. in

the gen. sense)
1 hindrance H5 III. vi. 154 to march . . . Without i.
2 detriment Gent. I. iii. 15.

3 accusation, charge R3 II. ii. 22. imperator (old edd. emp-): absolute ruler LLL. ил. і. 195 [187].

imperious: imperial Troil. IV. v. 171 most i. Aga-memnon, Tit. I. i. 250 (Q<sub>2</sub> Ff imperiall), IV. iv. 80 be thy thoughts. i. like thy name, Han. v. i. 235 Ff Imperial(t), Ant. IV. xiii. [XV.] 23, Ven. 996.

¶ The prevailing mod. sense is equally freq. imperiously: majestically Ven. 265 I. he leaps. imperseverant (S.), mod. edd. imperceiverant : undiscerning Cym. iv. i. 15. ¶ 'Perceiverant'

instanced only once. impertinency (once): irrelevant matter Lr. rv. impertinent: irrelevant Tp. r. ii. 138. ¶ Misused

by Launcelot, Mer.V. n. ii. 151.

impeticos: burlesque word put into the mouth of a fool, app. as a perversion of 'impocket', and perhaps intended to suggest 'petticoat' Tw.N. ii. iii. 28.

impierced: see ENPIERCED.

impiety: want of natural piety Tit. I. i. 355\*. impious: irreverent Cym. III. iii. 6. impleach'd: intertwined Compl. 205. In early

impleach'd: intertwined comp. 2005.
use only S.; taken up by mod. poets.
implorator (S.): solicitor Ham. I. iii. 129.
imply: to involve All'sW. I. iii. 224, Per. IV. i. 81.
impone (Ff): (?) intended to suggest an affected
pronunciation of 'impawn' = to stake, wager
iii. 155.(Og impawned, impawnd), 171.

Ham. v. ii. 155 (Qq impawned, impaund), import (comes into general use in the 16th cent. with many meanings; 5, 7 not pre-S.)
1 to bring about, carry with it or involve as a con-

sequence Meas. v. i. 109, R3 m. vii. 67, Lr. iv. iii. 5 which i-s to the kingdom so much fear and danger,

Ant. 11. ii. 139.

2 to imply, betoken, indicate, signify, denote Wint, 1, ii, 57, Rom. v. i. 28 Four looks. . . do i. Some misadventure, Ham. 111. ii. 150 Belike this show i-s the argument of the play, 1V. v. 27, 1V. vii. 81, Oth. IV. i. 140, Sonn. cxxii. 14 To keep an adjunct to remember thee Were to i. forgetfulness in me.

3 to bear as its purport, express, state Tim. v. ii. 11, Ham. I. ii. 23 message L-ing the surrender of those lands, Lr. IV. V. 6, Oth. II. ii. 3, V. ii. 309; absol. John IV. iii. 17, 1H4 I. i. 51 unwelcome news..., and thus it did i. (Ff report).
4 to portend 1H6 1. i. 2 Comets, importing change of

times and states.

to be important, matter 1H4 IV. iv. 5 How much they do i.; with datival pron. Troil. IV. ii. 52 it doth i. him much to speak with me, Ant. I. ii. 130 with what else more serious Importeth thee to know.

6 to relate to, concern LLL. IV. i. 51 This letter...
i-eth none here, Oth. I. iii. 285 (Q1 concerne).
importance (? 'consequence' or sense 3 in Wint.

II. i. 180\* 1 matter, affair (of slight importance) Cym. I. iv.

47 upon importance of so slight . . . a nature. 2 importunity, solicitude John II. i. 7 At our i.

3 import, meaning Wint. v. ii. 20.

importancy: significance Oth. I. iii. 20. important (obs. sense, not pre-S.): urgent, pressing, importunate Err. v. i. 138 At your i. letters,
Ado II. i. 75, All's W. III. vii. 21 his i. blood will
nought deny, Lr. IV. iv. 26 (Ff importun'd).
importing: significant, meaning All's W. v. iii.

136 her business looks in her With an i. visage.

importless (S.): unimportant Troil. 1. iii. 71. importu'nacy: importunity Gent. 1v. ii. 114, Tim. 11, ii. 42.

importune (in the sense of 'ask urgently and persistently' usu. with a person as obj., but thrice with a thing)

to trouble, weary Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 19.

2 to be urgent, impel Meas. 1. i. 56 our concernings shall importune.

importun'd: importunate Lr. Iv. iv. 26 My mourn-ing and i. tears (Ff; Qq important). ¶ For the active meaning of the passive form cf. DISDAIN'D. impose sb.: injunction Gent. IV. iii. 8.

impose vb. (2 not post-S.)

1 to lay (an imputation) upon H5 rv. i. 159. 2 to subject to a penalty Ado v. i. 286. imposition (1 only S.; the sense of 'imposture' is post-S., but is seen in germ in Oth. II. iii. 271)

1 imputation, accusation, charge Meas. I. ii. 200 [194] stand under grievous i., Wint. I. ii. 74 the i. clear d.

2 injunction, command or charge laid upon one Mer.V. III. iv. 33 this i., The which my love . . Now lays upon you, R3 III. vii. 230, Lucr. 1697 As bound in knighthood to her imposition.

impossible: extravagant, incredible, inconceivable Ado II. i. 145 in devising i. slanders, 254\* huddling jest upon jest with . . i. conteyance (many conj.), Tw.N. III. ii. 79 such i. passages of grossness. imposthume: purulent swelling, abscess Troil, v. i. 24, Ham. Iv. iv. 27, Ven. 743.
imprese: device, emblem R2 III. i. 25 (Qs).

impress sb.1: impression Gent. III. ii. 6 weak. i. of love.

impress sb.2 (not pre-S.): enforced levy Troil. II. i. 107, Ham. I. i. 75, Ant. III. vii. 36.

impress sb. (not pre-S.): variant of IMPRESE R2 III. i. 25 (Ff impress(e, Qq impre(e)se).

impress vb. 1 (2 is not pre-S.)
1 to produce (a mark) upon or in something by pressure All'sW. 1, iii. 141, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 108.
2 to mark or stamp (a thing) LLL 11, i. 234 His heart, like an agate, with your print i-'d, Mac. v. vii. 39 [viii. 10].

impress vb.2 (not pre-S.): to compel (men) into service 1H41.i.21, Mac. IV. i. 95 Who can 1. the forest?, Lr. v. iii. 51 turn our i'mpress'd lances in our eyes; fig. (absol.) in Compl. 267\* When thou i-est... (cf. line 271 Lore's arms are peace).

impressure (not pre-S.): impression AYL. III. v. 23, Tw. N. II. v. 104, Troil. IV. v. 130.

improvident: unwary, careless (not pre-S.) Wiv.

II. ii. 306, 1H6 II. i. 58.
impure: stressed like entire R3 III. vii. 232 all the t'mpure blots, Ven. 736 with impu're defeature,

Lucr. 1078 pure streams to purge my impure tale, imputation: reputation Troil. 1. iii. 339 Our i. shall be oddly pois'd In this wild action; opinion Oth. 111. iii. 407° i. and strong circumstances (= opinion founded on strong circumstantial evidence,' Schmidt).

impute: to reckon, regard Sonn. lxxxiii. 9 This

silence for my sin you did impute.

in prep. (1 extension of the normal use in which in with a gerund is equivalent to a clause, e. g. Tp. II. i. 226)

19. 11. 1. 2011

I used redundantly with gerunds R2 v. v. 54, 1H6 v. iii. 41 suddenly surpris'd By bloody hands, in sleeping on your beds, H8 1. i. 145, Troil. 11. iii. 250, Cor. Iv. vi. 132 cast Your . . . caps in hooling at Coriolanus' exile.

2 = at 0th. 1. ii. 94 In this time of the night. 3 = on 2H4 1. ii. 237 in a hot day.

4 used where no prep. is now expressed Meas. IV. iv. 9 why should we proclaim it in an hour before his entering. in adv.

1 within Troil. III. iii. 97 or without or in.

2 in prison 2H4 v. v. 41 Doll is in. 3 engaged, involved Meas. IV. ii. 112 (= liable for punishment), LLL. IV. iii. 20 I would not care a pin if the other three vere in, Tw.N. II. v. 48 now he's deeply in, R3 iv. ii. 64 I am in So far in blood. 4 in office, in power Lr. v. iii. 15.

5 drunk Ant. II. vii. 38.

in vb. (once): to get (a crop) in All'sW. 1. iii. 49 (F1 Inne).

in-a-door (old edd. unhyphened): in doors, at home Lr. I. iv. 139. ¶ 'In a door(s' was a common 17th

cent. phr. inaidible (S.): helpless All'sW. II. i. 122 (mod. edd. -able).

incaged (mod. edd. encaged): caged, confined R2

n. i. 102, 3H6 rv. vi. 12, Ven. 582. incapable (occurs 6 times; not pre-S. in active senses; 1, 2, 3, and 4 are construed with of)

unable to contain Sonn. cxiii. 13 I. of more.

2 insensible (to one's condition) Ham. IV. vii. 179 incapable of her own distress.

3 not admitting of Cor. IV. vi. 121 incapable of help. 4 lacking the capacity or fitness (for Tp. 1. ii. 11]
of temporal royallies He thinks me now i., Wint.
1v. iii. [iv.] 410 i. Of reasonable affairs.
5 unintelligent R3 11. ii. 18 Incapable . . . innocents.

incardinate, incarnal, incarnation: blunders for 'incarnate' Mer. V. 11. ii. 28 (Ff Qq<sub>234</sub> incarnation, Q<sub>1</sub> incarnall), Tw. N. V. i. 186.

incarnadine: to tinge with red Mac. II. ii. 63 will
... The multitudinous seas i. (Ff printed -ardine).

incarnate: in human shape H5 II. iii. 34, Tit. v. i. 40. ¶ Always as an epithet of devil, as are also the corrupt forms above.

incense (obs. use): to instigate or incite to Wiv. iii. 108, Ado v. i. 247, Cæs. r. iii. 13, Lr. rr. iv. 309.
 For H8 v. i. 43 see INSENSE.

(Schmidt) Meas, III. i. 125 lawless and i. thoughts, Wint. v. i. 29 What dangers... May... derour i. lookers-on.

inch 1: the furthest inch, the most distant part Ado II. i. 277; the very extremest inch, the very utmost 2H4 IV. iii. 39; at an inch, in immediate readiness 2H6 I. iv. 45; even to his inches, from top to toe Troil. IV. v. 111. ¶ S. is the earliest authority for inches=stature Ant. I. iii. 40, and the fig.

phr. by inches Cor. v. iv. 43. inch 2: small island Mac. r. ii. 63 Saint Colme's Inch. inchmeal: by inchmeal, little by little Tp. 11. ii. 3.

incidency (not pre-S.): happening, occurrence Wint. i. ii. 403 what incidency of harm. incision: cutting for the purpose of letting blood LLL. IV. iii. 97 A fever in your blood! why, then i. Would let her out in saucers, Mer.V. II. i. 6, AYL. III. ii. 76 God make i. in thee! (? to cure thee of thy simpleness), R2 I. i. 155, H5 IV. ii. 9; (bombastically) 2H4 II. iv. 209.

 incivil: unmannerly, rude Cym. v. v. 293; so
 incivility Err. Iv. iv. 48.
 inclination: natural disposition, nature, character John v. ii. 158, Ant. 11. v. 113.
incline: intr. and refl. with to, to side with Cor. 11.

iii. 42, Lr. III. iii. 14, Ant. IV. vi. 14.

inclining: party, following (cf. prec.) Oth. 1. ii. 82. inclining ppl. adj.: compliant Oth. 11. iii. 349. inclip (S.): to enclose, embrace Ant. 11. vii. 75.

include: to bring to a close, conclude Gent. v. iv.

160 we will i. all jars With triumphs; refl. (?) to
resolve itself (into) Troil. I. iii. 119\*.

inclusive (not pre-S.): enclosing, encircling R3 rv. i, 58 the i, rerge Of golden metal; comprehensive All'sW. I. iii. 234\*.
income (once): arrival, advent Lucr. 334.

incomprehensible: boundless, unlimited 1H4 1. ii. 208 the i. lies that this same fat rogue will tell us. inconsiderate: thoughtless person LLL. III. i. 82. incontinent: forthwith, at once AYL. v. ii. 44, R2 v. vi. 48, Oth. Iv. iii. 12; so i-ly Oth. I. iii. 307. inconvenience: mischief, harm H5 v. ii. 66, 1H6

1. iv. 14. inconvenient: unfitting, inappropriate AYL. v.

ii. 74. incony: (?) rare, fine, delicate LLL. III. i. 142 my i.

Jew, IV. i. 146 most i. vulgar wit. ¶ A cant word,

prevalent about 1600, of unascertained origin. incorporal: incorporeal, immaterial Ham. III. iv. 117 (Qq).

incorporate pple .: 1 united in one body, closely united or combined, intimately bound up (with) MND. III. ii. 208, Cor. I. i. 136 my i. friends, Tit. I. i. 462 I am i. in Rome, Cæs. I. iii. 135 one i. To our attempts, Ven. 540. 2 associated with another Err. II. ii. 126. 3 forming a close union H5 v, ii. 394 their i. league.

incorpsed (S.): incorporated, made into one body with Ham. IV. vii. 87 (Q incorp'st, Ff encorp'st). incorrect: unchastened Ham. I. ii. 95.

increa'se sb. (3 freq. in earth's increase)

1 reproduction, procreation Lr. 1. iv. 303 Dry up in her the organs of increase.

2 offspring, progeny R3 iv. iv. 298, v. iv. 51 [v. 38], Cor. 111, iii. 112 her womb's i., Tit. v. ii. 192.

3 multiplication of crops, &c., produce Tp. IV. i. 110 Earth's i., MND. II. i. 114, 3H6 II. ii. 164 thy summer bred us no i., Ven. 169, Sonn. xcvii. 6.
increase vb.: to cause to thrive Cor. iv. v. 236\*.

increaseful: fruitful Lucr. 958 i. crops.

incredulous: incredible (not pre-S.) Tw. N. III. iv.

Ind(e: India, or (vaguely) Asia or the East Tp. 11. ii. 62, LLL. IV. iii. 222 (rhyming with blind); East, Western Ind, the East, West Indies AYL. III. ii. 94.

indeed (the interrogative use=Is it so? Really?, as in Wiv. IV. ii. 15, Oth. III. iii. 101, is not re-

corded before S.)

in reality, in truth Tp. 1. ii. 103, Wiv. 1. i. 26, MND. 111. i. 20 Pyramus is not killed i.; placed after a word to emphasize it=really and truly Oth. II. i. 145 a deserving woman indeed.

in an adversative clause, emphasizing the real

fact in opposition to what is false Tp. 11. i. 57. indent (2 this meaning arises from the fact that agreements between mutually contracting parties were written in duplicate on one sheet, the two copies being then severed by a zigzag

1 to move in a zigzag line, to double Ven. 704 Turn, and return, i-ng with the way; cf. AYL. IV. iii. 114 A green and gilded snake... with i-ed glides

did slip away.

2 to enter into a compact with 1H4 1. iii. 87.

indenture: contract, mutual agreement (lit. and fig.); pair of i-s (for the reason of the term see note on prec.) Ham. v. i. 117.

index: table of contents prefixed to a book, (hence fig.) argument, preface, prologue R3 11. ii. 148
As i. to the story we late talk'd of, IV. iv. 85 The
flattering i. of a diveful pageant, Troil. I. iii. 343 in
such i-es, although small pricks Totheir subsequent
rolumes, Ham. III. iv. 52, Oth. 11. i. 265.
India: used allusively for a country fabulously

rich 1H4 111. i. 168 as bountiful As mines of India, H8 1. i. 21, Troil. 1. i. 105.

Indies: the East Indies Tw. N. III. ii. 88; allusively for a place yielding great wealth or to which profitable voyages may be made Wiv. I. iii. 77 they shall be my East and West I., and I will trade to them both, Err. III. iii. 137, H8 IV. I. 2004.

indifferency (twice only; 2 only S.)
1 impartiality John 11. i. 579\*.

moderate size 2H4 IV. iii. 23.

indifferent adj.:

impartial R2 11. iii. 116, H8 11. iv. 15. neither good nor bad, ordinary Gent. III. ii. 44, Shr. Iv. i. 94, Tim. I. i. 31, Ham. II. ii. 235.

indifferent adv.: tolerably, fairly Shr. I. ii. 184, Tw.N. I. iii. 145, H5 IV. vii. 35, Ham. III. i. 126. indifferently: unconcernedly Cas. I. ii. 87; neutrally Cor. 11. ii. 19; moderately, tolerably, fairly H5 11. i. 58 to knock you i. well, Ham. 111. ii. 42

indigest: adj. shapeless, unformed Sonn. cxiv. 5:—sb. (S.) shapeless mass John v. vii. 26. indigested (not pre-S.):=indigest adj. 2H6 v. i. 157 fout i. lump, 3H6 v. vi. 51 (Ff; Qq undigest, Malone indigest †).

indign: unworthy, shameful Oth. 1. iii. 275. indignity: unworthy trait 1H4 III. ii. 146.

indirect: wrong, unjust AYL. I. i. 161, R3 I. iv. 227 no i. or lawless course, III. i. 31,0th. t. iii. 111 indirect and forced courses.

indirection (not pre-S.)

devious course, roundabout means Ham. II. i. 66. 2 irregular or unjust means, malpractice John III.

i. 276 i. thereby grows direct, Cas. IV. iii. 75. indirectly (2, 3 not pre-S.) 1 wrongly, unjustly John II. i, 49, H5 II. iv. 94. 2 evasively Meas, IV. VI. 1, 1H4 I. iii. 66.

3 not in express terms R3 IV. iv. 226.

indisposition: disinclination Tim. 11. ii. 140. indistinguishable: of indeterminate shape Troil. v. i. 33 you whoreson i, cur (? with ref, to Thersites' deformity

indistinguish'd: see undistinguished. indite: misused for 'invite' 2H4 и. i. 32, Rom. п.

individable\*: (?) where the unity of place is observed '(Aldis Wright) Ham. II. ii. 427 [418] (Qq 23 indeuidble, Qq 15c indeuidable, Ff indivible). indrench'd: immersed Troil. I. i. 53.

indubitate: undoubted LLL. rv. l. 67. ¶ Recorded from 1484 (Caxton) to 1678 (Cudworth). inducement (not pre-Eliz.: 1, 2 not pre-S.) 1 action of inducing All'sW. III. ii. 91.

2 that which induces, something attractive R3 IV. iv. 280, H8 II. iv. 167.

induction: initial step in an undertaking 1H4 III. i. 2 our i. full of prosperous hope, R3 1. i. 32, IV.

indue, endue:

to furnish, supply, endow Gent. v. iv. 153, John Iv. ii. 43, H5 II. ii. 139, Cor. II. iii. 147; Ham. Iv. vii. 180 i-'d Unto that element, endowed with qualities fitting her for living in water.

to bring to a certain condition Oth. III. iv. 145. industrious: clever, ingenious John II. i. 376°. industriously: of set purpose Wint. I. ii. 256. industry: (?) gallantry LLL. IV. i. 89. inequality: (?) injustice Meas. V. i. 65\*.

inexecrable: not to be sufficiently execrated Mer. V. IV. i. 128 damn'd, i. dog!. ¶ Some regard it as a misprint for inexorable, which is the

reading of Ff3 4.

infallible: undoubted, certain Meas. III. ii. 121, All'sW. I. i. 152 to accuse your mothers, which is most i. disobedience, Wint. I. ii. 287, 2H6 II. ii. 5 my title, Which is infallible to England's crown.

infamonize [perversion of 'infamize']: to defame LLL. v. ii. 682 (Armado).

infant: fig. applied to a young plant Ham. I. iii. 39. There are several attrib. uses LLL. IV. iii. 78 an old i, play, John II. i. 97 i. state (= 'state that belongs to an infant', Wright), H5 v. ii. 411 [Epil. 9] i. bands, Rom. II. iii. 23 the i. rind of his weak flower.

infect vb.: to affect with some feeling Wint. I. ii. 262 a fear Which oft i-s the wisest, John IV. iii. 69 Never to be i-ed with delight, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 72

infected with my country's lore.
infect pple.: contaminated Troil. 1. iii. 187.
infected: affected, factitious Tim. 1v. iii. 203 This

is in thee a nature but i., Compl. 323.
infection: misused for 'affection' Wiv. II. ii.
120, Mer.V. II. ii. 137.

infectious: infected with disease Wint. III. ii. 99, Oth. IV. i. 21 (Qq infected). infer (1, 2 are 16th-17th cent. uses)

to bring about, cause R3 IV. iv. 344\*.

to allege, adduce 3H6 II. ii. 44 Inferring arguments, R3 III. v. 74, &c., Tim. III. v. 74.

3 to prove, demonstrate John III. i. 213 That need must needs i. this principle, 2H4 v. v. 15. inference: allegation Oth. III. iii. 183.

infest: to harass Tp. v. i. 246 Do not i, your mind. infinite: infinity Gent. 11. vii. 70 i. of love, Ado 11.

iii. 112 past the i. of thought, Troil. п. ii. 29. infirm (obs. use): diseased All'sW. н. i. 170.

infirmity (obs. use): illness, disease All'sW. II. i. 71, Cæs. I. ii. 274, Mac. III. iv. 86, Cym. I. vi. 124. inflammation: excitement with liquor 2H4 IV. iii. 103.

inflict: to send an infliction or visitation upon, afflict Per. v. i. 61. ¶ Mod. edd. afflict+, but this use of 'inflict' can be paralleled from 16th and 17th cent. writers.

infliction: fact of being inflicted Meas. I. iii. 28 our decrees, Dead to i. (i.e. dead, as far as their execution goes).

influence: supposed flowing from the stars or heavens of an etherial fluid acting upon the character and destiny of men Tp. 1. ii. 182, Ham. 1. i. 119; hence, exercise of personal power regarded as something akin to astral influence Gent. III. i. 183 by her fair i. Foster'd, illumin'd.

In Sonn. lxxviii. 10 app. = inspiration.

in folio: in the form of a full-sized sheet folded

once LLL. I. ii. 195 whole volumes in folio.

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inform (the obs. uses are as follows)

1 to take shape Mac. II. i. 48 It is the bloody business which informs Thus to mine eyes.

2 to imbue, inspire Cor. v. iii. 71.

3 to instruct, teach Cor. III. iii. 18, Ant. III. ii. 48 nor can Her heart inform her tongue, Cym. I. i. 79, 4 refl. to learn, know Wint. II. i. 166 i. yourselves,

We need no more of your advice.
5 to give information All'sW. IV. i. 98, Mac. I.V. 34. 6 to report, tell (a fact) Meas. III. ii. 140 that let me inform you, All'sW. IV. i. 87, Cor. I. vi. 42

informal: (?) disordered in mind, crazy (cf. Formal 5) Meas. v. i. 230 These poor informal women. infuse (the sense 'instil' also occurs)

to shed, diffuse 1H6 r. ii. 85,

to imbue, to inspire with Tp. 1. ii. 154, Shr. Ind. ii. 17, R2 111. ii. 166, Cæs. 1. iii. 69, Ven. 928.

infusion: infused temperament, character imparted by nature (S.) Ham. v. ii. 123.

ingaged \*: (a) pledged, (b) not pledged or engaged All's W. v. iii. 96.

ingener: see ENGINER.

ingenious (5 cf. the misuse of INGENUOUS)

1 able, talented R3 III. i. 155. 2 intelligent, quick of apprehension Ham. v. i. 270 thy most i. sense; 'delicately sensitive' (Wright) Lr. IV. vi. 288 i. feeling Of my huge sorrows. 3 clever at contriving, skilful LLL. I. ii. 30 that an

eel is i. (Q<sub>1</sub> F<sub>4</sub> ingenious, Ff<sub>123</sub> Q<sub>2</sub> ingenuous), Cym. v. v. 216 torturers ingenious.

4 skilfully contrived LLL. III. i. 61 (Q2 ingenuous). Cym. Iv. ii. 186 My ingenious + instrument (old edd. ingenuous).

5 used for ingentious = befitting a well-born person, 'liberal' Shr. i. i. 9 ingenious studies.

ingeniously: ingenuously, frankly Tim. 11. ii. 231. ingenuous: misused, as freq. in the 17th cent., for INGENIOUS (q. v. senses 3, 4) LLL. Iv. ii. 80 if their sons be i. (Q1 ingenous, Q2 Ff34 ingenuous,

Ff<sub>12</sub> ingenuous).
ingraft: see ENGRAFFED.

ingredience: ingredients Mac, I. vii. 11 the i. of our poison'd chalice (ingredients+), IV. i. 34 (in-gredients+); in Oth. II. iii. 313 (Qq), see next word, ingredient: chief component Oth. II. iii. 313

Every inordinate cup is unblessed and the i. is a devil (Ff; Qq ingredience).
inhabit: (?) to continue, (?) remain at home Mac.

111. iv. 105° If trembling I inhabit then, protest mee The Baby of a Girle (F<sub>1</sub>); many conj. inhabitable: uninhabitable R2 1. i. 65.

inhabited: lodged AYL, III. iii. 10.

inhearse: to lay as in a coffin 1H6 IV. vii. 45, Sonn. lxxxvi. 3.

inherent: permanently indwelling Cor. III. ii. 123. inherit (1 the orig. sense 'to make heir'

1 to put (a person) in possession of R2 1. i. 85 i. us So much as of a thought of ill in him.

2 to enjoy the possession of, receive, hold as one's portion Tp. iv. i. 154, R2 II. i. 83 a grave, Whose hollow roomb i-s naught but bones, Cor. II. i. 217, Rom. I. ii. 30 such delight . . . shall you . . . I; so inheritance, possession, ownership All's W. Iv. iii. 315, Cor. III. ii. 68, Ham. I. i. 92; inheritor, possessor, owner LLL. II. i. 5, R3 IV. iii. 34, Ham. v. i. 119.

inhibited: forbidden, as by ecclesiastical law All'sW. I. i. 160 (see CANON), Oth. I. ii. 79 arts i. inhibition: formal prohibition Ham, 11.ii.355 [346]. inhoop'd: (of fighting cocks or quails) enclosed in a hoop in which the birds were kept fighting

close together Ant. II. iii. 38.

inhuman: old edd. inhuma(i)ne: cf. HUMAN. Iniquity: comic character or buffoon in the old morality plays, also called Vice R3 III. i. 82; alluded to in Meas. II. i. 186, 1H4 II. iv. 506.

initiate: of a novice (S.) Mac. III. iv. 143.

injoint (S.): to join, unite 0th. 1. iii. 35. injurious: calumniating, contumelious, insulting 2H6 1. iv. 51, Cor. 111. iii. 68 Call me their traitor! Thou i. tribune!, Cym. IV. ii. 86; malicious or insolent in wrong-doing Gent. I. ii. 103, R2 I. i. 91 a false traitor and i. villain, Cym. III. i. 48.

injury (1 common 16th-17th cent.; 2 only S.) reviling, insult, calumny, affront Err. v. i. 200, MND. II. i. 147, III. ii. 148 If you were civil and knew courtesy. You would not do me thus much 1., 3H6 IV. i. 107 what said Warwick to these injuries?.

2 bodily wound or sore H5 III. vi. 133. inkle: kind of tape LLL, III. i. 146, Wint. IV. iii. [IV.] 208; linen or yarn from which it is made Per.

v. Gower 8.

inland: inlying districts of a country near the capital and centres of population and culture, as opposed to the remote or outlying wild parts H5 I. ii. 142 to defend Our i. from the pilfering borderers (Qq your England);—adj. cultured, refined AYL. III. ii. 367 an i. man; one that knew courtship too well; ef. AYL. II. vii. 96 yet I am inland bred, And know some nurture.

inly adj. and adv.: inward(ly) Tp. v. i. 200 I have i. wept, Gent. II. vii. 18 the inly touch of love.

inn: place of residence for law students, often named after the person from whom they were first rented or acquired 2H4 III, ii. 15 Clement's Inn (one of the Inns of Chancery, belonging to the Inner Temple), 36 Gray's Inn; -inns o' court, the four sets of buildings in London (the Inner Temple, the Middle Temple, Lincoln's Inn, and Gray's Inn) belonging to the four legal societies which have the exclusive right of admitting persons to practise at the bar 2H4 III. ii. 14, 2H6 IV. vii. 2. ¶ The original meaning of this word, 'habitation, lodging', is possibly glanced at in R2 v. i. 13.

innocent: adj. silly Ado v. ii. 38; -sb. idiot, half-wit, simpleton All'sW. IV. iii. 214 a dumb innocent, Lr. III. vi. 9, Per. IV. iii. 17 play the pious i. innovation: alteration for the worse Ham, II. ii.

356 [347]; disturbance, commotion Oth. 11. iii. 42; revolution 1H4 v. i. 78.

inobled: see MOBLED.

inoculate: to engraft Ham. III. i. 121 i. our old stock.

inquire sb.: inquiry Ham. 11. i. 4 (so Qq; Ff inquiry), Per. 111. Gower 22.

inquire vb.: in old edd. enquire, enquier; 3 syll. in Shr. 1. ii. 169 I pro'mis'd to' enqui're cu'refully'. insane: causing madness (S.) Mac. 1. iii. 84 the i. root, That takes the reason prisoner

insanie (Warburton): madness LLL, v. i. 28 it insinuateth me of i. (old edd. infamie). ¶ The word is otherwise known only from one other

author. insconce: see ENSCONCE. [II. vii. 72. inscroll (not pre-S.): to describe on a scroll Mer.V.

insculp: to carve, engrave Mer.V. II. vii. 57. insculpture (only 17th cent., not pre-S.): carved

inscription Tim. v. iv. 67.

insense: to make (a person) understand H8 v. i.
43 I think I have I-d the lords o' the council that
he is . . . A most arch heretic (F1 Incenst; referred by some to incense and explained 'provoked to believe'). In literary use from 15th to 17th cent., subsequently dial, and now in gen, use from Northumberland to Cornwall.

insensible: not perceptible by the senses 1H4 v.

absol. use of a 15th-16th cent. sense 'to win or

attract subtly or covertly ')
1 intr. to wheedle oneself into a person's favour, ingratiate oneself with R2 IV. i. 165 To i., flutter, bow, Cor. II. iii. 105, Tit. IV. ii. 38, Ven. 1012 With Death she humbly doth insinuate.

(?) to suggest or imply something to (a person) LLL. v. i. 27 it insinuateth me of insanie.

insinuation:

1 self-ingratiation John v. i. 68; 'artful intrusion into the business' (Clark and Wright) Ham. v. ii. 59.

2 (?) suggestion, hint LLL. IV. ii. 14.

insisture\* (S.): (a) steady continuance in their path, (b) persistency, (c) regularity Troil. 1. iii. 87. insolence: pride, overbearing nature Cor. 1. i. 268. insomuch: inasmuch as AYL, v. ii. 62 insomuch I say I know you are.

instalment: place or seat in which a person is installed Wiv. v. v. 69.

instance (the sense of 'illustrative example' passes almost into 'sample, specimen' in 2H4 1. i. 56, Ham. IV. v. 161)

1 motive, cause All'sW. iv. i. 44, R3 III. ii. 25 shallow, without instance (Ff), Ham. III. ii. 194 The instances that second marriage more.

2 being present, presence 2H4 IV. i. 83\* every minute's instance.

3 evidence, proof, sign, token Gent. n. vii. 70 i-s of infinite of love, Err. 1. i. 64, Ado 11. ii. 42, 2H4 III. i. 103 A certain i. that Glendower is dead, Cas. iv. ii. 16\* familiar i-s (= marks of familiarity), Lucr. 1511 no guilly instance (= no sign of guilt).

instancy := INSTANCE 1, R3 III. ii. 25 (Qq 2-8 instant sh.: upon, on, or, o' the i., immediately, at once LLL, iii. i. 44, Tim, ii. ii. 208, Oth. I. ii. 38.

instant adj.:

1 now present, existing, happening All's W. IV. iii. 128, H8 1. i. 225 this i. cloud, Troil. III. iii. 153 Take the i. way, Cor. v. i. 37 the i. army we can make. 2 immediate All'SW. II. iv. 50 take your i. leave,

1H4 IV. iv. 20, Lr. 1. iv. 270 For i. remedy; also adv., immediately Tim. 11. ii. 240, Ham. 1. v. 94.

instate: to endow, to invest Meas. v. i. 425. insteep'd: imbrued H5 iv. vi. 12 in gore . . . i. instigation: incentive, stimulus Cas. II. i. 49.

instinct: impulse, prompting R3 II. iii. 42 divine i. instinctively: (?) error; see distinctively. instruct: to inform Meas. I. i. 80, Shr. IV. ii. 120,

Cym. IV. ii. 360 He'll, then, instruct us of this body. instruction: information Ant. v. i. 54 Of thy intents desires instruction.

instrument (the sense of 'tool' is freq.)

1 fig. means agent Tw.N. v. i. 126 (with literal phraseology), 1H6 II. v. 58, Oth. Iv. ii. 44.
2 document Oth. Iv. i. 231 I kiss the i. of their

pleasures (= the document in which their desires are communicated).

instrumental: serviceable Ham. 1. ii. 48. insubstantial: unreal, imaginary Tp. IV. i. 155.

insufficience, ency: inability, incompetence Wint. I. i. 16; MND. II. ii. 128, Sonn. cl. 2. insult: to exult proudly or contemptuously, triumpl scornfully over, on AYL. III. v. 36, 1H6 I. ii. 138 that proud i-ing ship, 3H61. iii. 14 i-ing o'er his prey, R3 II. iv. 51 I-ing tyranny, Tit. III. ii. 71 I will insult on him.

insulter: triumphing power Ven. 550. insultment: contemptuous triumph Cym. III.v. insuppressive (not pre-S.): insuppressible Cæs. II. 134 th' insuppressice mettle of our spirits. intellect: meaning, import LLL. IV. ii. 139.

intelligence:

1 communication, intercourse AYL. 1. iii. 50 If with myself I hold i., Cym. IV. ii. 347, Sonn. lxxxvi. 10 that . . . ghost Which nightly gulls him with intelligence.

2 obtaining of secret information, agency by which it is obtained John IV. ii. 116 where hath our i. been drunk? (= our spies), 1H4 IV. iii. 98 to entrap

me by intelligence.

intelligencer: informer, spy, secret agent 2H4

iv. ii. 20, R3 iv. iv. 71. [iii. 68, intelligencing: conveying intelligence Wint. it. intelligent: 'bearing intelligence, giving information, communicative' (Schmidt) Wint. i. ii. 378, Lr. III. i. 25, III. v. 12, III. vii. 12 Our posts shall be swift and intelligent betwixt us.

intemperature (rare sense): intemperateness

1H4 11. ii. 156 (Ff; Qq intemperance).
intend ('purpose, design' is the commonest sense)
1 to purpose making (a journey) Ant. v. ii. 200
Cassar through Syria I-s his journey, Per. 1. ii. 116 I... to Tarsus Intend my travel, Sonn. xxvii. 6; also intr. 1H4 1v. i. 92 The king . . . is set forth, Or hitherwards intended speedily.

2 to design to express, signify by one's words, mean 1H6 iii. i. 141 I i. it not, 3H6 iii. ii. 94, Ant.

11. ii. 44 How intend you, practis'd?.

3 to pretend, make pretence of Ado II. ii. 35, Shr. IV. i. 206, R3 III. v. 8, III. vii. 44 I. some fear, Lucr. 121 I-ing weariness

4 to tend, incline MND. 111. ii. 333\*, 2H4 1. anything that i-s to laughter (so Q; Ff tends). 2H4 1. ii. 8

intendment: purpose, intent, design AYL. 1. i. 142, H5 I. ii. 144, Oth. IV. ii. 206, Ven. 222. intenible: incapable of holding All'sW. 1. iii. 210.

intent (the sense 'purpose, design', and its wider development 'will, inclination, desire,' are the commonest uses)

1 aim, bent Tw.N. H. iv. 78, Lucr. 46.

2 meaning, import, purport Mer.V. 1v. i. 247 the i. and purpose of the law, 2H4 1v. i. 9, 1H6 1v. i. 103, Ant. II. ii. 45 to catch at mine intent. [139. intention: = INTENT 1, Wiv. I. iii. 71, Wint. I. ii. intentively: intently Oth. I. iii. 155 (see INSTINC-

TIVELY)

intercept: to interrupt Tit. III. i. 40 i. my tale. interchained : linked one with another MND. II. ii. 49 (Qq; Ff interchanged).

interchange: alternation, vicissitude Sonn. lxiv. interchangeably: mutually, reciprocally (in phr. based on the wording of legal agreements) R2 v. ii. 98, 1H4 III. ii. 82 sealed i., Troil. III. iii. 60, interdiction: restraint, exclusion Mac. IV. iii.

107By his own i. stands accurst (so Ff23; F1 accust). interess'd+: to be i., to have a right or share Lr. i. i. 87 (Ff interest).

interest (usu. 2 syll.; but sometimes 3 syll. at the end of line, e.g. 1H4 IV. iii. 49 You shall hure your desires with interest, but not in Cym. IV. ii. 1 legal concern (in), right or title (to possessions or the enjoyment of them) John IV. iii. 147 unow'd i. of proud-swelling state, 1H4 III. ii. 98 i. to the state, 2H6 III. i. 84 all your i. in those territories, Lr. I. i. 52 I. of territory, 87 to be i. (=to constitute a claim; but see Interess'D); fig. AYL. v. i. 8, Tit. III. i. 249 Where life hath no more i. but to breathe, Lucr. 1067, 1619, 1797.

2 right or title to share in, part 1H6 v. iv. 167, R3 II. ii. 47 so much i. have I in thy sorrow, Rom. III.

i. 194.

3 advantageous concern (in a thing) Cym. Iv. ii. 365 What's thy i. In this sad wrack?; profit, advantage Mac. 1. ii. 66 Our bosom i.; phr. in the interest of Lr. v. iii. 86.

(?) influence due to personal connexion Mer. V. III. ii. 222° my new i. (viz. as Portia's accepted

suitor); but perhaps merely fig. of sense 1.
5 money paid for the use of money lent Mer.V. 1.
iii. 52, Tim. 11. v. 110 let out Their coin upon large i; fig. 1H4 iv. iii. 49, Ven. 210 Give me one kiss, I'll give it thee again, And one for interest.

inter'gatory: question formally put, or drawn up in writing to be put, to an accused person or a witness to be answered as upon oath Mer.V.v.i. 298 charge us there upon i-ies, 300, All'sW. iv. iii. 207, Cym. v. v. 393.

interim: by i-s, at intervals Cor. 1, vi. 5; interlude LLL. 1. i. 170.
interjoin (S.): to join mutually Cor. 1v. iv. 22.

interlace: to interweave Lucr. 1300.

interlude: (orig.) dramatic or mimic representation, of light or humorous character, such as was introduced between the acts of the long mystery or morality plays; (in 16th-17th cent.) stage-play, esp. of a popular kind, comedy, farce MND. 1. ii. 6, Lr. v. iii. 90.

intermission: delay Mac. IV. iii. 231, Lr. II. iv. 33; in Mer.V. III. ii. 200 for i. (with stop at i.), ? to avoid loss of time, fill up the time, interpret: used with ref. to the puppet-show ('motion') Gent. II. i. 105 O excellent motion!

exceeding puppet! now will he i. to her, Ham. 111. ii. 260 I could i. between you and your love, if I could see the puppets dallying, Lucr. 1325 the eye i-s to the ear The heavy motion that it doth lehold. interrogatory: = INTER'GATORY John III. i. 147.

intertissued (not pre-S.): interwoven H5 IV. i. 282. intestate: not having made a will; fig. R3 IV. iv. 128 Airy succeeders of i. joys (Ff intestine), 'mere words succeed as next of kin to an empty inheritance' (Wright), intil: dial, for 'into' Ham. v. i. 79.

intitled: form in old edd. of ENTITLED.

intituled: inti II old edd. of Extricts.

into: unto, to (freq.) Tp. 1. ii. 100 (Warburton unto), All'sW. 1. iii. 262 pray God's blessing into thy attempt, Tw.N. v. 1. 88, John III. iii. 39, (?; unto†), H5 I. ii. 102 Look back into your mighty ancestors, Troil. III. iii. 12, Cym. 1. vi. 167 he enchants societies into him.

intolerable (loose use): excessive, exceedingly great Wiv. v. v. 165 i. entrails, 1H4 II. iv. 599 [592] i. deal of sack; also adv. exceedingly Shr.

1. ii. 90 she is intolerable curst.

intrenchant (S.): incapable of being cut Mac. v. vii. 38 [viii. 9].

intrince (S.): entangled Lr. II, ii. 80 t'intrince t'unloose (mod. edd. too intrinset). ¶ (?) Abbreviated

from next; cf. REVERB. intrinsicate (Eliz.): intricate Ant. v. ii. 306 knoti. intrude: to enter forcibly (S.) Lucr. 848.

inurn'd (not pre-S.); interred Ham. 1. iv. 49 (F1 enurn'd, Qq interr'd).

invasive: invading John v. i. 69 arms i. invectively: with denunciation AYL, II. i. 58. invention

1 power of mental creation or construction, inventiveness, imagination Ado v. i. 296 if your love Can labour aught in sad 1, LLL. 1v, ii. 130 the jerks of i., H51. Chor. 2, Oth. 11. ii. 125, Ven. Ded. 5 the first heir of my invention. [v, i. 345.

work of imagination, literary composition Tw.N. device, design, plan Shr. 1. i. 194, 1H6 III. i. 5 Do it without invention, suddenly, Lr. I. ii. 20.

inventorially (S.): in detail Ham, v. ii, 119 (Q2). invest: to endow, furnish 2H4 iv. v. 71 to i. Their sons with arts and martial exercises. ¶ In H5 iv. Chor. 26 their gesture sad I-ing lank-lean cheeks

and war-worn coats app. to accompany. investment (not pre-S.): pl. clothes 2H4 iv. i. 45,

Ham. 1. iii. 128.

invincible: app. error for invisible + 2H4 III. ii.340. invis'd (S.); app. invisible Compl. 212. invisible: (?) subtle Ant. II. ii. 220 A strange i. perfume; (?) secret Cym. IV. ii. 177 ani. instinct. invitation: inducement, allurement Wiv. 1. iii. 48. inviting: attractive, alluring Oth, 11, iii. 24.

inward: adj. familiar with R3 III. iv. 8 Who is most i. with the noble duke; private, secret Ado IV. i. 12 any i. impediment, LLL. V. i. 105 i. between us;—adv. inwardly, internally Mer. V. III. ii. 86 [Hercules and Mars] i. search'd, have livers white as milk, Ham. IV. iv. 28 the imposthume . . . That i. breaks, Sonn. lxii. 4, so grounded i. in my heart; -sb. intimate friend Meas. 111. ii. 142.

inwardness: close friendship Ado IV. i. 247.

ire, ireful: not used in the prose parts. [261. Ireland: 3 syll. in 2H61. i. 195, III. i. 329, H8 III. ii. Iris: in Greek mythology, the goddess who acted as messenger of the gods and displayed as her sign, or appeared as, the rainbow; (hence, allusively) messenger 2H6 III. ii. 407 I'll have an Iris that shall find thee out; used for 'rainbow' Troil, 1. iii, 380 blue Iris; an appearance likened to a rainbow All'sW. 1. iii. 160 That this distemper'd messenger of uet, The many-colour'd Iris, rounds thine eye (cf. Lucr. 1586).

iron (usu. two syll.; one syll. in John Iv. i. 120, Iv. ii. 194, R3 v. iii. 111)

1 the metal of which arms and armour are made; hence (i) offensive weapons Ado v. i. 257, 1H6 iv. iii. 20; (ii) sword Tw.N. iv. i. 43, R3 v. iii. 111, Troil. 11. iii. 18; (iii) armour 2H4 1. i. 150, Ant. IV. iv. 3.

2 used to symbolize hardness of heart MND. II. i. 196, 3H6 II. ii. 139, H8 III. ii. 425; hence as adj. = harsh, cruel, merciless John IV. i. 60 this iron age, 1H4 II. iii. 53 iron wars, Rom. IV. V. 127 an iron wit (punningly), Tim. II. iv. 85 an iron heurt, iron-witted: harsh-minded, unfeeling R3 IV. ii. 28.

irreconcil'd (not pre-S.) not atoned for H5 iv.i. 162. irrecoverable: not to be recovered or redeemed 2H4 II. iv. 360.

irregular: lawless John v. iv. 54, 1H4 I. i. 40, III. ii. 27; so irregulous (S.) Cym. Iv. ii. 315. irreligious: believing in a false religion Tit. v.

iii. 121\* ise : see Ice.

issue sb. (the usual S. meanings are 'offspring, progeny' and 'event, result, consequence'; I is not pre-S.; 2 is peculiar to S.)

1 outcome, product (of a practice or condition) All'SW. II. i. 109, John III. iv. 21 the i. of your peuce, Troil. II. ii. 80, Lr. I. i. 18. 2 action, deed Meas. I. i. 36 fine i-s, Cas. III. i. 294

The cruel i. of these bloody men, Cym. 11. i. 53. 3 fortune, luck Ant. 1. ii. 101 better issue.

4 outcome or upshot of an argument, evidence, &c.; (hence) conclusion 0th, m. iii, 219 grosser i-s. (orig. legal use) matter ripe for decision, point at

which decision becomes possible John I. i. 38, H8 v. i. 178 I'll put it to the issue, Rom. iv. i. 65, Mac. v. iv. 21 But certain issue strokes must arbitrate.

issue vb.: to shed tears (S.) H5 IV. vi. 34. issued: born, descended Tp. I. ii. 59 A princess, no worse issued, 1H6 v. iv. 38.

issuing: pouring or gushing out 3H6 II. vi. 82 the i. blood, Tit. II. iv. 30 three issuing spouts. it (cf. hit; 1 arose in the 16th cent.)

1 very freq. with intransitive verbs as a kind of vague object, e.g. Tp. 1. ii. 379 Foot it featly, Shr. 1. ii. 75 to wire it, 111. ii. 254 to bride it, H5 v. ii. 130 to mince it, H8 11. iii. 37 to queen it, Mac. 11. iii. 20 devil-porter it, Cym. 111. iii. 85 to prince it. = there Gent. 1V. iv. 72 For its no trusting to yond

foolish lout.

= its Tp. 11. i. 170 of it own kind (Ff 1 2; Ff 34 its), Rom. i. 111. 52 it had upon it head a bump (Qq Ff 1 2; Ff 3 4 its), Lr. 1. iv. 237 it had it head bit off by it young.

iterance: iteration Oth. v. ii. 148 (Qq iteration). ¶ Not pre-S.; taken up by mod. writers.

its: not pre-Eliz; in S. much less freq. than HIS (q. v.), but about as freq. as IT (see sense 3); used absol. (S.) once H8 1. i. 18 till the last [day] Made former wonders its.

itself: once in tmesis Cym. III. iv. 160 Woman it

pretty self.

iwis: certainly, assuredly Shr. 1. i. 62, R3 1. iii. 102, Per. 11. Gower 2. ¶ Often spelt I wis and crroneously understood as=I know.

Jack, jack:

I familiar by-form of the name 'John'; hence a generic proper name for any man of the common people; proverb Jack shall have Jill MND. III. ii. 461; so LLL. v. ii. 883; in Shr. IV. i. 51 a quibble is intended (see sense 7).

2 low-bred or ill-mannered fellow, 'knave' Mer.V. III. iv. 77 bragging J-s, Shr. II. i. 159, 282 (290) a sucarring J., 1H4 III. iii. 98 the prince is a J., a sneak-cup, R3 I. iii. 53, 72 Since every J. became a gentleman, Rom. 11. iv. 161, 111. i. 12, Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 93, 103; see also sense 8.

3 play the Jack, play the knave, do a mean trick Tp. iv. i. 198, Ado i. i. 192.

4 figure of a man which strikes the bell on the outside of a clock R3 IV. ii. 113, Tim. III. vi. 118.

in the virginal, an upright piece of wood fixed to the key-lever and fitted with a quill which plucked the string as the jack rose when the key was pressed down Sonn. cxxviii. 5 How oft ... Do I envy those j-s that nimble leap To kiss the tender inward of thy hand, 13; usu. explained here as = key. 6 in bowls, a smaller bowl placed as a mark to aim

at Cym. II. i. 2.

7 measure for drink, 1 pint Shr. IV. i. 51 Be the J-s

fuir within, the Jills fair without (cf. 1). 8 attrib. as a kind of proper name or nickname, used in contempt Wiv. 1. iv. 122 I till kill de Juck priest, 11. iii. 65 Scurry jack-dog priest!, Cym. 11. i. 23 Every Jack-slave.

Jack-a-Lent: figure of a man set up to be pelted, an ancient form of the sport of Aunt Sally practised during Lent; hence fig. (1) butt for every one to throw at Wiv. v. v. 137; (2) puppet, contemptible person Wiv. 111. iii. 27.

jackanapes (also jackanape, jack'nape) 1 ape H5 v. ii. 147 sit like u j., never off.

2 pert, conceited fellow, coxcomb Wiv. IV. iv. 67,

All'sW. III. v. 85, Cym. II. i. 4.

Jack o' the clock: ? cf. Jack 4, R2 v. v. 60. Jack-sauce: saucy Jack H5 IV. vii. 147.

jade sb.:

let carman whip his jade, H5 IV. ii. 46, Ham. III. ii. 256 let the galled jade wince; vicious horse (allusively) Ado I. i. 151 You always end with a jade's trick, Shr. I. ii. 252 give him head: I know he'll prove a jade, All'sW. IV. v. 64, Troil. II. i. 21. 2 term of contempt for a woman Shr. 11. i. 202, H5

III. vii. 66; applied to men John II. i. 385. jade vb. (not pre-S.; 2 a 17th cent. sense)

I lit, to make a jade of (a horse), hence, to ex-

haust, weary Ant. III. i. 34.
2 to befool Tw.N. II. v. 180\* to let imagination jade me, H8 III. ii. 281\* To be thus jaded by a piece of

jaded: (?) regarded with contempt 2H6 IV. i. 52\* (Qq jady).
jady: see prec. word.

jangle: to dispute, wrangle LLL, II. i. 223, MND. III. ii 353.

Janus: ancient Italian deity represented with two faces looking in opposite directions Mer. V. 1. i.

jar sb. (1 a 16th cent. use: 2 only S., cf. JAR vb. 2) 1 discord in music AYL. II. vii. 5 If he, compact of jars, grow musical.

2 tick (of the clock) Wint. 1. ii. 43 I love thee not a jar o' the clock behind What lady she her lord.

jar vb. (2 cf. JAR sb. 2

1 to make a musical discord, be out of tune Gent. IV. ii. 68, Shr. III. i. 40 the treble jars; in fig. context Shr. v. ii. 1 our jarring notes agree, All'sW. I. i. 188 His jarring concord, 2H6 III. i. 57 When such strings jar, Lr. IV. vii. 16 The untun'd and jarring senses.

2 to cause (a watch) to tick R2 v. v. 51.

jauncesb.:=JAUNT sb. Rom. 11. v. 26 (Qq23 iaunce, Ff Qq45 iaunt, jaunt). ¶ Perhaps only a misprint for iaunte; recorded otherwise only as in mod. Sussex dial.

jaunce vb. (in 2 Q123 iaunsing, Ff Qq45 jaunt-, iaunting)

1 to fatigue a horse R2 v. v. 94.

2 to run to and fro Rom. 11. v. 53.

jaunt sb.: running up and down or to and fro, 'trotting' or trudging about Rom. 11. v. 20; so jaunt vb. Rom. 11. v. 53; cf. JAUNCE sb. and vb. jay: flashy or light woman Wiv. 11. iii. 44, Cym.

111. iv. 51 Some jay of Italy . . . hath betray'd him. jealous (in old edd. often spelt iealious, a freq. 16-17th cent, spelling, which does not, however, always denote 3 syll.; 1 survives extensively in mod, dial, use)

1 suspicious, careful or watchful H5 1v. i. 305 j. of

your absence, Rom. II. ii. 181.

your absence, nom. II. II. 181.
2 suspicious, apprehensive of evil Gent. III. 1. 28,
AYL. II. vii. 151, Shr. IV. V. 76, Cæs. I. ii. 71 be
not j, on (= of) me, Lr. V. i. 56 j. . . . us the stung
Are of the adder; with clause 0th. III. iv. 184,
Ven. 321 J. of catching (fearing to be caught).
3 doubtful, mistrustful Tw.N. IV. iii. 27, Cæs. I. ii.

161 That you do love me, I am nothing jealous.

jealous-hood: so printed in F<sub>4</sub> of Rom. iv. iv. 13 and taken = jealousy ['hood' being the suffix forming abstract nouns]; but carlier edd. have jealous hood, where hood may be used typically = woman, or possibly with allusion to the use of the hood as a disguise for a spy.

jealousy: suspicion, apprehension of evil, mistrust Ado II. ii. 50 j. shall be called assurance, Tw. N. 111. iii. 8 j. what might befall your travel, 2H4 Ind. 16, H5 II. ii. 126, Ham. II. i. 113 beshrew my j.!, IV. V. 19 ('Guilt is so full of suspicion that it unskilfully betrays itself in fearing to be betrayed ').

jennet, gennet: small Spanish horse Oth. 1. i. 114, Ven. 260.

jerk: short, sharp, witty speech, sally LLL. IV. ii. 130 the jerks of invention. ¶ A freq. 17th cent. use. jerkin: close-fitting jacket often made of leather, worn by men in the 16th and 17th cent. Troil. 111. iii. 269 A plugue of opinion! a man may wear it on both sides, like a leather jerkin. Jerusalem: Paradise 3H6 v. v. 8.

jesses: short straps of leather, silk, or other material fastened round the legs of a trained hawk Oth. III. iii. 261.

jest sb. (the meaning 'object of ridicule' Wiv. 111. iii. 161 is not pre-S.)

1 merriment, jocosity Ham. v. 1. 203. 2 frolic, prank, practical joke MND. 111. ii. 239 hold the sweet jest up.

iest vb. (occas, use): (a) to amuse oneself, make merry, (b) to act in a masque or play R2 1. iii. 95\*.

jet 1: to walk pompously, strut, stalk, swagger Tw.N. II. v. 36 jets under his advanced plumes,

Cym. III. iii. 5, Per. 1. iv. 26.

jet2 (cf. JUT): to encroach upon Err. II. ii. 28 Your sauciness will jet + upon my love (F1 iest), R3 II. iv. 51 tyranny begins to jet (F1 Iutt, jut) Upon the . . . throne, Tit. II. i. 64 to jet (Qq iet, Ff set) upon u prince's right.

Jew: phr. a Jew's eye, a proverbial expression for something valued highly Mer.V. II. v. 43 There will come a Christian by, Will be worth a Jewes eye (mod. edd. after Pope Jewess' †).
jig sb. (3 cf. Cotgr. s.v. 'Farce,' 'the Lyg at the

end of an Enterlude, wherein some pretie knauerie is acted')

1 lively, rapid kind of dance Ado II. i. 79 hot and hasty, like a Scotch jig, Tw.N. 1. iii. 140 My very realk should be a jig; music for such a dance, rapid, lively dance-tune LLL. iv. iii. 168 to tune a jig.

2 (?) lively, jocular ballad Sonn. Music iii. 9 [Pilgr.

3 lively, comic, or farcical performance given at the end or in an interval of a play Ham. II. ii. 530 [522] he's for a jiy or a tale of bandry; so jiymaker 111. ii. 133.

jig vb. (not pre-S.

1 to sing as a jig LLL. III. i. 12 (F<sub>1</sub> Iigge).
2 to move with a rapid jerky motion Ham. III. i.
152 you jigt, you amble (Qq yig, Ff qidge).
jigging: Cæs. Iv. iii. 136 these j. fools, 'these foolish writers of doggerel' (Wright); ef. Jie sb. 2, 3.

Jill (old edd, also Gill): short for 'Gillian,' i.e. Julian, and used (in conjunction with Jack) generically = a lass LLL. v. ii. 883, MND, III.

ji. 461, Shr. IV. 1. 52.

Joan (old edd. Ione, Ioane): generic name for a female rustic LLL. III. i. 215 [207] Some men must love my lady, and some J., v. ii. 928, John 1. i. 184

now can I make any Joan a ludy.

Jockey: pet form of 'Jock,'='Jack' R3 v. iii.

305 Jockey of Norfolk.

John-a-dreams: dreamy fellow Ham. 11. ii. 603 join: = 'join battle', come together in conflict 1H4

v. i, 85, 3H6 r. i, 15, R3 v. iii, 313; pass. Ant. rv. x. 14 [xii, 1].

joinder: joining, union Tw.N. v. i. 161 Confirm'd by mutual j. of your hands. ¶ Not pre-S. in the gen. sense; as a legal term it meant 'the coupling of two in a suite or action against another (Cowell, 1607).

jointress (not pre-S.); widow who holds a join-

ture, dowager Ham. 1. ii. 9. joint-ring (not pre-S.): finger-ring made in separ-

able halves, gimmal-ring Oth. IV. iii. 74.
joint-stool (old edd. nearly always ioyn d-sloole or
ioyn-stoole): stool made by a joiner as distinguished from one of rough make Shr. II. i. 199, 1H4 II. iv. 423, 2H4 II. iv. 269, Rom. I. v. 7.

jole: see jowl.
jollity: finery Sonn. lxvi. 3 nothing trimm'd in j. jolt-head: blockhead Gent. III. i. 292, Shr. IV.i.169.

jordan: chamber-pot 1H4 11. i. 22.
journal: daily, diurnal Meas. IV. iii. 95 Ere twice
the sun hath made his j. greeting, Cym. IV. ii. 10

Stick to your journal course.

journey-bated: wearied with travel 1H4 IV. iii. journeyman: used depreciatively = one who is not a master of his trade Ham. 111. ii. 38.

Jovial: of Jupiter Cym. v. iv. 105 Our J. star; Jove-like, majestic iv. ii. 311 his J. face. ¶ The meaning 'merry, jolly' (Mac. III. ii. 28 Be bright and jorial among your guests) is derived from this through the astrological use, Jupiter as a natal planet being regarded as the source of joy and

planer being regarded as the source of Joyanhappiness,
jowl, jole: cheek; see cheek
jowl, joul, mod. edd. joll: to dash, knock All'sW.
I. iii. 60 they may j. horns together, Ham. v. i. 82
how the knare jowls it to the ground. ¶'To jowl
a person's head against the wall' is a threat
common to the northern and midl. dial.

joy sb.:

oy sb.: [v. i. 80. 1 take joy, be pleased or glad AYL, iv. i. 92. Wint. 2 source or object of gladness MND. II. i. 27 she. .. nakes him all her joy, All'SW. I. iii. 78, Tit. I. i. 322 accurate Matin. 382 young Mulius . . . that was thy joy. term of endearment for a sweetheart or child,

darling MND. IV. i. 4 my gentle joy, Ir. i. i. 84 Now, our joy, Although our last, not least, Ant. i. v. 58 In Egypt with his joy. joy vb.:

1 to gladden, delight R3 1. ii. 220 it joys me, Cym. v. v. 425 Joy'd are wε, Pcr. 1. ii. 9. 2 to enjoy R2 v. vi. 26, 2H6 111. ii. 365, R3 11. iv. 59, Tit. 11. iii. 83. [comm.).

Judean: Oth. v. ii. 346 (F1; others Indian; see judge: to think, suppose Gent. I. ii. 136 although you j. I wink, 111. i. 25 when they have j-d me fast asleep, 2H6 111. ii. 67 It may be judy'd I made the duke away.

judgement (2 was a 17th cent. use)

in my j.'s place Sonn. exxxi. 12 = in my j. Gent. iv. iv. 158, R3 iii. iv. 43 (Qq in mine opinion), to my j. Lr. 1. iv. 62.

2 competent critic, 'judge' Troil. 1. ii. 205 one o' the soundest judgements in Troy (0).
judicious: (?) judicial Cor. v., [vi.] 128 j. hearing,
Lr.III.iv.73\* J. punishment. ¶ 'Judicial' is not S.

Jug: pet-form of, or familiar substitute for, the feminine name Joan, applied to a homely woman, a maidservant, or a mistress Lr. 1. iv. 247 Whoop, Jug! I love thee.

jump sb.: hazard, venture Ant. III. viii. 6 our for-tine lies Upon this jump. ¶ Cf. JUMP vb. 2. jump vb. (unexplained in Wint IV. iii. [iv.] 195)

ump vb. (unexplained in Wint IV. III. [IV.] 195)
1 to agree, tally, coincide Mer. V. II. ix. 32 j. with
common spirits, Shr. I. i. 194 meet and j. in one,
Tw.N. v. i. 262 cohere and j., 1H4 I. ii. 78 itj-s
with my humour, R3 III. i. 11.
2 to hazard, risk (S.) Mac. I. vii. 7 We'd j. the life
to come, Cym. v. iv. 187 j. the after inquiry on
your own peril; (by extension) to apply a desrest to remay to Cor. III. i 153\* To i. body with

perate remedy to Cor. III. i. 153\* Toj. a body with a dangerous physic (conj. rampt, impt).

jump adv.: exactly, precisely Ham. 1. i. 65 j. at this dead hour (Ft just), v. ii. 389, Oth. II. iii. 395 bring him jump when he may Cassio find.

junkets: sweetmeats Shr. III. ii. 251.

jure: used contextually in connexión with juror, as if = make jurors of you 1H4 II. ii. 101. just sb.: tilting match R2 v. ii. 52 j-s and triumphs.

just adj.:

1 honourable, faithful Cæs. III. ii. 91 He was my

friend, fuithful and just to me.

2 exact Ado II. i. 371, Mer. V. IV. i. 328 a j. pound, 2H4 IV. i. 226, R3 III. V. 88 j. computation (Ff true), Rom. III. ii. 78 J. opposite, Oth. I. iii. 5, II. iii. 130.

just adv.: in replies and expressions of assent = exactly so, just so, right! Meas. 111. i. 66, v. i. 196 [202], Ado 11. i. 29, AYL. 111. ii. 282 Rosalind is your love's name F—Ves, just, All'SW. 11. iii. 21, H5 111. viii. 163, Tit. 1v. ii. 24 0! 'lis a verse m Horace . . . - Ay just, a verse in Horace.

just-borne: carried in a just cause John II. i. 345. justice: do (a person) justice, drink to his health

Oth. II. iii. 91.

justicer: judge, magistrate Lr. 111. vi. 24 (Qq instice, mod. edd. justicer+), 59, iv. ii. 79 (corrected Q Instisers, others Justices), Cym. v. v. 215.

justify:

I to show to be righteous, innocent, or in the right, vindicate Meas. v. i. 159 To j. this worthy nobleman, So rulgarly . . . accus'd, Wint, t. i. 10, 2H6 m. iii. 16; with thing as object Sonn. exxxix.

1 call not me to justify the wrong.
2 to prove, confirm, verify Tp. v. i. 128 I here could...j. you trailors, Wint. 1. ii. 278 say't and justify't, H8 1. ii. 6, Cym. m. iv. 79.
3 to acknowledge (that something is true) Per. v.

i. 219 justify . . . She is thy very princess. [158. justle: spelling in old edd. of jostle Tp. 111. ii. 30, v. i. justly: the senses 'uprightly,' rightfully, deservedly', 'with good reason, properly, 'correctly, truthfully', 'exactly, precisely 'aro all represented.

justness: rightfulness Troil, II. ii, 119.

jut : to thrust out Tim. I. ii. 240. jut 2: = JET 2 R3 II. iv. 51 (Qq iet).

jutty sb.: projecting part of a wall or building Mac. 1. vi. 6 no jutty, frieze, Buttress. jutty vb.: to project beyond, overhang (S.) H5 III.

i. 13 O'erhang and jutty his confounded base, juvenal (not pre-S.; affected or jocular): youth LLL. 1. ii. 8, 111. i. 69, MND. 111. i. 100, 2H4 1. ii. 21.

Kad: Welshman's pronunciation of 'God' Wiv. I. i. 192 So Kad vdge me (Q; F1 got-udge).

kam: clean kam, quite wrong Cor. III. i. 302. kecksy (not pre-S.): local name for umbelliferous plants with hollow stems (e.g. Cow Parsnip) H5

v. ii. 52. keech: fat of a slaughtered animal rolled into a

lump; applied to a butcher's wife 2H4 II. i. 104, to Wolsey the butcher's son H8 I. i. 55. keel: to prevent (a pot) boiling over by stirring,

skimming, or pouring in something cold LLL. v.

ii. 928 White greasy Joan doth keel the pot.

keen: bitter, sharp, severe LLL. v. ii. 400, MND.
II. ii. 123, v. i. 54, John III. i. 182, Ham, III. ii. 262.

keep sb.: keeping, custody Shr. I. ii. 120. keep vb. (3 freq. in literary use c. 1580-1630) 1 refl. to restrain oneself Gent. IV. iv. 12.

to carry on, continue to make Err. 111. i. 61 Who is that at the door that keeps all this noise?, Tw.N. II. iii. 79 What a caterwauling do you keep here!.

3 to dwell, live, lodge Mer.V. III. iii. 19 the most impenetrable cur That ever kept with men, Troil, iv. v.277 In what place of the field doth Calchas k.?, Ham. II. i. 8 what Danskers are in Paris... where they k.

keeper: sick nurse Rom. v. iii. 89. keisar: old form of 'Kaiser', emperor Wiv. 1, iii. 9. ken sb. (1 Bourne, 1574, says that a ken is 6 or 9 leagues; Leland, 1538, has 'a Kenning, that is to say about a xx miles,' Botoner, 15th cent.,

'quilibet kennyng continet 21 miliaria') 1 the distance that bounds the range of ordinary vision, esp. at sea; about 20 miles 2H4 IV. i. 151 within a ken our army hes, Cym. III. vi. 6 Thou

reast within a ken.

sight or view (of a place) 2H6 III. ii. 113 losing k. of Albion's wished coast, Lucr. 1114 in k. of shore. ken vb. (occurs thrice; 3 an affected use)

1 to descry, see 2H6 iii. ii. 101. [his gait. 2 to recognize Troil. iv. v. 14 I ken the manner of 3 to know (a person) Wiv. i. iii. 38.

Kendal green: kind of green woollen cloth made at Kendal in Westmoreland 1H4 II. iv. 250, 261. kennel 1: pack (of dogs) 1H6 IV. ii. 47.

kennel 2: street gutter Shr. Iv. iii, 98, 2H6 Iv. i. 71. kennelled: lodged as in a kennel Ven. 913. kerchief: cloth used to cover the head, formerly

a female head-dress Wiv. III. iii. 62, rv. ii. 76; phr. wear a kerchief, to be ill Cas. II. i. 315.

kern(e: light-armed Irish foot-soldier, 'a kinde

of footeman, sleightly armed with a sworde, a targett of woode, or a bow and sheaf of arrows with barbed heades, or els 3 dartes' (Dymmok, 1600) R2 II. i. 157, Mac. I. ii, 30.

kernel: pip, seed Tp. n. i. 97 (of an apple), All'sW. n. iii. 276 (of a pomegranate); as the type of something insignificant Wint. I. ii. 160.

kersey: kind of coarse cloth Meas. 1. ii. 36; as adj. (fig.) plain, homely LLL, v. ii. 414 honest k. noes. kettle: short for 'kettle-drum' (S.) Ham. v. ii. 289. key: (not recorded before S. in the musical sense

1 in phr. expressive of control or mastery All'sW. 1. i. 77, H5 11. ii. 96 Thou that didst bear the key of all my counsels, 2H6 1. i. 115 These counties were the

keys of Normandy, Mac. III. vi. 18, Oth. IV. ii. 21. 2 scheme or system of tones in which a piece of music is written, being based on some particular note (called the key-note) Ado I. i. 194, MND. III. ii. 203; in fig. phr. Err. v. i. 312, MND. I. i. 18 I will wed thee in another key, Mer. V. I. iii. 124, Troil. I. iii. 53.

3 tool for tuning string instruments Tp. 1, ii. 83 (fig.) having both the key Of officer and office. key-cold: cold in death R3 1, ii. 5, Lucr. 1774.

kibe: chapped or ulcerated chilblain on the heel Tp. II. i. 284 [276], Ham. v. i. 152 the toe of the peasant comes so near the heel of the courtier, he

galls his k. (i. e. is in annoying proximity to him).

kickshaws: fancy dish 2H4 v. i. 29 a joint of mutton, and any pretty little tiny kickshaws; fig. trifle Tw. N. I. iii. 124 Art thou good at these kickshawses, knight?. ¶ Florio, 1598, defines the Italian 'Carabozzada' as 'a kinde of daintie dish or quelque chose vsed in Italie'; Cotgr., 1611, the French 'Fricandeaux' as 'short skinlesse,

and daintie puddings, or Quelkchoses.'

kick(s)y-wick(s)y: jocular term for a wife All'sW.

II. iii. 297 (F1 kickie wickie, Ff<sub>22</sub> kicksie wicksie).

kid-fox: (?) cub-fox (fig.) Ado II. iii. 45.

kill: kill up = 'kill off' exterminate AYL. II. i.

62. ¶ Cf. Palsgr. 'I kyll up, as one that kylleth
the resydowa when many have beek wild defens.' the resydewe where many have been kylled afore. killen: arch. infinitive of KILL Per. 11. Gower 20.

kin: not pre-S, in the predicative adj. use = related, akin All's W. II. i. 41 my sword and yours are k., 2H4

II. ii. 122 those that are k, to the king, Troil, III. iii. 175 One touch of nature makes the whole world k. kind sb. (the foll, and the sense 'sort, species' are all the S. uses; 1 was common down to about

1600; 3 common in the 17th cent., freq. in S.)

1 natural disposition or character, nature AYL. IV. iii. 60 thy youth and kind (=thy youthful nature), Lucr. 1147 to change their k-s;—of its oven kind, of itself, naturally Tp. II. i. 170; do his kind, act according to its nature Ant. v. ii. 263. 2 nature in general or in the abstract, established order of things Mer. V. I. iii. 86 the deed of kind :

phr. by kind, by nature, naturally All'sW. 1. iii. 68, Tit. 11. i. 116; from kind, contrary to nature

Cæs. I. iii. 64.

3 (qualified by a demonstrative or a possessive) manner, way, fashion Gent. III. i. 90 in their silent kind, R2 II. iii. 143 in this kind to come, in braving arms, Lr. IV. vi. 167 to use her in that kind. 4 race, class Tp. v. i. 23 One of their kind, Gent. II.

iii. 2, MND. iv. i. 125 bred out of the Spartan kind, H5 II. i. 80, Troil. v. iv. 15 that dog of as bad a

kind, Cas. 11, i. 33,

5 family, ancestral stock Per. v. i. 68 Came of a gentle kind and noble stock.

kind adj .:

1 natural, appropriate, proper Ado I. i. 26 A kind overflow of kindness, Lucr. 1423.

2 favourable, gracious Tp. III. i. 69 kind event, Tim. I. ii. 155, Sonn. x. 11.

3 affectionate, loving, fond Err. 1. i. 43 kind embracements, All's W. v. iii. 315, 2H6 1. i. 19 this kind kiss, Ham. IV. v. 145 the kind . . . pelican, Compl. 186 Where neither party is nor true nor kind.

kindle 1: to incite (cf. ENKINDLE) AYL. r. i. 182. kindle 2: to bring forth AYL. 111. ii. 362. kindless: unnatural Ham. 11. ii. 617 [609] k. villaint. kindly adj. (AYL. n. iii. 53\*(a) natural, proper, (b) agreeable, pleasant; 2H4 IV. v. 82 k\* tears (a) natural, not forced, (b) naturally shed for a father; cf. sense 2)

innate, inherent Tim. 11. ii. 227 k. warmth. 2 natural (as belonging to a father) Ado IV. i. 75

fatherly and kindly poner.

3 appropriate, fitting 1H6 III, i. 131.

4 benign Ant. II. v. 78\* kindly creatures.
kindly adv. (in Lr. I. v. 15 sense 1 with play on the more freq. sense of 'affectionately')

1 naturally (as of the same kin) Tp. v. i. 24. 2 easily, naturally, spontaneously Shr. Ind. i. 66\*. 3 exactly Rom. 11. iv. 61.

kindness: tenderness, affection, love Ado I. i. 26, Shr. II. i. 77, IV. i. 211 to kill a wife with kindness, Tw.N. II. i. 42, R3 IV. ii. 22 thy kindness

freezes, Sonn. clii. 9.

kindred: attrib. = (1) of or belonging to relatives R2 II. 1. 183 quilty of no k. blood (Qq1-4 kin(d)ved, Fi kindreds = kindred's), R3 II. ii. 63 our k. tears; (2) cognate John III. iv. 14 any kindred action like to

this (Ff kindred-action). kingdom (2 cf. John IV. ii, 246, 2H4 IV. iii. 118)

sovereignty R3 IV. ii. 61.

2 little kindred, microcosm 2H4 rv. iii. 118. kingdom'd: that is a kingdom in himself Troil. 11. iii, 187 K. Achilles in commotion rages.

king'd (John 11. i. 371 King'd + of = overpowered by; old edd. Kings of)

made a king R2 v. v. 36 Then am I king'd again. governed H5 II. iv. 26 so idly king'd.

kirtle: woman's gown, skirt, or petticoat 2H4 II. iv. 297, [Sonn. Music v. 11 = Pilgr. 363].

kiss: said of balls touching, at bowls Cym. II. i. 2. kissing-comfit: perfumed sweetmeat for sweet-ening the breath Wiv, v. v. 22. kit: kitten ; see KITE .

fi. 418. kitchen: to furnish with kitchen-fare (S.) Err. v. kitchen: to furnish with structurate to your kite: rapacious person, also indefinitely as a term of repreach H5 II. i. 80, Lr. I. iv. 286, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 89. ¶ In H5 II. i. 80 kite of Cressids kind, ? read kit (= kitten), as in F4, the passage being apparanceho of Gascoigne's Dan Bartholomew 'kits of Cressides kinde

knack: trifle, knick-knack MND. 1. i. 34, Shr. 1v. knap: to bite noisily Mer.V. 111. i. 10; to give a smart blow to Lr. 11. iv. 118.

knave: boy or lad employed as a servant; male servant or menial in general Wiv. 111. v. 101, 2H4 I. ii. 83, Lr. I. iv. 88, Oth. I. i. 126 a k. of common hve, Ant. v. ii. 3; opposed to knight Tw. N. II. iii. 72 [69], John I. i. 243; often used vocatively in addressing a servant with friendly familiarity LLL. III. i. 151 [144] my good k. Costard, Cæs. IV. iii. 240 Poor knure.

knavery: pl. roguish or waggish tricks MND. III.
ii. 346, All'sW. L iii. 14, H5 IV. vii. 53. ¶ Used
for the nonce, as a rhyme-word, = tricks of dress
or ornament Shr. IV. iii. 58.
knee sb.: part of the body used in kneeling or

curtseying; hence, kneeling, prostration, curt-sey R2 II. iii. 83, 1H4 IV. iii. 68 with cap and knee, Cor. v. iii. 57 Your knees to me!, Tim. III. vi. 108 Cup and knee slaves, IV. iii. 36 give them title, knee, and approbation, Oth. II. i. 84.

knee vb.: to bend the knee before Lr. II. iv. 217.

knit sb. (not pre-S.): knitted work, texture Shr.

knit vb.: to tie in or with a knot John IV. i. 42 I k. my handkercher about your brows; usu. transf. or fig. to bind, pin, or unite firmly or closely MND.

1. i. 172 that which knitteth souls; also knit up (in various senses) Tp. 111. iii. 89 all k. up In their distractions, MND. v. i. 194 Thy stones with time and hair k. up, Rom. iv. ii. 25 I'll have this knot k. up.

knob; pimple H5 III. vi. 112 bubukles, and whelks, and wheeks (Fig. 0. whelkes and knube. 4 and wheeks)

and knobs (Ff; Q2 whelkes and knubs, And pumples).

knock vb.: the foll. uses are not recorded before
S.:—to drive by striking Tp. III. ii. 71 k. a nuil
into his head;—k. off Cym. v. iv. 198; k. out 1146
III. i, 83; k. it (=strike up) H8 I. iv. 108 Let the

music knock it. knoll: to ring, toll AYL. II. vii. 114 bells have k-'d to church, 121, 2H4 1. i. 103 k-ing a departed friend

(Q tolling), Mac. v. vii. 79 [viii. 50]. knot sb. (said fig. of the marriage tie, e.g. R3 iv. iii. 42; 2 survives in midl. and south-west dial.)

folded arms Tp. 1. ii. 224, Tit. III. ii. 4. flower-bed laid out in fanciful or intricate design; hence, any laid-out garden plot R2 III. iv. 46. lump or knob Troil. v. iii. 33.

4 group, band, company Wiv. IV. ii. 126, R3 III. 182, Cas. III. i. 117 So often shall the knot of us be call'd. [ii. 61.

knot vb. : to gather into a knot, a cluster Oth. IV. knot-grass: the plant Polygonum aviculare, having small palc-pink flowers, a common weed in waste ground, an infusion of which was formerly supposed to stunt the growth MND. III. ii. 329 you dwarf; You minimus, of hindering k. made. knotted: laid out in intricate designs LLL. 1. i.

248 thy curious-k. garden; gnarled Troil. 1. iii. 50

knotted oaks.

knotty: gnarled Tp. 1. ii. 295, Cæs. 1. iii. 6 k. oaks. knotty-pated: thick-headed 1H4 II. iv. 255. know sb. : knowledge Ham. v. ii. 44 on the view and

know of these contents (Ff; Qq knowing). know vb.: have known (together), have been acquainted (S.) Ant. 11. vi. 83, Cym. 1. iv. 38; more known, better acquainted Wint. 1v. iii. [iv.] 66;

be not you known on't, have no knowledge of it Oth. III. iii, 320 (Ff acknown(ε): know for, be aware of 2H4 I. ii, 5: know of, ascertain from Meas, Iiv. 8, MND. I. i. 68, Lr. v. i. 1, Oth. v. i.117. knowing (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 knowledge Tim. III. ii. 75 in My k., Ham. v. ii. 44 (Qq) on the view and k. of these contents, Cym. 1. iv. 31 gentlemen of your k., 11. iii. 102.

2 experience Mac. II. iv. 4 this sore night Hath trifled former knowings.

knowingly: from experience All's W. I. iii. 258, Cym. III. iii. 46.

knowledge: [of him. 1 notice Ham. II. i. 13 Take you . . . some distant k. 2 personal acquaintance Meas. III. ii. 163 Lore talks

with better knowledge, AYL. 1. ii. 302.

3 consciousness (of what one is) John v. ii. 35, H5 III. vii. 149 so far out of his k. (= so as to forget himself), Lr. iv. vi. 292 And wees by wrong imaginations lose The k. of themselves, Ant. 11. ii. 95.

la: sixth note of the scale LLL. IV. ii. 104, Lr. I. ii. 154.

la: exclamation used to introduce or accompany a conventional phrase or an address, or to call attention to an emphatic statement Wiv. I. i. 87 I thank you always with my heart, la! with my heart, thank you alreays with my heart, 1a! with my heart, 145 iv. vii. 151 in my conscience, 1a!; also La you!

= look you Tw.N. 111. iv. 113, Wint. 11. iii, 50; repeated, as an expression of derision Tim. 111. i. 23 La, 1a, 1a, 1a! 'nothing doubting,' says he?.

label sb.; slip of paper Cym. v. v. 431; slip of paper or parchment for appending a seal to a document (fig.) Rom. Iv. i. 57. ¶ The sense 'codicil' is represented in S. in the vb.

label vb.; to add as a 'label' or codicil Tw.N. I. v. 265 every norticle and attentil labelled to we well.

267 every particle and utensil labelled to my will. labour sb.: trouble or pains taken Gent. II, i. 143
take it for your l., R2 v. vi. 41, H5 III. vi. 170
There's for thy labour.

labour vb. (the ordinary uses are freq.)

1 to endeavour to bring about, work for or with a view to Ado v. i. 206, Shr. 1. i. 119 to l. and effect one thing, R3 1. iv. 256 he would l. my delivery.

to suffer the pains of childbirth (only fig.) Tim. III. iv. 8, Oth. II. i. 127; also said of what is 'brought forth' LLL. v. ii. 520, Troil. IV. iv. 38.

laboured:

oppressed with labour John II. i. 232.

highly wrought Per. II. iii. 17.

labouring: heaving, palpitating 2H6 III. ii. 163
the l. heart; rolling or pitching heavily Oth. II. i. 190 the labouring bark.

laboursome: laborious, elaborate Ham. I. ii. 59

laboursome petition, Cym. 111. iv. 167.

lace sb.: cord for fastening up the bodice, &c. Wint. in. ii. 174 cut my lace, 2H6 iv. ii. 50.

lace vb. : to trim with ornamental (gold or silver) braid Ado III. iv. 20 l-d with silver; fig. to streak or stripe with golden (or other) colour Rom. III. v. 8 envious streaks Do l. the severing clouds, Mac. II. iii. 119 His silver skin l'd with his golden blood, Cym. II. ii. 22 white and azure l'd with blue of heaven's own tinet; to trick out, adorn Sonn. lxvii. 4 Thatsin . . . should . . l. itself with his society. laced mutton: strumpet Gent. I. i. 102.

lack (1 survives in the gerund 'lacking')
1 to be wanting Tit. Iv. ii. 44 Here l-s but your
mother for to say amen, Ham. I. v. 186 what so poor
a man . . . May do . . . shall not l.; Ham. I. iv. 3 it l-s of twelve (= is not yet twelve o'clock).

2 (with cannot) to do or go without AYL, IV. i. 188, hence, to perceive the absence of, miss (S.) Cor. Iv. i. 15 I shall be lov'd when I am l-'d, Mac. III. iv. 84. Oth. III. iii. 319. Ant. I. iv. 44 Comes dear'd by

being lack'd.
lack-: S. is the first to make extensive use of this to form compounds:—lack-beard Ado v. i. 200,
-brain 1H4 II. iii. 19, -linen (= shirtless) 2H4 II.
iv. 132, -lore MND. II. ii. 77, -lustre AYL. II. vii.

'lack interj. : alas ! only in Cym. IV. ii. 374, V. iii. lackey sb.; running footman All'sW. IV. iii. 327. lackey, lacquey t vb.; to follow closely (like a lackey) Ant. I. iv. 46 Goes to and back, lackeyingt the varying tide (Ff lacking).

lade: to empty as by baling 3H6 III. ii. 139. lading: cargo Mer. V. III. i. 3, Tit. I. i. 72.

lady (the Virgin Mary is usually called our Lady, occas. God's lady Rom. II. v. 63; see also BY'R LADY and LAKIN)

1 wife Wiv. III. iii, 54, MND. II. i, 64, 2H6 II. i. 177,

Cym. I. vi. 160 A l. to the worthiest sir. 2 proper name given to female hounds 1H4 III. i. 240 Lady, my brach, Lr. I. iv. 125 Lady the brach.

3 attrib. = ladylike, feminine 1H4 1. iii. 46 holiday and l. terms, Ant. v. ii. 164 some l. trifles;—lady she, woman of rank Wint. I. ii. 44.

lady, lady: burden common to certain ballads Tw.N. II. iii. 87, Rom. 11. iv. 152.

lady-bird: sweetheart, dear Rom. 1. iii. 3.

lady-smock: cuckoo-flower, Cardamine pratensis LLL. v. ii. 903 lady-smocks all silver-white.

lagt sb. (Rowe, 1709, and later edd.): lowest class
Tim. III.vi.91 (old edd. leg(ge, conj. tagt). ¶ 'Lag'
is not found elsewhere with this meaning.

lag adj. : late R3 II. i. 91 came too lag to see him buried ;-lag of, behind, later than Lr. 1. ii. 6.

lag-end: latter part, fag-end 1H4 v. i. 24. lagging: tardy R2 i. iii. 214 Four lagging winters. lakin [=lady-kin]: by'r l.=BY'R LADY TP. III. iii.

1, MND. III. i. 14.

lamb and lambkin are used as terms of endearment: Troil. IV. iv. 23, Rom. I. iii. 3; 2H4 v. iii. 119.

lamentable: of sorrow John III. i. 22 that l. rheum. Lammas-eve (Rom. I.iii. 17), day before Lammas-

tide (Rom. r. iii. 15), which is August 1.
lamp (2 now only a slang sense)
1 torch Tp. rv. i. 23 Hymen's kamps.
2 pl. the eyes Err. v. i. 317 My wasting l-s, Ven. 489

Were never four such l-s together mix'd. lampass: disease incident to horses, consisting in a swelling of the fleshy lining of the roof of the mouth behind the front teeth Shr. III. ii. 53.

lance, lanch:

1 to pierce R3 IV. iv. 225 Whose hands soerer l'd their tender hearts (Ff lanch'd, Rowe lanced), Lr. II. i. 54 With his prepared sword . . . arm (Qq lancht or launcht, Ff latch'd).

to cut surgically R2 I. iii. 303 l-eth not the sore (Ff Q5 lanceth, Q1 launceth, Qq24 la(u)ncheth), Ant.v. i. 36 we do l. Diseases (Ff launch, Pope launce).

land: applied to the human body John IV. ii. 245

this fleshly l., Lucr. 439 the heart of all her l.
In Tp. IV. i. 130, LLL. V. ii. 310 land is taken by some to be LAUND, but it is to be noticed that in both passages it is used for the sake of rhyme (command, hand).

land-carrack: (?) coasting vessel (cf. carrack)
Oth. I. ii. 50. There is prob. a ref. to the slang sense of 'strumpet', for which 'land-frigate' was

also used.

land-damn \*: (?) to make a hell on earth for (a person) Wint. II. i. 142; many conj. and interpretations. ¶ The alleged survival of the word in dialects, with the sense 'to abuse with rancour', appears to be imperfectly authenticated.

land-fish: unnatural creature (app. literally, a fish that lives on land) Troil. 111. iii. 266.

land-raker: see FOOT-LAND.

land-service: military, as opposed to naval, service; used humorously in Wint. III. iii. 96, and 2H4 i. ii. 155 ('my counsel, learned in land-service of this kind').

language: power of speech Tp. II. ii. 89 here is that which well give l. to you, cat; ability to speak a foreign tongue All's W. IV. i. 75 I shall lose my

life for want of language.

languishing vbl. sb.; pl. lingering discase All'sW.
1, iii. 237; so the ppl. adj. = lingering Cym. 1, v. 9.

lank: to become shrunken (S.) Ant. 1, iv. 71.

lanthorn: window-turret Rom. v. iii. 84.

lap: to wrap R3 II. i. 116, Mac. I. ii. 55 lapp'd in proof, Cym. v. v. 361.

Lapland: the fabled home of witches and magicians Err. IV. iii. 11 Lapland sorcerers.

lapse sb.: fall from rectitude All'sW. 11. iii. 170. lapse vb. (not pre-S.; 2 there was a 17th cent. sense 'to let slip' of which this may be an early

instance with inverted construction) [vi. 12. 1 to fall into sin (by lying) Cor. v. ii, 19, Cym. 111, 2 (?) Ham. III. iv. 107 l-d in time and passion, having suffered time to go by and passion to

cool' (J.).

1 n Tw.N. III. iii. 36 (?) to pounce upon as an offender, apprehend; prob. associated with 'laps' in the phr. 'fall into the laps of' = come

within the power of.

lapwing: peewit; always with allusion to its habits, e.g. its wiliness in drawing away a visitor from its nest, its supposed habit of running about when newly hatched with its head in the shell Meas. I. iv. 32, Err. IV. ii. 27, Ado III. i. 24, Ham. v. ii. 193.

lard (orig. a cookery term) to fatten 1H4 II. ii. 120 l-s the lean earth, Tim. IV. to intersperse or enrich (speech) with particular words, &c. Wiv. IV. vi. 14 The mirth . . . so l-ed with my matter, Troil. v. i. 63 wit l-ed with malice,

Ham. v. ii. 20. 3 to garnish H5 IV. vi. 8, Ham. IV. v. 38.

large (for S. uses other than those given below the mod. synonyms would for the most part be 'extensive,' 'far-reaching,' or 'wide,' rather than 'great,' 'big')

1 liberal, generous, bountiful, lavish 2H6 I. i. 112 whose large style Agrees not with the learness of his purse, IV. vii. 76, Lr. 1. i. 54 our largest bounty, pompous Lr. 1. i. 187 your large speeches.

3 free, unrestrained Mac. III. iv. 11 Be l. in mirth; (in a bad sense) licentious, gross Ado II. iii. 217 [206] l. jests, IV. i. 52, Rom. II. iv. 105 (with play on the literal sense), Ant. III. vi. 93 lurge In his abominations.

4 as sb. John II. i. 101 This little abstract doth contain that large Which died in Geffrey.

tain that large Which died in Geffrey.

at large, (i) in full size AYL. v. iv. 176 A land itself at l., Troil. 1. iii. 346 The baby figure of the giant mass Of things to come at l.; (ii) at length, in full, fully Gent. III. ii. 61 you with Silva may confer at l., MND. v. i. 153 At l. discourse, H5 I. i. 78 Which I have open'd to his Grace at l., 116 I. i. 109; (iii) as a whole, in general, altogether LLL. I. i. 154, H5 II. iv. 121 in grant of all demands at large. large-handed: grasping (S.) Tim. Iv. i. 11. largely: bountifully, copiously, abundantly Wiv. II. ii. 211, 214 I. iii. 12, Per. I. iv. 53; at length, in full Adav. iv. 89 Fill tell woul of fair Hero's death.

full Ado v, iv. 69 Ill tell you l. of fair Hero's death.

largess: liberal bestowal of gifts, free gift of money Shr. 1. ii. 154, H5 IV. Chor. 43, Mac. II. i. 14; lavish expenditure R2 I. iv. 44.

laroone (old edd.), larron (mod. edd.): robber Wiv. I. iv. 71. ¶ The French 'larron', which is found in the anglicized forms 'laroun' (14th cent.), 'larroon' and 'laron' (17th cent.).

larum (mod. edd. 'larum) :

1 call to arms, battle cry Shr. I. ii. 210 in a pitched battle heard Loud larums, Cor. I. iv. 9.
2 tumultuous noise Tit. I. i. 147 with loud l-s wel-

come them to Rome.
3 uneasy condition Wiv. III. v. 75 l. of jealousy.

las, 'las (17th cent. form): alas Oth. v. i. 111 (Ff lash: to scourge, castigate Err. II. i. 15\* headstrong liberty is lush'd with woe. [68]

lass-lorn: forsaken by one's sweetheart Tp. IV. i. last: last morning, yesterday morning Gent. II. i. 88; the last, (1) the conclusion, end Tp. 1. ii. 170 88; the last, (1) the conclusion, end 1p. 1. 11. 110 hear the last of our sea-sorrow, Caes. III. ii. 12 Be patient till the last, Ant. v. ii. 336 Bravest at the last; Mac. v. vii. 61 [viii. 32] try the last", (?) go to the utmost lengths of venture; (?) the last time (S.) All'SW. v. iii. 79; at the last (e.g. Shr. v. i. 130) in the same senses as at last, but less freq.; in the last (S.), in the end, finally Cor. v. v. [vi.] 42; (one's) last = last time, last breath Tp. III. iii. 50 I will stand to and feed, Although my last, R2 II. i. 1 breathe my last, Tim. III. vi. 101 This is Timon's last, Compl. 168 'It is thy last.'

lasting: contextually = everlasting (freq.) Tp. v.

i. 208 set it down With gold on lasting pillars. latch: to catch Lr. 11. i. 54 With his prepared sword he . . . latch'd mine arm (Qq la(u)ncht); to catch or receive the sight or sound of Mac. IV. iii. 195 Where hearing should not l. them, Sonn. exiii, 6 For it no form delivers to the heart Of bird, of flower, or shape, which it doth l.; to catch and hold fast as by a charm or spell MND. III. ii. 36 hast thou yet i'd the Athenian's eyes With the lovejuice ?.

late adj. (the superlative latest usu. = last LLL. v. ii. 795 Now, at the l-st minute of the hour, 2H4 iv. v. 181 the very l-st counsel That ever I shall breathe, Oth. I. iii. 28 To leave that latest which concerns him first; absol. Tim. IV. ii. 23 The l-st of my wealth)

performed at a late hour H8 v. i. 13.

recent in date, recently made, completed, performed, appointed Tp. v. i. 145 the like loss.—As great to me, as l., R2 v. vi. 1 the l-st news we heav, H5 II. ii. 61 the l. commissioners, H8 III. i. 147 of late days, Mac. 1. vi. 19 the l. dignities heap'd up to

them, lx. tv. v. 24 at her late being here.

late adv.: recently, of late, lately Tp. v. i. 113 to
abuse me, As l. I have been, MND. v. i. 53 l. deceas'd, Tw.N. v. i. 225 but so l. ago, R3 III. i. 99 Too I, he died that might have kept that title, Ant. rv. i. 13 those that serv'd Mark Antony but l.; with ppl. adjs. 1H4 II. iii. 64 Like bubbles in a l.-disturbed stream, 1H6 III. iii. 82 this l.-betray'd town, Tit. I. i. 184 our l.-deceased emperor's sons, Ven. 818 Gazing upon a l.-embarked friend, Lucr. 1740 a late-sack'd island.

lated: belated Mac. III. iii. 6, Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 3.

late walking: keeping late hours Wiv. v. v. 156. lath: as the material of a counterfeit weapon (see also DAGGER 2) Rom. 1. iv. 5 no Cupid . . . Bearing a Tartur's painted bow of lath; contemptuously = sword Tit. II. i. 41 have your lath glued within your sheath Till you know better how to handle it.

latten: mixed metal of yellow colour, identical with or closely resembling brass Wiv. I. i. 167 l, bilbo.

latter: last H5 IV. i. 144 at the 1. day, 1H6 II. v. 38 in his bosom spend my t. gasp; also t. days, times, age, end.

lattice: red l., window of lattice-work painted red

(the sign of an alehouse) 2H4 11. ii. 88. laud: hymn Ham. 1v. vii. 178 snatches of old lauds (Q1 Ff tunes).

(Q; FI times),
laughter: subject for merriment 1H4 II. ii. 105,
Ces. IV. iii. 49, 113.
launch: to cut; see LANCE.
laund: glade 3H6 III. i. 2, Ven. 813.
launder: transf. to wet Compl. 17.
laundry: blunder for 'laundress' Wiv. I. ii. 4.

laurel: wreathed with laurel Ant. I. iii. 100 Upon your sword Sit laurel victory (Ff234 Laurell'd).

lave: Mac. III. ii. 33 Must lare our honours in these fluttering streams (=' must keep our royal dignities unsullied by flattering Banquo and those who are formidable to us').

lavish (obs. sense): unrestrained, wild, licentious 2H4 IV. iv. 64, Mac. I. ii. 58.

lavishly: wildly 2H4 IV. ii. 57.
lavolt Troil. IV. iv. 86, lavolta H5 III. V. 33:
lively dance for two persons. law sb. (special uses are the foll.)

what the law awards 2H6 I, iii. 214.

in phr. expressing relation by marriage Shr. IV. v. 60 by law... I may entitle thee my loving father, R3 iv. i. 23 Their aunt I am in law.

3 system of divine commands and of penalties imposed for disobedience contained in Holy Scripture LLL. vv. iii. 364 chavity itself fulfits the law, John II. i. 180 The canon of the law. law interj.:=LA, LLL. v. ii. 415 so God help me, law.day: day for the sitting of a court of law.

session of such a court Oth. III. iii. 140 leets and law-days.

lay sb.: wager 2H6 v. ii. 27 My soul and body on the action both !- A dreadful lay!, Oth. II. iii. 332, Cym. 1. iv. 164.

lay vb. (4 only once in S., but common in literature from the 14th cent. and app. not regarded as a

solecism in the 17th and 18th) to bury Tw.N. II. iv. 52 in sad cypress let me be laid, H8 IV. ii. 22 to lay his weary bones among ye, Cym. IV. ii. 233 where shall 's lay him?.

2 to beset with traps 2H6 IV. i. 4 all the country is

laid for me.

to stake, wager LLL. t. i. 306 I'll lay my head to any good man's hat, Tw.N. 111. iv. 225 I have . . . laid mine honour too unchary on't (mod. edd. out), Troil. 111. i. 97 lay my life, Ham. v. ii. 106 laid a great wager. 4 to lie Compl. 4 And down I laid to list the sad-tun'd

lay...aboard (1) lay knife aboard, make an attack, board (cf. Board 1) Rom. II. iv. 216; (2) board (a vessel) 2H6 iv. i. 25 I lost mine eye in laying the vessel) 2110 IV. 1. 23 I tost mine eye in laying the prize aboard; lay apart, asside, put away from one AYL. IV. iii. 45, Wint. IV. i. [ii.] 57, R2 II. ii. 3, H5 II. iv. 78, Cor. I. i. 203; lay by, (1) put aside or away from one Ado v. i. 64 to lay my receivence by, H5 I. ii. 276, Troil. II. iii. 87; (2) come to a stand, 'stand' 1H4 I. ii. 40; lay down, (1) bring to bed of a child, H8 I. iii. 40 a spedius trick to lay down ladies. (2) formulate a speeding trick to lay down ladies: (2) formulate, prescribe Ado IV. i. 238 in better shape Than I can lay it down in likelihood, 1H4 I. ii. 167 I will lay him down such reasons, 2H4 I. iii. 35 To lay down likelihoods and forms of hope, H5 I. ii. 137 lay down our proportions; (3) wager, stake, Oth. IV. ii. 12 Lay down my soul at stake; lay for, lie in wait for Tim. III. v. 117; lay forth, (1) bring out and display Shr. IV. iii. 62; (2) lay out for burial H8 iv. ii. 172; lay home to, attack, press hard

- LEAVE

Ham. III. iv. 1; lay it on, do it in good style Tp. III. ii. 164, Wint. Iv. ii. [iii.] 43; lay off, steer away from the shore Tp. I. i. 55; lay on, (1) impose Shr. v. ii. 130 laying on my duty; (2) apply a coat of (paint), always in fig. context AYL. I. ii. 113 that was laid on with a trowd (i.e. laid on thick), Tw.N. 1. v. 260 beauty . . . rhose red and white Nature's own . . . hand laid on, Wint. v. iii. 49 the colour's Not dry.—My lord, Wint. v. 111. 49 the colour's Not ary.—My tora, your sorrow was too sore laid on . . . So many summers dry; lay out, expend Tw.N. 111. iv. 225 I have . . . laid my honour too unchary out; (old edd. on'); lay to, bring into action Tp. Iv. i. 253; lay up, (1) put away 2H4 v. i. 94 like u wet cloak ill laid up ; (2) to incapacitate, 'do for ' AYL. I. iii. 7

layer-up\*: H5 v. ii. 247 old age, that ill l. of beauty, which stores up beauty till it becomes wrinkled

(cf. 2H4 v. i. 94)

lazar: poor and diseased person, esp. a leper H5 I. i. 15, Troil. II. iii. 37, v. i. 73 the louse of a l., Ham. I. v. 72 Most l. like, with vile and loathsome crust;—adj. H5 II. i. 80 the l. kite of Cressid's kind. lazy: sluggish MND. v. i. 41 The l. time; Rom. II.

ii. 31 the l.-puffing clouds (Q1 lasie pacing, mod. edd. lazy-pacing, Collier -passingt). [35. lead sb.: bullets, shot LLL. III. i. 60, 65, 1H4 v. iii.

lead (1 the orig, sense of the verb)
1 to carry All's W. IV. iii. 300 h'as led the drum before the English tragediums; fig. Mer. V. w. i. 18 That thou but lead'st this fashion of thy malice To the last hour of act, Tw. N. 1. v. 262 lead these

graces to the grare.

2 to take the first steps in (a dance with a person) All'sW. II. iii. 49 he's able to lead her a coranto, H8 I. iv. 107 I have . . . a measure To lead 'em once again; cf. Ado II. i. 159 We must follow the

3 to go forward Tp. n. i. 331 [323] Lead off this ground, Ant. n. vi. 81 Will you lead, lords?, Cym. vv. iv. 53 Lead, lead.

lead away, lead astray, seduce Sonn. xcvi. 11 How

many gazers mightst thou lead away; lead on, (1) conduct (operations) Cor. 1. ii. 15 lead on this preparation; (2) entice or begulle into going to greater lengths Wiv. 11. i. 97 lead him on with a symbolic defense. fine-baited delay.

leaden: l. mace, attributed to the powers of sleep Cæs, Iv. iii. 267; so MND. III. ii. 365 sleep With l. legs; inert, spiritless 1H6 IV. vi. 12 l. age, Ven.

34 l. appetite; depressing Oth. 111. iv. 176 I have...
with leaden thoughts been press'd.
leading: command H5 iv. iii. 130, R3 v. iii. 298; direction Lucr. 436, Cor. IV. v. 143 The l. of thine own revenges: generalship 1H4 IV. iii. 17 men of such great leading.

such great leading.

league: alliance, amity, friendship, truce Wiv.

III. ii. 26 a l. between my good man and he, Err.

II. ii. 149, MND. III. ii. 373, John II. i. 417 peace
and fair-fuc'd l., R3 I. iii. 281 In sign of l. and
amity, Tit. v. iii. 23 For peace, for love, for league.

leagued: applied to the folded arms Cym. Iv. ii.
213. ¶ Oth. II. iii. 220 If partially affa'd, or
leagu'd' in office (Qq partiality, Qq Ff league).

leaguer: camp All'sW. III. vi. 27.

leak: to make water IH4 II. i. 22.

leak: to make water 1H4 II. i. 22.

lean adj. (fig. uses): poor, meagre, mean Err. III. ii. 93 I hare but lean luck, Tw.N. III. iv. 380 my lean and low ability, Ant. II. ii. 19 A leaner action; unfertile, barren 1H4 II. ii. 120, 2H4 IV. iii. 129; scantily furnished 1H4 1. ii. 82 no lean wardrobe.

lean vb. (physical senses, trans. and intr., occur)

1 to rely or depend on Meas. II. i. 49 (quibble), 2H4

I. i. 164 [their] lites . . . Lean on your health, Troil.

III. iii. 85, Ham. IV. iii. 60 every thing . . . That else leans on the affair.

2 to defer Cym. 1. i. 78 lean'd unto his sentence. lean-witted (S.); poor in intellect R2 11. i. 115. leap sb.: place to be leaped H8 v. i. 140 Fou take a

precipice for no leap of danger.

leap vb.:

Will leap to be his friend, Per. v. iii. 45.

2 l. over, (i) to pass beyond (a limit) Mer. V. I. ii.
20 a hot temper l-s o'er a cold decree; (ii) to pass over, skip 2H4 vv. iv. 124 as the year Had found some months asleep and l-'d them over, Troil. Prol. 27 our play L-so'er the . . . firstlings of those broils. leaping-house (S.): brothel 1H4 I. ii. 9.

leaping-time (S.): youth Cym. IV. ii. 200.

learn: to teach (always with two objects or accusative and infin.) Tp. 1. ii. 365 For l-ing me your language, Gent. 11. vi. 13 To l. his wit to exchange the bad for better, Ham. v. ii. 9 that should l. us There's a divinity that shapes our ends (Ff teach), Oth, I. iii, 183 do l. me How to respect you; (hence) to inform of something Troil. II, i. 22 l. me the proclamation.

learned (so the customary 'my learned friend') 1 instructed, educated, experienced, wise AYL. I. i. 176 never schooled and yet l., Tw.N. I. v. 281, Cor. III. i. 98, Oth. III. iii. 259 knows all qualities,

with a learned spirit, Of human dealings.

2 of great knowledge in the law Mer.V. IV. i. 167. learning: what is learnt:—(1) lesson, instruction Cym. I. i. 43, Sonn. lxxvii. 4 of this book this l. mayst thou taste; (2) information Ant. II. ii. 51 I ... have my l. from some true reports; (3) acquirement (S.) Ham. v. ii. 35 I... labour'd much How to forget that learning.

to forget that learning. [i. 193. learning-place: place of instruction All'sW. I. lease: in l.=on a lease Sonn. xiii. 5 that beauty which you hold in l .; -l, of nature, the term of the natural life Mac. IV. i. 99 Macbeth Shall live the t. of nature.

leash: three (the usual number of hounds coupled in one leash) 1H4 II. iv. 7 a leash of drawers . . . as

Tom, Dick, and Francis.

leash'd in: coupled together (in a set of three)

H5 I. Chor. 7 at his heels, Leash'd in like hounds, ... famine, sword, and five; cf. preceding word. leasing: lying Tw.N. 1. v. 104, Cor. v. ii. 22. least: in the l., (1) at the lowest estimate Lr. 1. i.

194; (2) in the smallest degree II. iv. 143.

leather-coat: russet apple 2H4 v. iii. 42. leave sb. (I also in phr. by l., under l. of, by yourl.,

with your leave, have leave.) 1 permission Gent. п. iv. 25 Give him l. (= make

allowances for him), Err. 1. i. 35 I'll utter what my sorrow gives me l. (=allows), 3H6 III. ii. 34 you will have leave (= you will be free to do as you

please), Ven. 568 love, whose l. exceeds commission, permission to depart; used in polite forms of (i) bidding farewell Wiv. III. ii. 29, Mer. V. II. iv. 15 By your l., sir. — Whither goest thou?; (ii) dismissal John I. i. 230 wilt thou give us leave awhile? (i.e. leave us alone), 3H6 III. ii. 33, Rom. I. iii. 7; Tw. N. 11. iv. 73 Give me now l. to leave thee [dismissing the clown, Wint, I. i. 123, 1H4 I. iii. 20 You have good l. to leave us; similarly take (one's) leave (freq.) = orig. to receive permission to depart (cf. All'sW. v. iii. 79 took her l. = bade her farewell).

3 leave-taking Mac, IV, iii, 236 Our lack is nothing but our l. (i.e. taking leave of the king, or (?) an instance of sense 2), Ham. 1. iii. 54 Occasion

smiles upon a second leave.

leave vb. (the usual mod. senses are freq.)

1 to abandon, forsake, give up Gent. v. iv. 138, Mer.V. v. i. 196 how unwillingly I left the ring, Cor. II. iii. 180 now you have left your voices, Ham. III. iv. 91 such . . . grained spots As will not l. their tinct.

to desist from, stop, discontinue, = 'leave off' Meas. IV. ii. 6 l. me your snatches, Mer.V. v. i. 43 L. hollaing, R3 1. ii. 116 To l. this keen encounter of our wits, Cor. IV. i. 1 Come l. your tears, Lucr. 1089 l. thy peeping; with infin. Gent. 11. vi. 17 I cannot leave to love, Ham. 111. iv. 66.

3 to cease, desist 2H6 III. ii. 333 You bade me ban, and will you bid me l.?, Per. II. i. 47; to break off in a narrative, reading, or conversation Shr. 1H. i. 26, Ham. II. i. 51 I was about to say something; where did I l.?, Cym. 11. ii. 4 Fold down the leaf where I have left, Ven. 715. 4 left out, excepted Cym. 11. iv. 85. leaven: lay the l. on, taint Cym. 111. iv. 64.

leavened: fig. well-considered Meas. 1. i. 52. leavy: abounding in foliage Ado 11. iii. 77. lecture (old edd. also lector, a 16th-17th cent. form)

1 discourse given before an audience for the purpose of instruction Cor. 11. iii. 243 Say we read t-s

to you, How youngly he began . . . 2 course of instruction, lesson Shr. III. i. 8, 23, 24 You'll leave his l.; fig. instructive example Lucr. 618.

618. [Ham. II. i. 67. 3 admonition, reproof AYL. III. ii. 370 (F<sub>1</sub> Lectors), leer : complexion, countenance AYL. iv. i. 69 a Rosalind of a better leer than you, Tit. IV. ii. 120

Here's a young lad fram'd of another leer.

leer 2: (not pre-S.): amorous side-glance Wiv. 1. iii. 48.

lees: construed as a sing. Mac. 11, iii, 102.

leese: to lose Sonn. v. 14. leet: special court of record which the lords of certain manors were empowered to hold yearly or half-yearly Shr. Ind. ii. 89 present her at the l., Because she brought stone jugs and no seal'd quarts; used with tautology in Oth. III. iii. 140 Keep leets and law days, cf. 'The Leete and Law day is al one' (Sir T. Smith's Common wealth of England, 1589).

left hand: leave on the l., disregard Wiv. II. ii. 25. leg: obeisance made by drawing back one leg and bending the other All'sW. II. ii. 11, 1H4 II. iv. 432 here is my leg, Cor. II. i. 78 caps and legs, Tim.

I. ii. 241.

lege [aphetic form of 'allege 'in use 14th-16th cent.]: to bring forward Shr. I. ii. 28.
 legend: misused for 'legion' Wiv. I. iii. 57. (Ff Q<sub>3</sub>

a legend, Q1 legians, Q2 legions). legerity: nimbleness 1H5 IV. i. 23 fresh legerity legion: host, military or otherwise, esp. of devils; in Tw.N. III. iv. 97 If all the devils in hell be drawn in little, and Legion himself possess'd him, the ref. is to Mark v. 9 'their name is Legion'.

legitimate: logically inferred Tw. N. III. ii. 16. legitimation: legitimacy John 1. i. 248.

ledger, leiger: (resident) ambassador, (permanent) representative or agent Meas. III. i. 57, Cym. I. v. 80.

leisure (the now somewhat archaic sense of 'opportunity' is freq.; 3 cf. Greek  $\sigma \chi \circ \lambda \hat{\eta}$ ; in H8 III. ii. 141 spiritual l. = 'time withdrawn from earthly business and devoted to religious duties')

pl.=leisure moments Compl. 193.

attend, stay (upon), tarry, wait for a person's leisure, wait until he is unoccupied, wait his time Ado I. iii. 17, Mer.V. I. i. 68, John II. i. 58, 1H4 I. iii. 258, Mac. I. iii. 148, III. ii. 3.

3 by leisure, barely, not at all Tit 1. i. 301 I'll trust, by leisure, him that mocks me once.

leman: sweetheart Tw.N. II. iii. 27, 2H4 v. iii. 47; paramour Wiv. IV. ii. 175.

lend: to hold out (a hand) to be taken Wint. IV. ii.
[iii.] 74 L. me thy hand, I'll help thee, Tit. III. i. 187.
lendings (2 a 16th-17th cent. use; 'Succors or

lendings which they give souldiers where there is no paie, and when the paie comes they take it off, Minsheu, 1599)

non-essential appurtenances Lr. III. iv. 112.

2 money advance to soldiers when the regular pay cannot be given R2 1. i. 89. length sb. (1 rare outside S.; 5 common Eliz.)

length so. (1 rare outside S.; 5 common Ent.)

1 of l., long R2 iv. i. 11 Is not my arm of l., Troil.

1. iii. 136 To end a tale of length.

2 prolixity, lengthiness R2 v. i. 94 there is such l.

in grief, Ant. iv. xii. [xiiv.] 46 All length is torture.

3 reach, range Mac. iv. iii. 233 Within my sword's

l., Ham. 1. ii. 204 Within his truncheon's l., Per. I. i. 168 within my pistol's length.

4 (long) stretch or extent John I. i. 105 large l-s of

seas, Sonn. xliv. 10 To leap large l-s of miles.
5 draw out in l., prolong, protract Mer. V. 111. ii. 23.
length vb.: to lengthen Pilgr, xiv. 30 [210].

lenten: meagre, scanty Tw.N. I. v. 9 A good l. answer, Ham. II. ii. 337 [329] what l. entertainment; -l. pie, pie containing no meat Rom. n. iv. 142.
lenvoy, l'envoy: concluding part of a poem LLL.
III. i. 74, &c.

leperous: causing leprosy Ham. I. v. 64. less: less in, inferior in point of R2 II. iii. 15, R3 IV. iv. 300, Ant. v. ii. 363; nothing less than, (1) the same thing as 1H6 II. v. 100 my father's execution Was nothing less than bloody tyranny; (2) anything but R2 11. ii. 34 'Tis nothing but conceit, my gracious lady.—'Tis nothing less. ¶ Used peculiarly by S. with words expressing or implying a negative, where the sense requires more Wint, III. ii. 57, Cor. I. iv. 14, Cym. I. iv. 24: similarly lesser in Troil. I. i. 30, lesson: musical piece or exercise Shr. III. ii. 61 My

lessons make no music in three parts, let sb.: hindrance H5 v. ii. 65, Lucr. 330, 646, let vb. (the other vb. let 'to hinder' occurs)

1 to allow to remain Wint. I. ii, 41.

2 to forbear to Lucr. 10 did not let To praise the clear unmatched red and white.

3 with ellipsis of 'go' (very freq.) chiefly in the imperative Gent. III. ii. 91 Let us into the city, Mer. V. III. ii. 39 let me to my fortune, 1144 1. i. 91 But let him from my thoughts, H8 1. ii. 176 Let him on, Troil. 1. i. 5 Let him to field, Cym. 1v. ii. 152 I'll throw't into the creek . . . and let it to the sea.

4 special uses of the imperative:— (i) let me have, give me, tell me Gent. 11. vii. 57, Cor. 1v. v. 237; (ii) let him be, suppose him to be R2 1. i. 59, H8 IV. ii. 147; (iii) let me alone for, trust me for Tw. N.

III. iv. 204

5 to cause Ham. IV. vi. 11 if your name be Horatio,

as I am let to know it is (i.e. informed).

let be, let it alone Wint. v. iii. 61, Ant. rv. iv. 6; no matter Ham. v. ii. 238; let forth, allow to pass forth, give passage to MyD. v. ii. 11 [i. 388], Lucr. 1029; let loose, (1) to unfold H5 iv. ii. 41 their ragged curtains (i.e. banners) poorly are let loose; (2) abandon Tp. 11, ii. 37 1 do now let loose my opinion; (3) relax one's hold, let go MND. 111. ii. 260 Hang off ... let loose; let out, lend at interest Tim. III. v. 109.

let-alone\* (S.): (a) forbearance, abstention from interference, (hence) permission, (b) hindrance Lr. v. iii. 80.

lethargied (not pre-S.): dulled, blunted Lr. i. iv. Lethe: in Greek mythology, a river in Hades, the drinking of whose waters caused forgetfulness

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of the past; hence, 'waters of oblivion' Tw.N. IV. i. 65, 2H4 v. ii. 72 wash'd in L., and forgotten, R3 IV. iv. 251, Ant. II. vii. 115 steep'd our sense In soft and delicate L.; attrib. Ham. 1. v. 33 L. wharf. In Cas. 111. i. 206 (F1 Lether) used for 'death app. through the influence of Latin letth)um; cf. Blount 'Glossographia', 1670, 'Lethean', deadly, mortal.

Lethe'd, old edd. Lethied: oblivious Ant. II. i.

27 Even till a Lethe'd dulness. letter (2 'hunt the letter', 'lick the letter' were

other Eliz, phrases)

1 no letter, not a word Cym. IV. iii. 36. 2 affect the l., practise alliteration LLL. IV. ii. 56.

- 3 pl. with sing. sense, esp. = formal communication issued by authority Ado I. i. 20, 1H6 v. iv. 95, R3 IV. v. 20 (Qq These l-s, Ff My L.), Oth. IV. i. 286;=letter of recommendation Err. v. i. 138; cf. Oth. 1. i. 36 by l. (i.e. by commendatory letter, by favour).
- 4 literal meaning, literalness Oth. 1. iii. 68 in the bitter l., Cym. v. v. 451 Answering the letter of the oracle.
- 5 learning Tp. 11, i. 157 [150], Per. 1v. Gower 8 train'd In music's l-s (mod. edd. music, l-st); also good l-s in the same sense 2H4 IV. i. 44.

lettered: learned, literate LLL, v. i. 49.

level sb. (2 only in fig. phrases)

1 hold . . . level with, be on an equality with 1H4 III.

ii. 17.

- 2 aiming a missile, weapon, range of a missile All'sW. II. i. 159 the l. of mine aim, Wint. III. ii. 82 My life stands in the l. of your dreams, H8 t. ii. 2 I stood to the l. Of a full-charg'd confederacy, Rom. III. iii. 102 Shot from the deadly l. of a gun, Sonn. exvii. 11 within the level of your frown.
- level adj. (used literally only once 2H4 III. i. 47)
  - level to, readily accessible to 2H4 IV. iv. 7.
    'equipoised, steady' (Schmidt) Tw.N. II. iv. 31
    So sways she l. in her husband's heart, 2H4 II. i. 128 a level consideration.
- 3 adv. with direct aim Ham. IV. i. 42 As l. as the
- cannon to his blank, iv. v. 150. level vb. (2 is transf. from the sense of 'aim',
- which is the most freq. S. sense, lit. and fig.)

  1 level with, be on a par with 0th. I. iii. 240.

  2 level at, guess at Mer. V. i. ii. 41, Ant. v. ii. 337.

  leven, mod. edd. 'leven: clipped form of 'eleven' LLL. III. i. 180 [172] a l.-pence farthing, Mer. V. II. ii. 177 a l. widows, Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 33 Every l. wether tods. ¶ In mod. use chiefly northern and East-Anglian dial.

levy: app. misused for Level. = aim Per. 11. v. 52
Never did thought of mine levy offence. ¶ There are other instances of this misuse in the 17th cent.

lewd: bad, vile, worthless (once a common sense)
Ado v. i. 348 [341] this l. fellow, Shr. iv. iii. 65 'tis
l. and filthy, 1H4 III. ii. 13 such l., such mean attempts, R31. iii. 61 l. complaints; so lewdly, wickedly 2H6 II. i. 165 naughty persons, l. bent; lewdness, wickedness H8 r. iii. 35.

lewdster: lascivious person Wiv. v. iii. 24.

liable:

1 l. to, (i) subject the influence or operation of Cæs. 1. ii. 198 if my name (=1) nere l. to fear, Per. 1v. vi. 183; (ii) subject or subservient to John II. i. 490, v. ii. 101 such as to my claim are l., Cas. II. ii. 104.

2 suitable, fit LLL. v. i. 99, John IV. ii. 226, libbard: old form of 'leopard' LLL. v. ii. 549 With l-'s head on knee. ¶ Cf. 'A Libbards head (on the knees or elbowes of old fashioned garments)', Sherwood, 1632.

libel sb.: defamatory bill or pamphlet R3 1. i. 33.

libel vb.: to make libellous statements Tit, IV. iv.

liberal (the most freq. sense is 'bountiful, gener-1 the distinctive epithet of those arts and sciences which were deemed worthy of a free man Tp, I.

2 of gentleman-like habits or character 2H6 IV. vii. 68, 3H6 I. ii. 43; 'becoming a gentleman' (J.) or person of refinement or taste LLL. II. i. 167 All l. reason I will yield unto, Ham. v. ii. 160 of very l. conceit (= of tasteful design; similarly 1,-conceited 169).

3 free in speech R2 II. i. 230 a l. tongue, Oth. v. ii. 218 I'll be in speaking l. as the north (as an adv. in

Ff speak as liberal as the north).

4 unrestrained by prudence or decorum, gross, licentious Ado IV. i. 93 a l. villain, LLL. v. ii. 741, Mer. V. II. ii. 200, Ham. IV. vii. 171\* That l. shepherds give a grosser name (or ? sense 3), Oth. II. i. 164 a most profane and liberal counsellor. libertine: one who follows his own inclinations

H5 1. i. 48 The air, a charter'd libertine. liberty (the l. in Ham. II. ii. 430 [421] is of doubtful

meaning)

the l. of, unrestricted access to Meas, IV. ii. 155. improper freedom, licence Meas. 1. iii. 29, Err. 1. ii. 102 l-1es of sin, Tim. 1v. i. 25, Ham. 11. i. 24.

3 pl. privileges, rights Cor. 11. iii. 223, Cæs. v. i. 76, Per. 1. ii. 112 wrong my liberties.

licence sb.: leave, permission Meas. II. iv. 146, H5
IV. vii. 75, 2H6 IV. iii. 8, Ham. IV. iv. 2.
licence vb.: to permit 1H4 I. iii. 123.

licentious: unrestrained by law or morality Tim. v. iv. 4 you have . . . fill'd the time With all l. measure.

licourish: see LIQUORISH.

lictor: official who attended upon a Roman magistrate, kind of beadle Ant. v. ii. 213.

lid: by God's lid = 'slid Troil. 1. ii. 225. lie (pa. pple. lain 5 times, lien twice; Ham. v. i. 189 Qq lyen, Ff lain; Per. III. ii. 85 Qq 1-3 lien, Ff 34 been)

1 to be or remain in bed asleep Troil, IV, i, 3 to lie long, Mac. II. iii. 26 lie so late.

2 to be still Per. III. i. 49 the wind is loud, and will not lie till the ship be cleared of the dead.

3 to be kept in prison 1H4 IV. iii. 96 without ransom to lie forfeited, R3 1. i. 115 I will deliver you, or else

he for you. t to dwell, sojourn, lodge, esp. to sleep or pass the night somewhere (freq.) Wiv. π. i. 186 Does he lie at the Garter?, 1H6 π. ii. 41 her poor castle where

she lies, Cor. 1. ix. 82 I sometime lay . . . At a poor man's house. 5 to be in a certain posture of defence 1H4 II.

iv. 220 Thou knowest my old ward; here I lay, and thus I bore my point, Troil. I. ii. 281, 286, lie along: lie outstretched upon the ground AYL. II. i. 30: lie in, reside in, depend upon Wiv. v. i. 3 good luck lies in odd numbers, Meas. III. i. 275, R21. ii. 4 correction lieth in those hands Which made the fault, Cor. III. iii. 92 As much as in him lies: lie off, stand some distance away from a place 1H4 III. i. 80; lie on or upon, (1) rest as an obligation upon 1H4 v. ii. 47 would the quarrel lay upon our heads!, COT. III. ii. 52 it lies you on to speak To the people; (2) depend upon All'SW. III. vii. 43 As if his life lay on t. Troil. rv. iv. 147, Ant. III. viii. 5, Sonn. xcii. 10; lie under, be subject to (some disadvantage) Ado rv. i. 171, Troil. 11. iii, 145.

lief: dear 2H6 in. i. 164 My liefest liege; otherwise only in phr. had as lief (old edd. also liefe).
 liege: only in the sense 'sovereign lord, superior

to whom allegiance is due'; fig. LLL. III. i. 193 [185].

liegeman: vassal, subject Wint. II. iii. 173, 1H4 II. iv. 377 that . . . swore the devil his true l., Ham. I. i. 15.

lie-giver: one that gives the lie R2 IV. i. 68. lieutenantry: lieutenancy oth. ni. 174 If such tracks as these strip you out of your l.; -on l., by deputy Ant. ni. ix. [xi.] 39.

life (for o' life † Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 263 see A-LIFE; 7 is recorded first from S.)

of life, living Sonn. xvi. 9.

(one's) life, in one's lifetime Wint. 1. i. 45, v. i. 137 I desire my life Once more to look on him.

in assever my use once more to took on him.
in asseverations and oaths:—for my l. Ado III.
ii. 76, LLL. v. ii. 726; God's my l. Ado IV. ii. 75,
MND. rv. i. 210, AYL. III. v. 43 Od's my little lise.
embodiment of life, living being Mac. v. vii. 31
[viii. 2] Whiles I see lives.

[VIII. 2] Whites I see tives.

5 soul, essence John v. vii. 1 the l. of all his blood,
Troil. I. iii. 385, II. ii. 194 the l. of our design.

6 my l., my beloved, my dearest (freq.) Cym. v. v.
227 My queen, my life, my wife.

7 (chiefly the l.) the living form or model, living
semblance Ado II. iii. 117 [110], Wint. v. iii. 19
thel. as lively mock d, H5 v. Chor. 5 cannot in their
have and recover I. Be here recented. Tim. I. 38 huye and proper l. Be here presented, Tim. I. i. 36, 39, Ven. 289 when a painter would surpass the l.;—
to the l., with faithful or exact presentation or
reproduction Cor. III. ii. 106, Per. v. i. 247; so with good life Tp. III. iii. 86

life-blood: life-giving or vital blood Mer.V. III. ii. 267; fig. vital part 1H4 IV. i. 29 l. of our enterprise. lifeless (old edd. always liveless): obscure use in

Err. I. 1. 158 (lucklesst, life's lastt).

lifelings: in a trivial oath Od's l. Tw.N. v. i. 188. lifter: thief Troil. I. ii. 127 (with quibble). lifting up: rising 2H4 IV. iv. 93 The l. of day.

liggens: in By God's l. (an oath) 2H4 v. iii. 66 (Q). light sb. (put out a person's light is not pre-S.)

lin asseverations:—by this l. (freq.), God's l. (cf.
'slight) Tp. II. ii. 155 [147], 162 [154], 1H4 III. iii.

71, H5 iv. viii. 66.

2 enlightenment, information Gent. 111. i. 49, Tw.N. v. i. 348, John Iv. iii. 61, Per. I. iii. 18.

light adj. (quibbles are frequent)
1 unimportant, slight, trivial Tp. 1. ii. 449 Make the
prize l., MND. 111. ii. 133 as l. as tales, H5 11. ii. 89 for a few l. crowns;—hold, set l., account of small value R2 I. iii. 293, Oth. II. iii. 176.

2 full of levity, frivolous Shr. 11. i. 204 young and light, Rom. 11. ii. 99, Lr. 111. iv. 92 light of eur.

wanton, unchaste Err. IV. iii. 51 al. wench, Mer. V. II. vi. 42, 2H4 II. iv. 322.

11. VI. 42, 2H4 II. IV. 322.

4 active, nimble, swift Shr. II. i. 205, Rom. II. ii. 66 love's light wings, Ven. 150, 1192.

5 casy Tp. I. ii. 448 too light winning.
6 cheerful, merry Gent. I. ii. 81 so l. a tune, 2H4 IV. ii. 85 l. in spirit, 0th. IV. i. 103 l. behavour.

7 delirious, light-headed Err. v. i. 72, 0th. IV. i. 280 Are his wits safe? is he not light of brain?.

light vb.!: to fall, descend (lit. and fig.); pa. pple.

III wish lighted once light Per IV. II. 77.

usu. lighted, once light Per. IV. ii. 77

light vb.2 (rare uses): to grow light 1H4 III. ii. 138 the day, whene'er it l-s; to shine Troil. I. i. 39 us when the sun doth l. a-scorn (mod. edd. a storm+).

lighten: to enlighten 2H4 II. 1, 212 the Lord 1, thee, lightening, old edd. lightning: 1. before death, exhilaration which is supposed to occur in some instances just before death Rom. v. iii. 90.

light-foot (very common in the 16th cent.); lightfooted, nimble R3 IV. iv. 441.

lightly (5 current from 14th to 17th cent.)

1 to no great amount LLL. I. ii. 159 but l. rewarded; limb-meal; limb from limb Cym. II. iv. 147.

in a slight degree R3 1. iii. 45 they love his Grace

but lightly.
2 cheerfully Rom. v. i. 3, Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 138.
3 casily, readily Err. IV. iv. 5 Mg wife... will not lightly trust the messenger, Tit. II. III. 259.

4 nimbly, quickly Gent. III. i. 142.

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5 commonly, often R3 III. i. 94 Short summers 1. have a forward spring. 6 thoughtlessly Cor. iv. i. 29 Believe't not lightly.

lightness: lightheadedness Ham. 11. ii. 149. light o' love: name of a popular dance-tune, to which several 16th cent. songs were sung Gent.

I. ii. 80, Ado III. iv. 44.

like adj. (uses now mainly dial. are)

1 in accordance with appearances, probable, likely
Meas. v. i. 105 0, that it were as l. as it is true!,
Shr. III. ii. 216 'Tis like you'll prove a jolly surly
groom, Rom. IV. iii. 46 is it not like that I...?.
2 like lo, (i) that may be reasonably expected to,
likely to MND. v. i. 117 all that you are l. to know,
1141 IV. ii 194 Cop. III. 47 Voyene l. to know,

1144 III. ii. 124, Cor. III. i. 47 You are l. to know, 144 III. ii. 124, Cor. III. i. 47 You are l. to do such business, Rom. I. v. 139 My grave is l. to be my wedding bed; (ii) apparently on the point of Wiv. IV. v. 121, Ado v. iv. 112 thou wit l. to be my known; AYL. v. iv. 49 I have had four quarrels, and like to have fought one (= and narrowly missed fighting one).

like adv. (the use in like as = even as, e.g. Sonn. lx. 1, gives rise by ellipsis to like conj., as in Per. 1. i.

163, where Ff read as;

1 equally, similarly, alike Tp. III. iii. 66 my fellow-ministers Are l. invulnerable, Err. I. i. 82, H5 II. ii. 183, Cym. III. iii. 41 Like war-like as the wolf, Sonn. exxxii. 12 suit thy pity like in every part.

2 as well as, as also R3 III. v. 9.
3 likely, probably Tp. v. i. 265 Very l., 2H6 III. i. 379 great l. (=highly probable), Cym. v. v. 260 Most l. I did, Sonn. lxxxvii. 2 like enough.

like vb.¹ (i the commonest S, sense)
1 to please Gent. rv. ii. 56 the music l-s you nol,
Troil. v. ii. 99 that that l-s not you (Q) Pleases me best; esp. in conventional phr. Tp. Iv. i. 242 an't like your grace, H8 I. i. 100 Like it your Grace, Cym. II. iii. 59 So like you, sir.

2 like of, to be pleased with, approve of, be fond of Ado v. iv. 59, R3 Iv. iv. 355, Rom. I. iii. 96 can you like of Puris' love?.

3 to feel affection Err. III. ii. 7, John II. i. 511. 4 to be in good condition 2H4 III. ii. 93 you l. well (Ff look); cf. WELL-LIKING.

like vb.2 (2 cf. had like Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 753)

to liken, compare 2H4 II. i. 100 (Q), 1H6 IV. vi. 48. 2 had l-d to have had, came very near having Ado v. i. 115 (Q F<sub>1</sub> likt). likelihood (2 common 16th-17th cent.)

1 probability H5 v. Chor. 29, R3 I. iii. 33; by all l. in all probability Shr. v. i. 14, Cym. I. iv. 57.

2 ground of probable inference, indication, sign Gent, v. ii. 43 These l-s confirm her flight, All'sW. I. iii. 130 Many l-s informed me of this, Oth. I. iii. 108 poor likelihoods.

108 poor tekethoods.
3 'promise' 1H4 III. ii. 45 A fellow of no mark nor l.
likely: comely, handsome Mer.V. II. ix. 92, 2H4
III. ii. 188 a likely fellow.
liking: (good) bodily condition Wiv. II. i. 57 men's
liking, 1H4 III. iii. 6 while I am in some liking. [15.
lily-liver'd: 'white-livered', cowardly Mac. v. iii.
limb: fig. member 2H4 v. ii. 135, H8 I. i. 220 the l-s
o' the plot; H8 v. iv. 68 Limbs of Limehouse, used partly for alliteration, partly as a variation of 'limb of Satan'. [2.

limbeck: alembie, still Mac. I. vii. 67, Sonn. exix. limber: flexible (fig.) Wint. I. ii. 47 l. rows.

130 LIVELY

limbo: (properly) abode of the just who died before Christ's coming ('Limbo patrum') or of infants who have died unbaptized ('Limbo infantum'); used vaguely = Hell, All'SW.v. iii. 264, Tit. III. i. 150 As far from help as l. is from bliss; transf. prison Err. iv. ii. 32 in Tartar l., H8 v. iv. 69 I have some of 'em in Limbo Patrum.

lime (2 usually fig.)

to cement 3H6 v. i. 84 to lime the stones together. 2 to catch with birdlime Ado III. i. 104 She's l-d, Ham, III, ii. 68 01-d soul... struggling to be free, Lucr. 88 Birds never lim'd.

3 to put lime into liquor Wiv. I. iii. 14 Let me see

thee froth and lime (Qq 12 lyme; Ff Q3 liue). lime-kiln (-kill): Troil. v. i. 25 l-s i' the palm\*, (?) burning sensations in the palms of the hands.

1 prescribed time or period Meas. III. i. 223 the. l. of the solemnity, R2 1. iii. 151 The dateless l. of thy dear exile, R3 11. iii. 7 the l. of your lives is out; period of rest after child-bearing Wint, III. ii. 107

before I have got strength of limit.
2 tract, region 1H4 III. i. 74 divided it Into three l-s,
Ven. 235, Sonn. xliv. 4 From limits far remote.

limit vb.: to appoint (a time) Meas. IV. ii. 175, Err. 1. i. 150; to appoint (a person) to an office R3 v. iii. 25 Limit each leader to his several charge.

limitation: allotted time Cor. II. iii. 146. limited: appointed Mac. II. iii. 58 'tis myl. service; restricted Tim. IV. iii. 434' limited professions. limn: to paint AYL. II. vii. 197, Ven. 290. line sb. (I metaphor from angling; 7 only S.) 1 give l., allow full play or scope Wint. I. ii. 181, 2H4 IV. iv. 39; so with full line Meas. I. iv. 56. 2 by l. and level, by means of instruments used for determining exactly vertical and horizontal.

determining exactly vertical and horizontal position, (hence fig.) with methodical accuracy Tp. rv. of life, (in palmistry) the line on the hand

which is supposed to indicate the nature or duration of one's life Mer.V. II. ii. 176 [169].

\*\*under the line, at the equator Tp. Iv. i. 239 (punningly), HS v. iv. 45 (with allusion to the heat). 5 contour, lineament All'sW. v. iii. 49, Wint. I. ii. 154 the l-s Of my boy's face, Cym. Iv. i. 10 the l-s of my body, Sonn. xvi. 9 the l-s of life (=living fea-

tures). 6 degree, station 1H4 I. iii. 168, III. ii. 85.

pl. goings-on, caprices or fits of temper Wiv. rv. ii. 22 your husband is in his old les again, Troil. II. iii. 140 His pettish les; mod. edd. lunest. ¶ Perhaps to be connected with the mod. War-

wickshire 'on a line' = in a rage.

line sb.2: (?) lime-tree Tp. rv. i. 193\*, 237\*. ¶ This
form, a 16th-17th cent. variant of 'lind' = linden, is older than 'lime' (first in the 17th cent.). Cf.

LINE-GROVE.

line vb.1: to strengthen, reinforce, fortify John II. i. 352, 1H4 II. iii. 88 To line his enterprise, H5 II. iv. 7, Mac. I. iii. 112 line the rebel With hidden help. lineal; lineally descended (from) H5 I. ii. 82; due

by right of descent John II. i. 85.

lin'd: stuffed, padded Tim. IV. i. 14 the lin'd crutch.

line-grove: grove of lime-trees Tp. v. i. 10.
linen: used as adj. = white Mac. v. iii. 16 l. cheeks.
ling1: fish of the cod kind; old ling, salted ling

All'sW. III. ii. 14.

ling<sup>2</sup>†: heather Tp. I. i. 71 ling†, heath, broom†,
furze (F<sub>1</sub> Long heath, Browne firs).

linger: to prolong, draw out R2 II. ii. 72, Oth. IV. ii. 231; with on, out 2H4 I. ii. 270, H5 II. Chor. 31 L. your patience on, Troil. v. x. 9, Sonn. xc. 8; to delay MND. I. i. 4.

lingering: (of poison, &c.) slow Wint. I. ii. 320
with a l. dram, Ant. II. v. 66 Smarting in l. pickle.
link: torch 1H4 III. iii. 48; (?) material of 'links' used as blacking Shr. IV. i. 137 no link to colour Peter's hat.

linsey-woolsey: orig. material woven from wool and flax; only fig. strange medley, nonsense All'sW. IV. i. 13.

linstock: staff about 3ft, long, having a forked head to hold a lighted match H5 111, Chor. 33. lion: borne heraldically LLL. v. ii. 577, 1H6 1. v. 28. lion-sick (S.): sick like a lion with pride Troil. IL.

iii. 94.

lip sb.: falling a lip of contempt, expressing contempt by a movement of the lip Wint. I. ii. 373; make a lip at, make a contemptuous face at Cor. II. i. 129.

II. i. 129.
lip vb.: to kiss Oth. IV. i. 72, Ant. II. v. 30.
Lipsbury pinfold (unexplained): Lr. II. ii. 9.
liquor sb.: grand l., grand elixir of life Tp. v. i. 280.
liquor vb.: to dress with oil or grease Wiv. IV. v.
101 liquor fishermen's boots, 1H4 II. i. 94.
liquorish: pleasant, sweet Tim. IV. iii. 195 l.
draughts (Ff<sub>12</sub> Lucourish, Ff<sub>34</sub> Liquorish).

list sb.1:

selvage of cloth Meas. 1. ii. 32, 35.

strip of cloth Shr. III. ii. 70.

(chiefly fig.) limit, boundary, utmost bound Meas. I. i. 6, All's W. II. i. 53, Tw. N. III. i. 87 the l. of my royage, H5 v. ii. 293 confined within the weak l. of acountry's fashion, Ham. IV. v. 99 The ocean, over-peering of his list, Oth. IV. i. 76.

palisades enclosing a space set apart for tilting R21. iii. 43; pl. the space thus enclosed; occas. sing. Mac. III. i. 71; also fig. Ven. 595 in the very

lists of love.

list sb.2; desire Oth. 11. i. 104 (Q1; Qq 23 Ff leave). list sh. (not pre-S.): spec. catalogue of the soldiers of a force Ham. 1. i. 98, I. ii. 32 the levies, The lists, Lr. v. iii. 112 within the lists of the army, Ant. III. vi. 76 (cf. line 67 levying The kings of the earth

vi. 76 (cf. line of terying The kings of the earth for very; also gen. catalogue H8 iv. i. 14 the list Of those that claim their offices this day.

list vb.:to please, choose, like; contracted 3rd person sing, list Wiv. II. ii. 124, Oth. II. iii. 355, also 2nd person Tp. III. ii. 141 as thou list; pa. t. listed R3 III. v. 83 Qq. list Ham, I. v. 177.

listen after: to endeavour to hear of 2H4 I. i. 29

to l. after news, 2H6 1. iii. 152 l. after Humphrey. literatured (S.): learned H5 IV. vii. 158 (Fluellen). lither: yielding 1H6 rv. vii. 21 the l. sky. ¶ 'Lither air' is used by Golding 1567.
litigious: questionable Per. III. iii. 3 a l. peace.

litter: to bring forth (contemptuously of human beings) Tp. r. ii. 282, Cor. 111, i. 238, little (littlest once in Ham. 111, ii. 183)

1 adj. = a little Tw.N. v. i. 175, 2H4 III. i. 43. 2 sb. but a l. = but little. not much Shr. I. ii. 61; in a l. (S.), in a few words, briefly H8 II. i. 11; in l., on a small scale, in miniature AYL. III. ii. 149, The quintessence of every sprite Heaven would in l. show, Ham. II. ii. 392 [384] his picture in little, Compl. 90.

little world: microcosm Lr. III. i. 10 (Qq).
livelihood: animation, life All'sW. I. i. 59 takes
all l. from her cheek, R3 III. iv. 55 (Ff linelyhood,
Qq likelihood), Ven. 26 The precedent of pith and l.
lively adj.:

1 living, animate Tit. 111. i. 106 thy l. body, v. iii.

44, Sonn. Ixvii. 10 lively veins.
2 lifelike AYL. v. iv. 27 Some l. touches of my

daughter's favour, Tim. I. i. 39 livelier than life. vivid, intense Tw.N. v. i. 256 that record is l. in my soul, Vcn. 498 l. joy, Sonn. cliii, 6 l. heat.

4 vivid, brilliant, fresh Tim. 1. ii. 156 l. lustre,

Lucr. 1593 Her lively colour.

lively adv.: 'to the life' Gent. IV. iv. 176 Which
I so l. acted, Tim. v. i. 87 Thou counterfeit'st most l.

liver: supposed seat of love and violent passion Ado IV. 1. 233 If ever love had interest in his l., Tw.N. 1. 1. 37 l., brain, and heart, These sovereign thrones;—white or pale l., symbolical of cowardice Mer. V. III. ii. 86, Troil. II. ii. 50; cf. Tw.N. III. ii. 69, and LILY-LIVER'D, MILK-LIVERED.

liver-vein: in anatomy, old name for the basilic vein; used allusively for 'the style and manner of men in love' (Schmidt) LLL. IV. iii, 74.

livery sb. legal delivery of property into one's possession; only in sue one's l, to institute a suit as heir to obtain possession of lands which are in the hands of the court of wards R2 II. 205, n. iii. 129, 1H4 IV. iii. 62.

livery vb.: to array in a livery (fig.) Compl. 105 Did livery falseness in a pride of truth. living vbl. sb.:

lifetime Compl. 238.
property Mer.V. v. i. 286 life and l., Wint. IV. ii.
[iii.] 106 my land and l., Rom. IV. v. 40 life, l., Lr. i. iv. 120; pl. possessions Mer.V. III. ii. 157.

living ppl. adj .:

1 during one's life or lifetime, while one is or was alive Gent. III. i. 170 death rather than l. torment, R2 v. i. 39 my last l. leave, H8 iv. ii. 70 my l. actions, Sonn. lxvii. 6 his l. hue; so l. death R3 I. ii. 153, Lucr. 726.

2 real AYL. III, ii. 445 [439] a l. humour of madness\*, Oth. III. iii. 410 a l. reason\* (? or sense 3). 3 lasting LLL. I. i. 14 l. art, Ham. v. i. 319 a l.

monument.

4 (?) life-giving Mac. 11. iv. 10 living light.

10: with 2nd personal pron. (cf. O.Fr. 'es vos')
Wint. 1. ii. 106 lo you now, Ant. 1v. xii. [xiv.] 87

load: pa. pple. laden 4 times, loaden 6 times. loathed: loathsome (cf. Despised) R3 i. iii. 232, Rom. III. v. 31.

loathly: with abhorrence Lr. II. i. 51 l. opposite. loathness: reluctance Tp. II. 1. 137 [130].
lob sb.: country bumpkin MND. II. i. 16.
lob vb.: to hang heavily, droop H5 IV. ii. 47.
lock: lovelock Ado III. iii. 181 a' nears a lock.
lockram: linen fabric Cor. II. i. 228 Her richest I.

locust\*: (a) fruit of the carob-tree, locust-bean; (b) honeysuckle (an old rendering of Latin 'locusta'); (c) lollipop, sugar-stick (a meaning now extant only in Devon and Cornwall), Oth. 1. iii. 355 as luscious as locusts. [Lucr. 179. lode-star: guiding-star, guide MND. 1. i. 183, lodge (1 Eliz. sense; 2 not pre-S.)

to harbour, entertain (feelings) Wint. II. i. 110, 2H4 IV. v. 206 lodge a fear, R3 II. i. 65. (of rain or wind) to beat down (crops) R2 III. iii.

162, 2H6 III. ii. 176, Mac. IV. i. 55.

lodg'd: settled, abiding Mer.V. IV. i. 60 a l. hate.
lodging (formerly of much wider use than now) 1 accommodation for rest at night or for residence

LLL. v. ii. 809 hard lodging, H5 IV. i. 16.

dwelling-place, abode, house Mer. V. II. ii. 128, AYL. II. iii. 23, Oth. I. ii. 45, Per. III. ii. 14; fig.

applied to the stocks Lr. II. ii. 179 This shameful?.
3 apartment, room Shr. Ind. i. 49, R2 1. ii. 68
empty 1-8 and unfurnish'd wedls, 2H4 IV. v. 232.
1offe: rare form of 'laugh' in old edd. of MND. II.

i. 55 (rhyming with coffe).

loggats, -ets: game in which thick sticks are thrown to lie as near as possible to a stake fixed in the ground or a block of wood on a floor Ham. v. i. 99.

London stone: ancient stone in Cannon Street,

London, 2H6 IV. vi. 2.

long adj. phr. before or ere it be long, before long, shortly Meas. IV. ii. 79, 1H6 III. ii. 75, 3H6 III. iii. 232; think l., grow weary or impatient Rom. iv. v. 41, Lucr. 1359 l. she thinks till he return again: adv. after a long time Shr. v. ii. 1 At last, though 1.

adv. after a long time SHr. v. II. 12 tost, though t. long adj. 2: long of, owing to, on account of LLL. II.
i. 118, 116 iv. iii. 33, Cor. v. iv. 33.
long vb. 1: to desire earnestly (with clause) Err.
iv. iv. 152 I long that we were safe and sound aboard; = 'thing long' (see Lone adj.) 3H6 III. iii.
254 I long till Edward fall by war's mischance.

294 I tong till Edward fall by wear's mischance.
long vh.2: to belong or pertain to Shr. IV. iv. 7
With such austerity as longeth to a father, H8 I
ii. 32 to maintain The many to them longing.
long-grown: inveterate 1H4 III. ii. 150,
long heath: common heath, heather, or ling,
Erica vulgaris Tp. I. i. 71 (see LING <sup>2</sup>†).
longing: prompted by strong desire Gent. II. vii.
85 my l. journey, Pilgr. vi. 4 [74] A l. tarriance.
longive for a long while Shr. I. 169.

longly: for a long while Shr. 1. i. 169.
long purples: the early purple orchis, Orchis
mascula Ham. IV. vii. 170.

long-staff sixpenny strikers: 'thieves with long staves that knock men down for sixpence' (Wright) 1H4 II. i. 82.

long-tail: see CUT.

long-winded: long-breathed 1H4 m. iii. 180 one . . pennyworth of sugar-candy to make thee l.

loo, low (not pre-S.): cry to incite a dog to the chase Troil. v. vii. 10 now, dog! Low, Paris, low! (F4 'loo),

Lr. III. iv. 76 Alow, alow, loo, loo (Qq a lo lo lo).

loof: old form of 'luff', to bring the head of (a vessel)
nearer to the wind Ant. III. viii. 27 [x. 18].

look sb.: have a l. of, be looked at by Gent.H.IV.109.
look vb. (obs. and idiomatic uses are)
1 to take care, see Tp. IV. i. 51 L. thou be true,
R3 III, iv. 77 l. that it be done, Oth. IV. iii. 9 look it be done.

2 to expect Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 370 The gifts she l-s from me; with infin. (freq.) Tp. v. i. 292; with

clause R2 1. iii. 243, Sonn. xxii. 4.

3 prefixed to an interrogative pron. or adv., or a relative conj., to form indefinite relatives 'whoever', 'whatever', 'whenever', 'however'
Err. II. i. 12 Look when I serre him so, he takes it ill, Troil. I. iii. 79 look how many, Sonn. xxxvii. 13 Look what is best, that best I wish in thee. 4 to seek, search for, 'look for' Wiv. IV. ii. 85,

AYL. II. v. 33 He hath been all this day to look you, All'sW. III. vi. 114, Lr. III. iii. 15 (Qq seeke).

5 to tend or promise to Cor. III. iii. 29. look about, be on the watch Rom. III. v. 40 be wary,

look about; look after, (1) search for (a person) Cym. III. v. 55; (2) seek for, demand 0th. II. i. 253 those requisites . . . that folly and green minds look after; (3) keep watch upon Meas. 1. ii. 154 Is lethery so looked after?: look against, look at (something dazzling) Wiv. II. ii. 259 too bright to be looked against; look back = look back to Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 53 By looking back what I have left behind; look beyond, overlook the true character of, misjudge 2H4 IV. iv. 67; look like, give promise of Lucr. 585 Thou look'dst not like deceit; look on, hold in esteem, respect 3H6 v. vii. 22, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 109, Per. IV. iii. 32; look out, (1) appear, show itself (8.) Troil. IV. v. 56, Tim. III. ii. 81, Ant. v. i, 50; (2) find out by looking Tim. III. ii. 68 I'll look you out a good turn; look through, (1) be visible (S.) 2H4 IV. iv. 120 life looks through and will break out; (b) be visible through (S.) Shr. Ind. ii. 12 my toes look through the overleather, Ham. IV. vii. 151 that our drift

look through our bad performance; look up, cheer up, take courage (8.) Wint. v. i. 215, 2H4 rv. iv. 113, Ham. III. iii. 50; look upon, look on, be a mere spectator (8.) Wint. v. iii. 100, 3H6 11, iii, 27 whiles the foe doth . . . look upon, as if the trugedy Were play'd in jest, Troil. v. vi. 10.

loon, lown:

1 stupid fellow Mac. v. iii. 11 thou cream-fac'd loon! (F+ Lown), Oth. II. iii. 96 (old ballad) With that he call'd the tailor lown (rhyming with crown).

2 men of low birth Per. iv. vi. 19 both lord and l.

loop1: (app.) part of a hinge Oth. III. iii. 366 no hinge nor 1. To hang a doubt on. A north-country

loop 2: loop-hole, opening 1H4 IV. i. 71 all sight-

holes, every loop.

looped (S.): having loop-holes Lr. III. iv. 31 Your l. and window'd raggedness (Qq loopt; Ff lop'd). A different word from 'looped'=arranged or made up in loops, which is not S. loose sb.: lit. discharge of an arrow; hence fig.

plir. at his [i. e. time's] very l., at the last moment

LLL. v. ii. 750.

loose adj. (1 cf. 'Mosquettiers . . . are not be imployed as loose shot in skirmishes', Sir J. Smyth, [1590]

1 loose shot, marksmen not attached to a company 2 wanting in restraint H8 II. i. 127, Oth. III. iii. 417.

3 careless, negligent Troil. III. iii. 41.

loose vb.:

1 to unjoin hands Tit. II. iii. 243 Thy hand once

more : I will not loose again.

2 to let fly (an arrow) MND. II. i. 159, H5 I. ii. 207 many arrows, loosed several ways; intr. Tit. IV. iii. 58 Marcus, loose when I bid.

3 to give vent to AYL. III. v. 103 l. now and then A scatter'd smile, All'sW. 11. iii. 172 both my revenge and hate Loosing upon thee.

loosen: to make a breach between (S.) Lr. v. i. 19.

lop: smaller branches and twigs H8 1. ii. 96. lorded: raised to the position of a lord Tp. 1. ii. 97. lording:
1 lord Sonn. Music 1 [Pilgr. 211]; pl.=Sirs! 2H6
2 lordling, petty lord Wint. 1, ii. 62.

lordliness: lordly state or office Ant. v. ii. 160

lordship: authority of a husband MND. 1. i. 81, All'sW. v. iii. 157.

lose (in old edd. freq. spelt loss)

1 to destroy, ruin 1H4 i. iii. 88, H8 III. i. 106, Ham. III. ii. 207 What to ourselves in passion we propose, The passion ending, doth the purpose lose, Cym. 11. iv. 59 gains or loses Your sword or nine; to ruin in estimation Lr. 1. i. 236 Huth lost me in your liking. See also LOST.

2 to forget LLL. IV. iii. 73 lose an oath, MND. I. i. 114

being over-full of self-affairs, My mind did lose it, H8 II. i. 57 go home and lose me, Ven. 408, Lucr.

1580; (?) refl. in Err. 1. ii. 30.

3 to cause (a person) the loss of Tw. N. II. ii. 21, Lr. I. ii. 129 it shall lose thee nothing.

4 to miss (one's aim) Ant. IV. Xii. [xiv.] 71. 5 refl. to lose one's wits Ant. I. ii. 126.

losing: resulting in loss Mer. V. IV. i. 62 A l. sut, 2H4 I. i. 101 a l. office, Cæs. V. v. 36 this l. duy. loss (2 cf. 'vp peyne of los of lyf', Chaucer; in Tw.N. v. i. 62 the tongue of l.='the report of the losers', Wright).

- 1 perdition, ruin, destruction All'sW. III. ii. 44, Lr. 111. vi. 104 his life, With thine . . . Stand in assured loss, Ant. 1v. x. 42 [xii. 29]; probably also in Wint. 11. iii. 191\*, H8 11. ii. 31\*.
- 2 life's loss, being put to death John IV. iii. 106.
  3 failure to make good use of (time, &c.) Gent. I.
  iii. 19, Lucr. 1420 for loss of Nestor's golden words.

4 default, lack Meas. II. iv. 91 in the loss of question\* (=provided there is no dispute).

5 failure of the scent Shr. Ind. i. 23 ut the merest loss (= when the scent was quite lost).

lost:

1 brought to destruction or death, perished All's W. I. iii. 238, Wint. v. iii. 135, H8 IV. i. 96 that title's lost Mac. I. iii. 24.

2 give lost, despair of Wint. III. ii. 96.

spent to no advantage, (hence) vain, groundless R3 II. ii. 11 It were lost sorrow, Oth. v. ii. 268 a [vii. 54. lost fear.

4 bewildered, perplexed Mac. 11. ii. 72, Ham. IV. lot: prize in a lottery; allusive phr. lots to blanks,

a thousand to one Cor. v. ii. 10.

lottery (2 is S. only)
1 decision by casting lots Troil. II. i. 140; by l.,
by chance Cæs. II. i. 119.

2 what falls to one by lot Ant. II. ii. 251.

loud (2 and 3 are S. only)
1 full of noise John v. iv. 14 this loud day.

2 pressing, urgent Oth. I. i. 151 loud reason. 3 to the loudest, at the top of my voice Wint. II. ii.

louse: to be infested with lice (S.) Lr. III. ii. 29 lousy: only fig. = 'scurvy', contemptible; in 2H6 1v. i. 50 Ff lowsie, Qq lowly.

lout: to insult, mock 1H6 rv. iii. 13.

love sb. (3 an Eliz. sense)
1 act of kindness John IV. i. 49, Per. II. iv. 49. 2 dear friend Mer. V. IV. i. 278, Sonn. xiii. 1, &c.

3 paramour Wiv. HI. v. 81.

3 paramour Wiv, III. v. 81.
4 phr. for one's love, for one's sake, on one's account LLL. v. ii. 848; of all loves, phr. of strong adjuration or entreaty Wiv. II. ii. 119, MND. II. ii. 154 Speak, of all loves, Oth. III. i. 13 (Ff for love's sake); out of love with, unfavourably inclined to, disgusted with Gent. IV. iv. 212, Meas. III. 1. 172 I am so out of love with life, 214 II. ii. 15.

10ve vb.: to love one another AYL. I. i. 120, 2H6
IV. vii. 138, Ces. IV. iii. 130 Love, and be friends, Ant. I iii 88.

Ant. 1. iii. 88.

love-book, book treating of love (S.) Gent. I. i. 19; love-broker, one who acts as an agent between lovers Tw. N. III. ii. 41; love-cause (S.), loveaffair AYL. iv. i. 100; love-day, day appointed for a meeting to settle a dispute Tit. I. i. 491; love-feat (S.), act of courtship LLL. v. ii. 123; love-in-idleness, heartsease, Viola tricolor MND, II. i. 168; love-juice (S.), juice used as a philtre MND, III. ii. 89; love-line (S.), love-letter All'SW, II, i. 81.

lovely adj.: amorous, loving Shr. m. ii. 126 a l. kiss, Pilgr. iv. 3 [44] many a lovely look. lovely adv.: lovably, beautifully 1H4 m. i. 124, Oth. rv. ii. 67 Who art so lovely fair.

lover (obs. or archaic uses are)

1 friend, well-wisher Mer.V. III. iv. 17, H8 IV. i. 104, Cor. v. ii. 14 Thy general is my locer, Cass. III. ii. 13.

sweetheart, mistress Meas. I. iv. 40, AYL. III.

iv. 44 the heart of his lover, Cym. v. v. 173. lover'd: having (such) a lover Compl. 320. love-spring: tender 'shoot' of love Err. 111, ii. 3. loving ppl. adj.: of love AYL. v. iv. 198 thy t. royage, Lucr. 480 my l. tale; H5 v. Chor. 29 by a lower but l. likelihood ('one which the love of the people leads them to dwell on', Wright). ¶ The usu, sense is 'affectionate', 'friendly'.

low adj. (see also LOWER)

Short, not tall Ado I. i. 179, MND. 111. ii. 295 so dwwyfsi and so low, AYL. IV. iii. 89.
 mean, base 1H4 III. ii. 12 low desures, 2H4 II. ii. 194, Lr. II. ii. 149, II. iii. 17.

3 lowly, humble, meek Mer. V. 1. iii. 44 low sim-

plicity, Tw.N. III. iv. 380 my lean and low ability, R3 IV. iv. 356 (Qq lore), Cym. III. ii. 10, III. iii. 85. 4 not flourishing Mer.V. III. ii. 318 my estate is very low, 1H4 IV. iii. 57, Per. II. i. 152 my low fortunes. 5 not loud LLL. IV. iii. 335 will hear the lowest sound,

Shr. Ind. i. 114 soft low tongue; so low-tongued Ant. III. iii. 12 is she shrill-tongu'd or low?.

low adv.: poorly, on poor diet 1H4 I. iii. 167. low interi.: see Loo.

low-crooked: bent low Cas. III. i. 43.

low Dutch: Germans of the sea-coast or the flat countries of the north and north-west All'sW. IV. i. 76.

lower adj.: l. chair, (?) easy chair Meas. 11. i. 137; the or this l. world (not pre-S.), the earth Tp. 111.

iii. 54, R2 III. ii. 38.

lowliness: low or mean condition LLL. IV. i. 81,

H5 IV. viii. 55.

lowly adj.: (?) lying low (in death) 1H6 III. iii. 47. lowly adv.: meanly All'sW. II. ii. 3 lowly taught. lowness: abasement Lr. III. iv. 70; baseness Ant.

111. ix. [xi.] 63.

loyal: legitimate Lr. II. i. 86 L. and natural boy.
lozel: worthless fellow, rascal Wint. II. iii. 108.

lubber: clumsy stupid fellow, lout Gent. II. v. 47,
Lr. I. iv. 101 If you will measure your le's length

lubberly: loutish Wiv. v. v. 202 [195] a great l. boy. luce: pike, as a heraldic bearing Wiv. 1. i. 16.
Lucina: goddess of childbirth Cym. v. iv. 43, Per.

lucre: acquisition or gain (of something) 1H6 v. iv. 141 for lucre of the rest unvanquish'd

Lud's town: London, Cym. 111, i. 32. ¶ So called after a mythical King Lud.

luggage: heavy stuff to be carried, lumber Tp. iv. i. 233, v. i. 298, 1H4 v. iv. 160; baggage of an army H5 iv. iv. 80, iv. vii. 1. lull: old form of 'loll' R3 iii. vii. 71.

lullaby: good-night, farewel Sonn. Music i. 15 [Pilgr. 225]. farewell Tw.N. v. i. 48,

lump: used with ref. to the piece of clay taken up by a potter or sculptor for one operation H8 II. ii. 49 Lie like one l. before him, to be fashion'd... lumpish: low-spirited, dejected Gent. III. ii. 62.

lunes: fits of frenzy or lunacy, mad freaks Wint.
II. ii. 30 These . . . unsafe lunes i' the king; in
mod. edd. for lines (see LINE sb. 17) in Wiv. IV. ii. 22, Troil. II. iii. 140, and for lunacies (Qq browes ? misprint) in Ham. 111. iii. 7.

Lupercal: Roman festival of Lupercus (Pan), Cas. III. ii. 101.

lurch (both were common 16th-17th cent. uses) 1 to lurk about with evil design Wiv. II. ii. 27 to shuffle, to hedge, and to lurch. 2 to cheat, rob Cor. II. ii. 106.

lure sb.; apparatus used by falconers to recall their hawks, 'being made of feathers and leather in such wise that in the motion it looks not vnlike a fowle' (Latham, 1615) Shr. Iv. i. 195 she never looks upon her l., Ven. 1027 As falcon to the lure.

lure vb.: to recall (a hawk) to the lure Rom. II. ii.

159 To lure this tassel-gentle back again.

lush: succulent and luxuriant Tp. 11. i. 55. literary currency of this sense is due to S. lust (neither sense survived the 17th cent.)

1 pleasure, delight Tim. IV. iii. 494, Lucr. 1384 Gazing upon the Greeks with little lust.

2 desire Troil. IV. iv. 132 to my lust = as I please.

lust-breathed\*: (a) inspired by lust, (b) breathing out lust Lucr. 3 L. Tarquin.

lust-dieted: app. feeding gluttonously Lr.rv.i.70. lustihood: bodily vigour Ado v. i. 76, Troil. II. ii. 50. lusty (the main sense is 'vigorous'; often a vague

epithet, so that it is difficult to say how far sense 1 and the common Eliz. meaning of 'pleasing, pleasant are represented in S.; 2 was in use from Chancer to Dryden)

I merry AYL. IV. ii. 17 the lusty horn, John I. i. 108 this same lusty gentleman.

2 lustful Oth. II. i. 307\* the lusty Moor (Qq lustfull).

lute: stringed musical instrument, in vogue 14th-17th cent.; l.-case H5 III, ii.47, l.-string Ado III. ii.61, luxurious: lascivious, lustful Ado IV. i. 41, H5

Iv. iv. 20; so luxuriously Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 120. luxury: lasciviousness, lust Wiv. v. v. 100, Ham.

Lycurgus: legislator of Sparta, Cor. II. i. 61. lym +: rare form of 'lyam' in the sense of 'lyamhound' = bloodhound, proposed by Hanmer in Lr. 111. vi. 72 (Qq him, Ff Hym).

mace: staff of office carried by a sergeant Err. IV. iii. 27; attributed to sleep Cæs. iv. iii. 267 0 murderous slumber! Luy'st thou thy leaden mace upon my boy? (i.e. as if arresting him); sceptre of sovereignty H5 IV. i. 281, 2H6 IV. vii. 143.

Machiavel: intriguer, unscrupulous schemer Wiv. III. i. 104, 1H6 v. iv. 74, 3H6 III. ii. 193. machine: bodily frame (not pre-S.) Ham. II. ii. 123.

maculate: stained, polluted LLL. 1. ii. 98. maculation: stain of impurity Troil. 1v. iv. 64. mad vb.: to make mad, madden (freq.); to be mad

2H6 III. ii. 117 madding Dido. mad-bred: produced by madness 2H6 III. i. 354. made-up: consummate, accomplished Tim.v.i.103. madonna: Italian form of address=my lady,

madam Tw.N. I. v. 46, &c.

madrigal: properly, (1) short lyrical poem, (2) kind of part-song forming a musical setting to such poems; hence gen., song, ditty Wiv. III. i. 18 Melodious birds sing madrigals. maggot-pie: magpie Mac. III. iv. 125.

magnanimity: courage, fortitude 3H6 v. iv. 41. magnanimous: great in courage, nobly valiant All'sW. III. vi. 69, 2H4 III. ii. 173 most m. mouse, H5 III. vi. 6 as m. as Agamemnon, Troil. II. ii. 200 valiant and magnanimous deeds.

magnifico: title given to the magnates of Venice Mer.V. III. ii. 281, Oth. I. ii. 12.

Mahu: name of a fiend taken from Harsnet (cf.

FLIBBERTIGIBBET) Lr. 111. iv. 148, Iv. i. 61. maid-child (not post-S.); female child Per. v. iii. 6. maiden: very freq. as adj. = (1) virgin 1H6 iv. vii. 38 Thou m. youth; (2) belonging to or befitting a maiden Tw.N. v. i. 265 my m. weeds, 1H6 II. iv. 47 this pale and m. blossom, v. iv. 52, H8 IV. ii. 170 strew me over With m. flowers, Rom. II. ii. 86 a m. blush; (3) of a fortress, &c., that has never been taken Lucr. 408; (4) untried in warfare or bloodshed, (hence) innocent, bloodless John IV. ii, 252 a maiden and an innocent hand, 1H4 v. iv.

133 flesh'd Thy m. sword, Troil. IV. V. 87 A m. battle. maidenhead (freq.): virginity Shr. III. ii. 228. maiden-widowed: widowed while still a maiden

Rom. III. ii. 135

maidhood: maidenhood Tw.N. III. i. 164, Oth. I.

Maid Marian: female personage in the May-game and morris dance 1H4 III. iii. 128. maid-pale: white-complexioned (fig.) R2 III. iii. mail: piece of mail-armour Troil. III. iii, 152.

mailed up: wrapped up, enveloped 2H6 II. iv. 31
Mail'd up in shame, with papers on my back.
maim sb.: mutilation or mutilating wound, thence

fig.) grave defect or disablement R2 1. iii. 156,

1H4 IV. i. 42 Your father's sickness is a m. to us, 2H6 11, iii. 41, Cor. IV. v. 92.

main sh.1 (the orig. sense of 'strength' is probably represented in Troil. II. iii. 276 with all our main

1 chief or main part, main body (of something) Mer.V. v. i. 97 Empties itself, as doth an inland brook Into the main of waters, Ham. IV. iv. 15 against the main of Poland.

2 principal point, chief concern Ham. II. ii. 56 3 mainland Lr. III. i. 6 swell the curled waters 'bore

'main sea', ocean John II. i. 26 England, hedg'd m with the main, R3 I. iv. 20, 0th. II. i. 3, 39, Sonn. lxiv. 7 the watery main, lxxx. 8.

main sb.2: in the game of hazard, a number (from

five to nine inclusive) called by the 'caster' before the dice are thrown; only fig. (cf. MAIN CHANCE) 1H4 IV, i. 47 to set so rich a main On the nice hazard of one doubtful hour, 2H6 I. i. 209 look unto the main (= the most important thing at stake).

main adj. (6 is the commonest S. sense)

1 exerted to the full, overpowering 2H6 I. i. 211 by main force, H8 11. ii. 7 main power.

2 highly important, momentous H8 III. ii. 216 this main secret.

3 very great in degree All's W. III. vi. 16 a m. danger

4 chief in size or extent, chief part of AYL. III. v. 103 the main harvest; m. battle, the body of troops form-

ing the bulk of an army 3H6 1. i. 8, R3 v. iii. 300, 5 general H5 1. ii. 144 the main intendment of the Scot, H8 III. i. 92, IV. i. 31 the main assent, Troil. 1. iii. 373, Cæs. 11. i. 196 the main opinion he held once, Ham. 1. iii. 28.

principal, chief All'sW. IV. iii. 104, H8 II. ii. 41, Cor. IV. iii. 20, Ham. I. i. 105, Ant. I. ii. 204.

7 main flood, high tide Mer. V. IV. i, 72. main vb.; old form of 'maim' 2H6 IV. ii. 176 there-by is England mained, and fain to go with a staff. main chance: as a term in hazard = MAIN sb.2, used fig. (1) general probability as to the future 2H4 III. i. 83 prophesy . . . of the m. of things; (2) most important matter at stake 2H6 i. i. 213.

main-course: mainsail Tp. 1. i. 40.

mainly: forcibly, violently 1H4 11. iv. 226 m. thrust at me; greatly, very much Ham. Iv. vii. 9; so m., so much Troil. Iv. iv. 85; entirely, perfectly Lr. IV. vii. 65 m. ignorant What place this is.

maintain (the less freq. uses are the foll.)

1 to carry on (conversation) Ado IV. i. 185, Tw.N. IV. ii. 109 Maintain no words with him.

2 to bear the expense of, afford Shr. v. i. 78. 3 to sustain (a part) LLL. v. ii, 900. maintenance: bearing, demeanour 1H4 v. iv. 22. major: adj. greater Cor. 11. i. 66 the m. part; paramount to all other claims Troil. v. i. 49 My major vow lies here; -sb. major premiss of a syllogism 1H4 II. iv. 552 [544] I deny your major.

majority: superiority, pre-eminence 1H4 III. ii. make sb.: mate, husband or wife Lr. IV. iii. 36 one self mate and make (Q1; the rest mate).

make vb. (6 always coupled with meddle)

to give (a dinner, &c.) H8 I. iii. 52.

2 to get together (a force), muster, raise R3 IV. iv. 451, Cor. v. i. 37; see also HEAD sb. 7.

3 to shut, close, bar Err. III. i. 93 the doors are made against you, AYL. IV. i. 168.

4 to represent, regard, consider (a thing as so-and-so) Meas. v. i. 51, Shr. III. ii. 194, All'sW. II. ii. 6, n. iv. 51, v. iii. 5, Wint. I. ii. 388, 2H4 I. ii. 89,

Cor. I. i. 181. 5 to do, in What m, you?, What m-s he? and the like Wiv. II. i. 243, R3 I. iii. 164, Oth. III. iv. 168.

6 to have to do (with a person or in a matter) Wiv.

I. iv. 115, Ado III. iii. 56 the less you meddle and

make with them, Troil, 1. i. 14, 87.
7 to go Err. 1. i. 92, Lr. 1. i. 145 The bow is bent and drawn; m. from the shaft, Ven. 5 Venus m-s amain

unto him. make away, (1) put an end to, destroy 2H6 III. i. 167 to make away my guilltess life, Ven. 763 So in thyself theyelf art made away, Sonn. xi. 8 And three-score year would make the world away, (2) intr. set out R3 iv. iv. 528 (Qq); make forth, go forward, advance H5 ii. iv. 5, Cæs. v. i. 25; make out, sally forth Tw. N. II. v. 66; make up, (1) complete R3 1. i. 21 sent before my time Into this breathing world, scarce half made up, Cym. Iv. ii. 109 Being scarce made up. to mun; (2) get together, collect 2H6 11. i. 39 Make up no factious numbers, Cas. Iv. iii. 207; (3) compile, draw up H8 I. i. 75; (4) form (a total) LLL. Iv. iii. 207; (5) constitute, compose 3H6 I. iv. 25 The sands that make up my life, Rom. v. i. 48 to make up a show; (6) set out the items of (an account) Cor. I. i. 150 make my audit up; (7) come to (a decision) Troil, II, ii. 170 to make up a free determination; pass. (?) to have made up one's mind John 11.1.541 I know she is not for this match made up (F1); intr. Lr. 1, i. 209 Election makes not up on such conditions (=does not come to a decision).

makeless [see MAKE sb.]: husbandless Sonn, ix, 4,

making (2 not pre-S.)

1 form, shape, build, make Err. IV. ii. 22, MND. II. 2 the m-s of, the materials that go to make H8 IV.

malapert: impudent, saucy Tw.N. IV. i. 48, R3 I. iii. 255

malcontent: the usual 16th-17th cent. form is malecontent 3H6 IV. i. 10, 60 (F<sub>1</sub>). [621]. malefaction (not pre-S.): evil-doing Ham. n. ii. 629

malevolent: (of a star) exercising a baleful influence (fig.) 1H4 I. i. 97 (cf. ASPECT).
malice (1 and 2 in use late 14th to late 17th c.)

power to harm John II. i. 251 Our cannons' m. 2 malicious act Cor. II. ii. 37.

malicious: violent John II. i. 314 this hot m. day.

maliciously: violently Wint. I. ii. 321, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 178 fight muliciously.
malign: to regard with hatred or envy Cor. I. i.

119 you malign our senators, Per. v. i. 90. malignant (3 orig. astrological; the mod. sense oc-

curs thrice Tp. I. ii. 257, R3 II. ii. 52, H8 I. ii. 141)
1 rebellious against God Oth. v. ii. 352\*.
2 (of a disease) virulent All'sW. II. i. 114.

3 of evil or baleful influence Gent. III. i. 239 some

m. power upon my life, 1H6 iv. v. 6 m. . . . stars.

malkin: untidy female servant, slut Cor. II. i. 227,
Per. Iv. iii. 34. ¶ A diminutive of 'Malde'=
Maud, Matilda; it occurs in GRAYMALKIN.

Mall: pet form of 'Maud' Tp. II. ii. 51; Tw. N. I. iii.
137 Mistress M., (?) the kitchen-maid (cf. MALKIN).

mallecho: see MICHING MALICHO.

malmsey-nose: red-nosed 2H4 II, i. 44. ¶ Cf. Malmesey', a jolly, red nose (Dict. of Canting Crew).

malt-horse: heavy kind of horse used by maltsters; only as a term of abuse Err. III. i. 32, Shr. IV. i. 132.

malt-worm: toper 1H4 II. i. 83, 2H4 II. iv. 366. mammer: orig. to stammer, mutter, (hence) to waver Oth. III. iii. 70 (Q<sub>1</sub> muttering). [186. mammet: doll, puppet 1H4 II. iii. 97, Rom. III. v.

mammock vb. (not pre-S.): to break into fragments Cor. I. iii. 71 0! Iwarrant, how he mammocked it.

man sb.: Since I was man, since I was born Lr. III. ii. 45; I write man, I am entitled by my years to call myself a man All'sW. II. iii. 207; žH6 IV. ii.

94 I was never mine own man since = what I used to be; Tp. v. i. 213 no man was his own = in his senses. man vb. (in Oth. v. ii. 269 Man but a rush against Othello's breast, the metaphor may be from the manning of a gun)

1 to provide (one) with attendants 2H4 I. ii. 18 I was never manned with an agate till now, 59.

2 to accustom (a hawk) to the presence of men Shr. iv. i. 196 Another way . . . to man my haggard. manage sb. (1 used both lit, and fig.)

1 training of a horse in its paces R2 111. iii. 179 the m. of unruly jades, 1H4 11. iii. 54 terms of m., H8 v. iii. 24 spur 'em, Till they obey the m., Per. 1v. vi. 70, Compl. 112.

2 action and paces to which a horse is trained AYL. I. i. 13 His horses . . . are taught their m.

3 short gallop at full speed LLL. v. ii. 483 this bruve managet, this career (Q1 nuage, Q2 Ff manager).

a management, conduct, administration Tp. 1. ii. 70 The m. of ony state, Mer. V. 111. iv. 25, John I. i. 37, R2 I. iv. 39 Expedient m., Troil. 111. iii. 25; bringing about, contrivance Rom. 111. ii. 149\*. manage vb. (in Ven. 598 there is probably a ref. to

the technical sense of training a horse)
1 to handle, wield Gent. III. i. 248, R2 III. ii. 118
m. rusty bills, Rom. I. i. 75; fig. Lr. I. iii. 18.
2 to bring about, contrive Oth. II. iii. 217.

manager: wielder (of a weapon, &c.) LLL. 1. ii. 191 rust, rapier! be still, drum! for your m. is in love. manakin: little man Tw.N. 111. ii. 59.

mandragora: mandrake Oth. III. iii. 331.

mandrake: poisonous plant of the genus Mandragora, native to Southern Europe and the East, having emetic and narcotic properties; its forked root is thought to resemble the human form and was fabled to utter a shriek when pulled up 2H6 III. ii. 310 the m-'s groan, Rom. IV. iii. 48 shruks like m-s torn out of the earth; as a term of abuse 2H4 I. ii. 16, III. ii. 342.

mane: applied to the crests of waves Oth. II. i. 13. man-entered: initiated into manhood Cor. 11. ii. 104. manhood: condition of being a man; as opposed to 'childhood' R3 IV. iv. 171, Mac. v. ii. 11; as opposed to womanhood Cym. III. iv. 195. ¶ The

prevailing sense is 'manliness, courage, valour' mankind: sb. stressed ma'nkind and manki'nd (6 out of 8 passages in Tim.) in both senses 'human race' and 'male sex';—adj. masculine, virago-like Wint. II. iii. 67 A ma'nkind witch t, Cor. IV. ii. 16 Are you ma'nkind?.

manly adv.: gallantly, bravely (S.) Mac. IV. iii. 234

This time (Rowe time) goes manly.

manner sb.1:

1 usage, custom, fashion, e.g. Meas. IV. ii. 138 it was ever his m. to do so; Ham. I. iv. 15 to the m. born destined by birth to be subject to the

custom in question.

2 pl. moral character, morals Mer.V. II. iii. 19 though I am a daughter to his blood, I am not to his m-s, H5 1. ii. 49 some dishonest m-s of their life, Ham. I. iv. 30 plausive m-s, Lucr. 1397 Their fuce

their manners . . . told.

3 pl. good way of living 1H4 m. i. 183.

4 pl. forms of politeness Shr. I. i. 245 use your m-s discreetly, All'sW. IV. V. 94.

5 pl. in phr. in or will m-s, becomingly, decently Tw.N. II. i. 15, Cym. I. iv. 59, Sonn. xxxix. 1, lxxxv. 1

manner sb.2: taken with the m., taken with the thing stolen in one's possession, (hence) taken in the very act LLL. I. i. 203, 1H4 II. iv. 350; Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 755 if you had not taken yourself with the m. (= kept what you were going to give us). ¶ A term of Anglo-French law, orig. 'mainoure' (= Fr. 'manœuvre', lit. hand-work), which acquired the concrete sense of 'thing stolen'.

mannerly adj.: seemly, decent Gent. 11. vii. 58, Wint. 11. is 55, 1H6 ir. iv. 19, Rom. 1. v. 102. mannerly adv.: decently, becomingly Ado 11. i. 80, m. modest, Mer. V. 11. ix. 100, Cym. 11. vi. 91.

man-queller: manslayer, murderer 2H4 n. i. 60.
mansion: dwelling, 'house' Tim, v. i. 220 his
everlushing mansion (i. e. grave); cf. nome sb. 1.
mansionry+: (?) abode Mac. t. vi. 5 (Ff mansonry)

? misprint for masonry+).

mantle sb.: vegetable coating on the surface of stagnant water (S.) Lr. III. iv. 137 the green m. of the standing pool; cf. Tp. IV. i. 182 the filthymantled pool.
mantle vb. (2 cf. mantle sb.)

1 to cover, envelope Tp. v. i. 67 the ignorant fumes that mantle Their clearer reason, Cor. I. vi. 29.

to become covered with a coating Mer. V. 1. i. 89 cream and mantle like a standing pond.

manual seal: = SEAL MANUAL R3 IV. i. 25. manure vb.: to till, cultivate Oth. 1. iii. 329.

many sb.: multitude 2H4 I. iii. 91 thou fond m., Cor. III. i. 65 the mutable, rank-scented many (so

F4; Ff 123 Meyny, Meynie).

many adj.: m. a duy, a long time ago H8 v. ii. 20 (contrast for this m. a day=all this long time Ham. III. i. 91); m. a m. = many and many a John 1. i. 183; followed by a possessive pron. Tim. 111. vi. 11 m. my near occasions (= many urgent affairs of mine), Ant. 1. ii. 195 m. our contriving friends; used once in the possessive form Sonn. xciii. 7 In many's looks.

map: fig. detailed representation in epitome, also embodiment, very picture or image (of something) R2 v. i. 12 Thou map of honour, 2H6 III. i. 203, Cor. 11, i. 69 in the map of my microcosm, Tit. 11. ii. 12 Thou map of wee, Lucr. 402, 1712, Sonn. lxviii. 1 Thus is his cheek the map of duys outworn. ¶ Freq. 17th cent. uses. [iii. 205.

worn. Tree to the the map of anys outworn. Tree, 17th cent. uses. [iii. 205.
mappery: map-making (contemptuous) Troil. r.
marble (2 cf. Cym. v. iv. 87 thy m. mansion, 120)
1 hard-hearted Wint. v. ii. 100 Who was most m.
there changed colour, 3H6 mi. i. 38 a m. heart; cf.
m.-breasted Tw.N. v. i.128, m.-hearted Lr. I. iv. 283,
2 (of the heavens) shining like marble Oth. mi. iii.
461 wond purphle heaven.

461 youd murble heaven.

marble-constant: firm as marble Ant. v. ii. 239.
marbled: = MARBLE 2, Tim. IV. iii. 192 the marbled
mansion all above (=the heavens).

marcantant: corruption of Italian 'mercatante' = merchant Shr. IV. ii. 63.

March chick: fig. precocious youth Ado 1. iii. 58. marches: the Scottish or Welsh border H5 I. ii. 140, 3Н6 п. і. 140.

marchpane: confectionery made of almond paste,

sugar, &c., marzipan Rom. I. v. 9.

mare¹: The man shall have his m. again, all will come right in the end MND, III. ii. 463; ride the wild mare, play at see-saw 2H4 II. iv. 268; Whose mare is dead? What is amiss? 2H4 II. i. 48.

mare<sup>2</sup>: nightmare 2H4 II. i. 86. margent ('margin' is not a S. word) 1 edge, border, brink MND. II. i. 85 the beached m.

of the sea, Compl. 39.

2 margin of a page of a book; hence, commentary (from the fact that the margin is used for a commentary on the text) Ham. v. ii. 162; esp. of the eyes as 'illuminating' the countenance LLL. II. i. 244, Rom. I. iii. 86 written in the m. of his eyes, Lucr. 102

marish+ (Pope): marsh, swamp 1H6 I. i. 50 a m. of salt tears (old edd. nourish).

mark 1 (1 freq. in the literal sense)

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1 target, butt : fig. phr. beyond the m. of, beyond the reach of Cor. II. ii. 94 he fought Beyond the m.

of others, Ant. III. vi. 87 Beyond the m. of thought. 2 God bless or save the m., probably orig. a formula to avert an evil omen, and hence used by way of apology when anything disagreeable or improper has been mentioned, or to express impatient scorn at something said by the speaker Gent, IV. iv. 21, 11H t. iii. 56, Rom. III. ii. 53, Oth. I. i. 33, 3 attention, notice, observance Meas. v. i. 320 As much in mock as m., Oth. II. iii. 325 the contemplations of the state of the second measurement.

tion, m., and denotement of her parts ;-of no m. of

no importance or note 1H4 III. ii. 45.

4 object serving to mark a spot at sea, sea-mark Sonn. cxvi. 5 an ever-fixed m., That looks on tempests and is never shaken; fig. guiding object, example, pattern '(Schmidt) Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 8 Four high self, The gracious m, o'the land, 2H4 II. iii. 31 the m, and glass . . . That fashion'd others.

mark 2: sum of 13s. 4d. (freq.).

market: LLL. III. i. 116 he ended the m. is an allusion to the proverb 'Three women and a goose make a market'): R3 1. i. 159 I run before my horse to m., I count the gain before the bargain is made; Ham. iv. iv. 34 m. of his time\*, (a) lit. marketing or selling of his time, i. e. the best use he makes of his time; (b) 'that for which he sells his time' (J.).

market-bell: bell rung to announce the opening of a market 1H6 III. ii. 16. [man).

mark-man: marksman Rom. 1. i. 212 (Ff 3 4 Marksmarl: clay, earth Ado II. i. 67 a clod of wayward marl (= a man).

marmoset: small monkey Tp. 11. ii. 183 [174]. marquess (3 a common 16th-17th cent. use)

1 in Latin countries, grade of noble rank below those of duke and count Mer.V. I. ii. 123 the

Marquess of Montferrat.
2 in England, degree of the peerage between those of duke and earl 2H6 I. i. 64 Lord m., 3H6 III. iii. 164 M. Montague, R3 I. iii. 255 Master marquess. 3 marchioness H8 v. iii. 169 Lady M. Dorset. marriage: 3 syll. once, in Lucr. 221.

marry vb.: freq.fig. = to unite intimately, join closely, e. g. John III. i. 228, Rom. I. iii, 83, Sonn. viii. 6. marry interj.: orig. the name of the Vivgin Mary

used as an oath or invocation := 'indeed, to be used as an oath or invocation:= indeed, to be sure 'Err. II. ii. 105 M., and did, sir, All'sW. II. iii. 64, R31, iii. 261, III.iv. 34; esp. (1) in answering a question, when it often implies surprise that it should have been asked = 'why' or 'why, to be sure 'Tp. III. ii. 47 Wilt thou be pleas'd?...

—M., will I, Gent. II. i. 66 How painted?—M., sir, so painted, R3 I. iii. 98 What may she not? She ann —m., may she Cass. I. ii. 298 Was the may,—ay, m., may she, Cæs. 1. ii. 228 Was the crown offer d him thrice?—Ay, m., was't; (2) with asseverative words or invocations Tw. N. rv. ii. 111 God be vi' you... M., amen, R2 rv. i. 114 M., God forbid!, Rom. rv. v. 8 God forgive me, M., and amen!; (3) marry come up! (not pre-S.), used to express indignant or amused surprise or contempt Rom. II. v. 64, Per. IV. vi. 164; marry-trap\* (S.), ? be off with you Wiv. I. i. 172. marshal sb. (scanned as 2 or as 3 syll.)

1 high officer of state in England, now called 'earl marshal' 1H4 IV. iv. 2 the lord m., H8 IV. i. 19

earl marshal.

2 officer charged with the arrangement of ceremonies, esp. with the regulation of combats in the lists R2 I, i. 204, &c., 2H4 I. iii. 4, &c.; fig. leader MND. II. ii. 120.

3 general officer of the highest rank in the French army Lr. IV. iii, 9 The Marshal of France.

marshal vb.: to guide, lead, conduct Mac. 11. i. 42, Ham. III. iv. 205, Oth. II. i. 270, Per. II. iii, 19.

Marshalsea: prison in Southwark (abolished in 1842) under the control of the knight marshal of the royal household H8 v. iv, 92 (old edd. -sey).

mart sb. (not pre-S. in the sense 'market-place or hall 'Err. I. ii. 74, &c., Mer.V. III. i. 51)

meeting of people for buying and selling, time of holding a market Err. 1. i. 17 Syracusian m-s and fairs, Per. IV. ii. 5 this mart.

2 buying and selling, traffic Ham. I. i. 74 foreign m. for implements of var; bargain Shr. II. i. 321 [329] venture madly on a desperate mart.

mart vb.: totraffic Cyni. I. vi. 151; trans, totraffic in. buy or sell Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 364, Cæs. iv. iii. 11. Martial: like that of the war-god Mars, Cym. iv. ii. 310 his Martial thigh.

Martin: Saint M-'s summer, season of fine mild weather occurring about Martinmas, Nov. 11; fig. season of prosperity after adversity 1H6 i. ii. 131. Martlemas; old form of 'Martinmas'; in 2H4 m.

ii. 112 how doth the m., your master? used derisively of Falstaff; perhaps short for 'Martlemas beef' = meat of an ox slaughtered and salted at Martinmas; cf. 1H4 III. iii. 198 0! my sweet beef. martlet: swallow or house-martin Mer.V. II. ix.

28, Mac.i.vi. 4 temple-haunting martlet † (Ff Barlet).

martyr (2 a 17th cent. use)

to inflict grievous pain upon, torment, torture Rom. IV. V. 59 hated, martyr'd, kill'd. to mutilate, disfigure Tit. III. i. 82 who hath m-'d

thee?, 108, v. ii. 181, Lucr. 802.

martyr'd: m. signs, marks of extreme suffering

Tit. 111. ii. 36. marvel sb.:

marvel sb.: [Cym. III. i. 10. 1 astonishment, wonder Wint. v. i. 188, iii. 100, 2 it is m., it is a wonder Mer.V. II. vi. 3, Shr. Iv. ii. 86; no m. (though), no wonder (if) MND. II. ii. 96, R3 I. iv. 64, Lr. II. i. 100, Ven. 390.

marvellous adv.: wonderfully; only with adjs. and advs. (freq.) MND. IV. i. 26 m. hairy about the face.

mary-bud (S.): bud of a marigold Cym. II. iii. 26.

mash: (properly) to mix (mall) with water to form wort. (hence, pen.) to brow used 6a in

form wort, (hence, gen.) to brew, used fig. in Tit. 111. ii. 38 no other drink but tears, Brew'd with her sorrow, mash'd upon her cheeks (old edd. mesh'd).

mask: to take part in a masque or masquerade Rom.

masking, masquing: belonging to or taking part in a masque Mer. V. 11. vi. 59 Our m. mates, Shr. 1v. iii. 87 what masquing stuff is here?. mass (1, 2 are 16th-17th cent, uses)

applied to the earth Ham. III. iv. 49.

large amount of money or treasure Wiv. II. ii. 289 m-es of money, 2H6 I. iii. 134 a mass of public

3 solid bulk, massiveness Troil. 1. iii. 29, Ham. IV. mast: fruit of the beech, oak, or chestnut, serving

as food for swine Tim, IV, iii, 425,

master sb. (old edd. sometimes maister)

l leader, chief Tit. v. i. 15 bees . . . Led by their m. 2 captain of a merchant vessel Tp. II. ii. 49 The m., the swabber, the boatswain, and I, Mac. I. iii. 7 m. the seaboer, the bodissam, and I, Mac. I. III. In. o' the Tiger; officer having the navigation of a ship of war 2H6 IV. i. stage dir. a Captain, a Master, a Master's-Mate.

3 owner Tp. II. i. 5 The masters of some merchant.

4 good m., patron LLL. IV. i. 107, Wint. v. ii. 197 [188].

great master, chief officer of a royal household H5 iv. viii. 100.

used vocatively as a polite form of address=sir, pl. gentlemen 1H6 I. i. 152 Farewell, my m-s, 2H6 II. i. 97 A plum-tree, m., Ham. II. ii. 449 [440] Fou are welcome, masters.

7 title prefixed to a man's name (in old edd. abbreviated M. or Mr.), e.g. Wiv. 1. i. 46 Master Thomas Page; prefixed to a designation of office or profession Ado III. iii. 17 Master constable, LLL. IV. ii. 87 Master (F<sub>1</sub> M.) schoolmaster, Tim.

IV. ii. 1 Master (F<sub>1</sub> M.) steward.

8 young m., applied by inferiors to the boys and young men of the families of their superiors Mcr.V.II.ii.52 young Master Launcelot; banteringly

in Lr. II. ii. 50 come on, young master, as adj. = main, principal, chief H8 III. ii. 107 The m. cord on's heart, Cas. III. i. 163 The choice and m. spirits of this age, Oth. II. i. 270 the m. and main exercise. Per. IV. vi. 8 her master reasons.

master vb. (neither sense is pre-S.)

1 to rule as a master, be the master of Cym. IV. ii. 383, 395.

to own, possess Mer.V. v. i. 174, 1H4 v. ii. 63, H5 n. iv. 137, Lucr. 863, Sonn. evi. 8.

masterdom: absolute control Mac. 1. v. 71. masterly: Ham. 1v. vii. 96 a m. report, 'a report that describes Laertes as a master of fence

master-mistress: man occupying the position of a mistress Sonn. xx. 2 m. of my passion.

masterpiece: greatest achievement Mac. II. iii. 72. mastership (the foll. are the only uses)

1 with possessive pron. (your m.) used as a title Gent. III. i. 282, Mer.V. II. ii. 63.
2 masterly or supreme skill Cor. IV. i. 7.
mastick: (?) misprint for mastice, dial. form of 'mastiff', used as adj. = massive Troil. I. iii. 73 mastick: When rank Thersites opes his m. jaws (mod. edd. mastiff +, massive +).
match sb. (set a match: see SET vb.)

1 opponent, antagonist 2H6 v. ii. 10 m. to m. I have

encounter'd him.

2 contest viewed with regard to the equality or inequality of the parties Troil. IV. V. 46 It were no m., your nail against his horn, v. iv. 28 art thou for Hector's m.?, Ham. II. ii. 501 [493] Unequal m. (Qq matcht).

3 agreement, compact, bargain Wiv. 11. ii. 307 the hour is fixed, the m. is made, Mer. V. III. i. 48 another bad m., 3H6 III. ii. 57, Troil. IV. v. 37, 269, Cym. III. vi. 30; a match t, agreed t, done! Tp. II. i. 35, Shr. v. ii. 74, Rom. II. iv. 76.

match vb. (sense 7 is peculiar to S.)

1 to ally oneself in marriage Ado II. i. 69 to m. in my kindred, Tw. N. I. iii. 118, 2H6 I. i. 132, 3H6 III. iii. 210.

to associate or join (one) with another Ado II. i.

112 God m. me with a good dancer!, LLL. II. i. 49. 3 to oppose, esp. with equal power MND. III. ii. 305, 2H6 v. i. 156, Ham. IV. vii. 100, Cym. II. i. 25 like a cock that nobody can match.

4 intr. to meet in combat, fight John II. i. 330 Strength match'd with strength.

to place in competition with Rom. II. Chor. 4.

to be suitable to H5 II. iv. 130 m-ing to his youth. to procure as a match Mer. V. III. i. 84 Here comes another of the tribe: a third cannot be matched.

mate sb. (2 sometimes contemptuous)

1 fellow, 'chap' Shr. 1. i. 58, 2H4 II. iv. 132, 1H6 III. i. 99 an inkhorn mate, R3 i. iii. 340.

(on board ship) officer who sees to the execution of the commands of the master or commander 2H6 IV. i. 13 thou that art his [the master's] mate assistant to another Tp. 11. ii. 50 The gunner and his mate.

mate vb.1: to stupefy, confound Err. v. i. 282 I think you are all m-d or stark mad, 2H6 III. i. 265, Mac. v. i. 85 My mind she has m-d, and amaz'd my sight.

mate vb.2 (the sense 'match, marry' also occurs)
1 to rival, vie with H8 III. ii. 275.
2 to join or couple with Ven. 909\* Her more than haste is mated with delays.

material (sense 'important' occurs thrice)

forming the substance of a thing Lr. IV. ii. 35 She that herself will . . . disbranch From her m. sap. 2 full of sense AYL. III. iii. 34 A material fool. matin (rare sense): morning Ham. I. v. 89.

matter (I peculiar to S.)

1 sense, substance (as opposed to nonsense or trifling) Ado II. i. 346 to speak all mirth and no m. AYL. II. i. 68 he's full of m., Lr. IV. iv. 179 Of matter and impertinency mix'd.

phrases: -m. in it, some importance attaching to it Wint. IV. iii. 880 [iv. 874], Oth. III. iv. 138; it's no m. for, there is no importance attaching to (the thing in question) H5 v. i. 17 Tis no m. for his swellings; esp. it's no m. for that = that does not matter Gent. III. i. 337, Wiv. I. iv. 120, Cor. IV. v. 174; no such m., nothing of the kind Ado I. i. 199 [192], Sonn. lxxxvii. 14; used to give an emphatic negative to a previous statement or implication Ado 11. iii. 236 [225], v. iv. 82, Tw. N. 111. i. 5, 2H4 Ind. 15, Troil. 111. i. 99, Ham. 11. ii. 279; to the m., to the point Ham. III. ii. 344 [336], Cym. v. v. 170; off the m., irrelevantly Wiv. III. v. 10.

mature (stressed ma'ture in Lr. IV. vi. 283)

ripe or ready for Cor. IV. iii. 26.

2 pertaining to maturity or manhood Wint. 1. i. 27

their more mature dignities.

3 (of time) due Lr. IV. vi. 283 in the mature time. maugre: in spite of Tw.N. III. i. 165, Lr. v. iii. 133. maund: woven basket with handles Compl. 36.

May: prime Ado v. i. 76 His May of youth; so May-morn H5 1. ii. 120 the very May-morn of his youth. may: the orig. sense ' have power or ability, can is well represented, as are also the mod. uses; occas. with ellipsis of vb. of motion MND. III. ii. 433 That I may back to Athens, 1H4 III. i. 141 you may away by night; the idiomatic you may, you may (Troil. III. i. 120, Cor. II. iii. 39) app. means go on, go on, divert yourself at my expense.

maypole: jocularly of a tall man MND. III. ii. 296.

maz(z)ard: jocular word for 'head' Ham. v. i. 95,

Oth. II, iii. 157.

mazed: dazed, bewildered, confused MND. II. i. 113 the mazed world, H8 II. iv. 183 maz'd considerings. meacock: effeminate, cowardly Shr. II. i. 307 [315]. meadow: low well-watered ground Tit. III. i. 126. meagre: poor, barren Mer. V. III. ii. 104, John III.

meal'd (S.): spotted, stained (fig.) Meas. iv. ii. 86
were he m. with that Which he corrects. ¶ Identical
with Anglo-Saxon 'mælan', from 'mäl' spot,
mole; cf. northern dial. 'mealy' = spotty, 'mail' =to spot, stain, 'mail'=mole.

mealy: covered with fine powder Troil. III. iii. 79.

mean sb. (used in sing, and pl. with the sense 'instrument, agency, method, &c. employed for doing something 'the pl. sometimes taking sing, concord; the meaning 'pecuniary resources,' e.g. Meas. II. ii. 24, is not pre-S.)

I middle position, medium Mer. V. 1. ii. 48 seated in the m., Ant. 11. vii. 22 the height, the lowness, or the m.; moderation 1H6 I. ii. 121 since he keeps no m.

2 tenor or alto (intermediate between treble and bass) Gent. 1. ii. 93, LLL. v. ii. 329, Wint. Iv. ii. [iii]. 46.

3 something interposed or intervening 3H6 III. ii. 141 the m-s that keep me from it, Ant. III. ii. 32

4 make m-s, take steps, use efforts Gent. v. iv. 137, R3 v. iii. 40 make some good m-s to speak with him, 250, Cym. II. iv. 3 What m-s do you make to him?.

5 opportunity of doing something, of access to a person, &c. Err. 1. ii. 18 having so good a m., R3 IV. ii. 75 open means to come to them, Ham. IV. vi. 14 give these fellows some means to the king.

6 (one's) instrumentality, influence, instigation 2H6 III. ii. 124 murder'd By Suffolk and the Cardinal Beaufort's m-s, R3 1. iii. 78 Our brother is imprison'd by your means.

mean adj.: the S. meanings are 'of low degree, station, or position' and 'undignified, low, base'; no mean, no contemptible (an epithet of praise) Mer. V. I. ii. 7 (Q<sub>1</sub>) no meane happinesse (F<sub>1</sub> no smal). mean vb.: to lament, 'moan' MND. v. i. 331.

This form had become restricted to the north

by S.'s time.

meaning: intention, purpose Shr. III. ii. 127 He hath some meaning in his mad attire, R2 II. iii. 74, R3 III. v. 54 Something against our m., Lr. I. ii. 196 if there be any good m. toward you, v. iii. 4 with best meaning.

meanly 1: poorly, badly LLL. v. ii. 329 he can sing A mean most m.; basely, lowlily R3 IV. iii. 37. Cym. 111. iii. 82

[proud. meanly 2: in a slight degree Err. 1. i. 58 not m. meantime: sb. usu. in the m., but once the m. in the same sense Ant. III. iv. 25 the m. . . . I'll raise the preparation of a war ;-adv. (not pre-S.) used both in the temporal sense, and the adversative sense=still, nevertheless (Lucr. Ded. 5).

measle: loathsome disease Cor. III. i. 77 those m-s, Which we disdain should tetter us (old edd. Meazels).

There is a ref. to the common 16th-17th cent.

measure sb. (the sense 'quantity (of drink), arising out of that of 'unit of capacity', develops into 'carouse, toast 'in Mac. III. iv. 11, Oth. II. iii. 32) distance of a fencer from his opponent, fig. = reach

Gent. v. iv. 127 Come not within the m. of my wrath. 2 something commensurate or adequate Cor. II. ii.

128 He cannot but with m. fit the honours Which we devise him; satisfaction (of desire) 3H6 II. iii. 32 measure of revenge.

3 limit, restricted extent Rom. III. ii. 125 no end, no limit, m., Mac. v. vii. 102 [viii. 73] in m., time, and place, Ant. III. iv. 8 most narrow m.; also in phr. above m., beyond all m., out of m. = excessively.

4 moderation Mer.V. III. ii. 112 In m. rain thy joy,

R2 III. iv. 8 When my poor heart no m. keeps in grief. 5 treatment meted out Meas. III. ii. 264 [257], All's W.

- II. iii. 273 hard and undeserved m., 3H6 II. vi. 55
- Measure for measure.
  6 metre H5 v. ii. 138 neither words nor measure.
- 7 tune, melody John III. i. 304 m-s to our pomp. 8 rhythm or time of a piece of music Tw.N. v. i. 41
- the triplex, sir, is a good tripping measure.
  9 dance, esp. grave or stately dance Ado II. i. 81
- a m. full of state and ancientry, R2 1. iii. 291, III. iv. 7, Rom. I. iv. 10, Ven. 1148 tread the measures. 10 stately gait or step Mer.V. II. vi. 11 His tedious m-s, Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 760 the m. of the court.

measure vb.:

1 m. one's length, fall or lie full length on the ground MND. III. ii. 429 To m. out my length on this cold bed, Lr. 1. iv. 100 If you will m. your lubber's length again; so Cym. 1. ii. 26 till you had measured how long a fool you were upon the ground.

2 measure swords, fight AYL. v. iv. 91.

2 massive swords, light ATE. vi. 31.
3 to mark out the bounds of AYL. II. vi. 2.
4 to judge, estimate Wint, II. i. 113, 2H4 v. ii. 652,
H5 I. ii. 268, Rom. I. i. 132, Sonn, Ixix. 10. 5 to traverse Gent. II. vii. 10, Mer. V. III. iv. 84 we

- must m. twenty miles to-day; to go back upon (one's steps), retrace (a path) Tp. II. i. 267 [259], John
- 6 to tread (a 'measure'), only quibblingly in Rom. 1. iv. 10 We'll measure them a measure, and be gone. mechanic: adj. engaged in a manual occupation

H5 I. ii. 200 The poor m. porters, Ant. v. ii. 208 m. slaves; (hence) vulgar, low Ant. IV. iv. 32 to stand On more m. compliment ;-sb. handicraftsman (contemptuous) Cor. v. iii. 83 Do not bid me . . . capitulate Again with Rome's mechanics.

mechanical: adj. = MECHANIC adj. Wiv. II. ii. 295 m. salt-butter rogue, 2H4 v. v. 39 m. and dirty hand. Cæs. I. i. 3;—sb. = MECHANIC sb. MND. III. ii. 9 rude mechanicals, 2H6 I. iii. 196.

medal: metal disk used as trinket, locket Wint. I. ii. 307 he that wears her like her medal, hanging About his neck. meddle (1, 2 late exx. of these senses)

1 to mingle Tp. 1. ii. 22 More to know Did never m. with my thoughts.
2 to 'mingle' in fight, engage in conflict Tw.N. III.
iv. 278 meddle you must.

3 to have dealings, concern oneself with Ado III. iii. 34, Shr. II. i. 25 m. not with her, All'sW. IV. iii. 41, Rom. I. ii. 40 the shoemaker should m. with his yard.

me'dicinable: healing, medicinal Ado II. ii. 5 (F1 medicinable), Troil. I. iii. 91 (Q Ff med'cinable), Oth. v. ii. 350 Their m. gum (Qq medicinall), Cym. III. ii. 33 Some griefs are m. (Fi<sub>123</sub> medicinalle), me'dicinal: Wint. II. iii. 37 words as m. as true;

see also the prec. word.

medicine sb.1: applied, as commonly from 1400 to edicine so:: applied, as commonly from 1400 to S.'s time, to drugs, &c., used for other than remedial purposes; e.g. the philosopher's stone or elixir All'sW. v. iii. 102 multiplying m., Ant. I. v. 36 that good m.; poison Lr. v. iii. 97, Oth. Iv. i. 46 Work on, My m., work!; a philtre 1H4 II. ii. 20, 22, Oth. I. iii. 61.

medicine sb.2: doctor, physician All'sW. II. i. 75; fig. Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 600, Mac. v. ii. 27.

medicine vb.: to heal, cure Cym. IV. ii. 243 Great griefs...m. the less; to bring by medicinal means to Oth. III. iii. 333 m. thee to that sweet sleep.

medlar: the tree Mespilus germanica, or its fruit which is like a small brown-skinned apple and is eaten when decayed to a soft pulpy state; always with quibble on 'meddler' Meas. IV. iii. 188, A Y L. III. ii. 126, 129, Rom. II. ii. 34, Tim. IV. iii. 305.

med ('recompense, reward' is the prevalent sense)
1 gift (S.) Tim. I. 1. 288 '.
2 merit, worth 3H6 II. i. 36 Each one already blazing

by our m-s, IV. viii. 38 my m. hath got me fame, Ham. v. ii. 149 in his meed he's unfellowed.

meek (the moral sense also occurs)

1 mild, merciful, gentle Tim. III. vi. 106 affable wolves, meek bears, Cæs. III. i. 255 That I am meek and gentle with these butchers.

subdued, spiritless, tame Ant. v. ii. 161, Lucr. 710 all recreant, poor, and meek.

meered: see MERED.
meet: adj. be meet with (not pre-S.), be even or quits with Ado I. i. 47 ;-adv. fitly All'sW. v. iii. 338 if it end so meet.

meet vb. (1 = mod. 'meet with'; 2 now expressed by the simple 'meet'

- 1 to encounter, experience, receive, gain Gent. I. i. 15 When thou dost meet good hap, 1H4 v. v. 42 Meeting the check of such another day, 2H4 IV. V. 184 By what by-paths I met this crown, Lr. 111. vii. 101 If she live long, And . . . meet the old course of death.
- 2 m. with, (i) come face to face with or into the company of Gent. v. ii. 45, Err. 1. ii. 27 I'll meet with you upon the mart, Mac. 1. i. 7 There to meet with Macbeth; (ii) encounter (an enemy, &c.) 1H4 iv. iv. 13 The king with mighty . . . power Meets with Lord Harry, 2H4 II. iii. 48 I must go and meet with danger there.
- 3 to come to a meeting, keep an appointment Wiv.

II. iii. 5 'Tis past the hour, sir, that Sir Hugh promised to meet, Meas. IV. i. 20, AYL. V. ii. 131. meeting: meeting-place (once) 1H4 III. ii. 174. meetly (once): fairly good or well Ant. I. iii. 81. meetness (once): fitness Sonn. cxviii. 7.

meinie, meiny (2 used by Day, 1609)

1 body of retainers Lr. n. iv. 35 (Qq men).

2 common herd, vulgus Cor. III. i. 65 the mutable, rank-scented m. (F4 many).

melancholy: ill-temper, sullenness John III. iii.
42 that surly spirit, m. ¶ A late instance of a sense current from the 14th cent.

mell := MEDDLE 3 All'sW. IV. iii. 258.

melt: to weaken, enervate Ado IV. i. 325 manhood is m-ed into curtsies, Tim. IV. iii. 257 thou wouldst

have . . . melted down thy youth.

melting: yielding or softening to emotion, tender (hence of eyes, &c.) tearful 2H4 IV. iv. 32 m. charity, 3H6 I. iv. 174 thy m. tears, II. ii. 41 thy m. heart, Cæs. II. i. 122 The m. spirits of women, Oth. v. ii. 348 unused to the m. mood, Ven. 315 his melling buttock. [dial.) member (1 now Warwickshire and Worcestershire

1 person Meas. v. i. 231 [237] instruments of some

more mightier member That sets them on.

one who has a part or share (in something) 2H4 IV. i. 171 m-s of our cause, Oth. III. iv. 111 a m. of his love. memorable (only in H5)

easily remembered H5 II. iv. 53\*. commemorative H5 IV. vii. 100 for a m. honour, v. i. 76 a memorable trophy.

memorial adj. : of remembrance Troil. v. ii. 77

memorial . . . kisses.
memorize: to cause to be remembered, make memorable H8 III. ii. 52, Mac. I. ii. 41 Or m.

another Golgotha. memory (cf. 'a perpetual memory of that his precious death' Prayer Book, Communion)

phr. of m., remembered 1H6 IV. iii. 51 That ever living man of m., Ham. v. ii. 403 rights of m. :—of little m., soon forgotten Tp. II. i. 241 [233]; book of m., memorandum-book 1H6 II. iv. 101, 2H6 I. i. 101.

2 memorial, memento AYL. II. iii. 3, Cor. IV. v. 77 m., And witness, Cas. III. ii. 140 for m., Lr. IV. vii.

7 memories of those worser hours.

mend (' make better, improve' in various contexts is the most freq. sense

1 to reform H8 III. i. 104 hollow hearts I fear ye. M. 'em; refl. Tw.N. I. v. 49 bid the dishonest man m. himself; intr. = refl. Meas. III. ii. 28 go m., Tw.N. I. v. 49 if he m., Lr. II. iv. 232 M. when thou canst.

2 to make amends for, atone for Cor. III. ii. 26 You must return and m. it; (hence) to remedy, 'help' R2 11. iii. 153, 111. ii. 100.

3 to adjust, set right All'sW. III. ii. 7 m. the ruff, Ant. v. ii. 321 Four crown's avry; I'll m. it. 4 to restore to health 2H4 I. ii. 125 heaven m. him!;

intr. to get better, recover one's health Ado v. ii. 98 love me, and m.; (of a malady) to abate Tim.

V. i. 192 My long sickness... now begins to mend. to improve by addition, increase the value of Shr. I. ii. 154 I'll m. it with a largess, Tim. I. i. 173 You m. the jevel by the wearing it, Ant. I. v. 45 To mend the petty present.

6 to supplement, supply the deficiency of Err. IV.

iii. 59 we'll mend our dinner here. HS 1. iv. 61. to grow better in quality, do better, improve MND. v. ii. 55 [i. 431], Tw.N. 1. v. 79, Cor. 1. iv. 38, Ant. 1. iii. 82.

8 to improve upon, better LLL. v. ii. 330 in ushering M. him who can, AYL. III. ii. 72 M. the instance.

9 in asseverations and pious wishes AYL. IV. i. 199 so God mend me, 1H4 III. i. 254, Rom. I. v. 83 God shall m. my soul; H8 I. ii. 201 God m. all!, Cym. v. v. 68.

mends: means of reparation, remedy Troil. 1. i. 70. This meaning occurs in the 16th-17th cent. only in the phr. 'have the m. in one's own hands.'
mercatante †: see MARCANTANT.
merchandise sb.: construed as a pl. Ant. II. v.

104; make m., trade, traffic Mer. V. III. i. 137 make what merchandise I will.

merchandise vb.: to traffic in Sonn. cii. 3.

merchant (1 and 2 common Eliz, uses)
1 fellow, 'chap' 1H6 II. iii. 57, Rom. II. iv. 67.
2 merchantmen Tp. II. i. 5, 2H4 II. iv. 67.
mercurial: fleet, like Mercury's, Cym. Iv. ii. 310

His foot Mercurial.

Mercury: in Roman mythology, the messenger of the gods; (hence) messenger, newsbearer R3 II. i. 89; go-between Wiv. II. ii. 83; the god as patron of thieves and cheating Tw.N. I. v. 104 M. endue thee with leasing, Troil. II. iii. 12 M., lose all the serpentine craft of thy caduceus.

mercy (1 usu. in phr. I cry you mercy; 3 hence the general phr. at, in, or within the mercy of)

general pnr. at, m, or within the mercy of) cry m., beg for pardon or forgiveness Gent. v. iv. 94 0, cry you mercy, sir; I have mistook, AYL. III. v. 61 Cry the man m., H8 v. iii. 78 I cry your honour mercy, Lr. nı. vi. 55. by m., (?) by a merciful condition Tim. III. v. 56\*. clemency of a conqueror Mer.V. iv. i. 356 the offender's life lies in the m. Of the duke, H5 III. iii. 3 To any host of the stream of the stream

3 To our best m. give yourselves, 3H6 I. iv. 30 Yield to our m.; phr. at m., in m., absolutely in the power of the victor Cor. I. x. 7 I' the part that is at m. (i.e. conquered), Lr. 1. iv. 352 that . . . He

at m. (i.e. conquered), Lr. I. IV. 352 that . . . He may . . . hold our lives in m.

mere adj.: absolute, sheer, perfect, downright Wiv. IV. v. 64 cozenage, m. cozenage, LLL. I. ii. 36 the m. contrary, H8 III. ii. 330 the m. undoing Of all the kingdom, Mac. IV. iii. 152 The m. despair of surgery, Oth. II. ii. 3, Cym. IV. ii. 92 to thy m. confusion. ¶ A common sense for more than two centuries, surviving late in the 18th; but less freq. in S. than the ordinary mod. use (which is not rus. Eliz) is not pre-Eliz.).

mere adv.: absolutely All'sW.III. v. 55 m. the truth.
mered \*: Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 10 The m. question (old
edd. meered) = (a) the sole ground of dispute (b)

the matter to which the dispute is limited (taken from 'mere' vb., to bound, limit).

merely: absolutely, entirely Tp. 1. i. 61 m. cheated of our lives, R2 II. i. 244, Cor. III. i. 303 clean kam.— M. awry, Ham. I. ii. 137 things rank and gross in nature Possess it merely. About as freq. as the meaning 'only'

merit: due reward, recompense A dearer m., not so deep a maim, LLL II. i. 21, R2 I. iii. 156. mermaid: siren Err. III. ii. 45.

merriment: entertainment, amusement (S.) MND.

111. ii. 146.

merry (3 not pre-S.)
1 (of wind) favourable Err. iv. i. 91.

amusing, funny Tit. v. ii. 175 a merry jest. facetious, 'pleasant' Tim. III. ii. 42 I know his

lordship is but merry with me.
4 merry men, companions in arms or followers of a knight or an outlaw chief AYL. I. i. 123.

mervilous: old form of 'marvellous' H5 II. i. 50. mesh'd: see MASH.

mess:

- 1 dish (of food), course of dishes Wiv. III. i. 63 a m. of porridge, Shr. IV. iv. 70, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 11 our feasts In every m. have folly, Tim. IV. iii. 427, Lr. i. i. 119.
- 2 quantity of food stuff sufficient for a dish 2H4 II. i. 106 to borrow a mess of vinegar. 3 one of the groups of persons, normally four, into

140 MIND

which the company at a banquet was divided; Wint. I. ii. 227 lower m-es (i.e. people of inferior status), John I. i. 190 He and his toothpick at my worship's mess, Ham. v. ii. 90 at the king's mess. set of four LLL. Iv. iii. 207, v. ii. 362, 3H6 I. iv.

73 your mess of sons. message: sent on a m., sent to do an errand Gent. iv. iv. 119, 1H6 iv. vii. 53; similarly go of m. 2H6

ıv. i. 113.

metal, mettle (differentiated spellings of the same word, used without distinction in the old edd., but in mod. edd. mettle is usu. restricted to 4. 5. and 6)

1 material of which arms are made, hence = sword John v. ii. 16 That I must draw this m. from my

side; cf. All'sW. II. i. 42.

2 precious metal, gold (S.) Err. IV. i. 83, Mer.V. I. iii. 135, R3 IV. iv. 383 The imperial m., circling now thy head; fig. Tw.N. II. V. 17 my m. of India

now thy head; 1g. 1W.X. II. V. 11 my m. of India (Ff234 Nettle). 3 fig. 'stuff', substance, material AYL. II. vii. 82 the m. of my speech, All'sW. I. i. 143, H5 III. i. 27 The m. of your pasture; with ref. to a person's 'make-up' or character Meas. I. i. 48, R3 IV. iv. 303 of your m., of your very blood, H8 111. ii. 240, Lr. 1. i. 71 I am made of that self m. as my sister. 4 disposition, temperament Tp. 11. i. 189 [182] of brate m., Tw.N. 111. iv. 303 I care not who knows

so much of my m., v. i. 334 the m. of your sex, John 11. i. 401 the m. of a king, Cass. 1. ii. 301 He

was quick mettle (conj. mettl'd +).

5 (of a horse) natural vigour and ardour, spirit 1H4 iv. iii. 22 Your uncle Worcester's horse...their

pride and mettle is asleep, Compl. 107. 6 ardent temperament, spirit, courage Ado v. i. 136, 1H4 II. iv. 13 a lad of m., Cæs. II. i. 134 th' insuppressive m. of our spirits, Oth. IV. ii. 207 there's mettle in thee.

metaphysical: supernatural Mac. I. v. 30 m. aid. mete (occurs twice; old edd. also meat)
1 to measure, estimate 2H4 IV. iv. 77.
2 to aim at LLL. IV. i. 136.

meteor: luminous body or appearance of any kind in the sky R2 II, iv. 9 And m-s fright the fixed stars of heaven, Rom. III. v. 13 some m. that the sun exhales; fig. Err. IV. ii. 6 his heart's m-s tilting in his face.

mete yard: measuring rod Shr. rv. iii. 152. metheglin: spiced drink made from wort and honey, of Welsh origin Wiv. v. v. 171, LLL. v.

ii. 234.

method: summary of the contents of a book, fig. Tw.N. I. v. 245 In what chapter of his bosom?-

To answer by the method, in the first of his heart.

methoughts: past tense of methinks=it seemed to me Mer.V. 1. iii. 70 (Qq<sub>134</sub> Methought), Wint. 1. ii. 154, R3 r. iv. 9, 24. Not recorded before S.; current till the middle of the 18th cent.

mew: to coop up, shut up MND. r. i. 71, R3 r. i. mew! (not pre-S.): to cry feebly AYL. rr. vii. 144. micher: truant 144 rr. iv. 455.

miching malicho: usu, taken to mean 'sneaking or skulking mischief', miching being referred to the same root as MICHER and malicho taken to represent Spanish 'malhecho'=misdeed; but form, origin, and meaning are uncertain: Ham. III. ii. 148 this is Miching Malicho (F<sub>1</sub>; Q<sub>1</sub> 1603 myching Mallico, Q<sub>2</sub> 1604 munching Mallico, Malone miching mallechot).

mickle: great Err. III. i. 45, H5 II. i. 70 An oath of m. might, Rom. II. iii. 15. ¶ In S.'s time its use in literature was archaistic; in colloquial use it

was northern and north-midl. dial.

microcosm: man viewed as the epitome of the universe Cor. II. i. 70 in the map of my microcosm. middle: mid MND. II. i. 82 middle-summer's spring. middle earth: the earth, viewed as being be-

tween heaven and hell or occupying the centre of the universe Wiv. v. v. 86.

mid-season: noon (S.) Tp. 1. ii. 239. midway: middle course, medium Ado 11. i. 8, Ant. III. iv. 19;—adj. m. air = mid-air Lr. iv. vi. 14;—adv. half-way Troil. I. iii. 278, Per. v. i. 48.

might (obs. or archaic senses are)
1 power to do a thing Troil. III. ii. 164 to be wise,
and love, Exceeds man's m.; MND. v. i. 92\* noble respect Takes it in m., not merit (=noble considera-tion accepts it as an act of ability without regard to its merit).

2 efficacy, virtue AYL. III. v. 81 thy saw of m., H5 II. i. 70 An oath of mickle might, Sonn. lvi. 4. 3 bodily strength Cæs. II. iv. 8 I have a man's mind,

but a woman's might.

mightily: with great effort, vigorously Shr. 1. ii. 282 Strive m.; greatly, very much (the usual S. sense) 3H6 III. ii. 74 thou wrong'st thy children mightily.

milch: giving milk Shr. II. i. 351 [359] m. kine, Ven. 875 a m. doe; transf. applied to the eyes when weeping Ham. II. ii. 548 [540] Would have

made m, the burning eyes of heaven.
mild: calm Per. 111. i. 27 Now m, may be thy life!
For a more blust rous birth had never babe.

Mile-end (Green): drill ground of the London troops All'sW. IV. iii. 304, 2H4 III. ii. 301. militarist (S. coinage): soldier All'sW. IV. iii. 162 Monsieur Parolles, the gallant militarist.

milk: as a type of what is pleasant and 'sweet' Rom. III. iii. 54 Adversity's sweet m., philosophy, Mac. v. iii. 98 the sweet m. of concord; S. phr. milk of human kindness, compassion characteristic of humane persons Mac. I. v. 18.,

milk-livered: 'white-livered,' cowardly Lr. IV. milky: timorous, weak Tim. III. i. 58 such a faint and m. heart, Ham. 11. ii. 508 [500], Lr. 1. iv. 366.

million'd: countless Sonn. cxv. 5 Time, whose m. accidents. ¶ Q milliond, which may be a form of 'million,' as in mod. dial.

mill-sixpence: sixpence stamped by means of the mill and press Wiv. 1. i. 160.

millstone: phr. drop or weep m-s, said of a hard-hearted person R3 1. iii. 353, 1. iv. 249; so Troil. 1. ii. 156 Queen Hecuba laughed that her eyes ran o'er.—With millstones.

mimic: burlesque actor MND. III. ii. 19 (F1 Mimmick : see MINNICK).

mince (the mod. development sense 2 is illustrated in H5 v. ii. 130)

to extenuate, make light of Oth. n. iii. 249 Thy honesty and love doth mince this matter.

2 to report (what is said) euphemistically Ant. 1. ii. 114 mince not the general longue.

3 to affect in a mincing manner Lr. IV. vi. 123 yond

simpering dame . . . That minces virtue. mincing: affectation H8 II. iii. 31.

mind sb. (1, 2 now obs. exc. in phrases)

judgement, opinion; phr. in my m., to my m., as I think Mer. V. IV. i. 408, Ham. I. iv. 14.

2 purpose, intention, desire, wish Err. iv. i. 114 servants must their masters' m-s fulfil, Mer. V. ii. viii. 42, Tit. v. iii. 1 it is my father's m. That Irepair to Rome, Cass. i. ii. 296 if... your mind hold.

3 way of thinking and feeling with respect to moral qualities Gent. v. iii. 13 he bears an honourable m. (=entertains honourable sentiments), Cæs. v. i. 113 He bears too great a mind.

4 disposition, intention towards others Gent. 1, ii.

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33 I would I knew his m., AYL. I. ii. 253, 2H6 III. i. 374 the commons' m., How they affect the house . . . of York, Tim. III. iii. 23, Lr. I. iii. 16.

5 person (regarded abstractly as the embodiment of mental qualities) Sonn. cxvii. 5 I have frequent been with unknown minds.

mind vb. (the use in negative sentences = '(not) to

care for, occurs once Per. II. v. 20)

1 to remind Wint. III. ii. 226, H5 Iv. iii. 13 I do thee wrong to mind thee of it. Cor. v. i. 18.

2 to call to mind H5 Iv. Chor. 53.

3 to perceive, notice Tp. 11. ii. 17 I'll fall flat : Perchance he will not m, me; to attend to, heed Shr.

I. i. 252 you do not mind the play, Rom. iv. i. 13.

4 to be inclined, intend MND. v. i. 113, 316 iv. i.
106 she m-s to play the Amazon, Per. ii. iv. 3.

minded: disposed, inclined Tp. v. i. 126, H8 iii. i.
57 to know they you stand minded, Lr. iii. i. 2.

mindlegt: numindful excless Wirt: ii. 201

mindless: unmindful, careless Wint. 1. ii. 301,

Tim. 1v. iii. 93.

mine sb.: subterranean cavity Oth. IV. ii. 78 The bardy wind... Is hush'd within the hollow mine of earth. ¶ Cf. 'When a wherilewind... tosseth...
His fixt root from his hollow mines' (Chapman).

mine pron. (obs. uses): my property Shr. n. i. 377 [385], Wint. r. ii. 135, Sonn. exxxiv. 3; my busi-

ness Meas. 11. ii. 12 Go to; let that be mine.
mineral (1 an Eliz. use)
1 mine Ham. 1v. i. 26 Among a mineral of metals. 2 mineral medicine or poison Oth. I. ii. 74, II. i.

309 a poisonous mineral, Cym. v. v. 50. [165. Minerva: Roman goddess of wisdom Cym. v. v.

mingle (1 peculiar to S.)

1 to put together so as to make one, to 'pool' Cym.

1. vi. 186 have mingled sums To buy a present.
2 to join (faith, friendship) Wint. 1. ii. 110, 1v. iii. (iv.) 473; m. eyes, look into each other's eyes Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 156. [month. minikin\*: shrill Lr. III. vi. 46 one blast of thy m.

minim: musical note (in ancient music, the shortest) Rom. II. iv. 23 He . . . rests me his m. (Q1 and mod. edd. rests me his m. rest, Qq 2-5 rests(,) his minum rests).

minimus: diminutive creature MND. 111. ii. 329. minion: saucy woman, hussy, jade Gent. 1. ii. 89, Err. 111. i. 54, 2H6 1. iii. 141, Tit. 11. iii. 124 This m. stood upon her chastity, Oth. v. i. 33 M., your dear lies dead. ¶ The other S. sense is 'darling, favourite'.

minister sb.:

1 one employed by another to carry something into effect, agent Tp. 1. ii. 131 The m-s for the purpose, All'sW. 11. i. 140, Wint. 111. ii. 161 I chose Camillo for the minister to poison My friend, 2H6 111. i. 355 a m. of my intent, Ham. 111. iv. 175 their [i.e. heaven's] scourge and minister.

angel (messenger of God) Meas. v. i. 116 m-s above, Ham. I. iv. 39 ministers of grace.

minister vb.:

1 to furnish, supply Ado II. i. 387 m. such assistance, R2 II. iii. 105 m. correction to thy fault, Oth. II. i. 279 what other course you please, which the time shall . . . m.; to prompt, suggest Meas. iv. v. 6 As cause doth minister.

2 to perform (a ceremony) Tp. 1v. i. 17.

3 to apply or administer (something healing or the reverse) Gent. II. iv. 151, John v. i. 15 present medicine must be m-'d, Rom. IV. iii. 25, Per. III. ii. 8; absol. Mac. v. iii. 40 m. to a mind diseas'd. ministration \*: service All'sW. II. v. 66.

minnick, minnock: (?) one who apes or fools about MND. III. ii. 19 And forth my m. comes (Q1 Minnick), Q2 Minnock, Ff123 Minnick). ¶ Cf. 'minical,' 'minike' = trifling (Wright's Provincial

Dictionary), and dial. 'minnock' vb. = to affect delicacy, to ape, fool about, 'minnock' sb. = affected person.

minnow: as a type of smallness LLL. I. i. 249 that base m. of thy mirth, Cor. 111. i. 88 this Triton of the

minority: earliest age Lucr. 67 from world's m. Minotaur: (allusively) devouring monster 1H6 v. iii. 188.

minstrel: one whose profession was to entertain with music and story-telling Shr. 111. ii. 186 I hear the m-s play, Rom. 111. i. 51, Lucr. 817 Feast-finding minstrels, tuning my defame.

minstrelsy: company of minstrels LLL. r. i. 175 I love to hear him lie, And I will use him for my m .;

music made by minstrels Tim. 11. ii. 171, Per. v. ii. 7. minute; m. while 1H6 1. iv. 54 and m. of the hour LLL. v. ii. 795 = simply 'minute'; by the m., every moment Aut. 111. i. 20.

minute-jack (? cf. Jack 4): one who changes his mind every moment, fickle person Tim. III. vi. 108. minutely (not pre-S.): happening every minute

Mac. v. ii. 18 m. revolts upbraid his faith-breach. minx: wanton woman Tw.N. III. iv. 135, Oth. Iv.

mirable: marvellous Troil. IV. v. 141.

miracle: refl. (?) to be revealed by miracle (S.) Cym. rv. ii. 29\*.

mire (2 not pre-S.)

to be spatter, defile Ado IV. i. 135 m.'d with infamy. to sink as in mire Tim. IV. iii. 148 Paint till a horse may mire upon your face.

mirror: model, paragon H5 11. Chor. 6.

mirth (obs. uses)

1 fun Wiv. iv. vi. 14, Ado II. i. 345 to speak all m. and no matter, MND. v. i. 57; jest Ant. I. iv. 18 for a mirth.

2 object of merriment Wint. I. ii. 166, Cæs. IV. iii.

49 I'll use you for my mirth, 113.

misadventured (S.): unfortunate Rom. I. Chor. 7. Misanthropos: hater of mankind Tim. IV. iii. 53. misbehaved (S.): ill behaved Rom. III. iii. 142.

miscarry (1 the prevailing meaning in S. and from the 14th to the 18th cent.)

I to come to harm or destruction, perish Mer. V III. ii. 316 my ships have all m-ied, 2114 iv. i. 129 That by indictment and by dint of sword Hure since m-ied, H5 IV. i. 157, Lr. v. i. 5 Our sister's man is . . . miscarried, Oth. v. i. 6.

2 to go wrong, prove unsuccessful Cor. 1. i. 272 what miscarries, Rom. v. iii. 267.
3 to be abortive, fail LLL. IV. i. 115 of horns that year miscarry; (of a child) to be born prematurely 2H4 v. iv. 10, 15.

4 to get into wrong hands H8 III. ii. 30. mischief (1 the orig. sense of the word)

1 misfortune, calamity Wiv. rv. ii. 78, 1H4 v. i. 21, 1H6 v. iii. 39 A plaguing m. light on Charles, Oth. 1. iii. 204 a m. that is past and gone, Per. 1. iv. 8. 2 disease Ado 1. iii. 13 to apply a moval medicine to

a mortifying mischief.

misconceived: having a wrong idea 1H6 v. iv. 49. misconster, -construe: cf. conster, construe. miscreate: illegitimate, spurious H5 1. ii. 16. misdoubt sb.: mistrust, suspicion 2H4 IV. i. 206,

2H6 III, i. 332 change misdoubt to resolution.

misdoubt vb. (in common dial. use)

1 to have doubts as to All'sW. III. vii. 1, Ant. III. vii. 62; absol. All'sW. I. iii. 132.

2 to be mistrustful or suspicious of (a person) Wiv. II. i. 191 I do not misdoubt my wife.

to have misgivings or suspicions in regard to (a thing) LLL, IV. iii. 194, 3H6 v. vi. 14 The bird that hath been limed . . . m-eth every bush, R3 III. ii. 86. misdread: dread of evil Per. I. ii. 12.

miser: wretch 1H6 v. iv. 7 Decrept miser. misery: Cym. v. iii. 64 noble m.\* (a) miserable no-

bility, (b) wretchedness in noble estate. misgovern'd: unruly R2 v. ii. 5 rude m. hands. misgovernment: evil conduct Ado IV. i. 100. misgraffed (S.): fig. badly matched MND. 1. i. 137. misorder: to confuse 2H4 IV. ii. 33 The time m-'d. misplace (not pre-S. in any sense): to use words in a wrong place (S.) Meas. 11. i. 93.

misprise, misprize: to despise Ado III. i. 52 Dis-dam and scorn . . . Misprising what they look on, AYL. I. i. 180, &c., Troil. IV. v. 74 (Ff disprising). misprision : mistake, misunderstanding Ado IV.

i. 187, 1H4 I. iii. 27, Sonn. lxxxvii. 11. misprision 2 (once): contempt All'sW. II. iii. 159.

misprized: mistaken MND. III. ii. 74. misproud: arrogant 3H6 II. vi. 7.

misreport: to speak ill of Meas. v. i. 148. miss sb. (1 'feel the miss of ' is now the usual expression in midland dialects)

1 disadvantage caused by the loss of (a person) 1H4 v. iv. 105 I should have a heavy miss of thee. 2 wrong-doing, offence Ven. 53 blames her miss.

miss vb. (3 several times in pres. pple.)

1 to do without Tp. 1. ii. 311 We cannot miss him,

2 to fail (a person) Wiv. 111. v. 56 I will not m. her.

3 to be wanting Rom. 1. Chor. 14 What here shall m.,

our toil shall strive to mend.

mis-sheathed: sheathed by mistake Rom. v.iii.205. missing: absence Cym. v. v. 276 Upon my lady's m. missingly (S.): with a sense of loss Wint. Iv. 1. [ii.] 34.

mission: sending of help Troil. III. iii. 189. missive: messenger Mac. 1. v. 7, Ant. II. ii. 78. mis-speak: to speak wrongly John III. i. 4 thou

hast misspoke (F1 mispoke), misheard. mist sb.: state of uncertainty Err. 11. ii. 220.

mist vb.: to bedim Lr. v. iii. 264 m. or stain the stone. mistake (pa. pple. mistaken, mista'en, mistook)

1 to take wrongly, falsely, or improperly Wiv. II.
ii. 231 I have lost my edifice by mistaking the place where I erected it, John III. i. 274 purposes mistook, Ham. III. ii. 266 So you m. your husbands (Q'1 and mod. edd. must take), v. ii. 398; to take to a wrong person or place LLL. IV. i. 57 This letter is mistook, 100

2 to misjudge AYL. 1. iii. 67, H8 1. i. 195 I... could wish he were Something mistaken in't.

3 (?) to misdoubt Tim. III. ii, 25 \* he mistook him. and sent to me. [mista'en.

4 intr. to go astray Rom. v. iii. 203 This dagger hath mistaking: mistake, error Tp. 1. ii. 248, Meas. 111. ii. 154, Shr. 1v. v. 49. ¶ A freq. sense about 1580-1650.

mistempered (2 is peculiar to S.)

disordered, deranged John v. i. 12 m. humour. 2 tempered for an evil purpose Rom. 1. i. 93 Throw your mis-temper'd weapons to the ground. [iv. 40. mistership: old form of 'mistress-ship' Tit. 1v. mistful+ (Ff mixtfull) : dim H5 IV. vi. 34 m. eyes. misthink: to think ill of 3H6 II.v. 108, Ant.v. ii. 175, mistreading (not pre-S.): misdeed 1H4 III. ii. 11.

mistress (3 is the commonest S. use) 1 woman having a protecting or guiding influence Lr. 11. i. 42 conjuring the moon To stand auspicious

mistress.

2 female possessor or owner Gent. iv. iv. 209; m. of, possessed of, having at disposal AYL. r. ii. 4, Wint. III. ii. 60.

3 chief, first H8 III. i. 151 the hly, That once was m. of the field; as adj. H5 11. iv. 133 the m. court of mighty Europe.

4 (as a title or prefix) = madam LLL. v. ii. 845 m.,

look on me; = Mrs., Wiv. IV. ii. 139 M. Ford; = Miss Wiv. I. i. 197 M. Anne Page; jocularly in Tp. 1v. i. 237, Shr. v. ii. 42, Rom. 111, v. 152.

=JACK 6, Troil. III. ii. 50.

mistrust sb.: m. of, doubt as to Cæs. v. iii. 66. mistrust vb.: to suspect the existence of or anticipate the occurrence of Ado II. i. 191 an accident of hourly proof, Which I m-ed not, Wint. II. i. 47 All's true that is m-ed, 3H6 v. vi. 38 Which now m. no parcel of my fear, R3 II. iii. 42 m. Ensuing danger; with clause Lucr. 1516.

mistrustful: causing suspicion Ven. 826.

misuse sb. (1 is peculiar to S.) 1 ill-usage 1H4 1. i. 43.

evil conduct Oth. IV. ii. 108 my least m.

misuse vb. ('use wrongly' is the most freq. sense)
1 to abuse, revile Ado II. i. 248, AYL. IV. i. 213 [205], Shr. ri. i. 160. [Sona. clii. 7. 'to speak falsely of, to misrepresent' (Schmidt) = ABUSE vb. 1, Ado II. ii. 28.

mite: minute particle Per. II. Gower 8.

mixture: preparation of various ingredients Rom. IV. iii. 21, Ham. III. ii. 272, Oth. I. iii. 104.

mo, moe: more in number; once qualifying a sing. noun (but with pl. implication) Tp. v. i. 234 mo diversity of sounds.

moan sb.: lamentation, grief Ado v. iii. 16 assist our oan st. iamentation, grief Aut. In Polasicular, 116 ii. iii. 44 hy mirth shall turn to m., Cym. Iv. ii. 273 Thou hast finished joy and moun; also phr. make moan. ¶ The mod. sense is post-S.

moan vb.: to make lamentation Lucr. 977. mobled: muffled Ham. II. ii. 533 [525] the m. queen (Qq;  $F_1$  inobled). ¶ Survives in Warwickshire. mock sb.: in m., derided Meas. v. i. 320 As much in mock as mark; Oth. v. ii. 149 made m-s with,

played or sported with.

mock vb. (3 is peculiar to S.) 1 to defy, set at nought Mer. V. II. i. 30 mock the lion when he roars for prey, Tw. N. III. iv. 228 mocks reproof, Mac. II. ii. 7, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 184. 2 mock with, ridicule Sonn. lxxi. 14 mock you with me

ufter I am gone.

3 to simulate, make a false pretence of 3H6 III. iii. 255 For m-ing marriage, Ant. v. i. 2. [iii. 50. mockable (not pre-S.) : deserving ridicule AYL.III. mocker: one who deceives or disappoints AYL. II. vi. 14 theu art a mocker of my labour.

mockery:

1 imitation, counterfeit representation, unreal appearance H5 tv. Chor. 53 Minding true things by what their mockeries be, R3 III. ii. 27 the m. of unquiet slumbers, Mac. III. iv. 107 Unreal m., hence!. 2 ludicrously futile action Ham. I. i. 146 our vain

blows [are] malicious mockery.
3 attrib. = imitation R2 iv. i. 260 m. king of snow. mode: reading of Ff34 in 2H4 IV. v. 198: see MOOD2. model (4 is peculiar to S.)
1 architect's design for a building 2H4 I, iii, 42 We

first survey the plot, then draw the m., 46; fig. Ado 1. iii. 48 model to build mischief on.

2 sketch on a small scale, plan, ground-plan R2 III. iv. 42, v. i. 11 the m. where old Troy did stand, 2H4 I. iii. 51, R3 v. iii. 24 the form and m. of our

3 exact likeness or image (of something), something representing on a small scale the qualities (of another) R2 1. ii. 28, H8 1v. ii. 133, Ham. v. ii. 50, Per. II. ii. 11.

4 something that envelops closely, mould R2 III. ii.

153\*, H5 II. Chor. 16\*

modern: everyday, ordinary, commonplace AYL. II. vii. 156 Full of wise saws and m. instances, John 111. iv. 42, Mac. Iv. iii. 170 A m. ecstasy. ¶ The only S. sense; peculiarly Eliz.

modest: moderate, marked by moderation, becoming All's W. m. i. 131, Tw. N. I. iii. 9 within the n. limits of order, 1. v. 193 give me m. assurance if you be the lady of the house (= sufficient to satisfy me), H8 v. iii. 69 reverence to your calling makes me m. (= moderate in language), Cor. III. i. 274 Do not cry havoc, where you should but hunt With m. varrant, Lr. II. iv. 25 with all m. haste, iv. vii. 5 All my reports go with the modest truth.

modestly: without exaggeration, with due modera-tion Troil. iv. v. 221, Cæs. 1. ii. 69.

modesty: moderation Shr. Ind. i. 68 If it be husbanded with modesty, Cæs. III. i. 213 cold modesty. modicum: small quantity Troil. II. i. 73 m-s of wit. Modo: name of a fiend taken from Harsnet (cf.

FLIBBERTIGIBBET) Lr. III. iv. 148, IV. i. 61. module: mere image or counterfeit All'sW. IV. iii. 114 this counterfeit m. (model†), John v. vii.

58 module of confounded royally.
moiety ('half' is the most freq. sense)

- 1 share, portion 1H4 III. i. 97 my m. . . . equals not one of yours, Ham. I. i. 90 a m. competen, Lr. I. i. 7, Sonn. xlvi. 12 The clear eye's m. and the dear
- heart's part.
  2 small part, lesser share or portion Wint. II. iii.
  8 a moictly of my rest, Lucr. Ded. 2.
  moist (1 a 16th-17th cent. use)

1 rheumy 2H4 1. ii. 206 a moist eye, a dry hand.
2 juicy, succulent Tim. IV. iii. 224 these moist trees (moss'd+).

3 bringing rain All's W. H. i. 167 M. Hesperus, Ham. I. i. 118 the moist star (= the moon).

4 liquid, watery 2H4 IV. v. 138 my teurs, The moist impediments unto my speech, Troil. 1. iii. 41. moisture: bodily humours 3H6 II. i. 79.

moldwarp: mole (the animal) 1H4 III. i. 148. mome: blockhead, dolt Err. III. i. 32.

moment (2 a 17th cent. sense, not pre-S.)

1 on or upon the m., immediately Tim. 1. i. 80, Compl. 248; in a m., at one and the same time Mac. 11. iii. 116. [poorer m.

Mac. 11. iii. 116. [poorer m. 2 cause or motive of action Ant. 1. ii. 152 upon fur momentany: lasting but a moment MND. 1. i. 143 m. as a sound (Ff momentarie). ¶ Common 16th-17th cent.; once in S.; momentary 7 times. [14.

momentary-swift: rapid as a moment Troil.iv. ii. Monarcho: title assumed by an insane Italian who fancied himself emperor of the world; hence applied to one who is the object of ridicule for his absurd pretensions LLL. 1v. i. 102.

money: from S. onwards the use of the pl. for the sing, has been commonly attributed to Jews Mer.V. I. iii. 109, &c. ¶ Cf. 'monish'.

mongrel bitch, cur: abusive epithets for persons
Troil. v. iv. 14, Lr. 11. ii. 24.

Monmouth cap: flat round cap formerly worn by

soldiers and sailors H5 IV, vii. 105.

monster (1 peculiar to S.)

1 to make monstrous Lr. 1. i. 223 her offence Must be of such unnatural degree That monsters it.

2 to point at as something wonderful Cor. II. ii. 82 idly sit To hear my nothings monster'd.

monstrous: as an exclamation = astounding MND. III. i. 110, O m.! O strange! we are haunted, 1H4 II. iv. 247, Lr. v. iii. 161; as adv. exceedingly, wonderfully MND. I. ii. 55 in a m, little voice, All'sW. II. i. 187 monstrous desperate.

montant: 'an upright blow, or thrust' (Cotgr.) Wiv. 11. iii. 27 thy punto . . . thy distance, thy m.; cf. Signior Mountanto applied to Benedick (Ado 1. i. 30) to imply that he is a professional fencer or bravo.

month's mind: inclination, liking Gent. 1. ii. 134. monument (1 occurs freq., 2 once)

1 place of burial, grave, sepulchre Ado IV. i. 208 your family's old m., Tit. II. iii. 228, Rom. III. v. 203 In that dim m. where Tybalt lies, Ant. IV. xi. [xiii.] 3, &c.

2 portent Shr. III. ii. 98 some wondrous m., Some

comet, or unusual prodigy.

3 statue, effigy Meas. v. i. 227, All'sW. Iv. ii. 6, Cym. II. ii. 32 a m. Thus in a chapel lying, Lucr. 391.

monumental (not pre-S.): sepulchral Oth. v. ii. 5 m. alabaster; serving as a memento All'sW. IV. iii. 20 his m. ring; like a monument Troil. III. iii. 153 to hang. . . like a rusty mail In m. mockery. mood 1 (I current from the 12th cent, to 1600)

1 anger, displeasure Gent. IV. i. 51 Who, in my m., I stabb'd, All'sW. v. ii. 5 muddied in Fortune's m., H5 IV. vii. 38, Rom. III. i. 13, Oth. II. iii. 276; (?) angry cast of countenance Sonn. xciii. 8 m-s and frowns.

2 form, shape, mode Ham. 1. ii. 82 all forms, m-s, shows of grief (Q 1695 and mod.edd. modes+), Compl. 201 the encrimson'd mood [i. e. of rubies].

mood 2: key in which music is written (fig. and associated with 'mood '= state of mind) 2H4 IV. v. 198 now my death Changes the m. (Q mood, Ff 12 moode, Ff3 4 mode).

moon (occurs six times in the sense 'month')

1 phr. moon's men, minions of the moon, 'night-walkers', robbers by night 1H4 1. ii. 35; go by the m., be a 'night-walker' 1. ii. 15; under or beneath the m., on earth Ham. IV. vii. 145, Lr. IV. vi. 27, Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 68; below the m., earthly H8 111. ii. 135.

2 typifying a place impossible to reach 2H6 III. i. 158 dogged York, that reaches at the moon.

3 symbolical of or identified with Diana, goddess of chastity MND. r. i. 73 the cold fruitless m., rr. i. 156, 162, Mer.V. v. i. 109, 1H4 t. ii. 32, Cor. r. i. 263, v. iii. 65 Publicola, The moon of Home. [115. mooncalf: mis-shapen birth, monster Tp. II. ii.

moonish: changeable (as the moon) AYL. 111. ii. 436.

moonshine (1 jocular nonce-use)

month Lr. I. ii. 5.

2 m. in the water, appearance without substance, something unsubstantial or unreal LLL, v. ii. 209,

3 make a sop o' th' m. of \*, (a) throw into a pool of water, where he may, so to speak, float on moonshine, (b) make a 'mess' of (with ref. to the 16th-17th cent, dish called 'eggs in moonshine') Lr. 11. ii. 35.

Moor: negro, negress Mer. V. 111. v. 42, Oth. 1. i. 40. Moorditch: filthy stagnant ditch outside the city walls, draining the swampy ground of Moorfields 1H4 r. ii. 88.

Moorfields: place outside Moorgate where the city trainbands were exercised H8 v. iv. 34.

mop: grimace Tp. IV. i. 47 mop and mow; also vbl. sb. mopping Lr. IV. i. 62 mopping and mowing.

mope: to be in a state of bewilderment, go about or act aimlessly Tp. v. i. 240 brought maping hither, H5 111. vii. 148 (see KNOWLEDGE), Ham. 111. iv. 81. ¶ A sense now confined to northern dial.

moral sb. (both the foll, are rare)

1 hidden meaning Ado III. iv. 77 you have some m. in this Benedictus, Shr. Iv. iv. 79.

2 symbolical figure H5 111. vi. 35.

moral adj. (3 cf. moral sb. 1)

1 enunciating moral precepts, moralizing Ado v. i. 30, Lr. IV. ii. 58 a m. fool; so Ado I. iii. 13 to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying mischief.

2 allegorical Tim. 1. i. 91 moral paintings.

3 (of a meaning) hidden Ado III. iv. 78. moral vb.: to moralize AYL. 11. vii. 29.

moralize: to draw out the hidden meaning of,

(gen.) interpret, explain AYL, II. i. 44 Did he not m. this spectacle?, Shr. iv. iv. 81, R3 III. i. 83 I m. two meanings in one word, Lucr. 104; also intr. Ven. 712 thou hear'st me moralize.

moraller (S.): moralizer Oth. 11. iii. 303.

more:

1 of higher class, only in more and less = persons of

all ranks 1H4 IV. iii. 68, Mac. v. iv. 13, Sonn. xcvi. 3. 2 (with sbs. of quality, condition, or action) greater in degree or extent Gent. v. iii, 3 A thousand m. mischances than this one, John II. i. 34 To make a more requital to your love, Cor. III. ii. 124 it is my more dishonour.

more above: moreover Ham. II. ii. 126

moreover: with clause = besides (that) Ham. II. ii.2. Morisco: morris-dancer (S.) 2H6 III. i. 365.

morn: not used in prose.

morning: used as adj. connoting vaguely the attributes possessed in the morning, or the fact that morning is the time referred to MND. IV. i. 100 I do hear the m. lark, AYL. II. vii. 146 the. schoolboy with his . . . shining m. face, Ham. I. ii. 218 the morning cock crew loud.

morris 1, morris-dance: grotesque dance performed by persons in costume, usually representing characters from the Robin Hood legend All's W. II. ii. 26 As fit as . . . a morris for May-day, H5 II. iv. 25 A Whitsun morris-dance.

morris: nine men's m., game played on a board between two players, each with nine pebbles, disks, pegs, or 'pins' MND. 11. i. 98.

morris-pike: pike supposed to be of Moorish origin

Err. IV. iii. 27.

mort: note sounded on a horn at the death of the deer Wint. I. ii. 119 The mort o' the deer.

mortal (the senses 'deadly, fatal' and 'subject to death' are the commonest in S.)

1 of or for death All's W. III. vi. 81 my m. prepara-

tion, Mac. IV. i. 100\* mortal custom.

2 belonging to, or common to mankind, human Tp. 1. ii. 403 This is no m. business, R2 1. i. 177 m. times (=lifetime of men), H5 IV. i. 262 m. griefs, Mac. I. v. 3 m. knowledge.

3 (?) excessive, very great AYL. II. iv. 55 m. in folly.

mortality (2 not pre-Eliz.)
1 human or mortal life Meas, 111, ii, 200, John v.

vii, 5, H5 I, ii, 28 brief m., Mac, II, iii, 100. 2 death Meas, I, i, 44, IV, ii, 151, John IV, ii, 82 m-'s strong hand, 1H6 IV, V, 32 I beg mortality. (?) deadliness H5 iv. iii. 107 in relapse of m. (= 'a deadly rebound', Wright).

mortally: in the manner of mortals Per. v. i. 105. mortal-staring: fatal-visaged R3 v. iii. 91 m. war. mortar-piece: short piece of ordnance with a

large bore H8 v. iv. 49.
mortgage: pass. to be pledged Sonn. exxxiv. 2.
mortfied (Mac. v. ii. 5' is referred to 1 and 2)
1 destroyed, dead H5 i. 26 his wildness, m. in him.

dead to the world LLL, 1, i, 28 deadened, numbed, insensible Cæs. 11. i. 324 My m.

spirit, Lr. II. iii. 15 their numb'd and m. bare arms. mortifying: mortal, deadly Adoi. iii. 13 a m. mischief; involving mortification of desire, self-denying Mer. V. 1. i. 82 mortifying groans.

mose (S.): m. in the chine, suffer from glanders Shr. 111. ii, 52.

most (the most of = 'the majority of' Tp. 1. ii. 477) 1 greatest in degree or extent Meas. III. i. 76 The sense of death is m. in apprehension, iv. i. 46 my m. stay Can be but brief, 1H6 iv. i. 38 resolute in m. extremes, Ham. 1. v. 179 at your m. need, Ant. 11. ii. 172 With m. gladness. [2H6 i. iii. 149.

2 m. master, app. the greatest master, i.e. the king

3 for the most, for the most part Meas. v. i. 441.

mot: motto Lucr. 830.

[moth, moath) mote (old edd. in 1 mote, moat(e, in 2 and 3 chiefly 1 particle of dust in a sunbeam Per. iv. iv. 21.

2 minute particle of anything, atom LLL. IV. iii. 161, MND. v. i. 326 A m. will turn the balance, John IV. i. 92, Ham. 1. i. 112 Am. it is to trouble the mind's eye, Lucr. 1251.

3 spot, blemish H5 IV. i. 192 wash every mote out of

his conscience.

moth: fig. parasite Cor. r. iii, 93 (pun), Oth. r. iii. 258. ¶ As a proper name applied to small persons LLL, I, ii, 81, &c. MND, III, i, 169, but in this use perhaps a form of MOTE, q.v. mother:

1 womanish qualities H5 IV. vi. 31.

2 term of address to an elderly woman of the lower class Wiv. IV. ii. 195 M. Prat, 2H6 I. iv. 13.

3 fig. source, cause R3 11, ii, 80 the m, of these griefs, Cym, III. iv. 52 \* Whose m. was her painting (='a creature born and made up of the paint-pot, Dowden). [86.

head of a female religious community Meas. I. iv.

5 hysteria Lr. II. iv. 56.

mother-queen: queen-mother John II. i. 62. motion sb. (5, 6 still prevalent uses in 18th cent.)

1 power of movement Meas. III. i. 118 This sensible

warm m. (i.e. in the body), Rom. 111, ii. 59. 2 bodily exertion Ham. IV. vii. 157 When in your m.

you are hot and dry.
3 movement of the body acquired by drill and training Tw. N. III. iv. 307, Ham. Iv. vii. 101 the scrimers . . . He swore, had neither m., guard, nor eye.

4 instigation, prompting Wiv. III. ii. 37 he gives her folly m. and advantage, Err. III. ii. 24; influence

Cor. 11. ii. 58 (or ? sense 5). 5 inward prompting or impulse, (hence) desire, inclination, emotion Meas. I. iv. 59 m-s of the sense, Mer. V. v. i. 86, John IV, ii, 255 The dreadful m. o

Mer. V. V. 1, 50, 30ill V. 11, 253 The areasy in m. of a murderous thought, Caes. II. i. 64, Ham. III. iv. 72, Oth. I. ii. 75 \*, I. iii. 335 our raging m-s. 6 proposal, offer Wiv. I. i. 55, 1H6 V. i. 7, H8 II. iv. 231 on earnest m. Made to the queen, Tit. I. i. 243. 7 motive, reason H8 I. i. 153 From sincere m-s, Cor.

11. i. 57 hasty . . . upon too trivial motion, puppet-show Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 104 a m. of the Produgal Son, Lucr. 1326; puppet Gent. II. i. 104 0 excellent m.! O exceeding puppet!, Meas. III. ii. 121. motion vb.: to propose 1H6 1. iii. 63 One that . . .

molions war. motive (in the ordinary mod. sense construed with

of, for, or clause; 2 only S.)

1 mover, promoter, instigator All'sW. IV. iv. 20, Tim. v. iv. 27, Oth. Iv. ii. 42 Am I the m. of these tears?, Ant. II. ii. 100; that which promotes H5 II. ii. 156.

2 moving limb or organ R2 t. i. 193 The slavish m. of recanting fear (viz. the tongue), Troil, IV. v. 57

every joint and motive of her body.

motley: parti-coloured dress of a professional jester AYL, II. vii. 34; attrib. II. vii. 13 A m. fool, H8 Prol. 16 a long m. coat; (hence) fool AYL. III. iii. 84, Sonn. cx. 2 I have... made myself a m. to the wew. motley-minded: foolish AYL. v. iv. 41, mought (pa. t. of MAY): could 3H6 v. ii. 45.

mould sb, 1: earth; men of m., mortal men H5 III. ii. 24 mould sb. 2 (2 cf. Fr. 'moule'; 3 in poetical use since

the Eliz. period)

model, pattern Ham. III. i. 162.

2 applied to the body with ref. to the clothes fashioned for it Mac. I. iii. 145.

3 bodily form; in Cor. III. ii. 103 this single plot .. This m. of Marcius with a quibble on MOULD sb.1 mould vb.: m. up, go to form H8 v. v. 27.

moulten (S.): having moulted 1H4 III. i. 151 a m. mounch: old form of 'munch'. [raven. mount sb.: on m., set up on high Ham. IV. vii. 28. mount vb. :

1 to cause to rise H8 1. i. 144 The fire that m-s the liquor till it run o'er; to erect, set up Tp. 11. ii. 11 like hedge-hogs, which . . . m. Their pricks, 2H6 1. iv. 40 castles m-ed; to excite to a higher degree All's W. 1. i. 239 which m-s my love so high.

2 to set (guns) into position John II. i. 211, 381; fig.

LLL. v. ii. 82, H8 i. ii. 205.

mountant: rising Tim. IV. iii. 136.

Mountanto: see MONTANT. mountebank: to win over, with tricks like those of a mountebank Cor. III. ii. 132.

mounting mind: phr. of Eliz. writers, used quib-

blingly in LLL. iv. i. 4.

mouse sb.: playful term of endearment to a woman LLL. v. ii. 19, Tw.N. 1. v. 68, Ham. 111. iv. 183. mouse vb.: totear, bite MND. v. i. 276, John II. i. 354. mouse-hunt: woman-hunter Rom, Iv. iv. 11. mouth sb.:

1 phr.:-a sweet mouth, (?) a taste for sweet things Gent. 111. i. 333; in the mouth(s of, spoken of by Mer. V. 1. iii. 61 Your worship was the last man in our m-s, John IV. ii. 187, 1H6 III. i. 196, Oth. II. iii.

195 m-s of wisest censure (Q<sub>1</sub> men), Sonn. lxxxi. 14. 2 voice (of hounds) MND. iv. i. 129 match'd in m. like bells, 1H6 II. iv. 12; phr. spend his m., bark H5 II. iv. 70 coward dogs Most spend their m-s (= bark the loudest), Ven. 695, fig. Troil. v. i. 101 He will spend his mouth, and promise, 3 spokesman 3H6 v. v. 18 I am now my futher's m.,

Cor. 111. i. 35.

4 used in compounds to express insincere profession:—mouth-friend Tim. 111. vi. 100, -honour Mac. v. iii. 27, -made vows Ant. 1. iii. 30.

mouth vb. (2 used contemptuously) to take into the mouth Ham. IV. ii. 20.

2 to join lips with Meas. III, ii, 198.

mouthed: gaping, open-mouthed 1H4 1. iii. 97 m. wounds, Sonn. lxxvii. 6 mouthed graves.

wounds, Sonn. IXXVII. o moutinea graces,

move (the foll, are obs. fig. uses)

1 to make angry, exasperate Wiv. I. iv. 95, Shr. v.
ii. 143, R3 I. iii. 248 Lest. . . thou m. our patience,
Ronn. I. i, 7, Ces. vv. iii, 58 he durst not thus have
med me, Ven. 623 Being mov'd, he strikes.

2 to urge, incite, instigate, make a proposal to, appeal or apply to (a person) Err. 11, ii. 185 she m-s me for her theme, R3 111. vii. 139 In this just cause come I to m. your Grace, Oth. III. iv. 19 I have med ny lord in his beladf, Cym. 1. i. 103, v. v. 343, 3 to propose, suggest (something) Ado vi. 74 Let me but m. one question, Ham. III. ii, 194 The in-

stances that second marriage more, Oth. III. iv. 165, mover (1 so 'first Mover' in Milton)

1 applied to God as moving the universe 2H6 III.

iii. 19 eternal Mover of the heavens.

2 cause (S.) Cym. 1. v. 9. 3 living creature Ven. 368.

stirring active person (used ironically of loiterers for plunder) Cor. 1. v. 4\*.

moving vbl. sb. (common Eliz, uses)

motion (of a heavenly body) 1H6 1. ii. 1. 2 bodily movement Ham, II, ii, 325 [317].

2 bodily movement Ham. II. II. 325 [317].

moving ppl, adj.: exciting the feelings Meas. II.

ii. 36, R2 v. i. 47; as adv. m.-delicate Ado Iv. i. 230.

mow sb.: (derisive) grimace Tp. Iv. i. 47 with mop
and m., Ham. II. ii. 390 [381], Cym. I. vi. 41 Contenn
with m-s the other; also as vb. Tp. II. ii. 9 ages that
mov and chatter, Lr. Iv. i. 63 mopping and m-ing.

moy: imaginary name of a coin evolved by 'Ancient
Pistol' from a misunderstanding of the French
mou (mo) in his prisoner's speech H5 ty vi. 14

moy (me) in his prisoner's speech H5 IV, iv, 14,

much (3 now only in phr. 'much like')

1 used ironically, where 'no' would be used in serious language AYL. IV. iii. 2 Is it not past two o'clock? And here much Orlando!; also as adv. = not at all 2H4 11. iv. 141 God's light! with two points on

your shoulder? much?.
'tis m., it is a great or difficult thing or a serious matter 1H6 iv. i. 192, R3 iii. vii. 92 (Qq hard), Cym. I. vi. 79, Ven. 411; so think (it) much, regard as important or onerous, be shy of (doing something) Tp. 1. ii. 252 think'st it m. to tread the ooze, 2H6 iv. i. 18 think you much to pay two thousand crowns?.

3 adv. pretty nearly, approximately Meas. III. ii. 248 Much upon this riddle runs the wisdom of the world, H5 v. ii. 203 m. at one (= very much the same), Rom, I. iii, 72 much upon these years, mudded: buried in mud Tp. III. iii. 102, v. i. 151. muddy: confused in mind Wint. I. ii. 325.

muddy-mettled: dull-spirited Ham. 11. ii. 602[594], muffled: blindfolded All's W. 1y. i. 95, Rom. 1, i. 176. muffler: bandage for blindfolding H5 III, vi. 32. mulled: dispirited, dull Cor. 1v. v. 240 m., deaf.

multiplying medicine: the substance with which alchemists claimed to 'multiply' the precious metals by transmuting the baser metals All'sW. v. iii. 102.

multipotent (not pre-S.): most mighty Troil, iv. v.

multitudinous (occurs twice

vast Mac. 11. ii. 63 The multitudinous seas. 2 of the multitude or common people Cor. III. i. 155

The multitudinous tongue.

mum: Wiv. v. ii. 6 I... cry 'mum'; she cries 'budget'; the two elements of the 16th-17th cent. 'mumbudget', which was used like 'mum' = silence, silent

mumble-news: tale-bearer LLL. v. ii. 465. mummy (2 a rare jocular use)

1 medicinal or magical preparation of the flesh of dead bodies Mac. iv. i. 23 Witches' m., Oth. III. iv. 75 dy'd in m. which the skilful Conserv'd of maidens' hearts.

2 dead flesh Wiv. III. v. 19 a mountain of mummy. muniments: furnishings Cor. I. i. 124.

munition: military stores John v. ii. 98; in the 16th-17th cent. often used = ammunition, as probably in 1H6 I, i. 168.

mural+ (Pope): wall MND. v. i. 210 Now is the m. down (Ff morall ; ? read 'wall ').

murdering-piece: small cannon or mortar Ham.

IV. v. 95. ¶ A 17th cent. term for what was usually called 'murderer' (15th-17th cent.).

murderous, often in old edd. murtherous: always 2 syll., except in R3 IV. i. 55.

mure (once): wall 2H4 IV, iv, 119. murk (once): darkness All'sW. II, i. 166.

murmur: rumour; in m., whispered about Tw.N.
I. ii. 30 'twas fresh in murmur... That...

murrain: plague; in imprecations a m. on Tp. 111. ii. 90, Troil II. i. 21; used as adj. = diseased MND. II. i. 97 the m. flock (old edd. murrion, a 16th-17th cent. form).

muscadel: strong sweet wine made from the muscatel or similar grape Shr. 111. ii. 175.

muscat: see MUSK-CAT

Muscovite: Russian LLL. v. ii. 121, &c.

muse 2) this sense occurs in Sternhold & Hopkins,
Psalm in, 'Why did the Jewish people muse?')
1 to wonder, marvel All'sW. 11, v. 71, John 111. i.
317, R3 1. iii. 305 I m. why she's at liberty, Cor. III.
ii. 7, Mac, 111. iv. 85 Do not m. at me, Ven. 866;
also trans. to marvel at Tp. III. iii. 36 I cannot too

much muse Such shapes . . . 2 to grumble, complain Wiv. v. v. 265 [253].

muset: gap in a hedge or fence through which

hares habitually pass, or run, when hunted, for relief Ven. 683 (Q musits).

music: band of musicians LLL. v. ii. 212 Play, m., then!, 217, H8 IV. ii. 94 Bid the m. leave, Rom. IV. iv. 22 The county will be here with m.; as adj. = pleasing, delightful Ham. III. i. 165 the honey of his music rows (Qq 234 musickt).

musk: odoriferous substance secreted in a gland or sac by the male musk-deer Wiv. II. ii. 70.

musk-cat: musk-deer, Moschus moschiferus (cf. prec.) All'sW. v. ii. 21 (old edd. Muscat; another freq. 18th-17th cent. spelling was 'musket'),

musk-rose: large rambling rose with large fragrant flowers MND. II. i. 252, II. ii. 3.

muss: game in which small objects are thrown

down to be scrambled for Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 91

Like boys unto a muss. ¶ Survives='scramble'
in Leicestershire and Warwickshire.

mussel-shell: one who gapes (like a mussel-shell)

Wiv. IV. v. 29.

must: very freq. with ellipsis of a vb. of motion Gent. II. iv. 177 I must after, R2 I. ii. 56 I m. to Coventry, Cas. v. i. 22 we m. out and talk. Asa past tense, used to express regret with regard to an untoward event Mac. IV. iii. 212 And I must be from thence !.

muster (orig. sense is 'show, display'; cf. 1) 1 (?) to set an example of All'sW. II. i. 55.

2 to enlist, enrol Cym. IV. iv. 10 not m-'d Among the bands.

muster-book : book in which military forces are

registered 2H4 III. ii. 148.

muster-file: muster-roll All'sW. Iv. iii. 190. musty: stale Ham. III. ii. 366 [359] the proverb is... mute: silent spectator Ham. v. ii. 349; in oriental countries, dumb house-servant or janitor Tw.N. 1. ii. 60, H5 1. ii. 232 our grave, Like Turkish m.,

shall have a tongueless mouth, Cym. III. v. 158. mutine: mutineer John II. i. 378, Ham. v. ii. 6; also as vb. to rebel (fig.) Ham. III. iv. 83,

mutiny sb.: discord, contention LLL. I. i. 168, 1H6 IV. i. 131, H8 III. ii. 121 There is a m. in's mind, Rom. 1. v. 84, Lucr. 1153 So with herself is she in m.

mutiny vb.: to contend, strive, quarrel R2 II. i. 28, Oth. II. i. 284, Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 13.

mutton (2 see also LACED MUTTON)

sheep Gent. I. i. 101 a lost m., AYL. III. ii. 58 2 food for lust, (hence) loose women Meas. III. ii. 196.

mutual (2 now regarded as incorrect, is the com-

monest S. sense)
1 intimate Meas. I. ii. 164 [158] our most m. entertainment, 2H6 1. i. 25 The mutual conference

2 common Gent. v. iv. 173 one m. happiness, MND. iv. i. 123 one m. cry, Mer.V. v. i. 77, 1H4 i. i. 14, Tit.v.iii.71, Ven. 1018 m. overthrow of mortal kind.

mutuality: intimacy (not pre-S.) 0th. n. i. 269. mutually: in return Wiv. IV. vi. 10; jointly, in common Wiv. v. v. 105, Meas. II. iii. 27. my: in vocative phrases, often placed between an adj. and its noun, e.g. Wint. II. iii. 27 good my lords, R2 1. i. 184 dear my liege, Rom. 111. v. 200 sweet my mother, Ham. 1. ii. 50 Dread my lord (Ff).

mynheers + [Dutch]: sirs Wiv. II. i. 238 (F1 Anheires

Myrmidon: one of a warlike race of Thessaly, whom Achilles led to the siege of Troy, Tw.N. II. iii. 30, Troil, v. v. 33, &c.; the great M., Achilles Troil. 1. iii. 378.

mystery<sup>1</sup>: personal secret Ham.III.ii. 389 [382] you would pluck out the heart of my mystery.

mystery2 (late Latin 'misterium' = 'ministerium') 1 craft, trade, profession Meas. IV. ii. 30, &c., Tim. IV. i. 18, iii. 461 thrire in our mystery, Oth. IV. ii. 29. 2 skill, art All'sW. III. vi. 67 your m. in stratagem.

nag: applied to a wanton woman 2H4 II. iv. 204, Ant. III. viii. 20 [x. 10] You ribandred nag of Egypt. TCf. HACKNEY, JADE.

Naiads: river-nymphs Tp. IV. i. 128.

nail:

1 blow one's nail(s, (i) lit, so as to keep one's hands warm LLL. v. ii. 921 Dick the shepherd blows his nail, 3H6 II. v. 3; (ii) fig. to exercise patience Shr. I. i. 108.

2 measure of length for cloth, 24 inches Shr. IV. iii.

aked (the literal sense and derived fig. uses 'destitute', 'unprovided', 'unfurnished' are freq.)

1 n. bed, used with ref. to the custom of sleeping entirely naked Ven. 397 in her naked bed.

2 unarmed 2H6 III. ii. 234 he [is] but n., though lock'd

up in steel, Cor. i. x. 20, 0th. v. ii. 257.

3 mere, bare Gent. ii. iv. 143 the very n. name of love.
nakedness: bareness, destitution H5 iv. i. 110, Tim, IV. i. 33.

name sb. (1 cf. the uses of Latin 'nomine')

1 in (the) n. of, under the title or designation of, in the character of Wiv. III. v. 102 in the n. of foul clothes, rv. iv. 78, Ado II. i. 181, Wint. III. ii. 61 Which comes to me in n. of fault, R2 I. i. 89; by the n. of, in the quality of, as Ado III. iii. 145, &c., H8 II. i. 59 by that name (i.e. as a traitor), Mac. II. i. 16.

2 family, stock All'sW. I. iii. 164, &c., Tit. II. iii.

183 our general name (=the human race).

3 distinguished or honourable repute, honour Meas. I. ii. 179 for a n., 1H6 IV. iv. 9 bear the n., Cor. II.

i, 151 the whole name of the war.

name vb.: to utter, say (S.) LLL. v. ii. 240, 3H6 v.
v. 58, Tit. III. ii. 33 name the word of hands.

nameless (all senses are not pre-S.)

of unknown name Gent. II. i. 115. bearing no legitimate name Lucr. 522.

3 inexpressible, indefinable Gent. III. i. 322 n. virtues, R2 II. ii. 40 nameless woe

napkin: handkerchief (the only S. sense) Compl. 15. Naples: in Oth. III. i. 4 a ref. to the venereal disease; cf. NEAPOLITAN.

narrow adj.: small Ant. III. iv. 8 narrow measure. narrow adv.: closely Shr. III. ii. 149 n. prying.
narrowly: carefully, closely Ado v. iv. 118, Shr.
III. ii. 142.

native sb.: (?) origin, source Cor. III. i. 128\* the n. Of our so frank donation (Heath motive +).
native adj. (the gen. mod. sense 'belonging to a

certain country, or to one's birthplace 'is freq.)

1 natural LLL. IV. iii. 263 n. blood, John III. iv. 83

n. beauty, Rom. IV. i. 97, Ham. III. i. 84 the n. hue of resolution; with to Oth. II. i. 219 a nobility . . . more than is native to them.

2 closely connected, related (to) All'sW. I. i. 242 kiss like native things, Ham. I. ii. 47.
3 proper, rightful R2 III. ii. 25 her native king. [53.

natural sb.: idiot, half-wit Tp. ni. ii. 38, AYL. I. ii.

natural adj. (various ordinary uses occur)
1 that is so by birth 3H6 I, i. 82 Whom should he follow but his n. king?, Lr. IV. VI. 196 The n. fool of fortune (= born to be the sport of fortune). 2 related by blood AYL. 1. i. 153 his n. brother, Tim. IV. iii. 385 Twizt n. son and sire, Cym. III. iii. 107.

3 having natural feeling or kindness Meas. III. i. 228,

H5 II. Chor. 19 kind and natural, Lr. II. i. 86. 4 (?) half-witted Tw.N. I. iii. 31.

naturalize: to familiarize All'sW. I. i. 227. naturally: in a life-like manner Shr. Ind. i. 87. nature (2 not pre-S. and now dial.) 1 of n. = natural (in various senses) Troil. v. i. 39 diminutives of n., Ham. I. iv. 54 fools of n., Lr. I. ii. 117 wisdom of n. (= natural philosophy), 124 bias of n. (=natural affection).

2 natural feeling or affection Tp. v. i. 76 remorse and n., 2H4 IV. v. 38 n., love, and filial tenderness, Mac. I. v. 46 no compunctious visitings of n., Ham. I. v. 81, III. ii. 418 [411]. [thing]

naught sb. (sometimes confused with nought = no-1 set at n, slight, despise Gent. I. i. 68, 2H4 v. ii. 85, Cor. III. i. 269; call all to n., abuse or decry vehemently Ven. 993 (Qq<sub>1-4</sub> nought); be n., efface yourself, withdraw AYL. I. i. 39.
2 wickedness, wrong R3 I. i. 99 He that doth n. with

her;—thing of n., something wicked MND. IV. ii.15. naught adj. (3 not pre-S.)

1 worthless, useless Ado v. i. 160 my knife's naught AYL. III. ii. 15, H5 I. ii. 73 [his title] was corrupt and naught.

2 wicked, naughty Rom. III. ii. 86 all n., . . . all for-sworn, Mac. IV. iii. 224, Ham. III. ii. 158, Lr. II. iv. 136 Thy sister's naught.

3 lost, ruined Cor. III. i. 230, Ant. III. viii. 11 [x. 1]. naughty: (of weather) bad, nasty Lr. III. iv. 114 'tis
a n. night to swim in. ¶ The word is usu. applied to persons = bad, wicked, worthless.

nave (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 hub (of a wheel) Ham, II. ii. 526 [518]; in 2H4 II. iv. 278 this n. of a wheel there is a ref. to Falstaff's rotundity and a quibble with 'knave'. 2 navel Mac. 1. ii. 22.

navel (once): fig. centre Cor. III. i. 122

navigation (once): vessels, shipping Mac. IV. i. 54. nay: the commoner S. use is that of serving to correct, amplify, or emphasize something that pre-cedes, or to express a mild protest, e. g. Tp. 1. i. 17 Nay, good, be patient, Err. IV. ii. 36 A wolf, nay, worse, a fellow all in buff.

nayward (S.): to the n., towards denial or disbelief Wint. II. i. 63 lean to the nayward.

nayword (of obscure derivation)

l watchword Wiv, II. ii. 132, v. ii. 5.

2 byword, proverb Tw. N. II. iii. 147 if I do not gull him into a nayword + (old edd. an ayword).

Nazarite: native of Nazareth Mer. V. I. iii. 35.

ne (twice): and not, nor All'sW. II. i. 176 ne worse of the control of the many control of the state of t worst (Ff; mod. edd. nay, worse—if worst †), Per. 11. Gower 36. ¶ Still current in the Eliz. period.

neaf: fist MND. iv. i. 20 (Qq F<sub>1</sub> neafe, F<sub>2</sub> newfe, F<sub>3</sub> newse, F<sub>4</sub> news), 2H4 II. iv. 199 (Q Ff neaffe). Neapolitan bone-ache: venereal disease (cf. Naples)

Troil. 11. iii. 20.

near adj.: closely affecting or touching one Tim. III.

vi. 11 many my n. occasions; absol. in Mac. III. i.

118 my near'st of life (=my very inmost being).

near adv.!: nearer R2 III. ii. 64 Nor near nor further

off... Than this weak arm, Mac. II. iii. 147 the near

in blood, The nearer bloody;—ne'er the n., no

nearer the object in view R2 v. i. 88. near adv. 2 and prep .:

1 come near the house, come or draw near, enter Tp. v. i. 318, Wiv. I. iv. 137, III. iii. 159, Mer. V. v. i. 223. 2 n. upon, close at hand Meas. Iv. vi. 14.

3 yo n. to, be on the point of, almost succeed in (doing something) Tp. 11. ii. 80, 2H6 r. ii. 102. 4 intimately, deeply, closely Gent. 111. i. 60 some affairs That touch me n., 1H6 III. i. 58, Tim. 1. ii. 186; also as prep, closely touching or affecting, esp. in phr. come near Gent. 1v. iii. 19 No grief did ever come so near thy heart, AYL. v. ii. 70 If you do love Rosalind so near the heart, 1H4 1. ii. 14, H8111. i. 71, Oth. iv. i. 209 if it touch not you, it comes n. nobody. 5 intimate with 2H4 v. i. 80 being n. their master.

near-legged before: going with the forelegs close together Shr. III. ii. 58.

neat sb.: animal of the ox-kind Tp. 11. ii. 75 neat'sleather, Shr. IV. iii. 17 a neat's foot, 1H4 II. iv. 275 you dried neat's tongue; cattle Wint. I. ii. 126.

neat adj. (1 applied in both laudatory and depreci-

atory sense)

1 elegant Gent. I. ii. 10 a knight . . . neat and fine, Wint. I. ii. 124 not neat, but cleanly, 1H4 I. iii. 33, Lr. II. ii. 46 you neat slave.

2 dainty Cym. IV. ii. 49 his neat cookery. 3 tidy Shr. IV. i. 117, 1H4 II. IV. 508. [I. i. 149. neat-herd: cowherd Wint. IV. iii. [IV.] 334, Cym.

neb: beak, mouth Wint. 1. ii. 183. necessary: rendering useful service Cor. 11. i, 93

a necessary bencher in the Capitol.

necessitied (S.): n. to, in need of All'sW. v. iii. 85. neck: phr. (1) with ref. to hanging or beheading 1H4 II. i. 68 I'll give thee this neck, H5 IV. viii. 44 let his neck answer for it; (2) denoting the laying of a charge upon one Oth. v. ii. 168 men must lay their murders on your neck; (3) in or on the neck of, immediately after 1H4 IV. iii. 92 in the neck of that, Sonn, exxxi. 11 One on another's neck; (4) break (one's) neck, destroy, kill Troil. III. iii. 262, v. iv.

34 a plague break thy neck t, Cor. III. iii. 30.

need sb.: for a need, in case of necessity, at a pinch
3H6 I. ii. 67, R3 III. v. 84, Ham. II. ii. 573 [566]; had need, would do well (to), ought (to) AYL. 11. vii. 169, Tw.N. 11.iii.202, 2H4 11.iv.161, H8 11.ii.45.

need vb.: it needs, it is necessary, there is necessity Err. v. i. 393 It shall not need, 3H61. iv. 125, Mac. v. ii. 29; what need(s. . . . . . . . . what necessity is there for . . . ? Err. 111. i. 60 What needs all that ?, Tim. I. ii, 251 what need these feasts?, Ant. II. vii. 132 What needs more words?, Lucr. 31 What needeth then apology be made?.

needful: wanting supplies of men 3H6 II. i. 147

this needful war.

needle: one syll. in MND. III. ii. 204, John v. ii.
157 (Ff12 needl's), Per. Iv. Gower 23, v. Gower 5,
where mod. edd. substitute the once common spelling neeld for old edd. needle; in Per. v. Gower 5 Qq have neele, another old and still dial. form. needless: not in need AYL. 11. i. 46 his weeping

into the needless stream.

needly: of necessity Rom, III. ii. 117. needy: necessary Per. 1. iv. 95 your needy bread. neeze: to sneeze MND. II. i. 56.

negative: denying Wint. I. ii. 274 impudently n.

neglect: to cause neglect of R3 III. iv. 24. neglectingly: negligently 1H4 I. iii. 52.

neglection (not pre-S.): negligence, neglect 1H6 IV. iii. 49, Troil. I. iii. 127, Per. III. iii. 20.

negligence: disregard, contempt Ham. iv. v. 133 both the worlds I give to negligence.

negligent: due to negligence Ant. III. vi. 81 And we in negligent danger.

neighbour sb.: the n. to, privy to R3 IV. ii. 43; in attrib. use freq. = neighbouring. [by.

neighbour vb.: to lie near Ven. 259 a copse that n-s neighbour'd:

1 n. by, having as a neighbour H5 1. i. 62. 2 closely connected or associated Ham. 11, ii, 12 so n. to his youth, Lr. 1. i. 121 to my bosom Be as well n. neighbourhood: friendly relations, neighbourly feeling H5 v. ii. 381, Tim. iv. i. 17.
neither: used to strengthen a negative = (i) nor

that either Gent. II. v. 18 shall she marry him?-No.—How then? Shall he marry her?—No, neither, Err. v. i, 94, 1H4 III. i. 244; (ii) either, e. g. Tp. III. ii. 23 We'll not run . . . —Nor go neither, Gent. II. iii. 18 nay, that cannot be so neither; (iii) for all that, nevertheless Wint. II. iii. 157 let it live: It shall not neither; also with but Ado I. i. 298 [290], Mer. V. III. v. 8, All'sW. II. ii. 37, Ham. v. ii.

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121 and yet but yaw neither, not so n., by no means Ado III. iii. 152, MND. III. i. 156, Cor. IV. v. 176. Nemesis: goddess of retribution, (hence allusive-

ly) avenger 1H6 IV. vii. 78. nephew (2 a common 17th cent. sense)

1 cousin 1H6 II. v. 64, Troil. I. ii. 13.

2 grandson Oth. 1. i. 112.

Neptune: god of the sea, (hence) the sea Tp. v. i.

35 the ebbing N., MND. 11. i. 126 N-'s yellow sands,
Per. 111. iii. 36.

Nereides: sea-nymphs Ant. II. ii. 214.

nerve: sinew, tendon; esp. pl. = the parts of the body in which the chief strength lies Tp. 1. ii. 481, Cor. 1. i. 144, Ham. 1. iv. 83, Cym. 111. iii. 94, Sonn. cxx. 4; fig. Meas. 1. iv. 53 the very n-s of state; sing, applied to a person Troil, 1, iii. 55 n. and bone of Greece. ¶ The mod, sense is probably represented in Ant. IV. viii. 21 A brain that nourishes our nerves.

nervy: vigorous, sinewy Cor. II. i. 179 nervy arm. net: applied to sophistical argument H5 1. ii. 93. nether: committed here below Lr. 1v. ii. 79 our

nether crimes.

nether stock: stocking 1H4 II, iv. 132 I'll sew n-s. neuter: neutral R2 II. iii. 159 remain as neuter.

new adv .:

- 1 newly, freshly, recently, lately John III. i. 233 even before this truce, but new before, Tim. I. ii. 81 they were bleeding new, Sonn. Ivi. 10 two contracted new.
- 2 anew, afresh, over again Err. 111. ii. 39 would you create me new ?, R2 1.iii.76 furbish new, H5 IV.i.315 I Richard's body have interred new, Cym. I. vi. 165 new o'er, Sonn. lxxvi. 11 dressing old words new. ¶ Used very freq. in both senses prefixed (and often hyphened in mod. edd.) to pa. pples.; also, in sense 1, to pres. pples. (4 instances), and once to an adj. (new-sad LLL, v. ii. 739), and in sense 2, to transitive verbs (7 instances). The foll. compounds are not pre-S.: new-bull Shr. v. ii. 119, new-create Oth. vv. i. 287, new-devised LLL. ii. 67, new-fullen 1H4 v. i. 44, new-form Tp. 1. ii. 83, new-risen 1H6 1. iv. 102, new-sprung Ven. 1171. next (1 next way survives in the midlands)

1 nearest in place Tp. III. ii. 42 if you prove a mu-tineer, the next tree!, Wint. I. ii. 195 his next neigh-

bour; phr. the n. way (lit. and fig.) All'sW. I. iii. 64 I speak the truth the n. way, Wint. III. iii. 129,

1H4 iii. i. 263.

2 nearest in relationship 1H4 1. iii. 146 the n. of blood, 1H6 II. v. 73 the n. bu birth, Sonn, exxxiii, 6. 3 absol. the next, what comes next or afterwards

2H6 in. i. 383. nice (of somewhat vague use in the 16th-17th cent.

- and freq. variously explained by comm. on S .; the common mod. sense of 'agreeable' is post-S.) 1 wanton, lascivious LLL. III. i. 25 nice wenches,
  - Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 1791
- 2 not able to bear much, delicate 2H4 I. i. 145 Hence, therefore, thou nice crutch !.
- 3 shy, coy Gent. III. i. 82 she is nice and coy, LLL. v. ii. 220 We'll not be nice: take hands.
- 4 reluctant, unwilling; phr. makes nice of, is scrupulous about John III. iv. 138.
- lous about John III. iv. 138.

  fastidious, dainty, 'particular' Mer.V. II. i. 14

  nice direction of a maden's eyes, Shr. III. i. 81,

  All'sW. v. i. 15 sharp occasions, Which lay nice
  manners by, H5 v. ii. 291, 297, 'Compl. 97.

  6 minute, subtle LLL. v. ii. 233, 1H6 II. iv. 17 these
  nice sharp quillets of the law, 3H6 II. v. vii. 58 wherefore stand you on nice points?

  7 slender Oth. III. iii. 15 nice and valetisk dect.
- 8 unimportant, trivial R3 III. vii. 174 the respects ... are nice and trivial, Rom. III. i. 160, v. ii. 18

- not nice, but full of charge, Cæs. IV. iii. 8 every nice offence.
- 9 critical, precarious 1H4 IV. i. 48 the nice hazard of one doubtful hour.
- 10 accurate, exact, precise Ado v. i. 75\* his nice fence, 2H4 II. iii. 40, Troil. Iv. v. 249 n. conjecture, Mac. Iv. iii. 174 0! relation Too n., Lucr. 1412 the vainter was so nice.

nicely: 1 elegantly, daintily Tw.N. III. i. 17 they that dally nicely with words, Cor. II. i. 236. 2 triflingly R2 II. i. 84\*.

3 scrupulously, punctiliously Lr. II. ii. 110 sillyducking observants, That stretch their duties n., v iii. 146, Per. IV. i. 6; with great particularity H5

v. ii. 94 articles too nicely urg'd.
by nice and subtle sophistry '(J.) H5 1. ii. 15.

5 with exact correspondence Cym. II. iv. 90. niceness: coyness Cym. III. iv. 158 fear and n. nice-preserved: coyly guarded Tit. II. iii. 135. nicety: reserve, coyness Meas. II. iv. 163.

Nicholas: patron saint of scholars Gent. III. i. 303; Saint Nicholas' clerks, highwaymen 1H4 II. i. 68. nick sb. (1 developed from the sense of 'notch used

as a means of keeping a score')

1 out of all nick, lit. beyond all reckoning, i.e.
exceedingly Gent. iv. ii. 77. [interim). 2 in the n., at the right moment Oth. v. ii. 316 (Ff nick vb.: to cut in nicks or notches Err. v. i. 175;

fig. to cut short Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 8.

nickname: to name wrongly Ham. HL i. 153; to mention by mistake LLL. v. ii. 350.
niece: grand-daughter R3 IV. i. 1. ¶ Cf. NEPHEW. niggard: to put off (with a small amount of some-thing) Cas. IV. iii. 227.

thing) Cas. IV. III. 227.

niggarding: miserly, sparing Sonn. i. 12.

niggardly: sparingly Wiv. II. ii. 209.

night: What is the n.?, what time of night is it? (cf.

DAY1) Mac, III. iv. 126; good m., farewell (to) Tp. IV.

i. 54 good n. your vow, Meas. v. i. 296 Good n. to your

redress, Shr. II. i. 295 [303], R3 IV. iii. 39 bid the

world good n., Ant. III. viii. 39 [x. 20]; the n.,

during the night, by night (S.) 2H4 IV. v. 124, R3

IV. iv. 118 to deep the n. con well by wich we IV. iv. 118 to sleep the n.;—on n-(s), by night (habitually) 2H4 ii. i. 85, ii. iv. 251; of the n., at night MND. II. i. 253.

night-bird: nightingale Per. IV. Gower 26.

night-cap or -cape: fig. wife 0th. n. i. 319.
night-crow: (?) owl 3H6 v. vi. 45.
nighted (not pre-S.): dark or black as night (S.)
Ham. I. ii. 68 cast thy n. colour off (Qq; Ff nightly),
Lr. iv. v. 13 to dispatch His nighted life.

night-gown: kind of dressing-gown worn at night Ado III. iv. 18, Mac. II. ii. 71, v. i. 6, 68, Oth. IV. iii. 34.

nightly adj. :

1 belonging to the night, used by night, active at night Gent. 11. iv. 133 n. tears, MND. v. i. 379 n. revels, Tit. 11. iii. 97 the n. owl, Lucr. 680 n. linen, 1080. 2 dark Ham. I. ii. 68 (see NIGHTED). nightly adv.: at night MND. II. ii. 6, Rom. IV. i. 81.

night-rule: diversion of the night MND. III. ii. 5. mill: will not; except in the phr. will he, nill he (Ham. v. i. 18), will you, nill you (Shr. 11. i. 265 [273]) only archaically in Per. 111. Gower 55 I nill relate, Pilgr. xiv. 8 [188] nill I construe.

nimble-pinioned: swift-winged Rom. II. v. 7.

nimbly: briskly Mac. 1. vi. 2.

ninefold : attendant company of nine Lr. III. iv. 124. Niobe: in Greek mythology, a woman changed into stone while weeping for the death of her children Troil. v. x. 19, Ham. I. ii. 149 Like N., all tears.

[i. 89. 1 nips i' the head, gives a decisive check to Meas. III. 2 to arrest the attention of Per. v. i. 235 Most heavenly music: It nips me unto list'ning

nit: applied to persons in contempt LLL. IV. i. 152
most pathetical nit, Shr. IV. iii. 110.

noblesse: nobility R2 v. i. 119 (Q1 only). nobody: in old edd. mostly two words, sometimes hyphened: stressed no'body or nobo'dy. nod sb.: oscillation R3 111. iv. 99.

nod vb.: to beckon (a person) Ant. III. vi. 66.

noddy: simpleton Gent. 1. i. 120, &c. noise sb. (2 Chaucer applies 'make noyse' to the

nightingale) 1 rumour, report Troil. 1. ii. 12 The n. goes, Lr. 111. vi. 120, Ant. 1. ii. 150 the least noise of this.

2 musical sound, music Tp. 111. ii. 147, Mac. IV. i. 106, Ham. v. ii. 363, Ant. IV. iii. 12.

3 band of musicians 2H4 II. iv. 13.

noise vb. (chiefly in noise abroad) [against us. 1 to clamour Ant. III. vi. 96 a trull, That noises it 2 to rumour Tim. 1v. iii. 406.

nole, nowl: head MND. III. ii. 17.

nominate (senses now rare): to name, call LLL. I.
ii. 16, v. i. 8, AYL. v. iv. 92, 2H6 II. i. 129; to appoint, specify Mer. V. I. iii. 150, vv. i. 260.
nomination: naming, mention LLL. Iv. ii. 140,
Ham. v. ii. 134; specifying, appointing R3 III. iv. 5.
nonage: minority R3 II. iii. 13 In his nonage.

ponce: for the n., for the purpose in hand, on purpose, expressly 1H4 1. ii. 200 Thave cases of buckram for the n., Ham. iv. vii. 160 I'll have prepar'd him A chalice for the n.; as a tag with no special meaning (after the fashion of Middle English poetry)

1H6 II. iii. 57 This is a ridding merchant for the n.

noncome: usu. taken as a nonsensical abbreviation of 'non compos (mentis)', but perhaps intended as a substitute for 'nonplus' Ado III. v. 68

(Dogberry).

none adj.: not any, no John III. iv. 151 n. so small udvantage (= no advantage however small), H8 IV. i. 33 made of n. effect, Ant. I. iii. 36 n. our parts (= no parts of ours), Cym. I. iv. 108 n. so accomplished a courtier, vi. 59 none a stranger.

nonny-nonny: meaningless refrain Ado II. iii. 73, Ham. IV. v. 164; so nonny-no, nonino AYL. v.

iii. 19, &c.

nonpareil: one that has no equal Tp. III, ii. 111, Tw. N. I. v. 275 The n. of beauty, Mac. 111. iv. 19, Ant. 111, ii. 11.

non-regardance (S.): disregard Tw. N. v. i. 125. nonsuit: to reject the suit of Oth. 1. i. 16.

nook-shotten (not pre-S.): running out into corners H5 III. v. 14 that n. isle of Albion. ¶ Survives

in north-west-midland dialects.

north: north wind Oth, v. ii. 218 as liberal as the n. (Q1 ayre), Cym. 1. iii. 36 breathing of the n.; —sailed mto the n. of = 'out of the sunshine of' (Wright) Tw. N. 111. ii. 29.

northern star: north or pole star Cæs. III. i. 60. nose: phr. by one's nose, under one's very eyes Tit.
II. i. 94; so to one's nose Cor. IV. vi. 84; bite, pluck, tweak by the n., treat with contempt Meas. I. iii. 29, III. i. 107, v. i. 339, Ham. II. ii. 609 [601]; Speak i' the nose Oth. III. i. 4 and down with the nose Tim. IV. iii. 158 refer to the effects of venereal disease.

nose-herb: plant grown for its perfume, scented herb All'sW. IV. v. 20. [iii. 32.

nose-painting: colouring of the nose red Mac. 11. not (obsolete uses) 1 preceding the finite verb Tp. 11, i. 128 [121] I not doubt, R3 1. ii. 251 whose all not equals Edward's

moiety, Ant. 11. i. 3 what they do delay, they not deny. 2 = not only Meas, IV. i. 68 It is not my consent, But my entreaty too, Cor. III. ii. 71, iii. 95, Per. III. ii. 46. 3 = not even Ant. II. ii. 70.

not-answering: refusal to answer Troil. 111. iii. 273. not-appearance: non-appearance in court H8 IV. i. 30.

notary: clerk, secretary (fig.) Lucr. 765 Dim register

and notary of shame!

note sb. (3 occurs once; 5 phr. of note is not pre-S.) 1 sign, token, indication Ado III. ii. 54, Wint. I. ii. 287 a note infallable Of breaking honesty, H5 IV. Chor. 35 no note How . . ., Tim. I, ii. 53\* dangerous notes, Cym. II. ii. 28 natural notes about her body.

2 stigma, reproach, brand LLL. IV. iii. 125 a perjur'd n., v. ii. 75, R2 I. i. 43, Lucr. 208 my posterity, sham'd with the note.

3 observation, remark Tw.N. III. iv. 170.

4 bill, account 2H4 v. i. 19 the smith's note for shoeing and plough-irons, Tim. II. ii. 16.

5 distinction, importance, eminence Cym. 11. iii. 127 soil The precious n. of it with a base slave; in phr. of such-and-such note Mac. III. ii. 44, Cym. I. iv. , Compl. 233.

6 knowledge, information, intimation Tp. 11. i. 256 [248], All'sW. 1. iii. 235 \* in note (= known), Tw. N. III. ii. 40 tuke n. of it (=know about it), IV. iii. 29 come to n., Wint. I. i. 40, H8 I. ii. 48, Lr. II. i. 85, Cym. IV. iii. 44 Even to the note o' the king.

7 tune, melody, music Gent. 1. ii. 78 Give me a note: your ladyship can set, 2H6 111. ii. 40 sing a raven's note, Cym. 1v. ii. 237 use like note and words.

note vb. (1 only in quibbles; 2 borrowed from North's Plutarch) [Rom. IV. v. 123,

1 to set music to, provide with notes Troil. v. ii. 11, 2 to stigmatize, brand Cæs. ıv. iii. 2. notedly: particularly Meas. v. i. 331. nothing: nothingness Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 628 admiring the nothing of it.

nothing-gift: worthless gift Cym. III. vi. 85.

notice (the foll. meanings are now arch.)

1 information Gent. II. vi. 36 I'll give her futher n. Of their . . . flight, H5 IV. vii. 123 Bring me just n. of the numbers dead, Cas. III. ii. 275 they had some n. (=they learned).

2 observation Cor. II. iii. 166 To my poor unworthy n.

notify (twice only)

1 to notice Wiv. II. ii. 86 she gives you to n. that . . . 2 to give information Oth. III. i. 31 to n, unto her

notion: understanding, mind Cor. v. v. [vi.] 107, Mac. III. i. 83 a n. craz'd, Lr. I. iv. 250 his n. weakens.

The only S. meaning. not-pated: close-cropped, short-haired 1H4 II. iv. 79 (knot-pated+).

nouns: perversion of 'wounds' in the oath od's nouns Wiv. IV. i. 26.

nourish sb.: nurse (fig.) 1H6 r. i. 50 Our isle be made

a nourish of salt tears (marish†).

nourish vb.: to support, maintain 2H6 III. i. 348

Whiles I in Ireland nourish a mighty band.

nousle †: see NUZZLE.

no-verb: word that does not exist Wiv. III. i. 107. novum: old game at dice played by five or six persons, the two principal throws being nine and five LLL, v. ii. 545 Abate throw at novum.

now-born\* (Ff<sub>12</sub> borne): (?) produced at this juncture All'sW. 11. iii. 186.

nowl: see NOLE.

noyance: harm Ham. III. iii. 13 To keep itself from n. numb: causing chill R3 II. i. 118 the n. cold night. number sb.: the multitude, the populace Cor. III.

i. 71 us, the honour'd number.
number vb.: to celebrate in 'numbers' or verse (S.) Ant. III. ii. 17\*

number'd: abounding in stones or sand Cym. I. vi. 36 the n. beach (Theobald th' unnumber'd+).

nuncio: messenger Tw. N. 1. iv. 28. nuncle: variant of 'uncle' with 'n' carried on from

'mine', 'the customary appellation of the licensed fool to his superiors' (Nares) Lr. 1. iv. 117, &c. nurse: fig. that which fosters or promotes some-

thing Gent. III. i. 244 Time is the n. and breeder of all yood, H5 v. ii. 35 Dear n. of arts, Ant. v. ii. 8, Ven. 446; so the vb. Meas. III. i. 15 n'd by baseness, H8 v. v. 29 truth shall nurse her, Lucr. 141.

nurser: =NURSE (fig.) 1H6 IV. vii. 46.
nursery: nursing Lr. I. i. 126. ¶ In Shr. I. i. 2,
Troil. I. iii. 319 the metaphor is taken from gardening; in All'sW. I. ii. 16 = school, sphere of

training.

nurture: education, training Tp. Iv. i. 189, AYL. II. vii. 97 I... know some nurture. [IV. iii. 74. nut: as a type of something of trifling value Err. nuthook: beadle, constable Wiv. 1. i. 173, 2H4 v.

nuzzle vb.1: to push with the nose Ven. 1115 nuzz-

ling in his flank (Qq nousling).
nuzzle vb.2: to train up Per. 1. iv. 42 to n. up their babes (old edd. nouzle, nouzell, mod. edd. nouslet). nymph: young and beautiful woman Gent. v. iv. 12, MND. II. i. 245, &c., Ham. III. i. 89.

O sb. (plural written Oes, in mod. edd. O's)

1 ciplier, mere nothing Lr. 1. iv. 214 thou art an

O without a figure.

2 circle, round spot LLL. v. ii. 45 0, that your face were not so full of 0's (=smallpox marks), MND. 111. ii. 188 yon fiery oes (-stars), H5 1. Chor. 13
this wooden O (=the Globe Theatre, London),
Ant. v. ii. 81 The little O, the earth.

O interj.: used as a sb. =lament Rom. III. iii. 89

Why should you fall into so deep an O?.

o': very freq. for of and on; cf. A3. oak: the wood of the tree Oth. III. iii. 210 close as oak; the leaves used as a garland Cor. I, iii. 16, II. ii. 103; cf. II. i. 140 ouken garland.

oar vb. (not pre-S.): to row Tp. II. i. 125 [118]. oathable (S.): fit to take an oath Tim. IV. iii. 136. ob.: abbreviation of 'obolus' = halfpenny 1H4 II. iv.

597 [590]. obdu'rate: always so stressed, e.g. Ven. 199. obedient: of obedience All'sW. II. iii. 167 that o. right, 1H4 v. i. 17 move in that obedient orb,

obey: twice construed with to Troil. 111. i. 167 his stubborn buckles . . . Shall more o, than to the edge of steel, Phoen. 4 To whose sound chaste wings obey.

Obidicut: name of a fiend taken, like FLIBBERTI-

GIBBET, from Harsnet, where it is spelt 'Haberdi-

cut', Lr. IV. i. 60.

object sb.1: often somewhat specific = one that excites love or pity or their opposites MND, rv. i. 176 The o. and the pleasure of mine eye, Is only Helena, H8 I. i. 127 (see Abbett), Troil. rv. v. 106, Tim. rv. iii. 123 Swear against objects (i.e. be not moved to pity), Ven. 255 her object will away.

object sb. 2: presentation (of something) to the eye or the perception Troil. 11. ii. 41 reason first the o. of all harm, Cor. 1. i. 21 the object of our misery.

object vb.: to urge 1H6 II. iv. 43 it is well objected object vol.: to arge 110 ii. 1v. 40 it is west objected.

objection: charge, accusation 1H6 iv. i. 129, 2H6

I. iii. 158, H8 iii. ii. 308 I dare your worst o-s.

obligation: bond, contract Wiv. 1. i. 11 quittance, or o., 2H6 iv. ii. 104 he can make obligations.

obliged: pledged Mer. V. II. vi. 7 obliged faith.

oblique: indirect Troil. v. i. 610, memorial of cuckolds,

Tim. IV. iii. 18 all is o. + (old edd. All's obliquie).

oblivious: causing forgetfulness Mac. v. iii. 43. obloquy: reproach, disgrace All'sW. iv. ii. 44, Lucr. 523 thou, the author of their obloquy.

obscene: disgusting, repulsive LLL. 1. i. 242 that

obscene: disgusting, repulsive LLL. I. i. 242 that most o, and preposterous esent, R2 IV. i. 131 so... o. a deed, 1H4 II. iv. 256 o., greasy tallow-catch. obscenely: misused in LLL. IV. i. 147, MND. I. ii. 112. obscure adj. (stressed like ENTIRE)

1 dark, dim Mer. V. II. vii. 51 the o'bscure grave, Ven. 237 brakes obscu're and rough; loving the darkness Mac. II. iii. 65 The o'bscure bird.

2 retired, remote Tit. II. iii. 77 an o'bscure plot.

3 lovly mean undistinguished P3 II. iii. 154 an.

3 lowly, mean, undistinguished R2 III. iii. 154 an o'bscure grave, 2H6 iv. i. 50 Obscure and lowly swain, Ham. iv. v. 213 his o'bscure burial.

4 not clear or plain LLL. III. i. 88 Some o'bscure precedence. [Cæs. I. ii. 324.

obscurely: in the dark Lucr. 1250; not openly obsequies: dutiful acts performed in memory of one departed 3H6 I. iv. 147, Rom. v. iii. 16, 20.

obsequious (2 this sense is mainly S.)

I dutiful, obedient Wiv. IV. ii. 2 I see you are o. in
your love, Meas. II. iv. 29 in o. fondness Crowd to

his presence.

2 dutiful in manifesting regard for the dead 3H6 II. v. 118 so o. will thy father be, Tit. v. iii. 152 o. tears, Ham. I. ii. 92 To do o. sorrow, Sonn. xxxi. 5 many a holy and o. tear; so obsequiously, as a dutiful mourner R3 1. ii. 3.

observance (obs. or arch. uses are)

Observance (obs. of arch. uses are)
1 respectful attention, dutiful service, reverence
Wiv. n. ii. 207 a doting o., AYL. v. ii. 103, 2H4
IV. iii. 16 do o., Troil. I. iii. 31 With due o. of thy
yod-like seat, Oth. III. iv. 148 (Qq observances, Ff<sub>234</sub>
observance, F<sub>1</sub> observancie).

2 observant care Ham. III. ii. 22 with this special o.,

3 observation AYL. III. ii. 249, All'sW. III. ii. 5 By what o.?, Oth. III. iii. 151, Ant. III. iii. 22.

observancy: = observance 1, Oth. III. iv. 148 (F1). o'bservant: obsequious attendant Lr. II. ii. 109. observation (2 cf. observance 1, observant, and

observance (of rites) MND. IV. i. 110.

observing of the wishes of others, paying court,

obsequiousness John I. i. 208. = observance 2, Tp. III. iii. 87 with good life And observation strange

4 something learned by observing, knowledge, experience Ado IV. i. 167, AYL. II. vii. 41 in his brain . . he hath strange places cramm'd With o., Lr. I. i. 292.

observe: to show respectful attention to, pay court to, humour, gratify 2H4 IV. iv. 30, Tim. IV. iii. 213 his very breath, whom thou'lt o., Ham. III. i. 163 The observed of all observers.

observing: compliant, obsequious Troil. II. iii.
obstruct; impediment, bar Ant. III. vi. 61 Being
an o. 'tween his lust and him (Ff abstract). ¶ A

word not otherwise known.

obstruction: shutting out of light Tw. N. IV. ii. 44.

2 stagnation of the blood Tw.N. III. iv. 23; cold o., cessation of the vital functions Meas. III. i. 117 to die . . . To lie in cold obstruction and to rot. occasion (3 only S.)

1 opportunity for attacking or fault-finding John IV. ii. 62 To grace occasions; (?) AYL. IV. i. 184\* (see 3 below).

cause, reason (freq.); sometimes passes into 'cause of being occupied or detained, business Ado I, i. 157, Tim. III. vi. 12; on . . . occasion, for a . . . reason Tw. N. II. i. 44, R3 III. i. 26, Oth. IV. i. 59, Lucr. 1270.

3 that which is occasioned AYL. IV. i. 184\* that woman that cannot make her fault her husband's o. (='represent her fault as occasioned by her husband', J.).

4 particular or personal need or requirement Mer. V. I. i. 140 my . . . means Lie all unlock'd to your o-s, Tim. III. ii. 26, Cym. v. v. 87 So tender over his o-s. course of events John IV. ii. 125 Withhold thy speed,

dreadful o.!, 2H4 iv. i. 72 the rough torrent of o. occupation: handicraft, trade, business Meas. iv. ii. 36, &c., Cor. IV. i. 14, vi. 98 the roice of o. (= vote of working men), Cas. I. ii. 269, Ant. IV. iv. 17 The royal occupation.

occupy (twice): to have to do with carnally Rom. II. iv. 108 (quibblingly). ¶ In consequence of its vulgar use in this sense, this vb. was little used in literature in the 17th and 18th cent.; cf. 2H4 II. iv. 159 as odious as the word 'occupy'.
occurrent: event, incident Ham. v. ii. 371.

o'clock: old edd. a clock; see A<sup>2</sup>.

Od: mineed form of 'God' used in oaths Wiv. I. i. 275 0d's plessed will, III. iv. 59 0d's heardlings (lit. = little heart), IV. i. 26 0d's nouns, Tw.N. v. i. 188 0d's lifelings, Oth. IV. iii. 76 0d's pity, Cym. IV. ii. 293 0d's pittikins; by confusion Wiv. I. IV. 64 0d's me, AYL. III. v. 43 0d's my little life, IV. iii. 18 0d's my will. my will.

odd (the sense 'strange, peculiar' is not pre-S.)
1 at variance with Troil. iv. v. 264.

2 unconnected, irregular, casual Ado II, iii. 255 [244] some odd quirks, Mer.V. II. ii. 68 such odd sayings, R3 I, iii. 337 old odd ends (Ff odde old ends). 3 out of the way Tp. I. ii. 223 an o. anyle of the isle, 4 extra, received over and above Ham. v. ii. 1821 on out of the way the old bits.

my shame and the odd hits.

5 extraordinary, unexampled Lucr. 1433 such odd odd-conceited: strangely devised Gent. II. vii. 46. odd-even: (?) midnight or thereabouts Oth. I. i. 124 At this o. . . . o' the night; cf. Mac. III. iv. 127.

oddly: unequally, unevenly Troil. I. iii. 339. odds (2 esp. in phr. at o.; 3 the commonest S. sense; the betting sense in lay odds 2H4 v. v. 111 is not

pre-S.) 1 make o. all even, level inequalities Meas. III. i. 41

death . . . That makes these odds all eren. variance, strife H5 11. iv. 129, Tim. IV. iii. 42, 394,

Oth. II. iii. 187 this peevish odds.

3 balance of advantage, superiority (one way or another) AYL. 1. ii. 171 there is such o. in the man, H5 Iv. iii. 5 five to one... 'tis a fearful o., Cor. III. i. 244 'tis odd's beyond arithmetic, Tit. v. ii. 19 Thou hast the o. of me, Ham. v. ii. 277 we have therefore o.; phr. at (the) o., with the balance of advantage in one's favour Ham. v. ii. 222, Ant. 11. iii. 38; tuke (the) o., take advantage 1H4 v. i. 97, 2H6 IV. x. 47.

4 chances, balance of probability Shr. IV. iii. 15!,

Wint. v. i. 207, Cym. v. ii. 9.

ceillade (old edd. il(t)iad, eliad, aliad): amorous
glance, ogle Wiv. I. iii. 66, Lr. IV. v. 25.

o'erbeat: to overwhelm Cor. IV. v. 137 Like a bold

flood o. (so Ff; mod. edd. o'erbeart, which is freq. used by S. of waters overwhelming the land). o'erblow: to blow away H5 III. iii. 31.

o'ercloyed: filled to satiety R3 v. iii. 319. o'ercome: overrun, covered Tit. II. iii. 95 O. with o'ercount: to outnumber Ant. II. vi. 26.

o'ercrow: to overpower Ham. v. ii. 367

o'erdyed: dyed with a second colour Wint. I. ii. 133 false As o'erdyed blacks.

o'er-eaten: nibbled away on all sides (fig.) Troil. v.

ii. 157 The fragments... Of her o'er-eaten faith.

O'er-eye: to observe LLL IV. iii. 80 heedfully o.

O'er-flourish'd': covered with elaborate carvings

Tw. N. III. iv. 406 trunks o'er-flourish'd. [liquor. o'erflow: to pour out Wiv. II. ii. 159 that o. such o'ergreen (S.): fig. to cover (evil) with something pleasing Sonn. cxii. 4.

o'ergrown:

1 covered with hair Cym. IV. iv. 33 yourself . . . so o. ; cf. o'ergrown with hair AYL. IV. iii. 108. very big Meas. I. iii. 22 an o'ergrown lion.

o'erleap (2 is only S.)

1 to leap over or across Mac. 1. iv. 49 a step . . . I must... o'erleap; fig. to pass over, omit Cor. II. ii. 141 Let me o'erleap that custom.

2 refl. to leap too far Mac. I. vii. 27.

o'erlook (cf. overlook; 3 not pre-S., now the commonest dial. use)

1 to examine, inspect, survey R3 III. v. 16 o. the walls, Per. 1. ii. 48 o. . . . what lading's in our haven; to peruse, read Gent, 1, ii. 48 I would I had o'd the letter, MND. II. i. 121 your eyes; where Io. Love's stories, Lr. 1. ii. 41, Sonn. lxxxii. 2.

2 to despise, slight John v. iv. 55. 3 to look upon with the evil eye, bewitch Wiv. v. v. 89 thou wast o'd even in thy birth, Mer. V. III. ii. 15 Beshrew your eyes, They have o'erlook'd me.

o'ermaster: to have in one's power John II. i. 109.
o'er-office (S.): to lord it over (someone) by virtue
of one's office Ham. v. i. 85 (Qq ove-reaches). [585.
o'erparted: having too difficult a part LLL. v. ii.
o'erpeer: = overpeer I, Cor. II. iii. 128.
o'erperch (S.): to fly over Rom. II. ii. 66 o. these walls.

o'erpicture: to surpass the picture of Ant. II. ii. 208 O'erpicturing that Venus where .

o'erpost (S.): to get over rapidly 2H4 r. ii. 173. o'erprize: to exceed, surpass Tp. 1. ii. 92 0-'d all popular rate.

o'er-reach: to overtake Ham. III. i. 17.

o'er-run (over-run is used in other senses) 1 to flow over, overflow Meas. v. i. 317, Shr. Ind. ii. 67, Tit. II. iii. 212.

2 to pass in review 3H6 I. iv. 45.

3 to run over Troil. 111, iii. 163; fig. to overwhelm AYL, v. i. 62 I will o'er-run thee with policy.

o'ershoot: refl. to go too far Cæs. III. ii. 156. o'ershot: = overshot LLL. IV. iii. 160.

o'ersized: to cover over with something like size Ham, II, ii. 493 [484] o'ersized with . . . gore. o'erskip: not to heed Lr. III, vi. 115.

o'erstip: = overslip Gent. II. ii. 9. o'erstare: to outstare Mer.V. II. i. 27 (Q<sub>1</sub> outstare). o'erstink (S.): to stink more than Tp. IV. i. 184. o'erstraw'd: strewn over Ven. 1143 o. With sweets. o'ersway (see also oversway)

to donlineer over LLL. v. ii. 67.

2 to prevail over by superior authority or power Ham. v. i. 250 but that great command o-s the order, Sonn. lxv. 2 mortality o'ersnays their power.

3 to influence, prevail upon Cas. II. i. 203. o'erteemed: exhausted by excessive production Ham. 11. ii. 539 [531] her... o'erteemed loins. o'ertook: overcome by drink Ham. 11. i. 58.

o'ertrip: to trip over Mer. V. v. i. 7 o. the dew.

o'ervalue: to surpass in value Cym. I. iv. 125. o'erwatched: wearied with much watching Cæs.

IV. iii. 240, Lr. II. ii. 177

o'erween: = overween Wint, iv. i. [ii.] 9 or I o. to think so, 2H6 v. i. 151 a hot o-ingcur, 3H6 iii. ii. 144. o'erwhelm: (of the brows) to overhang so as to cover (the eyes) H5 III. i. 11 let the brow o. it [i.e. the eye], Ven. 183 His louring brows o-ing his fair sight. ¶ See also overwhelming.

o'erworn (cf. overworn)

1 the worse for wear, faded K3 I. i. 81 The jealous o'erworn widow.

2 worn out, exhausted Ven. 135 O., despised, Sonn. lxiii. 2 crush'd and o'erworn.

3 spent, passed away Ven. 866

o'er-wrested: strained Troil. 1. iii. 157 (old edd. ore-rested).

of (I now represented by 'off'; 4 a prevailing use of

this prep. down to 1600)

1 from, away from Err. II. ii. 140 tear the stain'd skin of my harlot-brow (mod. edd. off), All'sW. III. iv. 1 take the letter of her.

2 from (a certain point of time), from (a certain stage of existence) Gent. IV. iv. 3 one that I brought up of a puppy, Ham. II. ii. 11 being of so young days brought up with him.

3 from (a person or thing as the origin or source) 1H4 v. iv. 23 lustier maintenance than I did look for Of such an ungrown warrior; by reason of, through Tp. v. i. 230 We were dead of sleep, 2H6 II. i. 88 cam'st thou here by chance, Or of devotion?, Cym. Iv. iii. 3 A madness, of which her life's in danger.

4 introducing the agent after a passive vb. = by Ado 1. iii. 30 to be disdained of all, R3 IV. iv. 419 tempted

of the devil, Ham. I. i. 25 seen of us.

5 introducing the means or instrument = with Mer. V. v. i. 297 you are not satisfied Of these events, Ham. v. i. 233 why of that loam . . . might they not stop a beer-barrel?.

6 in, in the person of All'sW. I. i. 7 You shall find of the king a husband, IV. ii. 65, V. iii. 1 We lost a

newel of her.

7 in respect of (freq. in dependence on an adj.) Mer. V. II. ii. 196 too rude and bold of voice, 2H4 II. ii. 74 a proper fellow of my hands, Oth. 1. iii. 63 lame of sense.

8 during (a space of time) Shr. Ind. ii. 84 did I never speak of all that time?, H8 II. i. 147 Did you not of

late days hear . . . ? 9 = on (freq.) Mer. V. II. ii. 107 he had more hair of his tail than I have of my face, All'sW. IV. iii. 336 a plague of all drums, H5 II. iii. 29 he cried out of sack, Lr. 1. v. 23 to keep one's eyes of either side's nose.

off adv. (idiomatic uses with vbs. will be found under these vbs.; 3 not pre-S., still in dial. use) beside the mark Cor. II. ii. 65 that's off.

2 be off, take off one's hat Cor. 11. iii. 106. 3 off of, from 2H6 II. i. 96 A fall off of a tree. off prep. off the matter, irrelevantly (see matter 3) Ado III. v. 10 (old edd. of: see of 1).

offcap (S.): to doff the cap Oth. I. i. 10.

offence ('transgression, fault' is the most freq.

sense, with phr. do, make offence)
1 hurt, harm, injury MND, II. ii. 23, AYL, III. v. 117, I hurt, narm, injury M.N.D. II. II. 23, AYL. III. V. 117, John II. i. 75 To do o. and scattle, Cæs. II. i. 208 sick o. (='cause of harmful malady', Aldis Wright), IV. iii. 200 Doing himself o., Oth. II. iii. 224.
2 disfavour, disgrace Tw. N. IV. ii. 76 so far in offence.
3 offensive object All'sW. II. iii. 270 a general o. offenceful (S.): sinful Meas. II. iii. 26 your. o. act. offenceless (not pre-S.): harmless Oth. II. iii. 278, offend (senses 'annoy, vex physically or morally' and 'do amiss, transgress' are common)
1 to sin against, wrong (a person), violate (a law)

to sin against, wrong (a person), violate (a law) Meas. III. ii. 16 he hath o-ed the law, AYL. I. iii. 55 Necer... Did I o. your highness, R3 I. iv. 228, Lr. I. ii. 181, Oth. v. ii. 59, Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 49 I have offended reputation.

2 to harm, hurt, injure Mer. V. IV. i. 140 Thou but o-st thy lungs to speak so loud, All'sW. v. iii. 55, John Iv. i. 132 Hubert . . . Will not o. thee, 2H4 II. iv. 124, Lr. I. i. 310; absol. Tit. III. i. 46.

3 to be an obstacle or hindrance to Err. 1. i. 89 the sun . . . Dispers'd those vapours that o-ed us, Tim. v. iv. 60 offend the stream Of regular justice.

offender: one who wrongs another Sonn. xxxiv. 11. offending: transgression Oth. 1. iii. 80.

offer (app. absol. for 'offer battle')

1 to act on the offensive, make an attack 1H4 IV. i 69 we of the o-ing side, 2H4 IV. i. 219 his power, like to a fangless lion, May offer, but not hold.

2 to venture, dare, presume (to do a thing) Shr. v. i. 64 what are you that o, to beat my servant?, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 808, Troil. II. iii. 67 Agamemnon is a fool to offer to command Achilles.

office (the chief S. meanings are 'service performed',

'duty', 'function', 'official position')
proper function or action Oth, III. iv. 112 with all
the office of my heart.
people holding official position H8 I. i. 44, Ham.

111. i. 73 The insolence of office.

pl. parts of house-buildings devoted to purely household matters, esp. kitchen, &c. R2 1. ii. 69, 2H4 1. iii. 47, Tim. 11. ii. 168, Mac. 11. i. 14, Oth. 11. ii. 9; fig. Cor. I. i. 143 the cranks and o-s of man. office vb.:

office vb.: [offic'd all.]

1 to perform as a service All'sW. III, ii. 129 angels

2 to drive by virtue of one's office Cor. v. ii. 67 cannot

office me from my son.
offic'd: appointed to an office, having a particular function Wint. I. ii. 172 So stands this squire O. with me, Oth. I. iii. 272 My speculative and o. instruments (Qq active).

officer:

1 one who performs a service, agent Gent. I. ii. 43, Shr. v. ii. 37 Spoke like an officer, All'sW. 111. v. 17 a filthy officer he is, Cres. Iv. ii. 7, Ant. 111. i. 17. household servant Shr. Iv. i. 50, Tw.N. 11. v. 54,

Mac. 1. vii. 71, Cym. 111. i. 65.

3 officer at arms, herald, pursuivant R2 I. i. 204.

officious: zealous in one's duty Tit. v. ii. 202.
off adj.: frequent Sonn. xiv. 8 By oft predict; so
often AYL. iv. i. 20 by often rumination.
oho (also written 0 ho, 0 h ho)
1 mockery Tp. 1. ii. 349, 1v. i 227, Shr. v. ii. 57.
2 exultation (= 'ha! ha!') Tw.N. III. iv. 72, Ham.

III. ii. 119, Lr. v. i. 37.

3 pain (= 'oh ! ') Troil. III. i. 133 (old edd. oh ho),
Ham. v. v. 33 (Qq Oho).

old sb.!: old age Troil. II. ii. 104 mid-age and serinkled old (Ff 1; Q elders, mo 1. edd. eld+). In Eliz. times used chiefly in phr. 'old (=wane) of the moon'. old sb.2: early form of 'wold' Lr. III. iv. 123.

old adj. (4 remains in midland dial.)

1 belonging to or characteristic of advanced age Tp. I. ii. 369 old cramps, Lr. I. i. 190 his old course; Sonn. ii. 11 my old excuse.

2 that has been so (a certain number of years) Meas.

IV. ii. 135 a prisoner nine years old.

3 in old clothes, shabby Shr. Iv. i. 140. 4 great, plentiful, abundant Wiv. I. iv. 5 an old abusing of God's patience, Ado v. ii, 102 Yonder's old coil at home, Mer.V. Iv. ii. 15, Shr. III. ii. 30 news! old news, 2H4 II. iv. 21, Mac. II. iii. 2.

5 as adv. long ago Per. 1. Gower 1.

omen (once): ominous event Ham. I. i. 123. omit (the foll. are the rarer uses)

to take no notice of, disregard Meas. IV. iii. 80, 2H4 IV. iv. 27, 2H6 III. ii. 382 Omitting Suffolk's exile, my soul's treasure, Cor. III. i. 145.

to forbear to exercise Oth. II. i. 71 do omit Their [quittance. mortal natures.

omittance (S.): omission AYL. III. v. 133 o. is no omnipotent (jocular): 'almighty', arrant 1H4 I. ii. 121 the most omnipotent villain.

on prep. (2 orig. often an actual difference of idiom but from Eliz. times resulting from confusion of or and on, both of which were reduced to o')

= from Lr. v. iii. 167\* what art thou That hast this fortune on me?; often taken = against (cf. UPON).

of, e.g. Tp. iv. i. 157 such stuff As dreams are made on, Mac. II. iii. 44 i' the very throat on me; esp. in on's = of his, on't = of it.

=UPON 5 Tp. v. i. 4 How's the day?-On the sixth hour.

**once** (1 esp. with an, if = if even, if at all)

1 at any time, ever, at all Ado v. i. 218 an you be a cursing hypocrite once, 1H6 v. iii. 58, Cym. v. iii. 78, Sonn. Ivii. 8 When you have bid your servant once adieu (when . . . once = whenever, every time).

= for once Tp.111.ii.25 speak once in thy life, MND. III. ii. 68 0! once tell true, 1H4 1. ii. 158 once in my days I'll be a madcap; hence merely emphasizing an imper., Wiv. III. iv. 103, LLL. iv. iii. 361. = once for all; (hence) phr. once this, 'lis once, to be

brief, in short Err. III. i. 89, Ado i. i. 328 [320]; also simply once in the same sense Cor. II. iii. 1. 4 at once, let us proceed without more ado 2H6 III.

i, 66, R3 III. iv. 1.

one-trunk-inheriting: possessing only one trunkful of effects Lr. II. ii. 20.

oneyer (of uncertain origin and meaning): 1H4 H. i. 85 burgomasters and great oneyers

onion-ey'd: tearful Ant. IV. ii. 35 they weep; And I . am onion-ey'd.

onset: beginning, start Gent. III. ii. 94 give the o. to thy good advice, Sonn. xc. 11. [286 (Ff union). onyx: variety of quartz allied to agate Ham. v. ii.

open (2 chiefly in lay open; 3 chiefly in open hand)

1 public Meas. II, i, 140 an o. room, H8 II, i, 168 We
are too o. here to argue this, Rom. v. iii, 193 With o. outcry; so in o., in public H8 III. ii. 405; also adv.=publicly Tw. N. III. iii. 37 Do not then walk too o.

2 patent, evident Wiv. 1. iii. 26, Meas. 11. i. 21, 1H4 II. iv. 254 o., palpable, H5 II. ii. 142, R3 III. v. 29

his apparent open guilt.
3 generous, liberal 2H4 iv. iv. 32 a hand 0. as day for melting charity, Tim. v. i. 63 open bounty. open vb.

I to disclose, reveal (a matter) Gent. 1. i. 137, H5 1. 1. 78, 1. ii. 16 o-ing titles miscreate, Ham. 11. ii. 18, Cym. v. v. 42 I would not Believe her lips in o-ing it. 2 (of hounds) to give tongue Wiv. IV. ii. 213 If I cry

out thus upon notrail, never trust me when Io. again. opener: one who reveals 2H4 IV. ii. 20. open et cetera: substitute for 'open-arse', the

old name of the medlar Rom. II. i. 38.

open-ey'd: vigilant Tp. II. i. 309 [301] O. conspiracy.
operant: active Ham. III. ii. 186 My o. powers: potent Tim. IV. iii. 25 thy most operant poison.

operation: efficacy Ant. Iv. xiii. [xv.] 26 if knife, drugs, serpents, have Edge, sting, or operation.

opinion (4 app. peculiar to S.)

I censure Oth. rv. ii. 108.

2 = 'public opinion' 1H4 rr. ii. 42, 2H4 v. ii. 128, Oth. I. iii. 225 o., a sovereign mistress of effects.

3 (one's) reputation or credit Mer.V. 1. i. 91 to be dress'd in an o. Of wisdom, 1H4 IV. i. 77, V. iV. 48

Thou hast redeem'd thy lost o., Oth. II. iii. 197 your rich opinion.

4 favourable estimate of oneself, (i) in a bad sense = self-conceit, arrogance LLL. v. i. 6 learned without o., 1H4 III. i. 184, Troil. III. iii. 267, (ii) in a good

sense=self-confidence Troil, I. iii, 353, Ant. II. i. 36, opportunity: misused for 'importunity' Wiv. III. iv. 20'. ¶ This use is found in other writers. oppose:

to expose H8 IV. i. 67 opposing freely The beauty of her person to the people, Lr. IV. vii. 32 To be o'd against the warring winds (Qq exposd).

2 refl. and intr. to offer resistance (to), contend (against) Gent. III. ii. 26, Wint. v. i. 46, R2 III. iii. 18, Ham. III. i. 60, Lr. Iv. ii. 74, v. i. 27.

opposed:

opposite, contrary Mer. V. II. ix. 62 of o. natures, 1H4 III. i. 111 the opposed continent. inantagonism, hostile 1H4I. i. 9those o. eyes, H5 IV. i, 311, Ham. I, iii, 67 th'opposed (=the adversary). opposeless (not pre-S.): irresistible Lr. IV. vi. 39.

opposing: opposite Per. III. Gower 17 four o. coigns, oppositesb. (common 17th cent. sense): antagonist, adversary, opponent Tw. N. III. iv. 296 the most skilful, bloody, and fatul o., 13 v. iv. 3 Daring an o. to every danger, Lr. v. iii. 43 the o-s of this day's strife, opposite adj.: hostile, antagonistic, adverse 2H6 iii.

ii. 251, R3 IV. iv. 216 at their births good stars were o., Tim. I. i. 285 o. to humanity, Lr. II. i. 51, Oth. I. ii. 67 o. to marriage; const. with Tw. N. II. v. 164 Be opposite with a kinsman, R3 11. ii. 94.

opposition (not pre-S. in these senses; 1 is peculiar to S.

1 offering for combat Ham. v. ii. 178 the o. of your person in trial.

2 what is opposed 1H4 II. iii. 16 too light for the counterpoise of so great an opposition.
3 antagonism, hostility LLL. v. ii. 741, Rom. IV. ii.

19, Ham. I. ii. 100, Cym. II. v. 17. 4 encounter, combat Oth. II. iii. 186 In o. bloody;

phr. single o. 1H4 I. iii. 99, Cym. IV. i. 15\*.
oppress (the lit. sense of 'press' is traceable in

Lucr. 1242; cf. oppression 1) to suppress Per. III. Gower 29 The mutiny .

to trouble, harass, distress All'sW. I. iii. 155, Lr. v. iii. 5, Cym. v. iv. 99.

oppress'd: distressed, troubled Ham. I. ii. 203 their oppress'd . . . eyes.

oppression:

pressure, burden R2 III. iv. 31 o. of their . . . weight, Rom. I. iv. 24 To great o. for a tender thing.

distress, trouble R2 1. iv. 14 o. of such grief, H8 11. iv. 206 How under my o. I did reek, Rom. 1. i. 190 thy good heart's o., Sonn. xxviii. 3 When day's o. is not eas'd by night.

oppugnancy (not pre-S.): conflict Troil. 1. iii. 111. or conj. 1: before Ham. v. ii. 30 (Ff Ere); esp. or e'er (in old edd. often spelt ere); once or ever Ham. 1. ii. 183 Or ever I had seen (Ff Ere I had euer seen).

or conj.<sup>2</sup> (or . . . or = either . . . or, is very freq.)
1 or . . . or introduces alternative questions Mer. V. 111. ii. 64 Tell me where is funcy bred, Or in the heart or in the head?, Cym. IV. ii. 356 How! a page! Or dead or sleeping on him?; so Or whether ... Or whether

Sonn. exiv. 1, 3. loosely used where no alternative is in question Tim. 11. ii. 165 my husbandry or falschood (explained as a hendiadys), Ven. 10 More white and red

than doves or roses ar

orange-tawny: of a dull yellowish brown MND.
1. ii. 97 your orange-tawny beard, 111. i. 132.
orator: advocate Lucr. 30 Beauty itself doth of itself

persuade The eyes of men without an orator.

orb (6 is derived from 2) [rings).
1 circle MND, 11. i. 9 her orbs upon the green (= fairy

2 (in old astronomy) each of the concentric spheres which carry the planets and stars with them in their revolutions Ado IV.i.57 as Dian (= the moon) in her orb, Rom. II. ii. 110 the moon . . . That monthly changes in her circled orb, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 146 mygood stars... Have empty left their orbs. 3 globe Compl. 289 orb of one particular tear. 4 heavenly body Mer. V. v. i. 60, Lr. 1. i. 113, Cym.

I. vi. 35 The fiery orbs above.

5 the earth, the world Tw.N. III. i. 44, Ham. II. ii.

515 [507] *the orb below*, Ant. v. ii. 85. 6 sphere of action 1H4 v. i. 17, Per. 1. ii. 122 *in our* 

6 sphere of action 1H4 V. 1. 17, Per. 1. 11, 122 in our orbs we'll live so round and sufe.

orbed: spherical; (of the sun) Tw.N. v. i. 281; (of the earth) Ham, III. ii. 168, Compl. 25.

ordain (the most freq. sense is 'decree')

1 to establish, found, institute Shr. III. i. 10 why music was o-'d, 1H6 iv. i. 33, Cym. III. i. 56.

2 to design Tit. v. iii. 22 o-'d to an honourable end.

Rom. IV. v. 84 All things that we ordained festival.

order sb. (1 a common 16th-17th cent, sense)

1 suitable measures for the accomplishment of a purpose Meas, 11. ii, 25 There shall be o. for't; esp. in phr. take o., take measures or steps, make necessary arrangements All'sW. tv. ii. 55 I'll o. take my mother shall not hear, R2v. i. 53 there is o. ta'en for you, 1H6 m. ii. 126 Now will we take some order in the town, Oth. v. ii. 72.

2 plan (of action), arrangement John v. ii. 4 having

2 pian for action, a rangement of which is a worky our fair o, written down, 1H4 III. 1. 72, H5 III. ii. 73 the o, of the siege, Troil. IV. V. 70, Mac. V. Vi. 6. 3 way in which something takes place 2H4 IV. iv. 100 The manner and true o. of the fight, 2H6 III. ii. 129 hear the o. of his death, Cas. I. ii. 25 the o. of the course; course Cæs. 111, i. 230.

order vb.: 'to regulate, direct, govern', is the only S. sense; in R2 v. iii. 140 'to regulate the con-

veyance of (troops)

orderly: properly, duly, according to rule Mer. V. II, ii. 186 [179]. Shr. IV. iii. 94, Ham. III. ii. 222. ordinance (in old edd. also ordinance, ordinance)

1 dispensation of providence, decree of destiny R3 IV. iv. 184 God's just o., Lr. IV. i. 69, Cym. IV. ii. 145 Let ordinance Come as the gods foresay it. 2 practice, usage H5 11. iv. 83, Ces. 1. iii. 66.

3 rank, order Cor. III. ii, 12 one but of my ordinance.

4 ordnance, cannon John 11. i. 218, H5 11. iv. 126. ordinant: directing, controlling Ham. v. ii. 48 (Qq). ordinary (1 not pre-Eliz.)

1 public meal regularly provided at a fixed price in an eating-house or tavern All'sW. 11. iii. 210;

used vaguely Ant. II. ii. 233.

2 = 'ordinary run' AYL. III. v. 42.

ordinate: (?) directing Ham. v. ii. 48 even in that was heaven o. Perhaps a ref. to the phr. 'or-dinate power' (of God) = the divine power as exhibited in the order of mundane things; but Qq read ordinant.

organ (2 used sometimes absol., where mod. usage would require a qualifying phr. to be added)

1 musical instrument Ham, III. ii. 392 [385] there is much music . . . in this little organ (viz. a pipe).

part or member of the body Ado IV. i. 228, Mer. V. III. i. 64 hath not a Jew hands, organs . . .?, H5 IV. i. 21, Troil. v. ii. 120 those organs [viz. eyes and ears], Lr. 1. iv. 303, Ant. 11. vii. 50.

3 = 'vocal organs' All'sW. II. i. 179 His powerful sound within an o. weak, Tw.N. 1. iv. 33 as the maiden's o., shrill and sound; cf. Ham, 11. ii. 631 [623].

4 means of action or operation, instrument Meas. 1. i. 20 all the o-s Of our own power, Ham. IV. vii. 70 That I might be the organ.

5 mental faculty (regarded as an instrument of the mind) Wiv. v. v. 57 the organs of her fantasy.

organ-pipe: used fig. = organ 3, (?) by association with 'windpipe' Tp. 111, iii, 98, John v. vii. 23.

orgillous (Ff), orgulous+: proud, Troil. Prol. 2. orient: applied to pearls as coming anciently from the East MND. IV. i. 60, Ant. I.V. 41; hence applied

to a tear Ven. 981 an orient drop, orifex: erron, form of 'orifice' Troil v. ii. 148. original: origin MND. II. i. 117, 2H4 I. ii. 132. orison: prayer H5 II. ii. 53, Ham. III. i. 89.

ornament: pl. equipment, attire Shr. IV. iii. 61, 1H6 v. i. 54 For clothing me in these grave o-s, Rom. I. i. 99.

orphan adj.: (?) = unfathered, q.v. Wiv, v. v. 45 Fon o. heirs of fixed destiny (addressed to fairies). ort: fragment of food, also fig. Troil. v. ii. 155 The fractions of her faith, orts of her love, Tim. Iv. iii. 402, Lucr. 985 a beggar's orts to crave.

orthography: app. an error for 'orthographer' in Ado II. iii. 21 (Rowe orthographer+, Capell orthographist+).

osprey: large diurnal bird of prey feeding on fish, Pandion Haliaëtus Cor. IV. vii. 34 (Ff Aspray).

ostent: manifestation, show, display Mer. V. II. ii. 211 well studied in a sad o., II. viii. 44 such fair o-s of love, H5 v. Chor. 21, Per. 1. ii. 25 th' ostent + of war (old edd. the stint).

ostentation (opprobrious sense once LLL, v. ii. 410)
1 show, exhibition, display Ado Iv. i. 207, R2 II. iii,
95, Cor. I. vi. 86, Ham. IV. v. 215, Ant. III. vi. 52.
2 spectacular show LLL. v. i. 121.

ostler: occurs 6 times in F1, hostler once.

other adj., and sb. or pron. (other as a pl. is freq.)

1 each preceding (one) Meas. rv. iv. 2 Every letter he
hath writ has discouched other, R2 1. i. 22 Each day still better other's happiness!, Ces. 1. ii. 229 every time gentler thun other.

2 used to characterize a thing as being of a different kind from something before mentioned or contemplated k2 1. i. 33 In the devotion of a subject's love... And free from 0. misbegotten hate, Mac. IV.
iii. 90 all these [vices] are portable, With 0. graces
weigh'd, Oth. IV. ii. 83 to preserve this vessel for my
lord From any other foul unlawful touch.

3 no o. cause, no cause to be otherwise Err. II. i. 33. othergates: in another way Tw. N. v. i. 199. ¶ Survives in the north and Warwickshire.

otherwhiles: at times 1H6 I. ii. 7.
Ottomite: Ottoman, Turk, Oth. I. iii. 235.
ouch: brooch; pl. used vaguely =gems, jewels 2H4
II. iv. 52 brooches, pearls, and ouches. [pound.
ought: owed 1H4 III. iii. 151 you o. him a thousand

ounce: lynx MND. II. ii. 30.

ouph: elf, goblin Wiv. IV. iv. 51, v. v. 63 (Ff). The synonymous forms 'auf', 'oaf', 'ouph' appear in literature about 1620-5.

ousel (old edd. woosel(l, ouzell): blackbird MND. III.
i. 131 The o.-cock, so black of hue; applied to a person of dark hair or complexion (?) 2H4 III. ii. 9 Alas! a black ousel.

out adv. (obs. or peculiar uses; see also out or)
1 without, outside Wiv. v. v. 62 within and out.

abroad Gent. 1. iii. 7 seek preferment out.

3 in other hands or occupation Gent. v. ii. 29 [my possessions] are out by lease.

at variance, not friends Mer. V. III. v. 34 Launcelot and I are out, Cas. I. i. 17 out with me.

fully, quite Tp. 1. ii. 41 thou wast not Out three years old, IV. i. 101, Cor. IV. v. 127.

at an end, finished Tp. III. ii. I when the butt is out, R3 III. iii. 7 the limit of your lives is out, Ham. v. ii. 202, Ant. IV. ix. 33. = 'out at heel' Cæs. I. i. 18.

out prep. (2 cf. out adv. 1)

1 out of, from within 2H4 II. ii. 27, Cor. v. ii. 41
pushed out your gales; so from out Mer. V. III. iv.
21, R2 III. iii. 64.

2 outside Tim, IV. i. 38 within and out that wall. out interi.: expressing abhorrence, reproach, or indignation Gent. 11. vii. 54 Out, out, Lucetta! that will be ill-favour'd, MND. 111. ii. 65 Out, dog! out,

cur l, R3 I, iii. 118 Out, devil l, Lr. Iv. vi. 250 Out, dunghill!; so out upon (freq.) Wiv. I. iv. 174 Out upon't! what have I forgot?; also with words of lamentation (alack, alas) Wiv. I. iv. 37, Oth. v. ii. 117, Sonn. xxxiii. 11.

out- prefix : compounds of the type exemplified in outfrown Fortune's frown (Lr. v. iii, 6), out-Herod Herod, Our prayers do outpray his (R2 v. iii. 109), He hath outvillained villany (All'sW. iv. iii. 308) are very numerous in S. and are first illustrated in his works.

outbrag: 'to exceed in pride of beauty' (Schmidt)
Compl. 95.

outbrave (2 cf. BRAVERY 2)

1 to surpass in valour Mer. V. 11. i. 28. 2 to excel in beauty Sonn. xciv. 12.

outbreath'd: out of breath 2H4 1. i. 108. outburn: to burn away (S.) Pilgr. vii. 14 [98]. outcrafty (S.): to excel in craft Cym. III. iv. 15.

1 to brave, defy R2 I. i. 190 this outdar'd dastard, 1H4 v. i. 40.

2 to surpass in daring Cor. r. iv. 53. outdwell (S.): to stay beyond Mer. V. II. vi. 3. outface (1 the usual S. sense)

1 to stare down, (hence) put out of countenance Err. v. i. 245, Mer. V. 1v. ii. 17 o. them, and outswear them too, Ham. v. i. 300 To o. me with leaping in her grave; to browbeat, intimidate John II. i. 97 hast .. 0-d infant state; to frighten away from 1H4 II. iv. 287.

2 to brave, defy Lr. II. iii. 11 outface The winds.

to put a bold face on, brazen out Pilgr. 8 Outfacing faults (cf. Sonn. exxxviii. 8).

outfacing: swaggering, brow-beating Ado v. i. 94, out-Herod (S. coinage): o. Herod, to outdo Herod (represented in the old mystery plays as a blustering tyrant) in violence; to be more outrageous than the most outrageous Ham. III. ii. 16.

outjest (S.): to dispel by means of jesting Lr. 111. i. 16 the fool, who labours to o. His heart-struck injuries.

outlaw: used vaguely = exile 1H4 IV. iii. 58; so outlawed, banished Lr. III. iv. 171.

outlive: intr. to survive Tit. 11. iii. 132. outlook (not pre-S.): to look or stare down John v. ii. 115.

outnight: to outdo in mentioning nights Mer.V. v. i. 23 I would outnight you.

out of: made from Wint. I. ii. 123 They say it is a copy out of mine, Troil. I. i. 15 He that will have a

cake out of the wheat must turry the grinding.

outpeer (not pre-S.): to surpass Cym. 11. vi. 86.

outprize (not pre-S.): to exceed in value Cym. 1. iv.

93 she's outprized by a trifle.

outrage: violent conduct or language, fury John III, iv. 106, 1H6 iv. i. 126 this immodest clamorous outrage, R3 I. iii. 277, II. iv. 64, Rom. v. iii. 216. outsell (not pre-S.): fig. to exceed in value Cym. II. iv. 102, III. v. 74.

outsleep (not pre-S.): to sleep beyond MND. v. i. outspeak: to describe what is more than (some-

thing) H8 in. ii. 128.

outsport: to go beyond (limits) in revelling Oth.

II. iii. 3 Not to outsport discretion.

outstretch: to stretch to its limit Tim. v. iii. 3. outstrike: to deal swifter blows than Ant. IV. vi.

36 a swifter mean Shall outstrike thought. outwall: exterior Lr. III. i. 45. outward sb.: outward appearance, exterior Troil. III. ii. 169, Sonn. lxix. 5, Compl. 80.

outward adj.: not having an intimate knowledge of things All'sW. III. i. 11.

outward adv.: externally Meas. III. i. 87 This o.-sainted deputy, Ado I. ii. 9, Ham. II. ii. 401[392] (Ff). outwards: externally Ham. II. ii. 401 [392] must

show fairly outwards (Qq). outwork: to excel in workmanship Ant. II. ii. 209. outworth: to be worth more than H8 1. i. 123. overblown: blown over Tp. 11. ii. 119 Is the storm

o.?; chiefly fig. past Shr. v. ii. 3 perils o., R2 III. ii. 190, 2H6 I. iii. 155 my choler being o., R3 II. iv. 61.

overbulk (S.): to surpass Troil, I. iii. 320. overbuy: to buy at a higher price Cym. I. i. 146
('I am worth but a small fraction of what, in
giving himself, he has given for me,' Dowden). overcome: to take by surprise Mac. III. iv. 111 o.

us like a summer's cloud.

overeye: to observe Shr. Ind. i. 95.

overflow: excess, superfluity R2 v. iii. 64 Thy o. of good converts to bad.

overglance: to cast the eye over LLL. IV. ii. 137. overgo: to go beyond, exceed R3 II. ii. 61, Sonn.

ciii. 7; to overcome, oppress 3H6 n. v. 123. overhear: to hear over again (S.) LLL. v. ii. 95. overhold: to over-estimate (S.) Troil. II. iii. 143. overleather: upper leather Shr. Ind. ii. 13. overlive: to outlive 2H4 iv. i. 15.

overlook (cf. o'ERLOOK)

1 to overtop H5 III. v. 9 Shall . . . Our scions . . .

Spirt up . . . And overlook their grafters?. 2 to look down upon from above John II. i. 344, 3H6

I. iv. 180, Tit. II. i. 8, Ven. 178.

3 to peruse H5 II. iv. 90, Ham. Iv. vi. 13 overlooking: superintendence All'sW. I. i. 46. overlusty: too lively H5 IV. Chor. 18, Lr. II. iv. 9. overpass: to pass, spend 1H6 H. v. 117. overpeer (1 cf. o'ERPEER)

1 to look over or down upon 1H6 1. iv. 11 to o. the

city, And thence discover how... 2 to rise or tower above Mer.V. I. i. 12 your argosies ... Do o. the petty traffickers, 3H6 v. ii. 14 Whose top branch o-'d Jove's spreading tree; fig. Ham. IV. v. 99 The ocean, overpeering of his list.
overplus: sb. surplus Ant. ni. vii. 50 Our o. of

shipping; phr. in o., in excess Sonn. cxxxv. 2;—adv. in addition Ant. Iv. vi. 22.

over-read: to read through Meas. IV. ii. 212. over-red (S.): to redden over Mac. v. iii. 14 Go

prick thy face, and over-red thy fear. over-ride: to overtake riding 2H4 I, i. 30.

overscutched: o. huswife (see HUSWIFE 2), app. = overswitcht housewife, i.e. a whore; a ludicrous word ' (Ray's North Country Words, 1674),

"Overscutched' means literally 'over-beaten'; "scutch' and 'switch' were synonymous terms =rod, whip.

oversee ('o'ersee' does not occur)

to see, attend to Lucr. 1205. = o'ERLOOK 2 or 3, Lucr. 1206.

overshine:

to illumine 3H6 II. i. 38.

to outshine, excel Troil. III. i. 173, Tit. I. i. 317.

overshot: to escape from Ven. 680. overshot: wide of the mark, in error LLL. 1. i. 141 So study evermore is o., H5 III. vii. 139. overslip: to pass unnoticed by Gent. II. ii. 9, Lucr. oversway: = o'ersway 2, Ven. 109.

overswear: to swear over again Tw. N. v. i. 279. overtake: Cor. I. ix. 19 Hath overta'en my act, hath

done an act equal to my own.

overthrow: have the o., be defeated 1H6 III. ii.

106; give the overthrow, defeat Cas. v. ii. 5.

overtopping: app. outstripping Tp. 1. ii. 81. overture: disclosure Wint. 11. i. 171, Lr. 111. vii. 89 made the o. of thy treasons to us. ¶ Occurs also in the sense 'proposal'. In Cor. I. ix. 46" not satisfactorily explained (Steevens coverture+

overview (not pre-S.): inspection LLL, IV. iii. 175. overweather'd+ (S.): weather-beaten Mer. V. II. vi.18 With o. ribs and ragged sails (Ff ouerwither'd).

overween: to be arrogant or presumptuous 2H4 rv. i. 149, Tit. II, i. 29; chiefly in overweening, arrogant, presumptuous Tw.N. II. v. 34, R3 v. iii. 329.

overwhelming: overhanging Rom. v. i. 39 o. overworn: stale Tw.N. III. i. 67 the word is o. owd: northern dial, form of 'old' Oth. II. iii, 100

take thine owd cloak about thee (Q1; Qq23 auld, Ff awl'd), a line of an old song.

owe: to possess, own, have Tp. I. ii. 451 Thou dost here usurp The name thou ow'st not, John IV. ii. 99 That blood which ow'd the breadth of all this isle,

Mac. 1. iii. 76 Say from whence You owe this strange the thick-lips one . . . ¶ The orig. meaning, and almost as freq. in S. as the mod. meaning of 'be indebted or under obligation'.

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own vb. (rare use): to have (a certain function)
Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 143.
own adj.: Tp. v. i. 213 When no man was his own =

master of his senses. oxhead: used with ref. to cuckoldry (cf. Horn 1) John II. i. 292.

oxlip: flowering herb uniting features of the cowslip and the primrose MND. II. i. 250.

oyes: call of the public crier = hear (Fr. 'oyez') Wiv. v. v. 47, Troil. IV. v. 142.

pace sb.: phr. All's W. IV. v. 71 has no pace, is under no restraint; hold me pace, keep pace with me 1H4 III. i. 49.

pace vb.: to train (a horse) in its paces (e.g. to amble) H8 v. iii. 22, Ant. II. ii. 68; fig. Meas. IV. iii. 141 pace your wisdom In that good path that I would wish it go, Per. IV. vi. 68 she's not paced yet.

pack sb.: confederacy, conspiring gang Wiv. IV. ii. 126 a knot, a ging, a p., Err. IV. iv. 104, R3 III. iii. 4, Lr. v. iii. 18. ¶ Apparently a blending of pack = bundle, used fig., and the Eliz. pack=plot, conspiracy, intrigue.

1 to load 1H4 II. i. 3 our horse not packed, 2H4 IV. v.

75 Our thighs packed with wax. 2 to take oneself off, depart Wiv. 1. iii. 89, H8 1. iii. 33, Tim. v. i. 117 Hence! pack!; also be packing 1H6 iv. i. 46, Cym. III. v. 80, send, set packing 1H4 II. iv. 331, Ham. III. iv. 211.

pack vb.2 (1 cf. PACK sb. and PACKING: 3 now asso-

ciated with the idea of packing up)
1 to conspire Tit, IV. ii. 157 Go pack with him.

2 pass. to be a confederate in a plot Err. v. i. 219 were he not pack'd with her, Ado v. i. 312 3 to shuffle (cards) so as to cheat; fig. see CARD sb. 1.

packhorse: fig. drudge R3 1. iii. 122, Lucr. 928. packing: plotting Shr. v. i. 121, Lr. III. i. 26, paction+ (Theobald): compact H5 v. ii, 393 (Ff<sub>12</sub>

pation, Ff 3 4 passion, not in Q). paddle: to play fondly with the fingers Ham. III.

iv. 185, Oth. II. i. 261; trans. to finger fondly Wint. I. ii. 116.

paddock: toad Ham. III. iv. 190; (?) 'familiar spirit in the shape of a toad' (Schmidt) Mac. I. i. 9 Paddock calls .- Anon.

page: to attend, follow Tim. IV. iii, 225 p. thy heels. pageant sb. (orig. = scene or act in a mediæval

mystery play)

1 theatrical representation; hence, show, spectacle, sight Tp. IV. i. 155 this insubstantial p., Gent. IV. iv. 166 When all our p-s of delight were play'd, MND. III. ii. 114 their fond p. (=the foolish spectacle they present), H8 IV. i. 11 shows, P-s, Troil. III. iii. 276 the p. of Ajax; occas. false show Oth. 1. iii. 18 a pageant To keep us in false gaze.

2 device on a moving car exhibited as a feature of a public show; only fig. applied to a ship Mer.V.
I. i. 11; to clouds Ant. IV. Xii. [xiv.] 8,
pageant vb.: to mimic Troil. I. iii. 151,

pageantry: theatrical exhibition Per. v. ii. 6. pain sb. (1 chiefly in phr. on pain of, also in pain of 2H6 пп. ii. 257; 2 the pl. in this sense is freq.; for thy pains Wiv. III, iv. 104 has not its mod. ironical sense)

ironical sense)

1 punishment, penalty Meas. II. iv. 86 his offence panderly: bawdy Wiv. IV. ii. 125 you p. rascals.

is so, as it appears Accountant to the law upon

trouble, labour, effort to accomplish something MND. v. i. 80, R3 IV. iv. 304, Lr. III. i. 53.

pain vb.: to put to trouble Meas. v. i. 387. painful: laborious, toilsome (of actions, &c.) LLL.

II. i. 23 p. study, H5 IV. iii. 111 marching in the p.
field, Cor. IV. v. 74 the p. service; (rarely of persons)
toiling Sonn. xxv. 9 The painful warrior.
painfully: laboriously LLL. I. i. 74, John II. i. 223.

paint: to flatter with specious words LLL. IV. i. 16

Nay, never paint me now.

painted: specious, feigned, unreal AYL. II. i. 3
p. pomp, John. III. i. 105 p. peace, Tit. II. iii. 126
that p. hope, Ham. III. i. 53 my most painted word,
painting: paint Wint. v. iii. 83 Foull ... stain
your own [lip] With oily p., Cor. I. vi. 68; H8 I. i.
26 as a p. (=as good as using cosmetics for heightening the colour).

pajock (F<sub>1</sub> Qq<sub>2-6</sub> paiock(e, Ff<sub>234</sub> pajock(e)): of unknown meaning, app. intended as an obscure substitute for 'ass' Ham. III. ii. 300. ¶ Commonly taken to be a form of 'peacock'; perhaps identical with 'patchocke', Spenser's name for the degenerate English in Ireland.

palate vb. (not pre-S.)

I to enjoy the taste of, relish Troil. IV. i. 59, Ant.

v. ii. 7 never palates more the dung (dug+). to savour of Cor. III. i. 103 the great'st taste (=the taste of the majority) Most palates theirs.

pale sb.1 (3 see PALE sb.2)

1 pl. palings, palisade H8 v. iv. 96. 2 fence, paling Err. II. i. 100 But, too unruly deer, he breaks the p., R2 III. iv. 40, Troil. II. iii. 263, Ham. 1. iv. 28 (fig.) the pales and forts of reason.

fenced area, enclosure; fig. Wint. Iv. ii. [iii.] 4\* the red blood reigns in the winter's pale.

pale sb.2: paleness, pallor Ven. 589 a sudden pale . . . Usurps her cheeks; also probably in Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 4 (see PALE sb. 1 3).

pale adj.: p. at mine heart = PALE-HEARTED Meas. IV. pale vb.': to enclose, encircle H5 v. Chor. 10, 3H6 I. iv. 103 (cf. IMPALE 2), Ant. II. vii. 75, Cym. III. i. 19.

pale vb.2: to make pale, dim Ham. 1. v. 90. paled +:=PALLID Compl. 198 paled pearls.

pale-hearted: cowardly Mac. IV. 1. 85 p. fear.
palfrey: saddle-horse H5 III. vii. 29, 2H6 IV. ii. 78,
Tit. v. ii. 50, Ven. 384.
palisado: fence made of stakes 1H4 II. iii. 57. pall vb.1: to fail Ham. v. ii. 9 plots do pall.

pall vb.2: to cover as with a pall Mac. 1. v. 52. pall'd: weakened, impaired Ant. 11. vii. 89 I'll never

follow thy p. (F<sub>1</sub> paul'd) fortunes more. pallet: mean bed 2H4 III. i. 10 (Ff pallads, a com-

mon 16th-18th cent. form).
palliament: white gown of a candidate for the Roman consulship Tit, 1, 1, 182. [p. pearls. pallid (old edd. palid, -yd): of pale hue Compl. 198

palm: used chiefly as an emblem of victory; also applied to a conspicuous person Tim. v. i. 14. palmer: pilgrim (properly one from the Holy Land,

bearing a palm-leaf) Rom, I. v. 104. palm-tree: willow AYL. III. ii. 187.

palmy: triumphant, flourishing Ham. I. i. 113. palsy: as adj. = palsied Troil. I. iii. 174 p. fumbling. palter: to shuffle, play fast and loose, use trickery Cor. III. i. 57, Cæs. II. i. 126, Mac. v. vii. 49 [viii. 20] p. with us in a double sense, Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 63 dodge And palter in the shifts of lowness.

pamphlet: small composition in writing 1H6 III. i.

2, Lucr. Ded. 1. pander: to minister to the gratification of Ham. III.

pang: to cause pangs H8 II, iii. 15.

pannelled: (?) Ant. IV. x. 34 [xii, 21] (Ff); Hanmer spaniel'dt.

pantaloon: enfeebled old man, old fool (S.) AYL. II. vii. 158, Shr. III. i. 37.

Pantheon: temple in Rome dedicated to all the gods Tit. 1. i. 242, 333.

pantler: servant who had charge of the pantry Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 56, 2H4 II. iv. 258, Cym. II. iii. 129.

paper sb.: note fastened on the back of a criminal undergoing punishment, specifying his offence LLL. IV. iii. 48, 2H6 II. iv. 31.

paper vb.: to set down on paper H81. i. 80 Must fetch him in he p-s (Campbell the papers+, Staunton

he pauperst).

paper-faced: having a face as pale or as thin as paper 2H4 v. iv. 12; cf. H5 II. ii. 74 Look ye, how

they change! Their cheeks are paper.

Paracelsus: Swiss physician, chemist, and natural philosopher, whose true name was Philippus Theophrast you Hohenheim, in medical principles opposed to Galen, All's W. II. iii. 12.

paradox: statement or tenet contrary to received opinion Ham. III. i. 116 this was sometime a p., but now the time gives it proof. ¶ The orig. sense; the ordinary meaning of 'self-contradictory statement' is commoner in S.

paragon (2 and 3 are only S.)

1 to compare Ant. I. v. 71 If thou with Casar p, again My man of men.

to surpass Oth. II. i. 62 paragons description. 3 to set forth as a perfect model H8 II. iv. 228, parallel: adj. coinciding with a person's wish or

purpose Oth. II. iii. 358;—sb. pl. parallel lines Troil. I. iii. 168 as near as the extremest ends Of p-s; transf. furrows, wrinkles Sonn. lx. 10.

parallel vb. (1 and 3 not pre-S.; 2 only S.)

1 to bring into 'line' or conformity with Meas. IV.

ii, 82.

2 to present as a parallel Mac. II. iii. 68.
3 to equal All'sW. IV. iii. 283, Troil. II. ii. 162.

Parca: goddess of Fate, H5 v. i. 21.
parcel sb. (1 cf. phr. 'part and parcel of . . .')
1 part, portion Wiv. I. i. 237 that the lips is p. of the

mouth, Err. v. i. 106 a branch and p. of my only, 114 m. iv. 115, H8 m. ii. 126, Cor. 1. ii. 32 Some p-s of their power, Oth. 1. iii. 154 by parcels. 2 item, detail, particular All'sW. 1v. iii. 104 main p-s of dispatch, 2H4 nv. ii. 36 The p-s and particulars of

our grief. small party, company, or set LLL. v. ii. 160, Mer.V. I, ii. 117 this p. of woers, All'sW. II. iii. 58. parcel vh .: (a) to make up into a mass, (b) to specify

Ant. v. ii. 162\* parcell'd: assigned to each, particular R3 11. ii. 81

Their reces are parcell'd, mine are general,
pard: panther or leopard Tp. 1v. i. 264 more pinchspotted. . Than pard, AYL. II. vii. 150.
pardon sb.: leave, permission Ado II. i. 356, LLL.
IV. ii. 104 Under p., Ham. IV. vii. 46 first asking
your p. thereunto, Ant. III. vi. 60 I begg'd His p. for return.

pardon vb. (2 cf. PARDON sb.)

1 to remit (a penalty) Mer.V. IV. i. 370 I p. thee thy life, Lr. IV. vi. 112 I pardon that man's life. 2 to excuse Gent. III. ii. 98, Meas, III. ii. 146, Ado

II. i. 133.

pardon-me: one who is always excusing himself Rom. II. iv. 36 (Qq45 pardona' mees, Theobald pardonnez-moy's+).

parel: apparel, attire Lr. IV. i. 49. Paris ball: tennis ball H5 II. iv. 131.

Paris-gardent, old edd. Parish-garden: a

place at Bankside, Southwark, where a bear-gar-den was kept in Elizabethan times H8 v. iv. 2.

parish-top: whipping-top kept for the exercise of
 parishioners Tw.N. i. iii. 45.

Paris-ward: unto P., towards Paris 1H6 III. iii. 30. paritor: apparitor or summoning officer of an ecclesiastical court LLL, III. i. 196 [188] (Q1 Ff123 Parretors, Q2 Parritors, F4 Parators).

park'd: enclosed 1H6 IV. ii. 45.

parkward: the p. (S.), toward the park Wiv. III. i. 5. parle: freq. in the same sense as parley, which is also common; e.g. 3H6 v. i. 16.

parlous [contracted from 'perilous']
1 perilous, dangerous AYL. III. ii. 46 in a p. state.
2 dangerously cunning, shrewd R3 II. iv. 35 A p. boy, III. i. 154 (F4 parlous, Qq78 perlous, others peril(l)ous).

3 alarming, dreadful, shocking MND. III. i. 14 a p. fear, Rom. I. iii. 54 A parlous knock

parmaceti: 16th cent. corruption of 'spermaceti' surviving dialectally 1H4 1. iii. 58.

part sb. (6 on the part of occurs also in mod. sense)

1 the better p., the greater part Mer. V. I. i. ib, AYL.
III. i. 2, 2H4 I. ii. 180; a bittle p., a little Tim. III.
ii. 53; no part, not at all All SW. III. i. 135,
2 member of the body or of the whole man (freq.);

with qualifying adj. applied to the soul 2H4 II. ii. 114 the immortal p., H8 IV. ii. 30 His blessed p., Sonn, lxxiv. 8 My spirit is thine, the better p. of me, cli. 6 My nobler part.

3 personal quality or attribute Ado v. ii. 62 my bad parts, &c., Wint. v. i. 64 for what dull part in t You chose her, Ham. v. ii. 116; usu. pl. = abilities, capacities, talents (freq.).

4 piece of conduct, act, action Tw. N. v. i. 373 some stubborn and uncourteous p-s, Wint. I. ii. 400, 2H4 IV. V. 62, Ham. III. ii. 111 It was a brute part of him, Oth. I. ii. 3I, I. iii. 255 his valiant parts.

5 side in a contest, party, faction John II. i. 359 let confusion of one p. confirm The other's peace, v. vi. 2 of the p. of England (= on the side of), H5 IV. vii. 123 the numbers dead on both our p-s, 3H6 II. v. 66, Rom. I. i. 120 fought on p. and p., Cym. v. i. 25.

6 on or upon the part of, on behalf of Err. 111. i. 91, Cor. 111. i. 209, Sonn. xlix. 12; so in one's p. Oth. I. iii. 74 What in your own p. can you say to this?. pl. (?) divisions of a heraldic shield in which

charges are borne Sonn. xxxvii. 7'

part vb. (the freq. S. senses 'divide into parts' and share with others, take a share of 'are now rare; 3 is common)

p, from = 'part with', give up Mer.V. III. ii. 173
 Which when you part from, lose, or give accey,
 p. with = 'part from', go away from, leave Err. V.
 i. 221, AYL. III. ii. 236 How parted he with thee?.
 to depart, go away Gent. I. i. 71 But now he p-ed
 been 244 by ii. 76 by the house paragraph. This

hence, 2H4 IV. ii. 70 let them have pay and p., Tit. I. i. 488 I would not part a bachelor from the priest.
4 to depart this life H5 II. iii. 12 a p-ed . . . between

twelve and one, 1H6 II. v. 115, R3 II. i. 5, Mac. v. vii. 81 [viii, 52] he parted well.

5 to depart from, leave R2 III. i. 3 Since presently your souls must part your bodies, Per. v. iii. 38.

partake (3 is peculiar to S.)

1 to take some of Wint. II. i. 40 one may drink, depart,

And yet partake no venom.

2 to impart, communicate Wint. v. iii. 132 your exultation Partake to every one, Per. 1. i. 152.

3 to take part with Sonn, exlix. 2

partaker: supporter, adherent 1H6 II. iv. 100. parted:

l divided MND, IV. i. 195.

2 departed 2H6 III. ii. 161 a timely-parted ghost.

3 endowed, gifted Troil. III. iii. 96.

partial: Meas. 11. i. 31 nothing...p., no partiality; R21.iii.241 A p. slander, an imputation of partiality. partialize: to render partial R2 1. i. 120.

partially: with undue favour Oth. II. iii, 220,

participate pple.: participating Cor. 1. i. 108. participate vb.: to share in common with others Tw. N. v. i. 248\*.

particular sb.:

I detail All'sW. IV. iii. 207 let me answer to the p. of the inter gatories, 1H4 II. iv. 419, 2H4 IV. iv. 90 With every course in his p., Cor. II. iii. 48\* by ps. (=one by one, in detail), Ham. II. ii. 248 question

more in particular.

2 personal interest or concern All's W. H. v. 67, Tim. iv. iii. 160 his p. to foresee, Ant. 1. iii, 54 My more p. . . . Is Fulvia's death; phr. Troil. 11. ii. 9 As far as toucheth my p., Cor. 1v. vii. 13 for your p. (=as far as you are concerned), Lr. 11. iv. 295 For his p.,

Ant. IV. ix. 20 in thine own particular.

3 close relation, intimacy H8 III. ii. 190 in love's p.,
Cor. v. i. 3 In a most dear particular.

particular adj.: private, personal Meas. 1v. iv. 30 no p. scandal, 2H4 IV. iii. 52, H5 III. ii. 88 my p. knowledge, H8 II. iii. 101, Cor. IV. v. 92, Lr. v. i. 30 these domestic and particular broils.

particularities: individual affairs or matters H5

III. ii. 145, 2H6 v. ii. 44,

particularly: individually Cor. IV. V. 72 To thee p., Tim. I. i. 47 my free drift Halts not p. ( = at any

individual person).

partisan, -zan: weapon used by infantry in the 16th-17th cent., consisting of a long-handled spear and a blade having one or more lateral cutting projections Rom. I. i. 80, Ham. I. i. 140.

Partlet: name used as the proper name of a hen
Wint. II. iii. 75, 1H4 III. iii. 60.

partner (2 cf. 'partner with a thief', Prov. xxix. 24)

fellow-sponsor H8 v. iii. 167, v. v. 6.

2 accomplice Meas. 11. iii. 37. partner'd: associated Cym. I. vi. 121 p. With tom-

party (1 cf. PART sb. 5)

1 side in a contest, (a particular) cause or interest John I. i. 34 Upon the right and p. of her son, &c., R<sup>2</sup> III. ii. 203, 1H6 II. iv. 32 dare maintain the p. of the truth, R3 IV. iv. 527 they came... Upon his p., LIII. i. 28 have you nothing said Upon his party...?. 2 faction Cor. III. i. 313 Lest parties... break out. 3 partner, ally Wint. II. iii. 21, 1H4 III. i. 11, Cor.

v. v. [vi.] 14 the same intent wherein You wish'd us parties, Lr. 111. v. 13 an intelligent p. to the advantages of France.

party-verdict: one person's share in a joint verdict R2 1. iii. 234.

pash sb. (not pre-S.): head Wint. I. ii. 129. ¶ Now chiefly a Scottish word, but surviving in Cheshire in the sense of 'brains'

pash vb.: to strike violently, smash Troil. II. iii. 217 Til pash him o'er the face (Q push), v. v. 10 the pashed corses of the kings. ¶ Only in this play; common in Warwickshire in this sense.

pass sb. (8 only S. and in echoes)

passage H5 n. Chor. 39 To give you gentle p., Ham. II. ii. 77 to give quiet pass.

2 (?) demeanour, course of action Meas. v. i. 371. 3 reputation, estimation All's W. II. v. 59 a worthy p.

4 issue, end Sonn. ciii.11 to no other p. my verses tend. 5 critical position, juncture, predicament Err. III. i. 17, Shr. v. ii. 125, Lr. III. iv. 63.

permission to act Meas. I. iii. 38. lunge or thrust in fencing Ham. v. ii. 61; bout of fencing Tw.N. III. iv. 305.

8 pass of pate, sally of wit Tp. IV, i, 246,

pass vb. (13 common 16th-17th cent.) 1 to die, 'pass away' 2H6 III. iii. 25 let him p. peaceably, Lr. IV. vi. 48, v. iii. 315.

peaceably, Lr. IV. VI. 48, V. III. 315.

2 to go through, experience, suffer Troil. II. ii. 139 alone to p. the difficulties, Oth. I. iii. 131, 167 the dangers I had pass'd, Per. II. Gower 6.

3 to go beyond, exceed Wiv.I.i.185 p-d the careires, LLL. IV. iii. 241 She p-es praise, Ham. I. ii. 85 that within which p-eth show, IV. VII. 88 (Qq topt). 4 intr. to go beyond all bounds, beggar description, beat everything Wiv. I. i. 313, IV. ii. 131, Troil. I. ii. 180 all the rest solaughed, that it p-ed, Tim.I.i.12. 5 to neglect disregard Meas IV. vi 12 John III.

5 to neglect, disregard Meas, IV. vi. 12, John II. i. 258 fondly pass our . . . offer, Cor. II. ii. 144, iii. 207. 6 to transfer, hand over Shr. IV. iv. 45 pass my

daughter a sufficient dower. 7 to transact Shr. IV. iv. 57 pass the business privately and well.

8 (?) to enact, perform LLL. v. i. 139

9 = 'pass sentence', give judgement Meas. II. i. 19, 23, Lr. III. vii. 24 pass upon his life. 10 to receive the approval of Cor. III. i. 28 Hath he not pass'd the noble and the common?.

11 to pledge (one's word, &c.) LLL. 1. i. 19 Your oaths are p-'d, All'sW. III. vii. 36, Tw.N. 1. v. 85, R2 v. iii. 51 thy promise p-'d, Tit. 1. i. 468. 12 to make a thrust Ham. v. ii. 312; fig. to make a

witty sally Lr. III. vii. 24; trans. to make (a pass)
Wiv. II. iii. 26 p. thy punto, thy stock, thy reverse.
13 to care 2H6 IV. ii. 140 As for these silken-coated

slaves, I pass not.

14 pass upon, impose upon Tw. N. v. i. 364.

passable:

1 current (like coin) Cor. v. ii. 13 the virtue of your name Is not here passable.

2 affording passage Cym. 1. ii. 10.

passado: forward thrust with the sword, one foot being advanced at the same time LLL. I. ii. 188, Rom. II. iv. 27, III. i. 90.

[Oth. v. i. 37. passage: 1 passing of people, people passing by Err. III. i. 99, 2 death Ham. III. iii. 86, v. ii. 412.

procedure, course Wint. III. ii. 91, Troil. II. iii.

141, Rom. I. Chor. 9.

4 occurrence, incident All'sW. i. i. 21 how sad a p. 'tis!, Ham. iv. vii. 112, Cym. iii. iv. 94.

5 act, proceeding Tw.N. III. ii. 80 such impossible p-s of grossness, 1H4 III. ii. 8 thy p-s of life (=the actions of thy life), H5 III. vi. 100, H8 II. iv. 168, passant (heraldic term): walking Wiv. I. i. 20.

passing: adj. surpassing, extreme Gent. I. ii. 17 a p. shame, II. i. 83, 3H6 v. i. 106 0 p. traitor;—adv. pre-eminently, exceedingly (freq.)
passion sb. (applied widely to all kinds of feeling

by which the mind is powerfully moved, e.g. mirth John III. iii. 47, H5 II. ii. 132; 2 is a special application; cf. the vb.)

painful affection or disorder of the body Err. v. i. 47, 1H4 III. i. 35, Mac. III. iv. 57.

2 sorrowful emotion LLL. v. ii. 118 p-s solemn tears, Tit. 1. i. 106 A mother's tears in p. for her son, Ven. 832 Passion on passion deeply is redoubled. 3 pl. feelings or desires of love Tit. 11. i. 36 my sword

... shall ... plead my p-s for Lavinia's love, Lucr. Arg. 13 smothering his passions for the present. 4 passionate speech or outburst MND. v. i. 323 her

passion ends the play.

passion vb.: sorrow, grieve Tp. v. i. 24, Gent. Iv. iv. 174, LLL. I. i. 261, Ven. 1059.

passionate adj. (1 cf. Passion sb. 2, and vb.)
1 grieved, sorrowful Gent. 1. ii. 121, LLL. III. i. 1,
John II. i. 544 She is sad and passionate.
2 compassionate R3 I. iv. 121 this p. humour of mine
(On my holy hymnus)

(Qq my holy humour).

passionate vb.: to express with passion Tit. 111. ii. 6. passy-measures pain [Ital. 'passamezzo pavana']; the pavan, a grave and stately dance, when played less solemnly and more quickly was called a passamezzo Tw.N. v. i. 208\*.

past-proportion: that which is beyond measure

Troil, ii. 29 Thep. of his infinite (= the immeasurableness of his infinite greatness).

pastry: place where pastry is made Rom. iv. iv. 2. patch: fool, dolt Tp. iii. 73, Err. iii. 32, 36, LLL. IV. ii. 32 a p. set on learning, MND. III. ii. 9 A crew of p-es, rude mechanicals, Mer.V. II. v. 46, Mac. v. iii. 15.

patched fool: app. motley fool MND. IV. i. 216; cf. AYL, II. vii. 13 and Tp. III. ii. 73. [v. i. 101.

patchery: roguery, knavery Troil, II. iii. 78, Tim. patchery: roguery, knavery Troil, II. iii. 78, Tim. path: intr. to go about (S.) Cæs. II. i. 83 if thou p., thu native semblance on tession. thy native semblance on (conj. put +, hadst + thy nutive semblance on).

pathetical:

1 moving, affecting LLL. I. ii. 104 Sweet invocation of a child; most pretty and p., IV. i. 152 a most p. nit. 2 (?) pitiable, 'miserable' AYL. IV. i. 202\* the most p.

break-promise.

patience: indulgence, leave, permission Ham. III. ii. 114 they stuy upon your p.; chiefly in phr. by your p., e. g. Tp. III. iii. 3; also with your p. 1H6 II. iii. 78; ander your patience Tit. II. iii. 66. patient yourself: be patient Tit. I. i. 121. [32.

patronage: to uphold, defend 1H6 III. i. 48, III. iv. patten: thin plate (of metal) Mer. V.v. i. 59 look, how the floor of heaven Is thick induid with p-sof bright gold (Qq234 F1 pattens, Q1 pattents, later Ff patterns). pattern sb. (1 leth-17th cent., not pre-S.)

1 precedent, instance appealed to John III. iv. 16

find some pattern of our shame, Tit, v. iii, 44. 2 'something made after a model, an example, an instance' (Schmidt) H5 II. iv. 61, 1H6 v. v. 65,

Lucr. 1350.

pattern vb. (1 cf. prec. sb.)

1 to be a pattern for, provide a precedent for Meas. II. i. 30, Tit. IV. i. 57, Lucr. 629. 2 to match Wint. III. ii. 37.

Paul's (old edd. usu. Poules, Powles): St. Paul's Cathedral, which in the 16th-17th cent. was much frequented for business and pleasure 1H4 II. iv. 583 [576] This oily rascal is known as well as P., 2H4 I. ii. 57 I bought him in Paul's, H8 V. iv. 17 We may as well push against Paul's as stir 'em. paunch: to stab in the belly Tp. III. ii. 101.

pause sb.: hesitation, suspense Mer. V. II. ix. 53, Troil IV. iv. 35, Ham. IV. iii. 9; give (one) pause, cause one to hesitate, 'pull up' Ham. III. i. 68; in pause, hesitating Ham. III. iii. 42 I stand in p.

where I shall first begin.

pause vb.: refl. to delay action 2H4 IV. iv. 9. pauser (S.): hesitater Mac. II. iii. 118.

pavement: the marble p., the sky Cym. v. iv. 120. pavilion'd: tented, encamped H5 I. ii. 129 lie pavilion'd in the fields of France.

pawn sb. (1, 2 only S.; in 2 there may be a ref. to

the pawn in chess)

1 gage of battle R21. i. 74 to take up mine honour's p., 2 stake Lr. 1. i. 157 a p. To wage against thine enemies.

pawn vb. (2 and 3 app. peculiar to S.)

1 to stake, wager, risk Mer.V. III. v. 88, Wint. II.
iii. 165, Lucr. 156.

- 2 to part with (something valuable) R3 IV. iv. 371 p-d his knightly virtue, Ant. 1. iv. 32 boys, who
   ... Pawn their experience to their present pleasure. 3 'to secure by a pledge '(Schmidt) Troil. 1, iii, 301
- (Q proue). pax: tablet with a projecting handle behind, bearing a representation of the Crucifixion or other

sacred subject, which was kissed by the priest and then by the people at mass H5 iii. vi. 42 he hath stol'n a pax.

peace sb.:

1 the p., the king's peace, the general peace and order of the realm as provided for by law Wiv. II. ii. 47, I am of the p. (=an officer of the public peace), 55 sworn of the peace (= made a justice of the peace), 2H4 III. ii. 100.

2 keep p. between (freq.) keep apart Mac. I. v. 47 keep p. between The effect and it ;-take p. with (S.), make

peace with H8 II. i. 85.

peace vb.: to be silent R2 v. ii. 80 Peace, foolish woman .- I will not p., Lr. IV. vi. 105 when the thunder would not peace at my bidding.

peace-parted: departed this life in peace Ham. v.
i. 260 peace-parted souls.

peach:

1 to denounce (one) as being (something) Meas. IV.

iii. 12 peaches him a beggar.
2 to inform, turn king's evidence 1H4 II. ii. 50.
peak (3 survives in midland dial.)

to mope about Ham. II. ii. 602 [594]. to sneak Wiv. III. v. 73 peaking cornuto.

3 to waste away Mac. I. iii. 23 dwindle, p., and pine. peasant: low fellow, rascal (freq.) Wiv. II. ii. 299; attrib. = base Ham. II. ii. 584 [576]. peasantry: low birth, baseness Mer. V. II. ix. 46.

peascod time: season for peas 2H4 II. iv. 420 [413].
¶ In old edd, also pescod, showing the shortened yowel, a pronunciation which has survived locally

in the northern and east-Anglian area. peat: pet, darling Shr. 1. i. 78 A pretty peat. ¶ Common from about 1570 to 1640.

peck: to pitch, fling H8 v. iv. 96 get up o' the rail: I'll p. you o'er the pales else (Ff peck(e, mod, edd, pick+).

peculiar (the general sense is 'appropriated to an individual', 'own particular', 'private'): the single and p. life, the private individual Ham. III. iii. 11.

pedant (not pre-S.): schoolmaster, tutor LLL. III. i. 187 [179], &c., Shr. III. i. 4, &c., Tw. N. III. ii. 83. pedantical: schoolmasterly LLL. v. ii. 409.

peel'd: tonsured 1H6 I. iii. 30 P. priest (Ff Piel'd). ¶ See also PILL.

**peep**: early form of pip Shr. 1. ii. 33 (Ff peep( $\epsilon$ ). peer (1 not pre-S.; 2 only S.)

1 to come in sight, be seen, appear Wint.rv, iii. [iv.]
3 Flora P-ing in April's front, H5 IV. vii. 89 a many
of your horsemen p., Ven. 86 Like a dive-dapper peering through a wave.

2 to show a little Lucr. 472 Who o'er the white sheet

neers her whiter chin.

peevish (the mod. sense occurs) 1 silly, senseless Wiv. 1. iv. 14, AYL. III. v. 110 'Tis but a p. boy, 1H6 v. iii. 185 To send such p. tokens to a king, Cæs. v. i. 61 A prevish schoolboy.

2 perverse, refractory, obstinate Gent. v. ii. 49 a p. girl, That flies her fortune when it follows her, John II. i. 402, 1H4 III. i. 197 a p. self-will d harlotry, Ham. I. ii. 100, Cym. I. vi. 54 He's strange and p.

peevish-fond + (Malone): obstinately foolish R3 iv iv. 418 (Q1 piewish, fond; Qq3-4 peewish fond; Ff peewish found).

peise, peize:

1 to keep in equilibrium, poise John II. i. 575 The

world, who of itself is peised well. to weigh down R3 v. iii. 106.

p, the time\* Mer. V. III. ii. 22, (a) 'weigh with deliberation each precious moment' (Clark and Wright), (b) 'weight the time that it may pass slowly' (Steevens).

pelf: property, possessions Tim. I. ii. 64 Immortal gods, I crave no pelf, Per. 11. Gower 35.

pelican: used with reference to the fable that the pelican revives or feeds her young with her own blood R2 11. i. 126, Ham. IV. v. 145 the kind liferendering p.; hence attrib. = feeding on their parent's blood Lr. 111. iv. 74 Those p. daughters.

Pelion: mountain in Thessaly, famous as that

which the giants, in their war upon the gods, piled with Ossa on Olympus Wiv. II. i. 82, Ham.

7. i. 275.

pellet: to form into small globules Compl. 18 the brine That season'd woe had pelleted in tears.

pelleted: falling in pellets Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 165. pelt: to throw out angry words Lucr. 1418.

pelting: paltry, petty Meas. II. ii. 112, MND. II. i.
91 every p. river (Ff petty), R2 II. i. 60 p. Jarm, Troil.
IV. v. 266, Lr. II. iii. 18.

pencill'd: painted Tim. I. i. 160, Lucr. 1497.

pendant: hanging unsupported in space Meas. III.
i. 124 round about The p. world. ¶ An Eliz. sense. pendulous: hanging overhead Lr. III. iv. 66 the pendulous air.

penetrate: intr. to touch the heart (S.) Cym. II. iii. penetrative: that sounds the depths of the feelings

Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 75 penetrative shame.

pennon: flag, banner H5 III. v. 49.

pensioners: body of gentlemen instituted by

Henry VIII to be a bodygnard to the sovereign

within the royal palace Wiv. II. ii. 81; transf.

MND. II. i. 10 I serve the fairy queen . . . The conslips tall her pensioners be. pensiv'd (S.): saddened Compl. 219.

pent-house lid: eyelid Mac. 1. iii. 20.

peonied+: see PIONED.

Pepin: founder of the Carlovingian dynasty of French kings; used, like CLOTHAIR, as a type of antiquity LLL. IV. i. 123, All'sW. II. i. 79, H8 I. iii. 10.

pepper: to give it (a person) hot; (hence) to punish decisively, make an end of, do for 1H4 II. iv. 216, v. iii. 37, Rom. III. i. 104.

pepper gingerbread: hot-spiced gingerbread 1H4 III. i. 259.

perceive (obsolete uses)

1 to see through H8 III. ii. 38 The king in this p-s him, Troil.1.1.38 Lest Hector or my father should p. me, IV. v. 87 0! I perceive you.

2 to receive Gent. I. i. 144 couldst thou p. so much perch: measure of land Per. III. Gower 15.

perchance: by chance, by accident Tw.N. I. ii. 5 H is perchance that you yourself were sav'd.

perdie, -y: 'by God!', certainly, indeed Tw. N. IV.
ii, 82, H5 II. i, 52, Ham. III. ii, 310.

perdition (2 only S., affected or rhetorical)
1 utter destruction oth. II. ii. 3.

2 loss, diminution Tp. I. ii. 30 not so much p. as an hair, H5 III. vi. 106 The p. of th' athversary hath been very great, Ham. v. ii. 118.

perdu: soldier placed in a position of special danger Lr. IV. vii. 35 to watch—poor perdu!—With this

thin helm.

perdurable: lasting H5 IV. v. 7 0 p. shame!; so perdurably Meas. III. i. 113 perdurably fin'd. peregrinate (pedantic): having the air of one who has travelled abroad LLL, v. i. 15.

peremptory:
1 conclusive, final H5 v. ii. 82 our . . . p. answer.
2 resolved, determined John 11. i. 454 not Death himself...half so p. As we to keep this city, Cor. 111.1, 284 we are p. to dispatch This viperous traitor. 3 overbearing LLL, I.v. iii. 226 p. eagle-sighted eye, 1H4 I. iii. 17, 2H6 III. i. 8.

perfect adj. (7 is peculiar to S.; the senses 'entire. pure and mere, sheer are not pre-S.)

1 full, mature Lr. i. ii. 79 sons at perfect age.

2 fully prepared Meas. v. i. 82, Oth. I. ii. 31. 3 thoroughly learnt Ven. 408 the lesson... once

made perfect, never [is] lost again.

sound, sane Err. v. i. 42 not in his p. wits, Lr. IV.

vii. 63 not in my perfect mind. 5 correct John v. vi. 6 Thou hast a p. thought, 2H4 III. i. 88 a perfect guess, Mac. III. i. 130

6 completely assured, certain Wint. III. iii. 1, Cym. III. i. 73, IV. ii. 118; (of statement) accurate, reli-

able Mac. 1. v. 2 the perfectest report.
7 satisfied, contented Tim. 1. ii. 91, Mac. 111. iv. 21 Then comes my fit again: I had else been perfect.

perfect vb. (2 app. peculiar to S.)

1 to carry through, accomplish All'sW. iv. iv. 4,

H5 i. i. 69 the means How things are perfected.
2 to instruct or inform completely Tp. i. ii. 79 Being once p-ed how to grant suits, Meas. iv. iii. 150, Per. iii. ii. 67.

perfection: accomplishment, performance, execution Troil, III, if. 92 vowing more than the p, of ten and discharging less than the tenth part of one. perfectness: fulness (of time) 2H4 rv. iv. 74.

perfit: one of the oldest forms of 'perfect', found in Qq of MND. 1. ii. 99, Lr. 1. ii. 79, and in Ff of H5 111. vi. 75, R3 111. vii. 89; so perfitly H5 111. vi. 81 (Ff).

vi. 81 (FI).

perforce: by violence or constraint, forcibly Err.

iv. iii. 95 He... took p. My ring away, R2 ii. iii.

121 Pluck'd from my arms p., Lr. i. iv. 322 these
hot tears, which break from me perforce.

perform: intr. to do one's part H8 i. i. 35 they did

p. Beyond thought's compass, Cor. 1. i. 273 though the perform To the atmost of a man. performer: doer, agent All'sW. III. vi. 64, Tit. IV. i. 80, Cym. v. iii. 30.

perfume (pe'rfume7 times, perfu'me3): diseas'd p-s, 'perfumed mistresses' (Schmidt) Tim. IV. iii, 208, perfumer: one employed to perfume rooms Ado

I. iii. 60.

periapt: amulet 1H6 v. iii. 2 spells and periapts. peril: in p. of, (i) exposed to danger in regard to Mer.V. II. ii. 180 [173] to be in p. of my life; (ii) at the risk of, under the penalty of Cor. 111, iii. 100; in p. to, at the risk of (doing something) Shr. Ind. ii. 124; without the p. of, beyond the dangerous reach of MND. IV. i. 159.

perilous:=PARLOUS 2 and 3, R3 III. i. 154, Rom. I. period sb. ('extent of time' is not a S. sense) 1 termination, conclusion 2H4 IV. v. 229, 1H6 IV. ii. 17 The p. of thy tyranny approacheth, R3 1. iii. 238, Oth. v. ii. 356 0 bloody period!.

2 highest point, acme Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 107 time is

at his period

and, goal Wiv. III. iii. 47 this is the p. of my ambition, IV. ii. 240, H8 I. ii. 209 There's his p.; To sheathe his knife in us.

4 pause such as is properly made at the end of a sentence Gent. II. i. 127, MND. v. i. 96 Make p-s in the midst of sentences, Lucr. 565 She puts the p. often from his place. period vb.: to bring to an end Tim. 1. i. 100.

perish: to destroy 2H6 III. ii. 100. periwig-pated: wearing a wig Ham. III. ii. 10. perjure sb.: one guilty of perjury LLL. IV. iii. 48 like a perjure, wearing papers (cf. PERJUR'D).

perjure vb.: to make perjured, corrupt Ant. III. x. [xii.] 30 perjure The ne'er-touch'd restal. perjur'd note: paper attached to a perjurer announcing his guilt LLL. IV. iii. 125.

perk'd up: trimmed out H8 п. iii. 21. pernicious: wicked, villainous Meas. п. iv. 151 most p. purpose, R2 i. iii. 82 thy adverse p. enemy, Ham. i. v. 105 0 most p. woman !, Lr. 111. ii. 22 two pernicious daughters.

perniciously: 'so as to desire his death' (Wright) H8 11. 1. 50 all the commons Hate him p.

peroration: rhetorical discourse 2H6 i. i. 106.

perpend: to consider Wiv. 11. i. 117, Tw.N. v. i. 310 p... and give ear, H5 IV. iv. 8 P. my words. persecute (once): All'SW. I. i. 16 p-d time with hope, (?) tortured his present life in hope of future cure. perse'ver: the only stressing evidenced in S., but

the form persevere occurs in Lr. III. v. 23 (Qq F4); so perse verance. [deeds.

persisted := persisted in Ant. v. i. 30 Our most p. person (the same word as that now written 'parson', which appears as person in old edd. of LLL. 1v. ii. 85, Rom. 1. iv. 81)

1 bodily figure, personal appearance MND. IV. ii. 12 he hath . . . the best p. too, Ham. 1. ii. 243 If it assume my noble father's p., Ant. 11. ii. 205 For her own person, It beggar'd all description.

2 personal presence Mac. III. iv. 128

personal presence Mac. III. IV. 128.
personage: personal appearance, figure MND. III.
ii. 292 her tall personage, Tw.N. I. V. 165.
personal: bodily, physical 2H4 IV. iv. 8 a little p.
strangth\*, Cas. I. iii. 77 In personal action\*.
personate: to represent, typify Tw.N. II. iii. 176,
Cym. V. v. 455 The lofty cedars . . . Personate thee.
perspective (non-literal in all exx.)

1 optical device for producing fantastic images All'sW, v. iii. 48, Sonn. xxiv. 4.

picture or figure constructed so as to appear distorted except from one particular point of view Tw.N. v. i. 227 A natural p., that is, and is not, R2 II. ii. 18 Like p-s, which rightly gaz'd upon Show nothing but confusion, ey'd awry Distinguish form. perspectively: as through a PERSPECTIVE (seuse 1)

H5 v. ii. 347 you see them perspectively.

1 to urge (a person), plead with, advise strongly Wiv. r. i. 1, R3 r. iv. 151 persuading me not to kill the duke, Lr. ri. iv. 219; p. from, dissuade from AYL. r. ii. 222, 2H6 v. iii. 10.

to urge (something upon a person) 3H6 III. iii, 176 to p. me patience, Ham. IV. V. 167 Hadst thou thy wits, and didst persuade revenge.

3 to use persuasion Meas. v. i. 94 How I p-d, how I pray'd, Mer. V. III. ii. 282 [they] have all p-d with him. persuading: persuasive H8 iv. ii. 52. persuasion (1 not pre-S.)

persuasiveness Tw. N. III. iv. 385.

1 persuasiveness I.W. III. IV. 385.
2 belief, opinion Meas. IV. i. 49, MND. I. i. 156 A good persuasion, Cym. I. iV. 130 too bold a persuasion.
pert: lively, brisk LLL. v. ii. 273, MND. I. i. 13.
pertaint: pertain to life, live Wint. v. iii. 113,
pertaunt-like (ofunknown meaning): LLL. v. ii. 67.

So p. would I o'ersway his state (Q1 perttaunt like;

many conj.).
pertly: briskly, promptly Tp. Iv. i. 58.
perturbation: cause of agitation 2H4 IV. v. 22 0 polish'd perturbation! golden care!.

perusal (twice; not pre-S.)

1 scrutiny Ham. II. i. 90 such perusal of my face. 2 reading over Sonn. xxxviii. 6. peruse (2 the trans. use is freq.)

1 to survey, inspect Err. 1. ii. 13, H8 11. iii. 75 I have p-'d her well, Rom. v. iii. 74 Let me p. this face, Cym. 1. iv. 7 to peruse him by items.
2 peruse over, read over John v. ii. 5.

pervert: to turn, divert (S.) Cym. II. iv. 151.
pester: to infest Cor. IV. vi. 7 pestering streets.
petar: small engine of war used to blow in a door or to make a breach Ham. III. iv. 207 to have the

enginer Hoist with his own petur. petition: clause of a prayer Meas. 1. ii. 16. petitionary: suppliant, intreating AYL. III. ii. 200

most petitionary vehemence, Cor. v. ii. 82.

petitioner: plaintiff in an action commenced by petition 2H6 I. iii. 26.

pettiness: insignificance H5 III. vi. 140. pettish: ill-humoured Troil. II. iii. 140.

pew-fellow: associate R3 iv. iv. 58. phantasim(e: fantastic being LLL. IV. i. 102, v. i. phantasma: nightmare Cas. 11. i. 65. [40. Phebe vb.: to treat cruelly, like Phebe AYL. 19. iii,

pheeret: Malone's reading in Per. 1. Gower 21 (old edd. Peer(e), mod. edd. fere+).

Pheezar: jocular derivative of PHEEZE invented

to jingle with Cusar, Keisar Wiv. 1. iii. 10. pheeze: (properly) to drive or frighten away; (hence) to do for, settle the business of Shr. Ind. i. 1 I'll p. you, in faith (Q fese), Troil. 11. iii. 219 An a' be proud with me, I'll pheeze his pride (Q Ff phese). phil-horse: see FILL-HORSE.

Philip: name for the sparrow John 1. i. 231. ¶ Still dial.; cf. Skelton's 'Boke of Philip Sparowe'.

Philip and Jacob: festival of St. Philip and St.

James, May 1st, Meas. ni. ii. 218. **Philippan:** sword P., the sword that triumphed over Brutus and Cassius at Philippi, Ant. II. v. 23; taken by some as a noun, the proper name of the sword.

Philomel(a: nightingale MND. 11. ii. 13, Lucr. 1079. philosopher: p-s' stone, reputed substance sup-posed by the alchemists to have the property of changing other metals into gold; alluded to quibblingly in 2H4 III. ii. 358, Tim. II. ii. 117.

Phoebe: Diana, the moon-goddess MND. 1. i. 209. Phoebus: sun-god Tp. 1v. i. 30, MND. 1. ii. 38. phoenix (cf. Arabian Bird) : fig. unique or match-

less person All'sW. I. i. 184; attrib. = matchless

Compl. 93 His phoenix down.

phrase: word Wiv. 1. iii. 31 'Convey', the wise it call. 'Steal!' foh! a fice for the phrase!, 2144 11. ii. 30 Accommoduta! . . . a good phrase, Ham. 11. ii. 111 'beautified' is a rile phrase.

phraseless\* (S.): which there is no word to describe Compl. 225 that phraseless hand.

physic sb.: the healing art LLL. II. i. 186, Per. III. ii. 32; transf. Rom. II. iii. 52 thy help and holy p.; the medical faculty, physicians Cym. IV. ii. 268 The sceptre, learning, physic. physic vb.: to do (a thing) good, keep in health or

vigour Wint. I. i. 43 one that . . . p-s the subject, Cym. III. ii. 34 it doth physic lore.

physical: curative, remedial, beneficial Cor. I. v.

18, Cæs. II. i. 261. physiognomy: art of judging character by the features of the face Lucr. 1395.

pia mater: used loosely = brain Troil. II. i. 77. pibble: common early form of pebble. pick: to pitch, throw Cor. I. i. 206 as high As I could

pick my lunce; in H8 v. iv. 96 old edd. PECK. picked: refined, exquisite, fastidious LLL. v. i. 14, John I. i. 193, Ham. v. i. 150.

picking: fastidious 2H4 rv. i. 198 such p. grierances. pick-thank: flatterer, sycophant 1H4 m. ii. 25. Pickt-hatch: quarter of London famous in Eliz.

times for houses of ill fame, the houses having hatches or half-doors guarded with spikes Wiv. n. ii. 20 go . . . to your numor of Pickt-hatch. pie: magpie 3H6 v. vi. 48 chattering pies.

piece sb.: 1 cask of liquor; in fig. context Troil. IV. i. 62 a flat tamed piece. 2 applied to a woman or girl

H8 v. v. 27 such a mighty p. as this, Tit. 1. i. 309, Per. Iv. ii. 48 I have gone through for this piece. piece vb.: to add to, eke out, augment, esp. p. out Wiv. III, ii. 34, H5 I. Cher. 23, Troil. III. i. 55, Cæs. II. i. 51, Lr. III. vi. 2; piece up Wint. v. iii, 56. pigeon-egg: type of something small LLL. v. i. 78

thou pigeon-egg of discretion.

pigeon-liver'd: meck, gentle Ham. II. ii. 613. pight (pa. pple. of 'pitch')
1 pitched Troil. v. x. 24 tents . . . pight.
2 determined, resolved Lr. 11. i. 67.

pike: spike in the centre of a buckler Ado v. ii. 21.
pilcher: older form of 'pilchard' Tw.N. III. i. 40.
pilcher: scabbard Rom. III. i. 86. ¶ App. transf. and contemptuous use of a word meaning 'outer garment of skin or leather

pile: nap of velvet, etc.; applied to the down on the cheek All'sW. IV. v. 104 (two pile, pile of

double the ordinary closeness).

piled: having a pile like velvet (used with a quibble) Meas, I. ii. 36.

pill (2 in mod. edd. peel)

1 to plunder, rob R2 II. i. 247 The commons hath he pill'd with grievous taxes, R3 1. iii. 159 that which you have pill'd from me, Tim. 1v. i. 12 [you] pill by law.

2 to strip, strip off Mer. V. I. iii. 85 The skilful shepherd pill'd me certain wands, Lucr. 1167 the bark pill'd from the lofty pine.

pillage: booty, plunder H5 1. ii. 195, 1H6 IV. vii.

41, Lucr. 428

pillar: portable ensign of office in the form of a pillar borne before Wolsey as cardinal H8 II. iv. stage dir.

pillicock: penis Lr. III. iv. 75 (Qq<sub>12</sub> Pilicock . . . . pelicocks hill). ¶ Used also in Eliz. times as a term of endearment; cf. 'Mistigowri', my pillicocke, my prettie rogue (Cotgr.).

pin (2 from the ordinary sense) peg, nail, or stud fixed in the centre of a target

LLL. IV. i. 140 cleaving the pin, Rom. II. iv. 15. 2 type of something insignificant, hence used interjectionally to express impatience at trifles Wiv. I. i. 118, Troil. v. ii. 21.

pin and web, a disease of the eye Wint. I. ii. 291, Lr. 111. iv. 120 the web and the pin. Lr. III. iv. 120 the web and the pin. [ii. 19. pin-buttock: narrow or sharp buttock All'sW. II.

pinch sb.;

1 bite 1H6 rv. ii. 49.

2 pang of remorse, &c. Tp. v. i. 77 inward p-es, Cym. I. i. 130 a pinch in death. pinch vb. (1 used by Chapman and Dryden)

1 to bite 3H6 II. i. 16 a bear . . . having pinck d a few. 2 to gripe 1H4 III. i. 29 with a kind of colic p-'d; to torment 2H4 I. ii. 262 the pox pinches the other.

3 to distress, afflict, harass, cause discomfort to Tp. v. i. 74 Thou'rt p-'d for't now, Shr. II. i. 365 [373], 1H4 I. iii. 229 to gall and p. this Bolingbroke, Ant. 11. vii. 7 As they p. one another by the disposition.

pinched: (a) made ridiculous, (b) galled Wint. II. i. 51\* I Remain a pinch'd thing. pinching: distressingly cold Cym. III. iii. 38.

pinch-spotted : discoloured with marks of pinching Tp. IV. i. 263.

pine (the corresponding intr. senses are freq.)

1 to deprive of food, starve Ven. 602 pine the maw. 2 to consume, wear away R2 v. i.77 towards the north, Where shirering cold and sickness p-s the clime.

pinfold: pound for stray cattle Gent. I. i. 114. pinion: flight-feather of a wing Ant. III. x. [xii.] 4. pink: winking, half-shut Ant. II. vii. 121 pink eyne. pinked: ornamented with perforations H8 v. iv.

51 her pinked porringer.

pioned \*: (?) excavated, trenched Tp. rv. i. 64 Thy banks with p. and twilled brims (Hanmer peonied and lilied +). ¶ The vb. 'pion' = dig, trench, was current from Spenser to Sir Thomas Browne.

pioner (in old edd. pioner, pyoner, even in Lucr. 1380 where it rhymes with appear; pioneer is only in later Ff): digger, miner Ham. 1. v. 163. pip (old edd. peep(e): phr. two-and-thirty, a pip out,

not quite the thing Shr. I. ii. 33; ref. to the old card game of one-and-thirty or bone-ace.

pipe sb.: put up one's p-s, put one's instruments away, cease playing Rom. iv. v. 96, Oth. III. i. 20. This phr. was used fig. in the 16th cent. for 'desist from action'.

pipe vb.: p. for, look for in vain, 'whistle for' Tit.

iv. iii. 24 we may go pipe for justice.

pipe-wine: wine from the pipe, cask, or 'wood'
Wiv. III. ii. 94 (with quibble).

piping times: peaceful times in which the music of the pastoral pipe is heard, instead of that of the martial fife R3 1. i. 24.

pismire: ant 1H4 I. iii. 240 stung with pismires.

pissing conduit: popular name of a conduit near the Royal Exchange, which ran with a very small stream 2H6 IV. vi. 3.

pissing while: very short time Gent. IV. iv. 21. pit: applied to a dimple Ven. 247 these round enchanting pits; phr. beat to the pit, driven to the last ditcli Cæs. v. v. 23.

pitch sb.1: typifying something foul Oth. II. iii. 369

So will I turn her virtue into pitch.

pitch sb.2: height (fig.) Tw.N. 1. i. 12 Of what
validity and p. soe'er, R3 III. vii. 187. Ham. III. i. 86 of great pitch and moment (Ff pith).

pitch vb. (1 the orig. sense from which that of

setting up tents, &c., is derived) to drive (stakes into the ground) 1H6 I. i. 118 2 pitch and pay, (?) pay ready money H5 II. iii. 52. pitcous: full of pity, compassionate Tp. I. ii. 14, R2 v. iii. 126, ven. 504, Lucr. 1502. pitcously: so as to excite pity Tit. v. i. 66, Ant.

IV. xi. [xiii.] 9 word it, prithee, piteously.

pith:

1 strength, vigour, mettle H5 III. Chor. 21, Oth. I. iii, 83, Ven. 26.

2 importance, gravity Ham. II. i. 86 enterprises of great pith and moment (Ff).

pithless: weak 1H6 II, v. 11. pittance: scanty meal Shr. IV. iv. 61. pittie-ward (unexplained): Wiv. III. i. 5.

pittikins: diminutive of 'pity' (like 'bodikins') in 'Ods pittikins Cym. IV. ii. 293.

pity: of p., (1) compassionate Mer. V. IV. i. 27 an eye of p., Wint. III. ii. 124, (2) to excite pity Cym. V. iv. 47 A thing of p.:—it is p. of, it is a sad thing for Meas. II. i. 78, MND. III. i. 45, Oth. II. iii. 131. pizzle: bull's p., as a type of something very thin 1H4 II. iv. 275.

place (2 so in Crosby place, &c.)

1 in p., present, at hand Meas, v. i. 500, Shr. I. ii. 160, iv. iii. 150, 3H6 iv. i. 103; keep p., be in agreement or accord Wiv. ii. i. 63, Troil. iii. 200; take p. (i) find acceptance All's W. i. i. 115; (ii) seat oneself H8 1. ii. 10; (iii) be accomplished, take effect H8 III. ii. 34.

2 residence, dwelling AYL. 11. iii. 27 This is no p.; this house is but a butchery, R3 111. i. 69, Oth. 1. iii. 238 Due reference of p. and exhibition, Compl. 82. 3 pitch attained by a falcon before swooping down

upon her quarry Mac. II. iv. 12. 4 subject, topic AYL. II. vii. 40.

placket (not pre-Eliz.)

1 petticoat, or slit in a petticoat or skirt LLL. III. i. 194 [186] Dan Cupid . . . Dread prince of p-s, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 245, 624, Lr. III. iv. 97.

2 wearer of a petticoat, woman Troil. II. iii. 22 those

that war for a placket.
plain sb.: field of battle John II. i. 295, H5 IV. vi. 8. R3 v. iii. 292.

plain adj. :

1 flat, level MND. III. ii. 404 Follow me, then, To p-er ground, Mer. V. III. i. 13 crossing the p. highway of talk, All'sW. II. i. 31 the p. masonry, Tit. IV. i. 69

This sandy plot is plain.

2 smooth Err. II. ii. 72 the p. bald pate of Father Time,
Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 746 We are but plain fellows,
sir.—A lie; you are rough and hairy.
plain vb. 1: to complain Err. I. i. 72, R2 I. iii. 175,

Lr. III. i. 39, Lucr. 559. plain vb.2: to explain Per. III. Gower 14

plain-song: simple melody or theme H8 1. iii. 45 An honest country lord . . . may bring his p. ; fig. H5 III. ii. 6, 7; attrib. = singing a plain tune MND.
III. i. 138 The plain-song cuckoo. [1364.

plaint (always pl.): lamentation R2 v. iii. 127, Lucr. plaintful: mournful Compl. 2 A plaintful story.

p.ait+, plaited+: see PLEAT, PLEATED.
planched: boarded Meas, IV. i. 32 a planched gate.
plant sb.: sole of the foot Ant. II. vii. 2 (with quib-

ble on the other word plant).

plant vb.: to set up, establish LLL. 1. i. 163 A man in all the world's new fashion p-ed, R2 IV. i. 127, V. i. 63 To p. unrightful kings, 1H6 II. V. 80 to p. the rightful heir.

plantage: plants Troil. III. ii. 184 As true as steel, as p. to the moon ('plants were supposed to improve as the moon increases, Nares. [isle. plantation: settlement Tp. 11. i. 150 [143] p. of this plash: pool Shr. 1. i. 23 A shallow plash.

plate sb.: piece of money Ant. v. ii. 92.
plate vb.: to clothe in armour R2 1. iii. 28, Lr. IV.
vi. 170 (fig.), Ant. 1. i. 4 plated Mars.

platform (I common Eliz.)

IMPLEACHED)

plan 1H6 II. i. 77 lay new platforms. level place constructed for mounting guns in a fort Ham. I. ii. 251, Oth. II. iii. 126.

plausible: laudable, acceptable Meas. III. i. 255 answer his requiring with a plausible obedience.

plausibly: approvingly Lucr. 1854.
plausive (1 only S.; 2 not pre-S.)
1 = PLAUSIBLE All'sW. I. ii. 53 his p. words, Ham. I. iv. 30 plausive manners. [rention. 2 plausible, specious All'sW. Iv. i. 29 a very p. in-play off: to toss off (liquor) 1H4 II. iv. 18.

plea: that which is claimed LLL, II. i. 7 the p. of no less weight Than Aquitaine, Mer. V. III. ii. 283, IV. i.

pleached (in early use only S. in both senses; 2 cf.

1 (of the arms) folded Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 73.
2 formed by or fenced with intertwining boughs
Ado I. ii. 11 a thick-p. alley, III. i. 7the p. bower.
plead: to utter by way of plea or argument MND.

i. 61 In such a presence here to p. my thoughts,
 1H6 II. iv. 29 If he suppose that I have p-ed truth.

pleasants pirited: jocose Ado II. i. 357.

pleasant: jocular, facetious, 'merry' LLL, v. i. 4
p. without scurrility, Shr. III. i. 59 That I have been
thus p. with you both, H5 I. ii. 281, Troil. III. i. 68.

| 'Pleasantry' is post-S.
pleasantly: merrily Troil. IV. v. 248.
pleasant-spirited: jocose Ado II. i. 357.
please: the impersonal personal passive and per-

please: the impersonal, personal passive, and personal active constructions represented by (1) if or an it please you, (so) please you, please it you, please it your grace, (2) if you be p-d, be p-d to . . . , (3) if you please, if she p-d, are all well represented, but the simple 'please' (-if you please) is post-S, please-man: man-pleaser LLL. v. ji. 464.

pleasing vbl. sb.: agreeableness R3 1. i. 13.
pleasing ppl. adj.: willing (scil. to listen) Lucr.
1126\* Relish your nimble notes to pleasing ears,
pleasure: (one's) will, desire, choice (freq.): of p.,
voluntarily 2H6 v. i. 16 Art thou... come of p.?; -you speak your p., you give free expression to your thoughts HS III. ii. 13, Troil. III. i. 52. pleat: fold Lucr. 93 Hiding base sin in p-s of majesty (mod. edd. plaitst).
pleated: folded Lr. 1. i. 283 Time shall unfold whal p.

cunning hides (Qq12; Ff plighted, mod. edd. plaited t). ple beian: so stressed in Cor. 1. ix. 7, v. iv. 40, Ant. IV. x. 47 [xii. 34]

pledge (2 not pre-S.)

1 bail, surety Shr. I. ii. 45 I am Grumio's p., R2 v. ii. 44, Tit. 111. i. 291.

2 drinking to a person's health, toast Cæs. IV. iii. 159, Mac. III. iv. 92, Ham. r. iv. 12. plenty sb.: pl. necessaries and comforts of life II5 v. ii. 35. A 16th-17th cent. use.

plenty adj.: abundant, plentiful Tp. IV. i. 110 foisor.
p., 1H4 II. iv. 269 (Q1 plentiful).
pleurisy: excess Ham. IV. vii. 117.
pliant: suitable (S.) Oth. I. iii. 151 Took... a p. hour.

plight: pledge, plighting Lr. 1. i. 103. plighted: see PLEATED.

plot: piece of ground, spot (freq.); Cor. III. ii. 102 this single plot = my own person.

pluck: used much more widely than at present = draw in a particular direction, draw or bring down, take away, with an immaterial object, e.g. Meas. 11. iv. 148 Topluckon others, All'sW. i. i. 79 What . . . my prayers p. down (= obtain from heaven), R2 v. ii. 92 wilt thou p. my fair son from mine age?, R3 iv. ii. 64 sin will p. on sin, Cor. III. iii. 94 To p. away their power, Lr. v. iii. 50 To p. the common bosom on his side, Sonn, xiv. 1 Not from the stars do I my judgement p. (=desire); H8 II. iii. 40 P. off a little, come down to a lower rank; p.up, (intr.) rouse thyself, collect thyself Ado v. i. 212.

collect thyself Ado V. 1. 212.

plume: (?) plumage Tp. III. iii. 65 One dowle that's

in my plume (old cdd. plumb, plumbe).

plume up: to trick out, glorify 0th. 1. iii. 399 to p.

upmy will In (Q1 make rp mywull, A) double knarery.

plume-pluck'd: humbled R2 IV. 1. 108.

plummet: Wiv. v. v. 177\* is a p. o'er me, has

sounded me, got to the bottom of me.

plumpy (not pre-S.): plump Ant. II. vii. 121. pocket up: (1) to put away out of sight, (hence) conceal or leave unheeded Tp. II. i. 71, Ant. II. ii. 77; (2) to submit to, 'swallow' John III. j. 200 I

must pocket up these wrongs, 1H4 III. iii. 182. point sb. (in Cor. IV. vi. 125 obeys his points app. =

obeys him in every point) p. of war, short phrase sounded on an instrument as a signal 2H4 iv. i. 52.

2 highest elevation, summit MND. II. ii. 119 the p.

of human skill conclusion MND. I. ii. 10 and so grow on to a p.;

see grow on (2). = point of the sword John II. i. 390 Turn . . .

bloody p. to p., 144 ii. iv. 220 thus I bore my p., v. iv. 21 hold Lord Percy at the p., Rom. iii. i. 172, Ham. iv. vii. 146 I'll touch my p. With this contagion. 5 tagged lace for attaching hose to the doublet and

fastening various parts where buttons are now used Shr. III. ii. 50, 1H4 II. iv. 242 (quibble) Their points being broken, — Down fell their hose, 2H4 I. i. 53, II. iv. 140, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 157 one that ties his points.

6 advantageous position in which the hawk 'waits the fowl' 2H6 II. i. 5.

the fowl' 2H6 II. 1, 5. phrases: at p., (i) in readiness Lr. I. iv. 349 keep At p. a hundred knights; also at a p. Mac. Iv. iii. 135; (ii) ready to, just about to Cor. III. i. 193 Fou are at p. to lose your liberties, Lr. III. i. 33, Cym. III. i. 30; at ample p., to the full Troil. III. iii. 89; full p.s. 'full stop' 2H4 II. iv. 197 (with play on sense 4); no p., not at all LLL. II. i. 188, v. ii. 278 (quibble); stand upon p-s, be overscrupulous MND. v. i. 118; so 3H6 IV. vii. 58

164

wherefore stand you on nice p-s? :- to (the) p., to the

smallest detail, exactly Tp. r.ii.194, Meas.ur. i. 256, point vb. to indicate to, direct (a person) LLL. II. i. 243 (Q<sub>1</sub>), Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 539, Ham. I. v. 129.

point vh.2: aphetic form of APPOINT Shr. 111. i. 19
tied to . . . p-ed times, &c., Lucr. 879, Sonn. xiv. 6
P-ing to each [minute] his thunder, rain, and wind.

point-blank: fig. range, reach 2H6 rv. vii. 28.
point-device, -devise: adj. extremely precise
LLL. v. i. 21, AYL. III. ii. 407;—adv. precisely
Tw. N. II. v. 178.

pointing-stock: object of ridicule 2H6 II. iv. 46.

poise sb. (I the literal sense does not occur)
1 weight (fig.) Meas. II. iv. 69, 3H6 II. v. 13 the equal p. of this fell war (=equipoise, balance), Lr. II. i. 122 Occasions . . . of some poise (Qq23 Ff prize), Oth. III. iii. 82.

2 heavy fall Troil. I, iii. 207\*.

poise vb. (2 not pre-Eliz.)

1 to weigh, estimate All'sW. II. iii. 161, Troil. I. iii. 339, Rom. 1. ii. 100.

2 to counterbalance Oth. 1, iii. 332.

poison vb.:=EMPOISON LLL, IV, iii. 305 (prisons+), 1H6 v. iv. 121 my p-'d voice, Rom. iii. ii. 46, Oth. v. ii. 363 the object poisons sight.

poisonous: destructive of Cor. v. iii. 135.

poke: pocket AYL, II. vii. 20.

poking-stick: rod used for stiffening the plaits of ruffs Wint. IV. iii, [iv.] 228.

Polack: Pole, Ham. II. ii. 63, &c.;—adj. Polish v. ii. 390. ¶ In Ham. I. i. 63 mod. edd. Polacks†, Qq Ff<sub>12</sub> pollax, Pollar, F<sub>3</sub> Polax, F<sub>4</sub> Pole-axe.

pole: pole-star Ham. I. i. 36, Oth. II. i. 15 the quarks

of the ever-fixed p.; fig. lodestar, guiding star Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 65.

polecat: prostitute Wiv. IV. il. 199. pole-clipt: hedged in with poles Tp. IV. i. 68.

policy (the most freq. meaning is 'prudence in the management of affairs')

form of government Lr. 1. ii. 50

2 conduct of public affairs, administration of govern-

ment H5 1. i. 45 any cause of policy, Troll. I. iii. 197
They tax our policy, and call it covardice.
3 contrivance, crafty device, stratagem All'sW. I.
i. 135 no military p., 1H6 III. ii. 2, III. iii. 12
secret policies, 3H6 II. vi. 65, Troil. IV. I. 18, Cor. III.
ii. 42 Honour and p. . . . I the war do grow together.
politic: dealing with political science Tw.N. II. v.
176 willing authors.

176 politic authors.

pol1 (old spelling pole)

1 head 2H4 II. iv. 282, Ham. Iv. v. 195.

2 with a numeral; (so many) units All'sW. IV. iii. 191 fifteen thousand poll.

3 number of persons Cor. III. i. 133 the greater poll.

polled: stripped (properly, of branches or foliage)
Cor. iv. v. 216.

pomander: perfumed ball Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 611. pomewater: large juicy kind of apple LLL. iv. ii.

4 ripe as a pomewater. [1H4 II. iv. 42. Pomgarnet: pomegranate, the name of a room

pomp: triumphal or creminoial procession, pageant MND. I. i. 15, John II. i. 560, III. i. 304, Tit. I. i. 176 this funeral pomp, Tim. I. ii. 252 these feasts, pomps, and vain-glories.

Pontic sea: Black Sea, Oth. III. iii. 454. poop: to deceive, befool Per. IV. ii. 25. poor-john: salted hake (a type of poor fare) Tp. II. ii. 28, Rom. 1. i. 36.

poorly: meanly, unworthily R2 III. iii. 128 To look. so p. and to speak so fair, H5 IV. ii. 41, Mac. II. ii. 72 Be not lost So p. in your thoughts, Lr. IV. i. 10

My father, noorly led?.

pop(e)rin: variety of pear Rom. 11. i. 38. ¶ From Poperinghe, a town in West Flanders.

popular: plebeian, vulgar Tp. 1. ii. 92, H5 IV. i. 38. Cor. 11. i. 233, &c.

popularity: keeping company with the common people 1H4 III. ii. 69, H5 I. i. 59.

populous: numerous Ant. III. vi. 50 p. troops. porch: portico Cæs. I. iii. 126 Pompey's porch.

poring: looking closely as if short-sighted, peering H5 iv. Chor. 2 the poring dark.

porpentine (common 16th-17th cent. form): porcupine Ham. 1. v. 20 Like quills upon the fretful p.; applied allusively to a person Troil. II. 1. 27; in Err. the name of an inn.

porridge: pottage, soup Tp. 11. i. 10, Lr. 111. iv. 54.
¶ The mod. sense is post-S.

porringer: basin from which soft or liquid food is eaten Shr. iv. iii. 64 this [cap] was moulded on a p.; applied humorously to a cap H8 v. iv. 51

till her pinked porringer fell off her head.

port!: gate All'sW. III. v. 37, Cor. v v. [vi.] 6 The city ports: fig. 2H4 iv. v. 23 the ports of slumber.

port 2 (both senses are freq. 16th-17th cent.)

1 bearing, carriage, demeanour H5 I. Chor. 6 Assume the port of Mars, 2H6 vv. i, 19, Ant. vv. xii. [xiv.] 52 with our sprightly port. 2 style of living, state, social station Mer. V. I. i.

125, III. ii. 282 the magnificoes Of greatest port, Shr. 1. i. 207 Keep house and port.

portable: bearable, endurable Mac. IV. iii. 89, Lr. III. vi. 117 light and portable.

portage 1: port-dues Per. III. i. 35\*

portage: port-holes (fig.) H5 m. i. 10 Let it pry through the portage of the head.

portance: behaviour Cor. II. iii. 232, Oth. I. iii. 139. portcullis: to enclose as with a portcullis R2 1. iii, 167.

portend: to signify Tw.N. 11. v. 133 what should

portend: to signify Tw.N. II. v. 133 what should that . . position portend?.

portly: stately, dignified, majestic Mer.V. I. i. 9 with p. sail, 1H4 I. iii. 13, Troil. IV. v. 161 his large and p. size, Rom. I. v. 70 like a p. gendeman, Per. I. iv. 61. ¶ 1H4 II. iv. 470 A goodly portly man, i faith, and a corpulent, shows the transition from this sense to that of 'corpulent, stout' Wiv. I. III. 61 my portly belly.

posied: inscribed with a motto Compl. 45.

position: affirmation, affirmative assertion Troil. III. iii. 112, Oth. II. i. 241 a most pregnant and unforced p., III. iii. 234 I do not in p. Distinctly speak

of her. positive (neither use is pre-S.)

1 admitting no question, certain Wiv. III. ii. 50 it is as positive as the earth is firm, H5 IV. 1i. 25. 2 absolute Troil. II. iii. 71 a fool positive.

positively: with assurance or confidence R3 IV. ii. 25, Ham. II. ii. 154.

possess (3 more commonly in the refl., and the pass. possessed of or with = possessing)

to be in occupation Cym. 1. v. 48 let instructions

enter Where folly now possesses.

2 to take possession of, seize, take Tp. III. ii. 103
Remember First to p. his books, 3H6 1. 1. 26 this [is]
the regal seat: p. it, Cor. III. ii. 111, Tit. II. iii. 26,
Rom. III. ii. 27.

3 to put (one) in possession of a thing Ant. III. ix.

3 to put (one) in possession of a timing kine. In [xi, ]21 I will possess you of that ship.
4 to inform, acquaint Meas, iv. i. 46 I have p-'d him my most stay Can be but brief, Tw. N. II. iii. 151 p. us; tell us something of him, John iv. ii. 41 Some reasons . . . I have p-'d you with, Troil. iv. iv. 112 I'll . . . possess thee what she is.

possession: being possessed by a spirit Err. v. i. 44.

posset sh .: drink composed of hot milk curdled with ale, wine, &c., formerly used as a delicacy and as a remedy Wiv, I, iv. 8, Mac. II, ii. 7.

posset vb.: to curdle like a posset (S.) Ham. I. v. 68. possibility (2 an Eliz. sense; in Tit. 111. i. 214 speak with p. (Q<sub>1</sub>) = app. speak of things within the range of possibility; F<sub>1</sub> has possibilities)
1 capability, capacity All'sW, 111, vi. 87 to the p. of

thy soldiership, 2H4 TV. iii. 39 I have speeded hither with the very extremest inch of p.; chance (of having something) 1H6 v. iv. 146 east from p. of all. 2 pecuniary prospects, 'expectations' Wiv. I. i. 65 Seven hundred pounds and possibilities.

post sh.!: pole set up by the door of a sheriff Tw.N.

v. 157; doorpost on which the reckoning at a tavern was kept Err. 1. ii. 64.

post sb.2 1 courier Mer.V. v. i. 46 there's a p. come . . . with his horn full of good news, 2H4 Ind. 37 The p-s come tiring on, Mac. I. iii. 98 As thick as hail Came post with post.
post-horse 2H4 IV. iii. 40 I have foundered nine score

and odd posts; phr. take p., start on a journey with post-horses Rom. v. i. 21.

in post, at express speed, in haste Err. I. ii. 63; (hence) p. = haste 3H6 I. ii. 48 why com'st thou in such p.?; also p. is used adverbially = in haste R2 v. ii. 112 Mount thee upon his horse; Spur post. post vb. (the common meaning is 'go with haste,

speed, hasten'

to convey swiftly Cym. 11, iv. 27, p. over, pass off easily 2H6 111. i. 255 His guilt should be but idly p-ed over (cf. o'EnPost); p. off, put off 3H6 117, viii. 40 p-ed off their suits with slow delays. poster: swift traveller Mac. 1. iii. 33. postern: small back or side door Gent. v. i. 9 Out

at the p, by the abbey-wall, R2 v. v. 17 as for a camel To thread the postern of a needle's eye.

post-haste: sb, great expedition Ham. 1. i. 107 this p. and romage in the land;—adv. with all possible haste R2 1. iv. 55 hath sent p; also haste-post-haste as compound sb, 3H6 ii. i. 139 In haste-p. are come to join you; and as adj. = expeditious oth. 1. ii. 37 statistics ways hate. n amenumes: similarly not. requires your haste-p, appearance; similarly post-post-haste as adj. Oth. 1. iii. 46. ¶ The old direction on letters was 'haste, post, haste', being an ex-hortation to the courier.

posy: motto inscribed on the inside of a finger-ring

Mer. V. v. i. 151, Ham. III. ii. 163.

pot: to the pot, to destruction Cor. 1, iv. 47.
potato: the Spanish or sweet potato, Batatas
edulis, in the 16th-17th cent. supposed to have
aphrodisiac qualities Wiv. v. v. 21, Troil. v. ii. 54,
potch: to thrust at Cor. 1, x. 15 (mod. edd. also
poach). ¶ Survives in Warwickshire.

potent: potentate John 11. i. 358 You equal potents. potential: powerful Oth. I. ii. 13, Compl. 264. pother: disturbance, commotion, turmoil Cor. II. I. 237 (Ff poother), Lr. 111. ii. 50 (Ff pudder, Q1 Pow-

ther, Qq<sub>23</sub> Thundring).

potting: tippling 0th. n. iii. 80 potent in potting.

pottle: measure of capacity for liquids = 2 quarts

Wiv. m. i. 222, 0th. n. iii. 88; so pottle-pot 2H4

pottle-deep: to the bottom of the tankard Oth. 11.

iii. 57 hath . . . carous'd Potations pottle-deep. pouch: purse Wiv. 1. iii, 94, AYL. 11. vii, 159. poulter: poulterer 1H4 11. iv. 487 [480].

pouncet-box (S. word, revived in mod. times by Scott): small box for perfumes 1H41, iii. 38'twixt his finger and his thumb he held A p. Perhaps orig. 'pounced (=perforated) box'.

pound sb.1: pound-weight Cor. III. i. 312 Tie leuden pounds to's heels.

pound sb. 2: public enclosure for stray cattle, pinfold Gent. 1. i. 113. [Cor. 1. iv. 17. Cor. I. iv. 17 pound vb.: to shut up as in a pound Gent. I. i. 110, poverty: poor stuff Sonn. xl. 10 Although thou steal thee all my p., ciii. I what p. my Muse brings forth. pow, waw(mod.edd.wow t): pooh pooh! Cor.ii.159. powder: to salt IH4 v. iv. 112 tp. me and at me loo, powdered: lit. salted; (hence) subjected to the

sweating-tub treatment (see next) Meas. 111. ii. 64 your powdered bawd.

powdering tub: lit. pickling vat; humorously applied to the sweating-tub used for the cure of venereal disease H5 II. i. 79. power (2 a common S. sense)

person of rank or influence H8 II. iv. 111.

 1 body of armed men, fighting force, pl. forces John
 1V. ii. 110 Never such a p. . . . Was levied, Caes. IV.
 i. 42 Brutus and Cassius Are levying p-s, Lucr. 1368 the power of Greece.

practic (once): practical H5 1. i. 51 the art and p. part of life. ¶ 'Practical' is post-S.

practice (2 the commonest S. sense)

1 execution Ado v. i. 260 paid me richly for the p. of it; so in phr. put in p. Gent. III. ii. 89, LLL. I. i. 304. tt; so in pint, put in p, Gent. III. ii. 89, LLL. 1. 304.
2 stratagem, conspiracy, trickery, plot, intrigue
Meas. v. i. 108, 124 This needs must be a p., Tw.N.
v. i. 364 This p, hath most shrewdly passed upon
thee, H5 II. ii. 90 Hath . . . lightly conspir'd, And
sworn unto the p-s of France, Ham. IV. vii. 138 a
pass of p., Lr. II. iv. 116 That this remotion of the
duke and her Is practice only.

practisant (S.): ? plotter, conspirator 1H6 III. ii.
20 Pucelle and her practisants.

practise (2 cf. practice 2).

practise (2 cf. PRACTICE 2)

1 to perform, carry on 1H6 II. iii. 47 to practise your

severity, Cæs. IV. iii. 87.

2 to use stratagem or artifice, scheme, plot (with against or on, upon) AYL 1. i. 158 he will p. against thee by poison, H5 II. ii. 99 p-40 on me, Oth 1. ii. 73 p'-d on her with foul charms, II. i. 322 practising upon his peace and quiet.
3 to plot (some evil) John IV. i. 20 My uncle p-s more

harm to me.

practiser: practitioner All'sW. II. i. 188 Sweet p.,

thy physic I will try.
præmunire: more fully 'præmunire facias', a writ by which the sheriff is charged to summon a person accused of maintaining papal jurisdiction in England H8 III, ii. 341 Fall into the compass of u p. prætor: magistrate in ancient Rome, subordinate

to the consuls Cæs. II. iv. 35.

praise sb.: that for which a person or thing deserves to be praised, desert, virtue Mer.V. v. i. 108 To their right praise and true perfection, H5 III. vii. 51, Troil. II. ii. 145, Per. I. i. 15 Her face the book of p-s, Sonn. Ixxxiv. 14 praise, which makes your p-s worse.

¶ In Tp. 111. iii. 39 the common Eliz. proverbial phr. 'praise at parting' (=praise given not too soon, not till the entertainment is over) appears as Praise in departing.

praise vb.: to appraise, value Tw. N. I. v. 270 Were

you sent hither to p. me?, Troil. III. ii. 97 P. us as

we are tasted.

praised: esteemed Per. III. ii. 102. praiseful: laudable LLL. IV. ii. 58 (F<sub>2</sub> praysfull, Ff 34 prais(e)full; Qq F1 prayful, see PREYFUL).

prank sb. (always pl.): malicious or mischievous deed or trick Err. 11. ii. 212, 1H6 111. i. 15, Ham. 111. iv. 2 Tell him his p-s have been too broad to bear with, Oth. II. i. 142 foul pranks.

pray: to invite Meas. II. i. 301 [292] I pray you home to dinner with me.

prayer: metrically 1 or 2 syll.

preambulate: walk in front LLL. v. i. 86 (mod.

edd. pre-, prwambula†). prece'dence: something said before LLL. III. i. 88 an epilogue . . . to make plain Some obscure p., Ant.

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11. v. 51 I do not like 'but yet', it does allay The good precedence.

pre'cedent sb. (1 only S.; 2 otherwise rare)

1 sign, token Ven. 26.

2 original from which a copy is made John v. ii, 3 let this be copied out . . . Return the p. to these lords again, R3 111. vi. 7.

precedent adj.: former Tim. 1. i. 134, Ham. III. iv. 98, Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 83 thy precedent services.

precept (in 1 precept, in 2 precept)

1 instruction, direction Tp. III. i. 58 my father's p-s,
Ham. II. ii. 142 (Qq = 5 prescripts), Compl. 267.

2 writ requiring something to be done 2H4 v. i. 14,

Н5 пп. іїі. 26.

preceptial: consisting of precepts Ado v. i. 24. precinct: quarter over which a person has control 1H6 II. i. 68.

precious: egregious, arrant Oth. v. ii. 233 P. villain. Cym. III. v. 81, 1v. ii. 83;—as adv. = preciously John IV. iii. 40 too p. princely for a grave, Troil. v. iii. 28 more p. dear than life (hyphened only in Ff234)

preciously: as a valuable thing Tp. 1. ii. 241. precipit [obs. Fr. 'precipite']: precipice H8 v. i. 140 (F1 Precepit, mod. edd. precipicet).

precipitate: to fall headlong Lr. IV. vi. 51. precipitation: steepness of descent, precipitous-

ness Cor. III. ii. 4 precisian: (?) rigid spiritual adviser Wiv. 11. i. 5 (physiciant). ¶ In 16th-17th cent. synonymous with 'Puritan'.

pre-contra'ct: previous engagement of marriage Meas. IV. i. 73.

precurrer (S.): forerunner Phoen. ii. precurse (S.): heralding Ham. 1. i. 121.

predecease (not pre-S.): to die before Lucr. 1756.

predeceased: previously extinct H5 v. i. 76. predecessor: ancestor H5 i. ii. 248, Cor. ii. i. 102, Mac. ii. iv. 34.

predicament: condition, situation Mer.V. IV. i. 358, 1H4 I. iii. 168 the line and the p. Wherein you range, Rom. III. iii. 85. ¶ Orig. a term of logic =category.

predict (S.): prediction Sonn. xiv. 8.

predominance: ascendancy of a planet Lr. 1, ii.
138 thieves and treachers by spherical predominance; so predominant, in the ascendant, ruling All'SW, I. i. 214 born under Mars.—When he was predominant, Wint. 1. ii. 202. predominate (twice; 2 not pre-S.)

to have ascendancy (like a planet) Wiv. II. ii. 299.

2 trans. to prevail over Tim. iv. iii. 143. prefer (in MND, iv. ii. 40\*either I or the mod. sense) 1 to place or put before a person, put forward, present, offer 1H6 III. i. 10, 33, Cæs. III. i. 28 p. his suit to Cusar, Ham. Iv. vii. 159 Tll have preferred him (Ff prepar'd) A chalice, Oth. I. iii. 109.

2 to introduce, recommend Gent. II. vi. 15, Shr. I. i, 97, 2H6 IV. vii, 77 my book preferr'd me to the king, Cæs. v. v. 62 if Messala will prefer me to you. preferment: preference Shr. II. i, 94. ¶ The

ordinary sense is 'advancement, promotion'.

pregnancy: readiness (of wit) 2H4 i. ii. 194.

pregnant': clear, obvious Meas. II. i. 23, Wint. v.

ii. 34 Most true, if ever truth were p. by circumstance, Oth. 11. i. 241, Ant. 11. i. 45, Cym. 1v. ii. 325.

Old Fr. 'preignant', from 'preindre' to press;
hence = pressing, cogent.

pregnant' [Latin 'praegnans']

1 resource ful, ready, apt Meas. 1. i. 11, Tw. N. II. ii. 29, Ham. II. ii. 216 How p. . . . his replies are. 2 receptive, (hence) disposed, inclined Tw. N. III. i. 101 your own most p. and vouchsafed ear, Ham. III. ii. 66 crook the pregnant hinges of the knee.

pregnantly: cogently, clearly Tim. 1. i. 93.

prejudicate: to pass judgement upon beforehand All'sW. 1. ii. 8.

prejudice: inquiry, detriment H8 1. i. 182; so the vb. 1H6 III. iii. 91.

premi'sed: sent before the time 2H6 v. ii. 41 the p. flames of the last day.

premises (occurs thrice)

1 conditions, stipulations Tp. 1, ii. 123 in lieu o' the p. Of homage, All'sW. 11. i. 204.
2 previous circumstances H8 II. i. 63\* 'T has done

upon the premises but justice. prenominate vb.: to name beforehand Troil. IV.

v. 249; also ppl. adj. aforesaid Ham. 11. i. 43 the prenominate crimes.

prenzie\*: doubtful word, (?) an error Meas.III.i.92, pre-ordinance: previously established ordinance Cæs. III. i. 38.

preparation (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 force or fleet equipped for fight 1H4 IV. i. 93, Cor. 1. ii. 15, Oth. 1. iii. 14 The Turkish p. makes for Rhodes, Cym. IV. iii. 29. 2 accomplishment Wiv. II. ii. 243 your many war-

like . . . and learned preparations. prepare: preparation 3H6 iv. i. 131.

preposterous: inverting the natural order of things Shr. III. i. 9 Preposterous ass.

prerogative: precedence, pre-eminence Tp. 1. ii. 105, Shr. III. i. 6, All'sW. II. iv. 43 The great p. and rite of love, Wint. II. i. 162, 1H6 v. iv. 142. presage sb. (the stress varies; the vb. is always

presu'ge and is used in senses corresponding to those of the noun)

1 omen, portent John I. i. 28 sullen pre'sage of your own decay, III. iv. 158 Abortives, pre'sages, and tongues of heaven, Ven. 457 This ill presa'ge.

prognostication Sonn. evii. 6 the sad augurs mock

their own presa'ge.
3 presentiment, foreboding R2 II. ii. 141 if heart's presa'ges be not vain.

presa/ger: that which indicates Sonn. xxiii. 10. prescript: prescribed, laid down H5 III. vii. 51. prescription: claim founded upon long use 3H6 111. iii. 94.

presence (the senses 'fact of being present' and 'demeanour, carriage, aspect' are freq.)
1 in p., present R2 IV. 1. 62 you were in p. then; And

you can witness with me this is true, 2H4 IV. iv. 17, H5 I. ii. 2.

2 presence-chamber R2 I. iii. 289, H8 III. i. 17 the two great cardinals Wait in the p., Rom. v. iii. 86.

3 assembly, company LLL. v. ii. 534 a good p. of Worthies, R2 Iv. i. 32 the best In all this p., Ham. v. ii. 242 This presence knows.

4 (with possessive) person, personality John I. i. 137

Lord of thy p, and no lund beside, II. i. 377 Your royal p-s, R2 III. iii. 76 our p., 1H4 III. ii. 56, present sb. (the p. = 'the present time 'not pre-S.; Tw.N. III. iv. 382 my p. app. =my present store)

1 the or this p., the affair in hand, the present occa-

sion or purpose Meas. IV. ii. 27, Cor. I. vi. 60, III. iii. 41, Ant. 11. vi. 30.

111. 41, Ant. 11. V1. 30.

2 this p., the present time or moment Wint. IV. Chor. [i.] 14, Cym. IV. iii. 8; adv. (?) = just now Tw.N. I. V. 254; in p., at present, now Tim. I. i. 142.

3 (?) writing LLL. IV. iii. 189 What p. hast thou there?.

present adj. (1 cf. 'a very present help in trouble' Psalm xlvi. 1; 2 very freq.)

1 (of money) immediately available, 'ready' Err. IV. i. 34 I am not furnish'd with the p. money, Mer.V. I. i. 179 To raise a p. sum, III. ii. 274 The p. money to discharae the Jew. to discharge the Jew.

2 immediate, instant Wiv. IV. vi. 56 I'll make a p. recompense, Wint. 1. ii. 281 without My p. rengeance taken, H8 1. ii. 211 Call him to p. trial, Rom. IV. i. 61 Give me some p. counsel, Oth. i. ii. 90 some p. business of the state.

3 (?) urgent, pressing Tim. 11. ii. 154 To pay your p. debts, 111. ii. 39 He has only sent his p. occasion now.

present vb. (3 occurs only once)
1 to set forth, describe Oth. I. iii. 124 So justly to

your grave ears I'll present How . .

2 to represent (a character), personate Tp. Iv. i. 167
when I p-ed Ceres, Wiv. Iv. vi. 20, LLL. v. i. 127,
&c., MND. III. i. 65, &c., H8 Prol. 5. (the ledt.
3 to bring a charge against Shr. Ind. ii. 89 p. her at

presentation (1 some refer this to 2)

display, show AYL. v. iv. 113.

2 semblance R3 IV. iv. 84. presently: immediately, instantly, directly Tp.
 Iv. i. 42 Presently?—Ay, with a twink. ¶ Very freq.
 in S. and the usual Eliz. sense; the mod. sense of 'in a little while, shortly' is not evidenced with certainty before 1650, but there are possible instances in S., e.g. Wiv. IV. ii. 102.

presentment (not pre-S. in either sense) 1 dedication of a book Tim. 1. i. 27.

2 picture, portrait Ham. III. iv. 54. president: head, sovereign Ant. III. vii. 17.

press sb.1 (in H8 iv. i. 78 F1 has prease)

1 crowd, throng H8 IV. i. 78, Ces. I. ii. 15.

2 crowding or thronging together John v. vii. 19. 3 = printing-press Wiv. 11. i. 80 puts into the press

(quibble).

=clothes-press Wiv. III. iii. 225, IV. ii. 64.

press sb.2: warrant or commission giving authority to impress recruits 1H4 IV. ii. 13\* I have misused

to impress recruits 114 iv. ii. 10 Thate missise the king's press damnably.

press vb. (in 3H6 III. i, 19 F<sub>1</sub> has prease)

1 p. to death, (properly) subject to the ancient torture called the 'peine forte et dure' Meas. v. i. 524 p-ing to death, whipping, and hanging; also in fig. use Ado III. i. 76 she would . . . p. me to death with wit, R2 III. iv. 72, Troil. III. ii. 217.

9 to appress, weigh down Rom. I. i. 193, Lr. IV. iii.

2 to oppress, weigh down Rom. 1. i. 193, Lr. 1v. iii. 28, Oth. 111. iv. 176 I have . . . with leaden thoughts

been p-'d, Sonn. cxl. 1. 3 to crowd, throng 3H6 III. i. 19 No humble suitors

press to speak for right, Cas. 11. iv. 15, &c. to push or strain forward Tit. 1v. iii. 89 to p. to heaven in my young days, Rom. v. iii. 215 To  $\hat{p}$ , before thy father to a grave.

press-money: earnest-money paid to a soldier or sailor on his being 'pressed' into the service Lr.

Iv. vi. 88.

pressure: impressed character, impression, stamp

Ham. I. v. 100, III. ii. 28, prest: ready Mer.V. I. i. 161, Per. IV. Gower 45, Prester John: name given in the Middle Ages to an alleged Christian priest and king supposed to reign in the far East, and from the 15th cent. identified with the king of Ethiopia or Abyssinia Ado II. i. 278 bring you the length of P.J.'s foot.

presuppos'd \*: suggested beforehand (for one's adoption) Tw.N. v. i. 362 p. Upon thee in the letter. pretence: intention, purpose, or design Gent. III. i. 47, Wint. III. ii. 18 the p. whereof being . . . laid open, Mac. 11. iii. 138, Lr. 1. ii. 98.

pretend (only in obs. or arch. senses)
1 to hold out, offer Lucr. 576. [adore. 2 to assert Tit. I. i. 42 Whom you p. to honour and

3 to claim 3H6 IV. vii. 57 if you pretend no title. 4 to allege falsely, use as a pretext Meas, III. i. 235 p-ing in her discoveries of dishonour, Cym. II. iii. 118, v. v. 251.

5 to intend, purpose, design Gent. II. vi. 37 their disguising and p-ed flight, 1H6 IV. i. 6 p. Malicious practices, Mac. II, iv. 24,

6 to import 1H6 IV. i. 54 doth this churlish superscription Pretend some alteration . . . ?.

prettily: ingeniously, skilfully, neatly MND. II. ii.

53 Lysander riddles very p., R3 111. i. 134 He p. und aptly taunts himself.

prettiness: pleasantness Ham. IV. v. 188

prevail: to avail, have effect H5 III. ii. 17, Rom. III. iii. 59 It [sc. philosophy] helps not, it p-s not

prevailment: superior power or influence MND. I. i. 35.

prevent (2 cf. PREVENTION 1)

1 to anticipate (an event) Cas. v. i. 105 so to p. The time of life, Ham. 11. ii. 312 [305] so shall my anticipation prevent your discovery.

2 to be beforehand with, forestall, anticipate (a person) Mer.V. I. i. 61 If worthier friends had not pred me, Tw.N. III. i. 95, 1H6 IV. i. 71, Cas. III. i. 35 I must prevent thee.

to escape, avoid R2 III. ii. 179, 2H4 I. ii. 263.

intr. to use preventive measures Cæs. II. i. 28 So Casar may; Then, lest he may, prevent.

prevention:

I forestalling another in the execution of his designs Cæs. III. i. 19 Be sudden, for we fear p. 2 precaution Troil. I. iii. 181.

preyful: killing much prey LLL. IV. ii. 58. pribbles and prabbles: petty disputing, vain chatter Wiv. 1. i. 56.

price (in sense 3 spelt prize in old edd.)

(where the sense of spett prize in one ends) are the value, worth 2H4 v. iii. 98 happy news of price (=worth much), Troil. II. ii. 82, iii. 143, Lr. 1. i. 200 her price is fall'n.

2 esteem, estimation Meas. 1. iii. 9 held [it] in idle p., All'sW. v. iii. 61 Make trivial p. of serious things, Tw.N. i. 13 falls into . . . low price.
3 valuation, appraisement Ant. v. ii. 182, Cym. III.

prick sb. (often with indelicate quibble)

1 each of the marks by which the circumference of a dial is divided 3H6 I. iv. 34 Phaethon hath... made an evening at the noontide p., Rom. II. iv. 122, Lucr. 781.

mere point Troil. 1. iii. 343.\*

spot in the centre of a target LLL. IV. i. 136 Let the mark have a p. in't; phr. at p-s, shooting at a target having such a mark fixed at a certain distance (opposed to shooting 'at the butts'), LLL. IV. i. 143.

4 prickle of a hedge-hog Tp. II. ii. 12; thorn AYL. III. ii. 119; skewer Lr. II. iii. 16 wooden pricks.

prick vb. (1 metaphor from spurring

1 to urge, incite Gent. III. i. 8 My duty p-s me on to utter that, Shr. III. ii. 75 some odd humour p-s him to this fushion, 1H4 v. i. 131 honour p-s me on, Oth. III. iii. 413.

2 to mark or indicate by a 'prick' or tick, mark or tick off 2H4 II. iv. 364 The fiend hath p-ed down Bardolph irrecoverable, III. ii. 123 P. him, &c., Cæs, III. i. 216, Iv. i. 1 their names are p-d; to choose or pick out LLL. v. ii. 546 Cannot p. out five such (Q1 picke), Sonn. xx. 13.

3 to fasten with a pin Shr. III. ii. 71.

4 to attire elaborately, dress up 2H4 III. ii. 123, &c. 5 to remove by a prick Rom. I. iv. 67.

prick-eared: having erect ears H5 II. i. 44. pricket: buck in its second year LLL. IV. ii. 12.

pricksong: descant or accompanying melody to a plainsong or simple theme 'pricked' or noted down Rom. II. iv. 22.

pride (the mod. uses are freq.)

1 magnificence, pomp Rom. I. ii. 10 Let two more summers wither in their p., Oth. III. iii. 355 P., pomp, and circumstance of glorious war, Sonn. lxxx. 12 of goodly p., civ. 4 three summers' p.

- PRODIGAL

2 love of display Lucr. 864.

3 magnificent or ostentatious adornment H8 I. i. 25 the madams . . . did almost sweat to bear The pride upon them, Lucr. 1809 to clothe his wit in state and p., Sonn. lxxvi. 1 Why is my verse so barren of new pride ?.

4 honour, glory 1H6 IV. vi. 57 let's die in pride. 5 best condition, prime 1H4 1. i. 60 in the very heat And pride of their contention, 1H6 IV. vii. 16.

6 mettle in a horse 1H4 IV. iii. 22, Ven. 420. 7 sexual desire LLL. II. i. 235, Oth. III. iii. 405 As salt as volves in p., Lucr. 438, Sonn. exliv. 8 her foul pride.

priest:

1 be a person's priest, kill him (in allusion to the priest's performing the last offices to the dying) 2Н6 пп. і. 272.

2 priestess Cym. r. vi. 133, Per. v. i. 243.

priesthood: with possessive used as a mock title for a priest 2H6 II, i, 23.

prig (slang): thief Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 109. [I. iv. 41. primal: primitive, primeval Ham. III. iii. 37, Ant. primater: error for 'pia mater' LLL. IV. ii. 71. prime sb.: spring Lucr. 332, Sonn. xevii. 7. prime adj. (4 only S.)

first in time R3 IV. iii. 19.

2 first in rank or dignity Tp. 1. ii. 72 Prospero the p. duke, H8 III. ii. 163 The prime man of the state.

3 first in importance or excellence Tp. 1. ii. 422 my p. request, H81. ii. 67 no p-r business, II. iv. 227. 4 sexually excited 0th. III. iii. 404.

primero: gambling card-game very fashionable from about 1530 to 1640 Wiv. IV. v. 105, H8 v. i. 7.

primogenitive: the right of succession belong-ing to the first-born Troil. I. iii. 106. primrose path, way: path of pleasure Mac. II. iii.

22, Ham. 1. iii. 50. primy (S. coinage): that is in its prime Ham. 1.
iii. 7 in the youth of primy nature.

prince: the two senses are 'sovereign ruler' and 'male member of a royal family'; the pl. is used =royal pair John 11. i. 445, 533.

princess: (?) used as pl. in Tp. 1. ii. 173.

principal (2 a legal use)
1 employer Per. iv. vi. 91, 93.
2 one who is directly responsible for a crime, or aids and abets it Wint. 11. i. 92.

3 principal rafter of a house Per. III. ii, 16. principality: (?) one of the higher orders of spiritual beings so designated Gent. 11. iv. 153.

princox: pert saucy boy Rom. 1. v. 90.
print sb.: in p., with exactness, to a nicety Gent.
11. i. 177, LLL. III. i. 181 [173].

print vb.: to commit to writing Tit. IV. i. 75.

Priscian: famous Roman grammarian (6th cent. A.D.); LLL. v. i. 31 P. a little scratched, a mild variant of the common phr. 'break P.'s head '= violate the rules of grammar.

prison: to imprison, confine (always in fig. con-nexion); LLL. iv. iii. 305 universal plodding p-s+

upThenimble spirits in the arteries (old edd, poysons), pristine: ancient H5 III. ii, 90 the p. wars of the Romans; former, original Mac. v. iii. 52 to a sound and pristine health.

private sb. (2, 3 only S.; 4 not pre-S.)

that have kings that privates have not too?.

intimate, favourite Ham. II. ii. 242 (quibble).

3 private communication John IV. iii. 16.

4 privacy Tw.N. III. iv. 102. private adj. (obs. rare use): by oneself, alone H8 II. ii. 15 I left him private, Rom. 1. i. 143 private in his chamber.

privilege sb. (1 and 2 only S.)

1 'favourable circumstance' (Schmidt) Gent. III. i. 160 think my patience . . . Is p. for thy departure hence, MND. II. i. 220 Your virtue is my p., Sonn.

xcv. 13 this large privilege. 2 advantage yielded, superiority 1H6 III. i. 121.

3 right of asylum or sanctuary R3 III. i. 41. privilege vb.: to authorize, license Lucr. 621, Sonn. lviii. 10.

privity: being 'privy' to something H8 I. i. 74. prize sb. 1 (1 and 2 perhaps belong to sbs. of really

distinct origin; see also PRICE)

1 advantage, privilege 3H6 1. iv. 59 It is war's p. to take all vantages, 11. i. 20 Methinks, 'tis p. enough to

be his son (Qq pride). 2 contest, match Mer. V. III. ii. 141 Like one of two

contending in a p.; phr. play one's p., play one's 'game' or part Tit. 1. i. 399.

prize sb.2: booty, plunder R3 III. vii. 186 Made p.... of (= took possession of).

prize vh.:

1 to value, estimate, esteem Tp. 1. ii. 168 volumes that I p. above my dukedom, Ado III. i. 90 so swift and excellent a wit As she is p-d to have, Cor. I. v. 4 p. their hours At a crack'd drachm, Tim. 1. i. 172 Things... Are p-d by their masters (i. e. according to the esteem in which their masters are held).

2 (with negative) to care nothing for Tw.N. 11. iv.

84, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 369, 388, Sonn. exliii. 8.

prizer 1: one who values a thing Troil. II. ii. 56. prizer 2: one who fights in a 'prize' or match (cf. PRIZE sb.12) AYL. II. iii. 8.

probable: worthy of acceptance or belief, plausible All'sW. II. iv. 53, 2H6 III. ii. 178, Cor. iv. vi. 66.

probal:=PROBABLE, q.v. Oth. II. iii. 347. probation (2 the commoner sense)

trial, investigation Tw.N. 11. v. 144; testing of vocation Meas. v. i. 72.
 proof Meas. v. i. 157, Mac. 111. i. 80, Ham. 1. i. 156

of the truth . . . This present object made p., Oth. III. iii. 366,

proceed: [1. ii. 180. 1 to take place All'sW. IV. ii. 62, R3 III. ii. 23, Cæs. 2 to arise, be caused H5 II. ii. 54, Cym. III. v. 58. proceed:

proceeder: one who proceeds to a university degree (used quibblingly) Shr. IV. ii. 11 And may you prove, sir, master of your art!—While you, sweet dear, prove mistress of my heart.—Quick p-s, marry.

process (3 is peculiar to S.)

1 drift, tenor, gist Troil. vv. i. 8 the p. of your speech.
2 narrative, story Meas. v. i. 93, Mer. V. iv. i. 275
Tell... the p. of Antonio's end, R3 iv. iii. 32, Ham. I. v. 37 a forged p. of my death, Oth. I. iii. 142. [9. 3 what goes on, proceeding All's W. I. i. 18, H8 II. iii. 4 formal command or mandate Ham. IV. iii. 66, Ant.

i. 28.

process-server : = BAILIFF Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 103. proclaim: to make a public announcement Meas. IV. iv. 27.

proclamation: open declaration, manifestation Meas. III. ii. 156 give him a better p. (= proclaim him to be a better man), All'sW. I. iii. 182.

procreant: adj. bringing forth young Mac. I. vi. 8 [a bird's] p. cradle ;-sb. generator Oth. IV. ii. 27 procure (uses now obs. or arch.)

1 to cause, bring about Meas. v. i. 475, 2H6 II. iv. 62, Lr. II. iv. 306.

2 to get (a person to do something) Wiv. IV. vi. 49, 1H6 v. v. 88, Rom. II. ii. 145.

3 to bring (a person to a place) Rom. III. v. 68 What

. . cause procures her hither?.

to manage or contrive (to do something) Sonn. Music iii. 32 [Pilgr. 276].

prodigal: adj. in the sense of 'wastefully lavish' transferred from the agent to an attribute LLL. v. ii. 64 How I would make him . . . spend his p, wits in bootless rimes, AYL. 1. i. 41 What p. portion have I spent, Tim. 11. ii. 175 How many p, bits have slaves and peasants . . . englutted;—adv. lavishly Ham. 1. iii. 116.

prodigious:
1 of the nature of a prodigy, ominous, portentous MND. v. ii. 42 [i. 419] Never mole, hare-lip . . . Nor mark prodigious.

2 abnormal, unnatural, monstrous John III. i. 46 crooked, swart, p., R3 1. ii. 22 If ever he have child, abortive be it, Prodigious. [91.

prodigiously: (?) by monstrous births John III. i.
prodigy: omen, portent 1H4 v. i. 20 A p. of fear and
a portent Of . . . mischief, Caes. I. iii. 28, Ven. 926 apparitions, signs, and prodigies. proditor: traitor 1H6 I. iii. 31.

product: to produce Oth. I. i. 147 (Ff).

proface: formula of welcome at a meal (lit. may it do you good) 2H4 v. iii. 28. ¶ In freq. use from early 16th to mid-17th cent.

profess:

1 to declare openly, affirm, acknowledge Meas. IV. ii. 103 [he] hath to the public ear P-'d the contrary, H8 II. iv. 82 I do p. You speak not like yourself, Lr. I. i. 74 I profess Myself an enemy to all other joys, 2 refl. to make professions Cas. I. ii. 77; intr. to

make a profession of friendship Wint. 1. ii. 456 a

man which ever Profess'd to him

3 to claim to have knowledge of or skill in (an art or science) Ado III. iv. 67 how long have you p-ed apprehension?, 1H4 v. ii. 91 I p. not talking; to make (a thing) one's business Meas. 11. i. 67.

professed: openly declared or avowed Ado I. i. 176 a p. tyrunt to their sex, Rom. III. iii. 49 my friend p., Lr. I. i. 275 To your p. bosoms I commit him. proficient: learner who makes progress 1H4 II.iv.19.

profit sb. (the foll. senses are only S.)

1 something advantageous or profitable Meas. I. iv. 61 p-s of the mind, Oth. 111. iii. 380 I thank you for this profit (=profitable lesson).

2 progress, proficiency AYL. i. i. 7 report speaks goldenly of his profit [at school], Shr. i. i. 39. profit vb.: to make progress, improve Wiv. iv. i. 16

my son p-s nothing in the world at his book, Shr. 1v. ii. 6 profit you in what you read?, 1H4 1. ii. 170 God give . . . him the ears of p-ing !, III. i. 165 well read, and profited (= proficient).

profound: of deep significance Mac. 111. v. 24. progeny (the sense 'offspring' occurs) I race, stock, family 1H6 v. v. 38 isset d from the p. of kings, Cor. 1. viii. 13 the Hector That was the whip of your bragg'd progeny.

2 lineage, descent 1H6 III. iii. 61 Doubting thy birth

and lawful progeny. prognostication:

1 forecast for the year published in or as an almanac Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 821 in hottest day p. proclaims. 2 sign, token Ant. I. ii. 56.

progress sb. (2 not pre-S.)

1 state journey made by a king 2H6 1. iv. 75 The king is now in p. towards Saint Alban's; jocularly Ham. IV. iii. 34 how a king may go a progress through the guts of a beggar.

2 onward movement in space, course John II. i. 340

let his silver water keep A peaceful p, to the ocean, Cas. 11. i. 2 the progress of the stars.

3 course or process (of action, &c.) H8 II. iv. 173 I' the p. of this business, v. iii. 32 in all the p. . . . of my life and office.

pro'gress vb. (once in S.; not pre-Eliz.) : to move

along John v. ii. 46.

prohibit: occurs only once; used wrongly by Dogberry Ado v. i. 343 [335].

project sb.: conception, idea, notion Ado III. i. 55 She cannot . . . take no shape nor p. of affection, 2H4 I. iii. 29.

pro'ject vb. (once): to put forth, exhibit Ant. v. ii. projection (once): scheme, design H5 II. iv. 46 of

a weak and niggardly projection.
prolixious (only Eliz.): tedious Meas. 11. iv. 163. prologue sh .: one who speaks the prologue to a play H5 Enter Prologue (Ff).

prologue vb.: to introduce, preface All'sW. II. i. 95. prolong: to defer, put off Ado IV. i. 256, R3 III. iv.

45 were the day prolong'd.

Promethean fire: fire stolen by the demigod Prometheus from Olympus and conveyed to men, to whom he taught its use; allusively applied to that which inspires or infuses life LLL. IV. iii. 304, 351; so Oth. v. ii. 12 Promethean heat.

promise sb.: contextually, with vb. claim=fulfil-

ment of a promise Gent. IV. iv. 94.

promise vb.: phr. I promise you (thee), I assure you, I can tell you Wiv. III. ii. 75, Ado IV. ii. 49 I do not like thy look, I p. thee, AYL. I. ii. 149, R3 I. iv. 65 (Ff me thinkes), Lr. I. ii. 161 I p. you the effects he writes of succeed unknappily.

promised: engaged Cas. I. ii. 294.

prompt adj.: inclined, disposed Troil. IV. iv. 88 fair virtues all, To which the Grecians are most p. and

pregnant.

prompt vb. (4 only S.)

1 to incite, move Tw.N. 111. iv. 154, Troil. 111. iii. 2,
Ham. 11. ii. 621 [613] Prompted to my revenye.

2 to inspire Tp. 111. i. 82 p. me, plain and holy inno-cence, LLL. iv. iii. 322.

3 to suggest (a thing to a person) Cor. III. ii. 54 the matter which your heart prompts you.

4 to remind Ado I. i. 314 [306] All p-ing me how fair young Hero is.

prompted: ready Troil. v. ii. 172 my p. sword.

prompture (not pre-S.): prompting Meas, 11. iv. 179. promulgate: to publish Oth. 1. ii. 21 (Q<sub>1</sub> provulgate). prone: ready, eager Cym. v. iv. 207, Lucr. 684. ¶ In Meas. r. ii. 194 p. and speechless is commonly taken as a hendiadys = 'speechlessly prone', speaking

eagerly without words.

pronounce: to deliver, declaim, recite Mer.V. I. ii.
11 Good sentences and well p-d, Ham. III. ii. 1 Speak the speech . . . as I p-d it to you, 328 (intr.). ¶ In the sense of 'utter, declare, proclaim' p. is used with a variety of objects and constructions, some of which are now obs. or at least archaic.

proof (4 cf. WAR-PROOF)

1 test, trial, experiment Ado rv. i. 45, AYL. r. ii. 186, 1114 rr. ii. 75 we leave that to the p., Troil. r. ii. 140 stund to the p., Tim. r. ii. 167 set me on the p., Ham. rv. vii. 154 If this should blast in p., Oth. v. i. 26 I will make proof of thine.

2 experience Ado II. i. 190 an accident of hourly p.,

Tw. N. 111, i. 138 'tis a vulgar p., R3 11. iii. 43 by p., H8 1. i. 197 in that very shape He shall appear in p., Ham. III. ii. 181, Cym. III. iii. 27 Out of your p.

you speuk.

3 issue, result, fulfilment Shr. IV. iii. 43 all my pains is sorted to no p. (= comes to nothing), 2H4 iv. iii.

98 come to any proof (=turned out well).

4 proved or tested strength of armour or arms, R2 I. iii. 73, Rom. I. i. 216 in strong p. of chastity well arm'd, Ham. 11. ii. 520 [512] Mars's armour, forg'd for p. eterne, Ant. 1v. viii. 15 p. of harness. propagation: increase Meas. 1. ii. 160 for p. of a

propend: to incline Troil. 11. ii. 190.

propension: inclination Troil. II. ii. 133.

- PROVAND

proper (the mod. sense 'snitable, belitting 'occurs)
1 (one's or its) own Tp. III. iii. 60 men hang and
drown Their p. seltes, All's W. IV. ii. 49 your own
p. wesdom, 2H4 v. ii. 109 my p. son, Ham. v. ii. 66 mu proper life.

2 belonging distinctly or exclusively (to), peculiar Meas. I. i. 30, v. i. 111 Faults p. to himself, H5 v. Chor. 5 in their huge and p. life, Cas. 1. ii. 41.

3 excellent, capital, fine (ironically) Ado IV. i. 316, 2H6 I. i. 133 A p. jest, H8 I. i. 98, Mac. III. iv. 60 O proper stuff.

4 honest, respectable All'sW. IV. iii. 240 a p. maid, 2H4 II. ii. 169 A proper gentlewoman.

good-looking, handsome, elegant (freq.) Tp. II. ii.

61 As proper a man as ever went on four legs.
6 as adv. = properly, appropriately Tim. 1. ii. 108 what better or p-er can we call our own than the riches of our friends?. proper-false: 'false-bearted but with a goodly

exterior' (Wright) Tw.N. II. ii. 30.

properly:

1 for oneself Wint. 11. i. 169, Cor. v. ii. 90.

(to speak) in accordance with fact, strictly AYL. i. i. 8, John II. i. 514.

propertied: possessed of qualities Ant. v. ii. 83 his roice was propertied As all the tuned spheres. property sb. (the most freq. sense is 'peculiar or

particular quality, peculiarity')
1 ownership Phoen. 37\* Either was the other's mine.

Property was thus appall'd. 2 mere means to an end, tool Wiv. III. iv. 10 'tis a thing impossible I should love thee but as a p., Cas. IV. i. 40.

property vb.:

to make a tool of Tw.N. IV. ii. 101, John v. ii. 79

to be properlied, To be a . . . serving-man. 2 to appropriate Tim. I. 1. 58 his large fortune . . .

properties to his love . . . All sorts of hearts. prophesy: to foreshow Lr. v. iii. 177.

prophet: omen, portent 1H6 III. ii. 32. Propontic: Sea of Marmora Oth. III. iii. 457.

proportion sb. (6 cf. MEASURE sb. 6, 8)

balance, symmetry Wiv. v. v. 247 [235] Where there was no p. held in love, H5 II. ii. 109 'gainst all p., Troil. I. iii. 87 Insisture, course, p., season, form.

2 size 1H4 IV. iv. 15\* Whose power was in the first p. (=of the first magnitude), 2H4 IV. i. 23\*.

3 proportioning, proportionate adjustment Mac. I. iv. 19\* That the p. both of thanks and payment

Might have been mine (= in my power to perform).
4 estimate of forces or supplies required for war, (hence) the forces or supplies themselves H5 1. ii. 137 lay down our p-sto defend Against the Scot, 304 let our p-s for these wars Be soon collected, 11. iv.45, Ham. 1. ii. 32.

5 configuration, form, shape Mer.V. III. iv. 14 a like p. 0f lineaments, 2H6 I. iii. 57, R2 I. i. 18, Tit. v. ii. 106.

6 metrical or musical rhythm Meas. 1. ii. 23 in metre?-In any p. or in any language, R2 v. v. 43 When time is broke and no p. kept; cf. Rom. II. iv. 23 He fights as you sing prick-song, keeps time, distance, and proportion. [137.

proportion vb.: to be in proportion to H5 III. vi. proportioned: [xv.] 5. 1 adjusted in due measure or relation Ant. IV. xiii.

2 assigned, allotted Lucr. 774 p-'d course of time. 3 formed, fashioned Rom. 111, v. 184. (purpose).

propose sb.: purpose, intention Ado m. i. 12 (Ff propose vb. (3 is only S.)

to set before one's mind Troil. n. ii. 146; 'to look forward to, be ready to meet '(Schmidt) Til. n. i. 80 a thousand deaths Would I p., to achieve her.

2 to imagine 2H4 v. ii. 92 make the case yours; Be now the futher and propose a son.

to converse, discourse Ado III. i. 3 Proposing with the prince and Claudio, Oth. 1. i. 25.

proposer: one who propounds something for consideration Ham, II. ii. 303.

proposition (both senses are rare outside S.) 1 offer Troil, I. iii. 3 The ample p. that hope makes In all designs.

2 question AYL. III. ii. 247.

propriety (occurs twice only)

1 individuality, identity Tw.N. v. i. 151.

2 proper state or condition Oth. II. iii. 178 Silence
that dreadful bell; it frights the isle From her p. propugnation: defence Troil. II. ii. 136.

prorogue (the mod. use is not S.) to prolong Ant. II. i. 26, Per. v. i. 26.

2 to defer Rom. II. ii. 78, IV. i. 48.

prosecution: pursuit Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 65.

prospect (3 not pre-S.)
1 range or scope of vision Ado IV. i. 231 the eye and

prospect of his soul, John II. i. 203. 2 what is seen 2H6 III. ii. 324 Their chiefest p. murdering basilisks.

3 appearance, aspect Oth. III. iii. 399

prosperous: propitious, favourable Wint. v. i. 161

A p. south wend, Tim. v. i. 188 the p. gods, Oth. 1.

iii. 246 your prosperous ear (Ff; Qq a gracous).

protect: to act as Protector of (a king) 2H61. i. 166,

п. ііі. 29, R3 п. ііі. 21. [ii. 182.

protes't sb.: protestation 1H4 III. i. 259, Troil. III. protest vb.:

1 to assert publicly, proclaim Ado v. i. 152 I will p. your cowardice, Oth. IV. ii. 205 what I p. intendment of doing.

2 to vow, promise MND.I.i.89 to p. For aye austerity and single life, Tim. IV. iii. 440 since you p. to do't.

protestation: solemn declaration, affirmation, or promise Gent. 1. ii. 96, LLL. 1. i. 33, All's W. v. iii. 139 his many p-s to marry me, H5 v. ii. 149, Troil. IV. iv. 66.

protester: one who makes solemn declarations Cæs. 1. ii. 74.

Proteus (2 or 3 syll.): sea-gol, fabled to assume various shapes 3H6 III. ii. 192; hence the name of the inconstant lover in Gent.

protract: to delay Cym. IV. ii. 232. [iii. 20. protractive (not pre-S.): long drawn out Troil. I. proud (1 ef. mod. dial. sense of 'glad')
1 elated, gratified, pleased LLL. II. i. 17, R2 v. v. 84 So p. that Bolingbroke was on his back, Ven. 309 proud. . . to see him woo her.
2 exalted, lofty Ado III. i. 50 nature never fram'd a roomer's heart of mondey that H 8 IV. ii. 198 The

woman's heart Of prouder stuff, H8 111. ii. 128 The several parcels of ... his treasure ... I find at such a proud rate.

3 magnificent, splendid LLL. I. i. 102 why should p. summer boast, John III. iii. 34 the p. day, Troil. i. iii. 380, Lr. iii. iv. 82 p. array, Lucr. 1371, Sonn. ii. 3, lxxxvi. 1.

4 (of animals) spirited, high-mettled, vigorously or fearlessly active Tit. 11. 11. 21 the p-est panther in the chase, Ven. 260 A breeding jennet, lusty, young, and proud, 884 lion proud.

5 (of waters) swelling, swollen MND, 11, i. 91 Have every peltingriver made so p.; (of plants) exuberant, luxuriant R2 111, iv, 59 over-proud with sup.

6 sensually excited, lascivious Lucr. 712 The flesh being proud.

proudly: magnificently, splendidly John II. i. 70; with force 2H4 v. ii. 130.

proud-pied: splendidly variegated Sonn, xeviii. 2 proud-pied April.

provand: provender Cor. H. i. 270.

prove (1 the prevailing use in the 1611 Bible; the senses 'establish as true', and 'turn out to be soand-so, come to be, become ' are freq.)

to try, test 1H6 ii. ii. 58 I mean to p. this lady's courtesy, Cym. i. v. 38 Which [drugs] first . . . she'll p. on cats and dogs; with infin. Ven. 40 To tie the rider she begins to p.; with clause Ado I. iii. 75 Shall we go prove what's to be done?, Mer.V. II. i. 7,

Ham. III. ii. 214. 2 to find out by experience John III. i. 28 give you cause to p. my saying true, Oth. III. iii. 260 if I do p. her haggard, v. i. 66, Lucr. 613; also in the idiomatic conditional phr. prove (you) that = if you discover Ado I. i. 260 [252], 2H4 II. iv. 303, Per. IV. vi. 205.

3 to have experience of, to experience Ham. III. i. 47, Ant. 1. ii. 35 You have seen and p-'d a fairer former fortune, Ven. 597 All is imaginary she doth

prore, Sonn. exxix. 11.

prover: one who tries or tests another Troil. II. iii. 73 Why am I a fool?—Make that demand of the p. (Ff to the Creator).

proverb'd: provided with a proverb Rom. 1. iv. 37
I am proverb'd with a grandsire phrase.

[your going.

1 to prepare or make ready for Ant. III. iv. 36 P. 2 refl. to equip or prepare oneself AYL. 1. iii. 90, Ham. III. iii. 7 Therefore prepare you. . . . - We will ourselves provide.

provided: prepared, ready Gent. 1. iii. 72 I cannot be so soon p., R3 III. i. 132 With . . . a sharp p. wit. providence: foresight, 'timely care' (J.) Troil. III. iii. 197, Ham. IV. 1. 17.

provincial: subject to a certain province Meas. v. Provincial rose; rosette imitating the damask rose Ham, III. ii. 293 with two P. roses on my razed shoes. ¶ Cf. 'Rose de Provence', the Prouince Rose, the double Damaske Rose (Cotgr.); in Gerarde's Herbal, 1597, called 'Rose prouincialis'.

provoke: to incite, urge, stimulate to action AYL.

I. iii. 113 Beauty p-th thieres sooner than gold, R3 I.

ii. 99 Thou wast p-d by thy bloody mind, Sonn. 1. 9 The bloody spur cannot p. him on; absol. John II. i. 246 no further enemy to you Than the constraint of hospitable zeal . . . p-s. ¶ The senses 'call forth, arouse (feeling)', and 'enrage, exasperate' are also common.

provost: officer charged with the apprehension, custody, and punishment of offenders Meas. I. ii.

124, &c.

provulgate (once): to make public Oth. I. ii. 21

(Q<sub>1</sub>; Ff promulgate).
prune: (of a bird) to preen (its feathers) 1H4 1. i. 98, Cym. v. iv. 118; (of a person) to trim, dress up LLL. IV. iii. 183 see me . . . spend a minute's time In pruning me (refl.).

psaltery (once): stringed instrument resembling the dulcimer, but played by plucking the strings

with the fingers or a plectrum Cor. v. iv. 53. publican (once): tax-gatherer Mer.V. 1. iii. 42 fawning publican (the allusion is uncertain).

publication (once): making a thing generally known Troil. 1. iii. 326.

publish: to proclaim (a person) publicly as being of a certain character Tw.N. 11. i. 30; (deprecia-tively) to denounce Wint. 11. i. 97. publish'd: publicly proclaimed Lr. IV. vi. 237 Dar'st thou support a publish'd traitor?.

publisher: one who brings to light or makes public Gent. 111. i. 47 tore of you... Hath made me p. of this pretence, Lucr. 33 the p. Of that rich jewet.
Pucelle (in old edd. Puzel, Puzell, Pucell): maid:

Joan la P., Joan of Are; in 1H61, iv. 101, 1, vi. 3 old edd. have the confused form Ioan(e) de Puzel.

Puck: goblin or sprite otherwise called Robin Goodfellow MND. II. i. 40, &c. ¶ The earlier form was 'Pouke'; the S. text is the earliest evidence for the mod. form.

pudder: see POTHER.

pudding: stuffing for a roasted animal 1H4 II. iv. 505 [498]. ¶ An extension of the orig. meaning of the word = 'mixture of meat, herbs, &c. stuffed into an animal's stomach or intestine', which survives in 'black pudding'; cf. Wiv. II. i. 32 as

sure as his guts are made of puddings.
puddle: to sully the purity of Oth. III. iv. 142.
pudency (not pre-S.): modesty Cym. II. v. 11.
pugging \*: (?) thieving, thievish Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 7 The white sheet bleaching on the hedge . . . Doth set my p. tooth on edge. ¶ (?) An old canting word; ct. 'puggard' = thief, in Middleton 'Roaring Girl'v. i.

puisny: petty, paltry AYL. III. iv. 44. puissance (metrically 2 syll. pui'ssance, or 3 syll. pwissance; 2 the commoner S. sense, not post-S.)

1 power, strength H5 III. Chor. 21, 2H6 IV. ii. 177. 2 armed force John III. i. 339 Cousin, go draw our pu'issance together, H5 II. ii. 190 let us deliver Our pu'issance into the hand of God.

pui'ssant (always 2 syll.): powerful, strong H5 I. ii. 116, Lr. v. iii. 218.

puke sb.: superior kind of woollen cloth 1H4 II. iv. 79 puke-stocking.

puke vb. (not pre-S.): to vomit AYL. II. vii. 144 the infant, Mewling and puking. pull: to pluck out (feathers) 1H6 III. iii. 7 We'll pull

his plumes; pull down, bring low', humble, humiliate 2H6 I. i. 260 Whose bookish rule hath pull'd fair England down, Oth. II. iii. 99 Tis pride that pulls the country down; pull in, rein in, check Mac. v. v. 42 I pull in resolution.

check Mac. V. V. 42 I pull in resolution.
pulpit: applied to the rostra in the Forum of
ancient Rome, Cæs. III. i. 80, &c.
pulpiter + (Spedding): preacher AYL. III. ii. 164 0
most gentle pulpiter (Ff Jupiter).
pulsidge: blunder for 'pulse' 2H4 II. iv. 25.
pumpion: pumpkin Wiv. III. iii. 43.
pun: early form of 'pound' vb. Troil. II. i. 42 He
would pun thee into shivers with his fist.
punk: strumpet, harlot Wiv. II. ii. 143.
runto: struke or thurst with the point of the sword

punto: stroke or thrust with the point of the sword Wiv. II. iii. 26; p. reverso, back-handed thrust Rom. 11. iv. 28.

puppy-headed: stupid Tp. 11. ii. 168 [159]. purblind (2 occurs in a 13th cent. catalogue of names

of the hare)

1 quite blind LLL. III. i. 189 [181] This . . . p., wayward boy . . . Dan Cupid, Wint. I. ii. 228 to this business p., Troil. I. ii. 31 a . . p. Arqus, all eyes and no sight (Q), Rom. II. i. 12 (of Cupid).

2 partially blind, dimsighted 1H6 II. iv. 21 any p. eye, Ven. 579 the purblind have.

purblinded := PURBLIND 1, Troil. I. ii. 31 (Ff). purchase sb. :

1 obtaining, acquisition John III. i. 205 p. of a heavy curse from Rome, Per. 1. ii. 72 I sought the p. of a

glorious beauty. 2 spoil, booty 1H4 II. i. 101 a share in our p. (Ff purpose), H5 III. ii. 46, R3 III. vii. 186 Made prize and

purchase of his wanton eye.

3 after fourteen years p., lit. at a price equivalent to fourteen years' annual rent, i.e. (app.) at a very high price Tw. N. IV. i. 24.

purchase vb. (3 properly a legal term)
1 to exert oneself, strive Tim, in, ii, 52\* that I should p. the day before for a little part, and undo a great deal of honour.

2 to acquire, obtain, gain Tp. IV. i. 14 as my gift and thine own acquisition Worthily p-d, LLL, 111. i. 28 How hast thou p-d this experience?, R2 1. iii. 282 I sent thee forth to p. honour, Tit. 11. iii. 275 Do this, and p. usthy . . . friends, Cym. 11. iii. 93 purchasing but trouble.

3 to acquire otherwise than by inheritance or descent 2H4 IV. v. 198 what in me was p-'d, Falls upon thee in a more fairer sort, Ant. 1. iv. 14 His faults

... hereditary Rather than purchas'd. purchasing: deserved acquisition Cor. II. i. 157;

cf. Ado III. i. 70.

pure adv.: merely, simply Tw.N. v. i. 87. purely: (a) so as to be pure, (b) absolutely Troil. iv. v. 168\* faith and troth, Strain'd p. from all hollow

bias-drawing.

purgation: clearing from the accusation or suspicion of guilt AYL. I. iii. 56, Wint. III. ii. 7 Even to the guilt or the p., H8 v. iii. 152 for his trial And fair p. to the world; phr. put to one's p. AYL. v. iv. 45('let him give me the opportunity of proving the truth of what I have said', Wright; with play on the sense 'purging by evacuation of excrement' Ham. III. ii. 323 for me to put him to his

p. would perhaps plunge him into far more choler.

purge sb. (once): purgation Mac. v. ii. 28.

purge vb. (used freely of lit. and fig. cleansing, clearing, or purifying, but esp. with ref. to purging of the bowels or expelling of 'humours', e. g. choler, melancholy) [thick amber.

1 to discharge Ham. 11. ii. 203 their eyes purying 2 to be restored to a state of activity (as by medicinal

purgation) Ant. 1. iii. 53 quietness, grown sick of rest, would purge By any desperate change. purl (once) : to flow with whirling motion ; said of

breath Lucr. 1407. [AYL. IV. iii. 78. purlieu: tract of land on the border of a forest

purple: as a poetical epithet to describe the colour of blood (properly said of the crimson venous blood, the arterial blood being scarlet) R2 III. iii. 94, Rom. I. i. 91 p. foundains issuing from your veins, Ven. 1054, Lucr. 1734. [158.

purpled: blood-stained John II. i. 322, Cas. III. i.

purples: see LONG PURPLES.

purpo'rt: meaning Ham. 11. i. 82.

purpose sb. (phr. on p. is not pre-S.. the older phr.

of p. also occurs, e.g. H8 v. ii. 13)
1 used with vb. of motion implied MND. iv. i. 167 this their p. hither, to this wood, 1H4 I. i. 102 Our holy purpose to Jerusalem

2 proposition, proposal 1H4 IV. iii. 111 in the morning early shall my uncle Bring him our p-s, 1H6 V. i. 36, Cor. II. ii. 157, Ant. II. vi. 4 Our written p-s.

3 discourse, conversation Ado III. i. 12 There will she hide her, To listen our purpose (Q propose).
4 import, effect, meaning Meas. 11. iv. 149 My words express my p., Troil. 1. iii. 264 he bade me . . . to

this purpose speak.

5 pln: to such a p., with such an end in view, with regard to this Wiv. 11. ii. 226, Meas. I. ii. 84; cf. Cym. IV. ii. 345 of this way's p., with regard to this war; to any p., of any importance Ado v. iv.

purpose vb. (1 common about 1460-1640) 1 with vb. of motion implied (cf. purpose sb. 1) Ant.

111. i. 35 He purposeth to Athens.

2 pass, to be (so) resolved Lr. II. iv. 296 So am I p-'d. purse: to pocket Mer. V. I. iii. 175 I will go and n. the ducats; fig. to take possession of Ant. 11. ii. 195 she pursed up his heart.

purse-bearer: one who has charge of another's money Tw.N. III. iii. 47.

purse-taking: robbing of purses on the highway 1H4 I. ii, 115.

pursue (obs. or arch. uses are)

to follow with hostility, persecute Wiv. IV. ii. 225 May we... p. him with any further revenge?, Troil. IV. V. 69 will you the knights Shall to the edge of all extremity Pursue each other?. 2 to punish Meas. V. i. 110 pursue Faults.

3 to follow as an attendant or suppliant (lit. and fig.) Tw.N. v. i. 392, R2 II. iii. 59 your love p-s A banish'd traitor, Troil. v. iii. 10 P. we him on knees, Ham. III. ii. 234 Both here and hence p. me lasting strife, Ant. III. x. [xii.] 25 Fortune pursue thee!. 4 to ensue R3 II. iii. 43 (Ff) mistrust Pursuing danger

(Qq Ensuing).

5 to proceed with Mer. V. IV. i. 299 p. sentence, Ham. I. v. 84 pursu'st this act, Ant. v. ii. 356.

pursuivant: one of the junior officers attendant on the heralds R3 III. iv. 87, v. iii. 59 a p. at arms; fig. messenger 1H6 II. v. 5 these gray locks, the p-s of death.

pursy: short-winded Tim. v. iv. 12; fat, corpulent (fig.) Ham. III. iv. 153 in the fatness of these p. times.

purveyor: domestic officer who provided lodging and necessaries in advance for a great personage Mac. 1. vi. 22.

push sb .:

1 attack, onset Cæs.v.ii.5; phr. stand the p. of, withstand the attack of, face, meet 1H4 nr. ii. 66, 2H4 п. іі. 42, Troil. п. іі. 137. fiii. 129.

2 effort, attempt Mac. v. iii. 20; impulse Wint. v. 3 put to the present p., put to immediate trial Ham.

v. i. 317.

push vb.: to thrust with a weapon H5 m, i, 103 push home (see Home adv. 2).

push-pin: child's game in which each player pushes his pin with the object of crossing that of another player LLL. IV. iii. 169.

put (used with a great variety of implication de-pending largely upon the object of the vb. and the construction employed; the foll, are some of the uses now unfamiliar)

to thrust (a weapon) home Oth. v. i. 2

2 to stake (something) on Cym. I. iv. 138 Would I had put my estate . . . on the approbation of what

I have spoke. 3 to foist (a trick) upon a person Tp. 11. ii. 61 Do you put tricks upon us?, All'sW. IV. v. 64.

to pass off (news, unwelcome speech) upon a person, communicate or impart Meas. II. ii. 133, AYL. I. ii. 100, Tw.N. v. i. 71 put strange speech upon me, Ham. 1. iii. 94.

5 to lay the guilt or blame of (something) on a person, impute to Mac. 1. vii. 70, 11. iv. 26, Ham. 11. i. 19.

6 to urge or incite to do something Cor. II. i. 275 If he be mut upon't, Lr. 11. i. 101 'Tis they have put him on the old man's death.

7 to oblige, compel, force Meas. 1. i. 5, 2H6 III. i. 43 had I first been put to speak my mind, Cym. II. iii. 110 You put me to forget a lady's manners. 8 to assert, affirm Tim. v. i. 198 As common bruit

doth put it.

put apart or away, send away, dismiss, get rid of Wint. II. ii. 14 To put apart these your attendants, 2H6 III. i. 383, Rom. II. iv. 211 Twomay keep counsel, putting one away, Lr. I. iv. 243; put back, repulse, reject 3H6 v. v. 80, Troil. Iv. iv. 34, Tim. II. pulse, reject 510 v. v. v. v., 1101. IV. N. 33, 1141. II.
ii. 140 When my indisposition pul you back, Lucr.
843 Coming from thee, I could not put him back;
put by, (1) thrust aside Cæs. I. ii. 220; (2) desist from, give up R3 III. vii. 182, 0th. II. iii. 174
put by this barbarous branel; put down, (1)
abolish Meas, III. ii. 113 till enting and drunking be put down; (2) depose from office 2H6 IV. ii. 39 inspired with the spirit of putting down kings and princes, 3H6 1, i. 200 to put me down and reign

thyself; (3) take down, snub, put to silence LLL. IV. i. 145, Tw. N. I. v. 89 I saw him put down . . . with an ordinary fool, 144 II. iv. 285; (4) subdue, overthrew John II. i. 346, 2H6 IV. iv. 40; (5) make away with, destroy Wiv. II. i. 30, 1H4 1, iii. 175 To put down Richard, that sweet lovely rose; put forth, (I) extend (one's hand) H5 1. ii. 292, 2H6 1. ii. 11; (2) send out Gent. I. iii. 7; (3) lend out (money) (2) send out Gent. I. III. 7; (3) lend out (money) Sonn. exxxiv. 10 Thou usurer, thut putt'st forth all to use; put in, (1) advance one's claim Tim. III. iv. 86; (2) plead, intercede for Meas. I. ii. 108; (3) enter the harbour Oth. II. i. 65; put off, (1) dismiss from one's mind or thought Tp. III. iii. 7 I will put off my hope, Wiv. II. i. 24; put off my opinion; (2) set aside (seornfully) All'sW. II. ii. 7; (3) dismiss from service or employment H8 ii. (3) dismiss from service or employment H8 1. ii. 32 The clothers all, not able to maintain The many to them longing, have put off The spinsters..., II. iv. 19; (4) avert Per. I. i. 140; (5) refuse (an invitation) Tim. III. vi. 12; (6) postpone, defer All'sW. II. iv. 45; (7) refer (a person) to a later time for payment of debts Tim. II. ii. 19; put on, (1) 'lay on, as a blow' (Schmidt) LLL. iv. i. 119 (1) 'lay on, as a blow (Schmidt) LLL. IV. I. 119 Finely put on, indeed !; (2) set to work, or to perform an office Mac. IV. iii. 238, Ham. IV. vii. 131, v. ii. 411; (3) assume AYL. v. iv. 188 huth put on a religious life, Ham. I. v. 172; (4) urge forward, incite, impel Meas. IV. ii. 120, Cor. II. iii. 260, Oth. II. ii. 316; (5) encourage the performance of the correction of this correction. (an evil deed), promote (an evil state of things) Ham. III. i. 2, v. ii. 397 deaths put on, Lr. I. iv. 230 That you protect this course, and put it on By your allowance, Oth. 11. iii. 360 When devils will the blackest sins put on, Cym. v. i. 9; put out, exercise, exert Rom. iv. v. 125 put out your wit; put over, transfer John i. i. 62; put to, = go to de (2) Wint. i. ii. 277; put to it, force (one) to do one's utmost, (hence) reduce to straits, drive to extremities Meas. 111. ii. 103, All'sW. 11. ii. 53, III. vi. 1, Wint. 1. ii. 16 We are tougher... Than you can put us to'l, Oth. 11. i. 118; put up, 'pocket', submit to, suffer quietly Tit. 1. 143, Oth. 1v. 1i. 181. putter-on: instigator Wint. 11. i. 140 You are abus'd, and by some p., H8 l. ii. 24 p. Of these exactions.

putter-out: one who invests money at interest

Tp. III. iii. 48; see the comm.

puttock: bird of prey of the kite kind 2H6 III. ii. 191, Troil. v. i. 68, Cym. I. i. 140. pu'zzel: drab, slut 1H6 I.iv.107 (F1, Puzel or Pussel).

puzzle: to bewilder Tw.N. IV. ii. 49 more p-d than

the Egyptians in their fog.

pyramis: pyramid 1H6 I. vi. 21; pl. pyramises

Ant. II. vii. 40, pyra'mides v. ii. 61.

Q, Qu: old spellings of cue. quail sb.: courtesan Troil. v. i. 57.

quail vb.: to overpower Ant. v. ii. 85 to q. and shake the orb; intr. MND. v. i. 294 Q., crush, ... and quell. quaint (often difficult to determine exact meaning) 1 skilled, clever Shr. III. ii. 150 The q. musician, 2H6

III. ii. 274 how quaint an orator. 2 pretty, fine, dainty Ado III. iv. 22 a fine, q. . . . fushion, MND. II. i. 99 the q. mazes, II. ii. 7 (?).
3 (of appearance, dress) beautiful, handsome, elegant

Tp. 1. ii. 317 My q. Ariel, Wiv. 1V. vi. 41 q. in green, Shr. 1V. iii. 102 a... gown. More quaint. 4 carefully or ingeniously elaborated Mer. V. 111. iv. 69 quaint lies, 1H6 1V. i. 102 forged quaint conceit.

quaintly:

1 skilfully, cleverly, ingeniously Gent. 111. i. 117 a ladder q. made of cords, 3H6 II. v. 24, Ham. II. i. 31.

2 elegantly, daintily Gent. II. i. 133 q. writ, Mer.V. II. iv. 6 Tis vite, unless it may be quaintly order'd, quak'd: agitated Cor. I. ix. 6 frighted... And... q. qualification (ence): (a) mitigation, appeasement, (b) gradition (b) r. i. 39(4). (b) condition Oth. II. i. 284.

qualified: so q., of such qualities Shr. iv. v. 66, Wint. ii. ii. 112; q. in, fit or competent for Lr. i. iv. 37. ¶ See also CONSTANT-QUALIFIED.

qualify (1 very common 16th-17th cent. sense, with a great variety of objects)

1 to moderate, mitigate Meas. I. i. 65, John v. i. 13, Lr. 1. ii. 182, Lucr. 424

LF. 1. 11. 102, Lucr. 424.

2 to appease, pacify Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 545 Your discontenting father strive to qualify.

3 to control, regulate Troil. II. ii. 118\*.

4 to dilute Oth. II. iii. 41 one cup . . . qualified. [113.

5 to abate, diminish (something good) Ham. Iv. vii.

quality (the commonest sense is 'character, dispecially nature) of porcesses thirms.

position, nature ' of person or things' 1 good natural gifts Troil. IV. iv. 76\* The Grecian youths are full of quality. 2 accomplishment, attainment Gent. III. i. 272 She hath more qualities than a water-spaniel, Tim. I. i. 126 I have bred her . . . In qualities of the best, Per.

3 rank, position All'sW. I. iii. 120 only where qualities were level, 2H4 IV. i. 11, Lr. v. iii. 122; high rank H5 IV. viii. 95, Lr. v. iii. 111.

profession, occupation, business Gent. IV. i. 58, Meas. II. i. 60 what q. are they of?, H5 III. vi. 149, Ham. II. ii. 371 [363], 461 [452]\* give us a taste of your quality.
party, side (S.) 1H4 rv. iii. 36.

6 manner, style (S.) Mer. V. III. ii. 6 Hate counsels not in such a quality, H8 I. ii. 84, Lr. II. iv. 139. 7 nature, with reference to origin, (hence) cause, occasion Troil. Iv. i. 44 the whole q. wherefore, Tim.

III. vi. 118 the quality of Lord Timon's fury.

quantity (I see HOLD vb. 2).

I proportion MND, I. i. 232 holding no q., Ham. III.
ii. 179 women's fear and love hold quantity.

2 fragment Shr. IV. iii. 112 thou q., thou remnant, John v. iv. 23 Relaining but a q. of life, 2H4 v. i. 69 If I were sawed into quantities. quarrel sb. (2 used also by Bacon)

1 have a q. to, have a difference with Ado II. i. 245, Cor. IV. v. 133. [und offence.

2 quarrelsomeness Oth. II. iii. 53 as full of quarrel 3 (?) abstract for concrete=quarreller (J.) H8 II. iii. 14\* that quarrel, Fortune. quarrel vb.: to be at variance with Tp. III. i. 45,

Mer.V. III. v. 61 ('cavilling on every opportunity quarrellous (once): quarrelsome Cym. 111. iv. 162. quarry: heap made of the deer killed at a hunt Mac. IV. iii. 206; heap of dead men Cor. I. i. 204,

Ham. v. ii. 378. quarter sb.:

1 part of an army or camp 1H6 II. i. 63 Had all your q-s been so safely kept, 68 Within her q.; soldiers' lodging All'sW. III. vi. 69, Tim. v. iv. 60.

2 keep good q., keep good watch John v. v. 20.

3 have quarter, occupy positions Ant. IV. iii. 21. 4 keep fair q., be on good terms Err. II. i. 108; in q., on terms Oth. II. iii. 182.

quartered:

slaughtered Cor. I. i. 205, Cas. III. i. 268.

2 belonging to military quarters Cym. iv. iv. 18 their quarter'd fires.

quartering: slaughtering 1H6 iv. ii. 11 q. steel. quat: pimple, pustule; applied contemptuously to

a young person Oth. v. i. 11. quatch: (?) squat All'sW. II. ii. 19 quatch buttock. quean: jade, hussy Wiv. IV. ii. 184, 2H4 II. i. 53. queasiness: squeamishness 2H4 r. i. 196.

queasy (1 a rare use) 1 hazardous Lr. II. i. 19 a queusy question. [stomach. 2 inclined to nausea, squeamish Ado II. i. 402 his q.

3 q. with, disgusted with Ant. III. vi. 20.

quell sh.: murder Mac. 1. vii. 72. quell vh.: to slay (intr.) MND. v. i. 294. quench (the chief use is 'put out light or fire') 1 to suppress a feeling in (a person) Cym. v. v. 196

Being thus quench'd Of hope. 2 intr. to cool down Cym. I. v. 47. quern: hand-mill MND. II. i. 36.

quest (2 occurs once ; 3 only S.) 1 body of persons appointed to hold an inquiry R3 1. iv. 193 What lawful q. have given their verdict up, Ham. v. i. 23 crowner's quest law, Sonn. xlvi. 10. 2 inquiry, investigation Meas. Iv. i. 63. [1. ii. 46. 3 person or body of persons sent out to search Oth. questant (S.): seeker All'sW. II. i. 16.

question sb. (2 cf. question vb. 2)

1 phr. in q., (i) under judicial examination, on trial Ado III. iii. 190 A commodity in q. (? quibble on the meaning 'in demand'), Wint. v. i. 198, 2H4 I. ii. 67 He that was in q. for the robbery; (ii) under consideration, to be considered Meas. I. i. 46 Though first in question, H5 I. i. 5, Cym. I. i. 34 besides this gentleman in question.

call in q., (i) inquire into, examine, consider AYL. v. ii. 6 Neither call the giddiness of it in q., Troil. 111. ii. 58, Rom. 1. i. 235, Cæs. 1v. iii. 164 call in q. our necessities, Ham. IV. v. 217; (ii) raise doubts concerning Tw. N. I. iv. 6 you call in q. the continuance

of his love, Troil. IV. iv. 84. The foll. are all used = without doubt, no doubt :no q. Meas. III. ii. 150, 2H6 IV. ii. 64, Oth. IV. iii. 64; out of q. Ado II. i. 348, H5 v. i. 48; past q. Tw. N. I. iii. 106; ssns q. LLL. v. i. 93; in contempt of q. Tw. N. II. v. 99.

2 talk, conversation AYL, III, iv. 37 I... had much q. with him, 2H4 I. i. 48 Stuying no longer q., Ham. III. i. 13 Niggard of question, Oth. I. iii. 113. 3 (?) trial Oth. I. iii. 23 \* with more facile question.

question vb. (2 cf. question sb. 2)

1 to inquire into H5 II. iv. 142.

2 to debate, talk, converse Wiv. III. i. 78, Cym. II. iv. 52 to q. further, Lucr. 122 he q-ed With . . . Luerece; also, perhaps, trans. to talk to 1H4 I. iii. 47, Ham. I. i. 45 Question it (Qq Speake to it). questionable: inviting question or conversation

Ham. I. iv. 43 Thou com'st in such a q. shape. questrist (S.): one who goes in quest Lr. III. vii. 17.

quick (obs. or arch. meanings are)

1 living, alive Wiv. III. iv. 90, H5 II. ii. 79 The mercy that was q. in us... is... kill'd, Tim. IV. iii. 44, Ham. v. i. 136. = 'quick, with child' LLL. v. ii. 680, 685.

3 (of springs) running, flowing Tp. 111. ii. 77 Where the quick freshes are.

4 (of air) sharp, piercing Per. IV. i. 27. 5 hasty, impatient LLL. II. i. 117, R3 IV. iv. 362 Your reasons are too shallow and too quick.

quicken (arch, meanings are)

to make alive Tp. III. i. 6, All'sW. II. i. 77, Ant. I. iii. 69; to become living Meas. v. i. 496, Oth. III. iii. 277, Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 39.

to enliven, stimulate, refresh Mer.V. II. viii. 52, Shr. I. i. 36, R3 IV. iv. 124.

quiddit, quiddity: subtlety, quibble Ham. v. i. 105 (Ff quiddits; Qq quiddities); 1H4 1. ii. 51. quiet: out of quiet, disquieted Tw.N. 11. iii. 145. quietus (2 not pre-S.)

1 discharge, acquittance Sonn. exxvi. 12.

2 discharge or release from life Ham. 111, i. 75 his q. make With a bare bodkin.

quill: in the q., in a body 2H6 I. iii. 4\*. ¶ Of doubt-

ful etymology, but at any rate distinct from the quill of a bird (Lucr. 949) or of a porcupine (Ham. i. v. 20).

quillet (not pre-S.): verbal nicety or subtle distinction (always pl.) LLL iv. iii. 288, 1H6 II. iv. 17 these nice sharp q-s of the law, Ham. v. i. 106 his quiddities . . . , his quillets.

quilt: humorously applied to a fat person (Falstaff) 1H4 IV. ii. 55.

quintain: stout post or plank or some object mounted on such a support, set up as a mark to be tilted at (used fig.) AYL. I. ii. 268 a q., a mere lifeless block.

qui'ntessence : lit, the 'fifth essence' of ancient and mediaeval philosophy, supposed to be the substance of which the heavenly bodies were composed, and to be actually latent in all things; (hence) pure essence or extract, essential part (of a thing) AYL. III. ii. 148, Ham. II. ii. 328 [321].

quip: sharp or sarcastic remark Gent. IV. ii. 12, 1H4 I. ii. 51. ¶ In common use circa 1530-1650; revived in the 19th cent.

quire sb.: company MND. II. i. 55. [ii. 113. quire vb.: to make music Mer. V. v. i. 62, Cor. III. quirk (4 peculiar to S.

verbal subtlety, quibble Per. IV. vi. 8\*

2 clever or witty conceit Ado II. iii. 256 [245] odd q-s and remnants of wit, Oth. II. i. 63.

3 trick or peculiarity of behaviour Tw. N. III. iv. 271 a man of that quirk.

4 fit, sudden stroke All'sW. III. ii. 51\* q-s of joy and quit adj.: quits Shr. III. i. 93 Hortensio will be q. with

thee; -q. of, revenged upon, Cor. IV. v. 89 To be full q. of those my bunishers. ¶ 'Quits' is not S, quit vb. (the sense 'leave' also occurs; the older form quite occurs in R2 v. i. 43 Qq 1-4, Rom. II. iv.

206 Ff, Per. III. ii. 18 Qq) to set free Tw.N. v. i. 333 Four master quits you. 2 to rid (one of a thing) H5 III. v. 47, 2H6 III. ii. 218 Quitting thee . . . of ten thousand shames, H8 v. i. 70.

3 to prove innocent, clear, acquit, absolve AYL. III.
i. 11, All'sW. v. iii. 304 here I q. him, 1H4 III. ii.
19, H5 II. ii. 166 God quit you in his mercy.
4 refl. to acquit oneself in action Lr. II. i. 32.

5 to play (one's part) Meas, 11. iv. 29. 6 to remit (a penalty, &c.) Mer.V. Iv. i. 382. 7 to make a return, repay, reward, requite Meas. v. i. 412, R2 v. i. 43, H5 III. ii. 114, Rom. II. iv. 206, Ham. v. ii. 68, 283, Lr. 111. vii. 87

8 refl. to be quits (with) Adolv. i. 202 Toq. me of them. 9 to pay or clear off Err. 1. i. 22 a thousand marks . . To quit the penalty. quittal: requital Lucr. 236.

quittance sh .:

discharge from debt Wiv. 1. i. 10, AYL, 111. v. 133. return, requital 2H4 I. i. 108, H5 II. ii. 34, Tim. I. . 291.

quittance vb.: to requite 1H6 II. i. 14. quiver: active, nimble 2H4 III. ii. 304.

quoit: to throw 2H4 II. iv. 205.

quondam: this q. day, the other day LLL. v. i. 7. quote (old edd. also coat(e, cote)

1 to give the reference to (a passage in a book); only fig. to indicate LLL. II, i. 244 His face's own

margent did quote such amazes. 2 to set down as in writing John IV. ii. 222 A fellow

... Quoted ... to do a deed of shame. 3 to notice, observe, mark Gent. 11. iv. 18, 19, Troil. IV. v. 232, Tit. IV. i. 50 note how she q-s the leaves, Rom. I. iv. 31, Ham. II. i. 112, Lucr. 812 the illiterate

.. Will quote my touthsome trespass in my looks. 4 to regard or set down as being so-and-so LLL. IV. iii. 87, v. ii. 794, All'sW. v. iii. 207 He's q-d for a most perfidious stare.

quoth: said; used with nouns, or pronouns of the 1st and 3rd persons, to indicate that the words of

a speaker are being repeated (freq.); also with a pronoun of the 2nd person with the same force as quorna LLL, rv, iii. 221 'Did they, quoth you? quotha:=said he? (see A), used with contemptuous or sarcastic force in repeating something said by another Wiv. 11. i. 141, Per. 11. 18. In Rom. II. iv. 127 old edd. quatha; in Per. II. i. 83 ke-tha, a dial, form current in the 17th cent.

quotidian: epithet of an intermittent fever re-curring every day AYL, III, ii. 389 (fig.) the q. of love; nonsensically in H5 II. i. 124 a burning q. tertian.

rabato: see REBATO.

rabbit-sucker: very young rabbit 1H4 II. iv. 486. race sb.1: course (of time) John III. iii. 39. race sb.2 (2 peculiar to S.)

1 herd or stud (of horses) Mer. V.v.i. 72 a . . . wanton

herd, Or ruce of . . . colts.
2 natural or inherited disposition Tp. 1. ii. 358, Meas. 11. iv. 161 I give my sensual race the rein, Ant. 1. iii. 37\* a race of heaven.

race sb.3: root (of ginger) Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 51, 1H4 II. i. 27 (old edd. razes).

race vb. [variant of RASE, RAZE in common use circa 1400-1650]: to make away with Tit. 1. i. 451 to massacre them all, And r. their faction, Cym. v. v. 70 that [tribute] The Britons have r-d out; mod. edd. razed.

raced: cut, slashed Ham. 111. ii. 293 on my r. shoes

(Ff rac'd, Qq ruz'd).

rack sb.: mass of cloud driven before the wind in the upper air Ham. II. ii. 514 [505] as we often see, against some storm . . . the rack stand still, Ant. iv. xii. [xiv.] 10. ¶ In Tp. iv. i. 156 Leave not a rack behind, prob. blended with 'wrack'.

rack vb.:

1 to stretch or strain beyond the normal extent Ado IV. i. 222 we rack the value, LLL. v. ii. 826 your sins are rack'd (=extended to their fullest), Mer.V. I. i. 182 my credit . . . shall be rack'd . . . to the uttermost.

2 (?) to strain oneself, make exhausting efforts Cor. v. i. 16 (old edd. wrack'd).

3 to distort Meas, IV. i. 66 thousand escapes of wit

. . rack thee in their fancies!. racker: (app.) tormentor, 'murderer' LLL. v. i. 21 such rackers of orthography.

racking: driving 3H6 II. i. 27 r. clouds. ¶Cf. RACK sb. raddock: see RUDDOCK.

rag (1 in old cant = farthing)

'scrap' (of money) Err. IV. iv. 88.

2 applied in contempt to a person Wiv. IV. ii. 198 you witch, you rag, you baggage (Ff 34 hag), Shr. IV. iii. 112, R3 v. iii. 329 these overweening rags of France, Tim. Iv. iii. 272,

ragamuffin (old edd. rag of Muffin, Muffian): 1H4 v. iii. 37. ¶ App. orig, the name of a demon. rage sb. (the sense of 'violent anger, furious passion' is the commonest)

1 madness, insanity Err. IV. iii. 88, v. i. 48, Lr. IV. vii. 78 the great rage, You see, is kill'd in him. 2 angry or savage disposition Mer. V. v. i. 81 stockish,

- hard, and full of r., 1H4 III. i. 183 harsh r., Defect of manners.
- 3 violent passion or appetite 2H4 IV, iv. 63 rage and hot blood, Lucr. 424, 468; sexual passion Ham. 111. iii. 89.
- 4 poetic enthusiasm Sonn. xvii. 11 So should . . . your true rights be term'd a poet's rage.

5 warlike ardour, impetuosity, or fury John и. i. 265 shall we give the signal to our rage, R2 II. iv. 14 to enjoy by r. and war, 1H4 I. iii. 31, H5 III. i. 8, Lucr. 145 in fell battle's rage.

rage vb. (2 cf. RAGE sb. 5)

1 to behave wantonly or riotously Ado IV. i. 61 r. in savage sensuality, R3 III. v. 82 his raging eye (Qq lustful), Oth. I. iii. 335, Compl. 160.

to act with fury or vehemence 3H6 II. iii. 26 whiles

the foe doth rage.
3 to enrage R2 II. i. 70, 174.

ragged-staff: staff with projecting stumps or knobs 2H6 v. i. 203.

raging-wood: raving mad 1H6 iv. vii. 35. rainy: done in the rain H5 iv. iii. 111 r. marching.

raise: to originate (a rumour) Cor. IV. vi. 61, 70. raised: roused up Oth. 1. ii. 29; set on foot Oth. 1. i. 159 the raised search.

raisins o' the sun : sun-dried grapes Wint. IV. ii.

rake sb.: very lean person Cor. 1. i. 24.

rake up: to cover up Lr. IV. vi. 282.
ramp\*: 'a Tomrig or Rude Girl' (Dictionary of the
Canting Crew) Cym. I. vi. 134.

rampallian (not pre-Eliz.): ruffian, scoundrel; applied to a woman 2H4 II. i. 67.

ramping (2 cf. rampant 2H6 v. i. 203)

1 rearing on the hind legs and showing fierceness 1H4 III. i. 152 A couching lion, and a r. cut; (hence) of fierce disposition 3H6 v.ii.13 ther. lion. 2 unrestrained John III. i. 122 A ramping fool.

rampired: fortified against attack Tim. v. iv. 47.

range sb.: rank Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 5. range vb. (1, 2, 3, 5 not pre-S.)

I lit. to stretch out in a line; hence, to have a clearly recognized position Cor. III. i. 205.

to extend or lie in the same plane with Ado II. ii. 7. to occupy a position 1H4 I. iii. 169 the predicament Wherein you r., H8 II. iii. 20 to . . . r. with humble livers in content.

to rove, roam AYL. I. iii. 71, Ham. III. iii. 2.

5 to be inconstant Shr. 111. i. 92, Sonn. cix. 5. 6 to traverse Tw.N. 11. iii. 7 range the town.

rang'd: ordered Ant. 1. i. 34\* the rang'd empire, ranger: gamekeeper Cym. 11. iii. 74 Diana's r-s (nymphs vowed to chastity). rank sb.: movement in line or file (S.) AYL. III. ii.

104 it is the right butter-woman's rank to market (conj. rate+; rack+=ambling pace).

rank adj. (a common meaning is 'gross, coarse' in

various applications)
1 coarsely luxuriant H5 v. ii. 45, 50 Wanting the coarsely inkuriant roy, in 45, 30 wanteng the scylle, all uncorrected, rank, Ham. III. iv. 152; fig. AYL 11. vii. 46, Troil.1. iii. 318 the seeded pride That hath to this maturity blown up In vank Achilles; (hence) high or excessive in amount AYL, IV. i. 87, Ham. IV. iv. 22 A ranker rate.

puffed up, swollen, grossly fat Cæs. III. i, 152 Who else must be let blood, who else is rank; fig. exuberant even full 2114 and 64 S. ant, over-full 2H4 iv. i. 64, Sonn. exviii. 12. 3 copious, full Ven. 71 a river that is rank.

4 of offensively strong smell, rancid Tw.N. II. v. 138 as rank as a fox, Ant. v. ii. 211; fig. Ham. III, iii. 36 0! my offence is rank, it smells to heaven.

5 lustful, in heat Mer. V. I. iii. 81; lascivious Oth. II. i. 318, Cym. II. v. 24 rank thoughts.

corrupt, foul 2H4 III. i. 39 r. diseases, Ham, III. iv.

148 rank corruption. rank adv.: abundantly, excessively Wiv. 1v. vi. 22

While other jests are something rank on foot, Troil. 1. iii. 196 How rank soever rounded in with danger. ranked: surrounded with ranks or rows Tim. 1. i. 66.

rankle: to cause a festering wound R21, iii, 302, R3 1. iii. 291 His renom tooth will v. to the death (in Qq used transitively rankle thee to death).

rankness: 'fulness to overflowing' (Wright) John v. iv. 54; fig. exuberance H8 iv. i. 59 the mere r. of their joy. 2 insolence AYL. I. i. 93.

ransack'd: carried off, ravished Troil. 11. ii. 150. ransom sb. (the ordinary sense is freq.)

1 procuring of one's release from captivity 2H6 IV. i. 10 Here shall they make their ransom.

2 atonement, expiation Gent. v. iv. 75 If hearty sorrow Be a sufficient r. for offence, 2H6 III. i. 127, R3 v. iii. 266, Cym. v. iii. 80 For me, my ransom's death. ransom vb.: to atone for Sonn. xxxiv. 14, cxx. 14.

rap: to affect with rapture, transport Cym. I. vi. 51 What... Thus raps you?; cf. rapt.

rapier and dagger: see DAGGER.

rapture: [rupture). plundering Per. II. i. 167 the r. + of the sea (old edd. 2 fit Cor. II. i. 226 Into a rapture lets her baby cry. rare: as interj. = splendid ! 1H4 1. ii. 72.

rarely: finely, splendidly Ado III. i. 60 r. featur'd, Ant. Iv. iv. 11 Is not this buckled well?—Rarely;

exceptionally Ant. v. ii. 157 O rarely base!.
rareness:=RARITY, Ham. v. ii. 124.
rarity: excellence Tp. II. i. 62, All'sW. IV. iii. 309. rascal: young, lean, or inferior deer of a herd AYL. III. iii. 60 the noblest deer bath them (horns) as huge as the r., 1H6 IV. ii. 49 If we be English deer, be then, in blood; Not r.-like, to fall down with a pinch, Cor. I. i. 165 Thou rascal, that art worst in blood to run.

t. 1. 165 Thow rused, that art worst in blood to run.

rase: to pull, pluck off R3 III. ii. 11 had r-d off his

helm (mod. edd. razed+, Qq1-4 raste, Qq5-8 cast(e,

Ff12 rused off, Ff34 raised off).

rash adj. (1 and 2 are peculiar to S.)

1 operating quickly Wint. I. ii. 319 with no rash

potion, But with a lingering dram, 2H4 IV. iv. 48 rash gunpowder.

2 urgent, pressing Troil. IV. ii. 63 My matter is so rash vb.: to dash Lr. III. vii. 58 In his anointed flesh r. boarish fangs (Ff stick(e). ¶Mainly a Scottish word. rate sb. (4 common Eliz. sense)

1 (estimated) quantity 2H4 IV. i. 22 I judge their number Upon . . . the rate of thirty thousand.

2 (estimated) value or worth MND. III. i. 161 a spirit of no common rate, All'sW. v. iii. 91. 3 estimation, consideration Tp. 1. ii. 92 all popular rate, II. i. 116 in my rate.

4 standard or style Mer. V. I. i. 128 to be abridg'd From such a noble rate.

rate vb.1: [o'the isle. to allot Ant. III. vi. 25 we had not r-d him His part

2 to calculate, estimate 2H4 1. iii. 44.

3 to reckon, consider All's W. 1. i. 182. 4 (?) to be of equal value with Ant. III, ix. [xi.] 69. rate vb.2: to drive away by chiding or scolding Shr. 1. i. 164 Affection is not r-d from the heart, 1H4 IV.

iii. 99 Rated my uncle from the council-board. rated: esteemed, reckoned upon 1H4 IV. iv. 17. rather: the r., the more quickly Mac. I. vii. 62; the confused idiom merather had occurs once for the normal 'I had rather' R2 III, iii. 192. ¶ The r.

ordinarily = the more readily (for some reason), ratherest: most of all LLL, IV, ii, 19, ¶ In use from 1420 to Eliz, times.

ratify: to bring into proper metrical 'proportion' or rhythm LLL, IV. ii. 126 numbers ratified.

rational (occurs only twice)

1 endowed with reason, intelligent LLL. 1. ii. 124. 2 reasonable All'sW. 1. i. 141. [ii. 172. rattle: to assail with a rattling noise (S.) John v.

raught: see REACH. ravel:

1 to become entangled Gent. 111. ii. 52 as you unwind her love from him, Lest it should ravel, . . . ; Mac. 11. ii. 38 the ravell'd sleave of care.

2 r. out, disentangle, make plain or clear R2 IV. i. 228, Ham. III. iv. 186.

raven: to devour voraciously Cym. I. vi. 49 The

cloyed will . . . ravening first the humb; with down, up Meas. 1. ii. 138, Mac. 11. iv. 28.
ravin: ravenous All'sW. 111. ii. 120 the ravin lion.

ravin'd\*: (?) glutted Mac. IV. i. 24.

ravish:

1 to pollute, corrupt Lucr. 778 With rotten damps racish the morning air.
2 to pull out Lr. III. vii, 38 These hairs, which thou

dost ravish from my chin.

ravish'd: carried away by force Troil. Prol. 9. ravishing: ravenous Mac. 11. i. 55 \* With Tarquin's

ravishing strides† (Pope; Ff sides).
raw: unripe, immature R2 11. iii. 42 my service...

being lender, raw, and young, Which elder days shall ripen; inexperienced, unskilled, untrained Mer. V. 111. iv. 77 raw tricks, AYL. 111. ii. 77, Ham. v. ii. 130, Per. 1v. ii. 60. rawboned (not pre-S.): very lean 1H6 I. ii. 35.

rawly \*: (a) at an immature age, (b) without preparation H5 IV. i. 149 some [crying] upon their children rawly left.

rawness: unpreparedness, hastiness Mac. IV. iii. 26. rayed (old edd. raide, raied) : dirtied, fouled Shr. III. ii. 55, iv. i. 3.
raz'd: 'leaving no trace behind' (Schmidt) Sonn.

exxii, 7 raz'd oblivion ; cf. RAZURE.

raze sb.: see RACE sb.3
raze vb.1 (see also RACE vb.)

1 to erase, blot out 2H6 I. i. 102 Razing the characters of your renown, Mac. v. iii. 42 Raze out the written troubles of the brain, Sonn. xxv. 11 from the book of honour ruzed quite.

2 to level with the ground Meas. II. ii. 171, 1H6 II.

raze vb.2: see RASE. razed: see RACED. razorable (S.): fit to be shaved Tp. II. i. 258 [250]. razure: effacement Meas. v. i. 13 r. of oblivion.

re: the second note of the scale LLL. IV. ii. 103; used jocularly as a vb. (see FA).

reach sb.: capacity, ability Ham. II. i. 64 we of wisdom and of reach.

reach vb. (pa.t. and pple. raught)
1 to lay hold of with the hand 2H6 II. iii. 43 This staff of honour raught, Ant. IV. ix. 30 The hand of death hath raught him.

2 to grasp at R2 1. iii. 72, 2H6 1. ii. 11, 3H6 1. iv. 68. 3 to extend in quantity or amount to LLL.

41 The moon . . . raught not to five weeks, 1H4 IV. i. 129 What may the king's whole battle reach unto?. to attain to R3 1. i. 158 another . . . close intent . . .

which I must reach unto

reaching: able to reach far 2H6 IV. vii. 85. read: ellipt. for 'read lessons (or lectures) '= give instruction 1H4 III. i. 46.

readiness: Mac. II. iii. 140 put on manly r. (=dress or arm ourselves).

ready (2 cf. readiness, unready)
1 used in replying to a call or summons=here!
MND. I. ii. 20, Mer. V. IV. i. 2 What, is Antonio here?-Ready, so please your Grace, Rom. 1. v. 12. 2 dressed, armed 1H6 11. i. 38 stage dir.

re-answer: to compensate H5 III. vi. 140.

reap: to acquire, get Tw.N. III. i. 147 Your wife is like to reap is proper man, H8 III. ii. 205 What sudden anger's this? how have I reap'd it?; to get knowledge of Cym. II. iv. 86.

rear sb.: in or within the r. (of), behind Wint. IV.

iii. [iv.] 594, Ham. 1. iii. 34.

rear vb.: used in various senses of 'raise', e.g.
Tp. II. i. 303 [295] r. my hand, R2 IV. i. 145 r. this house ugainst this house rearmice (pl.): bats MND. 11. ii. 4 (F1 Reremice).

reason sb.:

reason sb.:

1 observation, remark, account or explanation of something LLL, v. i. 2 your r-s at dinner, AYL. I. iii. 6, R3 IV. iv. 362 Four r-s are too shallow, H8 v. i. 50 those fell mischiefs Our r-s laid before him, Cor. v. iii. 158; talk, discourse Meas. I. ii. 196 r. and discourse, Sonn. cli. 8 flesh slays no further r. 2 cause, ground; phr. reason and great reason there is good reason (for it) Wiv. II. ii. 16 R., you rogue, r., LLL. v. ii. 28, John v. ii. 130 and r. too he should, R3 v. iii. 186 Great reason why, Tit. II. iii. 81. 3 reasonableness; chiefd vin pln; in (all) r., good r.,

3 reasonableness; chiefly in phr. in (all) r., good r., 'tis but r., MND. v. i. 261, Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 420, 3H6 III. iii. 147, Oth. III. iii. 64 in our common r., Cym. IV. ii. 131 in ull safe reason.

4 reasonable speech or behaviour Wiv. 1. i. 218 I shall do that that is r., Ado v. i. 41 thou speak'st r., Mer. V. 1. i. 116, AYL. 11. vii. 100.

what is reasonable, reasonable amount Ado v. iv. 74 no more than r., Mer. V. 111. v. 45.

do r., do justice, make satisfaction Tp. 111. ii. 131, Tit. 1. i. 279 To do myself this r. and this right. 7 have r., be right Gent. II. iv. 157, Ven. 612 You

have no reason to withhold me so.
(with negative) possibility of action Gent. 11. iv.
213 There is no r. but..., Shr. 11. i. 401 I see no reason but . .

reason vb. (1 cf. REASON sb. 1)

(eason v). (1 cf. Reason sp. 1)

1 to hold discussion, carry on conversation, discourse, talk LLL. 1. i. 94 How well he's read, to r. against reading!, Mer. V. II. viii. 27 I r-d with a Frenchman yesterday, Who told me..., H5 III. vii. 38 my horse... Tis a subject for a socretego to r. on, H3 IV. iv. 536 while we r. here, Rom. III. i. 57 Or r. coldly of your grievances.
to question, discuss (what, whether . . .) 1H4 II. iii.

109, R3 I. iv. 93.

3 to discuss or argue (a matter) Cor. v. iii. 176, Lr. I. ii. 117, II. iv. 267 reason not the need.

reasonable: requiring the exercise of reason Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 411 incapable Of r. affairs.

reave (pa.t. and pa.pple. reft)
1 to rob, deprive Err. 1. i. 115, Ven. 766.
2 to take away Ven. 1174 reft from her. [edge. rebate: = ABATE 2, Meas, I. iv. 60 r. . . . his natural rebato (mod. edd. rabato): kind of stiff collar worn

about 1590-1630 Ado III. iv. 6. [rebeck: carly form of the fiddle; used as a

musician's name in Rom. IV. v. 136.]

rebuke: to check, repress John II. i. 9 to r. the usurpation of thy unnatural uncle, H5 III. vi. 131 we could have r-d him at Harfleur, Mac. III. i. 56 under him My genius is r-'d, Per. III. i. 1 r. these surges.

recant: to retract (a pardon) Mer. V. IV. i. 392,

receipt (2 not post-Eliz.)

1 that which is received (in money) R2 1, i. 126;

(in food) Cor. I. i. 118, Lucr. 703. 2 receptacle Mac. I. vii. 66 the r. of reason [shall be] A limbeck only.

3 capability of receiving, capacity Sonn. cxxxvi. 7

things of great receipt.

receive (freq. in the ordinary meanings)
1 to hear H5 IV. Chor. 6, Lr. v. iii. 217, Per. I. i. 1.
2 to understand Meas. II. iv. 83 To be received plain,

Ill speak more gross

3 to give credit to, believe Tw. N. III. iv. 215, Mac. I. vii. 74 Will it not be r-'d... That they have done't?, 77, Ham. II. ii. 467 [458] it was—as I r-d it . . . an excellent play.

receiving: reception Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 539 you shall have such r. As shall become your highness; understanding Tw.N. 111. i. 133 To one of your r. ¶ 'Reception' is not S. recheat: series of notes sounded on the horn for calling the hounds together Ado I. i. 251 [242] (with ref. to the cuckhold's 'horns'),

recite: to rehearse, tell, declare Sonn. lxxii. 1 reck (old edd. always reak(e or wreak(e): to care for, heed Gent. IV. iii. 40, Ham. I. iii. 51 Himself . . . r-s not his own rede, Ven. 283; once with infin. AYL. II. iv. 82; once intr. Troil. v. vi. 26.

reckless: in old edd. also wreuklesse.

reckon: to count among the number of Wint. III. ii. 191 trespasses . . . whereof I r. The casting forth to crows thy baby daughter.

reckoning (3 Eliz. and Caroline sense)

1 way of looking at a thing Shr. IV. i. 87 By this r. he is more shrew than she.

2 all one reckonings, of the same value, equivalent H5 IV. vii. 18.

3 estimation, repute Rom. 1. ii. 4 Of honourable r. are you both.

reclaim: to reduce to obedience, subdue 1H6 III. iv. 5, 2H6 v. ii. 54, Rom. Iv. ii. 48. reclusive (not pre-S.): retired Ado IV. i. 244 recognizance:

1 'a Bond or Obligation of Record testifying the Recognisor to owe to the Recognisee a certain sum of money' (Cowel, 1607) Ham. v. i. 111. 2 token, badge Oth. v. ii. 212 that r. . . . of love.

recoil (the foll, are rare 17th cent, uses) 1 to fall away, degenerate Mac. IV. iii, 19 A good and virtuous nature may r. In an imperial charge, Cym. 1. vi. 128 you Recoil from your great stock.

2 to go back in memory Wint, I. ii. 155, recollect (once): to gather up Per. II. i. 55.

recollected\* (once): (a) gathered with pains, not spontaneous, (b) picked, refined, studied, (c) recalled, repeated Tw.N. II. v. 5 recollected terms. recomforted: consoled Cor. v. iv. 52.

recomforture (S.): consolation, comfort R3 IV. iv.

426 (Qq recomfiture recommend (1 an Eliz. sense; 2 only S.)

to consign, commit Tw.N. v. i. 95, Cor. II. ii. 156. 2 to inform Oth. I. iii. 41 recommends you thus. 3 refl. to be acceptable Mac. 1. vi. 2.

reconcile:

1 to bring back (to a state of peace) R3 II. i. 59. 2 to bring back to favour Lr. III. vi. 122.

reconciliation: (?) submission with a view to being restored to favour Oth. III. iii. 47.

record sb. (chiefly record; also re'cord)

1 in or upon r., (properly) committed to writing as authentic evidence of a matter of legal importance; (hence) Meas. II. ii. 40 whose fine stands in r., Ado v. i. 252, R2 iv. i. 230.

witness R2 i. i. 30 heaven be the r. to my speech.

memory, recollection Tw.N. v. i. 256, Cor.iv.vi.50.

record vb. (1 an Eliz. sense; 2 legal)

1 intr. to sing, warble Per. iv. Gower 27 the night-bird . . . That still r-s with moan; trans. to sing about, render in song Gent. v. iv. 6 Tune my distresses and record my woes. [IV. i. 389.

2 to have (a gift) properly placed on record Mer.V. 3 intr. to bear witness Tit. 1. i. 255 Rome shall r.; trans, to take to witness Tim. 1v. ii. 4 Let me be

recorded by the righteous gods.

recordation: remembrance, recollection 2H4 π. iii. 61, Troil. v. ii. 113.

recorder: wind instrument of the flute or flageolet kind MND, v. i. 124, Ham. 111, ii. 308, 367. The Figure of Recorders, and Flutes, and Pipes are straight; But the Recorder hath a less Bore and a greater; Above, and below' (Bacon). recountment(S.): relation, recital AYL. IV. iii. 142.

recourse (2 a 16th cent, meaning)
1 flowing Troil, v. iii. 55 recourse of tears.

2 opportunity of resorting (to a person), access Gent. III. i, 112, Wiv. II. i. 222, R3 III. v. 108. recover (2 an Eliz. use) [275.

I to bring back to friendship, reconcile Oth. II. iii. 2 to get (the wind of a person) Ham. 111. ii. 368.

3 to get to, reach, arrive at Tp. III. ii. 16, Gent. v. i. 12, Tw.N. II. iii. 203.

4 to bring back to consciousness or to health AYL. IV. iii. 152 and now he fainted . . . I r-d him, All'sW. III. ii. 22, Per. III. ii. 9 There's nothing can be minister'd . . . That can recover him.

5 to deliver from peril Tw.N. II. i. 40. recover 2: to cover again, re-sole Cæs. I. i. 27 (with

pun on RECOVER 1, sense 4).

recoverable (once): capable of being retraced Tim. III. iv. 13 a prodigal course Is like the sun's ; but not, like his, recoverable.

recovery: process by which entailed estate was commonly transferred from one party to another

Ham. v. i. 113, 114; see also fine sb. 2. recreant: traitor Cor. v. iii. 114.

(meaning) recreation ('diversion, amusement' is the usual 1 refreshment by partaking of food LLL. IV. ii. 175. 2 one who furnishes amusement Tw.N. II. iii. 148 make him a common recreation.

rector: ruler, governor All'sW. IV. iii. 69.

rectorship: rule Cor. II. iii. 213 the r. of judgement. recure: to restore, make whole R3 III. vii. 129, Sonn. xlv. 9; to remedy Ven. 465.

red: specific name of one kind of the plague Tp. 1. ii. 364 the red plague rid you, Troil. 11, i. 20 a red murrain o' thy jade's tricks, Cor. Iv. i. 13 the red pestilence strike all trades in Rome.

redbreast: r. teacher, one who teaches robins to

sing 1H4 III. i. 264.

rede (once) : counsel Ham, I. iii. 51 Himself . . . recks not his own rede (Ff read(e, Qq reed).

redeem:

1 to regain, recover 1H4 v. iv. 48 Thou hast r-'d thy lost opinion.

2 to go in exchange for 1H6 II, v. 108 would some part of my young years Might but redeem the pussage

of your age!. 3 to make up for Tw.N. 111. ii. 31, Wint. v. i. 3, 1H4 111. ii. 132 I will r. all this on Percy's head, Lr. v. iii. 268 a chance which does redeem all sorrows.

4 to save from something regarded as prejudicial All'sW. iv. iii. 309, Tim. iv. iii. 509.

red lattice: lattice painted red as the sign of an ale-

house; only attrib. Wiv. II. ii. 29 your red-lattice phrases (=pothouse talk).

redoubted: feared, dreaded; common in 15th-17th cent. in addressing sovereigns (and in S. other high personages) = dread R2 III, iii, 198, H5 II, iv. 14 My most r. father, 1H6 II. i. 8, R3 IV. v. 14 r. Pembroke.

redress: relief from trouble, assistance, aid John III. iv. 23-4, R2 III. ii. 32, Rom. IV. v. 147 music with her silver sound . . . doth lend redress. reduce (only in the foll. senses)

1 to bring R3 II. ii. 68 All springs r. their currents to mine eyes.

2 to restore (a state of things) R3 v. iv. 49 [v. 36] r. these bloody days again; to bring back into a former state H5 v. ii. 63.

reechy: dirty, filthy Ado III. iii. 142 like Pharaoh's soldiers in the r. painting (old edd. rechie), Cor. II.

i. 228 pins Her richest lockram bout her r. neck.
reed voice: squeaky voice Mer. V. III. iv. 61 speak
between the change of man and boy With a reed voice.
re-edify: to rebuild R3 III. i. 71, Tit. I. i. 251.

reck: to be exhaled, (hence) rise, emanate LLL. IV. iii. 140 I . . . Saw sighs r. from you, H5 IV. iii. 101 the sun shall greet them, And draw their honours

reeking up to heaven, Sonn. cxxx. 8 the breath that from my mistress reeks. [shanks. reeky: full of rank moisture Rom. iv. i. 83 reeky

reel: to stagger along (a street) Ant. I. iv. 20. A use peculiar to S.

reeling-ripe: drunk enough to be on the point of reeling Tp. v. i. 279.

reels: revels, revelry (S.) Ham. I. iv. 9 Keeps wassail, and the swaggering up-spring reels, Ant. II. vii. 101 Drink thou; increase the reels.

refel: to refute Meas, v. i. 95.

refer: [256. refl. to have recourse (to), rely (upon) Meas. III. i.

2 to hand over, transfer Cym. 1. i. 6 His daughter . . . hath referr'd herself Unto (=married) a poor but worthy gentleman. reference (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 referring or submitting a matter to a person for consideration Ant. v. ii. 23. assignment Oth. I. iii. 238 Due reference of place.

3 relation AYL. I. iii. 130, All'sW. v. iii. 29, H5 I. ii. 205.

refigure: to reproduce the form of (a person) Sonn. reflect (none of the S. uses are pre-S.)

1 to throw or cast back again Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 761 reflect I not on thy baseness court-contempt?.

2 to shine R3 I, iv. 31 r-ing gems, Tit. I, i. 226, Lucr.

376 she reflects so bright.

3 to bestow attention upon Cym. I. vi. 23.

reflection: (a) shining, (b) return Mac. 1. ii. 25 whence the sun gins his reflection.

reflex: to throw or cast (beams) 1H6 v. iv. 87. reform: to put a stop to (an abuse or disorder) 1H4 ry. iii. 78, H8 y. iii. 19 heresies . . . not reform'd, Ham. 111. ii. 41.

refrain: to desist from 3H6 II. ii, 110.

[send him. refuge sb .: 1 resource Cor. v. iii. 11 Their latest refuge Was to 2 pretext, excuse 1H6 v. iv. 69, Lucr. 1654.

refuge vb.: to find protection for R2 v. v. 26. refuse vb .:

1 to decline to meet (an opponent) Ant. III. vii. 39; to decline to bear (a name) Rom. 11. ii. 34.

2 to cast (a person) off Ado IV. i. 186.

regard sb. (exx. such as Tp. III. i. 40, Gent. II. iv. 61, by some referred to 6, probably have the sense 'esteem, affection, kindly feeling') 1 look, glance Tw. N. v. i. 222 You throw a strange v. upon me, Troil. III. iii. 257 he... bites his lip with

a politic regard.

2 sight, view Compl. 213 in whose fresh regard.

2 Sight, View Compl. 23th across press regard.
3 object of sight 0th. II, i. 40 till we make the main and the aerial blue An indistinct regard.
4 (?) intention, design H5 i. i. 22 The king is full of grace and fair r., Caes. III. i. 224\* Our reasons are so full of good regard That were you, Antony, the son of Casar, You should be satisfied.

5 repute, account, estimation 2H4 I. ii. 193 Virtue is of so little r., H5 II. iv. 117 slight r., contempt, 1H6 iv. i. 145 a thing of no r., Troil. III. iii. 128 Most abject in r., and dear in use;—in one's regard, in one's opinion, estimation, or judgement 1H4 IV. iii. 57, Ham. IV. vii. 75.

6 attention or care bestowed upon a thing Shr. IV. i, 129 no attendance? no regard? no duty?, Lr. I. iv. 289 in the most exact r. (= with extreme care).

7 heed Tim. I. ii. 254 not to give r. to you, Mac. III. ii. 12 Things without all remedy Should be withoutr. 8 thoughtful attention or consideration R2 II. i. 28

Where will doth mutiny with wit's r., Lucr. 277, &c.

thing taken into account, consideration Ham. III. i. 87, Lr. 1. i. 242 (Qq respects). 10 phr. in r. of, (i) with respect to H5 1. i. 77; so in

which r., = with respect to which Oth. I. i. 154; (ii)

out of consideration for R2 1. iii. 216; in r. (conj.), inasmuch as, since 1H6 v. iv. 124; on such r-s, on such conditions Ham. 11. ii. 79

regard vb.:

1 to consider, take into account Gent. III. i. 257 R. thy danger; with clause Gent. III. i. 70 Neither r-ing that she is my child.

2 to attend to, tend 1H6 III. ii. 86.

3 to hold in respect or honour Cor. v. v. [vi.] 144, Cæs. v. iii. 88.

regardfully: respectfully Tim. IV. iii. 82.

regenerate: born again R2 1. iii. 70.

regent: ruler, governor R2 II, i. 109 r. of the world, Per. v. i. 188 the r. . . . of Mitylene; fig. LLL. III. i. 191 [183] Regent of love-rimes.

regiment: rule, government Ant. III. vi. 95 Antony . gives his potent regiment to a trull.

region (1 current since the 14th cent.)

1 the air, heaven Rom. II. ii. 21 her eyes in heaven Would through the airy r. stream so bright, Ham. II. ii. 517 [509] the dreadful thunder Doth rend the r.; attrib. Ham. II. ii. 615 [607] the r. kites, Sonn. xxxiii. 12 The region cloud.

2 one of the successive sections into which the atmosphere is theoretically divided; only fig. = status, rank Wiv. III. ii. 78 he is of too high a r.,

Cym. v. iv. 93 petty spirits of region low.

register': record Wiv. n. ii. 198 turn another [scil.
eye] into the r. of your own [follies], Sonn. exxiii,
9 Thy [Time's] r-s, Compl. 52;—in r., on the list Ant. IV. ix. 21.

register2: one who keeps a record Lucr. 765 Night

regreet sb. (not pre-S.): greeting Mer.V. 11. ix. 89 From whom he bringeth sensible r-s, John III. i. 241 this seizure and this kind regreet.

regreet vb. (not pre-Eliz.; in S. only in R2).

1 to greet again R2 I. iii. 142, 186.

2 to greet, salute R2 I. iii. 67 Ir. The daintiest last, to make the end most sweet.

regress: return, re-entry Wiv. 11, i. 225 thou shalt have egress and regress (orig. a legal term).

reguerdon sb.; reward 1H6 m. i. 169; also as vb. 1H6 m. iv. 23.

rehearsal: recital, account 2H6 I. ii. 24.

rehearse: to give an account of, relate, narrate Mer. V. IV. i. 363 The danger formerly by me r-'d, Wint. v. ii. 68 Like an old tale still, which will have matter to r., Sonn. xxxviii. 4 too excellent For every

rulgar paper to rehearse.
rein sb. (old edd. often raine): chiefly in fig. phr. give the r., allow full scope LLL. v. ii. 660; take the r., go on without restraint Wint. II. iii. 51; in phr. with the vb. bear, expressing the holding of the head up high or haughtily Troil, 1. iii, 189 Ajax . . . bears his head In such a rein . . . As broad Achilles, Lr. III, i. 27 the hard rein which both of them have borne.

rein vb.:

1 to restrain (from something) Troil, v. iii, 48 Spur them to ruthful work, rein them from ruth.
2 to bear or submit to the rein Tw.N. 111. iv. 362

He . . . reins well.

reinforce: intr. to obtain reinforcements Cym. v. ii. 18 Let's reinforce, or fly. reins: loins Wiv. III. v. 24.

rejoice: to feel joy at H5 II. ii. 159, Cym. v. v. 371 Ne'er mother Rejoic'd deliverance more.

rejoicing fire: bonfire Cym. 111, i, 32, rejoindure (S.): reunion Troil. 1v, iv, 36, rejourn: to put off Cor. 11, i, 80 r. the controversy.

relapse (occurs twice): falling back into an illness Per. III. ii. 110 he'r rela'pse is mo'rtal. ¶ H5 IV. iii. 107 Ki'lling in re'lapse of morta'lity perli = ' with

renewed deadliness'; but some comm. explain 'with a deadly rebound'.

relative (once): pertinent, relevant Ham. II. ii. 641 [633] I'll have grounds More relative than this.

release: to surrender, make over, give up R2 IV. i. 210 With mine own breath r. all duty's rites, 2H6 1. i. 52 That the Duchy of Anjou . . . shall be released and delivered to the king her father.

relent (used also in the mod. sense)

1 to dissolve Meas. III. i. 239 he, a marble to her tears, . . . relents not, Ven. 200 stone at rain relenteth.

2 to give up a previous determination or obstinacy yield, give way Wiv. 11. ii. 32 you will not do it, you!—I do r., MND. 1. i. 91, 1H6 111. i. 108, 2H6 IV. viii. 12 will ye r., And yield to mercy?

relenting: easily moved to pity, compassionate 2H6 III. i. 227, R3 IV. iv. 432 R. fool, Lucr. 1829 such relenting dew of lumentations.

relics: ancient remains Tw. N. III. iii. 19 see the r. of this town.

relieve: to lift up again Tp. 11. i. 128 [121] the shore,

that . . . bow'd, As stooping to relieve him. religion: devotion to a principle, strict fidelity, conscientiousness AYL. IV. i. 208 [201] keep your promise. — With no less r. than . . . , Rom. I. ii. 93
When the devout r. of mine eye Maintains such
falsehood, Cym. I. iv. 154; make r. to, make a point of Ant. v. ii. 198.

religious: scrupulous, strict, conscientious All'sW. II. iii. 190, Tw. N. III. iv. 426 a most devout coward, r. in it, H8 IV. ii. 74 r. truth and modesty,

Sonn. xxxi. 6 religious lore.

religiously: solemnly John III. i. 140 I . . . from Pope Innocent the legate here, Do in his name r. demand; faithfully, conscientiously John II. i. 246, IV. iii. 73, H5 1. ii. 10.

relinquish: to give up as incurable (S.) All'sW.
II. iii. 10 relinquished of the artists.

relish sb. (old edd. rellish, rallish) 1 taste, flavour (of a thing), always fig. Tw.N. iv. i. 64, Troil. III. ii. 18 The imaginary r. is so sweet; hence = kind, quality H5 IV. i. 115 his fears... be of the same relish as ours are.

2 trace, tinge 2H4 I. ii. 112 some r. of the saltness of time, Mac. IV. iii. 95 I have no r. of them, Ham. III. iii. 92 some act That has no r. of salvation in't.

3 individual taste or liking Cor. II. i. 208.

relish vb. 1 (the sense 'enjoy' is commonest)
1 to taste (a thing) AYL. III. ii. 248 take a taste of my finding him, and r. it with good observance; fig. to appreciate Wint. II. i. 166 if you . . . cannot . . . R. a (ast) truth like us; to feel Tp. v. i. 23 One of their kind, that relish all as sharply.

2 to have a taste (of something) Ham. III.i.122, Cym. 111. ii. 30 r. of love, Per. 11. v. 60 my thoughts, That never relish'd of a base descent.

3 to be agreeable, find acceptance Wint. v. ii. 137. relish vb.2: to sing, warble Gent. II. i. 21 to r. a love-song like a robin-redbreast, Lucr. 1126 R. your nimble notes.

reliver: to give up again Meas. IV. iv. 6 r. our authorities (Ff 234 deliver, Capell redeliver+).

relume, relumine: to rekindle Oth. v. ii. 13 that Promethean heat That can thy light r. (Ff re-lume, Q<sub>1</sub> returne, Qq <sub>23</sub> rehumine). [III. i. 87. remain sb.!: the r., what remains to be done Cym. remain sb.2: stay Cor. 1. iv. 62 make r.; see also

HERE-remain.

remain vb. (1 not post-S.; 3 only S.)

1 to dwell Tp. 1. ii. 420, AYL. 111. ii. 236, Cym. 1v.

iii. 14 for my mistress, I nothing know where she r-s.

2 almost = be Tim. 1v. iii. 326 Wouldst thou . . . r. a

beast with the beasts?, v. i. 102 r. assur'd; also let her remain = let her be Cyni. 11. iii. 17.

3 r. with, stick in the mind of Tim. III. vi. 40.

remainder (2 used in 16th-17th cent.) 1 residual or further interest remaining over from an estate, coming into effect when this has determined, and created by the same conveyance by which the estate itself was granted All'sW. 1v. iii. 316 cut the entail from all remainders.

2 pl. those who remain Cym. 1. i. 129. 3 balance (of an account) R2 1. i. 130 in my debt Upon remainder of a dear account.

4 attrib. = left over AYL. II. vii. 39 the r. biscuit After a royage.

remediate: remedial Lr. IV. iv. 17 aidant and r. (Qq remediat, Ff-ale). ¶ (?) Error for 'remedial' or 'remediant'.

remedy sb.: reparation, redress; esp. in phr. there's no r. = there's no help for it Wiv. I. iii. 34, John IV. i.91. Oth. I. i. 35; no r. often = inevitably, without a doubt Wiv. II. ii. 128 Fou must send her your page; no r., Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 673, v. i. 77, Troil. Iv. iv. 55, Cym. III. iv. 165; what r.?, what help is there for it? what can be done? Wiv. v. v. 262 [250] Well, what r.? . . . What cannot be eschew'd must be embrac'd, Tw.N. 1. v. 55, 1H6 v. iii. 131.

remember (for remember since . . . see SINCE)

1 to maintain 2H4 v. ii. 142 we will accite, As I before remember'd, all our state.

2 to commemorate Tp. 1. ii. 402 The ditty does r. my drown'd father, 1H4 v. iv. 101 Thy ignomy . . . not remember'd in thy epitaph.

3 refl. to bethink oneself, recollect Tw. N.v. i. 289, R3 IV. ii. 94, Rom. I. iii. 9: to reflect upon (one-

self) Lr. iv. vi. 234 Briefly thyself renember.
4 to remind (a person) Tp. 1. ii. 243, R2 1. iii. 269,
H5 v. Chor. 43, Lr. 1. iv. 72. ¶ The phr. r. thy
courtesy=be covered (LLL. v. i. 106 I do besech thee, r. thy courtesy; I beseech thee, apparel thy head) is of obscure origin; cf. Ham. v. ii. 109 I beseech you, remember-

remembered: be r., recollect, remember Meas. II. i. 113, Shr. IV. iii. 96, R3 II. iv. 23, Lucr. 607.

remembrance (sometimes 4 syll., e.g. Tw.N. I. i. 32, Mac. 111. ii. 30)

1 faculty or power of remembering Tp. II. i. 240

[232] this lord of weak r., Cym. 11. iv. 93. 2 kind thought or consideration All'sW. Iv. v. 79 out of a self-gracious r., Cor. 11. iii. 256 commend To your r-s, Ham. 1. ii. 7. 3 memorial inscription H5 1. ii. 229.

4 reminder 2H4 v. ii. 115.

5 keepsake, love-token Gent. II. ii. 5, Mer. V. IV. i. 423, Ham. 111. i. 93, Oth. 111. iii. 291 This was her first remembrance from the Moor.

remembrancer: one who reminds another Mac.

III. iv. 37, Cym. 1. v. 77. remission: inclination to pardon (S.) Meas. v. i.

499 I find an apt remission in myself. remit: to give up, surrender LLL. v. ii. 460.

remnant: surviving member of a family R31. ii.7. remonstrance: demonstration Meas. v. i. 393. remorse (1 the commonest S. sense)

John Iv.iii.50 the tears of soft r., Tim.iv.iii.123 thy throat shall cut, And mince it sans r., Mac. 1. v. 45.

2 without r., without intermission Tw. N. II. iii. 100. solemn obligation (S.) Oth. III. iii. 469 to obey

shall be in me remorse. remorseful: compassionate, full of pity Gent. IV. iii. 13, R3 I. ii. 156 remorseful tear.

remorseless: pitiless 2H6 III. i. 213, Ham. II. ii. 617 Remorseless... villain, Lucr. 562.

remotion: keeping away or aloof Tim. IV. iii, 347. Lr. II. iv. 115.

remove sb. (2 and 5 are only S.; 'removal' is not S., although Eliz.)

removal or change from one place to another LLL. v. ii. 135, Sonn. Music iii. 12 [Pilgr. 256] a nay... without remove (=irremovable).

2 removal of a person by death Ham. IV. v. 81

author Of his own just remove. 3 raising of a siege Cor. I. ii. 28.

180

4 departure from a place Lr. II. iv. 4, Ant. I. ii. 209; change of quarters or residence All's W.v.iii.131. 5 period of absence Meas, I. i. 43 In our remove.

period of absence Meas, 1. 1. 43 In our remove, remove vb.: to depart, go away, move to another place AYL. 111. iv. 57 let us r., All'sW. v. i. 23, John v. ii. 33, v. vii. 62, 1H6 II. v. 104 is removing hence (= dying), Mac. v. iii. 2 Till Birman wood r. to Dinisinane, Ham. I. v. 163 once more r., good friends, Ven. 81 From his soft bosom never to r. removed:

1 distant in relationship by a certain degree, properly of descent, but often vaguely of consanguinity in general Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 805 those that are germane to him, though r. fifty times, John II. i. 182 the second generation R., 186, Rom, III. iii. 95; fig. AYL. v. iv. 71 a lie seven times removed.

2 separated by space or time Tp. 11. i. 117 [110] so far from Italy r-'d, Tw.N. v. i. 93 a twenty years r. thing, Sonn. xliv. 6; transf. Sonn. xcvii. 5 this

time remov'd (=time of absence)

3 retired, secluded Meas. I. iii. 8 the life r-'d, AYI.. III. ii. 364 so r. a dwelling, Wint. v. ii. 120, Ham. I. iv. 61 a more removed ground,

4 not immediately concerned 1H4 IV. i. 35. removedness: absence Wint. IV. i. [ii.] 40. remover: one who constantly changes Sonn. cxvi. render sb. (2 not pre-S.)

1 surrender Sonn, exxv. 12 knows no art. But mutual render, only me for thee.

2 rendering of an account, statement, account, confession Tim. v. i. 154 to make their sorrow'd render, Cym. IV. iv. 11 drive us to a r. Where we have liv'd, v. iv. 17 take No stricter render of me than my all.

render (the commonest S. senses are 'give back or in return', 'give, offer', 'give up, surrender') 1 to give back (an image, &c.) by reflection, &c. Troil. 111. iii. 122 r-s back His [the sun's] figure and

his heat; fig. 1H4 m. ii. 82. 2 to represent, depict (an occurrence) H5 I. i. 44 you shall hear A fearful battle r-'d you in music.

3 to describe (a person as being so-and-so), make (him) out to be AYL, IV. iii, 124 he did r. him the most unnatural, All'sW. I. iii. 238 the desperate languishings whereof The king is r-'d lost, Cym. 111.

iv. 153 r. him hourly to your ear As truly as he moves. 4 to declare, state H5 1. ii. 238 Freely to r. what ne have in charge, Cym. II. iv. 119 R. to me some cor-

pord sign about her, More evident than this, v. v. 136 [he] may render Of whom he had this ring. 5 to pay as a due Tit. 1. i. 160 my tributary tears Ir. for my brethren's obsequies.

6 to give as a service Ado v. iii. 33 Than this for whom we render'd up this woe.

rendez-vous (old edd. rendeuous, randeuous) : retreat, refuge 1H4 IV. i. 57 A r., a home to fly unto, H5 v. i. 88 my r. is quite cut off (Pistol); last resort H5 II. i. 18 that is the rendez-rous of it (Nym).

renegado (Ff Renegatio, representing the Spanish pronunciation): renegade Tw.N. 111. ii. 77. renegue: intr. to deny Lr. 11. ii. 87 R., affirm (Ff 2-4 Renege, Qq Reneag; F, misprinted Renenge; trans. to renounce Ant. 1. i. 8 r. s all temper (Ff rene(a)ges).

renew (1 rare poetical sense)
1 to repeat (an action) H5 I. ii. 116 r. their feats. 2 intr. to begin a fresh attack Troil. v. v. 6 Renew, renew!.

renounce: to disown allegiance to (a person) 3H6 III. iii. 194 I here renounce him.

renown sb. (1, 2 not post-S.; 3 only S.)
I report, rumour Tp. v. i. 193 Of whom so often I hace heard r., But never saw before.
2 reputation (good or bad) All's W. iv. iii, 18 of a most chaste renown, Per. iv. vi. 42.
3 good name Cym. v. v. 203.

renown vb.: to make famous Tw. N. III. iii. 24, H5

I, ii. 118 The blood and courage that renowned them. rent: to rend, tear MND. 111. ii. 215 r. our . . lore assender, R3 I. ii. 127 (Qq rend), Mac. IV. iii. 168. renying: renuiciation Sonn. Music iii. 7 [Pilgr.

250] Heart's renying.

repair sb. 1: going or coming to a place, resort Meas. iv. i. 45, LLL. II. i. 238 make their r., 3H6 v. i. 20, Ham. v. ii. 230 their repair hither.

repair sb. 2 (not pre-S.)

1 restoration Wint. v. i. 31 for royally's r., John III, iv. 113 repair and health, Cym. III. i. 57.

2 fresh repair, healthful state Sonn. iii. 3.

repair vb.': to return LLL. v. ii. 293, MND. Iv. i.

73 May all to Athens back again r., Tim. III. iv. 70

to r. some other hour. ¶ The prevailing meaning is 'go, betake oneself'.

repair vb.2:

1 to restore, renew (with immaterial object) 3H6 III. iii. 193 to r. my honour, lost for hun, H8 v. i. 3 to repair our nature, Oth. н. iii. 363, Сут. н. ii. 12. 2 to refresh, revive (a person) Gent. v. iv. 11 R. те

with thy presence, Silvia, All'sW. I. ii. 30 It much

repairs me To talk of your good father.

3 to remedy (an evil) Lr. Iv. i. 77 I'll r. the misery, Iv. vii. 28 R. those violent harms, Per. Iv. ii. 122.

repairing: that recovers easily 2H6 v. iii. 22.

repast: to feed Ham. IV. v. 146 R. them with my blood, repast: in R3 IV. iv. 397 app. misj rint for ore past: see *ill-used*, s.v. ILL-. repasture: food LLL. IV. i. 96.

repeal sb.: recall from exile Gent. III. i. 235, Cas. III. i. 54. ¶ The only S. use.

repeal vb. (1 see the prec. word)
1 to recall from exile R2 II. ii. 49 The banish'd Boling-broke r-s himself, Cor. v. iv. 71 [v. 5]; fig. All'sW.
II. iii. 55 whose banish'd sense Thou hast repeul'd.

2 to call back into favour or honour Lr. 111. vi. 122 r-s and reconciles thee, Oth. II. iii. 366 That she r-s him for her body's lust (= attempts to get him re-[Iv. iii. 274. stored).

repent: to live out (a time) in repentance All'sW. repetition: recital, mention All'sW. v. iii. 22 kill All r. (= check any mention of what is past), John II. i. 197 these ill-tuned repetitions, Cor. r. i. 48 he hath faults . . . to tire in repetition, Lucr. 1285. repine: dissatisfaction Ven. 490.

replenish: to fill Lucr. 1357 saw the blood his cheeks r. replenished: complete, perfect LLL. IV. ii. 27 his intellect is not r.; he is only an animal, Wint. 11. i. 78 The most replenish'd villain, R3 IV. iii. 18.

replication (2 not pre-S.)
1 reply LLL, iv. ii. 15, Ham. iv. ii. 13, Compl. 122.

report sb. (the sense 'what is said about something' is very freq. in various phrases: guegood r. = speak well (of a person) Wint. v. ii. 170 [162], make r-s=speak All'sW. iv. iii. 344, suffer the r. = be told Cym. I. iv. 63)

1 rumour, common talk AYL. 1. i. 6 r. speaks goldenly of his profit, 1H6 II. iii. 18 I see r. is fabulous and false, Ant. II. ii. 192 if r. be square to her,

Per. I. i. 35.

2 reputation, good name Meas. 11. iii. 12 Hath blister'd her r., Ado III. i. 97 foremost in r. through Italy.

3 testimony (to), commendation (S.) LLL. 11. i. 63 my r. to his great worthiness, Sonn. lxxxiii. 5 therefore have I slept in yourr. (=in commending you).
4 resounding noise R3 IV. iV. 153 report of war.
report vb. (2 cf. REPORT sb. 3)

I to give an account of, describe Meas. III. ii. 176, Cor. v. iv. 28 if you r. him truly, Ham. v. ii. 353 r. me and my cause aright; refl. Cym. H. iv. 83 figures So likely to report themselves

2 (?) to speak in commendation of Wint. III. i. 3. 3 to speak in a certain way of All'sW. III. v. 7. There is a gentleman... ks but coarsely of her; to relate, state 1H4 II. iv. 461 as ancient writers do r.

reporter : informant Ant. 11. ii. 196.

reportingly: by hearsay (S.) Ado III. i. 116. reposal, reposure: act of placing (trust) Lr. II. i.

70 (Ff reposul(l, Qq reposure).

reprieve: time during which one is reprieved
Meas. 11. iv. 40 his reprieve, Louger or shorter.

reprisal: prize 1H4 IV. i. 118.

reproach vb. (once): to bring disgrace upon Meas.

V. i. 422 reproach your life, reproachful: abusive Tit. 1. i. 308, 11. i. 55. reproachfully: shamefully 2H6 II. iv. 98 us'd r. reprobance (S.): reprobation, rejection by God Oth. v. ii. 207 fall to reprobance (Qq reprobation).

reprobate: depraved, morally degraded LLL. I. ii.

65, Lucr. 300 reprobate desire.

reproof (the ordinary sense is freq.)

1 shame, disgrace Err. v. i. 90 She did betray me to
my own reproof, Tim. v. iv. 57\* Those enemies...

Whom you yourselves shall set out for reproof.

2 disproof, refutation 1H4 1. ii. 212, 111. ii. 23 in r. of many tales decis'd, Troil. 1. iii. 33, Cor. 11. ii. 38.

reprove: to disprove, refute Ado II. iii. 252 [241] tis so, I cannot r. it, 2H6 III. i. 40 R. my allegation, Ven. 787.

repugn: to oppose, resist 1H6 IV. i. 94 r. the truth. repugnancy: opposition, resistance Tim. 111.v.46. repugnant: offering resistance Ham. II. ii. 501 [493].

repure (not pre-S.): to purify again Troil. III. ii.21.
repute: to think of, value Gent. II. vii. 59 how will
the world r. me?, Cas. II. i. 295 A woman well r-d; to think highly of 2H6 III, i. 48 by reputing of his high descent.

request: to beg (a person) to come off (i.e. away)

Ant. II. vii. 127 Let me request you off.

require: to ask, request (a person) Wiv. I. ii. 10
lo desire and r. her to . . . , H8 II. iv. 142 Ir. your
highness, That it shall please you . . , Cor. II. ii. 161
He will require them, As if . . .

required: requisite Wint. v. iii. 94, Lr. Iv. iii. 7

most required and necessary.

requiring: demand, request Tp. 11. ii. 195 [186], Meas. 111. i. 254, H5 11. iv. 101 if r. fad, he will compel.

requit (variant of requite, which is more freq.): to repay Cor. 1v. v. 76 the drops of blood . . . are requited, Oth. Iv. ii. 15 (F1 requit, Q1 requite), Per. III. ii. 75 (Q1 only); pa.pple. requit in Tp. III. iii. 71.

reremice: see REARMICE.

rescue: forcible taking of a person out of legal custody Err. IV. IV. 113 I am thy prisoner: wilt thou suffer them To make a r.?, Cor. III. i. 275; fig. Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 48 death will seize her, but Your comfort makes the rescue.

resemblance: likelihood, probability (S.) Meas.

IV. ii. 202 Not a resemblance, but a certainty. reservation (the foll, are all the exx.)

1 reserving of something for oneself Lr. 1. i. 135 With r. of a hundred knights; reserved right II. iv. 255 a r. to be follow'd With such a number

keeping a thing secret or to oneself All'sW. II. iii. 259 make some reservation of your wrongs.

182

3 keeping a thing for oneself All'sW. 1. iii. 233 In heedfull'str. to bestow them, Cor. 111.iii.128\* Making but r. of yourselves (i.e. keeping only yourselves, while you 'banish your defenders').

reserve (uses now obs. are)

1 to keep safe, preserve All'sW. III. v. 63 a r-d honesty, Cym. I. i. 87 Always r-'d my holy duty = 'so far as I may say it without breach of duty J.), I. iv. 148, Per. Iv. i. 39, Sonn. lxxxv. 3 ('preserve their style by labouring it precisely', Wyndham).

2 to keep alive Meas. v. i. 468 one in the prison . .

I have reserv'd alive.

3 to keep in one's possession Oth. III. iii. 295 she r-s it evermore about her, Sonn. xxxii. 7 These poor rude lines . . . Reserve them for my love, not for their rime.

4 to retain (in a certain function) R3 IV. iv. 72

Only reserv'd their [i.e. hell's] factor.

reserved: with the reservation that 1H6 v. iv. 167 Only reserv'd you claim no interest.

residence: remaining in a place or state All'sW. II. v. 43, Ham. II. ii. 353 [343]. [earth resign. 11. v. 43, Ham. 11. ii. 353 [343]. [earth resign. resign: to submit (fig.) Rom. 111. ii. 59 Vile earth, to resist: to repel (S.) Per. 11. iii. 29 These cates r. me.

resolute: desperado, brave Ham. I. i. 98. resolution: conviction, certainty Lr. 1. ii. 111. resolve sb.: firmness of purpose 1H6 v. v. 75 of so

high resolve.

resolve vb. (cf. RESOLVED; 4 common 17th cent.) 1 to dissolve, melt Tim. IV. iii. 445 r-s The moon into salt tears, Compl. 296 his passion . . . r-d my reason into tears; also refl. and intr. John v. iv. 25 as a form of wax R-th from his figure 'gainst the fire, Ham, 1. ii. 130 Thaw and r. thyself into a dew, 2 to answer (a question, &c.) AYL. III. ii. 247 to r.

the propositions of a lover; with double object Shr. 1v. ii. 7 What, master, read you? first r. me that, R3 1v. ii. 116 r. me whether you will or no, Tit. v. iii. 35 r. me this: Was it . . .?; to solve (a riddle)

Per. I. i. 71.

3 to dispel (doubt, fear) John п. i. 371 our fears, resolv'd, 3H6 iv. i. 135 Resolve my doubt.

4 to free (one) from doubt or uncertainty, satisfy the curiosity or anxiety of Meas. III. i. 193, IV. ii. 226 this shall absolutely r. you, 3H6 II. i. 9 until I be r-'d Where our . . . father is become, Cæs. III. i. 131, ii. 184, Lr. II. iv. 25, Per. v. i. 1.

5 to inform (one of something) Tp. v. i. 248, R3 rv. v. 20 My letter will resolve him of my mind.

6 refl. to make up one's mind Wint. v. iii. 86, 3H6 I. i. 49, Mac. III. i. 138.

7 r. for, decide to set out for (a place) 2H4 II. iii. 67 I will r. for Scotland;—r. on, be sure of 1H6 1. ii. 91 Resolve on this, thou shall be fortunate.

resolved (freq. in sense 'determined') Meas. III.

1 prepared in mind (esp. for some evil) Meas. III.

ii. 209 r.to die, Tit. r. i. 135 sland r-'d; but hope
withal; so r. for Wint.rv.iii.[iv.]521, 2H6 v.i.194.

2 resolute John v. vi. 29 a r. villain, R3 1. iii. 340

2 resolute John v. vi. 29 a.r. vitain, 163 i. 11. 340 my hardy, slout resolved meles.

(ii. 124, 3 convinced 1H6 III. iv. 20 r. of your truth, 3H6 II. 4 determined upon, deliberate John II. 1, 555 a r-id and honourable war, 2H4 vi. 1213 r-id correction.

resolvedly: so that doubt and uncertainty are re-

moved All'sW, v. iii. 337

resort: recourse to or visiting of a place or person Gent. III. i. 108 she . . . kept severely from resort of men, Tim. I. 128 to forbid him her r. (= visiting her by way of courtship), Ham. II. ii. 143 lock herself from his resort (= his going to see her),

resorter: frequenter Per. IV. vi. 27.
respect sb. (the mod. sense of 'deferential regard or esteem' is one of the most freq.)

plir. in r. of, (i) in comparison with Ado III. iv. 19, LLL. v. ii. 636 Hector was but a Troyan in r. of this, AYL. III. ii. 69, Cæs. I. i. 10; (ii) in consideration of, on account of Gent. III. i. 330 She is not to be kissed fasting, in r. of her breath, 1H4 II. iii. 2, Ham. v. ii. 121; (iii) in regard to MND. I.

REST

i. 137 misgraffed in respect of years, AYL. III. ii. 13. 2 in r., (i) in comparison 3H6 v. v. 56 He was a man; this, in r., a child; (ii) as a conj. with a clause following = considering, seeing AYL. III. ii. 14 in r. that it is a shepherd's life, it is naught; —in my r., as far as I am concerned MND. II. i. 224 you in my respect are all the world, Cym. n. iii. 140.

3 without r., without reference to circumstances Mer.V. v. i. 99.

4 regard, consideration, reflection LLL. v. ii. 790, MND. v. i. 91 noble r., Mer. V. 1. i. 74 You have too nuch r. upon the world, Cor. 111, i. 180 On both sides more r., Ven. 911, Lucr. 275 Respect and reason.

5 discrimination Tw.N. II. iii. 100 Is there no r. of

pluce, persons, nor time, in you?.
6 heed, care, attention Meas. II. ii. 86, R2 II. i. 25 So be it new, there's no r. how vile, 1H4 IV. iii. 31 vouchsufe me hearing and respect, Per. III. iii. 33.

7 consideration, fact or motive regarding something Wiv. II. i. 45 if it were not for one trifling r., John v. iv. 41 The love of him, and this r. besides, R3 III. vii. 174, Ham. III. ii. 195 base r-s of thrift, Lr. I. i. 251 respects of fortune, Sonn. xlix. 4.

8 state of being esteemed, honoured, or valued All's W. v. iii. 194 this ring, Whose high r. . . . , John v. vii. 85 with honour and r.; rank, standing Cas. I. ii. 59 many of the best r. in Rome, v. v. 45 a fellow

of a good respect.

of a good respect.

respect vb. (I see RESPECTING)

1 to regard, consider, take into account Gent. v. iv.

54 In love Who respects friend?, Err. iv. iv. 43 respice finem, respect your end, Ven. 911.

2 to heed, pay attention to, care for Gent. in. i. 89
Win her with gifts, if sher. not words, R3 1. iii. 296,
i. iv. 157 like a full fellow that r-s his reputation,
Cym. iv. ii. 155; (with negative) to make light of,
care nothing about LLL. i. ii. 188 the passado he
r-s not, R2 ii. i. 131 thou r-'st not spilling Edward's
hlood. Cres. iv. iii. 69. blood, Cæs. IV. iii. 69.

3 to regard or consider as, take for MND. 1. i. 160 she r-s me as her only son, 1H4 v. iv. 20 I do r. thee as my soul, Cor. III. i. 305 [it] is not then r-ed For

what before it was.

to esteem, prize, value Gent. t. ii. 131 If your. them, best to take them up, Per. 11. ii. 13 So princes [lose] their renowns if not respected.

respecting: having regard to, considering 2H6 III. i. 24, H8 II. iv. 178; in comparison with Wint. v. i. 35.

respective (3, 4 not pre-S.) 1 careful Mer.V. v. i. 156\*.

considerate, courteous John 1. i. 188. partial Rom. III. i. 129\* respective lenity.

worthy of respect Gent. IV. iv. 202 What should it be that he r-s in her But I can make r. in myself?

respectively\*: (a) with due respect, (b) particularly Tim. III. i. 8 you are very respectively welcome.

respite (2 not post-S.)

1 date to which something is postponed R3 v. i. 19
the determin'd respite of my wrongs.

2 delay, stay 1H6 iv. i. 170.

responsive: corresponding Ham. v. ii. 159.

rest sb.1 (of Anglo-Saxon origin; 2 only S.) 1 in phr. wishing one good repose Gent. IV. ii. 135 And so, good rest, Err. IV. iii. 32 God give you good rest, R3 I. iv. 75, v. iii. 43; cf. Tit. Iv. ii. 64. 2 restored vigour or strength 1H4 IV. iii. 27 full of

rest, Cæs. IV. iii. 201 full of rest.

3 stay Ham. II. ii. 13 your rest here. rest sb.2 (of French origin)

1 above the r., above all, especially Gent. iv. i. 60, Lr. iv. i. 48, Sonn. xci. 6. 2 at primero, the stakes kept in reserve, which were agreed upon at the beginning of the game, and upon the loss of which the game terminated; fig. what one stands to win or lose H5 II. i. 17 that us my rest; also phr. set up one's rest, to stake or hazard one's all, (hence) to be resolved or determined Err. IV. iii. 26, Mer.V. II. ii. 113 as I have set up my rest to run away; with allusion to REST sb. (=repose) Rom. v. iii. 110 here Will I set up my everlusting rest, Lr. 1. i. 125 I . . . thought to set my rest On her kind nursery.

rest vb. (the ordinary senses are freq.)

1 r. m, to lie in the power of Meas. I. iii. 31 It r-ed
in your Grace T unloose this tied-up justice, 3H6 III. ii. 45, Tit. II. iii. 41; r. on, to depend or rely upon Tit. I. i. 267, Ham. III. iii. 14; cf. John v. i. 13.

to give (one) repose of mind or soul Mer. V. II. ii. 78 God rest his soul!, Rom. I. iii. 18, Mac. IV. iii. 226 Heuven rest them now!; hence in conventional phr. of salutation AYL. v. i. 66 God rest you merry; with 'God' dropped Meas, Iv. iii. 190 Rest you well, Mer.V. I. iii. 60 R. you far, Rom. I. ii. 65 r. you merry, Ant. I. i. 62 Rest you happy.

rest vb.2: used often where 'remain' would be the

modern word, e.g. Tp. v. i. 144, 1H6 iv. i. 121, H8 v. i. 55, Mac. i. vi. 20, Ham. III. iii. 64. rest vb.³, mod. edd. 'rest: aphetic form of 'arrest' freq. in 15th-16th cent. Err. iv. ii. 42.

re-stem (S.): to steer again Oth. 1. iii. 37 they do restem Their buckward course (Ff; Q1 resterine, app. misprint for restemme; Qq23 resterne).

resting: stationary Cas, III. i. 61 the northern star, Of whose true-fix'd and resting quality.

restive+: some mod, edd. for RESTY.

restore: to make amends for (loss) Sonn. xxx. 14. ¶ By extension = to make (amends) MND, v. ii, 69

[i. 445] And Robin shall restore amends. restrain (2 once ; rare outside S.

1 to keep back, withhold (something from a person) R3 v. iii, 323 They would r. the one [viz. lands], Cor. v. iii, 167 That thou r-'st from me the duty which To a mother's part belongs, Tim. v. i. 153 r-ing aid to Timon.

2 to draw tight Shr. III. ii. 60.

restrained: withheld, prohibited Meas. II. iv. 49. restraint (2 not pre-S.

1 keeping back or out Err. III. i. 97.

constraint, reserve All'sW. II. iv. 45, v. iii. 215,

Tw. N. v. i. 85.

resty: inactive, inert, sluggish Troil. 1. iii. 263 Who in this ... long-continu'd truce Is r. grown (F1 rusty), Cym. III. vi. 34 r. sloth, Sonn. c. 9 Rise, r. Muse. resume: (?) to take (care) Tim. II. ii. 4.

retain: to have in one's service H8 1. ii. 192.

retention (2 only Eliz.)

1 power of retaining things in the mind, memory Sonn. exxii. 9 That poor r.; capacity for holding Tw. N. II. iv. 98 they luck retention.

2 detention, confinement Lr. v. iii. 48. retentive: holding, confining Tim. III. iv. 83 my r. enemy, Cæs. 1. iii. 95. retire sb. (2 common 1550-1600; 3 the commonest S.

1 retirement, withdrawal LLL. II. i. 232.

2 return John 11. i. 253, Lucr. 573. 3 retreat in warfare John 11. i. 326, Cor. 1. vi. 3 Nor cowardly in retire, Lucr. 174. retire vb. (1 an Eliz. sense)

1 to return Troil, t. iii, 281, Oth, III, iii, 456 returing ebb, Ven. 906 now she will no further, But back r-s, Lucr. 962.

2 refl. to withdraw Tp. v. i. 310 r. me to my Milan, R2 1v. i. 96 retir'd himself To Italy, Oth. II. iii. 389 R. thee; go where thou art billeted; to retreat in battle John v. iii. 13.

retired: withdrawn into oneself Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 62; subsided John v. iv. 53 a . . . retired flood.

retirement: retreat, refuge 1H4 IV. i. 56. retort (2 only S.; in Wiv. II. ii. 4 Qq I will r. the sum in equipage perhaps a humorous use of the sense 'return a blow')

to reflect (heat) Troil. III. iii. 101.

2 to reject (an appeal) Meas. v. i. 298. retrait(e: retreat 2H4 iii. ii. 289 (later Ff retreat). A common 16th cent. form, occurring once in S., retreat occurring 10 times.

retreat: recall of a pursuing force 2H4 IV. iii. 78. retrograde (occurs twice)

1 (of planets) moving apparently in a direction confrary to the order of the signs, or from east to west All'sW. I. i. 215 born under Mars... When he was retrograde.

2 contrary or repugnant (to) Ham. 1. ii. 114. return sb.: answer, retort H5 II. iv. 127.

1 refl. to turn away 1H6 III, iii, 56 R. thee therefore.

with a flood of tears.

with a flood of tears.

2 to turn back again Ven, 704 see the dew-bedabbled wretch Turn, and r. ¶ The foll, senses are not recorded before S.: 'to give back' (Tim. I. ii. 6), 'to give or send' an answer (Tw.N.I.1.25, 1H6 II.V.20), 'to say by way of answer' (R2 III, iii. 121, Per. II. ii. 4), 'to give' thanks (IH6 II. ii. 51), 'to repay, pay back' (H5 IV, vii. 190, Lr. I. i. 99), revence sh (the II is trea used-sing.)

revenge sb. (the pl. is freq. used = sing.)
1 pl. (one's) vindictive desires All'sW. v. iii. 10 my

revenges were high bent upon him.
2 avenging of a person 1H6 1. v. 35 strike a stroke in his revenue, 2H6 11. ii. 127, Lucr. Arg. 20.
3 in revenge of, in return for Gent. 1. ii. 107.

revenge vb. (in the trans. use the injury or the

person injured is the object) 1 pass. be r-d, to take vengeance (freq.); const. of

= on 2H4 II. iv. 165 (Q; Ff on); const. on = for Lucr. 1778 to be revenged on her death.

2 intr. to take vengeance Mer. V. III. i. 72, 3H6 I. iv. 36 may bring forth A bird that will r. upon you all, Tit.iv.i.129 R., ye heavens, for old Andronicus, revengement: retribution, punishment 1H4 iii. 7. ¶ Very common 1540-1650.

revengingly (S.): in revenge Cym. v. ii. 4. revengive (S.): vindictive Lr. 11. i. 47 the r. gods

(Qq; Ff revenging).
reverb (S. coinage, app. shortened from reverberate, which occurs twice): to re-echo Lr. 1. i. 156.

reverberate adj.: reverberating, resounding Tw.N. I. v. 293 r. hills. ¶ Ben Jonson has 'a reuerberate glasse'.

reverence: save or saving your r., an apologetic phr. introducing a remark that might offend the hearer Ado III. iv. 33, 1H4 II. iv. 523 [515], Rom. 1. iv. 42, Cym. IV. i. 5; corrupted to SIR-REVER-

reverend, reverent: in old edd., as commonly in the 16th-17th cent., used indifferently in the senses 'worthy of respect or reverence', 'exhibit-

ing or feeling reverence'.
reverse: back-handed stroke Wiv. II. iii. 27; cf.

punto reverso, S.V. PUNTO.

reversion: prospect of possessing a thing at some future time 1H4 IV. i. 53; in r., destined to come into a person's possession, or to be realized in the future R2 1. iv. 35 As were our England in r. his, Troil. III. ii. 99 No perfection in r. shall have a praise in present.

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revert: to return Ham. IV. vii. 23 my arrows . . . Would have reverted to my bow again.

reverted: (?)in opposition or rebellion Err. 111.ii.127. review: to see again Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 683; to

survey Sonn. Ixxiv. 5.

revokement (not pre-S.): revocation H8 r. ii. 106. revolt sb.1 (the gen. sense of 'casting off of allegiance, obedience, or faithfulness' is freq. ;

2 only S.) 1 give (one) the revolt, to rebel against Mac. v. iv. 13.

2 revolt lo, relapse into LLL. v. ii. 74. 3 revulsion of appetite Tw.N. II. iv. 101. revolt sb.2: rebel John v. ii. 151, v. iv. 7, Cym. Iv. iv. 6 unnatural revolts.

revolution: alteration, change (esp. as wrought by time) LLL. Iv. ii. 70 motions, r-s, 2H4 III. i. 46 the r. of the times, Ham.v. i. 96 Here's fine r., Ant. 1, ii, 134, Sonn, lix, 12 whether r, be the same,

revolve: intr. to consider Tw.N. 11. v. 157 If this full into thy hand, revolve.

re-word (not pre-S.)

1 to repeat in words Ham, III, iv. 143.

2 to re-echo Compl. 1.

rhapsody: string (of words) Ham. III. iv. 48. Rhenish (old edd. Remish, Remish, Remish): Rhine wine Mer. V. I. ii. 102, III. i. 45, Ham. I. iv. 10, v. i. 196.

rheum (see also SALT RHEUM)

1 watery matter secreted by glands, &c. (i) saliva Mer. V. 1. iii. 118, H5 111. v. 52 spit and void his r. upon; (ii) mucus from the nose Err. III. ii. 132; (iii) tears Ado v. ii. 88, John III. i. 22 that lumentable r., IV. i. 33, iii. 108, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 46 women's rheum, Ham. II. ii. 537 [529] bisson rheum.

2 morbid defluxion of humours (such as was supposed to cause rheumatism), also, catarrh Meas. III. i. 31 the gout, serpigo, and the r., Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 412, Troil. v. iii. 105 a r. in mine eyes, Ant. 111. ii, 57.

rheu'matic: characterized by or affected with defluxion of rheum' MND, It. i. 105 r. diseases, Ven. 135 r., and cold; inducing 'rheum' (sense 2) Wiv. III. i. 47 this raw r. day. ¶ Misused in 2H4 Wiv. 111. i. 47 this raw r. day. II. iv. 61, H5 II. iii. 40.

rheumy : inducing 'rheum' (sense 2) Cæs. II. i.

266 the rheumy and unpurged air.

rhymet: spelling of RIME in some mod. edd. rib: to enclose with a strong protection Mer. V. 11.

vii. 51, Cym. III. i. 19.

ribald: (?) offensively noisy Troil. iv. ii. 9 the busy day...hath rous'd the ribald crows. ribaudred: (?) lewd, wanton Ant. III, viii, 20 [x.

10] You r. may of Egypt. ¶ Perhaps an alteration of the Eliz. adj. 'ribaudrous'; or (?) meant for 'ribaudried' (from 'ribaudry').

rich (ordinary senses are freq.)

1 applied to eyes that have seen much AYL. IV. i. 25, All'sW. v. iii. 17. 2 rich opinion, good reputation Oth. II. iii. 197. rich'd: enriched Lr. I. i. 66.

rid (2 the usual phr. was 'rid ground')
1 to make away with, kill, destroy Tp. 1. ii. 364 lhe red plague rid you, R2 v. iv. 11, 2H6 III. i. 233 This Gloucester should be quickly rid the world, 3H6 v. v. 67, Sonn. exxxix. 14 rid my pain.

2 rid way, to cover the ground quickly, make rapid progress 3H6 v. iii. 21 We ... Will thither straight,

for willingness rids way. ride (pa. pple. rode 2H4 v. iii. 96, H5 iv. iii. 2 in intr. senses, rudden Wiv. v. v. 148, H8 II. ii. 3 in trans., rud MND. v. i. 119, Cas. III. ii. 274 in both)

1 to rest or turn as on a pivot or axle 1H4 v. ii. 83 If life did ride upon a dial's point, Troil. 1. iii. 67 the axle-tree On which heaven rides.

2 rideout, to sustain (a storm) without great damage Per. 1v. iv. 31.

3 to train (a horse) H8 II. ii. 3. fii. 204. to tyranuize over, harass Wiv. v. v. 148, Err. 11.

rider: horse-trainer AYL. 1. i. 14. rife: (?) current MND. v. i. 42 how many sports are

rife (Q1 ripe).

rift: to split; intr. Wint. v. i. 66; trans. Tp. v. i. 45. riggish: wanton Ant. II. ii. 248.

right sb.1:

1 just or equitable treatment; phr. do (one) r., to do him justice, give him satisfaction Ado I. i. 254 [246] I will do myself the right to trust none, v. i. 152 Do me r., or I will protest your cowurdice, Tit. I. i. 203 Romans, do me right: Patricians, drawyour swords; with ref. to pledging a person by drinking to him 2H4v. iii. 74 Why, now you have done me right. 2 justifiable claim to have or to do something; in

(the) r. of, in support or by virtue of the claim of John II. i. 153 In r. of Arthur do I claim of thee, &c., 1H6 III. i. 149 this scroll . . . Which in the r. of Richard Plantagenet We do exhibit, Cor, 111, iii. 14 It shall be so, I the right and strength o' the commons.

3 the r., the straight road John I. i. 170 Something about, a little from the right.

right sb.2; erroneous old spelling of 'rite' MND. IV. right adj.: straight LLL. v. ii. 566 it [sc. your nose] stands too right.

right adv. (the sense 'very' is the most freq.) in a straight course or line; r. on, straight on Cass.
III. ii. 227, Compl. 26; fig. r. out, outright, completely Tp. IV. i. 101 And be a boy right out.

2 exactly, just Err. v. i. 358 here begins his morning story r., MND. iv. ii. 32 r. as it fell out, R3 i. iv. 251, Troil. i. iii. 170 'Tis Nestor r.; phr. r. now, just now 2H6 III, ii. 40,

properly John II. i. 139 an I catch your., III. i. 183, 3H6 I. iv. 160.

right-drawn: drawn in a just cause R2 I. i. 46. righteously: rightly AYL. 1. ii. 14. [r. judge. rightful: doing right, just Mer. V. 1v. i. 302 Most

right-hand file: aristocratic party Cor. II. i. 26. rightly: directly, straight R2 II. ii. 18 perspectives ... rightly gaz'd upon.

rigol(1: ring, circle 2H4 IV. v. 35 this golden r.(=the

crown), Lucr. 1745 About the mourning and con-gealed face, Of that black blood a watery r. goes.

The meaning is app. derived from the sense of groove running round a thing, which belongs to the variant forms 'rigal', 'riggal', 'riggle'. rim (old edd. rym(me): short for 'rim of the belly',

the lining membrane of the abdomen, the peritoneum H5 IV. iv. 15 I will fetch thy rim out at thy

rime, rimer: the only spellings (except occas, ryme) in old edd. of the words now usu. written 'rhyme', 'rhymer'.

ring: cracked within the ring, (of a coin) having the circle broken that surrounds the sovereign's head Ham. II. ii. 457 [448]. ring-carrier (S.): go-between All'sW. III. v. 92.

ring-time (S.): time for exchanging rings, as love-tokens AYL. v. iii. 21.

rinsing: in old edd. wrenching, still a widespread dial. pronunciation H8 1. i. 167.

rioter: reveller Tim. III. v. 69.

riotous: dissolute Tim. 11, ii. 169, Lr. 1. iv. 267.

ripe (various transf. and fig. uses): (of lips) red and full MND. III. ii. 139, Lr. IV. iii. 22; ready for birth R2 II. ii. 10; grown-up AYL. IV. iii. 89 α ripe sister(F1); requiring immediate satisfaction Mer. V. I. iii. 64 ripe wants; ready for use or possession MND. v. i. 42 how many sports are ripe (Q1), R3 m. vii. 157 the ripe recenue.

rivage: shore H5 III. Chor. 14.

rival sb.: partner, associate Ham. 1. i. 13 The rivals of my wutch.

rival vb.: to compete for Lr. 1, i. 194,

rivality: partnership, equality Ant. 111. v. 9. rive (pa.pple. only rived)

1 to cleave, split; trans. Troil. 1. iii. 316, Ces. 1. iii. 6; intr. Troil. 1. i. 37.

2 to burst 1H6 IV, ii, 29 To r, their dangerous artillery Upon . . . English Talbot.

rivelled: wrinkled Troil, v. i. 26 ( $Q_1$ ). rivo: exclamation (? of Spanish origin) used at drinking-bouts 1H4 II. iv. 126. road (2 very common 1500-1650; 4 not pre-S.)

1 journey on horseback H8 IV. ii. 17 At last, with easy

roads, he came to Leicester 2 hostile incursion, raid H5 1. ii. 138 the Scot, who

will make road upon us, Cor. III. i. 5.
roadstead Gent. I. i. 53, Mer. V. I. i. 19, Shr. II. i.
369 [377] lying in Marseilles' road.

4 highway AYL. II. iii. 33 enforce A thierish living on the common r., 1H4 II. i. 16 the most villanous house in all London r. for fleas, 2H4 II. ii. 183; fig. way, course Ado v. ii. 34 in the even r. of a blank verse, Mer. V. II. ix. 30 in the force and r. of cusually, Cor. v. i. 60 You know the very r. into his kindness; phr. Per. iv. v. 9 out of the road of rutling. roadway (not pre-S.): highway 2H4 II. ii. 65.

roar (orig. a different word from the 'roar' of lions, cannon, &c., but associated with it in modern times, esp. in echoes of the Hamlet passage)

1 confusion, tumult Tp. I. ii. 2 you have Put the wild

waters in this roar.

set on a r., provoke to a wild outburst of mirth Ham. v. i. 210.

rob: to cut off from the possibility of doing something R2 1. iii. 173 death, Which robs my tongue from breathing native breath.
robustious: violent, boisterous H5 m. vii. 164 r.

and rough coming on, Ham. 111. ii. 10 a r. periwig-

pated fellow.

rogue (1 orig. a canting term of the 16th cent.; the Dict. of the Canting Crew, 1700, defines ' Rogues as 'the fourth Order of Canters'; 3 common in

the 17th cent. dramatists)

1 one of a class of idle vagrants or vagabonds Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 107, Lr. IV. vii. 39 To hovel thee with

swine and r-s forlorn.

2 rascal (freq.); applied abusively to servants Shr. iv. i. 150 Out, you roque!.

3 term of endearment 2H4 II. iv. 232 you sweet little r., Lr. v. iii. 13, Oth. Iv. i. 112 Alas! poor r., I think . . . she loves me.

roguing: vagrant Per. IV. i. 96 roguing thieres. roguish: vagrant Lr. III. vii. 104 his r. madness. roisting: blustering, bullying Troil. II. ii. 208. roll sb. (2 not pre-Eliz.

1 list, register (fig.) 1H4 III. i. 43 in the r. of common men, Ant. v. ii. 180 ? the roll of conquest. 2 muster-roll 2H4 III. ii. 107. 3 master of the rolls, keeper of the rolls, patents,

and grants that pass the great seal, and of all records of the Court of Chancery H8 v. i. 35.

roll vb.: out of 13 exx. 9 refer to turning of the eyes in different directions.

romage (old form of 'rummage'): bustle, commo-

tion Ham. 1. i. 107 post-haste and romage.

Roman: (of handwriting) applied in Eliz. times to a variety of the sloping Italian hand Tw. N. III. iv. 32 the sweet R. hand; of the character of the ancient Roman alphabet Tit. v. i. 139 R. letters.

Rome: rhymes with words in -oom Lucr. 715, 1644; associated in word-play with room John III, i, 180 let it be That I have room with Rome to curse awhile.

Romish: of Rome, Roman, Cym. 1. vi. 152. This use was current from Eliz. times to 1800.

rondure: circle Sonn. xxi. 8. T. Cf. ROUNDURE. ronyon\* (not pre-S.): abusive term for a woman Wiv. iv. ii. 199 you baggage... you r. (Ff Runnion),

Mac. I. iii. 6 the runn-fed ronyon. [iv. 40. roof'd: under one's roof, in one's house Mac. III. rook: to squat, crouch 3H6 v. vi. 47 The raven rook'd her on the chinney's top. ¶ In general literary use from 13th cent. to Eliz. times, afterwards dial, in the form of 'ruck' (as in Golding, Gabriel Hauren) Harvey

rooky : full of rooks Mac. III. ii. 51 the r. wood.

room (give room, and simply room, make way)

1 place assigned to one Shr. III. ii. 253 let branca
take her sister's r., John III. iv. 93, R2 v. v. 108 Go thou and fill another r. in hell, 3H6 II. vi. 54, III. ii. 132, Sonn. lv. 10.

2 in their r.s. in their stead Ado I. i. 312 [304]. root sb.: the 'bottom' of the heart Gent. v. iv. 103 How oft hast thou with perjury cleft the root!, Troil. IV. iv. 54 my heart will be blown up by the root, Cor. II. i. 204 at very root on's heart, Ant. v. ii. 105 smites My very heart at root.

root vb. : to fix firmly by the root, implant deeply Gent. n. iv. 163 lest the base earth Should . . . Disdain to root the summer-swelling flower, Sonn. exlii.

11 Root pity in thy heart.

root vb.2: to dig up with the snout Tim. v. i. 170 Who, like a boar . . . doth root up His country's peace, Ven. 636 as he roots the mead. ¶ Later form of 'wroot', associated with Root vb, = uproot.

rope: halter Tp. I. i. 35 the rope of his destiny : as a derisive cry (attributed to parrots) 1H6 I. iii. 53

Winchester goose! I cry a rope! a rope!.
ropery: trickery, knavery Rom. 11. iv. 155.
¶ Used also by the dramatist Fletcher.

rope-trick: (?) punning or illiterate distortion of 'rhetoric' Shr. 1. ii. 113.

roping: hanging or flowing down like a rope or thread H5 III. v. 23 r. icicles, IV. ii. 48 The gum down-roping from their pale-dead eyes.

rose: cake of roses, preparation of rose-petals in the form of a cake, used as a perfume Rom. v. i. 47.

rosed: rosy Tit, n. iv. 24 thy rosed tips.

rosemary: used as an emblem at funerals and weddings Wint, v. iii, [iv., 174, Rom., II, iv., 221, 228, iv., v. 79, Ham. iv. v. 174 There's r., that's for remembrance; in decorating dishes Per. IV. vi. 165.

roted: learnt by rote Cor. III, ii. 55 (Ff roated). rother+: ox Tim. IV. iii. 12 It is the pasture lards

the rother's sides (Ff Brothers).

rotten: applied to unwholesome vapour, &c. Cor. II. iii. 35 r. dews, III. iii. 119 reek of the r. fens, Tim. vv. iii. 2 R. hamidity, Lucr. 778 v. damps, Sonn. xxxiv. 4 their [clouds] rotten smoke. rough-hew: to shape roughly Ham. v. ii. 11.

round sb. (1 an Eliz. use)

1 this mortal round, the earth Ven. 368.

2 circle, circlet Wiv. IV. iv. 52, Mac. I. v. 29 the golden round (= crown), IV. i. 88.

3 circular movement Compl. 109; circular dance MND. 11. i. 140, Mac. 1v. i. 130.

4 roundabout way MND. III. i. 112\*.

round adj. :

(of a sum of money) large, considerable Mcr. V. I. iii. 104, H8 v. iv. 86 round fines.

plain, straightforward Oth, I, iii, 90 a round

unvarnish'd tale.

plain-spoken, not mincing matters Tw.N. II. iii. 104, H5 IV. i. 219 Your reproof is something too r., Ham. III. i. 192, Lr. I. iv. 58 he answered me in the roundest manner, he would not,

round adv.: straightforwardly Ham. II. ii. 139.

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[a sleen. round vb.! (3 peculiar to S.)

1 to finish off Tp. Iv. 1.158 our little life Is r-ed with 2 to surround, encircle, encompass MND. IV. i. 57, All'sW. I. iii. 160, R2 III. ii. 161 the hollow crown That r-s the mortal temples of a king, R3 IV. i. 59.

3 to hem in Troil. I. iii. 196.

to become spherical Wint. II. i. 16; cf. roundwombed Lr. I. i. 14.

round vb.2: to whisper Wint. I. ii. 217, John II. i. 566 rounded in the eur.

roundel: round dance MND. II. ii, 1.

roundly:

1 completely, thoroughly 2H4 III. ii. 21.

2 plainly, outspokenly, unceremoniously Shr. I. ii. 59, III. ii. 217, &c.

3 without circumlocution or beating about the bush, straight AYL. v. iii. 12, 1H4 1. ii. 24, Troil. III. ii. 161. Ithy hend.

4 glibly R2 II. i. 122\* This tongue that runs sor. in roundure: circuit, enclosure John II. i. 259 the r. of your old-fac'd walls (Ff rounder; cf. wafter= wafture). • Cf. Rondure.

rouse sb. (prob. arose from phr. 'drink carouse', apprehended as 'drink a rouse')

1 full draught of liquor, bumper Ham. 1. ii. 127 the king's r., I. iv. 8 takes his r., Oth. II. iii. 68 they have given me a r. already—Good faith, a little one. 2 carouse, drinking-bout Ham. 11. i. 58.

rouse vb.:

1 to cause (an animal) to rise from his lair 1H4 I. iii. 198 To r. a lion, Tit. 11. ii. 21 I have doys . . . Will r. the proudest panther, Ven. 240; fig. R2 11. iii. 128 To r. his wrongs and chase them to the bay, 3H6 v.i.65.

2 to raise 2H4 IV. i. 118 Being mounted and both r-d in their seats; refl. H5 I. ii. 275, IV. iii. 43 Will stand a tip-toe. . . And r. him, Ant. v. ii. 286, Lucr. 541.

3 to rise up, stand on end Mac. v. v. 12.

intr. to wake up Mac. III. ii. 53 night's black agents

to their preys do rouse, rout (the sense of 'disorderly flight' is not pre-Eliz.) 1 disorderly or disreputable crowd 2H4 IV. i. 33, IV.

ii. 9 a rout of rebels, 1H6 IV. i. 173. 2 the (common) rout, the common herd, the rabble Err. III. i. 101 the common r., Shr. III. ii. 184 after me... the rout is coming, Cas. 1. ii. 78. 3 riot, uproar Oth. II. iii. 212.

row: (?) stanza Ham. II. ii. 447 [438] The first row of the pious chanson.

[royal sb.: gold coin value 10 shillings; only alluded to in puns All'sW. II. i. 75 (?), R2 v. v. 67, 1H4 I.

ii. 156, II. iv. 325; see FACE-ROYAL.]
royal adj. (the senses of 'belonging to, originating from, connected with, proceeding from a king or sovereign', 'of the rank of a sovereign' are freq.;

sometimes applied to dukes) 1 of or consisting of a sovereign or sovereigns John II. i. 347 add a r. number to the dead, H5 v. ii. 27

this...r. interview; also H8 I. iv. 86 Myr. choice (=choice of a king), Mac. I. iii. 56 r. hope (=prospect of kingship).
2 (devoted) to the king 2H4 rv. i. 193 our r. faiths,

H8 IV. i. 8 their royal minds.

3 performed by kings, John III. i. 235 this r. bargain; appointed by a sovereign H8 II. iv. 64 this r. session.

4 (of things) magnificent, splendid Tp. v. i. 237 Our r. . . . ship, Tw. N. 11. iii. 190 Sport r., H8 1. i. 42, 1v. i. 37 Ar, train, Tim. 11. vi. 56 R. cheer, Ant. 1v. viii. 35 which promises royal peril.

5 (of persons, their character, &c.) noble, majestic, generous, munificent AYL. IV. iii. 119 r. disposition, H5 IV. viii. 106 a r. fellowship of death, Cas. III. i. 127 Casar was mighty, bold, r., and loving, Lr. v. iii. 178.

6 powerful and wealthy as a king Mer. V. III. ii, 240 that royal merchant, IV. i. 29.

royalty (most of the foll. uses are obs.)

personality of a sovereign, royal person, (his, your) majesty Wint. I. ii. 15, John v. ii. 129, Ant. I. iii. 91, Cym. v. v. 39.

sovereignty (of a state) R3 III. iv. 40.

3 royal persons, royal family H5 v. ii. 5, Mac. Iv. iii. 155 the succeeding royalty.
4 kingly character Mac. III. 1. 50, Cym. Iv. ii. 178.

semblem of sovereignty, crown John IV. ii. 5, 1H4
IV. iii. 55, R3 v. iv. 17 [v. 4]; pl. prerogatives and
rights of a sovereign Tp. 1. ii. 110 temporal royalties, John 17. i. 176 dominations, royalties, and rights Of this oppressed boy; of a noble R2 11. i. 191.

roynish: scurvy, coarse AYL. II. ii. 8.

rub sb. (3 not pre-S.)

1 in bowls, an obstacle by which a bowl is hindered in or diverted from its proper course (fig.) R2 III.

2 obstacle (physical or otherwise) John III. iv. 128 each dust, each straw, each little rub, H5 II. ii. 188, Cor. III. i. 59 this . . . rub, luid . . . I' the plain way of his merit, Ham. III. i. 65 ay, there's the rub.

3 unevenness, inequality Mac. III. i. 134.

rub vb.: in bowls, to encounter an obstacle (allusively) LLL. IV. i. 143 challenge her to bowl.—I fear too much rubbing, Troil. III. ii. 50 r. on, and kiss the mistress.

rubious (S. coinage): ruby-coloured Tw. N. I. iv. 32. ruby: red pimple on the face Err. III. ii. 139. ruddock: robin Cym. IV. ii. 224 (Ff Ruddock(e).

rude: the chief senses are 'unlearned, ignorant'
LLL. v. i. 97, 'uncultured, unrefined 'Oth. I. iii.
81, 'uncivilized, barbarous' Cyn. III. vi. 65, 'unmannerly' LLL. v. ii. 432, MND. III. iii. 262, 'ungentle, violent, harsh, brutal' Gent. v. iv. 60, R2 y. v. 106, (of sea, wind) 'turbulent, rough' 2H4
III. i. 20, Lr. Iv. ii. 30, (of sounds) 'discordant,
larsh' Troil. I. i. 94, (of language) 'lacking polish
or elegance' John IV. ii. 150, Sonn. xxxii. 4, (of natural objects) 'rugged, rough' Tit. n. iii. 199 (rude-growing), Ant. I. iv. 64, 'strong or big but rough in form' John II. i. 262; with John v.vii. 27 that indigest Which he hath left so shapeless and so rude (= unformed) cf. Ovid's 'rudis indigestaque

rudely: with violence Cor. rv. v. 148, Lucr. 170; by violent or rough behaviour 1H4 III. ii. 32 Thy place in council thou hast rudely lost; under rough or harsh conditions Per, III. i. 30 thou art the rudeliest welcome to this world That...

rudeness: violence Troil. I. iii. 207 the great swing and r. of his poise, Compl. 104; roughness, coarseness Troil, 11, i. 58, Cym. IV. ii. 214 broques . . . rehose rudeness Answer'd my steps too loud.

rudesby: unmannerly fellow Shr. III. ii. 10, Tw. N. rv. i. 55.

rue: to have pity for Tit. 1. i. 105 rue the tears I shed. ruffian: (of the wind) to bluster Oth. II. i. 7.

ruffle sb.: ostentatious bustle or display Compl. 58 the ruffle knew Of court, of city.

ruffle vb. (1 a S. use) spirits. 1 to stir up to indignation Cas. III. ii. 232 r. up your

2 to swagger, bully Tit. г. і. 313. 3 (of wind) to bluster Lr. п. iv. 304 (Qq russel(l).

ruffling\*: (?) swaggering Shr. IV. iii. 60 To deck thy body with his ruffling treasure.

rugged: shaggy Mac. III. iv. 100 the r. . . . bear. rug-headed (S.): shock-headed R2 II. i. 157. ruinous: brought to ruin or decay Tim. IV. iii. 468

yond . . . ruinous man. rule (3 cf. NIGHT-RULE) 1 law R3 I. ii. 68 r-s of charity, Troil. v. ii. 138, Compl. 271 gainstr., gainst sense;—r.of(in) nature, natural law All'sW. 1. i. 150, H5 1. ii. 188, Oth. 1. iii. 101.

good order, discipline Mac. v. ii. 16 buckle his distemper d cause Within the belt of r.;—out of true r., in a state of disorder or revolt 1 H4 IV. iii. 39;—in such r., so far in order Mer.V. IV. i. 178.

3 conduct, behaviour Tw. N. II. iii. 133,

rummage (mod. edd.) : see ROMAGE.

rumour: talk or report (of a person) 1H6 II. iii. 7. rump-fed\*: (a) fed on offal, (b) fat-rumped, (c) fed on the best joints, pampered Mac. 1. iii. 6 the r. ronyon.

run: to ride on horseback rapidly 1H4 II. iv. 382 that runs o' horseback up a hill perpendicular; transf. Tp. 1. ii. 254 To run upon the sharp wind of the north.

runagate (later form of 'renegade')
1 deserter Cym. I. vi. 137 that runagate to your bed.
2 yagabond R3 IV. iv. 465, Rom. III. v. 90 that same

banished runagate, Cym. iv. ii. 62. runaway: vagabond, 'runagate' R3 v. iii. 317 vagabonds, rascals, and runaways, Rom. III. ii. 6\*. runner: fugitive Ant. IV. vii. 14.

rupture (2 if genuine, only S.)

1 breach Meas. III. i. 244.

2 (?) breaking of waves Per. 11. i. 167 all the r. of the sea (Rowe rapture+).

rush sb. (1 the custom of 'marrying' with a rush-

ring was formerly prevalent)

1 used for making a finger-ring All'sW. II. ii. 25.

2 as strewn on the floor, esp. for the reception of visitors, &c. Shr. IV. i. 48, 1H4 III. i. 214, 2H4 v. v. 1, Rom. I. iv. 36, Lucr. 318.

emblem of fragility AYL. 111. ii. 394, John IV. iii. 129, Cor. 1. iv. 18, Oth. v. ii. 269.

rush vb.: rush aside, to brush aside, or (?) elude Rom. III. iii. 26.

rush-candle: candle of feeble power made by dipping the pith of rush into tallow Shr. IV. v.14. rushle: early form of 'rustle' Wiy, II. ii. 70.

russel: app. misprint for RUFFLE Lr. 11. iv. 304. russet: homely, simple LLL. v. ii. 414 russet years.
¶ 'Russet' was a coarse homespun cloth.

russet-pated: grey-headed MND. III. ii. 21 russetputed choughs.

rust sb.: corruption Wint. III. ii. 172

rust vb.: to form rust (S.) 3H6 I. iii, 51. ruth: pity R2 III.iv.106, Cor.I.i.203, Sonn. cxxxii.4. ruthful: lamentable, piteous 3H6 11. v. 95, R3 iv. iii. 5 (Ff this piece of ruthfull Butchery, Qq<sub>12</sub> this ruthless piece of butchery), Tit. v. i. 66 villanies R. to hear.

rut-time: period of sexual excitement in deer

Wiv. v. v. 15. rutting: fornication Per. iv. v. 9. ruttish: lewd, lascivious All'sW. IV. iii. 243.

sa: repeated, accompanies or incites to sudden

action Lr. IV. vi. 208 Sa, sa, sa, sa. si. [Exit King running (Qq). ¶ Not uncommon in Eliz, drama, sable: adj, black Ham, II. ii. 483 [474] whose s, arm, Black as his purpose, Luer, 117 s. Night, Sonn. xii. 4 s. curls;—sb. black colour Ham, I. ii. 241

Il rus... A suble silver'd.

sables: fur of the sable, Mustela zibellina, worn on rich garments Ham.u.ii. 139° let the devil wear black, for I'll have a suit of s. (quibbling), IV.vii.80.

Eack sh.: general name for a class of white wines formerly imported from Spain and the Canaries Tw. N. II. iii. 209 I'll go burn some sack, 1H4 II. iv. 524 [516] If sack and sugar be a fault, God help the wicked!. ¶ See also sherris,

sack vb.: used loosely = to destroy Rom. III. iii. 106. sackbut: bass trumpet with a slide like that of a trombone for altering the pitch Cor. v. iv. 53. Sackerson: famous bear of the Paris-Garden in

Sackerson: famous bear of the Paris-Garden in Southwark, Wiv. I. i. 310.

sacrament: take or receive the s., a formula used as a strong oath or pledge to perform or maintain something, (hence) to swear, bind oneself All'SW. IV. iii. 157 I'll take the s. on't, R31, iv. 212 Thou dash receive the s. to fight..., V. iv. 31 [v. 18] as we have talen the s., We will unite the white rose and the red.

 sacred (1 properly = consecrated by religious rite)
 1 an epithet of royalty Err. v. i. 133 most s. duke,
 John III. i. 148 a s. king, Troil. IV. v. 133 thy mother, My s. aunt; so Sonn. vii. 4 his [the sun's] sacred majesty.

2 accursed Tit. n. i. 120 our empress, with her s. wit (prob. with quibble on sense 1).

sacrificial: having the character of sacrifice or worship offered to a god Tim. 1. i. 82 Rain s. whisperings in his ear.

sacrificing: attrib. = sacrificial Tit. 1. i. 144 s. fire. sacring bell: bell rung at the consecration of the elements at Mass, H8 III. ii. 296.

sad (1 formerly a very common sense)
1 grave, serious Gent. 1. iii. 1 sad talk, Ado 1. i. 191 a sad brow, II. i. 360, MND. IV. i. 101 in silence sud, Tw. N. III. iv. 21 I sent for thee upon a sad occasion, H5 IV. i. 321 the sud and solemn priests, Cas. I. ii. 216 That Cusar looks so sad.

2 morose, dismal-looking R2 v. v. 70 that sad dog

That brings me food.

sad-ey'd: grave-looking H5 1. ii. 202 The s. justice. sadly: gravely, seriously Ado II. iii. 240 [229], 2H4 v. ii. 125, Rom. I. i. 207 sadly tell me who.

sadness: seriousness 3H6 III. ii. 77 this merry inclination Accords not with the s. of my saut; usu. = phr. in (good) s., in all sericusness Wiv. 111. v. 128, Rom. 1. i. 205, Ven. 807.

safe adj. (1 not post-S.; 2 not pre-S.)
1 (mentally or morally) sound or sane Meas. I. i. 71 the man of s. discretion, Cor. 11. iii. 226 on a safer judgement, Cas. 1. i. 14 with a safe conscience, Lr. IV. vi. 82 The safer sense, Oth. IV. i. 280 Are his wits safe?, Cym. IV. ii. 131 in all sufe reason.

2 sure, trustworthy Oth. II. iii. 207 My blood begins

my sufer guides to rule.

safe vb. (only in Ant.): to make safe Ant. I. iii. 55 should safe my going; to conduct safely IV. vi. 26 best you saf'd the bringer Out of the host.

safe adv .: sufe toward, with a sure regard to Mac. I. iv. 27

safe-co'nducting: conducting safely R3 IV. iv. safeguard: protection, safety Meas. v. i. 420, Cor. 111. ii. 68; in s. of, for the defence or protection of 3H6 ii. ii. 18, R3 v. iii. 260; on s., on the strength of a guarantee of safe-conduct Cor. III, i. 9.

safely: in safe custody All'sW. IV. i. 99.
safety (3 syll. in Ham. I. iii. 21 Qq, where Ff read senetity; cf. Spenser, 'And of our sa'fetie' good hee'd to ta'ke')

1 means of safety, safeguard John IV. iii. 12, Mac. iv. iii. 30.

2 safe custody John IV. ii. 158, Rom. v. iii. 183. saffron: orange-red product of the Autumnal Crocus, Crocus sativus; used to colour pastry All'sW. IV. v. 2 (with allusion to the fashionable wearing of yellow), Wint. IV. ii. [lii.] 49.

sag: to droop, decline Mac. v. iii. 10. Sagittary: (2 cf. Centaur as the sign of an inn at

Ephesus in Err. 1, ii. 9)

1 the centaur who, according to mediaeval romance, fought in the Trojan army against the Greeks, Troil, v. v. 14,

2 (?) name of an inn Oth. r. i. 159 (Q 1 Sugitar, Qq 23

Ff Sagit(t)ary), iii, 115°

sail : collective sing. = ships, vessels John III. iv. 2 A whole armudo of convicted sail, Oth. 1. iii. 37; also pl. Ant. 11. vi. 24 Thou canst not fear us, Pompey, with thy sails, 111. vii. 49.

sail2: number (of vessels) sailing Per. 1. iv. 61 A [III. i. 88. portly sail of ships. sain: old pa. pple. of 'say' used for rhyme in LLL.

sainted:

1 become a saint in heaven Meas. 1. iv. 34 a thing ensky'd and sainted.

2 sanctified, holy Mac. rv. iii. 109.

3 befitting a saint, sacred All'sW. III. iv. 7 s. role.

sake: Meas iv. iii. 21 are . . . for the Lord's sake = are 'doing time'. ¶ 'For the Lord's sake' was the cry used by Ludgate prisoners when asking for alms, &c, at the grated window. [v. 73.

salad days: days of youthful inexperience Ant, 1. salamander: applied to a fiery-red face 1H4 III. iii. 53 I have maintained that s. of yours with fire (ref. to the belief that the salamander lived in fire).

sale: of s., (1) that is to be sold, vendible, venal LLL, iv. iii. 240 things of s., Per. iv. vi. 86 a creature of s.; (2) for the sale of a commodity Ham. II. i. 60 a house of s., Videlicet, a brothel.

sale-work: ready-made work, (hence) work not of

the best quality AYL. III. v. 43 the ordinary Of

nature's sale-work.

Salique: S. law, the alleged fundamental law of the French monarchy, by which females were excluded from the succession to the crown H5 I, ii. 91; S. land, = Latin 'terra Salica' (a term of which the meaning is disputed), alleged to mean France, H5 I. ii. 40 Which Salique land the French unjustly gloze To be the realm of France (cf. Hall's Chronicle, 'They say that Pharamond made the law for the land Salicque, which the glose calleth Fraunce ').

sallet : a prevalent Eliz. form of 'salad' 2H6 rv. x. 9; used as a type of (1) a mixture All'sW. IV. v. 18 she was the sweet-marjoram of the s.; (2) something tasty Ham. II. ii. 471 [462] no s-s in the lines

to make the matter saroury.

sallet2: in mediaeval armour, a light round head-

piece 2H6 IV. x. 13.

salt sb.: applied to tears from their bitter saline taste John v. vii. 45, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 93 drops of salt, Ham. I. ii. 154, Lr. Iv. vi. 200 a mun of salt (i. e. melting to tears).

salt adj. 1 (freq. epithet of the sea and tears)
1 living in the sea Wiv. 1. i. 22 the salt fish.
2 fig. bitter Troil 1. iii. 371 salt scorn.

salt adj.2: lecherous, wanton Meas. v. i. 402 Whose s. imagination, Tim. IV. iii. 85 thy s. hours, Oth. II. i. 246 his s. and most hidden loose affection, III. iii. 405, Ant. II. i. 21. ¶ Orig. 'to go assaut' = to be in heat.

in heat. [rogue, salt-butter: attrib. (?) = 'rank' Wiv. II. ii. 295 s. Saltier: blunder for 'Satyr' Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 336.

saltness: (?) 'rankness' 2H41. ii. 113.

salt rheum: irritating discharge of mucus from the nose, a running cold Err. 111. ii. 132, Oth. 111. iv. 52 I have a salt and sorry rheum offends me.

salt-sea: attrib. in Mac. IV. i. 24 the . . . s. shark. salutation (2 only S.; cf. salute)

1 used elliptically LLL. v. i. 38 Most military sir, s., AYL. v. iv. 39.

2 give s. to, to affect (S.) Sonn. cxxi. 6 Give s. to my sportive blood.

salute: to come in contact with John II, i, 590 When his fair angels would s. my palm; to affect or act upon H8 II. iii, 103 If this salute my blood a jot,

sample: example Cym. 1. i. 48 A s. to the youngest. sanctified:

1 consecrated, hallowed, holy All's W. I. i. 154 buried ... out of all s. lomit, Oth. III. iv. 125 every spirit sanctified, Compl. 233 a nun, Or sister sanctified. 2 sanctimonious AYL. II. iii. 13 s. and holy traitors,

Ham. I. iii. 130 sanctified and pious bandst.

sanctify (2 not post-S.)

1 to consecrate (a person) 2H4 IV. v. 113 drops of bulm to sanctify thy head.

2 to honour as holy, reverence All'sW. I. i. 110, III. iv. 11 His name with . . . ferrour sanctify.
3 to impart a blessing or virtue to, sanction All'sW. 1. iii. 253 his good receipt Shall . . . be sanctified By the luckiest stars in heuren; to give a sanctity to Troil, 111, ii. 190,

sanctimonious: sacred Tp. IV. i. 16.

sanctimony: holiness, sanctity All'sW. rv. iii. 59, Troil. v. ii. 137 If s. be the gods' delight; pl. sacred things Troil. v. ii. 136 if rows be sanctimones (Q). sanctuarize (not pre-S.): to afford sanctuary to Ham. IV. Vii. 127 No place . . . should murder s.

sanctuary: break s., to violate the right of a sanctuary R3 III, i. 47 You break not s, in seizing him; -s. men, children, those who have taken refuge in a privileged place of protection R3 III. i. 55, 56. sandal shoon: shoes Ham, IV. v. 26 (from an old

ballad).

sandblind: half-blind Mer. V. II. ii. 37.

sanded: of a sandy colour MND. iv. i. 126. sandy: s. hour-glass, sand-glass, hour-glass Mer.V.

I. i. 25; so sandy hour 1H6 IV. ii. 36. sanguine: red 1H4 II. iv. 272 (red-faced), 1H6 IV. i.

92, Tit. iv. ii. 98, Cym. v. v. 365. sans: without LLL. v. ii. 416 sans crack or flaw, AYL. II. vii. 166 Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste,

sans everything, Ham. III. iv. 79.

sap: juice, fluid (fig.) H8 1. i. 148 If with the sap of reason you would quench... the fire of pussion; —there's sap m..., there is life or promise in...

Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 578, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 191.

sarpego: see SERPIGO.

sarsenet, sarcenet: fine soft silk material; only attrib. Troil. v. i. 36 green s. flup for a sore eye; fig. = soft 1H4 un. i. 255 [thou] giv'st such s. surely for thy oaths.

satire: satirist Sonn. c. 11 [Muse] . . . be a s. to decay. satisfaction: in heavy s., in sorrowful acceptance of the truth All'sW. v. iii. 100.

Saturn: the most remote of the seven planets known to ancient astronomy, supposed to cause coldness, sluggishness and gloominess of temperament in those born under its influence Ado I. iii. 12, Tit. II. iii. 31; the same qualities were attributed to the ancient Italic god after whom the planet was named Cym, 11. v. 12, Sonn. xcviii. 4 heavy S. sauce (1 'pay sauce' was an old phr. = pay dearly.) 1 to make (a person) pay dearly Wiv. Iv. iii. 10 I'll make them pay; I'll sauce them.

to rebuke smartly AYL. III. v. 69 I'll s. her with bitter words.

saucer: dish used to receive the blood in bloodletting LLL. IV. iii. 98 A fever in your blood! why, then incision Would let her out in saucers.

saucy (in S.'s time often an epithet of more serious condemnation than at present with ref. to insolence or impertinence of behaviour)

1 highly-seasoned, piquant (fig.) Tw.N. III. iv. 161 there's vinegar and pepper in t [a letter].—Is't so

saucy?. 2 wanton, lascivious Meas. II. iv. 46 Their s. sweet-ness, All'sW. iv. iv. 23 s. trusting of the cozen'd thoughts Defiles the pitchy night, Cym. 1. vi. 151 A s, stranger in his court to mart As in a Romish stew.

- SCANT

3 (of a boat) rashly venturing, presumptuous Troil. 1. iii. 42 the saucy boat, Sonn. lxxx. 7

savage (not pre-S. in sense 'uncivilized').

1 wild, untamed Ado 1.i. 271 [263] the s. bull, Mer. V.

1. '78 unhandled colts ... Their s. eyes turn'd to
a modest gaze, AYL. 11. vi. 7 anything s. (= any wild animal).

2 (of demeanour, noise, &c.) wild, ungoverned Ado IV. i. 61 That rage in s. sensuality, Wint. III. iii. 55 A s. clamour, Troil. 11. iii. 136 the s. strangeness he

savagery: wild vegetation (S.) H5 v. ii. 47.

save vb. (1 in old edd. often 'save; 3 common 17th

cent. phrase) 1 s., short for God s. (which is freq.) Gent. I. i. 70, Lr.

II. i. 1 Save thee. 2 to spare (a person's life), allow to live 2H6 IV. vii. 123, Cæs, v. iii. 38, Lr. v. iii. 153, Cym. 11. iii. 76 makes the true man kill d and sares the thief.

3 s. (a person's) longing, to anticipate and so prevent

it Tim. I. i. 261.

save prep. and conj. (s. for = 'but for 'not pre-S.) 1 followed by a pronoun in the nominative Tw.N. III, i. 174 sure I alone, Cess. III. ii. 67, v. v. 69 sure only he; in the accusative Tim. Iv. iii. 509 all, sure thee, I fell with curses.

2 s. that, were it not that Sonn. lxvi. 14 Sure that,

to die, I leave my love alone.

saving prep. (2 see REVERENCE) 1 except John 1. 1. 201.

2 without prejudice or offence to, with all respect to Err. IV. i. 27 S. your merry humour, Shr. II. i. 71 S. your tale, H8 II. iii. 31 S. your mineing;—s. (your) manhood, 2H4 II. i. 31, H5 IV. viii. 34.

savour sb. (2 rare) 1 smell, perfume Tp. 11. ii. 55 the s. of tar, Shr. Ind. ii. 73 I smell sweet s-s, John IV. iii. 112 The uncleanly savours of a slaughter-house.

2 character, style Lr. I. iv. 260 much o' the s. Of other

your new pranks (Q3 favour).
savour vb. (2 savour of . . . occurs 5 times)

1 to have a particular smell Per. IV. vi. 121 The very doors and windows savour vilely.

2 fig. Tw.N. v. i. 124 s-s nobly, has a noble quality about it.

3 to care for, like Lr. IV. ii. 39 Filths s. but themselves. sawn: (?) = seen or sown Compl. 91.

say sb.1: cloth of fine texture resembling serge 2H6

iv. vii. 27 (punning). say sb.2: usu. taken as the aphetic form of 'assay and = smack, flavour, or proof, sample Lr. v. iii. 145 And that thy tongue some say of breeding breathes;

but F1 has (some say) in brackets.

 say vb.¹ (3 cf. the vulgar 'Now you're talking ')
 1 I have said, (i) I have finished speaking, I have spoken my mind John 11. i. 235 When I have said, make answer to us both, Ant. III, ii. 34; (ii) I have spoken decisively H8 v. i. 86 I have said. Begone; (iii) It is as I have said, That is so Mac. IV. iii. 213 My wife kill'd too ?- I have said, Ant. 1. ii. 60 ;-Fon have said, What you say is true Gent, II, iv. 29, Tw.N. III. i. 12, Oth. Iv. ii. 204, Ant. II, vi. 110;—
Say you?, What is that you say? Meas. v. i. 270, Ham. IV. v. 28, Oth. III. iv. 82, Cym. II. i. 28 (after an aside), IV. ii. 379;—How say you by . . . ?, What do say about (see BY I) Mer. V. I. ii. 57, Oth. I. iii. 17.

2 uses of the imperative, (i) to introduce a direct question Ham. I. i. 18, Lr. II. iv. 142; also Say so Troil. 11. i. 5; (ii) to introduce a supposition (very freq.) e.g. Tw.N. 1. iv. 23 Say I do speak with her,

my lord, what then?.

3 to speak to the point Ham. v. i. 28 (First Clown) Why, there thou sayest.

say vb.2: to try, assay Per. 1. i. 59.

'sblood: an oath (= 'God's blood') occurring several times in early Qq, but only once (H5 iv. viii. 9 'Sblud) in Ff, in which a mild expletive is sometimes substituted.

scab: 'scurvy' fellow Tw. N. H. v. 82, Troil. H. i. 31; cf. Ado H. iii. 106, Cor. I. i. 172, in which literal phraseology is used allusively. scaffolage: = next Troil. I. iii. 156.

scaffold: theatrical stage H5 I. Chor. 10. scald adj.: 'scurvy', mean H5 v. i. 5 s. . . . knave, Ant. v. ii. 214 scald rimers.

scald vb. (1 cf. scalding)

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1 intr. to get burning hot with the sun 2H4 IV. V. 30 Like a rich armour worn in heat of day, That scalds with safety [i.e. to the wearer].

2 pass, to be heated John v. vii. 49.

scalding: scorching 3H6 v. vii. 18 scalding heat.
scale sb.!: equal s., just balance Ham, I. ii. 13 Ine
equal s. reciping delight and dole. ¶ The pl. take
sing, concord in Rom. I. ii. 101 that crystal s-s (fig.

'eyes'). scale sb.2: pl. graduations Ant. 11. vii. 21 By certain

scales i' the pyramid.

scale vb.': to weigh as in scales, to compare, esti-mate Meas. III. i. 267\* the corrupt deputy [is] scaled, Cor. II. iii. 257.

scale vb.2: intr. to ascend Lucr. 440.

scaling: (?) scattering Troil. v. v. 22 like scaling sculls (Q; Ff scaled)

scall := scald adj. Wiv. III. i. 123.

scalp: crown of the head, skull Gent. IV. i. 36 the bure s. of Robin Hood's fut frier, MND, iv. i. 30 the this transformed s., R2 III, ii. 112, Lucr, 1413. scamble: to struggle indecorously or rapaciously

to obtain something, scramble John iv. iii. 146
To tug and scamble, H5 v. ii. 217.

scambling ppl.adj.: contentious, rapacious Ado v. i. 94. H5 1. i. 4.

scamels: not yet satisfactorily explained; seamels+ (Keightley) = sea-mews, i.e. sea-gulls Tp.
11. ii. 185 [176] I'll get thee Young s-s from the rock
(many conj.; Theobald stannels+, Dyce staniels+; see STANIEL).

scan (3 an Eliz. sense)
1 to estimate, judge Per. 11. ii. 56 s. The outward

habit by the inward man.

2 to examine, consider, or discuss Err. II. ii. 154, Mac. III. iv. 140 Which must be acted ere they may be scann'd, Oth. III. iii. 245 To scan this thing no further.

3 to interpret Ham. III. iii. 75\*. scandal sb.: disgraceful imputation Ham. II. i. 29 You must not put another's. on him, That he is open to mcontinency.

scandal vb.: to bring into disrepute Cym. III. iv. 62.

2 to defame Cor. III. i. 43 Scandall'd [them] ... call'd them Time-pleasers, Cas 1. ii, 76 fawn on men . . . And after scandal them.

scandalized: discredited, disgraced Gent. II. vii.

61; defamed 1H4 1. iii. 154.

scant adj.: chary Ham. 1. iii. 121 Be somewhat scunter of your maiden presence.

scant adv. : scarcely Rom. I, ii. 104.

scant vb.:

- to put (a person) off with a scanty supply, to stint Troil. IV. iv. 47 He. . . s-s us with a single famish'd
- 2 to reduce, diminish the amount of, cut down Lr. II. iv. 178 to s. my sizes, Ant. Iv. ii. 21 S. not my cups.
- to stint the supply of, refrain from giving, withhold Err. H. ii. 83, Mer. V. v. i. 141 Is. this breathing courtesy, H5 11. iv. 47 s-ing A little cloth, Lr. 1. i. 281 you have obedience s-ed, 11. iv. 142 to s. her duty.

4 to limit, restrict Mer.V. II. i. 17 had not s-ed me And hedg'd me by his wit, III. ii. 112.

5 to treat slightingly, neglect Oth. 1. iii. 269 your. . . great business scant.

scantle: piece 1H4 III. i. 101 And cuts me. . . a monstrous scantle out (Qq; Ff cantle, for which the Qq reading may be an error).

scantling: specimen, sample Troil. I. iii. 341. scantly: grudgingly Ant. III. iv. 6 Spoke s. of me. scape sb. (some mod. edd. 'scape)

escape Shr. v. ii. 3 To smile at s-s and perils overblown, Oth, 1, iii, 136 hair-breadth scape

2 transgression, esp. breach of chastity Mer.V. II. ii. 18I [174], Wint. III. iii. 72 A boy or a child, I nonder?... sure some s.,Lucr. 747 night's scapes. scape vb.: in various senses of 'escape'.

scarcity: penury Tp. IV. i. 116 S. and want shall shun iou; phr. in s. of, badly off for, ill-provided with Tim. 11, ii. 235 he was... in scarcity of friends. scarf sb. (2 a 17th cent. sense; 3 cf. scarfed)

1 military officer's sash Ado II. i. 200.

2 sling for a limb AYL. v. ii. 23.

[iii. 213. 3 streamer used for decking out a ship All'sW. II. scarf vb.

1 to blindfold Mac. III. ii. 47 Come, seeling night, S. up the tender eye of pitiful day. [ii. 13. 2 to wrap about one in the manner of a scarf Ham. v. scarfed: decked with streamers Mer. V. II. vi. 15\*

The scarfed bark. scarlet: clothed in scarlet (the cardinal's colour)

1H6 I. iii. 56 out, s. hypocrite!, H8 III. ii. 256 Thou scarlet sin (cf. CARDINAL). scarre: hitherto unexplained All'sW. IV. ii. 38

(many conj.).
scathe sb.: harm 2H6 II. iv. 62; phr. do s. John II.

i. 75, R3 1. iii. 317, Tit. v. i. 7.

scathe vb. (once): to injure Rom. 1.v. 88 (F<sub>1</sub>scath). scatheful: harmful Tw. N. v. i. 60 (F<sub>1</sub> scathfull). scatter'd: distracted Lr. III. i. 31 this s. kingdom ;

stray AYL. III. v. 104 loose now and then A s. smile. scray AYL. III. V. 104 tose now and then AS. Smeer. Scene: representation of a piece on the stage, dramatic performance, play or drama Wiv. IV. VI. 17 wherein fat Falstaff Hath a great s., AYL. II. VII. 188 the s. Wherein we play in, H5 I. Chor. 4 princes to act And monarchs to behold the swelling s., Rom. IV. iii. 19, Ham. II. ii. 427 [418] scene individable, 627 [619] the very cunning of the s. ¶ The most

freq. S. sense schedule (2 a 16th-17th cent. sense)

1 slip or scroll of paper containing writing LLL. 1. i. 18 those statutes That are recorded in this s. here. Mer. V. II. ix. 55, 2H4 IV. i. 168 this s. . . . contains our general grievances, Cæs. III. i. 3, Lucr. 1312 (a letter).

2 codicil Tw. N. I. v. 265\* (see LABEL vb.).

scholar: pupil Ant. IV. Xii. [xiv.] 102 Thy master dies thy s., Per. II. iii. 17 you're her labour'd s., II. v. 31, 39, IV. vi. 203.

scholarly: as befits a scholar Wiv. 1, iii, 2, school sb. (2 a sense once current in certain phrases,

e.g. 'men of school', 'degree of school', 'art of school')

1 set to s., to send to be taught, give instruction to 3H6 III. ii. 193 And set the murd rous Machiavel to s., Lr. II. iv. 68 We'll set thee to s. to an ant, Lucr.

1820 Now set thy long-experienc'd wit to school.
2 university AYL. 1. i. 6, Ham. 1. ii. 113,
3 the s-s, the (medical) faculty All'SW. 1. iii. 248.
4 schooling, learning LLL. v. ii. 71 wisdom's war-

rant and the help of school.

school sb.2: shoal (of fish) Troil v. v. 22 they fly or die, like scaled schools (Ff sculs) Before the belching whale; fig. large number, 'crowd' 2H4 IV. iii. 20 I have a whole s. of tongues in this belly of mine.

school vb. : to reprimand, lecture MND 1. i. 116, 1H4 III. i. 189; to discipline, control Mac. Iv. ii. 15.

schoolmaster: private tutor Tp. 1. ii, 172, Shr. 1, i. 94, &c., Cor. 1. iii. 61, Lr. 1. iv. 196, Ant. III. ix. [xi.]71. ¶ The mod, sense occurs only in LLL. IV. ii. 87, v. ii. 529, cience: knowledge Meas. I. i. 5, All's W. v. iii. 103,

scion: (old edd. sien, syen, seyen) shoot, twig (fig.) Oth. 1. iii. 337 lusts, whereof I take this that you call love to be a set or section; slip for grafting, graft Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 93 ne marry A gentler s. to the wildest stock, H5 III. v. 7.

Scogan: John Scoggin or Scogan, court fool to Edward IV, confused with Chaucer's friend Henry

Scogan in 2H4 III. ii. 33.

wrangle (with) Ado II. i. 251, Tim. IV. iii. 157, with phr. denoting the result H8 v. i. 175 s.-it out of him.

scolding: = chiding ppl. adj. Cæs. 1. iii. 5 s. winds. sconce sb. : jocular term for the head Err. 1. ii. 79, Cor. III. ii. 99 my unbarbed s., Ham. v. i. 108 knock him about the sconce.

sconce sb.2: small fort or earthwork H5 III. vi. 78; fig. defence Err. 11. ii. 37 I must get a s. for my head.

sconce vb.+ (Hanmer): refl. to entrench oneself (fig.) Ham. III. iv. 4 (old edd. silence).

scope (phr. give, have s. = give, have free play, liberty or opportunity)

1 end in view, object, aim R2 III. iii. 112 His coming hither hath no further s. Than..., 1H4 III. i. 170 He... curbs himself even of his natural s., Ham. III. ii. 231, Sonn. lxi. 8 me, The s. and tenour of thy

jealousy; phr. to s., to the purpose Tim. 1. i. 73. 2 licence Meas. 1. ii. 136 every s. by the immoderate use Turns to restraint.

3 s. of nature, 'circumstance within the limits of nature's operations, natural effect' (Aldis Wright) John III. iv. 154.

scorch: to slash with a knife Mac. III. ii. 13 We have scorch'd the snake, not kill'd it (Theobald scotch'd+). core sb. :

1 notch cut in a stick or tally used in keeping ac-

counts 2H6 rv. vii. 39.

2 account kept by means of tallies or marks on a door, &c.; on the s., in debt Shr. Ind. ii. 25 I am not fourteen pence on the score. score vb.: Oth. iv. i. 128\* scored me, (a) made my

reckoning, (b) branded me.

scorn sb. :

1 derisive utterance or gesture, taunt, insult LLL. v. ii. 873 if sickly ears . . . Will hear your idle s-s, 1H6 II. iv. 77, Ham. III. i. 70 bear the whips and s-s of time, Oth. 1v. i. 83 the gibes, and notable scorns.

2 object of mockery or contempt Err. iv. iv. 105 To make a loathsome abject s. of me, LLL. 1. i. 307, 1H6 IV. vi. 49 To be shame's scorn, Tit. 1. i. 265.

3 phr. take or think s. (with infin.), to regard as disgraceful, disdain, despise LLL. I. ii. 68 I think s. to sigh, AYL. IV. ii. 13, 1H6 IV. iv. 35 take foul s. to fawn on him, 2H6 IV. ii. 14; Cym. IV. iv. 53 thinks scorn (= despises everything else).

scorn vb. (1 and 2 are the orig. senses)

1 intr. to mock or jeer (at a person) LLL. IV. iii. 147 How will he scorn!, AYL. III. V. 131, John I. i.

228 why s-st thou at Sir Robert?, Rom. I. v. 61. 2 trans. to ridicule, mock, deride Err. IV. iv. 76 taunt, and s. me, Mer. V. III. i. 60 mocked at my gains, s-ed my nation, Cor. II. iii. 230, Cæs. I. ii. 205. scornful: regarded with scorn Lucr. 520 The s.

mark of every open eye.

scot and lot: used fig. to express paying a person out thoroughly 1H4 v. iv. 115 or that hot termagant Scot had paid me scot and lot too.

scotch sb.: cut, gash Ant. IV. vii. 10.

scotch vb.: to cut, score, gash Cor. IV. V. 198 he s-ed him and notched him like a carbonado. also scorch.

scour: to remove, get rid of 1H4 III. ii. 137 Which, wash'd away, shall s. my shame with it, H5 I. i. 34 s-ing faults. ¶ In H5 II. i. 60 If you grow foul with me... I will s. you with my rapier there is app. an allusion to a current sense of 'beat, punish'.

scouring: hurrying along Tim. v. ii. 15. [196.
scout vb.' (once): to keep a look-out Tw.N. III. iv.

scout vb.2 (once): to deride Tp. 111. ii. 133.

scrape: to erase (writing) with a knife Meas. I. ii. 9 scraped one [commandment] out of the table ; fig. Wiv.iv. ii. 234 to s. the figures out of your husband's brains.

scraping: saving, parsimonious R2 v. iii. 69. scribe: penman, writer Gent. 11. i. 150, Tit. 11. iv. 4.

scrimer (S.): fencer Ham. IV. vii. 100. scrip: piece of paper written upon MND. 1. ii. 3

according to the scrip.
scrippage (S. coinage): contents of a scrip (or shepherd's pouch); only in scrip and s., modelled

on bag and baggage in AYL. III. ii. 172. scripture: pl. writings Cym. III. iv. 83. scritch, scritch-owl: early forms of 'screech', 'screech-owl' MND. v. ii. 6 [i. 383] (Ff Q2).

scrivener:

professional scribe R3 III. vi. stage dir.

2 notary or drawer-up of contracts Shr. IV. iv. 59. scrowl: (?) a form of 'scrawl', to gesticulate, with a play on 'scroll', to write down Tit. II. iv. 5 See, how with signs and tokens she can scrowl.

scroyle (not pre-S.): scoundrel, wretch John 11. i.

373 these scroples of Angiers flout you.

scrubbed (not pre-S.): stunted Mer. V. v. i. 162.

scruble: make s. of, (1) to stick at Troil. iv. i. 56

Not making any s. of her soilure; (2) to hesitate to
believe or admit, to doubt 2H4 i. ii. 150 the wise may make some dram of a s., or . . . a s. ilself, Cym. v. v. 183 I . . . Made scruple of his praise.

scrupulous: cautious or hesitating in taking action Ant. 1. iii. 48.

scul(1): see school sb.2

scullion: domestic servant of the lowest rank who performed the menial duties of the kitchen 2H4 11. i. 67, Ham. 11. ii. 624 [616]. scuse: aphetic form of 'excuse', e.g. Mer. V. 1v. i.

scut: tail of a deer Wiv. v. v. 20.

scythe: to mow down (fig.) Compl. 12. [223. sdeath (once): an oath (='God's death') Cor. I. i. sea (the foll, are special uses)

1 used to typify water as one of the 'elements' Err.
11. i. 17, Ham. I. i. 153 Whether in sea or fire, in earth or air, Per. I. iv. 34.
2 pl. used = sing. freq.; occas, even for a definite stretch of water Mer.V. II. viii. 28 the narrow seas that part The French and English, Shr. 1. ii. 74 the

that part The French and English, Shr. I. II. 14 the swelling Adviatic seas.

3 phr. at the sea=at sea Per. I. iii. 29, v. iii. 47; to seas=to sea Per. II. Gower 27 (rhyme ease).

sea-bank: sea-shore Mer. V. v. i. II, 0th, vv. i. 136, sea-boy: ship's boy 2H4 III. i. 27 the vect sea-boy.

sea-cap: sailor's cap Tw.N. пп. iv. 367.
sea-coal: mineral coal (as distinguished from charcoal) Wiv. 1. iv. 9, 2H4 п. i. 98.

seal sb. :

1 something which authenticates, attests or confirms a covenant or undertaking, final addition which completes and secures Meas. IV. i. 7 my kisses... S-s of love, MND. III. ii. 144, H5 IV. i. 174, Troil. IV. iv. 122; pl. Ham. III. ii. 424 [417] To give them seals (=to confirm them by making words into deeds),

2 token, sign (of a thing) All'sW. I. iii, 140, Oth. II. iii, 353 All seals and symbols of redeemed sin, Lucr. 941.

seal vb. (s. one's lips, mouth are not pre-S.; also s. one's eyes, for which see also SEEL)

1 intr. to set one's scal (to something) Mer. V. I. iii. 153, Tw.N. II. v. 105, 1H4 III. i. 269, Ven. 512; s. under for, to become surety for Mer. V. I. ii. 88.

to bring to completion or conclusion Tim. v. iv. 54 till we Have s-d thy full desire, Ham. 1v. iii.59 s-d and done; absol. Ant. Iv. xii. [xiv.] 49 s. then, and all is done.

3 s. up, (i) to confirm fully 2H4 IV. v. 102 Thou hast seal d up my expectation; (ii) to complete 1H61. i. 130 the conquest fully. . s. d up; (iii) to make up (one's mind) finally AYL. IV. iii. 59.

sealed quarts: quart measures officially marked with a stamp as a guarantee of accurate size Shr.

Ind. ii. 90.

sea-like\*: (a) likely to keep the sea, (b) in sea-going trim Ant. III. xi. [xiii]. 171 [ships] fleet, threat ning most sea-like.

sealing-day: day of contract MND, 1. i. 84.
seal manual: app. alteration of the ordinary phr.
'sign manual' Ven. 516 Set thy s. on my wax-red
lips. ¶ Cf. MANUAL SEAL.

seam: fat, grease Troil. II. iii. 197 bastes his arrogance with his own seam. ¶ Cf. ENSEAMED.

sea-maid: mermaid Meas. III. ii. 117, MND. II. i. 154.

sea-mallt, -mel(1)t: sea-gull, sea-mew Tp. 11. ii. 185 [176] (Ff Scamels).

seamy (not pre-S.): the s. side without, the worst side outside Oth. IV. ii. 146.

sear sb. (Mac. v. iii, 23): see sere.

sear vb.:

to dry up, cause to wither, blight Cym. I. i. 116. to brand All's W. II. i. 176 my maiden's name Sear'd otherwise, Wint. II. i. 72 calumny will seur Virtue itself.

3 to burn, scorch 3H6 v. vi. 23, R3 IV. i. 60 s. me to the brain, Mac. IV. i. 113.

search sb.: search-party (S.) Oth, I. i. 159.

search vb. (1 now only used with 'out') 1 to seek for Cym. v. v. 11 He hath been search'd among the dead and living.

to probe (a wound) Gent. I. ii. 113, AYL. II. iv. 43, Tit. 11. iii. 262; absol. Troil. 11. ii. 16 the tent that searches To the bottom of the worst.

3 to penetrate (lit. and fig.) LLL. I, i. 85 the heaven's glorious sun, That will not be deep s-'d with suncy looks, Cas. v. iii. 42 with this good sword . . . s. this bosom.

searcher: official appointed to view dead bodies and report on the cause of death Rom, v. ii. 8.

searching: (of words) cutting, trenchant 2H6 III. ii. 311 bitter s. terms; (of wine) stirring or exciting the blood 2H4 11. iv. 30.

seared: withered, blighted Meas. 11. iv. 9 sear'd;

and tedious, Cym. II. iv. 6 sear'd hopes, Compl. 14 sear'd age.

sea-room: the open sea Per. III. i. 45.

sea-sick: weary of the sea Rom. v. iii. 118 thy s. weary bark.

season sb. (the sense of 'time ' is freq.)

1 of (the) s., in season Wiv. III. iii. 169 buck; and of the s. too, Meas. II. ii. 85 kill the fowl of s.;—of s., befitting the time of year, seasonable All'sW. v. iii, 32 a dayof s.;—to s., when opportunity presents itself Err. iv. ii. 58;—of such a s., of such an age Cym. III. iv. 175.

spell of bad weather Lr. III. iv. 32.

3 that which keeps things fresh (fig.), preservative, 'seasoning' Ado IV. i. 144 s. give To her foul-tainted flesh, Mac. III. iv. 141 the s. of all natures, sleep.

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- SEEMING

season vb. (5 a rare use)
1 to mature Tim. iv. iii. 85, Ham. 1. iii. 81 my blessing s. this in thee, III. ii. 221, iii. 86 fit and s-d for his

passuge.
2 to add salt to, as seasoning or a preservative; fig.
to give a spice, relish, or zest to Troil. I. ii. 276 the
spice and salt that s. a man, Cym. I. vi. 9 those...
that have their honest vills, Which s-s comfort; said
of the effect of tears All'sW. I. i. 56, Rom. II. iii.
2 Lives 2006.

72, Lucr. 796. 3 to give a pleasing 'savour' Mer.V. v. i. 107, R3 III.
4 to temper, quality Mer.V. iv. i. 197 When mercy
s-sjustice, Ham. i. ii, 192 S. your admiration, II.i.28.

5 to gratify (the palate) Mer. V. IV. i. 97. [iii. 63". seasoned: (a) matured, (b) made palatable Cor. 111. seat sb. (the sense of 'throne' is freq. in the historical plays, e.g. R2 III. ii. 119)

1 estate Mer. V. I. i. 172, 1H4 v. i. 45, H5 III. v. 47,

Cym. v. iv. 60. Seat.

2 situation, site Mac. I. vi. 1 This castle hath a pleasant seat vb.: to settle H5 I. ii. 62.

seated (1 in the historical plays)
1 on the throne 3H6 III. i. 96, R3 IV. ii. 4.
2 firmly fixed Mac. I. iii. 136 my seated heart.
3 situated Lucr. 1144 seated from the way.

second sb. :

1 supporter Tp. III. iii. 103, Cor. I. iv. 43, viii. 16, Lr. IV. vi. 199 No s-s? All myself?, Cym. v. iii. 90; (of a thing) Ham. IV. vii. 153. [cxxv. 11\*. 2 pl. (a) inferior matter, (b) inferior rivals Sonn.

second adj. (2 is peculiar to S.)

1 secondary, subordinate 1H41. iii. 165 base s. means,
2H4 v. ii. 90, Troil. 11. iii. 150.

2 lending support Wint. II. iii. 27 be second to me.

second vb.: to follow up Cym. v. i. 14.
secondary: subordinate Meas. 1. i. 46 thy s., John
v. ii. 80 To be a secondary at control.

secret sb.: marks of s., secret marks Cym. v. v. 207. secret adj. (Lr. III. i. 32 have s. feet In = have landed secretly at)

1 belonging peculiarly to oneself, private Tw. N. I. iv 14 my s. soul, R3 III. v. 27 her s. thoughts, Ham, II.

ii. 243 the secret parts.

2 mysterious, occult Tp. 1. ii. 77 rapt in 8. studies, 3H6 rv. vi. 68 s. powers, Mac. rv. i. 48 s., black, and midnight hags, Sonn. xv. 4 the stars in s. influence.

3 keeping counsel, not revealing secrets Gent. III. i. 60, Ado i. i. 220 [212] s. as a dumb man, Cæs. II. i. 125 what other bond Than secret Romans . . .? .

4 s. to, having the confidence of (a person), in close intimacy with Shr. I. i. 157 That art to me as s. and as dear . . . , Rom. 1. i. 154 to himself so s. and so close

sect (in Oth. I. iii. 337? a misprint for sett: see set sb. 4)

1 party, faction Tim. III. v. 30 sects and factions, Lr.

v. iii. 18 packs and sects of great ones.
2 class (of people), rank Meas. 11. ii. 5 All sects, all ages; (?) in Ham. I. iii. 26 (Ff) in his peculiar Sect and force (Qq particular act and place); app. with ref. to sex 2H4 II. iv. 40 So is all her sect.

sectary: s. astronomical, student of astrology Lr. 1. ii. 169.

**secure** adj. (1 as freq. as the sense 'safe'; s. of = safe from Tit. II. i. 3; stressed like ENTIRE)

1 free from care or apprehension, confident, overconfident, unsuspicious Wiv. II. i. 240 Though Page be a s. fool, R2 v. iii. 43 secu're, foolkardy king, Ham, I. v. 61 Upon my se'cure hour thy uncle stole, Oth. III. iii, 198 not jealous nor secu're, IV. i. 72 To lip a wanton in a se'cure couch.

2 safe from doing harm 1H6 I. iv. 49 In iron walls

they deem'd me not secure.

3 as adv. 1H4 I. ii. 144 we may do it as s. as sleep.

secure vb.:

1 to give confidence or a sense of safety to, make careless Tim. II. ii, 186 S. thy heart, Lr. IV. i. 20 Our means s. us; refl. Oth. I. iii. 10 I do not so s. me in the error.

to make safe, guard Tp. 11. i. 318 [310], 2H6 v. ii. 76, Ham. 1. v. 113, Cym. 1v. iv. 8.

securely: confidently, without apprehension or suspicion of evil Wiv. 11. ii. 257, John 11. i. 374 stand s. on their battlements, Troil. Iv. v. 73 s. done, Tit. III. i. 3 whilst you securely slept.

security: consciousness of safety, confidence, want of caution R2 III. ii. 34, H5 II. ii. 44, Cas. II. iii. 8 s. gives way to conspiracy, Mac. III. v. 32 s. Is

mortals' chiefest enemy.

sedg'd: made of sedges Tp. IV. i. 129 sedg'd crowns.
see sb.: the See, Rome, Meas. III. ii. 238.

see vb. (in sense 3 also with various constr.:-object and adj. 1H6 ii.v. 121, 2H6 ii. iii. 54, object and pple. Mer. V. ii. ii. 126, 170, clause Gent. i. ii. 44, MND. iii. ii. 98)

see away, spend in seeing H8 Prol. 12.

2 in reciprocal sense = see each other, meet H8 1. i. 2 Since last we saw in France, Troil. IV. iv. 57

When shall we see again?, Cym. 1. i. 124.
3 to attend to, provide for, 'see to 'Shr. 1. ii. 150
see that at any hand, R2 II. i. 218 To see this business, Ant. v. ii. 366 see High order in this great solemnity.

4 s. for, to look out for Rom. v. i, 35 Let's see for

means, Oth. 11. i. 95 See for the news!

seeded: arrived at maturity like a plant that has done flowering and is ready to sow itself Troil. I. iii. 316 the s. pride That hath to this maturity blown up, Lucr. 603 How will thy shame be s. in thine

seedness (once): sowing with seed Meas. r. iv. 42.

seedsman: sower of seed Ant. II, vii. 24.

seeing: 1 faculty of sight LLL. IV. iii. 333 It adds a precious

seeing to the eye.

2 appearance Sonn, lxvii. 6 And steal dead s, of his living hue?.

seek: s.through, to seek out, follow up Cym. rv.ii. 160; s. to, to approach in the way of appeal Lucr. 293, seeking: suit, petition Cor. 1. i. 194 What's their s.?.

seel: in falconry, to close up a hawk's eyes when it is taken by drawing the upper eyelids down with a needle and thread which is fastened under the beak; fig. to blind Mac, 111. ii. 46 s-ing night, Oth. 1. iii. 271 (Qq foyles), 111. iii. 210 To s. her father's eyes up close as oak (Ff 12 seele, Qq Ff 24 seale), Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 112. ¶ Liable to confusion with SEAL vb.

seely: = SILLY 1, R2 v.v. 25 (Qq 1-4), Lucr. 1812. seeming vbl. sb. (1 the commonest use)

1 outward form, appearance, or show Wint. IV. iii. Iti. 175 these keep S. and savour all the winter long, H8 II. iv. 106 in full s. (=to all appearance), Troil. I. iii. 157, Ham. III. ii. 92, Cym. v. v. 65 thought her like her seeming.

2 false appearance or show, hypocrisy Meas. II. iv. 151, Ado IV. i. 56 Out on thee! Seeming!, Lr. III. ii. 56 covert and convenient s., Oth. III. iii. 209.

3 probability Cym. v. v. 453 This hath some seeming. seeming ppl. adj. (1 the commonest use)

1 that is so in appearance, apparent Mer.V. III. ii. 100 The seeming truth, 1H4 v. ii. 34 There is no s. mercy in the king (= no mercy even in appearance), Ant. it. ii. 217 A seeming mermaid.

2 specious Wiv. III. ii. 44 the so s. Mistress Page. 3 as adv. seemingly Ham. I. v. 46 s.-virtuous, Compl. 327 all that borrow'd motion s. ow'd (=apparently possessed by him); becomingly AYL. v. iv. 72.

-SEPARABLE

seen: well seen, versed or skilled in Shr. 1. ii. 136. seethe (see also son, sodden)
1 to boil Tim. IV. iii. 436.

2 to be in hot haste Troil. III. i. 44. seething: boiling hot Sonn. cliii. 7 a s. bath; fig. MND. v. i. 4 seething brains (cf. Boiled).

segregation: dispersal Oth. II. i. 10.

seized of: possessed of Ham. I. i. 89 (Ff on).

seizure: grasp, clasp John III. i. 241, Troil. I. i. 59 her hand . . . to whose soft seizure.

seld: seldom Troil. IV. v. 149 As s. I have the chance,

Cor. II. i. 232 seld-shown flamens.

seldom adv.: s. but = it is seldom that . . . not, usually Per. iv. ii. 133; s. when = seldom that Meas. IV. ii. 59, 2H4 IV. iv. 79.

self (2 only with demonstratives the, this, that)

1 of or belonging to oneself, one's own Mac. v. vii. 99 [viii. 70] s. and violent hands; cf. R2 III. ii. 166 s. and vain conceit (app. = vain self-conceit), and Mac. III. iv. 142 My strange and self-abuse (see self- 2).

2 same, selfsame Mer.V. I. i. 149 that s. way, 3H6 III. i. 11 In this s. place, Phoen. 38 That the s. was

not the same.

3 one s., one and the same Tw.N. I. i. 39 one s. king (Ff234 selfsame), Lr. IV. iii. 36.

self- (in compounds):

1 in attrib. relation = one's own, occas. one's very self-affairs MND. I. i. 113, -bounty ) = inherent or natural goodness) Oth. III. iii. 200, -breath (= one's own words) Troil. II. iii. 184, -danger Cym. III. iv. 149, -example (= one's own precedent) Sonn. exlii. 14, -mettle H8 1. i. 134, -offences Meas. 111. ii.

288 [280], -will Lucr. 707.

2 in objective relation, usu. = of oneself self-abuse in objective relation, usu.=of oneself self-abuse (=self-deception, see Abuse sb. 2) Mac, III. iv. 142, -admission (=self-approbation), Troil. II. iii. 178, -affrighted R2 III. ii. 53, -charity (=self-love) Oth. II. iii. 204, -comparison Mac, I. ii. 56, -explication Cym. III. iv. 8, -glorious (=boasting of oneself) H5 v. Chor. 20, -harming Err. II. i. 102, R2 II. ii. 3 (Qq<sub>12</sub> lyfe-harming), -love H5 II. iv. 74, Lucr. 266, -loring Cor. IV. vi. 32, Ven. 752, -neglecting H5 II. iv. 75, -reproving Lr. v. i. 4, -slaughter Ham, I. ii. 132, -trust Lucr. 158, -wrong Err. III. ii. 169. ii. 169.

3 in adverbial relation; (i) denoting the agent self-doing (=committed by oneself) Sonn. lviii. 12, -figur'd Суш. п. iii. 124, -kill'd Sonn. vi. 4, -mis-Just a Cym. II. III. 123, -Rat a Solin, VI. 3, -austras d R3 IV. iv. 377, -slaughter'd Luct. 1733, -subdu'd Lr. II, ii. 129; (ii) to oneself self-affected Troil. II. iii. 253, -apply Compl. 76, -endeur'd Ado III. 1. 56, -gracious All'sW. IV. V. 79; (iii) self-born\*= 'indigenous, home-sprung', Clark and Wright, R2 II. iii. 80 (but some edd. -borne).

4 miscellaneous:—self-covered\* (=having the real self concealed) Lr. iv. ii. 62, -drawing (=drawn out of itself) H8 i. i. 63, -substantial (=consisting of thine own self) Sonn. i. 6, -unable (=impotent

of one's own self) All'sW. III. i. 13.

self-born: (1) R2 II. iii. 80, see SELF-3; (2) reading of F<sub>1</sub> in Wint. IV. Chor. [i.] 8 in one s. hour; but perhaps two words (cf. self 3); in any case the meaning is 'one and the self-same hour'.

**sell** (the orig. meaning is 'to give')

1 s. one's *life*, die Mer. V. H. vii. 67, 3H6 v. i. 74. s. (a thing) from (oneself) = to lose it John III. i. 167, Cor. I. iii. 9.

semblable: adj. similar 2H4 v. i. 72, Ant. III. iv. 3; sb. (one's) like Tim. rv. iii. 22, Ham. v. ii. 125.

semblably: similarly 1H4 v. iii. 21 semblative (S.): like, resembling Tw.N. I. iv. 34 all is semblative a woman's part.

semi-circled farthingale: a petticeat, the hoop

of which did not come round in front Wiv. III. iii. 68.

send: to send acknowledgement of allegiance to Ant. v. ii. 29 I send him The greatness he has got.

Seneca: Roman tragedian (died A.D. 65) Ham. II. ii. 428 [419]. seniory: seniority R3 IV. iv. 36 (old edd. sign-). sennet (only in stage dir.): set of notes played on a trumpet as a signal for the approach and departure of processions 2H6 III. i, H8 II. iv, Cor. II. i, Mac. III. i, Lr. I. i

sennight: week AYL. III. ii. 337, Mac. I. iii. 22 (Ff Sew'nights), Oth. II. i. 77. Senoys: Sienese All'sW. I. ii. 1.

sense (used as a pl. without inflexion in Mac. v. i. 28 Ff their s. are shut, Sonn. cxii. 10; the meanings 'physical perception or feeling', 'mental perception, or apprehension', 'understanding', 'feeling, sensibility', 'reason, reasonableness', 'meaning, import' are the chief; for common s. see common adj. 5)

1 mental faculty, mind Tw.N. IV. i. 66, Oth. III. iii. 375 have you a soul or s. ?, Cym. II. ii. 11 man's

o'erlabour'd sense Repairs itself by rest.

2 (one's) sensual nature, sexual desire Meas. I. iv. 59 The wanton stings and motions of the s., II. ii. 169, Per. v. iii. 30 my sanctity Will to my s. bend no licentious ear.

3 phr. in all s., in all reason Mer. V. v. i. 136; in no s., in no respect Shr. v. ii. 142; to the s., to

the quick Oth. v. i. 11.

senseless (2 the commonest sense)

1 having no sense (viz. of hearing), inattentive Cyn. II. iii. 58°; s. of, insensible to AYL, II. vii. 55 s. of the bob, Cym, I. i. 135 s. of your wrath; (?) regard-less Tim. II. ii. 1 senseless of expense.

2 having no sensation, inanimate Cæs. 1. i. 39 you worse than s. things, Ven. 211 cold and s. stone; R2 III. ii. 23 my s. conjuration (= conjuring of an in-

animate thing).

sensible (meaning 'full of good sense' occurs) 1 capable of physical feeling or perception, endowed

with sensibility, sensitive Tp. 11, i. 181 [174] s. and nimble lungs, Meas. 111, i. 118, Err. 1v. iv. 26 s. in nothing but blows, LLL. 1v. ii. 28, MND. v. i. 184 The wall, . . . being s., Cor. I. iii. 95 s. as your finger; const. of 1H4 v. iv. 94, Cas. I. iii. 18.

involving the use of one of the senses Ham. I. i. 57 the sensible and true arouch Of mine own eyes

3 capable of or exhibiting emotion, 'feeling' Mer. V II. viii. 48 with affection wondrous s., Ham. IV. v. 149 I... am most s, in grief for it (Ff), Lucr. 1678 My woe too s.; const. of John III. iv. 53 s. of grief.
4 rational Oth. II. iii. 311 To be now a s. man... and

presently a beast.

capable of being perceived (by a sense) Mac. II. i. 36's. To feeling as to sight; tangible, palpable, substantial Mer. V. 11. ix. 89 s. regreets, To wit . . . Gifts of rich value.

sensibly:

as a creature endowed with feeling Cor. 1. iv. 53, Tit. Iv. ii. 123.

feelingly, with emotion LLL. III. i. 119, Ham. IV.

v. 149 (Qq 23; Ff sensible).

sentence: sententious saying, maxim Ado II. iii. 260 quips and s-s, Mer. V. I. ii. 11 Good s-s and well pronounced, Oth. I. iii. 199, Lucr. 244 Who fears as., or an old man's saw.

sententious: expressing much in few words, pithy LLL. v. i. 3 your reasons . . . have been sharp and s., AYL. v. iv. 66 he is very swift and s. ¶ In Rom. n. iv. 227 app. a blunder for 'sentences'.

sentinel vb. (once): to guard Lucr. 942. separable (once): causing separation Sonn. xxxvi. Septentrion (once): north 3H6 I. iv. 136.

sequel: in s., in due succession H5 v. ii. 361 His daughter first, and then in sequel all.

sequence: in s., one after the other Tit. IV. i. 37 Why lifts she up her arms in s. thus?; Tim. v. i. 213 in the s. of degree, according to their status. sequent sb. (pedantic) : follower LLL. IV. ii. 145.

sequent adi.

1 consequent Meas. v. i. 374, Lr. I. ii. 118; s. to, consequent upon All's W. II. ii. 60, Ham. v. ii. 54. 2 following one upon another Oth. I. ii. 41 a dozen

sequent messengers. se'quester sb. (S.): seclusion, separation Oth. III. iv.

41 A sequester from liberty.

sequester vb.: to separate AYL. II. i. 33 a poor s-'d stug, Troil. III. iii. 8, Tit. II. iii. 75. sequestration: separation, seclusion H5 1. i. 58 s.

From open haunts, 1H6 II. v. 25, Oth. I. iii. 351. sere sb.: part of a gun-lock which keeps the hammer

at full or half cock; only in fig. plur. tickle o' the s., ready to 'go off' at any time, yielding easily to any impulse Ham. II. ii. 347 [337]. sere adj.: dry, withered Err. IV. ii. 19 crooked, old and s.;—sb. withered state Mac. v. iii. 23 fall'n into the s., the yellow leaf (mod. edd. sear, after F1 Seare).

sergeant: sheriff's officer Err. IV. ii. 56, H8 I. i. 198, Ham. v. ii. 350 this fell s., death, Is strict in

his arrest.

serpent: s's tongue, hissing MND. v. ii. 64 [i. 430].
serpigo (F1 Sapego, Suppeago, Ff234 Sarpego, F3
Serpego): skin eruption Meas. III. i. 31, Troil. II. iii. 82 [to others.

servanted: subject Cor. v. ii. 89 My affairs Are s. serve (1 the corresponding trans. sense with a personal object is freq., esp. of the fitting of clothes, e. g. Gent. IV. iv. 169, and in the phr. serve one's

1 to be sufficient, avail, 'do' Ado I. i. 328 [320] what

will s. is fit, 2H4 v. i. 7 no excuse shall s., R3 i. iv. 279 (Ff do), Rom. III. i. 102 'tis enough, 'tuill serve. 2 (chiefly of time) to afford an opportunity, be opportune or favourable Ado III. ii. 84 Lf your leisure s-d, H5 II. i. 6 when time shall s., 3H6 III. iii. 236 as occusion s-s, Cæs. IV. iii. 222; also trans. to favour with opportunity, be at the disposal of Mer. V. II. ii. 1, Shr. I. i. 38 as you find your stomach s-s you, 3H6 IV. vii. 78, Rom. IV. i. 39 My leisure serves me . . . now.

3 to provide for, satisfy the calls or needs of AYL. II. vii. 89 till necessity be s-'d, Shr. I. i. 15 to s. all hopes, Cæs. III. i. 8 What touches us. . . shall be last s-'d, (hence) to fulfil All'sW. II. i. 205, 2H4 v.

i. 15 those precepts cannot be served.
service: all that was laid upon a table in preparation for a meal (cloth, bread, salt, &c.) Mac. 1. vii. stage dir.; order of dishes at a meal Ham. 1v.

iii. 25 variable service.

serviceable: active or diligent in service Shr. 1.
i. 218, Lr. 1v. vi. 258 a s. villain, Cym. 111. ii. 15; expressing readiness to serve Gent.III.ii.70 s.vows.

servile: subject to Ven. 112.

serving: in their s., using them Cym. III. iv. 173. sessa: interj. of doubtful import Shr. Ind. i. 6 let the world slide, S.!, Lr. III. iv. 101 sesset, let him trot by (Ff Ses(s)ey, Qq 23 ceas(e), III. vi. 77 (Ff sese). session: sitting of a court of justice, judicial pro-

ceedings Wint. II. iii. 201 Summon a s., H8 II. iv. 64 It's fit this royal s, do proceed, Oth. I. ii. 86 fit time Of law and course of direct s., III. iii. 140 in s. sit (Ff Sessions); fig. Sonn. xxx. 1 the s-s of sweet silent thought.

set sb. (3 always in fig. context; 4 cf. mod. midl.

dial .= 'bedding-out plant')

1 sunset H5 IV. i. 292 from the rise to set; cf. R3 v. iii. 19, Mac. 1. i. 5. [136. a double set, two rounds (of the clock) Oth. 11. iii.

3 definite number of games (of tennis, cards) LLL. v. ii, 29 a set of wit well play'd, John v. ii. 107, H51. ii. 262, Tit. v. i. 100 As sure a card as ever won

4 sucker, shoot Oth, I, iii, 337 a set+or scion (see set vb. (used in many connexions where 'place' or 'put' is now idiomatic)

1 pass. to sit Gent. 11. i. 95 I stand affected to her. I would you were set, H8 III. i. 73 I was set at work, Cor. IV. v. 204, Ven. 18 being set; also refl. LLL. Iv. iii. 4 set thee doven; mixed constr. 3H6 IV. iii. 2 The King . . . is set him down.

2 to add or impart (something) to, bestow on John IV. iii. 71 Till I have set a glory to this hand, Tim. I. ii. 154 Set a fair fushion on our entertainment, Ven. 935 his breath and beauty set Gloss on the rose,

smell to the violet.

3 to place (one thing) in opposition to another MND. II. i. 93 Will you set your wit to a fool's?.
4 to close John v. vii. 51 to set mine eye.

pass. (of the eyes) to be dimmed by drink Tp. III. ii. 10, Tw.N. v. i. 207 his eyes were set at eight i' the morning (app. with a ref. to the rule of setting eight semibreves to one strain of a pavan:

see Passy-measures).

6 to stake 1 H4 IV. i. 46 To set . . . All at one cast, R3 v. iv. 9, Troil. Prol. 22 expectation . . . sets all on hazard, Ces. v. i. 75, Lr. I. iv. 137 Set less than thou throwest; also intr. R2 IV. i. 57 Who sets me

else? (fig. = Who challenges me?)

7 to compose music Gent. I. ii, 78 Gire me a note: your ladyship can set (taken up quibblingly in sense 8); also trans. to fit (words) to music (fig.) Tp. 1. ii. 84 set all hearts . . . To what tune pleas d his ear.

8 (with adverbial expressions) to regard, esteem
By r iii 293 macks at it and sets it light, Rom. v. iii. 301 at such rate be set, Ham. 1. iv. 65 set my life at a pin's fee, Iv. iii, 65 coldly set Our sovereign process, Sonn. lxxxviii. 1.

pass. to have gone forth or set out H5 11. Chor. 34 The king is set from London.

10 phrases:—set...clear, place in an innocent light Tim. III. iii. 31; set one's countenance, put on a set or serious expression Shr. IV. iv. 18; set a form upon, give a good appearance to Sonn. lxxxix. ; set a match, make an appointment. spec. with or; set a match, make an appointment, spec. with ref. to planning a highway robbery IH4. ii. 118; set upon the head of, make responsible for Tim. III. v. 27° (but see HEAD sb. 5); so set of his head, not laid to his charge IH4 v. i. 88; set to humself, wrapped up in himself Tim. v. i. 122; set on the proof, put to the proof Tim. I. ii. 167; set spurs, 'clap' spurs to one's horse Wiv. Iv. v. 70.

set against, make an attack upon MND. III. ii. 146; set apart, discard John III. i. 159 all reverence set apart To him, and his usurp'd authority; set by, (1) put on one side Ham. v. ii. 298; (2) not to dwell upon, pass over Meas. v. i. 93 to set the needless process by, How...; set down, (1) set down the pegs, lower the pitch of the strings of a musical instrument Oth. II. i. 203 I'll set down the pegs that make this music; (2) appoint or fix a time for R2 iv. i. 319 On Wednesday next we solemnly set down Our coronation, R3 111. iv. 42 We have not yet set down this day of triumph; (3) determine upon, settle 1H4 1. iii. 274 ruminated, plotted and set down, Cor. IV. v. 144 set down . . . thine own ways, Ham. III. i. 178; (4) be encamped Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 168 Cæsar sets down in Alexandria; set

down before, lay siege to, besiege All'sW. I. i. 131, Cor. I. ii. 28, v. iii. 2, Mac. v. iv. 11; set forth, (1) exhibit, show Mac. I. iv. 6 set forth A deep repentance; (2) commend highly Mer. V. 111. v. 96 I'll set you forth (with a ref. to serving up dishes), Lucr. 32 To set forth that which is so singular; set forward, start on a journey, set out John IV. iii. 19; set off, (1) show to the best advantage Tp. III. i. 2, Cym. I. vi. 170; absol. III. iii. 13; (2) put out of consideration 2H4 IV. i. 145\*; set on, (1) cause (an action) by one's instigation Oth. II. iii. 212, v. ii. 185 your reports have set the murder on; (2) put (one's foot) forward Cæs. II. i. 331; send (an army) forward IV. iii. 305, V. iii. 108; (3) intr. to go forward, march 2H4 I. iii. 109, H8 II. iv. 239, Cym. v. v. 485 Set on there; (4) pro-ceed, go on Cor. jir. i. 57, Ces. I. ii. 11 Set on; and leave no ceremony out; set to, set (a limb), 1H4 v. i. 133; set up, = set on (1) Cym. in. iv. 90 thou that didst set up My disobedience gainst . . . my father.

setter: one who 'sets matches' (see ser vb. 10), one who decoys persons to be robbed 1H4 II. ii. 56. ¶ Cf. 'Setters', or 'Setting Dogs', they that draw in Bubbles [=dupes] for old Gamesters to Rook

(Dict. of Canting Crew).

setting: set expression Tp. 11. i. 237 [229] The setting of thine eye.

settle: to become calm or clear Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 484 till the fury of his highness s., Lr. IV. vii. 82 trouble him no more Till further settling (= 'till his mind is more composed').

settled: fixed, rooted Wint. IV. iii. [iv]. 537 ponderous and s. project, R2 1. i. 201 your s. hate; congealed, stagnant 2H4 IV. iii. 113 the blood . . . before cold and s., Rom. IV. v. 26 Her blood is s., and her joints are stiff; resolved Mac. 1. vii. 79; composed, calm Meas.III. i. 88 s. visage, Ham. IV. vii. 80 s. age,

Sonn. Mix. 8 settled gravity.

Sonn. Mix. 8 settled gravity.

Seven: s. year(s), typically for 'a long period' Wint.

IV. iii. [iv.] 591, 1H4 II. iv. 347, 2H6 III. i. 2 these s.

years' day, Lr. III. iv. 143 for seven long year.

Sevennight: - SENNIGHT Ado II. i. 377 a just seven
width - oxyactly areal.

night (=exactly a week), Wint. I. ii. 17.

several: the main senses are (1) separate, distinct, different (e. g. Tp. 111. i. 42 for s. virtues Have I lik'd s. women; often each s., every s. = each or every particular), (2) particular, respective (e. g. Tp. III. iii. 88 my meaner ministers Their s. kinds have done), (3) divers, various (e. g. Wint, Iv. iii. [iv.] 184 He sings s. times, H8 III. ii. 126 The s. parcels of his plate). ¶ In Sonn. exxxvii. 9 a.s. plot = a private enclosed plot of ground (opposed to common place = common); hence allusively in LLL. 11. i. 221 My lips are no common, though s. they be (quibble).

severally: each in a particular way or for a par-ticular purpose Tim. II. ii. 197, Cas. III. ii. 10, Cym. v. v. 398; separately, singly Troil. Iv. v. 273.

severals (the sb. is not used in sing.)
1 individual persons Wint. 1. ii. 226. 2 details, particulars H5 1. i. 86\*

3 individual qualities Troil. 1. iii. 180. severe: (of an animal) merciless Ven. 1000.

sewer1 (old edd. sure, shore): drain Troil. v. i. 85, Per. iv. vi. 191.

sewer 2: servant who carried in and arranged dishes for a banquet Mac. 1. vii. stage dir.

sex: the general sex (see general adj.). 'sfoot: an oath = God's foot Troil. 11. iii. 6.

shackle: to fetter (only fig.) All'sW. m. iii. 159, Ant. v. ii. 6.

shade sb. (1 only in rhyme; 3 cf. shadow 6) l (a person's) shadow Sonn. liii. 3. 2 visionary appearance Sonn. xliii. 8, 11.

3 phantom Wiv. v. v. 44 Fairies . . . moonshine revellers, and shades of night.

shade vb. :

to dull the brightness of Pilgr. x. 3 [133].

2 to cover up LLL. IV. iii. 44 leaves, shade folly. shadow sb. (in 2H4 III. ii. 147=mere name without

a man to correspond to it)

1 shade Tp. Iv. i. 67 groves, Whose s. the dismissed bachelor loves, R2 III. iv. 25, Lr. v. ii. 1 take the s. oachetor totes, R2 III. IV. 25, Lr. V. ii. 1 take the s. of this tree For your good host; shady place AYL. IV. i. 229 Til go find a s.; obscurity, darkness Meas. III. i. 255; pl. Sonn. xliii. 5.

2 shelter, protection 2H4 IV. ii. 15 In s. of such greatness, Tim. V. iv. 6 within the s. of your power.

3 reflected image, reflexion John II. i. 498 The s. of myself form d in her eye, Cas. I. ii. 58, Ven. 162 his shadow in the brook.

his shadow in the brook.

4 image, portrait, likeness Gent. IV. ii. 128, Mer.V. III. ii. 127, 1H6 II. iii. 36 Long time thy s. halh beenthrall to me, For in my gallerythy picture hangs, Lucr. 1457.

5 departed spirit, 'shade' R3 1. iv. 53 A s. like un angel, Tit. I. i. 100 That so the s-s be not unappear'd, Cym. v. iv. 97 s-s of Elysium; (hence transf.) corpse (= Genost sb. 3) Ant. IV. II. 27 A mangled s. 6 spirit, phantom MND. III. ii. 347, v. ii. 54 [i. 430]

(of the fairies), Ven. 1001 gentle shadow [Death].

shadow vb.:

1 to conceal Mac. v. iv. 6 thereby shall we s. The num-

bers of our host.

2 to shelter, protect John II. i. 14.
shadow'd: dark Mer.V. II. i. 2 The s. livery of the burnish'd sun (=the swarthy aspect bestowed on

one by the bright sun).

shadowing \*: 'intensifying itself with gloom'
(H. C. Hart) Oth. IV. i. 41 shadowing passion. shadowy: shady Gent. v. iv. 2 This s. desart, Lr. I.

i. 66 shadowy forests (Qq shady). shady: Sonn. lxxvii. 7 shady stealth, slow progress

of the shadow (on the dial).

shaft: arrow (freq.); see also BOLTSb. 1. T 'A shaft hath three principall partes, the stele, the fethers, and the head ' (Ascham, Toxophilus)

shag: shaggy Ven. 295 fellocks s.; so shag-eared, hairy-eared Mac. rv. ii. 81 thous s. villain (mod. edd. shag-haired†), shag-haired 2H6 HL i. 367 a s.

crafty kern.

shake (pa.t. shook, twice shaked; pa.pple. shook, 5 times shaken, 3 times shaked): phr. s. a person's beard, defy, beard Ham. IV. vii. 32, Lr. III. vii. 77; s. the ears, see EAR sb.; s. the head, (?) nod 2H6 IV. i. 55; s. off, refuse to accept or entertain Tw.N. v. i. 57; s. off, refuse to accept or entertain Tw.N. v. i. 77 Is. off these names, Ant. III. vii. 33 these offers . . . he s-s off; -s. out. (?) to blab All'sW. II. iv. 25 many a man's tongue s-s out his master's undoing; -s. up, use with violence AYL. I. i. 30. ¶ The commonest S. meanings of s. off are 'lay aside, get wild of discord'. rid of, discard '.

shale: shell H5 IV. ii. 18 the s-s and husks of men. shall (clipped to s, old edd. se, in Rom. I. iii. 9; cf. ise and the monosyllabic scansion of Ishall in John III. iv. 78 and elsewhere; the uses of SHOULD are

given separately)

1 used where mod. idiom requires 'will' All'sW. v. iii. 27 inform him So'tis our will he should.—I v. III. 21 inform nim so its our was in success, so, my liege, Tit. iv. iv. 106 Four bidding shall I do effectually, Mac. III. iv. 57 If much you note him Four shall offend him, Ant. II. i. 1 If the great gods be just, they shall assist The decades of justest men.

2 = will inevitably or assuredly, be bound to, must

AYL. 1, i. 136 he that escapes me without some broken limbs, acquit him well, All's W. 111. ii. 24 Yous, hear Iam run away : know it before the report come, John v. ii, 78 Your grace s. pardon me, R3 IV. iv, 293 Men

196

s, deal unadvisedly sometimes, Lr. v. iii. 22 He that

parts us shall bring a brand from heaven. 3 with ellipsis of vb. of motion Tp. II. ii, 45 I s. no more to sea, H8 III. ii. 305 out they s., Cor. III. i. 30 he s. to the market-place, IV. vi. 149 Shall's to the Capitol?, Ham. III. iii. 4 he to England s. along with

shallow: s. in, a superficial judge of All'sW. I. iii.

46 shallow . . . in great friends.

shallowly: without consideration 2H4 IV. ii. 119 Most shallowly did you these arms commence.

shame sb.: shyness, modesty Cym, v. iii, 22 shame vb.: to be ashamed AYL. IV. iii. 137 I do not s. To tell you what I was, Cor. II. ii. 72, Mac. II. ii. 65 I s. To wear a heart so white, Lucr. 1084, 1143 As shaming any eye should thee behold.

shamefast, shame-fac'd: modest, bashful 3H6 iv. viii. 52, R3 i. iv. 142. ¶ The second element of the word is the Anglo-Saxon adjective-suffix

'-fæst'

shameless: as adv. Err. v. i. 202, Cym. v. v. 58. shape sb.: used with considerable latitude and freq. in contexts where 'form' would now be preferred; almost = fashion in Ado III. ii. 34 in the s. of two countries at once; 1H4 I. i. 58 s. of likeli-hood = probability; Ham. IV. vii. 150 to our s. = for the part we propose to act.

shape vb. (rare in material sense)

1 to conform, adjust, proportion (one] thing to another) LLL. v. ii. 65 make him . . . s. his service wholly to my hests, Tw. N. I. ii. 59 s. thouthy silence to my wit, Lucr. 1458 shapes her sorrows to the beldam's woes; also intr. to suit, agree Cym. v. v. 347.

2 to form a mental image of, conceive, imagine 2H4 IV. iv. 58, Tim. 1. i. 44 s-d out, Cæs. IV. iii. 276 it is the weakness of mine eyes That s-s this monstrous apparition, Oth. II. i. 55, III. iii. 148 my jealousy S-s faults that are not, Lucr. 973 Shape every bush

a hideous shapeless deril.

shapeless (2 cf. FEATURELESS, SIGHTLESS)

1 not shaped to any end, aimless, purposeless Gent. 1. i. 8\* shapeless idleness.

2 unshapely, ugly Err. IV. ii. 20, LLL. v. ii. 304. shard (twice; only in pl.)

1 fragment of pottery, potsherd Ham. v. i. 253. 2 wing-case (hence loosely, wing) of a beetle Ant.

III. ii. 20 They are his s-s and he their beetle; hence shard-borne beetle Mac. III. ii. 42, sharded beetle

Cym. 111, iii. 20.

share: to take as one's share, receive or gain H5 IV. iii. 32 so great an honour As one man more... would s. from me, Troil. 1. iii. 367 What glory our Achilles s-s from Hector, Rom. 1. iii. 91; to experience Lucr. 1431 sharing joy To see . . .

shark'd up: picked up or got together at haphazard Ham. 1. i. 98.

sharp sb.: (?) shrill high note Rom. III. v. 28. sharp adj. :

I hungry, famished (also used as epithet of hunger itself=keen) Shr. IV. i. 193 My falcon now is s. and passing empty, All'SW. III. ii. 121 s. constraint of hunger, Ven. 55 an empty eagle, s. by fast, Lucr. 422 Sharp hunger.

2 acute, subtle LLL. v. i. 3 your reasons . . . have been ., 1H6 II. iv. 17 nice s. quillets of the law, H8 II. i. 14 alleg'd Many sharp reasons to defeat the law.

3 (?) high-pitched Gent. I. ii. 88.

sharp-looking: hungry-looking Err. v. i. 241. sharply: keenly Tp. v. i. 23 relish all as s., Passion as they, Cym. III. iv. 88 those that are betrayed Do feel the treason sharply.

sharpness: harshness, severity All'sW. I. ii. 37, Ant. III. iii. 35.

sharp-provided: quick and ready R3 III. i. 132.

she (1 occurs nine times, 2 four times)
1 woman Tw.N. I. v. 261 the cruell'st she alive, Wint. 1. ii. 44 lady she (=titled lady), Cym. 1. iii. 29

The shes of Italy.

2 mistress, love LLL. v. ii. 470, AYL. III. ii. 10 The fair, the chaste, and unexpressive she, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 361 To load my she with knacks, H5 11. i. 83 the

only she. sheaf: to make corn into sheaves AYL. III. ii. 114. shealed: shelled, with the peas taken out Lr. 1. iv. 222 That's a shealed peascod.

shearman: one who shears woollen cloth 2H6 IV. sheathing: having a sheath made Shr. IV. i. 138

Walter's dagger was not come from sheathing. sheav'd: made of straw Compl. 31 her shear'd hat.

shed: to be scattered Troil. I. iii. 319.
sheep: used quibblingly with ship Gent. I. i. 73,
Err. iv. i. 94, LLL. II. i. 219.
The two words are still pronounced alike in the midlands.

sheep-biter: 'a poor, sorry, sneaking, ill-lookt Fellow' (Dict. of Canting Crew) Tw.N. II, v. 6; so sheep-biting adj. Meas. v. i. 354 show your s, face, and be hanged an hour!. [433. sheep-hook: shepherd's crook Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] [433,

sheep-shearing: feast held on the occasion of the annual shearing of sheep on a farm Wint. IV.

ii. [iii.] 126 I must go buy spices for our s. sheer: clear, pure R2 v. iii. 61 Thou s., immaculate, and silver fountain; Shr. Ind. ii. 25 s. ale\*, (?) ale and nothing else.

sheet: to cover as with a sheet Ant. I. iv. 65. sheeted: wrapped in a shroud Ham. I. i. 115.

shekelt: see SICLE.

shelter: intr. to hide 1H4 II. ii. 1 Come, s., s. shelter'd: concealed R3 III. v. 32 the covert'st s. traitor.

shelves: sandbanks 3H6 v. iv. 23, Lucr. 335.

shelving: projecting Gent. III. i. 115 Her chamber is . . . built so shelving.

shelvy: made of sandbanks Wiv. III. v. 16.
shent pa.pple.: blamed, reproved, rebuked, rated
Wiv. I. iv. 38, Tw. N. Iv. ii. 115 I am s. for speaking to you, Cor. v. ii. 104, Ham. III. ii. 423 [416]. Introduced as a pa.t. by Theobald in Troil. II.

iii. 87 for Ff sent. sherris: 'sack' (white wine) imported from Xeres in Spain, sherry 2H4 IV. iii. 111, &c.; see SACK.

shield: God s., God forbid or forefend Meas. III. i. 139 Heaven s. my mother play'd my father fair, All'sW. I. iii. 176 (with negative idea repeated in the second clause) God s. you mean it not!, Rom. IV. i. 41 God shield I should disturb devotion.

shift sb. (1 occurs once; 2 is freq.) [mood.

change Tim. I. i. 85 Fortune in her s, and change of contrivance, stratagem, (in a bad sense) trick Err. III. ii. 189, John IV. iii. 7 I'll find a thousand s-s to get away, Tit. IV. i. 72, IV. iii. 178, Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 63 s-s of lowness, Lucr. 920; make (a) s., contrive Mer.V. I. ii. 96, 2H4 II. i. 173 I'll make other s. (= manage some other way), Mac. II. iii. 47; for (a) s., (i) to serve a purpose Shr. Ind. i. 126, 3H6 пг. ii. 108; (ii) as a makeshift Ado п. iii. 86.

shift vb. (freq. in the sense of 'change', trans. and

intr.) to exchange Ant. v. ii. 151 mine will now be yours; And, should we shift estates, yours would be mine.

2 to change (clothing) Cym. I. ii. 1 I would advise you to s. a shirt; also refl. to put on fresh clothes 2H4 v. v. 24; intr. to change into other clothes Lr. v. iii. 188. [straight ensues.

3 intr. to pass away Lucr. 1104 As one s-s, another 4 to contrive means, devise a stratagem Tp. v. i. 256, Wiv. I. iii. 35, Err. v. i. 168.

5 to contrive to get (somewhere) Ado III. iii. 150 thou hast s-ed out of thy tale, Mac. II. iii. 152 let us shift away.

shifting: (?) deceitful Lucr. 930 injurious, s. Time. shipman: mariner Troil. v. ii. 169, Mac. I. iii. 17, Per. 1. iii. 24.

shipp'd: provided with a ship 0th. II. i. 47. shipping: take s., embark 1H6 v. v. 87; good s.,

good voyage Shr. v. i. 43.

ship-tire: woman's head-dress of extravagant form resembling a ship, fashionable in the Eliz. period Wiv. 111, iii, 60. shive: slice Tit. II. i. 87 easy it is Of a cut loaf to

steal a shire. shiver: to be shattered into small pieces Lr. IV.

vi. 52 Thou'dst shiver'd like an egg. shivers: splinters, small fragments R2 IV. i. 289 crack'd in a hundred shivers, Troil. II. i. 42. shoal: shallow H8 III. ii. 437 all the depths and s-s

of honour, Mac. I. vii. 6 upon this bank and shoalt of time (old edd. school).

shock: to 'meet force with force' (J.) John v. vii.

117 we shall shock them.

shoe: pl. shoes; shoon only in a ballad Ham. IV. v. 26, and in the mouth of Jack Cade, 2H6 IV. ii. 199. shoeing-horn: shoe-horn; emblem of a subservient tool Troil. v. i. 61.

shog: to move off, go away H5 II. i. 47, II. iii. 48. Remains in midl. dialects.

shoot: act of shooting, discharge of a missile, shot LLL. IV. i. 10 A stand where you may make the fairest s., 3H6 111. i. 7 and so my s. is lost, Ham. v. ii. 380 at a shoot (Qq shot).

1 fig. store Cym. v. v. 167 A s. of all the qualities that man Loves woman for.

2 workshop Cor. i. i. 139. shore sb.!: H5 iv. i. 285 the high s. of this world, the exalted places of the earth; Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 11 the varying s. of the world, (?) the earth with its continual variations.

shore sb.2: see sewer1.

shore vb.: to put ashore Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 875.

short adj. (1 see also come short)

I inadequate LLL. IV. iii. 241 praise too s. doth blot, Tim. I. i. 97 fire talents is his debt, His means most s. 2 kept s., 'kept, as it were, tethered, under control' (Clark and Wright) Ham. IV. i. 18.

short vb. (used only twice)

1 to cut short (fig.) Cym. I. vi. 200 I shall s. my word By lengthening my return. to shorten itself Pilgr. xiv. 30 [210] Short, night,

short-armed: having a short reach Troil. II. iii. 15 short-armed ignorance (Dyce conj. short-aimed †).

shortness: straightforwardness Shr. IV. iv. 39. shot : what a person owes at an alehouse, tavernreckoning Gent. II. v. 7, 10, 1H4 v. iii. 31 (quibble

on sнот<sup>2</sup>), Cym. v. iv. 158. shot<sup>2</sup>: marksman 2H4 ин. ii. 298 a little, lean, old chopp'd, bald shot; as a collective = marksmen 1H6 I. iv. 53 a guard of chosen s., H8 v. iv. 60 loose s.

(see LOOSE adj. 1). shot-free: without having to pay 1H4 v. iii. 30. shotten: (of a herring) that has 'shot' or shed its roe and is worthless 1H4 II. iv. 145.

shough: shaggy-haired kind of dog Mac. III. i. 94.

should (1 cf. SHALL 1; 3 common Eliz.)

I used where the mod. idiom requires 'would' Mer. V. I. ii. 98 you s. refuse to perform your father's will, if..., Wint. I. ii. 57 To be your prisoner s. import offending, Troil. I. iii. 116 Force s. be right, Ham. III. ii. 321 Your wisdom s. show itself more wisher it in with the declared to the second of th richer to signify this to his doctor.

2 was likely to, (hence) = might (have), could (have)

2 was likely to, (hence) = might (have), could (have) Tp.v. i. 279 where s. they Find this grand liquor?, 1H6 II. i. 71 hove or which way should they first break in?, 0th. III. iv. 24 Where s. I lose that handkerchief?. 3 in narrative or reported speech, serving as the auxiliary of the past tense Gent. II. iii. 27-8, AYL. III. iii. 183 didst thou hear without wondering, how thy name should be hanged and carred upon these trees? Shr. III. iii. 182 when the wrist Should ask trees?, Shr. III. ii. 162 when the priest Should ask... shoulder: in the s. of, behind Ham. I. iii. 56 The wind sits in the shoulder of your sail.

shoulder-clapper: one who claps another on the shoulder (i) in a friendly way, (ii) to arrest him

Err. iv. ii. 37. shoulder'd\*: (a) thrust violently out of its place. (b) immersed up to the shoulders R3 III. vii. 127 almost s. in the swallowing gulf Of dark forgetfulness.

shoulder-shotten: foundered in the shoulder

Shr. nr. ii. 57.

shout: in Cor. 1. i. 220, 1. ix. 50 old edd. shoot; cf. HOOT (howt).

shove-groat shilling: shilling coined in the reign of Edward VI commonly used in the game of shove-groat, which consisted in pushing coins towards a mark 2H4 II. iv. 205; a similar game was shovel-board, whence the name Edward shovel-boards for the same coin Wiv. I. i. 161.

show sb. (the main senses are 'act of exhibiting or demonstrating', 'display, ostentation', 'appear-ance, aspect', 'spectacular performance')

1 thing seen, vision, sight Tp. 11. ii. 5 urchin s-s, R2
11. iii. 71 That any harm should stain so fair a s., Lr. III. vi. 114 Leaving free things and happy s-s behind, Cym. v. v. 429.

2 representation, picture Lucr. 1507, 1580.

show vb. (1 very freq.; by ellipsis app. = seem to do in Sonn. xciv. 2)

1 to have (a certain) appearance, appear, seem AYL. I. iii. 84 thou wilt's. more bright and seem more virtuous When she is gone, H5 iv. i. 108 the element shows to him as it doth to me, Cor. iv. v. 68 Thou show'st a noble vessel, Mac. I. iii. 54 Are ye fantastical, or that indeed Which outwardly ye show?, Lr. 1. iv. 267 this our court . . . Shows like a riotous inn, Ant. IV. viii. 7 you have shown all Hectors, Sonn.

cv. 2 Let not . . . my belored as an idol show. 2 to exhibit as a show Ant. Iv. x. 49 [xii, 36] be shown For poor'st diminutires.

showing: great s., 'distinguished appearance' (Schmidt) Ham. v. ii. 114.

shrew sb.: scold; often shrow in old edd. and rhyming with 0, show, wee.

shrew vb.: = the much commoner beshrew Wint. I. ii. 281 s. my heart, Cym. II. iii. 147 shrew me.

shrewd (3 often a mere intensive, cf. SHREWDLY 2) I malicious, mischievous, ill-natured; (of persons) LLL. v. ii. 12 a s. unhappy gallows, MND. II. i. 33 that s. and knavish sprite, 1H6 i. ii. 123 s. tempters, Cæs. II. i. 158 A s. contriver, Ven. 560 Thy eyes's. tutor, that hard heart of thine; (of things) Wiv. II. ii. 237 there is s. construction made of her, All'sW. III. v. 68 do her A shrewd turn, H8 v. iii. 177.

2 sharp (of tongue or speech), shrewish Ado II. i. 20 so s. of thy tongue, MND. III. ii. 323 when she's angry, she is keen and s., Shr. 1. i. 184 Her elder sister is so curst and shrewd, R3 11. iv. 35.

3 (of things) of evil import, nature, or effect, had, 'nasty', grievous, 'sore' Mer. V. III. ii. 244 There are some s. contents in yon same paper, AYL. v. iv. 180 That have endur'd s. days and nights with us, John v. v. 14 foul s. news, 2H6 II. iii. 41 That bears so s. a maim, Oth. III. iii. 430 'Tis a s. doubt, Ant. IV. ix. 5.

shrewdly (2 cf. SHREWD 3)

1 sharply; (mentally) Ado II. i. 85 you apprehend passing shrewdly; (physically) Ham. I. iv. 1 The air bites shrewdly.

2 grievously, intensely, highly, very much All'sW. III. v. 89 s. eexed, Wint. v. i. 102 'tis s. ebb'd, H5 III. vii. 169 these English are s. out of beef, Troil.

III. iii. 229, Cas. III. i. 146. [(Q). shrieve: sheriff All'sW. IV. iii. 213, 2H4 IV. iv. 99 shrift: confession (and absolution) Meas. IV. ii. 224, 3H6 III. ii. 107, Rom. I. i. 164, &c.; confessional Oth. III. iii. 24 His bed shall seem a school, his board a shrift.

shrill forth: to utter loudly Troil, v. iii, 84 Andro-mache shrills her dolours forth.

shrill-gorged: high-voiced Lr. IV. vi. 59.

shrine: image (as of a saint) Mer.V. II. vii. 40 To kiss this s., this mortal-breathing saint, Rom. I. v. 78, Cym. v. v. 165 laming The s. of Venus, Lucr. 194.

shrink: to shiver AYL. II. i. 9 till I s. with cold, Cym. IV. iv. 30 The shrinking slaves of winter.

shrive: to hear a person's confession and give him absolution Err. II. ii. 212 TU. . s. you of a thou-sand idle pranks, Mer. V. I. ii. 142, Rom. II. iv. 196 s'd and married; gerund used attrib. R3 III. ii. 113 shriving work, Ham, v. ii. 47 Not shriving-time allow'd.

shriver: confessor 3H6 III. ii. 108.

shroud sb.: shelter, protection Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] shroud vb.: to shelter, conceal LLL. IV. iii. 137, 3H6 III. i. 1, IV. iii. 39; intr. to take shelter Tp. II. ii. 43 I will here shroud.

shrouds: sail-ropes John v. vii. 53, 3H6 v. iv. 18. shrow: shrew LLL. v. ii. 46, Shr. iv. i. 213, v. ii. 28, 189,

shuffle:

1 to practise trickery Wiv. II. ii. 26, Ham. IV. vii. 137 with a little shuffling you may choose A sword

2 to shift (for itself) Cym. v. v. 106

2 to shift (for itself) Cym. v. v. 106.

shunless: inevitable Cor. H. ii. 117 s. destiny.

shut: s. up in, confine to All'sW. I. i. 199, Troil. I.

iii. 58, Mac. H. i. 16\*, Oth. III. iv. 120\*.

Sibyl: in classical antiquity, inspired prophetess
attached to the god Apollo, Shr. I. ii. 70 As old as

Sibyl, 1H6 I. ii. 56 the nine s-s of old Rome; hence
gen. Oth. III. iv. 71; Sibyls' leaves, the Sibylline

Books, the name for one or more collections of prophecies ascribed to the Sibyls Tit. rv. i. 105 the angry northern wind Will blow these sands like Sibyl's leaves abroad.

Sibylla: = Sibyl Mer. V. 1. ii. 114 as old as Sibylla.

Sicil: Sicily 2H6 I. i. 6: the S-s, Sicily and Naples 3H6 I. iv. 122, v. vii. 39.
sick adj. (freq. in fig. context and expressive of a

disordered, distempered, or corrupt condition) 1 oppressed with sorrow, weakness, or faintness Gent. I. i. 69 heart sick with thought, John v. iii. 4, 3H6 v. ii. 8 my sick heart, Ham. I. i. 9.

2 longing for All'SW. I. ii. 16 sick For breathing and exploit, Tw.N. III. i. 54, 2H4 v. iii. 139; so Wiv. III. ii. 29 sick till I see her (=longing to see

a envious (of) H8 I. ii. 82 sick interpreters, Troil. I. iii. 131 sick 0f his superior.
4 having a feeling of loathing or repugnance Ado II. ii. 5 I am sick in displeasure to him, MND. II. i. 212 I am sick when I do look on you.

5 of a sickly hue, pale Rom. II. ii. 8 Her restal livery is but sick and green.

6 accompanied by illness R2 II. ii, 84 the sick hour that his surfeit made; attending upon illness John IV. i. 52 at your sick service.

sick vb. : to sicken 2H4 IV. iv. 128 sick'd and died. sicken: to be nauseated (i) with surfeit Tw.N. 1, 1, 3, Mac. IV. 1, 60, (ii) with revulsion All's W. V. 1ii, 209. sicklied o'er: covered over with a sickly hue

Ham. 111. i. 85.

sickly: of sickness All'sW, II, iii, 118 mu s, bed, Ham. пг. iii. 96 thy sickly days

sick-thoughted: oppressed with desire Ven. 5 Sickthoughted Venus. sicle (mod. edd.): shekel Meas. II. ii. 149 (Ff sickles;

Pope shekels +). side adj. : long Ado m. iv. 21 side sleeres.

side vb. (2 perhaps aphetic form of 'decide', still in

use in northern dial.)

to take sides with Cor. 1. i. 199 [they] side factions. 2 to assign to a side or party Sonn. xlvi. 9° To side this title (mod. edd. 'cide †).

side-piercing: heart-rending Lr. IV. vi. 86.

1 seat Meas. rv. ii. 101 siege of justice. 2 rank Ham. rv. vii. 76 Of the unworthiest s., Oth. I.

ii. 22 men of royal siege (Qq<sub>12</sub> height). 3 excrement Tp. 11. ii. 114 the s. of this moon-calf.

sever used by witches to sail in Mac. I. iii. 8; fig. of a person All's W. I. iii. 210. In Troil. II. ii. 71 Q has the remainder viands We do not throw in vnrespect[i]ue siue, F1 same, Ff234 place, mod. edd.

surt, suret.
sigh: to lament Sonn. xxx. 3 Is. the lack of many
a thing I sought.
sight (1 still a Warwickshire use)

1 pupil of the eye Compl. 282 his ... eyes ..., Whose sights till then were levell'd on my face.

2 visor 2H4 IV. i. 121 Their eyes of fire sparkling through sights of steel.
sighted: having eyes Wint. I. ii. 388 sighted like

the basilisk.

sight-hole: peep-hole 1H4 rv. i. 71.
sightless (3 not pre-S.)
1 not seeing, blind Sonn. xxvii. 10 my s. view, xliii.
12 s. eyes: not lit by the sun or 'eye of day' Lucr. 1013 sightless night.

2 invisible Mac. 1. v. 50, 1. vii. 23.

3 unsightly John III. i. 45 sightless stains.
sign sb. (the sense 'omen, portent' is freq.)
1 signal 1H6 II. i. 3, III. ii. 8, Cæs. v. i. 23 shall nee

give sign of battle?. 2 sign of battle or war, ensign, banner, standard H5

II. ii. 192 the signs of war advance, Cæs. v. i. 14 Their bloody sign of battle; cf. Oth. I. i. 157 flag and sign of love.

3 sign of the leg, sign hung over a bootmaker's shop

2Н4 п. іч. 271.

4 mere appearance or semblance (of something) Ado IV. i. 33 She's but the s. and semblance of her honour, LLL. v. ii. 470, R3 IV. iv. 89 A sign of dignity, a garish flag (cf. sense 2), Oth. I. i. 158 Which is indeed but sign.

5 (?) constellation Cym. I. ii. 34\* she's a good sign, but I have seen small reflection of her wit.

sign vb. (2 cf. note on sign sb.)

1 to mark H8 II. iv. 106 You s. your place and calling . . . With meekness, Cas. III. i. 206 S-'d in thy spoil (=bearing the bloody tokens of thy slaughter); to mark out John IV. ii. 222 s-'d to do a deed of shame (? if not aphetic form of 'assigned'). 2 to bode Ant. rv. iii. 14 It signs well.

Signal: sign, token H5 v. Chor. 21, 1H6 II. iv. 121, R3 v. iii. 21 (Qq).

significant: token, sign LLL. III. i. 137 (applied bombastically to a letter), 1H6 II. iv. 26 In dumb significants. ¶ The adj. is not S.

signior: gentleman, nobleman Mer. V. I. i. 10 s-s and rich burghers.

signory (old edd. also seignory)
1 pl. domains, estates R2 III. i. 22, 2H4 IV. i. 111.
2 one of the states of northern Italy under the rule of princes Tp. 1, ii. 71.

governing body of Venice Oth. 1. ii. 18.

silence sb.: concr. = silent one Cor. II. i. 194.

silence vb.: euphemistically for 'to keep under restraint' 2H4 v. ii. 97, H8 i. i. 97; cf. put to silence, Cæs. 1. ii. 291.

silent: silence 2H6 I. iv. 19 the silent of the night. silk: silky AYL. III. v. 46 silk hair.

silken:

idiots.

worked in silk Compl. 17 silken figures.

delicate, soft, effeminate LLL. v. ii. 407 s. terms, John v. i. 70 A cocker'd s. wanton, H5 II. Chor. 2 silken dalliance, R3 1. iii. 53.

silly (see the earlier form SEELY; senses 2, 3, 4, 6 and that of 'foolish, senseless' are not pre-Eliz.

1 deserving of pity, 'poor' R2 v. v. 25 s. beggars
Who sitting in the stocks . . . , 2H6 I. i. 226, Lr. III. ii.

109 s. ducking observants, Lucr. 1812\* s. jeering

2 helpless, defenceless (of women) Gent. IV. i. 72, 3H6 I. i. 243, (of sheep) 3H6 II. v. 43, Ven. 1098. 3 feeble, frail 1H6 II. iii. 22 a silly dearf. 4 scanty, meagre 3H6 III. iii. 93\* threescore and two years, a silly time To make prescription for a kingdom's worth.

5 unsophisticated, simple Lucr. 1345 silly groom !. plain, simple, homely Tw.N. II. iv. 46 it is s. sooth, 1H6 iv. vii. 72, Cym. v. iii. 86 a fourth man, in a silly habit.

7 silly cheat, (?) petty thievery Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 28. silverly (not pre-S.): with silvery brightness John

v. ii. 46.

silver-shedding: flowing in silvery streams Gent. III. i. 231 silver-shedding tears.

simple sb. (common 1580-1750)

1 medicinal herb Wiv. I. iv. 65, III. iii. 79 like Bucklersbury in s.-time (=midsummer, the time at which apothecaries were supplied with simples), Rom. v. i. 40 Culling of s-s, Lr. iv. iv. 14.

ingredient or element in a compound AYL. IV. i. 18, Ham. IV. vii. 144, Lucr. 530.

simple adj. (the chief meanings are 'humble, un-pretentious', 'artless, unaffected', 'ordinary, undistinguished', 'plain, homely', 'insignifi-cant, feeble', 'plain, mere', 'of weak intellect', 'foolish, silly')

1 of poor or humble condition Shr. Ind. i. 135 this or poor or minote condition Sur. Ind. 1, 135 this s. peasant, Wint. Iv, iii. [iv.] 774, Ant. v. ii. 340 A s. countryman [cf. line 232 a rural fellow]; phr. simple though I stand here Wiv. I. i. 226. uncompounded, unnixed Wiv. III. v. 32 [sack] With eggs, sir ?—Simple of itself, Sonn. cxxv. 7 For

compound sweet foregoing simple savour, Phoen. 44.

simpleness:

1 simplicity, innocence MND. v. i. 83, 0th. 1. iii. 248. 2 integrity All'sW. 1. i. 52.

3 piece of folly Rom. III. iii. 76 (Q 2).
simplicity: folly, silliness LLL.rv.ii.23, v.ii.52 profound s., Mer.V. 1. iii. 44, Sonn. lxvi. 11 simple truth miscall'd simplicity.

simply: without addition, by itself Wiv. III. ii. 81

let him take her s., All'sW. Iv. iii. 373 s. the thing
I am, Troil. III. iii. 80.

simular: sb. counterfeiter Lr. III. ii. 54 s. of virtue, (Ff; Qq s. man of virtue);—adj. counterfeited, pretended Lr. III. ii. 54 (Qq), Cym. v. v. 201 with simular proof enough.

since: (with verbs of recollection) when, the time when MND.II. i.149 Thou remember'st Since once..., Wint. v. i. 219, 2H4 m. ii. 208, 2H6 m. i. 9 We know

the time since he was mild and affable.

sinew sb. ;

1 pl. nerves Lr. III. vi. 107, Ven. 903. 2 pl. strength Cor. v. v. [vi]. 45 my s-s shall be stretch'd upon him.

3 main strength or support, mainstay Meas. III. i, 229 the portion and s, of her fortune, 1H4 IV. iv. 17 a rated sinew, H5 I, ii. 223.

sinew vb.: to join fast together as with sinews 3H6 II. vi. 91.

sinewed: strengthened John v. vii. 88.

sinfully: in the midst of his sins H5 rv. i. 157 do

sinfully miscarry upon the sea.

singing-man: man who sings in the choir of a cathedral or collegiate church 2H4 II. i. 101 as. of Windsor.

single (the most freq. senses are 'only one', 'separate, solitary', 'unmarried'; MND. I. i. 78 s. blessedness, divine blessing accorded to a life of celibacy)

1 mere 3H6 v. i. 43 whiles he thought to steal the s.

ten (at cards).
2 poor, weak, feeble Tp. 1. ii. 429 A s. thing (play on the meanings 'solitary', 'one'), 2H4 1. ii. 210, Cor. II. i. 40\* your helps are many, or else your actions would grow wondrous single, Mac. I. iii, 140 my s. state of man, I. vi. 16\* All our service . . . twice done . . . Were poor and single business.

3 single-minded, sincere H8 v. iii. 38. 4 s. bond\*, bond without a condition Mer. V. 1. iii. 146. single vb.: (in hunting parlance) to select (an animal) from the herd to be hunted (only allusively) 3H6 II. iv. 1 I have s-d thee alone, Tit. II. i. 117 Single you thither then this dainty doe.

singleness: simplicity, silliness Rom. 11. iv. 72.

single-soled: fig. contemptible, mean Rom. II. iv. 71 0 s. jest!. ¶ Cf. 'A threadbare or single-soled gentleman ' (Cotgr. s.v. 'Relief').

singly:

1 by a single individual Cor. 11. ii. 92 [he] cannot Be singly counterpois'd

2 uniquely Tim. IV. iii. 532 Thou singly honest man. singular: adj. unmatched, unique Wint. IV. iii. iv.]144, Cym. III, iv. 124 s. in his art;—adv. singularly 2H4 III. ii. 120 very singular good.

singularity:

1 peculiarity, eccentricity Tw.N. II. v. 166 the trick of s., Cor. I. i. 284 More than his s. (= apart from his peculiar character)

2 pl. rarities, curiosities Wint, v. iii. 12. singule (once): to single out LLL. v. i. 87 (Q<sub>1</sub>). sini'ster (2 common about 1470-1650)

1 left (hand) MND v. i. 165, All'sW. II. i. 44 on

his sinister cheek, Troil. IV. v. 127. unjust, unfair Meas. III. ii. 263[256] no s. measure, Tw.N. 1. v. 189, H5 II. iv. 85 no s. nor no awkward claim.

sink:

1 to perish, go to ruin Troil. IV. i. 70, Oth. II. iii. 211 s. in my rebuke, Ant. III. vii. 15 S. Rome!, Per. IV. vi. 132.

2 to cause to perish, ruin All'sW. v. iii. 183, H8 II. sinke-a-pace: see CINQUEPACE.

sinking-ripe: ready to sink Err. I. i. 77.

sir (3 is sometimes ironical)

sar (3 is sometames froncar)

1 lord, sovereign Ant. v. ii. 119 Sole sir o' the world.

2 gentleman Tp. v. i. 69, Tw.N. III. iv. 83 some sir of note, Cym. v. v. 146 a nobler sir ne'er liv'd; ironically used Wint. I. ii. 212 this great sir, Lr. II. iv. 79, Cym. I. i. 166 0 brave sir !; phr. play the sir, act the fine gentleman Oth. II. i. 176.

3 freq. as a polite form of address; sometimes with another vocative Tp. v. i. 245 Sir, my liege, Wint. i. ii. 318 Sir, my lord, Oym. III. i. 16:—prefixed to a designation of rank, status, or occupation Tp. v. i. 106 sir king, Ado v. i. 83 sir boy,

200

Wint. I. ii. 136 sir page, Tit. IV. iii. 2; -pl. addressed to women Ant. iv. xiii. [xv.] 85; to a man and a woman together LLL. iv. iii. 212.

4 as a title prefixed to the Christian name of a priest Wiv. I. i. 1 Sir Hugh, LLL. IV. ii. 11 Sir Nathaniel, R3 III. ii. 108 good Sir John (John being the name conventionally applied to a priest; see Jack 8): cf. Tw.N. III. iv. 302 I am one that would rather go with sir priest than sir knight. sire vb.: to beget (fig.) Cym. Iv. ii. 26.

Siren: name of certain sea-nymphs who allured sailors by their songs; transf. fair charmer Err. III. ii. 47, Tit. II. i. 23; as adj. Sonn. cxix. 1 Siren

sirrah: ordinary form of address to inferiors; when used otherwise it implies disrespect or undue familiarity, e. g. 1H4 I. ii. 200;—prefixed to designations LLL. III. i. 126 S. Coslard, 1H4 II. i. 46 S. carrier ;-once addressed to a woman Ant. v. ii. 228 Sirrah Iras, go;—in passages of solilo-quy ah sirrah is app. addressed by the speaker to himself AYL. iv. iii. 167, 2H4 v. iii. 16, Rom. I. v. 33, 130.

sir-reverence: corruption of 'save your reverence' (see REVERENCE) Err. III. ii. 93 such a one as a man may not speak of without he say 'S.'; cf. Rom. I. iv. 42 this—save your reverence—love (Q1

only this sir-reverence love).

sister sb.: the s-s three, the three Fates or Parcae, MND. v. i. 344, Mer. V. II. ii. 68, 2H4 II. iv. 212. sister vb.: to be near akin to Per. v. Gower 7 her

art sisters the natural roses.

sistering: neighbouring Compl. 2 a sistering vale. sit (2 sit heavy occurs twice; cf. sit sore said of the

wind on the sails R2 II. i. 266)

1 pregnantly = to sit in council, take counsel together, hold a session H5 v. ii. 80 To sit with us, 2H6 iv. vii. 92, R3 iii. i. 173 To sit about the coronation, Per. 1. i. 10, II. iii. 92 we sit too long on trifles.

pregnantly = to sit or lie heavy, be oppressive Meas, v. i. 390 Your brother's death . . . sits at your heart, All'sW. II. i. 147 Where . . . despair most sits (fits+), Ham. III. iv. 111 amazement on thy mother sits.

3 sit in, be contained in Sonn. ciii, 13.

sitabove: have a higher place than Tim. III. ii. 95 policy sits above conscience; sit down, lay siege Cor. IV. vii. 28 All places yield to him ere he sits down; for All'sW. I. i. 131, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 168 see SET DOWN (BEFORE); sit out, not to take part LLL. 1. i. 110.

sith adv., prep., and conj.: since Ham. II. ii. 12 (Qq sith, Ff since); Wiv. II. ii. 199, Meas, IV. i. 75 (sith that...), Ham. II. ii. 6 (Qq Sith nor, Ff Since not); 3H6 II. i. 106 things sith then befallen.

sithence (only twice): since; adv. Cor. III. i. 46; conj. All'SW. I. iii. 126. sitting: interview Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 574.

size: pl. allowances Lr. II. iv. 178 to scant my s-s.

Cf. the Cambridge 'sizar'.

siz'd: of a particular magnitude Ham. III. ii. 182 as my love is siz'd, my fear is so.

skainsmate\* (unexplained); Rom. II. iv. 163, skill sb. (the old sense of 'reason' may occur in Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 152\* you have As little s. to fear as I have purpose To put you to't, but some interpret 'ability'

cunning, pretence Wint. II. i. 165 or stupefied Or seeming so in skill.

2 piece of good policy 1H4 I. ii. 238 I'll so offend to

make offence a skill.

skill vb.: it s-s not greatly or much, it makes no great difference, is no great matter Shr. III. ii. 135, Tw.N. v. i. 298, 2H6 III. i. 281.

skill-less: s. in or of, unacquainted with Tp. III. i. 53 how features are abroad, I am s. of, Tw. N. III. iii. 9 Being skill-less in these parts.

skillet: small saucepan Oth. 1. iii. 274.

skimble-skamble: confused, rambling 1H4 III. 153 skimble-skamble stuff.

skin: to cover with or as with skin Meas. II. ii. 136
a kind of medicine . . . That skins the vice o' the top,
Ham, III. iv. 147 skin and film the ulcerous place. skipper: flighty fellow Shr. 11. i. 333 [341].

skipping: flighty, thoughtless LLL. v. ii. Tw. N. 1. v. 215, 1H4 III. ii. 60, Mac. 1. ii. 30.

skirr: to move rapidly H5 IV. vii. 65; to scour (the country) Mac. v. iii. 35.

skirted: wearing a coat with skirts (in vogue among the French) Wiv. I. iii. 91.

Skogan, Skoggin: spellings of Scogan.

skulking: cowering, lurking Wint. I. ii. 289. skyey: of the atmosphere Meas. III. i. 9 s. influences.

skyish: reaching to the sky Ham. v. i. 275.
slab: (app.) viscous, semi-solid Mac. v. i. 32 Make
the gruel thick and slab. ¶ The Eliz. and 17th cent.

'slabby'=(1) muddy, slimy, (2) viscous. slack adj.: phr. come s. of, fall short of, in duteousness Lr. 1. iii. 10.

slack vb.: to be slack or remiss in Wiv. III. iv. 116 to slack it [viz. an errand], Oth. IV. iii. 90 they s. their duties; to be neglectful of (a person) Lr. II. iv. 248.

slake: to abate; trans. 3H6 I. iii. 29 s. mine ire;

intr. Lucr. 1677.

slander sb. (unexplained in Meas. 1. iii. 43\*)

slander sb. (unexplained in Meas, I. iii. 43")
1 reproach, disgrace Err. IV. iv. 69 Free from these
s-s and this open shame, R2 I. iii. 241 A partial s.
(=reproach of partiality), v. vi. 35 A deed of s.,
2H6 III. ii. 209, R3 III. iii. 12 for more s. to thy
dismal seat, Lucr. 1207; applied to persons who
cause disgrace or bring reproach R2 I. i. 113 this
slander of his blood, H5 III. vi. 86, R3 I. iii. 231.
2 evil report, ill repute Err. III. i. 105 s. lives upon
succession Ada wi. 213 H8 II i. 153 Cym. II.

succession, Ado IV. i. 213, H8 II. i. 153, Cym. I. i.

71 After the s. of most step-mothers.

slander vb.:

1 to reproach (a person) with something disgraceful Gent. III. ii. 31. John I. i. 74 he s-'d me with bastardy, 3H6 1. iv. 47 slanders him with cowardice.

to bring disgrace or reproach upon Ado II. iii. 48
To s. music, Ham. I. iii. 133 I vould not . . . Have
you so s. any moment's leisure, As . . . (Sym. III. v.
76, Sonn. exxvii. 4 s-'d with a bastard's shame.

slanderous: that is a disgrace or reproach John III. i. 44 Ugly and s. to thy mother's womb, Lucr.

1001 s. deathman to so base a slave.

slaughter: transf. = blood John II. i. 323.

slave: to make subservient to oneself Lr. IV. i. 69. slaver: to be befouled (with unclean lips) Cym. I. vi. 105.

sleave: raw or floss silk Mac. II. ii. 38 Sleep that knits up the ravell'd s. of care; so sleave-silk Troil, v. i. 35 thou idle immaterial skein of s. (Ff Sleyd silk).

sledded: (?) like a 'sled' or sledge hammer Ham.

1. i. 63 He smote the s. pollax on the ice (Qq sleaded;
Malone s. Polacks+=Poles in sleds or sledges).

sleek: to smoothe Mac. III. ii. 27 s. o'er your rugged looks.

sleep:

1 fig. to be inactive or ineffectual Meas. II. ii. 90
The law hath not been dead, though it hath slept,
Ham. I. iii. 3 do not s., But let me hear from you, IV. ii. 26 a knavish speech s-s in a foolish ear, Lr. I. iv. 232 nor the redresses s., Sonn. lxxxiii. 5\* ('have not been active in sounding your praises').

2 sleep upon, be regardless of or blind to (some evil)

H8 II. ii. 43 open The king's eyes, that so long have slept upon This bold bad man, Tim. III. v. 44. [212. sleeve-hand: cuff or wristband Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] sleeveless: futile Troil. v. iv. 9 a sleeveless errand. sleid, sleided: (of silk) raw or unwrought Troil.

v. i, 35 sleid silk (Q sleine silk), Per. iv. Gower 21 she weuv'd the sleided silk (Old edd. sleded, sleided), Compl. 48 With sleided silk . . . Enswath'd. sleight: cunning, trickery 3H6 iv. ii. 20; pl. arts Mac. III. v. 26 magic sleights.

slice: applied to a thin person Wiv. I. i. 137. 'slid: an oath = by God's lid (Troil, I, ii, 225) Wiv. III. iv. 24, Tw.N. III. iv. 428.

sliding: lapse, moral slip Meas. II. iv. 116, slight adj. ('trifling' is the prevailing sense)

1 insignificant LLL. v. ii. 464 some s. zany, Cor. v. ii. 110, Cæs. Iv. i. 12 a s. unmeritable man, Sonn. xxxviii. 13 my slight Muse.

2 taking things lightly acceptose Tire.

2 taking things lightly, careless Tim. II. i. 17 s. denial, Cym. III. v. 35 too slight in sufferance. 3 unsubstantial Sonn. xlv. 1 slight air.

slight vb.: to toss slightingly Wiv. III. v. 9 s-ed

me into the river.

'slight: an oath=by God's light Tw.N. 11. v. 38.
slightly: carelessly, heedlessly Mcr.V. v. i. 167,
R3 111. vii. 19 Untouch'd or s. handled in discourse,

Troil. III, iii, 166; lightly H8 II, iv. 110.
slightness: trifling, triviality Cor. III, i. 147.
slipsb.(2 'counterfeyt peeces of mony, being brasse,
coured ouer with silver', R. Greene; used quib-

blingly in both the S. passages; cf. Troil. ii. 28 If I could have remembered a gilt counterfeit, thou wouldst not have slipped out of my contemplation)

1 noose in which greyhounds are held H5 III. i. 31 you stand like greyhounds in the slips, counterfeit coin Rom. 11. iv. 53 What counterfeit

add I give you?—The slip, Ven. 515 for fear of slips Set thy seal-manual on my wax-red lips. 3 scion Tit. v. i. 9 Brave slip, sprung from the great

Andronicus. slip vb.:

1 let slip, allow (dogs) to go from the 'slips' or leash Cor. I. vi. 39 Even like a fawning greyhound in the leash, To let him s. at will, Cas. III. i. 273 let s. the dogs of war; absol. 1H4'r. iii. 279 Before the game's afoot thou still lett'st slip.

= let slip Shr. v. ii. 52 Lucentio slipp'd me, like his greyhound; to let go free Cym. iv. iii. 22.

slipper: slippery Oth. 11. i. 247 a s. and subtle knaw (F<sub>1</sub>; Ff<sub>2</sub>s slippery). slippery: inconstant, fiekle Wint. 1. ii. 273 My wife is s., Troil. 111. iii. 85, Cor. IV. iv. 12 0 world:

Thy slippery turns.
slipshod: in 'slip-shoes' or slippers Lr. 1. v. 12. sliver sb.: small branch Ham. IV. vii. 174.

sliver vb.: to tear off (a branch) Mac. iv. i. 28 slips of yew S'd in the moon's eclipse, Lr. iv. ii. 34 She that herself will sliver... From her material sap.

slobbery: sloppy H5 III. v. 13 a s. and a dirty farm. slop(s: loose breeches Ado III. ii. 36, 2H4 I. ii. 33, Rom. II. iv. 49 your French slop. slovenly: (?) foul 1H4 I. iii. 44 a s. . . . corse.

slovenry: slovenliness H5 IV. iii. 114.

slow: heavy Gent. IV. ii. 66 a s. heart: dull, sober, serious LLL. IV. iii. 324 s. arts, R3 I. ii. 117 a slower method,

**slubber** (twice in S.; 1 cf. BESLUBBER)

1 to sully Oth. I. iii. 227 to s. the gloss...

2 to do in a slovenly manner, hurry over Mer. V. 11.

slug-a-bed: sluggard Rom. iv. v. 2.
slumber:=slepf I, All'sW. III. vi. 77, Per. I. iv. 16.
sluttish: morally unclean, unchaste Troil. iv. v.
62; cf. Tim. iv. iii. 135.

sly: stealthy R2 1, iii. 150 The sly slow hours; see FLY-SLOW. ¶ Chapman has 'sly hours'. small (1 cf. the oldest meaning of 'great', =thick,

1 thin, fine, slender Gent. 11, iii, 23 as small as a wand, Ado IV. i. 252 The s-est twine, LLL. V. ii. 259, John IV. iii. 127, Rom. 1. iv. 62 the s-est spider's web, Per. IV. Gower 22 fingers, long, s.; (of powder) fine Tit. v. ii. 199; (of rain) not heavy or violent R2 II. i. 35 Small showers.

2 (of a sound) thin, shrill, piping Tw.N. I. iv. 32, Cor. 111. ii. 114.

3 (of time) short AYL. rv. iii. 153, H5 rr. iv. 145, R3 4 absol. uses:—thin part of the leg below the calf LLL, v. ii. 643; little LLL, r. i. 86 S. have continual plodders ever won;—in the s-est, the slightest degree Meas. IV. ii. 178;—by s. and s., little by little R2

III. ii. 198. 5 adv. (i) in a 'small' voice, shrilly Wiv. 1. i. 49 speaks s. like a voman, MND. 1. ii. 53; (ii) little Lucr. 1273 it small avails my mood.

smart: painful 2H6 111. ii. 325, Ham. 111. i. 50.

smatch: smack, taste Cæs. v. v. 46.

smatter: to chatter Rom. III. v. 172 s. with your gossips, go. smear: to besmirch, befoul, sully Ado IV. i. 135 s-ed

thus, and mir'd with infamy (Q smirched), 1H6 IV. vii. 3 Triumphant death, s-'d with capticity, 3H6 v. ii. 23 my glory s-'d in dust and blood, Lucr. 945 s. with dust their . . . towers.

smell: to have or emit a smell of Tp. IV. i. 199 I do smell all horse-piss, Gent. IV. iv. 22 all the chamber smelt him, Wiv. III. ii. 72 he s-s April and May, Meas. III. ii. 198 she smelt brown bread and gartic.

1 to sneer or mock at Lr. II. ii. 87 Smile you my speeches (Ff Qq smoile, smoyle); similarly s. at Troil. v. x. 7. [face into wrinkles, 2 LLL v. ii. 466 s-s his cheek in years=laughs his smilet: little smile Lr. iv. iii. 21. smock: 'a Linnen innermost Garment worn by

Women' (Bailey); used typically for 'a woman' All'sW. II. i. 30, Rom. II. iv. 112 a shirt and a s. (=a man and a woman).

smoke sb. :

1 vapour, mist 1H6 II. ii. 27 s. and dusky vapours of the night, Mac. I. v. 52 the dunnest s. of hell, Sonn. xxxiv. 4

2 fig. applied to a 'mist' of words, mere talk (usu. in contexts with literal phraseology) LLL. III. i. 66, John II. i, 229, Tim. III. vi. 100, IV. iii. 143, Lucr. 1027 This helples's smoke of words (cf. 1042-3). smoke vb. (2 cf. 'to Smoke or Smell a Design', Dict.

of Canting Crew)

to fumigate Ado I. iii. 61, Cym. v. v. 399.

2 to unearth (a fox) by fire; fig. to find (a person) out All'sW. III. vi. 110, IV. i. 30. [II. i. 139. s. a person's skin-coat, give him a drubbing John

to have a 'warm' time of it Tit. IV. ii. 112 some of you shall smoke for it.

Smolkint: see Smulkin.

smooth adj.

1 mild, bland, 'oily' AYL. II. vii. 96 s. civility, 2H6 III. i. 65 s. Duke Humphrey, Tim. III. vi. 105 smiling,

smooth, detested parasites.
free from inequalities or asperities, pleasant 1114 I. i. 66 s. and welcome news, 2H4 Ind. 40 s. comforts,

Ant. 1. iii. 100 smooth success.

smooth vb. : 1 to gloss over R2 I. iii. 240 To s. his fault, 3H6 III.

48 smooths the wrong.

2 to flatter, humour (trans. and intr.) 2H6 II. i. 22 That s-'st it so, R3 i. iii. 48 s., deceive and cog, Tit. v. ii. 140, Lr. II. ii. 80 smooth every passion.

smoothing: flattering 2H6 I. i. 157, Lucr. 892. smooth-pate: smooth-headed fellow 2H4 1. ii. 42 (Q smoothy-pates).

smote: pa. pple. of 'smite' Cor. III. i. 317.

smother: suffocating smoke AYL. i. ii. 304 from the smoke into the smother.

smug: neat, spruce, trim Mer.V. III. i. 51 to come so s. upon the mart, 1H4 III. i. 103 the s. and silver

Trent, Lr. IV. vi. 203 like a smug bridegroom (Ff). Smulkin: name of a fiend from Harsnet (cf. FLIBBERTIGIBBET), where it appears as Smolkin+ (restored by Theobald) Lr. III. iv. 144 (mod. edd. also Smulking +, in correction of Qq snulbug)

snake: applied contemptuously to a person AYL. IV. iii. 72 a tame snake.

snatch:

1 sudden or swift catch Tit. II. i. 95.

smart repartee Meas. IV. ii. 6\* leave me your s-es. 3 sudden check in speech Cym. IV. ii. 105\*.

snatcher: freebooter H5 1. ii. 143 coursing s-s (Qq

sneak-cup: (?) one who shirks his liquor 1H4 III. iii. 98

sneap sb.: rebuke, snub 2H4 II. i. 137.

sneap vb. (only in pples.): to nip or pinch with cold LLL. I. i. 100 s-ing frost, Wint. I. ii. 13 s-ing winds, Lucr. 333 sneaped birds.

sneck up: go hang! Tw.N. II. iii. 103. ¶ Other Eliz. forms are 'snick up', 'sneik up'.

snipe: fool Oth. I. iii. 301. ¶ Cf. woodcock.

snipt-taffeta: wearing slashed garments of taffeta

All'sW. IV. v. 2 snort: to snore 1H4 II. iv. 586 [578] fast asleep . . .

snort: to snore 1H+II. IV. 350 [318] Task askeep... and s-ing like a horse, Oth. I. i. 90 Awake the s-ing citizens. ¶ An Eliz. sense.

snuff: huff, resentment, taking offence Lr. III. i. 26 s-s and packings of the dukes: phr. in s. 1H+ I. iii. 41 Who therewith angry... Took it in s.; (with playon the word meaning 'burning candle-wick') LLL, v, ii. 22 You'll mar the light by taking it in s., MND. v. 358. MND. v. i. 256.

so (the following are obs. or arch. meanings; see also even, how, why; 3 and 5 occur only once)

1 in ellipt. constr., qualifying an adj. = be he or it never so . . ., however . . . Meas. III. ii. 202 What king so strong Can . . .?, Shr. v. ii. 145 none so dry . . . Will deign to sip, Ham. IV. VII. 143 no cutu-plusm so rure . . . can sure the thing from death. 2 so many, the same number (of) All's W. IV. iii. 185

Spurio, a hundred and fifty; Sebastian, so many, Wint. v. iii, 51.

3 = so so (ii) LLL. I. i. 225 he is, in telling true, but so. 4 provided that Ado II. i. 92 will you walk about with your friend? - So you walk softly, Shr. I. ii. 82 nothing comes amiss, so money comes withal, R3 1. ii. 125 To undertake the death of all the world, So might I lie one hour in your screet bosom, Sonn. cxxxiv. 3; also so as R2 v. vi. 27, so that All'sW. II. iv. 21, if so Ham. IV. vii. 60 (Ff If so, Qq so you will not); often in so (it) please = if it please. 5 even though Ant. 11. v. 94.

6 expressing satisfaction or acquiescence = good! very well! Tp. 1. ii. 24 So: Lie there, my art, Wiv. III. iv. 67 if it be my luck, so, Meas. II. i. 211, H8 v. ii. 6 Your Grace must wait till you be call'd for.

—So, Oth. v. i. 82 Lend me a garter. So.

7 so so (i) good! good! Gent. 11. iii. 26, H8 t. i. 219
So, so; These are the limbs o' the plot: no more, I hope, Ant. iv. iv. 28; (ii) not very good, middling AYL. III. v. 119 His leg is but so so; and yet 'lis well; as adv. indifferently, not very much or well Gent. I. ii. 13, AYL. v. 1. 29, Tim. v. 1. 87; so so so, that will do very well, good! good! Tp. v. i. 96, Lr. III. vi. 90, 91.

8 so as = such as Sonn. lii. 1 So am I as the rich, cxxxi. 1 So as thou art : Wint, v. i. 172 So sacred as it is (= sacred though it is)

soaking: absorbent Wint. I. ii. 224 conceit is s. sober (the sense 'abstinent' is not S.)

1 calm Tim. III. v. 21 sober and unnoted passion, Cas. Iv. ii. 40 this s. form of yours; so soberblooded 2H4 IV. iii. 94. 2 serious Ado I. i. 177 s. judgement, AYL. v. ii. 77

Speakest thou in sober meanings?.

Speakest thou in some meanings?.

3 grave, dignified, (of women) modest, demure
Err. III. i. 90 Her s. virtue, Mer. V. II. v. 36

My s. house, Shr. 1. ii. 134 disguis d in s. robes, Ham. III. iv. 189, Ant. v. ii. 54 the s. eye Of dull Octavia, Lucr. 1403 Making such s. action with his hand; so sober-suited Rom. 111. ii. 11, sober-sad Lucr. 1542.

Lucr. 1542.

soberly: with dignity Ant. I. v. 48.

sobriety: modesty Shr. I. i. 71 Maids'...sobriety.

sociable: sympathetic Tp. v. i. 63.

society: partnership LLL. Iv. iii. 53; companionship Wiv. III. iv. 8 my wild societies.

sod: lit. boiled; (hence) scalded with tears Lucr.

1592; twice sod simplicity, the essence of stupidity LLL. Iv. ii. 23; cf. sodden-witted Troil. II. i. 47.

sodden. boiled HS III. v. 18. swater. with allustons sodden: boiled H5 III. v. 18 s. water; with allusion

to the bagnio Troil. III. i. 45, Per. IV. ii. 21. so-forth: used like et cetera (see OPEN) to veil im-

propriety Wint. 1. ii. 218.

soft adj.: gentle, mild H5 III. iii. 48 thy soft mercy, Cor. III. ii. 82, Oth. I. iii. 82 the soft phrase of

soft adv. (1 elliptical for 'go soft')

Soft adv. (1 elliptical for 'go soft')
1 stay!, stop! (freq.) Tp. i. ii. 446 Soft, sir, Ant. II.
ii. 87 Soft, Casar!—No, Lepidus, let him speak;
with a pron. soft you Ado v. i. 212, Ham. III. i.
88; Soft and fair Ado v. iv. 72.
2 gently 2H4 v. ii. 97 soft silencing your son.

softly:

1 gently Shr. 1. ii. 241 S., my masters!, Tw.N. 11. v. 134, Wint. IV. ii. [iii]. 81. 2 slowly AYL. III. ii. 350 though he go as s. as foot can

fall, Cas. v. i. 16 lead your battle softly on.

softly-sprighted: (?)gentle Wiv. i. iv. 25. soho: hunting cry used when a hare was descried

sono: hunting cry used when a hare was described in her form Gent. III. i. 189, Rom. II. iv. 139 Soho!—What hast thou found?—No have, sir. Soil1: blemish Ado III. ii. 5a se great a soil in the new gloss of your marriage, Troil. IV. i. 56 (Q soyle; Ff soilure), Ham. I. iv. 20, Ant. I. iv. 24 yel must Antony No way excuse his soils (Ff foylic): see Foil. 8b.). 

Etymologically unconnected with soil—arth, related to 'sully' soil = earth : related to 'sully.

soil = earth; related to 'snily.
soil 2: solution Sonn. Ixix. 14 (Q solye, misprint
for soyle, mod. edd. solvet). ¶ From the vb.
'soil '(freq. in 16th cent.) = to solve, a phetic form
of 'assoil', ultimately from L. 'absolvere.'
soiled [connected with Fr. 'soil' = sated]: highfed Lr. IV. vi. 125 the s. horse. ¶ Still dial.; 'To

soil a horse is to give him green meat in the stable' (Evans' Leicestershire Words, 1881).

soilure: defilement Troil. IV. i. 56 (Ff).
Sol: the sun, viewed astrologically Troil. I. iii. 89.
sola: hallo! LLL. IV. i. 153, Mer. V. v. i. 39.

solace (the sb. often in Eliz. use = sport, diversion)

1 to provide sport or amusement for LLL. IV. iii. 377 with some . . . pastime solace them. 2 to be happy, delight (in) R3 II. iii. 30, Rom. IV. V. 47, Cym. I. vi. 86.

solder (old edd. soader, sodder): to close up, unite Tim. Iv. iii. 390, Ant. III. iv. 32.

soldier (3 syll. in Cor. 1, i. 122): s. to, enlisted in the service of, devoted to Cym. III. iv. 186 this attempt I'm s. to, Per. IV. i. 8 s. to thy purpose.

sole (obs. or archaic uses)

1 unique John IV. iii. 52 this [murder] so s., Sonn. xxxvi. 7 love's s. effect, Phoen. 2 the s. Arabian tree; quasi-adv. Troil. 1. iii. 244 that praise, sole pure.

2 mere Mac. IV. iii. 12 whose sole name.

solely:

1 adv. absolutely, entirely All'sW. r. i. 113 solely a coward, Mac. 1. v. 71 s. sovereign swuy; -not solely, not only Mer. V. 11. i. 13.

(passing into adj.) alone Wint. 11. iii. 17 Leave me s., H5 11. Chor. 4 honour's thought Reigns s. in the breust of every man; sole Shr. II. i. 118 Left solely heir.

solemn;

1 ceremonious, formal All'sW. IV. iii. 90 taken a s. leave; belonging to a celebration or festivity Shr.

teate; belonging to a celebration of lestivity Shr.
III. ii. 104 our s. festival, Tit. II. 112 a s. hunting
is in hand, Mac. III. i. 14 a solemn supper.
2 'sad, melancholy (Schmidt) LLL. v. ii. 118 passion's
solemn tears, Ven. 1057 This solemn sympathy.
Solemnity: celebration of nupritials MND. I. i. 11,
John II. i. 555, Rom. IV. v. 61; festivity Gent. v.
iv. 161 triumphs, mirth, and rare s., MND. IV. i.
140 Rom I. v. 61 140, Rom. I. v. 61.

sol-fa: to sing from a score Shr. I. ii. 17 I'll try how you can sol-fa and sing it (jocular). ¶ Cf. 'Solfa're', 'Solfeggia're', to Sol-fa, or sing prick-song (Tor-

riano, 1659).

solicit sb.: solicitation Cym. II. iii. 52. solicit vb.: to move, urge R2 I. ii. 2, 1H6 v. iii. 189 372. ¶ More freq. is the sense of 'petition, entreat'. Solicit Henry with her wondrous praise, Ham. v. ii.

solicitation: illicit courtship Oth. IV. ii. 202.

soliciting: incitement, prompting Mac. 1. iii. 130. solidare (S.): small coin Tim. 111. i. 47.

Solon: famous Athenian lawgiver (about 640-559 B.C.), one of the 'Seven Wise Men', to whom is attributed the saying 'Call no man happy till he is dead 'Tit, I, I, 177 Solon's happiness, Solve': see Soll. 2. ¶Not a S. Word, some (obsolete uses are the foll.; 2 the corresponding

use with pl. nouns is freq.) [122. some certain = 'a certain 'R3 1. iv. 125, Cæs. 1. iii. about a(n) LLL. v. ii. 90 s. half an hour, R3 111. i.

64 some day or two, Lr. 1. i. 20 some year elder. some one R2 IV. i. 268 Go s. of you and fetch a

looking-glass, Lr. III. i. 37. some deal (once): somewhat Tit. III. i. 244 To weep with them that weep doth ease some deal.

some other where: somewhere else Err. II. i.

30, Rom. r. i. 204.

**something:** somewhat, to some extent Tp. III. i. 58 I prattle S. too wildly, 2H4 I. ii. 215 s. a (=a) somewhat) round belly, Ham. 1. iii. 121 Be s. (Ff somewhat) scanter of your maiden presence; at some distance Mac. 111. i. 132 s. from the palace. sometime and sometimes are both used in the

senses (1) from time to time, at times. (2) on one occasion, once, (3) formerly; also as adj. = former,

quondam.

son: freq.=son-in-law Wiv, III. iv. 79, Shr. v. ii. 13. sonance: sound H5 IV. ii. 35 The tucket sonance. song-men: three-man s. Wint. IV. ii. [iii]. 45 (see

THREE-MAN-SONG-MEN),

sonnet: always of a poem written in praise of a person, esp. a mistress Ado v. ii. 4, H5 III. vii.

sonneting: sonnet-writing LLL. IV. iii. 158.

Sonties: by God's s., app. a rustic oath Mcr.V. II.
ii. 47. ¶ Diminutive of an old form 'sont' (cf.
Scottish 'saunt') of 'saint'; Skelton, about 1525, has 'seynty'

soon: s. at night (common Eliz.), towards evening Wiv. 1. iv. 8, Oth. 111. iv. 199; similarly Err. 1. ii.

26 Soon at five o'clock, III. ii. 181 soon at suppertime, R3 IV. iii. 31 soon at after supper (Ff soone, and). soonest: quickest Ant. III. iv. 27 your s. haste.

soopstake: see swoopstake. sooth (2 associated with soothe)

1 truth Mac. I. ii. 36 If I say s.; asseverative phr. in (good) s., in truth, truly, indeed (freq.); also without 'in' MND. III. ii. 265 Yes, sooth; II. ii. 129 Good troth, you do me wrong, good sooth, you do; once very sooth Wint. 1. ii. 17. flattery, cajoling R2 III. iii. 136 words of s.; personified Per. 1. ii. 44 When Signior Sooth here does pro-

claim a peace, He flatters you. soothe (cf. Bailey's Dict. 'to assent to, to flatter, or

encourage')

1 to humour Err. IV. iv. 81 to s. him in these contraries, 3H6 III. iii. 175 to s. your forgery, R3 I. iii. 298 s. the devil that I warn thee from, Lr. III. iv.

2 to flatter (trans. and intr.) John III. i. 121 thou... s-'st up greatness, Cor. II. ii. 78 You s-'d not, therefore hurt not; in vbl. sb. and ppl. adj. R3 I. ii. 169 (Ff Qq 78 smoothing), Cor. I. ix. 44, Pilgr. i. 11. soother: flatterer 1H4 rv. i. 7.

sop: cake or wafer put in a prepared drink to float on the top Shr. III. ii. 176, 179; in allusive phr. make a sop of R3 I. iv. 163 throw him into the malmsey butt . . . —make a sop of him, Troil. I. iii. 113; see also MOONSHINE.

sophister (once): 'a cunning, or cauilling disputer' (Cotgr.) 2H6 v. i. 191 A subtle traitor needs no s.

sophisticated: adulterated Lr. III. iv. 109. Sophy: Shah of Persia Mer.V. II. i. 25, Tw.N. II. v. 199.

sore sb.: buck in its 4th year LLL. IV. ii. 59.

sore: adj. grievous Tp. iii. i. 11 a s. injunction, R3 i. iv. 42 this s. agony, Lr. iii. v. 24 though the conflict be s. ;—adv. grievously, heavily Wint. v. iii. 49 your sorrow was too s. laid on, Troil. v. v. 14 S. hurt, Ven. 702 sore sick. sorel: buck in its 3rd year LLL. IV. ii. 60.

sorely: = sore adv. Wint. v. i. 18, H8 IV. ii. 14, Mac. v. i. 59.

sorrow: I am s.=I am sorry Cym.v. v. 298 (F1; later Ff sor(r)y). Modelled on the phr. I am woo (see WOE).

sorrowed: sorrowful Tim. v. i. 154.

sorrow-wreathen: folded in grief Tit. III. ii. 4. sorry (by far the commonest sense is 'full of regret') 1 distressing, painful Oth. III. iv. 52 a salt and s. rheum offends me.

2 full of sorrow, sorrowful, sad Wint. II. i. 122 I never wish'd to see you s., H8 11. iv. 24 glad or s., Mac. 111. ii. 9 sorriest fancies, Sonn. xix. 5.

3 exciting sorrow or sadness, woeful, wretched Err. v. i. 121 death and s. execution, 2H6 1. iv. 78 A s. breakfast, Mac. II. ii. 22 This is a sorry sight.

sort sb. 1 (6 is the commonest sense)
1 kind, species (most freq. all s-s, many s-s); phr. of
s-s, of various kinds H51. ii. 190 They have a king and officers of sorts (Qq of sort, which may belong to sense 2).

2 rank, degree H5 IV. vii. 143 a gentleman of great s., IV. viii. 80 prisoners of good s.; pregnantly = high rank Meas. IV. iv. 19 men of s. and suit, Ado I. i.

7 few of any sort, and none of name. class of people AYL. 1. i. 176 of all s-s... beloved, 146 11. V. 123 the meaner s., 318 v. v. 87 the common s., Tit. 1. i. 230 With . . . applause of every s., Patricians and plebeians, Cass. 1. i. 61.
4 set, company, 'crew' MND, III. ii. 13 that barren s., R2 IV. i. 246 a s. of traitors, R3 v. iii. 317.

5 in s., assembled together, in company MND. III.

ii. 21 choughs, many in sort.

6 way, manner Wiv. II, ii. 76 in any such sort . . . but in the way of honesty, Mer. V. I. ii. 111 by some others., 3H6 IV. ii. 28 in silents. (= silently), Cor. I. iii. 2 express yourself in a more comfortable s., Cæs I. ii. 201 he . . . smiles in such a s. As if he mock d himself; plr. in some s. (freq.) Wiv. I. i. 106; in a s. Tp. II. i. 109; in s., after a fashion Cæs. II. i. 283.

7 state, condition Tp. iv. i. 146 You do look . . . in a mov'd s.; outward style, array H5 v. Chor. 25 The mayor and all his brethren in best sort.

sort sb2. : lot Troil. 1. iii. 376 draw The sort. sort vb. (the sense 'to separate 'is represented only in H5 IV. vii. 78; 3 intr. and 5 tend to blend)

1 to put in the same class, associate with Ham. II. ii. 279 I will not s. you with the rest of my servants; also intr. to consort with Ven. 689 [the hare] sometime sorteth with a herd of deer.

2 to choose, select, (passing into) find out, contrive

Gent. III. ii. 92 To s. some gentlemen well skill d in music, 3H6 v. vi. 85 I will s. a pitchy day for thee, Rom. III. v. 110 who . . Hath s-d out a sudden day of joy, Lucr. 899 sort an hour great strifes to end 3 to fit, adapt, make to agree with Gent. 1. iii. 63

My will is something s-ed with his wish, 2H6 II. iv. 68 s. thy heart to patience, Lucr. 1221; also intr. to fit, suit, be in accordance with MND. v. i. 55 some salire . . . Not sorting with a nuptial ceremony, H5 rv. i. 63, Troil. r. i. 111 this woman's answer sorts, Ham. i. i. 109\*.

4 (of God) to dispose, ordain Mer. V. v. i. 132, R3 II.

iii. 36 if God sort it so.

5 to fall out, turn out MND, III. ii. 352 so far am I glad it so did s., 2H61, ii. 107 S, how it will; passive Shr. IV. iii. 43 is sorted to no proof (see PROOF 3). sortance: hold sortance with, suit 2H4 IV. i. 11.

sorted: associated LLL, 1. i. 258; ill s., in bad com-

pany 2H4 II. iv. 161. sot: fool Tp. III. ii. 104, Lr. Iv. ii. 8. sottish : stupid Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 79 Patience is s.

soud: interj. of doubtful import Shr. IV. i. 145. soul (freq. in the sense 'creature, being, person') I used periphrastically Wiv. II. ii. 258 the folly of

my s. (=my folly), Meas. v. i. 6 our s. (=we), Ado IV. i. 44, Ham. III. ii. 68 my dear s., Oth. I. iii. 268 your good souls.

2 quintessence Meas. III. i. 185 grace, being the s. of gour complexion, MND. II. i. 182 the s. of love, H5 IV. i. 265 thy s. of adoration (=' the real nature or essence of the adoration paid to thee'), Tim. I. ii. 218, Ham. II. ii. 90 brevity is the soul of wit,

soul-fearing: terrifying the soul John II. i. 383. sound sb.: see swoon.

sound adj .:

1 honest, loyal H8 III. ii. 275, v. iii. 81.
2 (of voice) clear Tw. N. I. iv. 33.
sound adv.: soundly Wiv. IV. iv. 63 pinch him sound. sound vb.: to utter, pronounce, proclaim Shr. 11. i. 193 Hearing . . . thy beauty sounded, R2 111. iv. 74 sound this unpleasing news, Troil. Iv. ii. 116 break my heart With sounding Troilus, Ant. 11. ii. 38 to sound your name.

soundless 1: without sound Cas. v. i. 36. soundless 2: unfathomable Sonn. lxxx. 10.

[soundpost: part of a violin; used as a musician's name in Rom. IV. v. 140.]

sour adj .: bitter, harsh LLL. I. i. 311 the s. cup of prosperity, R2 IV. i. 241 my s. cross, 2H6 III. ii. 301

sour affliction, Tim. v. i. 225 sour words. R2 II. i. 170, Ven. 185; cf. sour-eyed Tp. Iv. i. 20. sour-fac'd: of melancholy aspect Lucr. 1334.

sourly: cruelly Sonn. xxxv. 14. [v. ii. 150. souse: (of a bird of prey) to swoop down upon John soused: pickled 1H4 IV. ii. 13 a soused gurnet. South Sea: the Pacific, used allusively in AYL. III, ii, 208\* a S, of discovery (=a voyage of discovery in an unknown region).

southward: southern Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 823.

sovereign: of supreme or paramount power or excellence LLL. II. i. 44 A man of s. parts, 1H4 III. ii. 161 charge and s. trust herein, Lr. IV. iii. 44 A s. shame, Ant. v. i. 41 tears as s. as the blood of hearts; of medicines 1H4 1. iii. 57 the s-st things... Was parmaceti for an ineard bruise, Cor. II. i. 129 the most s. prescription in Galen, Ven. 28; fig. Gent. I. ii. 113.

sovereignly: supremely Wint. I. ii. 323. sovereignty: supreme excellence Gent. II. vi. 15, LLL. IV. iii. 234 Of all complexions the cull'd s.; of medicines All's W I. iii. 232. ¶ In Lucr. 69 used with allusion to heraldic phraseology; cf. 'sovereignty of the partitions' (Guillim).

sowl, old edd. sole: to pull by the ears Cor. IV. V.

214 He'll . . . s. the porter of Rome gates by the ears.

Sowter: properly, cobbler; name given to a poor hound in contempt Tw.N. II. v. 137. space: time, period of time AYL, IV. iii. 153 after some small s., All'SW. II. iii. 188 the solemn feast

some smate s., All Sw. II. III. 188 the solemn feast
Shall more attend upon the coming space (app. =
shall be deferred a while), IV. i. 93, Lr. V. iii. 54
at further space (= later), Ant. II. i. 31,
span-counter: a boys' game, in which 'one
throws a counter, or piece of money, which the
other wins, if he can throw another so as to hit it, or lie within a span of it' (Nares) 2H6 IV. ii.

170 in whose time boys went to s, for French crowns, spaniel'd+ (Hanmer): followed subserviently (like a spaniel) Ant. IV. x. 34 [xii, 21] The hearts That spaniel'd me at heels (old edd. pannelled).

Spanish pouch: applied in contempt to a vintner 1H4 II. iv. 80.

spann'd: limited H8 I. i. 223 My life is spann'd.

spare (the mod. uses are freq.)

1 s. for no..., s. not for ..., be liberal in respect of Ado III. v. 66, 1H6 v. iv. 56, Rom. Iv. iv. 6.

2 to forbear Tp. II. i. 26 I prithee, s., Ado II. ii. 23 s. not to tell him, R3 I. iii. 114 Tell him, and s. not. Cor. 1. i. 262; ellipt. = forbear to give 2H4 III. ii. 291 s. me the great ones; app. = forbear to offend Meas. 11. iii, 33 spare heaven. Thaunts.

3 to avoid MND. 11. i. 142 shun me, and I will s. your sparingly: occurs twice, only in context with far off H5 1. ii. 239, R3 111, v. 92.

Sparta: hounds of S., celebrated in antiquity for their swiftness and keenness of scent, in modern writers quoted for their flereceness MND. v., i. 120, 132; so Spartan MND. IV. i. 125, Oth. v. ii. 360. spavin(s: disease of horses causing swelling of the

joints Shr. 111. ii. 55, H8 1. iii. 12

spay†: to castrate Meas. II. i. 249 (Ff splay). speak (pa.t. spake and spoke, pa.pple. spoke, -en) 1 (cuphemistically) to exchange blows, fight Cor. I. iv. 4, Ant. II. ii. 170, vi. 25.

2 to call for action Cor. III. ii. 41 when extremities s., Ham. v. ii. 209 if his fitness s-s, Ant. I. iv. 29, II. ii. 102; also trans, to call upon, summon to action Tp. 11. i. 215 [207]\* occasion speaks thee. 3 to proclaim (a person to be so-and-so) H8 11. iv.

138 thy parts . . . could speak thee out, - The queen of earthly queens, Mac. IV. iii. 159 blessings...

That speak him full of grace.
4 to bear witness in favour of (a person), give testi-

mony to H8 11, iv. 164, 111. i. 124 let me s. myself,

Cor. II. ii. 108 (see Home adv. 2). 5 s. oneself of = bespeak Mer.V. II. iv. 5 We have not spoke us yet of torch-bearers.

phr. with object equivalent to an adverbial expression defining the manner of speaking Wiv. III. ii. 72 (see holiday 1), Ado II. i. 257 She s-s poniards, AYL. III. ii. 227 s., sad brow and true maid, H5 v. ii. 155 I s. to thee plain soldier, Oth. II. iii. 283 speak parrot (=talk nonsense).

speak far, (1) go great lengths in what one says Lr. v. iii. 64, Cym. v. v. 310; (2) say much of (a person) H8 iv. ii. 32, Cym. i. i. 24; speak for, call for, demand Lr. i. iv. 269 The shame itself doth s. For instant remedy; speak to, (1) tell (a person something) Cas. iv. iii. 280 Speak to me what thou art; (2) pass. to have an intimation (of something) HS. iii. 66 I was spoke to, with Sir Henry Guidford, This night to be comptrollers; (3) to make an amped to Art. J. ii. 194. (3) to make an appeal to Ant. I. ii. 194.

Specialt: make s., indicate specially All's W. n. ii. 7.

specialty (in 1 Fr<sub>34</sub> read specially)

1 s. of rule, 'particular rights of supremeauthority'

(J.) Troil. I. iii. 78.

2 special contract under seal for the payment of money LLL II. 1. 164, Shr. II. i. 127. [IV. v. 116. speciously: dial, for 'specially' Wiv. III. iv. 113, spectacles: organs of sight 2H6 III. ii. 112, Cym. I. vi. 37.

spectatorship: in s., under the eyes of spectators Cor. v. ii. 70 some death more long in spectatorship. speculation (1 concrete for abstract; cf. Latin 'speculatio'=spying)
1 scout, watcher Lr. in. i. 24 spies and s-s.
2 looking on H5 iv. ii, 31 idle speculation.

power of seeing, sight Troil. III. iii. 109, Mac. III. iv. 95\* Thou hast no s. in those eyes (some explain 'the intelligence of which the eye is the medium',

Wright). speculative: having the power of vision, seeing

Oth, I. iii. 272 (see offic'd).

sped: dispatched, 'done for' Mer.V. II. ix. 72,
Shr. III. ii. 54 sped with spawins, V. ii. 186 We three are married, but you two are sped, Rom. 111. i. 96 I am hurt . . . I am sped.

speechless: without words Sonn. viii. 13 s. song. speed sb. (1 cf. Oth. 11. i. 77 anticipates our thoughts A

se'nnight's speed)

had the speed of, outstripped Mac. I. v. 36. fortune, 'hap' Shr. II. i. 139 happy be thy s., Wint.

fortune, 'hap' Shr. II. 1.139 happy ve ing s., Wille, ii. 146 fear Of the queen's s., Cym. III. v. 167. in expressions invoking the assistance of a patron or protector Gent. III. i. 304 Saint Nicholas be thy s., AYL. I. ii. 226 Hercules be thy s., Rom. v. iii. 121; similarly 1H4 III. i. 189 good manners

be your speed. speed vb. (pa. pple. speeded twice Meas. IV. v. 10, 2H4 IV. iii. 38; otherwise sped, q.v.)

1 to have (a certain) success, fare (well or ill) Shr. II. i. 277 s. amiss, John IV. ii. 141 How I have sped, Troil. 111. i. 157.

2 to turn out Cor. v. i. 62 Speed how it will. 3 to be successful Wiv. 111. v. 69 sped you, sir?, R3 IV. iv. 359 An honest tale s-s best being plainly told, Lr. i. ii. 19 if this letter s., Oth. IV. i. 109 How quickly should you speed.

4 trans. to hasten Meas. IV. v. 10, All'sW. III. iv. 37

trans. to instell ansets. V. V. 19, All SV. III. V. 18 speed her fool, H5 III, V. 36.
to be a person's 'speed' (see SPEED sb. 3) Wiv. III. iv. 12 heucen so s. me, Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 684 Fortunes s. us, Cass. I. ii. 88 let the gods so s. me; with subject omitted Lr. Iv. vi. 213 Sir, speed you.
speken+: arch, infin, of 'speak' Per, II. Gower 12 [cold add, ann mispriinted tanken)

(old edd. app. misprinted spoken), spell-stopp'd: spellbound Tp. v. i. 61, spell backward: to misconstrue Ado 111, i. 61.

spend (see also spent below)

1 to give vent to, utter MND. III. ii. 74 s. your passion, 1H6 II. v. 38 s. my lutter gasp, Cor. II. i. 59 s. my malice, Oth. I. ii. 48 s. a word, Cym. II. i. 6.

2 to part with freely, throw away, lose R2 1. i. 108 or this life [shall] be spent, Mac. 111. ii. 4 Nought's had, all's spent, Oth. 11. iii. 197 s. your rich opinion.

3 to consume, exhaust, waste Ado I. i. 281 [273] if Cupid have not spent all his quiver, Shr. v. i. 71 my son and my servant s. all, 3H6 1. iv. 21 s. her strength.

spent:

1 consumed, eaten 2H4 III. ii. 130 Mouldy, it is time you were spent, Rom. II. iv. 143 stale . . . ere it be s. 2 exhausted Mac. I. ii. 8 two s. swimmers, Cym. III.

vi. 62 spent with hunger. passed, gone by R2 1. iii. 211 Six frozen winters s., Lucr. 1589, Sonn. evii. 14 When tyrants' crests and tombs of brass are spent.

sperre† (Theobald): to shut Troil. Prol. 19 with massy staples...S. up the sons of Troy (old edd. Stirre). ¶ An old form of 'spar'.

sphere (2 usu. with allusion to sense 1, ii)

orbit of a planet MND. II. i. 7 Swifer than the moone's s., John v. vii. 74 you stars, that more in your right spheres, 114 v. iv. 65, Ham. v. vii. 15; allusively All'sW. I. i. 101, Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.] 10 O sun! Burn the great s. thou mov'st in; (i) with ref. to the music supposed to be produced by the concentric 'spheres' of the Ptolemaic system AYL. II. vii. 6 discord in the s-s, Tw.N. III. i. 122, Ant. v. ii. 84 all the tuned s-s; (ii) with ref. to stars 'starting' from their 'spheres' (see also sense 2) MND. II. i. 153.

2 orbit of the eye Rom. II. ii. 17 do entreat her eyes To twinkle in their s-s, Ham. 1, v. 17 Make thy two eyes, like stars, start from their s-s, Ant. 11. vii. 16 To be called into a huge s., and not to be seen to move in't, are the holes where eyes should be . . ., Sonu. cxix. 7 How have mine eyes out of their s-s been fitted.

planet, star Tim. I. i. 67 this s. ( = the earth), Compl. 23.

sphered (1 see SPHERE 1)

1 placed in a 'sphere' Troil. I. iii. 90.

2 rounded Troil. IV. V. 8 thy sphered bias cheek.

spherical: planetary Lr. 1. ii. 138.

sphery (once): star-like MND. II. ii. 99 sphery eyne. spice: taste, tincture, sample Wint. III. ii. 185, H8 II. iii. 26, Cor. IV. vii. 46. spicery: nest of s., allusion to the nest of spices of

which the phoenix made a funeral pyre R3 iv. iv. [I. iii, 22 spigot: peg in the faucet of a barrel of liquor Wiv.

spill: to destroy Ham. IV. v. 20 It s-s itself in fear-ing to be spilt, Lr. III. ii. 8 all germens spill at once. spilth : spilling Tim. 11. ii. 170 spilth of wine.

spin: (?) to pour in rope-like streams H5 IV. ii. 10

That their hot blood may spin in English eyes.
spinner: long-legged spider MND, 11. ii. 21, Rom. I. iv. 60.

spinster: one who spins Tw. N. H. iv. 44, H8 I. ii. spire: fig. summit Cor. 1. ix. 24.

spirit (freq. to be scanned as one syll., e.g. Wint. II. iii. 185, R2 I. iii. 70; cf. spright?

1 vital energy, life John IV. i. 110 The breath of heaven hath blown hiss. [viz. that of a burning coal] out, Ant. IV. xiii. [xv.]58 Now mys. is young, Sonn. exxix. 1 The expense of spirit.

2 anger Tim. III. v. 104 not to swell our spirit.

3 intellectual power 1H6 II. iv. 16 some shallow spirit of judgement, Sonn. Ixxxvi. 5 Was it his s. . . . . that struck me dead ?.

4 s. of sense, exquisite sense, essence of sensibility Troil. 1. i. 60 to whose soft seizure . . . s. of sense [18] Hardas the pulm of ploughman, 111. iii. 106 the

eye itself—That most pure spirit of sense.
5 uses of the pl. (i) = sense 1, Tp. 1. ii. 483 My spirits, as in a dream, are all bound up, John 11. i. 232 your

king, whose labour'd s-s..., Cym. 1. v. 41 the locking-up the s-s; (ii) sentiments, feelings, Tim. v. iv. 74. Mac. 1. v. 27 pour my s-s in thine ear, Ham. III. ii. 63 thy good s-s; (iii) mind, soul Meas. IV. ii. 73 Heaven give your s-s comfort, John III. i. 17 my vex'd s-s, Oth. III. iv. 63 his s-s should hunt After new funcies.

spirited: animated H5 III. v. 21 spirited with wine.

spiriting+: see sprighting. spiritualty: clergy H5 i, ii, 132. spirt: (of a plant) to shoot up H5 iii, v. 8.

spital, spital-house: hospital H5 II. i. 78, v. i. 86: Tim. IV. iii. 39.

spite sb. (sense 'malice, ill-will' and phr. (in) s. of enotwithstanding, are freq.; ef. meanings of DESPITE, of which this is an aphetic form) outrage, injury MND. III. ii. 420, Rom. IV. i. 31.

2 contemptuous defiance Rom. I. i. 84 Old Montague . . . flourishes his blade in spite of me, I. v. 66.

3 vexation, mortification, Err. IV. ii, 8 the more my s., 1H4 III. i. 191, 0th. IV. i. 71; MND. III. ii. 194 To fashion this false sport in s. of me, 1H6 II. iv. 106 these my friends in s. of thee shall wear; —(in) s. of s., let the worst happen that may, notwithstanding anything John v. iv. 5, 3H6 ii. iii. 5. vexatious or mortifying circumstance Gent. iv.

ii. 70 that change is the s., Err. 11. ii. 193 0! s. of s-s, 3H6 v. i. 180, unbids.!, Ham. 1. v. 188 Ocursed s.

spite vb.: to vex, mortify Shr. IV. iii. 11. splay: to castrate Meas. II. i. 249 (spayt). spleen (4 (ii) cf. 'Untemperate laughers have al-

waies great Splenes,' Holland's Pliny)

1 the organ itself viewed as the scat of emotions and passions (cf. the senses below) Meas. II. ii. 122 the angels . . . vho, with our s-s, Would all themselves laugh mortal, John II. i. 68 With ladies' faces and ferce dragons' s-s (cf. R3 v. iii. 351), Troil, II. ii. 128 the weakest s. (= the dullest spirit), Cas. IV. iii. 47 digest the venom of your spleen.

Cass. IV. III. 41 digest the venom of your spieen.

2 fiery temper, fiery impetuosity or eagerness
John II. i. 448, v. vii. 50 violent motion And s. of
spieed, 1H4 v. ii. 19 govern'd by a s., 3H6 II. i. 124,
Rom. III. i. 163 the unruly spieen Of Tybolt.

3 malice, hatred H8 II. iv. 87 I have no s. against
you, Cor. IV. v. 97 the s. Of all the under fiends,
LT. I. iv. 306 If she must teem, Create her child of s.
impulse, fit i) of angar or passion MND, L. i. 146

4 impulse, fit (i) of anger or passion MND. 1. i. 146 (ig.) the lightning . . . That, in a s., unfolds both heaven and earth, 0th, IV. i. 89; (ii) of laughter LLL. III, i. 80, v. ii. 117 this s, rediculous. Shr. Ind. i. 137 the over-merry s., Tw.N. III. ii. 75, Troil. I. iii. 178; (iii) of passionate desire Troil. II. ii. 196 our hearing spleens, Ven. 907 A thousand s-s. 5 caprice, waywardness AYL. IV. i. 224 [217], 1H4 II. iii. 83, III. ii. 125.

spleenative: passionate, impetuous, hot-headed Ham. v. i. 283 s. and rash (mod. edd. splenitivet, splenetivet): similarly spleenful 2H6 III. ii. 128 s. mutmy, Tit. II. iii. 191, spleeny H8 III. ii. 100 A spleeny Lutheran.

splint: = next R3 II. ii. 118 (Q2).

splinter: to mend as with splints, R3 II. ii. 118 The broken rancour of your . . . hearts, But lately splinter'd (Q<sub>1</sub>), Oth. II. iii. 332.

split (not found in pa.t.; pa.pple. in intr. sense split, in trans, sense splitted)

1 to mutilate (a tongue, one's speech) Err. v. i. 310 so crack'd and splitted my poor tongue, Ant. 11. vii. 131 mine own tongue Splits what it speaks.

2 make all s., cause great commotion MND. 1. ii. 33; (?) similarly Troil. 1. iii. 177 I shall split all In

pleasure of my spleen.
spoil sh. (sense 'booty, prey' is freq.)

1 plundering, spoliation H5 III. iii. 25, 32, 2H6 IV.

vii. 141 the s. of the city, Caes. v. iii. 7 his soldiers fell to s.; act of plundering, of rapine Mer. V. v. i.

85 fit for treasons, stratagems, and spoils.
2 destruction, havoc, ruin All'sW.iv.iii.20 the s. of her honour, 1H4 III. iii. 11 Company, villanous company, buth been the s. of me, 3H6 v.iv. 80, Cor. 11. i. 236, Lr. 11. i. 102 the waste and s. of his

revenues (Q<sub>1</sub> only), Sonn. c. 12 Time's spoils.

3 (in hunting) capture of the quarry and division of rewards to the hounds, (hence) slaughter, mas-

sacre Cor. 11. ii. 125, Cæs. 111. i. 206. spoil vb. (the commonest sense is 'destroy, ruin',

sometimes weakened to 'mar, damage' to plunder 2H6 IV. iv. 53 To s. the city, Ant. III. vi. 25 having . . . Sextus Pomperus spoil d.

vi. 25 natury ... Sectus Fompetas spot a.
2 to carry off as prey 3H6 II. ii. 14.
spongy (1 cf. Mer. V. I. ii. 106)
1 drunken Mac. I. vii. 71 His spongy officers.
2 wet, moist Tp. Iv. i. 55 s. April, Cym. Iv. ii. 349.
spoon: long s. Tp. II. ii. 107 I will leave him; I have
no long s.; cf. Err. Iv. iii. 64 he must have a long s. that must eat with the devil; allusion to spoons

that must eat with the devil; almsion to spoons being given as christening presents H8v. iii. 167 you'd spare your spoons, v. iv. 41.

sport sb. (very freq. in the gen. sense of 'diversion, amusement'; more or less spec. applied to a theatrical performance, e.g. MND. III. ii. 14; the chase, e.g. Troil. iv. v. 238; war, fighting, e.g. H5 iv. iii. 23; games of chance, e.g. Mer. V. iiii. 217, 1 phr. make s., (i) provide entertainment or amuse.

phr. make s., (i) provide entertainment or amusement Wiv. iv. iv. 14, LLL. iv. i. 102 one that makes s. To the prince, All'sW. iv. v. 69, 3H6 i. iv. 92; (ii) amuse oneself, take one's pleasure, play Err. II. ii. 30 let foolish gnuts make s., All'sW. v. iii. 328, R2 II. i. 85 misery makes s. to mock itself, Ham. II. ii. 544 [536] make malicious s.; (iii) jest, mock (cf.

sense 2) Wiv. III. iii. 160 why then make s. at me. 2 jest, jesting Err. III. ii. 27 'Tis holy s. to be a little vain, Ado I. i. 185 in s., Mer. V. I. iii. 146 in a. merry s.; matter for jesting Ado II. iii. 174 [163]. Cym. 11. iv. 48.

sport vb.: intr. and refl. to make merry, divert oneself Tp. iv. i. 74, 3H6 ii. v. 34, Lucr. 907. sportful: amorous Shr. ii. i. 256 [263]; performed

in jest Troil. I. iii. 335 a sportful combat. sportive: amorous R3 I. i. 14, Sonn. exxi. 6.

spot (2 cf. spotted with struwberries, embroidered

with a strawberry pattern Oth. III. iii. 436) 1 stain, disgrace All'sW. v. iii. 208 With all the s-s of the world tax'd and debosh'd, John v. ii. 30 the s. of this enforced cause, Ant. iv. x. 48 [xii. 35] the greatest spot Of all thy sex.

2 (app.) embroidered pattern Cor. 1. iii. 57 What are

you sewing her? A fine spot.

spotted: stained, polluted MND, i. i. 110, R2 iii. ii. 134 spotted souls, Tim. v. iv. 35.

prag: Sir Hugh Evans' pronunciation of 'sprack' = lively, alert Wiv. iv. i. 85.

sprat: fig. worthless creature All'sW, III. vi, 112, sprawl: to struggle in the death-agony 3H6 v. v. 39 Sprawl'st thou?, Tit. v. i. 51.

spright, sprite: contraction of SPIRIT, the first spelling being employed for all meanings in old edd., but in mod. edd. sprile is usu. given to that of 'supernatural being,' 'ghost'; pl. = spirits Mac. iv.i, 127 cheer we up his s-s (Ff sprights).

sprighted, sprited: haunted Cym. II. iii. 144. sprightful, spriteful: spirited John IV. ii. 177. sprightfully: with great spirit R2 I. iii. 3.

sprighting, spriting: duties as a sprite Tp. 1.

ii. 298 (F1 spryting, Capell spiriting).

sprightly, spritely (4 adv. also in Cor. iv. v. 239

Ff sprightly walking, but most mod. edd., after

Pope, sprightly, waking)

1 lively, brisk All'sW. II. i. 78 s. fire and motion, 1H4 II.iv. 382, Troil. II. ii. 190, Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 52. 2 cheerful, in good spirits Ant. IV. vii. 15 thy s.

comfort, Cym. III. vi. 74 Be sprightly.

in the form of spirits Cym. v. v. 429 s. shows Of mine own kindred.

4 as adv. in a lively manner, cheerfully Wint. IV.

iii. [iv.] 53 to entertain them sprightly. spring sb. (sense 'bound, leap' occurs in the vb.,

but not in the sb.)

- 1 young shoot (of a plant) Lucr, 869 Unruly blasts wait on the tender s., 950 To dry the old oak's sap and cherish s-s; fig. (of love) Err. III, ii, 3 (see LOVE-SPRING), Ven. 656; (of down on the lip) Ven. 127.
- 2 source (fig.) R2 1. i. 97 all the treasons . . . Fetch from false Mowbray their first head and s., Mac. 1. ii. 27 from that s. whence comfort seem'd to come.
- 3 beginning, early part MND. 11. i. 82 the middle summer's spring (= the beginning of midsummer); thes. of day, the very early morning 2H4 iv. iv. 35. 4 fig. of 'the first season of the year' R2 v. ii. 50
- in this new s. of time, Lucr. 49 Thy hasty s. still blasts; esp. of love Gent. 1. iii. 84 this s. of love, Ant. III. if. 43 The April's in her eyes; it is love's s., Ven. 801, Sonn. cii. 5.

springe: snare for birds Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 36,

Ham. 1. iii. 115.

springhalt: lameness in a horse H8 i, ili. 13. springing: growing Ven. 417 springing things. spur sb. (3 properly, side-roots)

phr. on the s., at full speed Cas. v. iii. 29; set s-s,

started off at full speed Wiv. IV. v. 70. fig. incitement, incentive R2 I. ii. 9 Finds brotherhood in thee no sharper spur?, Lr. 11. i. 78 potential

spurs To make thee seek it (Qq; Ff spirits).
3 pl. roots of a tree Tp. v. i. 47 by the s-s [have I] pluck'd up The pine and cedar, Cym. iv. ii. 58 grief and patience rooted in him, both Mingle their s-s together.

spur vb.: to hasten (trans.) Gent. v. i. 6, Cor. 1. x.

33 that . . . I may spur on my journey.
spur-galled: chafed with the spur R2 v. v. 94

(Ff; Qq<sub>12</sub> Spurrde, galld).

spurn sb.: contemptuous stroke or thrust Tit. III. i.

102 that which gives my soul the greatest s., Tim. 1. ii. 148; insult Ham. 11. i. 73, spurn vb.: to kick 1H6 1. iv., 52 s. in pieces posts of adamant; cf. Err. 11. i. 83 That like a football you do s. me thus; s. at, oppose contemptuously John иг. i. 142, Cæs. и. i. 11.

squandered: scattered recklessly Mer.V. 1. iii. 22. squandering: random AYL, II. vii. 57 s. glances. square sb. (1 metaphor from carpentry; see also squier; Lr. 1. i. 76\* the most precious s. of sense, (a) feeling in its highest perfection, (b) the most delicately sensitive part of my nature)

1 due proportion or bounds (in action) Ant. 11. iii.

6 I have not kept my square, squadron H5 iv. ii. 28 s-s of battle, Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 40 squares of war. [IV. iii. [iv.] 212. 3 embroidered bosom or yoke of a garment Wint. square adj.:

square brows, high forehead Per. v. i. 109.

suitable, proper Tim. v. iv. 36.

corresponding faithfully to Ant. 11. ii. 193 if report be square to her.

square vb. (3 common Eliz.)

1 to adjust or shape (as to some pattern or model), regulate, rule Meas. v. i. 483, All'sW. 11, i. 153 s. our guess by shows, Wint. 111, iii. 40, I will be s'd by this, v. i. 52, Tit. 111, ii. 31 square my talk.

2 to take the measure of, estimate Troil. v. ii. 129 to

square the general sex By Cressul's rule.

3 to quarrel MND. II. i. 30, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 41. squarer: quarreller Ado I. i. 83.

squash: unripe pea-pod MND. III. i. 195, Tw.N. I. v. 167 as a s. is before 'tis a peascod; contemptuously

of a person Wint. I. ii. 161. squier, squire: foot-rule LLL. v. ii. 475, Wint. IV.

iii. [iv. ] 350, 1H4 II. ii. 14 four foot by the squier. Early and common Eliz. form of square sb. squint (once): to cause to squint Lr. III. iv. 120

squiny: to look peeringly at Lr. IV. vi. 141. \ Still in midl.dial.

squire (2 cf. squire-LIKE)

I gentleman next below a knight in rank Wiv. III. iv. 48 come cut and long-tail, under the degree of a s., H5 IV. viii. 83 knights and s-s, Cym. II. iii. 128 a squire's cloth.

2 body-servant 1H4 I. ii. 27 us that are s-s of the night's body, Ant. IV. iv. 14 my queen's a s. More tight at this than thou.

3 young man, young fellow Ado 1. iii. 54 A proper s. !; contemptuously Oth. IV. ii. 145 Some such s. he was That turn'd your wit the seamy side without. squire-like: like a body-servant Lr. II. iv. 217.

squirrel: applied to a small dog Gent. IV. iv. 60. stable (once) : steady Tw. N. IV. iii. 19 stable bearing. stableness (once): constancy Mac. iv. iii. 92. stablish (once): to establish 1H6 v. i. 10.

stablishment (once): settled occupation Ant. 111.

staff (3 common Eliz.)

- 1 shaft of a lance John II. i. 318 Therestuck no plume in any English crest That is removed by a staff of France, R3 v. iii. 65 Look that my stares be sound; break as. = break a lance (see BREAK) Ado v. i. 141 2 set in one's s., make oneself at home Err. III, i. 51.
- 3 strophe, stanza LLL. IV. ii. 108.

stage sb.: scaffold, platform Ham. v. ii. 392, 410.
stage vb.: to exhibit publicly Meas. i. i. 68 to s. me
to their eyes, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 30; to represent on the stage Ant. v. ii. 216 the quick comedians . . . will

stagger: to waver, hesitate Wiv. III. iii. 12 without any pause or s-ing, Meas. I. ii. 175, AYL. III. iii. 51 A man may . . . stagger in this attempt. staggers (2 some explain 'bewilderment').

1 giddiness Cym. v. v. 234; spec. disease in cattle attended by giddiness Shr. 111. ii. 56.
2 giddy or wild conduct All's W. 11. iii. 170\*.

staid : calm Cym. III. iv. 10 my staider senses. stain sb. (3 cf. stain vb. 3)

1 disfigurement John III. i. 45, Cym. II. iv. 139. 2 disgrace Meas, III. i. 207, 1144 III. i. 186, Cor. I. x. 18, 3 slain to, eclipsing Ven. 9 Slain to all nymphs. 4 tinge All'SW. I. i. 123 You have some s. of soldier

in you, Troil. I. ii. 27.

stain vb. (some make a sense 'tinge, colour' for

- Lucr. 56 slam that ove; but? read o'ert)

  1 to disfigure Tp. 1. ii. 411 s-'d With grief, R2 III. i.

  14, R3 IV. iv. 207 slain her beauty, Ven. 797.

  2 to taint, corrupt All'SW. II. i. 123 s. our judgement, III. vii. 7 any s-ing act, John IV. ii. 6 The faiths of men ne'er s-ed with revolt, Hann. IV. iv. 57 I . . . That have a father kill'd, a mother s-'d, Lucr. 168, &c.
- 3 to make dim, eclipse R2 III. iii. 66 to s. the truck Of his bright passage, Lr. v. iii. 264 mist or s. the stone, Lucr. 1435, Sonn. xxxv. 3 s. both moon and sun; fig. to eclipse Ant. III. iv. 27; also intr. to be dimmed or obscured, suffer eclipse LLL. 11. i. 48, Sonn. xxxiii. 14 heaven's sun staineth.

stained: full of disgrace 1H6 m. iii. 57, Lucr. 1059, 1316.

stake sb.: in metaphorical phr. from bear-baiting Tw.N. III. i. 131, 2H6 v. i. 144, Cæs. IV. i. 48. stale sb. 1(I properly, 'a decoy fowl', Bailey)

1 decoy, bait Tp. IV. i. 187 For s. to catch these thieves.

Shr. III. i. 91. 2 fig. (i) tool Err. 11. i. 101\* poor I am but his s.; (ii) dupe, laughing-stock Shr. 1. i. 58 To make u s. of me among these mates (play on 'stalemate'), 3H6 111. iii. 260, Tit. 1. i. 304.

stale sb.2: harlot Ado II. ii. 26, IV. i. 65. stale sb.3: urine (of horses) Ant. I. iv. 62; applied to Dr. Caius, Wiv. II. iii. 30 bully stale.

stale vb.: to make stale Cor. 1. i. 97 (old edd. scale), Ant. II. ii. 243; to make common or cheap Troil. II. iii. 203, Cæs. I. ii. 73.

stalk: to move cautiously like a fowler in pursuit of his game Ado II. iii. 102 [95] s. on; the fowl sits; (?) transf. in Lucr. 365.

stalking-horse: real or artificial horse behind which a fowler hid when pursuing his game AYL. v. iv. 112.

stall (occas. uses)

to keep close All'sW. I. iii. 133 s. this in your bosom.

2 to install R3 I. iii. 206.

3 to dwell together Ant. v. i. 39. stallion: misprint in Tw.N. n. v. 126 (mod. edd. stanielt), Ham. n. ii. 624 [616] Qq (Ff scullion). stamp sb. (in 1H4 IV. i. 4, R3 1. iii. 256 metaphor

from coining; in Meas. II. iv. 47, Tit. Iv. ii. 70 with ref. to begetting children, cf. stamp vb. 2) that with which an impression is made Cor. II. ii.

112 his sword, death's s., Sonn. lxxxii. 8; spec. in-

strument for stamping coin Meas. 11. iv. 47.
2 impression made, mark, character Mer. V. 11. ix. 39
Without the s. of merit, 1H4 IV. i. 4, R3 I. iii. 256 Your fire-new s. of honour is scarce current, Cym. v. v. 367 that natural stamp (viz. a mole).

3 thing stamped with a certain impression Tit. IV. ii. 70; spec. coin Wiv. III. iv. 16, Mac. IV. iii. 153, Cym. v. iv. 24.

stamp vb. (2 cf. STAMP sb.)

1 to mark with a stamp or character R3 1. i. 16 I,

that am rudely stamp'd.

2 to beget Cym. II. v. 5. 3 to give currency to Oth. II. i. 249; to give the impress of genuineness to Cor. v. ii. 22 Have almost

stamp'd the leasing. stanch adj. \*: firm, firmly united Ant. 11. ii. 121. ¶ Perhaps fig. of the sense 'watertight'. stanch vb.: to satiate Tit. III. i. 14.

stanchless: unsatiable Mac. IV. iii. 78 s. avarice. stand sb.: station Meas. IV. vi. 10; esp. in phr. make

(one's) s., take (one's) s.; spec. station taken up by a hunter or an archer Wiv. v. v. 260 [248], LLL. rv. i. 10, 3H6 nt. i. 3, Cym. nt. iii. 75 yield up Their deer to the stand o' the stealer.

stand vb. (very freq. with adjs., pples., and adverbial phr. almost = to be, e.g. Cæs. v. i. 94 The gods to-day stand friendly, Mac. IV. iii. 107 s-s accurs'd, Oth. I. i. 152 s. in act = are in action; less commonly with nouns, e.g. 2H4 III. ii. 238 s. my friend, IV. iii. 89 Stand my good lord)

1 to remain stationary, stop Gent. Iv. i. 3 Stand, sir, Meas, III. ii. 286 [287], Shr. Iv. iii. 44 let if s., Troil. Iv. v. 247 Stand again, Ven. 284 Stand, I say. [12. 2 to make a stand, fight MND. III. ii. 424, Rom. I. i.

3 (in imper.) forbear, stop! Troil. v. vi. 9, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 128 Stand, Aufidius

4 to continue, remain Mac. III. i. 4 it was said It

should not stand in thy posterily. to remain or stay (to do something), lose time over Gent. v. ii. 44 s. not to discourse, Wiv. 111, iii, 133 neter s. 'you had rather', 3H6 IV. viii. 23 s. not to reply, Cæs. v. iii. 43.

6 trans. to withstand, resist Shr. 1. ii. 114, 1H6 r. i. 123 none durst s. him, Cor. v. iii. 74, Lr. iv. i. 69 (Ff slares), Cym. v. iii. 60 stand his foe.

stand by, (1) remain inactive 2H6 II. iv. 45; (2) = sense 2, Wint. I. ii. 444; stand for, be on the side of, support, stand up for Wiv. III. ii. 65, Wint. III. ii. 46 only that I s. for, H5 1. ii. 101, Cor. iv. vi. 45 when Marcius stood for Rome, Cym. III. v. 56 thou stand'st so for Posthumus; stand in, insist upon Tit. IV. iv. 104 (mod. edd. sland on†); stand off, (1) stand apart All'sW. II. iii. 127; (2) be prominent, stand out H5 II. ii. 103 the truth of it s-s off as gross As black from white; stand on or upon, (1) depend or rest upon MND. 1. i. 139, Mer. V. III. ii. 203, Lr. IV. vi. 219 S-s on the hourly thought = is hourly expected; (2) rely upon Wiv. II. 1. 241, H8 v. i. 123 The good I s. on; (3) insist on, be particular about, make much of Wiv. II. i. 232 you s. on distance, 1H6 II. iv. 28 s-s upon the honour of his birth, Rom. II. iii. 93, Mac. III. iv. 119 S. not upon the order of your going, Ant. IV. iv. 31; (4) concern or trouble oneself about Err. I. ii. 80, Cæs. III. i. 100; (5) be of importance to, concern Err. IV. i. 68 how (3) be 5 importance to, content BITTY. No hole it supon my credit, R3 IV. ii. 59; (6) be incumbent upon R2 II. iii. 138 It s-s your Grace upon to do him right, R3 IV. ii. 58, Ham. v. ii. 63 Does it not. . . s. we now upon . . To quit him with this arm?; app. impersonally Lr. v. i. 69° for my state Stands on we to defend: stand to, (1) uphold (authority) me to defend; stand to, (1) uphold (authority) Cor. III. i. 207; (2) stand by (a person) Cor. v. iii. 199; stand to it, make a stand Cor. Iv. vi. 10; stand under, be subject to H8 v. i. 113; stand up, (1) make a stand Cor. II. iii. 16, Cæs. II. i. 167; (2) act honestly H5 II. ii. 118; (3) take one's stand as, claim to be Ant. I. i. 40 Wes. up peerless, Cynt. v. iv. 54 That could s. up his parallel; stand with, be consistent with AYL. II. iv. 92 if it stand with honesty, Cor. II. iii. 90.

standard: standard-bearer Tp. 111. ii. 19; in line 21 he's no standard = he can't stand upright.

standing vbl. sb.:

1 existence Wint, r. ii, 431 his folly . . . will continue The standing of his body (=while he lives).

2 (?) position, attitude Tim, r. i. 32\*.

2 (?) position, attitude 1 ini, 1, 32°, standing ppl. adj. (1 only in fig. context)

1 (of water) neither ebbing nor flowing Tp. II. i. 229 [221] I am s. water, Tw.N. I. v. 169 'tis with him in standing water, between boy and man.

2 fixed, staring Tit. II. iii. 32 deadly standing eye.

3 having a support; (of a bed) having legs Wiv. IV. v. 7; (of a bowl) resting on a foot H8 v. v. stage div Port v. iii.

dir., Per. 11. iii. 65.

4 set on end IH4 II. iv. 278 you vile standing tuck. staniel+: inferior kind of hawk Tp. II. ii. 185 [176] (see scamel), Tw.N. II. v. 126 (see stallion). stanza: LLL. Iv. ii. 108 (Ff 2-4), stanze LLL. Iv.

ii, 108 (F<sub>1</sub> Q<sub>2</sub>), stanzo (Eliz.) AYL, H. v. 18, 19. ¶ The form stanza is app. post-S. staple: fibre (of wool), only fig. LLL, v. i. 19.

star (2 seren s-s was also an Eliz. name for the Great Bear, which may be meant in some of the S.

instances 1 freq. referred to as influencing human destiny; hence transf. position or condition in which one is placed by fortune Tw. N. II. v. 157 In my stors I am above thee, Ham. I. iv. 32 Being nature's livery, or fortune's star, II. ii. 141 out of thy s.

(F<sub>2-4</sub> sphere) = above thee in position. 2 moist or watery s., the moon Wint. I. ii. 1, Ham. I. i. 118; seven stars, Pleiades 1H4 I. ii. 16, 2H4 II.

iv. 200, Lr. I. v. 39.

3 pole-star, lodestar Ado III. iv. 58 no more sailing by the s., Sonn. cxvi. 7 [love] is the star to every wandering bark.

stare: (of hair) to stand on end Cæs. IV. iii. 279. stark: completely Shr. III. ii. 56 stark spoiled. starkly: stiffly Meas. IV. ii. 70.

starr'd: fated Wint. III. ii. 100 S. most unluckily. start sb.: sudden fit or impulse 1H4 III. ii. 125 the s. of spleen, Lr. 1. i. 304 Such unconstant s-s; phr. by or in s-s = by fits and starts Tw.N. II. ii. 22 she did speak in s-s, H5 v. ii. 406 [Epil. 4], Ant. Iv. x. 20 [xii. 7]; on the s., when it suddenly appears All'sW. III. ii. 52.

start vb.: to startle, alarm All'sW. v. iii. 234
every feather s-s you, Mac. v. v. 15; to disturb
Oth. r. i. 101 To start my quiet.
starting-hole: place of refuge for a hunted
animal; fig. subterfuge 1H4 rr. v. 295.
startle. to start here wend or should AVI. v.

startle: to start, be alarmed or shocked AYL. IV. iii. 14 would s. at this letter, R3 III. iv. 84 my . . . horse . . . startled.

start-up: upstart Ado I. iii. 69. ¶ S. uses upstart only as adj. in this sense R2 II. iii. 122.

starve (in old edd. also sterve)

1 to die of cold Cym. 1. iv. 187 [180] catch cold and s. 2 to nip with cold Gent. IV. iv. 161 The air hath s-'d the roses in her cheeks; transf. to disable, paralyse Tim. I. i. 258 Aches contract and s. your

supple joints!. starved: benumbed with cold 2H6 III. i. 343 warm the s. snake, Tit. 111. i. 251; famished, lean Mer. V. IV. i. 138 s-'d, and ravenous, 2H4 III. ii. 330, v. iv. 30 s. blood-hound; fig. feeble, miserable Troil. 1. i. 98 too starv'd a subject for my sword.

Starve-lackey: name descriptive of needy gallants who starved their pages Meas, IV, iii, 15.

state (the senses 'condition in general' and 'body
politic, commonwealth' are freq.; sense 10 oc-

curs once) 1 condition of things H8 II. iv. 211 Bearing a s. of mighty moment in t. Cas. I. iii. 71 some monstrous s., III. i. 136, Lr. II. ii. 176 this enormous s.; Sonn. exxiv. 1 the child of s. (=born of circumstances,

merely accidental).

condition in respect of worldly prosperity, for-tune, (hence) estate, property Wiv. III. iv. 5 my s. being gall'd with my expense, Mer. V. III. ii. 260 when I told you My s. was nothing, Shr. I. ii. 92 my s. far worser than it is, 1H4 IV. i. 46 the exact wealth of all our s-s, Tim. I. i. 68 To propagate

their states.

status or position in the world, degree, rank, esp. high rank or dignity, (hence) majesty, power Tp. I. ii. 76 I... to my s. grew stranger, LLL. Iv. iii. 293 the kingly s. of youth, AYL. v. iv. 182, John II. i. 97, R2 II. i. 114 s. of law (=legal status as king), Iv. i. 252, 3H6 II. ii. 152 had he match'd according to his s., 111. ii. 93 by my s. I swear, R3 III. vii. 204 unfit for s. and majesty, Mac, IV. ii. 64 your s. of honour, Per. II. v. 62 a rebet to her s., Lucr. 1006; fig. 2H4 v. ii. 132 the s. of floods (=the majesty of the ocean).

pl. = persons of 'state' or rank John II. i. 395 mighty s-s, Cym. III. iv. 39 kings, queens, and s-s. (Cf. sense 7).

(Cf. sense 1).

5 outward display of one's condition, grandeur, dignity, pomp (of behaviour, equipment, furniture) Err. II. i. 95, Ado II. i. 81 a measure, full of s., Tw.N. II. iii. 163, II. v. 59, 2H4 III. i. 18 canopies of costly s., H8 Prol. 3 full of s., Rom. IV. iii. 8, Per. III. ii. 65; keep . . . s., maintain a position or demeanour of dignity LLL. v. ii. 595, H5 I. ii. 272 Cms. Iii. 150 chair of s. capanied chair. 273, Cas. I. ii. 159; chair of s., canopied chair, dais or throne for a king, &c., 3H6 I. i. 51, H8 IV. i. 67.

6 = chair of state (see 5) Tw.N. II. v. 51 sitting in my s., 1H4 II. iv. 421, 423, Cor. v. iv. 24 He sits in his s., as a thing made for Alexander, Mac. III. iv.

5 Our hostess keeps her state.

7 assembly or body of the highest in rank or office

in a state or community, (hence) governing body, government 2H4 v. ii. 142 we will accite...all our s., H8 III. ii. 323, Troil. I. iii. 191 our s. of war (=council of war), II. iii. 119 this noble s. (viz. of princes), Cor. IV. iii. 11, Oth. I. i. 148, &c. settled government or order R2 IV. i. 225 Against

the state and propt of this land.
9 fig, of the sense 'kingdom, commonwealth' Mac,
1. iii. 140 Slakes so my single s. of man, Sonn. xv,
3 this huge state (=the world); cf, Cæs, 11, i. 67 the s. of man, Like to a little kingdom, and KINGDOM'D. 10 attitude, pose LLL. IV. iii. 185 A gait, a state.

station: manner of standing Ham. III. iv. 58, Ant.

111. iii. 19.

statist: statesman Ham. v. ii, 33, Cym. II. iv. 16, statua + (late Eliz.): in some mod. edd. for statue when pronounced as 3 syll. 2H6 III. ii, 80, R3 III. vii. 25, Cæs. 11. ii. 76, 111. ii. 193; in others printed statuë.

statute: bond by virtue of which 'the Creditor may immediately have Execution upon the Debtor's Body, Land, and Goods' Ham. v. i. 111 u great buyer of land, with his s-s; fig. Sonn. exxxiv. 9 The statute of thy beauty thou will take.

Statute-cap: woollen cap ordered by an act of par-

liament of 1571 to be worn 'upon the Saboth and Holy Daye', by 'all and every person and persons above Thage of syxe yeres', except women and certain officials LLL. v. ii. 282 better wits have worn plain statute-caps. staves end.

staves: old genitive of STAFF Tw.N. v. i. 295 at the

stay sb. : (1 and 2 occur only once 1 check, hindrance John II. i. 455.

2 continuance in a state Sonn. xv. 9.
3 prop, support John v. vii. 68 what hope, what s.,
Troil. v. iii. 60 if thou lose thy stay.

stay vb. (freq. in various senses, now obs. or arch., expressing the notion of stopping, delaying, detaining, restraining, or putting an end to)

1 to prop, support John III. iv. 135, R3 I. iv. 19, III. vii. 95 Two props To stay him.
2 to wait for Gent. II. ii. 13 My father stays my coming, John II. i. 58 Whose leisure I have stay d; to remain to do (something) LLL. II. i. 191 I cannot stuy thanksgiving, IV. ii. 149 S. not thy compliment; I forgive thy duty.

3 to offer resistance to, meet the force of Rom. I. i 218 stay the siege of loving terms, Ven. 894 fly and dare not stay the field; also intr. 3H6 II. iii, 50. stay behind, fail to take part in Cor. I. i. 249; stay

by it, keep things going Ant. II. ii. 182\*; stay on or upon, (1) attend or wait upon Tw. N. II. iv. 24, Mac. I. iii. 148, Ant. I. ii. 124 He stays upon your will; (2) await Meas. Iv. i. 49, Cor. v. iv. 8, and (1) the production of the control of the stead (1 the prevailing sense)

1 to be of use to, benefit, help Gent. II. i. 124 so it s. you, I will write, All'SW. III. vii. 41 it nothing s-s us, Oth. I. iii. 344 I could never better s. thee than

2 intr. to stand in good stead Tp. 1. ii. 165 necessa-

ries, Which since have steaded much, up, take a person's place in (an arrangement)

Meas. 111. i. 261. stealing: moving stealthily on R3 III. vii. 167 the s. hours of time; cf. age with his s. steps, in the poem quoted in Ham. v. i. 77.

stealth (phr. by s. occurs twice)
1 theft, stealing Tim. III. iv. 28, Lr. III. iv. 93.
2 secretor clandestine motion, stealing away MND. III. ii. 310 your s. unto this wood, Tw.N. I. v. 318 With an invisible and subtle s. To creep in at mine eyes, Sonn. lxxvii. 7 thy dial's shady s.; (euphemistically) clandestine act Meas. 1. ii. 164, Lr. I. ii. 11.

steel sb.: freq. in transf. senses = IRON 1, 2; also

steel vb.: (?) to engrave Sonn. xxiv. 1\* hath play'd the painter and hath s-d Thy beauty's form in table of my heart (but see next "f); cf. Ven. 376.

steeled:made of steel 1H61. i. 85 mys.coat; strength-

ened 2H4 1. i. 116 from his metal was his party s-'d, H5 11. ii. 36 s. sinews; hardened, callous Meas. IV. ii. 90 The s. gaoler, Sonn. exii. 8 my s-'d sense.

¶ In Lr. III. vii. 61 steeled (Q<sub>1</sub> some copies), Sonn. xxiv. 1 steeld (Q) are usu. taken to be spellings of STELLED.

steely (twice): made of steel 3H6 II. iii. 16 the steely point of Clifford's lance; fig. All'sW. I. i. 115 virtue's s. bones, app. 'steel-boned', i.e. unyielding, uncompromised, virtue.

steep: (?) mountain range MND. II. i. 69 the furthest s. of India (Q<sub>2</sub> Ff steepe; Q<sub>1</sub> steppe, see SEPPE).

Steep-down: precipitous Oth. v. ii. 279 s. gulfs; so

steep-up Sonn. vii. 5, the s. heavenly hill, Pilgr. 121 [ix. 5]

steepy: difficult to ascend, in fig. context with ref. to attaining an end Tim. 1. i. 76, Sonn. lxiii.

5 age's steepy night. stelled: fixed Lucr. 1444 a face where all distress is s-'d, Sonn. xxiv. 1\* (but see steel vb.); Lr. III. vii. 61 s. fires\*, (?) fixed stars (but often taken = stellate, starry).

stem: main timber of the prow (of a ship) Cor. 11. ii. 112, Per. 1v. i. 63.

step-dame: stepmother (cf. DAME 4) MND. 1. i. 5. steppe: reading of Q<sub>1</sub> in MND, II, i. 169 the furthest s. of India (Q<sub>2</sub> Ff steepe, see STEP), commonly taken as='steppe' (of Russia, Central Asia); but prob. to be read furthest step (=utmost limit of travel or exploration, the furthest one has been); cf. Ado ii. i. 277 the furthest inch of Asia.

sterling: be s., pass current, have its full value
R2 iv. i. 264 if ny word be sterling.

stern: at chiefest s., in a position of supreme con-

trol 1H6 1. i. 177.

sternage: to s. of, astern of H5 III. Chor. 18 ('so as to follow the vessel in your mind's eye').

stew: (?) cauldron Meas. v. i. 317. stick (1 common Eliz.; in some fig. uses 'fix' would be the mod. synonym)

1 to stab (lit. and fig.) Gent. 1. i. 108, AYL. 1. ii. 259\* My father's rough . . . disposition S-s me at heart, Troil. III. ii. 202 to stick the heart of falsehood.

2 to be fixed on (a person) like an ornament Cor. 1. i. 277 Opinion, that so s-s on Marcius;—s. off, stand out in relief Ham. v. ii. 271 Your skill shall, like a star . . . Stick fiery off indeed.

3 to hesitate (to do something) 2H4 1. ii. 24, Cor. 11.

iii. 17, Sonn. x. 6.

sticking-place: point at which (it) remains firm Mac. 1. vii. 60 But screw your courage to the s.

stickler-like: like an umpire Troil. v. viii. 18 [night] s., the armies separates. ¶ Cf. A Stickler between two, 'Unificus' (Rider's Dict., 1589). stiff: stout Cor. 1. i. 167 stiff bats and clubs.

stiff-borne: obstinately carried out 2H4 I. i. 177.

stiffly: strongly Ham. i. v. 95 bear me stiffly up. stigmatic: one 'branded' by nature with deform-ity 2H6 v. i. 215 Foul s., 3H6 II. ii. 136; so stig-matical adj. Err. IV. ii. 22 Stigmatical in making. still adj. (4 cf. STILL adv.

1 silent; (i) be s. LLL. I. ii. 191, 1H4 III. i. 243, Oth. v. ii. 46; (ii) hold oneself s. Err. IV. ii. 17 I cannot, nor I will not hold me still, Sonn. lxxxv. 1.

2 be still, rest in peace Cæs. v. v. 50. 3 (of music) soft AYL, v. iv. stage dir.

4 constant, continual R3 IV. iv. 230 s. use of grief, Tit. III. ii. 45\* still practice.

still adv.: always, ever, continually Gent II. i. 12
you'll still be too forward, Wiv. v. v. 98 us you trip,
still pinch him, Rom. v. iii. 270 We still have known thee for a holy man, Ham. 11. ii. 42 Thou still hust been the father of good news, 1v. vii. 116 nothing is at a like goodness still, Ven. 73 S. she entreats... S. is he sullen; phr. s. and anon, ever and anon, from time to time John IV. i. 47; see also AN-END.

¶ A very free, meaning in S, and in Tudor
and Stuart times; when qualifying an adj. or pple. used attrib., still is sometimes hyphened in mod. edd. (occas. too in old edd.) ;-still-breeding R2 v. v. 8, -closing (=continually closing over) Tp. 111. iii. 64, -discordant 2H4 Ind. 19, -gazing Lucr. 84, -lasting R3 IV. iv. 345, -pining Lucr. 858, -soliciting Lr. I. i. 234, -rexed (=constantly troubled) Tp. i. ii. 229.

stillitory: alembic, stillVen. 443 (Qq7, 10 stillatorie). stillness: silence Mer. V. I. i. 90 a wilful stillness, H5 III. i. 4\* modest s. (or perhaps 'staidness', as in

Oth. 11, iii, 193).

still-peering\*: All's W. III. ii. 113 (F<sub>1</sub>) the still-peering air (Ff 2-4 still(-)piercing; many conj.); prob. corrupt.

still-stand: standstill 2H4 II. iii. 64.

stilly: softly H5 IV. Chor. 5 stilly sounds.
sting: carnal impulse Meas. I. iv. 59, AYL. II. vii.
66, Oth. I. iii. 336.
stint sb.: (?) check Per. I. ii. 25 the s. of wur (Ff 34

Qq; Tyrwhitt th'ostent †)
stint vb.:

1 to cause to cease, stop H8 I. ii. 76, Tim. v. iv. 83. 2 to cease Rom. I. iii. 48, 57, Per. IV. iv. 42.

stir sb. (the common Eliz. meaning 'commotion, disturbance 'also occurs)

1 stirring, movement Cæs. I. iii. 127 no s., or walking in the streets, Mac. I. iii. 144 chance may crown me, Without my stir.

2 event, happening Ant. I. iv. 82 stirs abroad.

3 mental agitation Cym. I. iii. 12, Ven. 283.
stith, stithy: anvil or smithy Ham. III. ii. 89 as
foul As Vucan's stithy (Ff Stythe, Qq stithy).
stithied: forged Troil. IV. V. 254 the forge that s.

Mars his helm. stoccado: thrust in fencing Wiv. II. i. 233.

stock sb.1 (2 see also NETHER STOCK) 1 blockhead Shr. I. i. 31 no Stoics nor no stock.
2 stocking Gent. III. i. 315, Tw.N. I. iii. 146.
stock sb.2: = stockado Wiv. II. iii. 26.

stock vb.: to put in the stocks as a punishment Lr.

II. ii. 139 (Ff Stocking, Qq Slopping), II. iv. 191 (Ff stockt, Qq struck(e), III. iv. 138 (Ff stockt, punish d, Qq12 stock-punisht),

stockfish: dried codfish Meas, III. ii. 118; make a

s. of, beat, as stockfish was beaten before it was

cooked Tp. III. ii. SI; used as a contemptuous epithet for a thin person 1H4 II. iv. 275.

stockish: blockish, unfeeling Mer.V. v. i. SI.

stock-punish'd: punished by being set in the public stocks Lr. III. iv. 138 (Qq<sub>12</sub>).

Stoic: severe or rigorous person Shr. I. i. 31.

stole: robe Compl. 297 my white stole of chastity. stolen: furtive, secret Rom. v. iii. 233, Oth. III. iii. 339.

stomach sb. (2 and the physical sense of 'appetite'

are played upon in Gent. i. ii. 66, Shr. iv. i. 161)
1 inclination, disposition Shr. i. i. 38 as you find
your s. serves you, 1. ii. 198, Cæs, v. i. 66 when you
have s-s; phr. against one's s. Tp. III. i. 114 [107],
AYL. III. ii. 22, Ant. II. ii. 54; const. to H5 Iv.
iii. 35, Troil, III. iii. 221 my little s. to the war.

2 resentment, angry temper 1H6 IV. i. 141 their grudging s-s, Tit. III. i. 233 To ease their s-s with their bitter tongues, Lr. v. iii. 75 a full-flowing s.

3 proud or arrogant spirit Shr. v. ii. 177 vail your

s-s, H8 IV. ii. 34 Of an unbounded stomach. courage Tp. 1. ii. 157 An undergoing s., 2H4 1. i. 129 Gan vail his stomach, Ham. I. i. 100.

stomach vb.: to resent Ant. II. ii. 9, III. iv. 12. stomacher: ornamental covering for the breast worn by women Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 226.

stone sb. (2 very freq. in sing.) fiii. 264. (app.) mirror of polished stone or crystal Lr. v. typical of hardness or insensibility; occas. pl. R3 III. vii. 222 I am not made of stones (mod. edd. stone†), Lr. v. iii. 259 men of s-s; symbolical of dumbness Ant. II. ii. 116 your considerate stone.

stone vb.: to make as hard as stone Oth. v. ii. 63. stone-bow: cross-bow for shooting stones Tw.N.

stonish: to dismay, bewilder Ham. III. ii. 347 [340] (so Qq<sub>2-5</sub>; Ff Q<sub>6</sub> astonish), Ven. 825 s-d as night-wanderers often are, Their light blown out, stoop adj(?): stooping, bent LLL. rv. iii. 89. stoop vb. (1 in Shr. rv. i. 194 this sense seems to be

glanced at, with play on the sense 'yield')

1 in falconry, 'is when a Hawke being ypon her
wings at the height of her pitch, bendeth violentlie downe to strike the fowle or any other pray' (Latham, 1615); applied only to eagles Cym. v. iii. 42 they fly Chickens, the way which they s-d eagles, v. iv. 116 the holy eagle S-d, as to foot us; fig. H5 Iv. i. 113.

to bow (the head or neck) R2 III. i. 19, 2H4 Ind. 32; fig. to humiliate, submit Meas. 11. iv. 183, 2H4 v. ii. 120 s. and humble my intents To your

. . directions.

stop sb. (1 only allusively)

1 (in horsemanship) sudden check in a horse's career' MND. v. i. 120 He hath rid his prologue like a rough colt; he knows not the s. (quibble with ænse 3), Cym. v. iii. 40 Then began A s. i' the chaser.

pause in speaking R2 v. ii. 4, 0th. III. iii. 120, punctuation-mark MND. v. i. 120, Mer. V.III. i. 17 Come, the full stop (=let's hear the end).

4 (f) hole in wind instruments of music by which difference of pitch is produced 2H4 Ind. 17 a pipe . . of so casy and so plain a s. (= easy to play on), Ham. 111. ii. 76 To sound what s. she please, 383 [376]; (allusively) Lucr. 1124 My restless discord loves no stops nor rests; (ii) fret on the finger-board of a stringed instrument Ado III. ii. 62.

5 stopping of a hole 2H6 III. i. 288 A breach that

craves a quick expedient stop. stop vb. (in the sense of 'fill up, close by filling often used where the mod. language prefers the

phr. 'stop up', e.g. AYL. IV. i. 171, H8 v. iii. 23) to check the bleeding of (a wound), (hence) to heal Mer. V. IV. i. 259, R3 v. iv. 53 [v. 40] civil wounds are stopp'd, Cor. IV. V. 92 that will . . . s. those maims

Of shame. 2 to 'fill' (the ears) with sound R2 II. i. 17, 2H4 I. i. 78. stop in, shut in, keep in Wiv. III. v. 116, Err. I. ii. 53 S. in your wind, R3 I. iv. 38 (Ff; Qq Kept in); stop up, put a stop to All'sW. iv. v. 81. store sb.(l cf. storehouse applied to a burial-place in

Mac. II. iv. 34; in Lr. III. vi. 57 prob. corrupt, mod.

edd. stone +; 2 cf. the vb.)

- in s., laid up as in a storehouse Tit. I. i. 94 Osacred receptacle of my joys . . . How many sons of mine hast thou in store!.
- fertility, increase Sonn. xi. 9 those whom Nature hath not made for s., xiv. 12 If from thyself to store thou wouldst convert.
- store vb.: 'to stock with people, populate' (Schmidt) H5 III. v. 31 To new s. France with bastard warriors, Oth. IV. iii. 87 store the world.
- stored: laid up, hoarded Lr. n. iv. 164 All the s-'d

vengeances of heaven; furnished, provided, stocked, full (of) John v. iv. 1 s-'d with friends, Cor. 1. i. 196, II. i. 20 s. with all [faults], Per. 1. i. 77, I. iv. 28 Their tables were s-'d full, II. iii. 50 a cup that's s-'d unto the brim.

storm: to make a storm or commotion in Compl. 7 Storming her world.

story sb.: theme for mirth Meas. I. iv. 30 make me

not your story

story vb. : to tell the story of, give an account of Cym. I. iv. 36 s. him in his own hearing, Ven. 1013 stories His victories, Lucr. 106 He stories . . . her husband's fame.

band's fame.

stoup: measure for liquor, two quarts Tw.N. II. iii.

14 a s. of wine, Ham. v. i. 66, Oth. II. iii. 30 (old edd. stope). ¶ Now familiar chiefly in 'holy-water stoup'; another Eliz. form was 'stoap'.

stout (sense 'valiant, resolute, bold' is the commonest sense, e.g. 1H6 I. i. 106)

1 strong Tp. v. i. 45 Jore's s. oak, Tim. IV. iii. 32 this Will... Pluck s. men's pillows from below their head, Sonn. 1xv. 7 rocks impregnable are not so s...; cl. Oth. II. i. 48 stouth timber'd.

Oth. II. i. 48 stoutly timber'd.

2 proud, haughty Tw.N. II. v. 187, 2H6 I. i. 188 Ass. and proud, Cor. III. ii. 78. stoutly: with a 'stout' heart, resolutely, boldly 3H6 II. v. 79, Oth. III. i. 47.

stoutness: obstinate pride Cor. III. ii. 127. stover: fodder for cattle Tp. IV. i. 63.

straight adv.: immediately, straightway Meas. r. ii. 172 Who, newly in the seat... lets it [his horse] s. feel the spur, Oth. rv. i. 58 Doyou withdraw yourself at this luttle while, He will recover s., Ant. rv. x. 16 [xii. 3] I'll bring thee word S. how 'tis like to go, Ven. 264 and to her straight goes he.

straight-pight: erect Cym. v. v. 165.

strain sb. (much difference of opinion exists as to

the meaning in several places

1 strong impulse or 'motion' of the mind, high-pitched feeling or emotion Ado v. i. 12 let it answer every s. for s. (? with a ref. to sense 4), LLL. v. ii. 768 love is full of unbefitting s-s, 2H4 IV. v. 169 swell my thoughts to any s. of pride, Troil. II. ii. 154 so degenerate a s., Cor. v. iii. 149 the fine s-s of honour, Cym. III. iv. 95 A s. of rareness, Sonn. xc. 13 other strains of woe

2 particular tendency or disposition Wiv. II. i. 90 unless he know some s. in me, Tim. IV. iii. 214

praise his most vicious strain.

3 make no s. but that, have no difficulty in believing that Troil. 1. iii. 326. (Cf. strain at, s.v. STRAIN vb. 7.)

4 musical note or phrase, tune Tp. 1. ii. 384, AYL. IV. iii. 69 false strains, Cas. IV. iii. 256 touch thy instrument a strain or two, Lucr. 1131.

strain sb.2

1 stock, race, lineage H5 II. iv. 51, Tim. I. i. 260,

Cæs. v. i. 59, Per. iv. iii. 24.

2 natural character, quality, or disposition Wiv. III. iii. 196, Lr. v. iii. 41 you have show'd to-day your valiant s., Cym. IV. ii. 24 0 noble strain!. strain vb. (7 cf. 'strain at a gnat' Matt. xxiii. 24

in 1611 Bible, where earlier versions have, however, more correctly, 'strain out') to embrace H8 IV. i. 46.

2 to exert to the utmost Ado IV. i. 254 io strange sores strungely they s. the cure, 1HC i. v. 10, Tim. v. i. 232 s. what other means is left unto us; intr. to exert oneself Tim. 1. i. 144 To build his fortune I will strain a little. [entertainment. 3 to press, urge Oth. III. iii. 250 if your lady s. his

4 to force, constrain Rom. II. iii. 19. 5 to exceed bounds Wint. III. ii. 51\* With what encounter so uncurrent I Have s-'d, to appear thus;

STREW

s. too far, put an exaggerated construction on matters 1H4 iv. i. 75.

6 s. courlesy, (i) be punctiliously polite, stand upon ceremony, refuse to go first Ven. 888 They all s. courtesy tho shall cope him first; (ii) act with less than due courtesy Rom. II. iv. 57\* in such a case as mine a man may strain courtesy

7 s. at, find difficulty in Troil. III. iii. 112 I do not s.

at the position.

strained: excessive 2H4 I. i. 161, Lr. I. i. 172.

2 purified as by filtering Troil. IV. iv. 24 so s-'d a purity (Ff strange); cf. IV. v. 168 Strain'd purely

from all hollow bias-drawing.

3 forced, constrained Mer.V. IV. i. 184 The quality of mercy is not strain'd, Sonn. lxxxii. 10 What s.

touches rhetoric can lend.

strait (old edd.rarely straight in the foll. senses)

1 narrow Cym. v. iii. 7 a strait lane. 2 tight-fitting H5 III. vii. 60 strait strossers.

strict Meas. II. i. 9 most s. in virtue, 1H4 IV. iii. 79 s. decrees; exacting Tim. I. i. 97 his creditors most s.; as adv. 2H6 III. ii. 20 Proceed no straiter. 4 niggardly, close John v. vii. 42

straited: in 'straits' or difficulties Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 366 straited For a reply.

straitly: strictly R3 I. i. 85, IV. i. 17.

straitness: strictness Meas. III. ii. 277 [269]

strange (most freq. in sense 'surprising, odd')
1 belonging to another country, foreign LLL. iv. ii. 136, AYL. IV. i. 36 wear s. suits, Wint. II. iii. 178 by strange fortune (viz. 'as the child of a foreigner'), H8 III. i. 44 A s. tongue, Cym. I. vi.

2 belonging to another person or place, not one's own Ado v. iv. 49, Cym. I. iv. 102 s. fowl, Lucr. 1242, Sonn. liii. 2 millions of strange shadows on

you tend.

3 not known, used, or experienced before, new, fresh LLL. v. i. 6 learned without opinion, and s. without heresy, R2 v. v. 66, Troil. III. ii. 9 Like a s. soul upon the Stygian banks (=newly arrived), Mac. 1, iii, 145 Like our strange garments.

4 not knowing, ignorant Troil. III. iii. 12 s., unacquainted, Tim. IV. iii. 56 in thy fortunes . . . unlearn'd and s.; phr. strange to (unto), ignorant of Err. 11. ii. 153, Mac. 111. iv. 112 s. Even to the disposition that I one (='a stranger even to my own feelings', Clark and Wright); look s. (on), put a s. face on, pretend unfamiliarity (with) Err. v. i. 296, Ado II. iii. 50, Sonn. lxxxix. 8; make it s., seem to be surprised or shocked Gent. 1. ii. 99, Tit. 11. i. 81.

5 estranged, not familiar, distant, (passing into the sense) reserved, shy Mer.V. I. i. 67 You grow exceeding s., Tw.N. II. v. 187 I will be s., stout, v. i. 222 You throw a s. regard upon me, Rom. III. ii. 15 strange love, grown bold, Cas. I. ii. 35.

6 out of the common, remarkable, rare Tp. 111. iii. 87 observation s., LLL. IV. iii. 377 some s. pastime, 2H4 I. i. 94, Ham. I. V. 28 most foul, s., and un-

natural, Cym. I. v. 34 Strange lingering poisons. strange-achieved\*: gained (a) in foreign lands, (b) by wrong means, (c) for the enjoyment of others 2H4 IV. v. 70 strange-achieved gold.

strange-disposed: of extraordinary character Cæs. I. iii. 33 it is a strange-disposed time.

strangely (cf. strange 1, 4, 5, 6)

1 as a foreigner Wint. п. iii. 181.

2 as one who is or pretends to be a stranger, in a distant or reserved manner 2H4 v. ii. 63 You all look s. on me, H8 III. ii. 11 S. neglected, Troil. III. iii. 39 to pass s. by him, Sonn. xlix. 5 s. pass, And scarcely greet me.

3 uncommonly, extraordinarily, rarely Tp. IV. i. 7 thou Hast s. stood the test, Ado III. ii. 137, IV. i. 254, Mac. IV. iii. 150 s. visited people . . . he cures. strangeness: distant behaviour, reserve Tw.N.

IV. i. 16, 2H6 III. i. 5, Oth. III. iii. 12, Ven. 310 She puts on outward strangeness.

stranger adj .:

1 = STRANGE 1, LLL. IV. ii. 145, MND. I. i. 219 s. companies, John v. i. 11 s. blood, R2 I. iii. 143 the stranger paths of banishment, Per. II. iii. 67. 2 = STRANGE 2, Mer. V. I. iii. 119 did . . . foot me as

you spurn a stranger cur.

3 = STRANGE 3, Lucr. 99 she, that never cop'd with s. strangered: estranged Lr. 1, i. 207.

strangle: fig. to efface, suppress Tw.N. v. i. 151 makes thee s. thy propriety (=disown your identi-ty), Sonn. lxxxix. 8 I will acquaintance strangle.

strappado: 'is when the person is drawn up to his height, and then suddenly to let him fall half way with a jerk, which not only breaketh his Arms to pieces but shaketh all his Joynts out of Joynt' (Holme's Armory) 1H4 II, iv. 266.

stratagem: deed of great violence Mer. V. v. i. 85 treasons, s-s, and spoils, 2H4 I, i. 8, 3H6 II, v. 89
What s-s, how fell, how butcherly, Rom. III, v. 211.
straw (1 cf. R3 III. v. 7, Cæs. I. iii. 108)

1 typical of something trifling or feeble Shr. v. ii. 174, John III. iv. 128, H5 II. iii. 54 oaths are s-s, Ham. IV. iv. 26 the question of this straw.

2 wisp of straw, the badge of a scold 3H6 II. ii. 144.

strawy: like straw Troil. v. v. 24 (Ff straying).

stray sb.:

1 animal found wandering out of bounds H5 I. ii. 160; fig. vagabond 2H6 IV. x. 27; collect. stragglers 2H4 IV. ii. 121 pursue the scatter'd stray. 2 act of straying; Lr. 1. i. 212 make such a s., go so

far away.

stray vb.: to lead astray Err. v. i, 51. strayed: 'passing due bounds' (J.) Lr. i. i. 172 s. pride (Qq; Ff strain'd).

straying ppl. adj.; wandering LLL. v. ii. 771 like the eye, Full of s. shapes (scanned as one syll.; mod. edd. stray+, strange+).

strength (1 cf. length sb. 1)
1 of s., strong 1H6 m. iv. 7 seven walled towns of s.,
Troil. v. ii. 110 A proof of s. she could not publish

more (=a stronger proof).

2 force, vehemence 1H41, iii. 25 with such s. denied.

3 in (the) s. of, with the full force or authority of
Cor. III. iii. 14 T the right and s. o' the commons, Cæs. III. i. 174\* Our arms, in s. of malice (=strong with such strength as hostility supplies), Lr. II. i. 114 in my strength (=with my authority).

4 armed force, army John II. i. 388 your united s-s, 1H6 Iv. i. 73 gather s., R3 rv. iii. 50 (Qq army), v. iii. 26 (Ff Power), Ant. II. i. 17.

stretch:

to open wide H5 II. ii. 55 stretch our eye.

2 to strain to the utmost MND. v. l. 80, Cor. II. ii, 56, Cæs. rv. i. 44 Our best friends made, and our best menns s-'d out, Lr. II. ii. 110, Per. v. i. 55 since your kindness We have stretch'd thus far.

3 to be protracted Ant. I. i. 46. stretched: strained, forced, affected Troil. I. iii. 156 'Twixt his s-'d footing and the scaffoldage, Sonn. xvii. 12 your . . . stretched metre of an antique song. stretch-mouthed\*: (a) wide-mouthed, (b) of coarse speech Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 196.

strew (rhymes with so in Cym. Iv. ii. 287)

1 in allusion to strewing rushes on floors or flowers in the path of a conqueror Wiv. v. v. 63 S. good luck . . . on every sacred room, Ant. I. iii. 101 smooth success Be strew'd before your feet. 2 fig. to scatter Meas. I. iii. 15. Ham. IV. v. 14.

strewings: flowers strewn on a grave Cym. IV. ii. 285; so strewments Ham. v. i. 255.

strict (2 a sense found in Hooker)
1 close, tight Ven. 874 strict embrace.

2 restricted, narrow Cym. v. iv. 17 take No stricter

render of me than my all.

3 strained Tim. III. v. 24 too strict a paradox.

4 harsh, cruel Per. III. iii. 8 the strict fates.

stricture: strictness Meas. I. iii, 12. [III. iii. 35. stride: s. a limit, 'overpass his bound' (J.) Cym.

strife (obsolete uses are) 1 striving, endeavour Meas. III. ii. 252, All'sW. v. Epil. 4 [iii. 338] With s. to please you, Rom. II. ii.

152 (Q4 sute, Q5 suit). emulation Tim. 1. i. 38 (see ARTIFICIAL 3), Lucr. 1377 to show the painter's strife.

strike (pa.t. struck, old edd. also strook(e, stroke;

pa.pple. struck, strucken, stricken, old edd. also strock(e, stroke, strocken, stroken) 1 to blast, destroy by malign influence Wint. 1. ii. 201, Cor. II. ii. 118 struck Corioli like a planet, Ham.

ı, i. 162.

to lower (sail), only fig. 2H4 v. ii. 18 s. sail to spirits of vile sort, 3H6 III. iii. 5; absol. R2 II. i. 267 yet

we strike not, 3H6 v. i. 52.

3 trans. and intr. = s. up (which also occurs) Wint. v. iii. 98 Music, awake her: s.!, R3 1v. iv. 149 s. alarum, drums!, Troil. v. x. 30 S. a free murch to Troy, Tim. vv. iii. 176.
4 to fight (a battle) H5 II. iv. 54 When Cressy battle

fatally was struck.

5 to tap (a cask) Ant. II. vii. 104 Strike the vessels. strike off or away, cross out (a score), fig. blot out, efface All'sW. v. iii. 56, Troil. II. ii. 7, III. iii. 29, Oth. III. iv. 178.

string: s-s of life, heart-strings Lr. v. iii. 218. stroke (1 only in R3; 2 cf. strike 4) 1 striking of a clock R3 III. ii. 5 Upon the s. of four;

IV. ii. 113 keep'st the stroke, keepest on striking. 2 fighting (of a battle) Cym. v. v. 469. strond: strand, sea-shore Mer. V. 1. i. 172, 1H4 1. i. 4. ¶ The usual form in old edd.

strong (in Per. 11. iv. 34 by transference of epithet Whose death's . . . the s-est in our censure = of whose death we are most strongly convinced)

1 resolute, determined R2 v. iii. 59 s., and b. conspiracy, Tim. iv. iii. 45 s. thief, Lr. 11. i. 79 S. and

spinery, this is the strange, the strange of the strange, 2 stronger part, (?) main part All'sW. IV. iii. 65. 3 held strong, (app.) held firmly by Cas. v. i. 77 You know that Held Epicurus s., And his opinion. strong-besieged: hard pressed by siege Lucr.

1429 strong-besieged Troy. strong-bonded: conveying a strong obligation

Compl. 279 strong-bonded outh, strossers: breeks H5 III. vii. 60 straits. ¶ Some mod.

edd. alter unnecessarily to trosserst, trousserst. strow: variant of strew.

stroyed: destroyed Ant. III. ix. [xi.] 54. struck:

wounded 1H4 IV. ii. 21 a struck fowl.

= 'stricken' R3 1. i. 92 Well s. in years (= of advanced age).

strung: furnished with strings Gent. III. ii. 78, LLL. IV. iii. 343.

stubborn (I now felt rather as a transf. use of the sense 'obstinate')

1 (of physical things) stiff, inflexible John IV. i. 67, H8 v. iii. 23 stop their mouths with s. bits, Troil. III. i. 165, Ham. III. iii. 70 stubborn knees.

2 harsh, rude, rough Tw.N. III. iv. 75, v. i. 373 some s. and uncourteous parts, Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 836 a s. bear, 2H6 m. i. 360 this s. Cade, Lr. m. ii. 133; (of verse) rugged LLL, iv. iii. 55 these s. lines. stubbornness: roughness, harshness AYL, II, i. 19 That can translate the s. of fortune Into so quiet and so sweet a style, Oth. IV. iii. 20 his s., his checks and frowns.

stuck: = STOCCADO Tw.N. III. iv. 307 he gires me the s. in with such a mortal motion (Capell stuck-in+),

Ham. IV. vii. 161 your venom'd stuck.

studied:

1 versed or practised (as in a part to be played) Mer. V. II. ii. 211 well's. in a sad ostent To please his grandam, Mac. 1. iv. 9 s. in his death To throw away the dearest thing he ow'd, As...

2 diligent H8 III. ii. 169.

inclined 2H4 II. ii. 10 so loosely s., Ant. II. vi. 47 studied for a liberal thanks.

studious: diligent 1H6 II. v. 97 thy studious care.

studiously: carefully 1H6 III. i. 2s. devis'd.
study sb. ('application to learning' the main sense)
1 diligente endeavour, diligence AYL. v. ii. 86, John
IV. ii. 51 for the which myself and them Bend their
best studies, H8 v. iii. 34 I have labour'd, And with no little s., Lr. 1. i. 279 Let your s. Be to content your lord.

2 getting up a part MND. 1. ii. 70 slow of study. 3 Ado IV. i. 227\* his s. of imagination, 'his imagi-

native study or contemplation' (Wright). study vb. (3 cf. study sb. 2; 4 occurs only in the

one passage)

1 intr. to think carefully, dwell in thought or be intent (upon something), 'take thought' (for something) Tp. II. i. 86 you make me s. of that, Meas, II. iv. 7 The state, whereon I studied, 2H6 I. i. 91, 3H6 IV. iii. 38 to s. for the people's welfure, Ant. V. ii. 10 study on what fuir demands . . . 2 trans. to think carefully about, meditate upon.

devise Gent. III. i. 243 s. help for that . . . . R3 I. ii. 259 Tos. fashions to adorn my body; with infin. or clause LLL. I. i. 61 to s. where I well may dine, 1H6 III. i. 110 s. to prefer a peace, 2H6 III. i. 111; to wonder how R2 v. v. 1.

3 to con, learn by heart, get up AYL. III. ii. 292 from whence you have studied your questions, Tw. N. I. v. 191, Ham. II. ii. 573 [566] study a speech. 4 to arrive at or work out by studious application

LLL. 1. ii. 55, 57.

stuff sb.: Oth, 1, ii, 2\* rery s, o' the conscience = an absolute matter of conscience; 'substance or essence of the conscience' (J.). ¶ Used freely = 'matter' in a fig. sense, e.g. H8 III. ii. 138 You are full of heavenly s., Ham. II. ii. 332 [324] there was no such stuff in my thoughts.

stuff vb.: to fill out, complete Lr. III. v. 22 it will s. his suspicion more fully; with up Lucr. 297 his servile powers, Who . . . Stuff up his lust.

stuffed:

1 full Ado I. i. 60 a s. man (viz. with eating); fig. Wint. II. i. 184 stuff d sufficiency. s. with, full of Ado I. i. 58, Rom. III. v. 183.

3 having a heavy cold Ado III. iv. 64.

stumbling: causing stumbling John v. v. 18 s. sty: to coop up as in a sty Tp. 1. ii. 342.
Stygian: of the river Styx (Troil, v. iv. 21), which

flowed through the infernal regions Troil. III. ii.

the Stygian banks.

style: title Wiv. 11. ii. 302 I will aggravate his s., All'sW. 11. iii. 204, 1H6 1v. vii. 72 Here is a silly stately s. indeed l., 2H6 I. i. 112 King Reignier, whose large s. . . , I. iii. 51. ¶ For quibbles between style and stile see Ado v. ii. 6, LLL. 1. i. 199, 1v. i. 99, 100.

sub-contracted: betrothed for the second time

Lr. v. iii. 87.

subdue: to make subject to punishment Cor. I. i. 181 him . . . whose offence subdues him.

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subdued: made subject, subservient to Tp. I. ii. 486 this man's threats, To whom I am s., Oth, I. iii. 252, Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 74 his face s-'d To penetrative shame, Sonn. cxi. 6.

subduement: conquest Troil. IV. v. 186. subject sb. (1 with the or possessive pron.)

iv. 28 The general s., III. ii. 149 the greater file of the s., Wint. I. i. 43 ('acordial to the state', J.), Ham. 1. i. 72 the s. of the land, ii. 33 the levies . . . are all made Out of his s. ; fig. Per. II. i. 53 the finny s. of the sea.

2 creature, 'object' Cor. II. i. 95 such ridiculous s-s as you are, Rom. III. v. 212 so soft a s. as myself.

3 something having an independent existence Meas. v. i. 454 Thoughts are no subjects.

submission: acknowledgement or admission of fault Wiv. IV. iv. 11 as extreme in s. As in offence, 1H4 1II. ii. 28 Find pardon on my true s., Rom. 111.

submit: to expose (oneself) Cæs. I. iii. 47 Submit-

ting me unto the perilous night.

suborn: to procure (a person) to do an evil action, esp. to bear false witness Err. Iv. iv. 84 Thou hast s-'d the goldsmith to arrest me, R3 IV. iii. 4, Mac. II. iv. 24, Sonn. cxxv. 13 Hence, thou s-'d informer !.

subornation: procuring a person to do an evilaction 1H4 I. iii. 163 murd rous s. (= secret prompting to murder), 2H6 III. i. 45, Lucr. 919 perjury and s. subscribe (Lr. III. vii. 65\* All cruels else subscrib'd;

Ff subscribe: see the comm.)

to sign (one's name) LLL. I. i. 19; to put (one) down for R2 1. iv. 50 They shall s. them for large sums of gold.

2 intr. to sign one's name Ant. IV. v. 14 Write to

him-I will subscribe.

atim—Tatis susserves.

3 to admit, acknowledge, assent to Meas. п. iv. 90

As I s. not that, Ado v. ii. 61 I will s. him a coward,

Troil. п. iii. 157 Will you s. his thought?; intr. to admit one's inferiority or error 1H6 II, iv. 44, 2H6 ш. і. 38.

4 to surrender, yield Lr. 1. ii. 24 s-'d his power. subscribe for, (1) make an undertaking on behalf

of Ado I. i. 41; (2) answer for (a person) All'sW. III. vi. 88, IV. v. 34; subscribe to, (1) sign one's name to an undertaking, give full assent to LLL. I. i. 23 S. to your deep oaths, Per. II. v. 69 if my... hand [did] s. To any syllable that made love to you; (2) acknowledge, admit Gent. v. iv. 145, All'SW. v. iii. 96 when I had s'd To mine own fortune; (3) yield or submit to Shr. 1. i. 81, Troil. iv. v. 105 s-8 To tender objects, Tit. iv. ii. 131 s. tothy advice, Sonn. cvii. 10 Death to me subscribes.

subscription: submission Lr. III. ii. 18.

substance (often, in different senses, contrasted

with shadow, shore)

1 in the s., in the mass or gross weight Mer.V. iv.
2 applied to the human form Mac. I. v. 50 your sightless s-s (=invisible forms): hence app. creature, being Lr. I. i. 201\* that little seeming s., Per. II. i. 3 earthly man Is but a s. that must yield to you.

3 (app.) substantial wealth Troil. I. iii. 324\* perspicu-

ous even as substance

substitute: deputy Meas. v. i. 140, Mer. V. v. i.

94: by substitute, by proxy R3 III. vii. 180.

substituted: delegated (to the position of leader)

2H4 I. iii. 84 substituted gainst the French. substitution: out o' the s., in consequence of being

my deputy Tp. I. ii. 103.

subtractor: perversion of 'detractor' Tw.N. I. iii. subtle ('cunning', 'crafty', 'treacherous', are the prevailing meanings)

1 fine, delicate (fig.) Tp. II. i. 42 of s., tender, and delicate temperance, Troil. III. ii. 23 some joy . . . Too s ..

potent (mod. edd. subtle-potent), v. ii. 148 a point as subtle As Ariachne's broken woof. [20. (ofground) deceptively smooth, 'tricky' Cor. v. ii.

3 (?) having a treacherous influence Tim. IV. iii. 435 the subtle blood o' the grape.

subtlety: illusion Tp. v. i. 124 taste Some subtleties o' the isle; with a ref. to the use of s. in cookery for

'a fantastic device in pastry or confectionery'.

suburbs: in Cæs. II. i. 285 in the s. Of your good
pleasure (i.e. affection), there is allusion to the fact
that women of bad character lived in the suburbs

of London; cf. line 287

succeed (1 also in ppl. adj. succeeding)
1 to follow 2H6 II. iv. 2 after summer . . . s-s Barren
ninter, H8 v. v. 24, Oth. II. i. 196, Per. I. ii. 83 what was past, what might s. : trans. Per. 1. iv. 104 The curse of heaven and men succeed their evils; to come to pass Lr. I. ii. 162 the effects he writes of s. unhappily.

- 'succeed to', inherit Meas. II. iv. 124.
to come down by inheritance, devolve on All'sW.

III. vii. 23, Oth. v. ii. 366 seize upon the fortunes of the Moor, For they s. on you (Qq s. to you); fig. Per. 1. i. 114.

success (2 freq. in good s., bad s.; 3 the mod. sense of 'prosperous issue' is the commonest)

succession, descent as from father to son Wint. 1. ii. 394 our parents' noble names, In whose s. we are gentle, 2H4 IV. ii. 47 And so s. of mischief shall be

2 what follows as the result of action or in the course of events, issue, result, fortune (good or bad) Gent. I. i. 58 thy s. in love, All'sW. I. iii. 255 to try s., III. vi. 85, Troil. II. ii. 117, Oth. III. iii. 222 such vile success, Ant. III. v. 6 what is the success?. 3 of success, successful All'sW. Iv. iii. 100.

successfully \*: (a) following after another, (b) successfully Tit. IV. iv. 112. [I. ii. 165.

successfully: lookss., seems likely to succeed AYL. succession (Tim. II. ii. 20 to the s. of new days= from one day to another)

1 following in another's steps All'sW. III. v. 24 example...cannot for all that dissuade succession.
2 futurity, the future Err. III. i. 105 slander lives upon succession, Ham. II. ii. 376 [368].

successors or heirs collectively Cym. III. i. 8 for

him And his succession, III. iii. 102.

successive: s. heir, heir by succession 2H6 III. i. 49, Sonn. exxvii, 3; s. litle, title to the succession Tit. I. i. 4.

successively: by right of succession 2H4 IV. v. 200, R3 III. vii. 134.

successor: descendant Wiv. I. i. 14, H8 I. i. 60. such: no s., no very great Ant. III. iii. 41 by him, This creature's no such thing, sudden (1 cf. 'sudden death in the Litany)

1 not prepared or provided for John v. vi. 26 arm

you to the sudden time.

(of speech) extempore 1H6 III. i. 6 s. and extemporal speech, H8 v. iii. 122 good at s. commendations.

3 swift or speedy in action Tp. 11. i. 314 [300], AYL. v. ii. 8 my s. veoning, John IV. i. 27 I will be s. and dispatch, 3H6 v. v. 86 He's s. if a thing comes in his head, Cass. 111. i. 19, Ham. 1. v. 68.

4 happening or performed immediately, immediate, very early Meas. II. ii. 83 To-morrow? O, that's s.!, Ham. v. ii. 46 put to s. death, Oth. IV. ii. 192 ex-

Ham. v. ii. 46 put to s. death, Oth. IV. ii. 192 expectations... of studen respect.

5 impetuous, 'heady', violent AYL. II. vii. 151 s. and quick in quarrel, Mac. IV. iii. 59, Oth. II. i. 281; of storms R2 II. i. 35, 2H4 iV. iv. 34.

6 rash Cor. II. iii. 259 revoke Your s. approbation; also as adv. LLL. II. i. 107 too sudden bold.

suddenly (2 almost as freq. as the sense 'unexpectedly, without warning')

1 without preparation or premeditation, extempore 1H6 III. i. 5 without invention, s., 2H6 II. i. 129, H8 III. i. 69 to make ye suddenly an answer.

2 in a very short time, immediately, very soon, at once Wiv. IV. i. 6 desires you to come s., AYL. II. iv. 101 I will . . . buy it . . right s., 1H4 I. iii. 295 When time is ripe, —which will be s., Ham. II. ii. 219 I will . . . s. contrive the means of meeting between him and my daughter, Lucr. 1683.

sue (the gen. sense of 'beg, entreat', trans. and

intr., is the main one)

1 to make legal claim to Sonn. cxxxiv. 11; see also LIVERY; also intr. LLL. v. ii. 428 how cun this be true, That you stand forfeit, being those that

sue (with play on the gen. sense). 2 to move for (a writ) H8 111, ii. 342.

suffer (1 and 2 are special uses of the sense 'allow,

permit, which is freq., esp, with infin.)
to acquiesce, put up with anything' (Schmidt)
Cas. II. i. 130 such suffering souls That welcome wrongs, Oth. v. ii. 255 Thou hast no weapon, and

perforce must suffer.

pass. to be allowed full liberty or scope, not to be checked 2H4 II. iii. 57, 2H6 III. ii. 262 being s-'d in that harmful slumber, v. i. 153 [a cur] being s-'d with the bear's fell paw; of a fire 3H6 IV. viii. 8, Ven. 388.

3 to sustain loss, injury, or damage Tw.N. II. v. 144 that s-s under probation, Tim. I. i. 166, Lr. IV. ii. 53, Sonn. exxiv. 6.

4 = 'suffer death,' (hence gen.) to perish Tp. II. ii. 39 an islander, that hath lately seed by a thunderbolt, Meas. 11. ii. 107, Mac. 111. ii. 16 let . . . both the worlds suffer.

sufferance (5 cf. suffer 4)

1 permission, esp. allowing things to take their course without cheek or opposition AYL II. ii. 3 Are of consent and s. in this, H5 11. ii. 46 by his s. (=by neglecting to punish him), 3H6 1. i. 234, Troil. 11. i. 104 Your last service was s., Cym. 111. v. 35 (see slight 2), Sonn. lviii. 7\*.

forbearance, endurance Ado I. iii. 10 a patient s. Mer. V. 1. iii. 111, &c., Cor. III. i. 24 Against all noble s. (= so that none of the nobility can en-

3 suffering, distress, pain Meas. 11. iv. 168 lingering s., Ado v. i. 38, 1H4 v. i. 51, 2H4 v. iv. 27 of s. comes ease, Cæs. 11. i. 115 The s. of our souls, Lr. 111, vi. 115.

4 damage, injury Oth. II. i. 23.

5 suffering the penalty of death H5 II. ii. 159.

suffice: to satisfy, content AYL II. vii. 131 till he be first s-'d, . . . I will not touch a bit, John I. i. 191, Lucr. 1112, Sonu. xxxvii. 11 I in thy abundance am suffic'd; refi. All'SW. III. v. 10. sufficient (1 cf. sufficiency, e.g. 0th, I. iii. 225)

1 able, fit for an office or position Meas. 11. i. 288 men . . . sufficient to serve it, 2H4 III. ii. 104, Oth.

111. iv. 91 You'll never meet a more sufficient man. 2 able to meet liabilities, solvent Mer. V. 1. iii, 17, 27. suffocate pa.pple.: suffocated 2H6 I. i. 125 For Suffolk's duke, may be be suffocate, Troil. I. iii. 125.

suggest (the mod. meaning also occurs)

1 to prompt (a person) R2 I. i. 101 he did . . . S. his soon-believing adversaries, Cor. 11. i. 264 We must s. the people . . ., Sonn. cxliv. 2 Which like two spirits do suggest me still.

2 to tempt, lead astray Gent. III. i. 34 tender youth is soon s-ed, All'sW. IV. v. 48 to s. thee from thy master, R2 III. iv. 75, H5 II. ii. 114 devils that s. by treasons, Oth. II. iii. 361, Lucr. 37.

suggestion (1 the prevailing sense; 2 taken over

from Holinshed)

1 prompting or urging to evil, temptation Tp. 11. i. l

296 [288], IV. i. 26, John III. i. 292 these giddy loose s-s, Mac. I. iii. 134, Lr. II. i. 75 thy s., plot, and damned practice; instigation R3 III. ii. 100.

2 (?) 'erafty dealing' (Wright) H8 iv. ii. 35. suit(1 cf. the old term 'suit of court', 'suit service' =attendance, which a Tenant owes to the Court of his Lord (Blount's Law Dict., 1691); there are various quibbles between the sense 'prosecution at law, legal action' or 'petition, entreaty', and that of 'dress, apparel', e.g. Err. IV. iii. 25, AYL. II. vii. 44, IV. i. 89, 91, 1H4 I. ii. 81)

attendance at the court of a liege lord Meas. IV. iv. 19 men of sort and s. (i.e. such as owed such attendance), Compl. 234\* her noble s. in court (? her attendance at court as a lady of rank; out of s-s with, not in the service of AYL. 1. ii. 263; so also app. (with quibble LLL. v. ii. 276 out of all suit. 2 fig. uses of the meaning 'dress, apparel 'Mer.V.

11. ii. 217 put on Your boldest s. of mirth, Ham. 1. ii. 86 the s-s of wee; (hence) phr. Shr. Ind. i. 106 dress'd in all suits like a lady (? in all points).

suit vb. (1 see also SUITED)

1 to clothe, dress AYL. 1. iii. 119, Cym. v. i. 23 I'll . . . s. myself As does a Briton peasant; fig. H5 IV. ii. 53 Description cannot s. itself in words, Sonn. cxxxii. 12 And s. thy pity like in every part. to agree or accord with Tw.N. I. ii. 48, H5 I. ii.

17, Mac. II. i. 60.

suited: elothed, apparelled Mer. V. 1. ii. 78, Lr. 1v.

vii. 6; fig. Sonn. exxvii. 10.

sullen (the current mod. sense is freq.) 1 melancholy, mournful, dismal R2 i. iii. 227 s. sorrow (Ff sudden), v. vi. 48 s. black, 2H4 i. i. 102 a s. bell, Rom. iv. v. 88; depressing Oth. III. iv. 52 a salt and sullen rheum (Ff sorry).

2 dark, dull 1H4 1. ii. 234 like bright metal on a s. ground, 2H6 1. ii. 5 the s. earth, Sonn. xxix. 12

From sullen eurth.

sullens (once) : dumps R2 m. i. 139.

sully: blemish Ham. 11. i. 39.

sulphur: lightning Cor. v. iii. 152; cf. Meas. II. ii. 115 thy . . . sulphurous bolt.

sum: the sum, tell me all briefly, be brief Ant. i. i. 18; cf. Per. III. Gower 33 The sum of this;—grand sum, grand total H8 III. ii. 294.

sumless: incalculable H5 1, ii. 165.

summer: used attrib. or in genitive = pleasant Cym. III. iv. 12 summer news, Sonn. xcviii. 7 any summer's story (= 'some gay fiction', Malone).

summered: kept during the summer H5 v. ii. 334. summer-house: (?) country house to spend the summer in 1H4 III. i. 163.

summer-seeming: (app.) transitory, like summer Mac. 1v. iii. 86.

summon: to call to surrender Cor. I. iv. 7.

summoner: officer who haied offenders before the ecclesiastical courts (fig.) Lr. III. ii. 59 cry These dreadful summoners grace.

sumpter: pack-horse; fig. drudge Lr. n. iv. 219. sun: from sun to sun† (Capell), from day to day R2 iv. 1. 55 (old edd. from sinne to sinne); so 'twixt sun and sun Cyn. III. ii. 69; the in the sun, live free and careless life AYL. II. v. 39; (?) similarly in Ham. I. ii. 67\*, but the allusion here is disputed.

sunburnt: (euphemistically) not a beauty (or beau-

ties) Ado II. i. 333, Troil. I. iii. 282. Sunday citizens: citizens in their Sunday clothes

1H4 III. i. 260. sup: to feed LLL. v. ii. 696 no more man's blood . . .

than will sup a flea, Shr. Ind. i. 28.

super-: = excessively, over-, in super-dainty Shr.
II. i. 189, -praise MND. III. ii. 153, -subtle Oth. I. iii. 363,

superfinical: see FINICAL, Lr. II. ii. 19 (Qq superfinicall roque, Ff superserviceable finicall). superfluous (in Per. 1. iv. 54 by transference in

epithet s. riots = riotous revelling in luxuries) excessive H8 1. i. 99 At a superfluous rate.

2 having more than enough All'sW. I. i. 117, Lr. II. iv. 268 our basest begyars Are in the poorest thing s., iv. i. 68 superfluous and lust-dieted man.

superflux: superfluity Lr. III. iv. 35. supernal: heavenly John II. i. 112 that s. judge. superscript: a ldress of a letter LLL. IV. ii. 137; so superscription 1H6 IV. i. 53, Tim. II. ii. 82. superserviceable\*: (a) above his work (Wright),

(b) over-officious (J.) Lr. II. ii. 19. supervise sb. (once): on the s., at the first perusal Ham. v. ii. 23.

supervise vb. (once): to look over, peruse LLL. IV. ii. 125 let me supervise the canzonet.

supervisor (once): looker-on Oth. III. iii. 396 (Q1; the rest supervision).

suppli'ance (once): s. of a minute, diversion to fill up a minute Ham. I. iii. 9. [III. vii. 14. suppli'ant, mod. edd. supplyan': auxiliary Cym. supply sb. (in H5 1. Chor. 31 for the which s. = for the supply of which).

the supply of which)

1 aid, relief Tim. II. i. 27, Ham. II. ii. 24. 2 sing. and pl. auxiliary forces, reinforcements John v. iii. 9 the great s. . . . Are wrack'd, 2H4 iv. ii. 45 We have supplies to second our attempt, 1H6 1. i. 159, Cym. IV. iii. 25.

supply vb.:
1 to reinforce Mac. I. ii. 13.

2 to satisfy the desires of, gratify Meas. v. i. 206, Oth. iv. i. 28. [182.

supplyment: continuance of supply Cym. III. iv. support: to endure Lr. v. iii. 199, Oth. 1. iii. 260. supportable: endurable Tp. v. i. 145.

supportance: support R2 in. iv. 32 Gire some s. to the bending twigs; maintenance Tw.N. III. iv. 333

for the supportance of his row.

supposal: estimate, opinion Ham. I. ii. 18. suppose sb.: supposition, conjecture Shr. v. i. 120°, Troil. I. iii. 11 we come short of our s., Tit. I. i. 440

on rain suppose.

suppose vb. (2 cf. supposed 1, supposing)

1 to form an idea of 1H6 iv. i, 186 more furious...

broils Than yet can be imagin'd or s-'d, Sonn. lvii.

10 or your affairs suppose. 2 to picture to oneself, imagine H5 1. Chor. 19, 111.

Chor. 3, Per. v. ii. 5.

3 to presume the truth of, conjecture Err. III. i. 101

supposed by the common rout. supposed:

1 imaginary Lucr. 455 makes supposed terror true. 2 pretended Wiv. IV. iV. 63 the s. fairies, Shr. II. i. 402, 3H6 III. iii. 223 false Edward, thy s. king, Tim. V. i. 16 m this s. distress of his, Lr. V. iii. 113.

supposing: imagination Per. v. Gower 21 In your supposing. . . put your sight Of heavy Pericles. supposition: in s., of doubtful existence Mer.V. 1. iii. 17.

supreme sb.: chief Ven. 996 Imperious su'preme of all mortal things

sur-addition: additional title or name Cym. r. i. 33 gain'd the sur-addition Leonatus.

surance (once): assurance Tit. v. ii. 46,

surcease sb. (once); cessation Mac. r. vii. 4.
surcease vb.: to cease Cor. III. ii. 121 Lest I s. to
honour mine own truth, Rom. IV. i. 97 no pulse Shall keep his nutive progress, but surcease, Lucr. 1766.

sure adj. (in various senses, of which the foll. are now more or less rare)

1 in safety, safe Gent. v. i. 12, Wiv. IV. ii. 6 sure of your husband (i.e. safe from), R3 III. ii, 83, Tim. 111. iii. 40 Doors . . . must be employ'd Now to guard sure their master.

2 unable to do harm, harmless; (with the vb. make = disable, destroy) 1H4 v. iii. 48, iv. 127, Tit. 11. iii. 133, 187, Per. 1. i. 169; (with the vb. bind) Tit. 111. 133, 184, Fer. 1. 1. 103; (With the Vb. 6ma) 111. V. ii. 161, 166; (with the Vb. hold, guard) 2H4 II. i. 29, IV. iii. 81, 2H6 III. i. 188, Tit. V. ii. 76. 3 reliable Ado 1. iii. 71 Fou are both s., and will assist me?, 1H4 III. i. 1, Cor. 1. i. 178 no ser. . Than is the coal of fire upon the ice, Tit. V. i. 100 As sure a

card as ever won the set.

4 indissolubly joined, firmly united Wiv. v. v. 249 [237] she and I... Are now so s., LLL. v. ii. 286 Immaine is mine, as s. as bark on tree, AYL. v. iv.

142 You and you are sure together.

sure adv. (very freq. in the sense 'certainly, assuredly', e.g. Tp. 11. i. 334 [325] he is, sure, i' the

island)

1 safely Cas. IV. i. 47 How . . . open perils [may be] surest answered.

2 infallibly Ham. II. ii. 47 this brain . . . Hunts not

the trail of policy so sure...

surety sb. (1 cf. SECURITY; 5 whence the concr.

sense 'bail', e. g. Tp. I. ii. 472, Sonn. cxxxiv. 7)

1 feeling of security Troil. II. ii. 14 The wound of

peace is surety, Surety secure.

2 certainty Oth. 1. iii. 396 as if for surety (=as if

the thing were certain). 3 stability John v. vii. 68 What s. of the world, what

hope, what stay . . . ?.
4 reliable support Troil. I. iii. 220. 5 guarantee, warrant, ratification LLL. II. i. 134, All'sW. v. iii. 108 She call'd the saints to s., John 111. i. 282, H5 v. ii. 400 we'll take your oath . . . for surety of our leagues, Troil. v. ii. 58.

surety vb.: to be surety or bail for All'sW. v. iii. 302, Cor. III. i. 177 We'll surety him. surmise sb. ('suspicion' is the chief sense)

1 thought, reflection Lucr. 83, 1579

2 conjecture, speculation 2H4 I. iii. 23 Conjecture, expectation, and s. Of aids incertain, Mac. 1. iii. 141 function Is smother'd in surmise.

surmise vb.: to imagine, conjecture (trans. and intr.) 2H6 III. ii. 347, Troil. I. iii. 17 the thought That gave't s-d shape, Ham. II. ii. 108 now, yather, and surmise.

surprise: to perplex, bewilder, dumbfound Wint. III. i. 10 the ear-deafening voice . . . so s-'d my sense, Tit. II. iii. 211 s-d with an uncouth fear, Tim. v. i. 161 You . . . S. me to the very brink of tears, Ven. 890, 1049,

830, 1049.

surrein'd: over-ridden H5 III. v. 19 s. jades.

surrey: to perceive, notice Mac. I. ii. 31 s-ing vantage (=seeing his opportunity). ¶ The main sense is 'view, look upon'.

surveyor: overseer of a household, estate, &c. 2H6 III. i. 253 To make the fox s. of the fold, H8 I. i. 115 The Duke of Buckingham's surveyor.

suspect: suspicion Err. III. i. 87, 2H6 III. i. 140 (old edd. misprinted suspence), 3H6 IV. i. 142, Sonn, lxx, 13 some suspect of ill.

suspicion (nossessive pronouns when qualifying

suspicion (possessive pronouns when qualifying s. are usu, subjective, e.g. Wiv. IV. ii. 37, but ocas, as in objective Tit. 11. iii. 298 their s. = the suspicion they are under, Lr. III. V. 22)

1 of s., under suspicion, suspected Rom. v. iii. 222 \

in strong s., much to be suspected Wint. v. ii. 31; out of all s., beyond a doubt Ado II. iii. 177 [166]. 2 suspicious circumstance Rom. v. iii. 187.

suspiration: breathing Ham. I. ii. 79.

suspire: to breathe, draw breath John III. iv. 80, 2H4 IV. v. 32.

sustain : refl. to have its place Oth. v. ii. 259. sustaining: bearing (them) up in the water Tp. I. ii. 218 their s. garments; nourishing Lr. IV.iv. 6 our sustaining corn.

sutler: one who sells provisions to soldiers in a

camp or garrison H5 II. i. 116.

Sutton Cophill (mod. edd. Co'fil'): Sutton Coldfield in Warwickshire 1H4 IV. ii. 3.

swabber: one of 'the Sorriest Sea-men put to Wash and clean the Ship' (Dict. of Canting Crew) Tp. II. ii. 49, Tw.N. I. v. 217.

swaddling-clouts: bandages in which new-born children were wrapped Ham. II. ii. 411 [401] (Qq). swag-bellied: pendulous-paunched Oth. II. iii. 81.

swagger: to play the boaster or bully, bluster, 'hector' Tw. N. v. i. 411 when I came, alus! to wive, ... By s-ing could I never thrire, 2H4 II. iv. 106 he will not s, with a Barbary hen, Oth. 11, iii, 283 squabble, s., swear; trans. Troil, v. ii. 133 Will he s. himself out on's own eyes?, Lr. 1v. vi. 244 zwaggered out of my life. [H. iv. 82

swaggerer: blusterer, bully AYL. IV. iii, 15, 2H4 swain: young man in love Gent. IV. ii, 14 what IS she, That all our s-s commend her?, Troil. III. ii. 180 True swains in love.

swallow: fig. to retract (a promise) Meas. III. i.

234 swallowed his vows whole.

swan: ref. to as singing shortly before its death Oth. v. ii. 245, Phoen. 15; cf. swan-like Mer. V. III. ii. 44 he makes a s. end, Fading in music. swart: swarthy, dark Err. III. ii. 105 S., like my shoe,

1H6 I. ii. 84; so swart-complexion'd Sonn. xxviii. 11 the swart-complexion'd night. swarth sb.: fig. 'heap' Tw.N. II. iii. 164 an... ass,

that cons state without book, and utters it by great swarths. ¶ A variant form of swath.

swarth, swarthy, swarty (each once): dark-complexioned Tit. II. iii. 72 (Ff) your swarth Cimmerian (Qq swarty); Gent. II. vi. 26 a swarthy Ethiope.

swasher: bully, braggadocio H5 III. ii. 31; so swashing, blustering AYL, I, iii. 123 a s. and a martial outside: (?) dashing, swinging Rom, I. i. 69 thy s. blow (Ff Qq23 mashing). ¶ 'Swash' is to clash swords on bucklers or shields; 'swashbuckler' is not S.

swath (1 cf. SWARTH)

1 the quantity cut by the mower with one sweep of the scythe Troil, v. v. 25.

2 swaddling-clothes Tim. IV. iii. 253 our first s. (i.e.

earliest infancy).

swathing-clothes, -clouts: swaddling-clothes 1H4 III. ii. 112 (Ff seathing, Qq swallding clothes), Ham. II. ii. 411 [401] (Ff swathing, Qq swalling clouts), Cym. I. i. 59 swathing clothes. sway sb. (in Cas. I. iii. 3 all the sway of earth\*,

? = equable motion, or settled order)

1 management, direction, control John II. i. 578 This s. of motion, Cor. II. iii. 190 s. o' the state,

Sonn. lxvi. 8 limping sway (= misdirection).

2 rule, sovereignty Tp. 1, ii. 112 So dry he was for s.,
Mer. V. 1v. i. 193 this sceptred sway, Mac. I. v. 71.

sway vb. (3 these two passages are by some referred

to sense 2)

I to have under control, manage, direct Ado IV. i. 203 let my counsel s. you, John I. i. 13 the sword Which s-s usurpingly these several littles, Ant. 11. ii. 155 The heart of brothers govern in our loves And sway our great designs.

2 to bear rule or sway Tw. N. IV. i. 56 Let thy fair wisdom, not thy passion, s., 1H6 III. ii. 135 A gentler heart did never sway in court, Cor. II. i. 222.

3 to be directed in one's movements Tw. N. II. iv.

31\* So sways she level (= maintains a steady course), Mac. v. iii. 9 The mind I sway by.

4 sway on, (?) move on 2H4 IV. i. 24\*

swayed+ (Hanmer): s. in the back, sunk in the backbone Shr. III. ii. 57 (old edd. Waid).

swear (pa.t. occas. sware 2H4 III. ii. 345)

1 to take oath of allegiance Mac. IV. ii. 47 [a traitor] one that swears and lies.

=to swear by John III. i. 281 the thing thou s-st, Lr. I. i. 163 Thou swear st thy gods in vain.

3 to administer an oath to, make (one) swear Mcas. IV. ii. 195, H8 I. ii. 165 Whom. . . He solumnly had sworn, Cæs. II. i. 129, V. iii. 38 I swore thee . . .

swear out, forswear, renounce solemnly LLL. II. i. 104 your grace hath sworn out house-keeping; swear over, outswear Wint. I. ii. 424.

sweat sb.: the sweating sickness, a form of the plague Meas. 1, ii. 89. sweat vb.: to take the sweating cure Troil. v.

sweet sb.: perfume (of a flower) Sonn. xcix. 2, 15.

sweet adj.:

perfuned, scented Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 252 s. gloves, Tit. II. iv. 6 call for sweet water.

2 (of the heavens or heavenly powers) gracious, 'dear' LLL. III. i, 70 s. welkin, Ham. III. iii. i 51 the s. heavens, Lr. I. v. 51 let me not be much... sweet heaven, Oth. II. i. 198 Amen to that, sweet powers!.

3 dear to 1H6 IV. vi. 55 Thy life to me is s., Sonn.

exxxvi. 12.

4 sweet-tongued, eloquent 2H6 IV. i. 136 s. Tully. sweet-and-twenty: term of endearment Tw. N. II. iii. 54\* (see TWENTY).

sweet heart: as a term of affectionate address, usu. printed as two words in old edd. (cf. HEART 3) Wiv. IV. ii, 12, 2H4 II, iv. 24, Rom. IV. v. 3.

sweeting:
1 sweet kind of apple Rom. II. iv. 86. 2 term of endearment Shr. IV. iii. 36, Oth. II. iii. 254. sweetness: (?) self-indulgence Meas. II. iv. 46.

sweet-seasoned: (of rain) soft Sonn. lxxv. 2. sweet-suggesting: sweetly seductive Gent. II. vi. swell'd: inflated Cym. v. v. 163 swell'd boast. swelling:

1 full to bursting or overflowing 1H4 III. i. 201 these s. heavens (= eyes filled with tears), Tit. v. iii. 13 venomous malice of my swelling heart.

2 inflated with pride Oth. II. iii. 58; inflated with anger R2 I. i. 201 The s. difference of your settled hate, R3 11. i. 51 swelling wrong-incensed peers. pompous, ostentatious Mer.V. 1. i. 125.

increasing in interest and grandeur H5 1. Chor. 4 the s. scene, Mac. 1. iii. 128 happy prologues to the swelling act Of the imperial theme.

swelter'd: caused to exude Mac. IV. i. 8.

swerve: to go astray, err Cym. v. iv. 129. swift: ready-witted AYL. v. iv. 65 s. and sententious;

cf. Ado III. i. 89, Shr. v. ii. 54. swill: to swallow greedily, gulp down R3 v. ii. 9

The . . . boar, That . . . S-s your warm blood like
wash; fig. H5 III. i. 14 [the rock's] base, Swill'd with

(=by) the wild and wasteful ocean. Swim (pa.t. and pa.pple. swam and swom): to float AYL. iv. i. 40 you have swam in a gondola, Cas. v.

i. 67 swim bark!.

swinge: to thrash, belabour Gent. II. i. 91, John II. i. 288, 2H4 v. iv. 21.

swinge-buckler: roisterer 2H4 III. ii. 24. swinish: gross Ham. I. iv. 19 with swinish phrase.

switch: s. and spurs, at full gallop, as hard as one can go Rom. II. iv. 75 (old edd. sw/s). Swithald (Qq), Swithold (Ff): St. Vitalis, who was app. invoked in cases of nightmare Lr. III. iv.

123 S. footed thrice the old (Theobald St. Withold+). Switzers: Swiss guards Ham. IV. V. 97 (Qq Swissers).

swoln: inflated, bombastic Troil. II, iii. 185 such s. and hot discourse.

swoon: in old edd. the foll. forms occur-1 swoun, sucown, 2 sucon, 3 sucound, 4 sucond, 5 sound. swoopstake (old edd. soopstake): lit. drawing the

whole stake at once; (hence) indiscriminately Ham. IV. V. 141 s., you will draw both friend and foe. sword (see dagger 1, EAT 1)

1 symbol of regal or other power Meas, III, ii, 283 [275] He, who the s. of heaven will bear, John I. i. 12, 2H6 IV. iii, 14 the Mayor's s., R3 IV. iv. 470 is the s. unsway'd?, Oth. v. ii. 17 that dost almost persuade Justice to break her sword.

2 oaths were taken on the sword because the hilt is in the form of a cross R2 1. iii. 179, Ham. 1. v.

147, 154,

sword and buckler: fencing weapons in common use till the end of the 16th cent., but in S.'s time supplanted in gentlemen's use by rapier and dagger; used attrib. = ruffianly 1H41, iii. 230 that

same sword-and-buckler Prince of Wales. [31. sworder: gladiator 2H6 IV. i. 135, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] swordman (once): fighter All's W. II. i. 62. ¶ Neither 'swordsman' nor the Eliz. 'sword-player' is

used by S. sworn (3 in mediaeval chivalry 'fratres jurati' were men who had taken an oath to share each others' fortunes: 4 developed from sworn foe 3H6

111. iii. 257, sworn enemy Tw.N. III. iv. 189)

1 sworn counsel, pledged secrecy All'sW. III. vii. 9.

2 bound by a tie or obligation, (of a friend) close, intimate Wint. I. ii. 167 Now my s. friend, H8 I. ii. 191 being my s. servant, Lr. III. iv. 81 commit not with man's s. spouse, Cym. II. iv. 125 her attendants are All sworn and honourable.

3 s. brother, one pledged to another in comrade-3 s. brother, one pledged to another in comradeship, close or intimate friend Ado 1. 74 every month a new s. brother, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 609, R2 V. i. 20 I am s. brother... To grim Necessity, 1H4 II. iv. 7, H5 II. i. 13 s. brothers to France (= pledged to share each others' fortunes in the expedition to France), Cor. II. iii. 101.

4 inveterate Tim. III. V. 69 a sworn rioter.

swoun(d): see swoon.

swounds: = God's wounds, zounds Ham. II. ii. 612 [604] (Ff Why), v. i. 296 (Ff Come). syllable: to the last or utmost s. of, to the utmost limit or extent of All'sW. III. vi. 73, Mac. v. v. 21.

sympathize: to be of the same mind Troil. IV. i. 25.

2 to agree or be in conformity (with) 1H4 v. i. 7 with the losers let it [a tempest] s., H5 III. vii. 163 the men do s. with (= are like) the mastiffs, Troil. I. iii. 52.

3 to feel sympathy for, have a fellow feeling for; only transf, said of inanimate things R2 v. i. 46 the senseless brands will s. The heavy accent of thy moving tongue, And in compassion weep the fire out.

4 pass, corresponded to, answered, matched LLL. III. i. 54 A message well s-d, Lucr. 1113 True sor-row... When with like semblance it is s-d, Sonn. row . . . W

sympathized ppl. adj.: shared in (by all) Err. v. i.

400 this sympathized . . . error.

sympathy: agreement, conformity, correspondence Wiv. π. i. 7 You are not young, no more am I:...there's s., 2H6 i. i. 23 s. of love, Tit. iii. i. 149 what a s. of voe (=likeness in suffering), Rom. III. iii. 84, Oth. II. i. 233 s. in years, numers, and beauties, Cym. v. iv. 151, Ven. 1057, Lucr. 1229 s. of (=likeness to); equality of blood or rank MND. I. i. 141 a s. in choice, R2 IV. i. 33 If that thy valour stand on seies. ¶ The only S. use; dictionaries down to Bailey give first place to the sense 'the natural agreement of things, a conformity in nature, passions, &c.

synod: legislative assembly Err. I. i. 13; more freq. (5 exx.) assembly of the gods AYL. III. ii. 159, Cor. v. ii. 74, Ant. III. viii. 15 [x. 5]. syrup: medicinal decoction Err. v. i. 104 wholesome s-s, drugs, Oth. III. iii. 332 drowsy s-s. ¶ Cf. 'Diacodion', is a syrup made with heads of the herbe called popy, and water,... to cause one to sleape (Elyot's Dict.).

ta: dial. form of 'thou' (after a dental, in interrogative sentences) 2H4 II. i. 65 Thou wot, wot ta? (Q; Ff Thou will not?).

table (2 chiefly, and 3 only, in fig. context)

1 one or both of the stone tablets containing the

ten commandments Meas. 1. ii. 9 scraped one [commandment] out of the t., R3 I. iv. 205 in the table of his law (Ff Table).

2 writing tablet, memorandum book (cf. TABLEwriting tablet, memorandum book (cf. Table-book) Gent. II. vii. 3 thee, Who art the l. wherein all my thoughts Are... character'd, Ham. I. v. 98 from thet. of my memory; esp. pl. 2H4 II. iv. 289 his muster's old t-s,... his counsel-keeper, IV. i. 201, Troil. IV. v. 60 unclasp the t-s of their thoughts, Ham. I. v. 107, Cym. III. ii. 39 young Cupul's t-s (=love-letters), Sonn. cxxii. 1, 12.

3 board or flat surface on which a picture is painted All'sW. I. i. 107 draw His arched brows... In our heart's t., John II. i. 503 Drawn in the flattering table of her eye, Sonn. xxiv. 2.

4 (in palmistry) quadrangle formed by four main lines in the palm of the haud Mer. V. II. i. 174. table-book: note-book Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 612, Ham.

tabled: set down in a list Cym. 1. iv. 7 though the catalogue of his endouments had been tabled.

tables: backgammon LLL. v. ii. 327. ¶ The ordinary name for the game circa 1300-1650. table-sport: butt or laughing-stock of the com-

pany (lit. at table) Wiv. IV. ii. 173.

tabor: small drum used on festive occasions LLL. y. i. 165; used by professional clowns and jesters Tw.N. in. i. 2; coupled with pipe as symbolical of peaceful rejoicing Ado II. iii. 15, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 183; so taborer, drunmer Tp. III. ii. 164. taborin, tabourine: military drum Troil. IV. v.

274, Ant. IV. viii. 37.

tackled: tackled stair, rope ladder Rom. II. iv. 203.
taffeta: lustrous kind of silk LLL. v. ii. 159, 1H41.
ii. 11 in flume-colour d.t.; used as adj. fig. LLL.
v. ii. 407 Taffeta phrases, silken terms precise.
tag: rabble Cor. III. i. 247; so tag-rag people Cæs.

I. ii. 259 tailor: MND. II. i. 54\* down topples she, And 'tailor' cries; obscure allusion.

taint sb. (not pre-Eliz. in these senses)
1 corruption, decay H8 v. iii. 28, Lr. I. i. 224. 2 stain, blemish Ham. II. i. 32; disgrace Troil. I. iii. 374.

taint vb. (not pre-Eliz, in these senses)

1 to affect or imbue slightly with an undesirable quality 1H6 v. iii, 182 Never yet taint [pa.pple.] with love, 3H6 III. i. 40 Nero will be tainted with remorse; also intr. to become so affected Mac. v. iii. 3 I cannot taint with fear.

to injure, impair Meas, IV, IV, 5, Tw.N. III. iv. 14 ted in's wits, 0th. I. iii. 273 That my disports corrupt and taint my business, IV. ii. 161. to sully, stain, bring into discredit (a person, his

honour, &c.) Tw.N. v. i. 142, 1H6 IV. v. 46, H8 III. i. 54 To t. that honour, IV. ii, 14; to disparage Oth. II. i. 277 tainling his discipline.

4 to infect with corruption, corrupt, deprave Tw.N. v. i. 369, 1H6 v. iv. 45 t-ed with a thousand vices, Ham. I. v. 85 T. not thy mind, Cym. v. iv. 65, Lucr. 38; also intr. Tw. N. III. iv. 147 lest the device take air, and taint (= become stale). 5 to convey infection Troil. III. iii. 233.

taintingly (F<sub>1</sub>) Cor. 1. i. 116, app. misprint for tantingly (Ff<sub>23</sub>), tauntingly (F<sub>4</sub>), which last is the reading of mod. edd.

tainture: defilement 2H6 II. i. 186 (F1 Taincture).

take (2 see also taking vbl. sb. and ppl. adj.)

1 to strike R3 1. iv. 160 T. him over the costard with
the hills; with double obj. to give (a person a
blow) Meas. H. i. 194, Shr. H. ii. 166, Tw.N. H. v. 76, H5 IV. i. 234 I will take thee a box on the ear.

2 to strike with disease Wiv. IV. iv. 33 he blasts the tree, and t-s the cattle, Ant. IV. ii. 37 Now, the witch t. me; absol. Ham. I. i. 163 then no planets

strike, No fairy takes (Ff talk(e)s).

3 to catch, meet, find Err. 111. ii. 174, H5 IV. i. 239. 4 t. (it) on one's death, honour, salvation, give a strong assurance, affirm vehemently Wiv. 11. ii. 13, John 1. i. 110, R2 v. iii. 11, 1H4 11. iv. 9, v. iv. 154.

5 t. on or upon oneself, besides mod. senses of 'undertake' and 'assume', means (i) profess, pretend Err. v. i. 243 took on him as a conjurer, 2H4 IV. i. 60 I t. not on me here as a physician, Cym. v. iv. 185 be directed by some that t. upon them to know; make believe Troil. 1. ii. 151 she t-s upon her to spy a white hair on his chin; pretend to know Lr. v. iii. 16 t. upon's the mystery of things; (ii) assume lofty airs Shr. III. ii. 217, iv. ii. 109, 1H6 I. ii. 71.
6 to assume, pretend Ham. II. i. 13 Take you...
some distant knowledge of him.

7 to repair to (a place) for refuge Err. v. i. 36 for God's sake, take a house!, 94, Troil. v. iv. 21 Fly not; for shouldst thou t. the river Styx, I would swim after.

8 refl. or intr. to have recourse, betake oneself Gent. IV. i. 42 have you anything to t. to?, H5 III. ii. 127 ere theise eyes of minet. themselves to slumber,

9 to hear, learn John 1. i. 21, Cor. III. i. 139 No. t. more; chiefly in like it or like of mer learn John 1. i. 21, Cor. III. i. 139 No. t. more; chiefly in lake it or like of me = let me tell you Shr. II. i. 191, HS v. i. 30, Tit. II. i. 108, Tim. III. iv. 71; (pregnantly) to accept as true Lr. IV. vi. 145 I would not take this from report.

10 to receive without resistance, acquiesce in, put up with Ham. п. іі. 612 [604], Lr. п. іі. 106.

11 to accept (a person) as being, or suppose him to be so-and-so All'sW. III. v. 52 He's bravely taken (= regarded as a fine fellow), Tit. v. ii. 155 The empress' sons I take them.

12 to arrange, conclude (truce, peace) John III. i. 17 t. a truce, H8 II. i. 85 t. peace, Troil, II. ii. 75, Rom. III. i. 163, Ven. 82, Sonn. xivii. 1 a league is took. 13 intr. to catch fire H5 II. i. 56.

14 = 'take effect' Cor. 11. ii. 113. take all, (?) orig. a gaming expression indicating a last despairing hazard Rom. i. v. 19 the longer liver take all, Lr. 111. i. 15 And bids what will take all, Ant. IV. ii. 8 I'llstrike, and cry 'Take all'; takeone's death, (1) die 3H6 I. iii. 35; (2) take one's dying oath 2H6 II. iii. 91 I will t. my death I never meant him any ill; take forth, select, choose Cor. 1. ix. 34; take one's haste, make haste Tim. v. i. 215; take the heat, get the start 2H4 II. iv. 326; take in, conquer, subdue, overcome Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 590 affliction may subdue the cheek, But not t. in the mind, Cor. 1. ii. 24 To t. in many towns, Ant. 1. i. 23, &c., Cym. 111. ii. 9, Iv. ii. 121; take me with you, speak so that I can understand you, be explicit 1H4 II. iv. 513 [506], Rom. III. v. 142; take note of, (1) notice Cor. Iv. ii. 10; (2) know about Tw.N. III. ii. 40; take off, (1) dissuade, disincline Mac. II. iii. 38 it sets kim (1) dissuade, districtine Mac. II. II. 38 it sets him on, and it t-s him off; (2) relieve one of (an office) Cor. III. iii. 60, 0th. v. ii. 330 Your power and your command is t-n off; (3) make away with, destroy (a person or his life, &c.) Mac. v. vii. 100 [viii, 71] Took off her life, Cym. v. v. 47, Per. IV. vi. 140 I must have your madenhead taken off (quibble on 'head'); (4) there's luging on the diffusion with, proverbial plur, amplicable to auvithing excessive Troil verbial phr. applicable to anything excessive Troil. I. ii. 221; take on, be furious, rage, rave Wiv. III. v. 40 she does so t. on with her men, MND. III. ii. 258, 3H6 II. v. 104; take out, (1) lead out from the company for a dance H8 1. iv. 95 I were unmannerly to t. you out, And not to kiss you, (2) take a copy of Oth. 111. iii. 296, iv. 179 T. me this work out . . . Id have it copied; take up, (1) raise, levy 2H4 n. i. 203 you are to t. soldiers up, iv. ii. 26; (2) arrest (with quibble on sense of TAKING-UP, q.v.) Ado III. iii. 189, 2H6 IV. vii. 134; (3) 'oppose, encounter, cope with ' (Schmidt) Wint. III. iii. 90 (quibble on sense 4 below), 2H4 I. iii. 73, Cor. III. i. 243 I could myself T. up a brace o' the best of them; (4) take to task, rebuke, reprimand Gent. I. ii. 132, Cym. II. i. 4t. meup for swearing; (5) retort to (a speech) H5 III. vii. 131; (6) make up, settle, arrange amicably AYL. v. iv. 50, 104, Tw. N. III. iv. 323, Tit, Iv. iii. 91 to t. up a matter of brawl, Oth. I. iii. 173; (7) occupy entirely, fill up, (hence) obstruct H8 I. i. 56 T. up the ruys o' the . . . sun, Cor. III. ii. 116 tears t. up The glasses of my sight; (8) trip up Mac. 11. iii. 46 he took up my legs.

taking vbl. sb. (1 cf. TAKE 2) blasting, malignant influence Lr. III. iv. 60.

state of agitation or alarm Wiv. III. iii. 190 What

a taking was he m, Lucr. 453. taking ppl. adj.: blasting, pernicious Lr. 11. iv. 166 You taking airs.

taking-off: murder Mac. I. vii. 20, Lr. v. i. 65.

taking-up: obtaining on credit 2H4 1. ii. 45. tale (1 the earliest sense; 2 Skelton 1523 has 'Therby lyeth a tale', Holland 1600 'Hereto longeth a tale'; the sense 'number' is not S.)

1 talk Rom. II. iv. 102 to stop in my t., Ven. 74 to a

pretty ear she tunes her tale.

thereby hangs a t., there is something to say about that Shr. IV. i. 60.

3 in a tale, in agreement Ado IV. ii. 34,

talent1 (1 an Eliz. sense) Thair. pl. riches, treasure Compl. 204 these t-s of their 2 evil inclination or passion Cym. 1. vi. 80\* beyond all talents.

talent2; common old form of 'talon'; hence the pun in LLL. IV. ii. 65 If a talent be a claw, look how he claws him with a talent.

talk:

I (emphatically) to talk idly, talk nonsense Wint. III. II. 42, Mac. IV. II. 62 Poor prattler, how thou talkest, Oth. IV. III. 25 Come, come, you talk. 2 to speak (a word) R3 IV. IV. 199 (Qq speak), Lr. III. iV. 161; to say that . . . Tp. II. i. 101; to tell (a

tall (the ordinary sense is freq.; 2 common Eliz. prose use; 3 cf. HAND Bb. 1)

1 goodly, fine, 'proper' MND, v. i. 146 sweet youth and tall, Shr. iv. i. 11, iv. iv. 17 Thou'rt at. fellow.

(conventional epithet of ships of large build) fine, gallant Mer.V. III. i. 6, R2 II. i. 286, Lr. IV. vi. 19 yond t. anchoring bark, Oth. II. i. 79, Sonn. lxxx. 12 I am a worthless boat, He of tall building.

3 good at arms, strong in fight, doughty, valiant (freq. ironical) Wiv. 11. ii. 12 good soldiers and tall

fellows, Tw.N. 1, iii. 21, 1H4 1, iii. 62 many a good t. fellow, R3 1, iv. 157 Spoke like a t. fellow, Rom. 11. iv. 32 a very good blade!-a very t. man!, Ant. II. vi. 7 much t. youth; brave H5 II. i. 72 Thy spirits are most tall.

tallow: fat of an animal Wiv. v. v. 16 (=grow thin as a stag in rutting time). ¶ Cf. 'All beestis that beere talow', Book of St. Albans, 1486.

tallow-catch' (Qq Ff); (a) by Hanmer taken = 'tallow ketch', i.e. tub of tallow, (b) by Johnson = 'tallow keech', i.e. lump of tallow (see KEECH) 1H4 II. iv. 256.

tallow-face: pale-faced wretch Rom. III. v. 158. tally: stick of wood, marked with transverse notches or scores representing the amount of a debt; it being cleft lengthwise across the notches, the debtor and creditor each retained one of the halves 2H6 IV. vii. 39 the score and the t., Sonn. cxxii. 10 Nor need I tallies thy dear love to

talon: old edd, talent, see TALENT 2.

tame: make t. to, (i) subject or subjugate to John IV. ii. 262, Lr. IV. vi. 226 (Qq made tame by fortune's blows); (ii) familiarize with Troil, III. iii. 10. ¶ The fig. senses 'submissive, meek', 'lackinganimation, force, or effectiveness, spiritless are freq.

tamed: broached Troil. IV. i. 62 He . . . would drink up The lees and dregs of a flat t. piece (= broached

cask).

tang sb.: 'something that leaves a sting or pain behind it' (J.) Tp. 11. ii. 53\* she had a tongue with a t. ¶ Perhaps 'tang' = tongue of a snake (supposed to sting), sting of an insect, is here asso-

ciated with 'tang' = sharp ringing sound. tang vb.: trans. to sound loud with Tw.N. II, v. 165 let thy tongue tang arguments of state; intr. 111. iv. 79 let thy tongue tang with arguments (Ff 23 1;

F1 langer? misprint).

tangle: to entrap, snare Gent. III. ii. 68 lay lime to t. her desires, 1H6 IV. ii. 22, Ven. 67 Look how a bird lies tangled in a net. .

tanling (not pre-S.): one tanned by the sun's rays Cym. Iv. iv. 29 summer's tanlings. tap: to act as tapster Wiv. I. iii. 11; to draw out

as liquor from a cask R2 II. i. 127.

tardy adj.: ta'en t., taken unawares, surprised R3 IV. i. 51; come t. off, fallen short, inadequately done Ham. III. ii. 29.

tardy vb.: to delay Wint, III. ii. 163 tardied My swift

command. tardy-gaited: slow-paced H5 IV. Chor. 20. targe (thrice): light shield LLL, v. ii, 554. target (9 times) : = TARGE 1H4 II, iv. 228.

Tarpeian rock: rock on the Capitoline Hill at Rome over which persons convicted of treason were thrown headlong Cor. III. i. 212, 265; hence III. iii. 86 the steep Tarpeian death.

tarre: to provoke, incite, hound on John Iv. i. 117, Troil, I. iii, 392 t. the mastiffs on, Ham, II. ii, 379 [370] t, them to controversy. ¶ Survives in midl. dial. (Worcestershire).

tarriance: delay Gent. II. vii. 90; waiting in expectation Pilgr. vi. 4 [74].
tarry (1 common down to about 1800)

to lodge (in a place) Mer. V. IV. ii. 18. to wait for Wiv. IV. v. 21, Troil. I. i. 16; to stay for (a meal) 2H4 III. ii. 206.

tart: only fig.; painful, grievous Lr. IV. ii. 87 another way, This news is not so tart; (of aspect)

sour Ant. II. v. 38 so lart a favour.

Tartar (Eliz.): Tartarus, the infernal regions, hell
Err. IV. ii. 32 in T. limbo, worse than hell (see LIMBO), Tw. N. II, v. 227 the gates of T., H5 II. ii. 123.

tartly: (of aspect) sourly Ado II. i. 3. [v. iv. 19. tartness: sourness (fig.) All'sW. iv. iii. 96, Cor. task sb.: at t. (S.), blamed Lr. I. iv. 368 at task for want of wisdom (Qq attask'd).

task vb. (cf. TAX vb.)

1 to lay a tax upon, tax 1H4 IV. iii. 92. 2 to impose a task upon LLL. II. i. 20 to t. the tasker,

Cor. i. iii. 40 a harrest man that's task'd to mow. 3 to make demands upon, summon, or challenge (a person) to perform (something) Tp. 1. ii. 192 to thy strong bidding t. Ariel, John III. i. 148 (Ff tastle, Theobald task†), R2 IV. i. 52 I t. the earth to the like, 1H4 IV. i. 9 t. me to my word, Sonn. lxxii. 1.

4 to occupy fully, put a strain upon, put to the proof Wiv. IV. vi. 30 other sports are t-ing of their minds, H5 I, ii. 6, Oth. II. iii. 43 I . . . dare not

task my weakness.

5 to take to task, reproach Lr. III. ii. 16 It. not you . with unkindness (Ff tax(e).

tasking: challenge (see TASK vb. 3) 1H4 v. ii. 50 (Q1; the rest tulking).

tassel-gentle: = TERCEL Rom. II. ii. 159.

taste sb. (sense 'savour' is freq., lt. and fig.)

1 trial, test 2H4 II. iii. 52 Have of their pussance
mude a little t., Lr. I. ii. 48 as an essay or t. of my rivine.

2 act of tasting R2 m. i. 13 As the last t. of sweets, Rom. II. vi. 13 the sweetest honey... in the taste confounds the uppetite; fig. experience, whether of joy or of suffering 1H4 III. i. 174 the t. of danger, H5 11. ii. 51 After the t. of much correction, Sonn.

small quantity of a thing tasted as a sample (in fig. context) AYL. III. ii. 248 take a t. of my finding him, and relish it..., Troil. I. iii. 389; (hence) specimen, sample AYL. III. ii. 107 For a t., Cor. III. ii. 316 Have we not had a taste of his obedience? Ham. II. ii. 460 [452] give us a t. of your quality; phr. in some t. (S.), in some degree, in some sense Cæs. IV. i. 34.

4 judgement, discrimination LLL, IV. ii. 30 we of t.

and feeling.

taste vb. (2 the commonest sense)

- t toput to the proof, try, test Tw. N. III. iv. 270 t. their ralour, 1H4 iv. i. 119 let me t. my horse, Troil. III. ii. 97 Praise us as we are t-d (= prove to be); used affectedly Tw. N. III. i. 88 T. your legs, sir; also intr. const. of with same meaning 2H4 IV, i. 192 every idle . . . reason Shall to the king t. of this action.
- 2 to experience, feel Tp. v. i. 123 You do yet taste Some subleties o' the isle, MND. v. i. 223 to t. of truest Thisby's sight (Qq take), H5 IV. vii. 69 t. our mercy, Troil. IV, iv. 3 The grief... that II., Cym. v. v. 404 they shall t. our comfort; to have experience of the qualities of Tim. III. ii. 85 I never t-d Timon; also intr. const. of Wint, III. ii. 180, Cym. v. v. v. 200 But native of our weekler. v. v. 309 By tasting of our wrath.

to act as taster to John v. vi. 28 How did he take it?

[viz. poison] who did taste to him?. tattering +: in rags John v. v. 7 (old edd. tott ring).

tauntingly: see TAINTINGLY. Taurus (1 cf. Chaucer's Astrolabe, 'Everiche of these 12 signes hath respecte to a certeyn parcel

of the body of a man, and hath it in governaunce, as... Taurus thy nekke and thy throte') the second of the zodiacal constellations, the Bull,

including the Pleiades and Hyades Tw.N. I. iii. 150 T.! that's sides and heart.—No, sir, it is legs and thighs (cf. note above) Tit, rv. iii, 68, lofty mountain range in Asia Minor MND, III. ii.

141 high Taurus' snow.

tawdry-lace: silk 'lace' or necktie much worn by women in the 16th and early 17th cent., cheap

and showy ones being app, worn by country girls Wint, IV. iii, [iv.] 252. ¶ 'So called from St. Audrey (Ethelreda) who thought her self punished [by a tumour in the throat] for wearing rich Necklaces', Blount's Glossographia, 1674; bought at the fair held at the fane of St. Ethel-dreda', Skinner's Etymologicon, 1671. tawny: yellowish-brown Tp. II. i. 57, Tit. v. i. 27; cf. orange-tawny MND. I. ii. 97.

tawny-coat: ecclesiastical apparitor, from the colour of his livery 1H6 I. iii. 47, &c. tax sb.: charge, accusation All'sW. II. i. 173 Tax of

impudence.

tax vb. (2 the prevailing sense)

1 to censure, blame, accuse Ado I. i. 46 you tax
Signior Benedick too much, Ham. I. iv. 18 traduc'd and t'd of other nations; with of for the more freq. with All's W. v. iii. 122 Shall tax my fears of little vanity.

= TASK vb. 3, Ado II. iii. 47 tux not so bad a voice

To slunder music.

taxation (2 cf. TASK vb. 3, TAX vb. 2)

demand, claim Tw. N. I. v. 226 no t. of homage. censure AYL. I. ii. 92.

taxing: = TAXATION 2, AYL, II. vii. 86. teach: to show how LLL. IV. i. 111 who is the suitor? -Shall It. you to know? (i.e. tell you), Rom. I. v. 48 she doth teach the torches to burn bright (i.e. by

shining so brightly herself).

tear: t. a cat, rant MND. I. ii. 32 a part to t. a cat
in. This plir., and 'tear-cat'=swaggerer, were specifically associated with ranting on the stage. tear-falling: shedding tears R3 IV. ii. 65. T.Cf.

FALL vb. 4

tedious: irksome, annoying, laborious, painful AYL, III, ii. 346 heavy t. penury, R2 II. i. 75, 1H4 III. i. 48 in the t. ways of art, Tit. II. iv. 39 [she] in a t. sampler sew'd her mind, Mac. III. iv. 138, Oth. III. iii. 398 a t. difficulty. ¶ Affectedly for 'long' in All'sW. II. iii. 35 that is the brief and the tedious of it.

tediously: tardily H5 IV. Chor. 22 limp So t. away.

1 to bring forth H5 v. ii. 51, Tim. Iv. iii. 180 Whose womb . . . and . . . breast T-s, and feeds all, Mac. Iv. iii. 176 Fach minute teems a new one.

2 to bear children, bear fruit, be fruitful Lr. I. iv. 305 If she must t., create her child of spleen; chiefly in pres. pple. Meas. I. iv. 43 t-ing foison, R2 II. i. 51, v. ii. 91, Sonn. xevii. 6 The teeming autumn.

3 t. with, (i) conceive by Oth. IV. i. 256 If that the earth could t. with woman's tears; (ii) bring forth Tim. IV. iii. 191 Let it . . . T. with new monsters. teen: affliction, grief, woe LLL. IV. iii. 164, R3 IV.

i. 96, Ven. 808.

Telamon: Ajax Telamonius (see AJAX), who went mad when the shield of Achilles was awarded to Ulysses and not to him Ant. IV. xi. [xiii.] 2 more

mad Than Telamon for his shield, tell (the foll, are obs. or special uses)

1 to count, reckon the number of LLL, I. ii. 42 How many is one thrice told?, R3 1. iv. 122 while one t-s twenty, Ham. 1. ii. 237, Ven. 277 trots, as if he told the steps.

2 to count (money) Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 185 faster than you'll t. money, Tim. III. v. 109, Lr. III. ii. 89 When usurers t, their gold; fig. Tim. III. iv. 96

Tell out my blood.

3 t. the clock, (i) count the strokes of the clock, tell the time R3 v. iii. 277 Tell the clock there; also simply tell Tp. 11. i. 15 One: tell; (ii) fig. 'keep time 'to, be willing slaves to Tp. 11. i. 297 [289] They'll tell the clock to any business.

4 (of a clock) to strike (the hour) MND, v. i. 372

The iron tongue of midnight hath told twelve, Oth. II. ii. 12 till the bell have told eleven

to say (prayers) as on a string of beads 3H6 II. i. 164 Numb'ring our Ave-Maries with our beads? Or shall we on the helmets of our foes Tell our devotion ... ?.

6 tell over, (i) recount, go over MND. v. i. 23 all the story of the night told over, R3 iv. iv. 39 T. o'er your woes again, Sonn, xxx. 10 t. o'er The sad account; (ii) pass through Oth. III. iii. 169 what damned minutes tells he o'er.

7 can tell=to know H5 IV. i. 244 if you could tell (=knew) how to reckon, Tit. 1. i. 202 Proud and ambitious tribune, canst thou tell?; also in the defiant or evasive plir. when? canst tell? (can you tell?) Err. III. i. 52, 1H4 II. i. 43.

Tellus: the earth personified Ham. III. ii. 168 Tellus' orbed ground, Per. IV. i. 13.

temnest (?): Lr. II. ii. 150 (Capell contemned'st+). temper sb. (the main sense is 'disposition, temperament, constitution ')

good condition (of mind) Lr. 1. v. 52 Keep me in t.;

I would not be mad.

2 degree of hardness and elasticity imparted to steel 1H6 II. iv. 13, 2H6 v. ii. 70 Sword, hold thy t., Oth. v. ii. 252 (see ICE-BROOK); in periphrastic phr. R2 Iv. i. 29 To stain the t. of my knightly sword, 1H4 v. ii. 93.

3 self-restraint Ant. I. i. 8.

temper vb. (used twice of tempering swords Tp. 111, iii. 62, Ven. 111 Strong-t-'d steel; cf. MISTEMPERED 2; 4 cf. the Warwickshire expression of 'humouring 'butter, e.g. before a fire)

to compound (a poison) Ado n. ii. 22, Rom. III. v. 98, Ham. v. ii. 342, Cym. v. v. 251.

2 to moisten with a fluid 2H6 III. i. 311 t. clay with blood, Tit. v. ii. 200 with this haleful liquor t. it

(viz. a powder), Lr. 1, iv. 328. 3 to modify or qualify LLL. Iv. iii. 347 Until his ink were t-'d with Love's sighs, Rom. 11. Chor. 14 T-ing extremity with extreme sweet.

4 (of wax) to soften (only in gerund) 2H4 IV, iii, 141 (fig.) I have him already t-ing between my finger and my thumb, and shortly will I seal with him, Ven. 565 What wax so frozen but dissolves with tempering?.

5 to work upon, mould (to a particular purpose) Gent, III, ii. 64 t, her by your persuasion To hate young Valentine, H5 II, ii. 118 (the devil) that t-d thee, R3 I, i. 65 (Ft tempts), Tit, IV, IV, 108, 6 to blend or accord with 3H6 IV, VI. 29 few men

rightly temper with the stars.

temperality: Mistress Quickly's blunder (?) for 'temperature' (which is not S.)=temper 2H4 11. iv. 25.

temperance (its use by Puritans as a female name referred to in Tp. 11. i. 44) climate, temperature Tp. 11. i. 43.

2 moderation Meas. III. ii. 257, H8 I. i. 124 are you chaf d? Ask God for t., Cor. пг. ііі. 28, Нат. пг. ії. 8. 3 chastity Ant. пг. хі. [хііі.] 121, Lucr. 884.

temperate:

1 (of weather) mild, of genial temperature H5 III. iii. 30 the cool and t. wind of grace, Sonn. xviii. 2. moderate John 11. i. 195, Troil. 1. ii. 158 t. fire,

Mac. II. iii. 115 temperate and furious . . . in a moment.

\*\*Temple: name of two of the Inns of Court (see INN) 1H4 III. iii. 221 the T. hall, 1H6 III. iv. 3, 125 the Temple garden.

temporal: secular H5 1. i. 9 temporal lands.

temporary\* (once): (?) devoted to secular affairs Meas, v. i. 145.

tempt (the foll, are now rare or obs.)

1 to put to the test, try H8 1. ii. 55 In t-ing of your

patience, Troil, IV. iv. 96 When we will to the frailty of our powers.

2 to venture upon, risk John IV. iii. 84 t. the danger, Troil. v. iii. 34 t. not yet the brushes of the war.

ten groats: 3s. 4d., amount of a lawyer's fee All'sW. II. ii. 23.

tenable (not pre-Eliz.): that may be kept Ham. r. ii. 247 Let it be t. in your silence still (Ff treb(b)le). tenant: one who holds land of a lord, vassal R3 rv. iv. 481, H8 I. ii. 173, Lucr. 1260 those proud lords. . . Make weak-made women t-s to their shame,

Sonn. xlvi. 10 A quest of thoughts, all t-s to the

tend (1 is peculiar to S.; tend = have a tendency, is freq.; it has a different origin from this word) 1 to be in waiting or attendance Ham. I. iii. 83

your servants tend, IV. iii. 48. 2 to wait or attend upon Tp. I. ii. 47 woman . . . that t-ed me, Troil. II. iii. 136, Lr. II. iv. 266, Ant. II. ii. 215 (see EYE 3), IV. ii. 24

3 to take care of, look after John v. vi. 32, 2H6 1. i. 205 they do tend the profit of the land.

4 to guard R3 IV. i. 92 good angels t. thee! (Qq guard). 5 to accompany R2 IV. i. 199 They [cares] t. the crown.

tend on or upon, (i) wait upon, serve, follow MND.

III. i. 162, 2H6 III. ii, 304 threefold vengeancet. upon
your steps!, Ham. III. ii. 218, Lr. II. i. 97 the . . .
knights That t. upon my father, Sonn. liii. 2; (ii)
attend to Ado I. iii. 17 t. on no man's business;
tend to, listen to Tp. I. i. 7.

tendance: attention, care H8 III. ii. 150, Tim. I. i. 58, Cym. v. v. 53; coner, people in attendance Tim. i. i. 81 his lobbies fill with tendance. tender sb.: (1) offer, (2) thing offered LLL. II. i.

170 such welcome . . . As honour . . . may Make t. of, John v. vii. 106 the like t. of our lore, Rom. 111. iv. 12 I will make a desperate t. Of my child's love, Ham. 1. iii. 99, 106 you have tu'en these t-s for true pay, Sonn. lxxxiii. 4.

tender sb.2: tender consideration, regard, care (S.) 1H4 v. iv. 49 thou mak'st some t. of my life, Lr. I. iv. 233 in the tender of a wholesome weal.

tender adj. (1 cf. TEXDER-DYING; t. years Ven. 1091) 1 young, youthful, immature R2 ii. iii. 42 t., raw, and young, 3H6 ii. ii. 28 [birds] in protection of

their tender ones . . . Make war . . . 2 (of climate, air) mild, soft Tp. 11. i. 42 of subtle, t., and delicate temperance, Cym. v. iv. 140 t. air [v. 448 'mollis aer'].

3 dear, beloved, precious Gent. v. iv. 37 Whose life's as t. to me as my soul, Troil. iv. v. 106\* t. objects, Mac. i. vii. 55 How t. 'tisto love the babe that milks me.

4 finely sensitive in respect of physical perception 695 Unapt for t. smell, Sonn. cxli. 6 t. feeling; cf. LLL. v. ii. 567 t.-smelling knight, 2H6 II. iv. 9 her

tender-feeling feet. 5 t. of, sensitive to Cym. III. v. 40 So t. of rebukes; -t. over (o'er), having great consideration or compassion for Wint. 11. iii. 127 t. o'er his follies, 132 that hast A heart so t. o'er it, Cym. v. v. 87 A

page... So tender over his occasions. tender vb.1 (the sense 'offer' occurs in various connexions)

1 t. down, lit. pay down (money), fig. in Meas. 11. iv. 181 had he twenty heads to t. down On twenty bloody blocks, Tim. 1. i. 55 how all conditions . . . tender down Their services to Lord Timon.

2 to exhibit, show forth LLL. II. i. 242 [jewels] tend'ring their own worth from where they were glass'd, Ham. I. iii. 109 you'll t. me a fool\* (= show ourself a fool in my eyes).

tender vb.2 [from the adj. TENDER] 1 to have a tender regard for, be concerned for, care for Gent. IV. iv. 147, H8 II. iv. 114 You tender more your person's honour than Your high profession spiritual, Rom. III. i. 76, Ham. I. iii. 107 T.

yourself more dearly, iv. iii. 44. 2 to regard favourably Lucr. 534 Tender my suit. 3 to feel compassion for 1H61v. vii. 10 T-ing my ruin.

tender-dying: dying when young 1H6 iii. iii. 48.
tender-hefted\*: 'set in a delicate bodily frame'
(Wright), gentle, womanly Lr. II. iv. 174. ¶ The
Qq variants tender hested, hasted (app. misprints,
f for f) point to a derivation from 'heft', 'haft' =handle; cf. 'Emmanché', . . . set into a haft, or handle, 'Lasche emmanché', feeble, loosse iovnted, faint-hearted (Cotgr.).

tenderness: LLL. III. i. 4 t. of years = youth of

tender years, tending: attendance Mac. I. v. 38 Give him tending. tennis: game in which a ball is struck to and fro with a racket by two players in a specially-constructed enclosed oblong court H8 I, iii. 30, Ham. II. i. 59; also t.-ball Ado III. ii. 47, H5 I. ii. 258, tennis-court 2H4 II. ii. 22, Per. II. i. 65.

tenour: (in law) copy of an instrument not fully set out but containing only the substance or pur-port of it; fig. Lucr. 1310 Here folds she up the t.

of her woe, Her certain sorrow with uncertainly, tent sb.1: pl. (?) bed hangings Shr. H. i. 346 [354]. tent sb.2: roll of lint used to search and cleanse a wound Troil. 11. ii. 16.

tent vb.1: fig. to lodge Cor. III. ii. 116.

tent vb.2: to apply a tent to (a wound); only fig. to probe Ham. II. ii. 634 [626] I'll tent him to the quick, Cym. III. iv. 118; to cure Cor. I. ix. 31 tent themselves with death, III. i. 235 a sore cannot tent.

tenth (1 cf. 'decimation')

1 one out of ten Troil. II. ii. 21 If we have lost so many tenths of ours, Tim. v. iv. 33 the destin'd t. 2 royal subsidy or aid, being a levy of a tenth part

of the subject's movables 1H6 v. v. 93 Among the people gather up a tenth.

tercel: male of the falcon-gentle or peregrine falcon Troil, III. ii. 54. ¶ Cf. TASSEL-GENTEL.

term (I freq.; the legal phr. for t. of lifeoccurs Sonn. xcii. 2; Meas. 1, i. 10\* terms for common justice, (a) conditions of the ordinary administration of justice, (b) technical terms of the courts', Blackstone)

1 (long) period of time Sonn. cxlvi. 11 Buy t-sdivine in selling hours of dross.

period of session of courts of law AYL, III, ii, 354, 2H4 v. i. 89.

3 pl. standing, footing, mutual relation; only in phr. on, upon, or in terms R2 IV. i. 22 On equal t-s, Lr. I. ii. 176 Parted you in good t-s?, Oth. II. iii. 182 in t-s like bride and groom, Cym. III. i. 80 in other terms.

4 pl. state, condition, position, circumstances Meas, 11. iv. 101 under the t-s of death, H5 111. vi. 80 (= the enemy's position), Troil, 11. ii. 153 On t-s of base compulsion, Ham. 1. i. 103 by . . . t-s compulsative, 111. iii. 5 The t-s of our estate, IV. vii. 26 desperate t-s, Compl. 176 upon these t-s (= in this condition).

5 (hence, in vague or merely periphrastic use) almost = respect, manner Mer.V. II. i. 13 In terms of choice (= in respect of my choice), All's W.
II. iii. 173 Without all t-s of pily (= without pity in any form), Tw. N. v. i. 75, H5 II. i. 61 in fair t-s (= fairly), Lucr. 1706 any t-s (almost = anything); once in sing. Oth, 1, i. 39 in any just term (= in any way justly).

Termagant: imaginary deity supposed in mediaeval Christendom to be worshipped by Mohammedans, represented in mystery plays as a violent overbearing personage Ham. III. ii. 16 for o'erdoing T.; —as adj. violent 1H4 v. iv. 114 that hott. Scot.

termination: term, expression (S.) Ado II. i. 258 if her breath were as terrible as her terminations.

termless: indescribable Compl. 9t that t. skin.
terrene: terrestrial Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 153.
terrestrial: as sb. jocularly applied to a doctor
(opposed to celestial = physician of the soul) Wiv.
III. i. 108 (cf. line 100 soul-curer and body-curer).

terrible: usu. taken in a passive sense = fright ened, but perhaps intensive = terribly rapid Lr. 1. ii. 33\* that t. dispatch of it [a paper] into your pocket.

terribly: in a manner to excite terror Tp. II. i. 321 [313] It struck mine ear most t., MND. 1. ii. 77, Tim. 1v. iii. 137 you'll . . . t. swear Into . . . shudders . . . The immortal gods.

territories: (app.) dependencies John I. i. 10. tertian: fever of which the paroxysm occurs every third (i. e. every other) day H5 II. i. 124 a

burning quotidian tertian.

test: witness, testimony Troil. v. ii. 119 that test of eyes and ears (so Ff 14, but prob. misprint for thattest of Q1), Oth. i. iii. 107 Without more wider

tates (Ff) and more overt test (Q<sub>112</sub>; Q<sub>2</sub> F<sub>1</sub> over test), testament: will disposing of one's property after death AYL, I, i, 79 the poor allottery my father left me by t.; fig. R2 III. iii. 94 to open The purple (=blood-stained) t. of bleeding war, H5 IV. vi. 27 with blood he seal'd A t. of noble-ending love. ¶ The only S. sense

tested: refined Meas. II. ii. 149 tested gold. tester: sixpence Wiv. I. iii. 94 T. Fil have in pouch when thou shall lack, 2H4 III. ii. 299 there's a t. for thee. ¶ A corruption of 'teston', through the form 'testern' (cf. next), the shilling of Henry VII, Henry VIII, and Edward VI, which was gradually debased.

testern: to give a 'tester' or sixpence to, tip Gent.

t. i. 155 you have testerned me.

testimony: to test, prove (S.) Meas. III. ii. 157.

testril: fanciful form of 'tester'=sixpence Tw.N. II. iii. 36.

tetchy: fretful, peevish R3 IV. iv. 169, Troil. I. i. 101 (old edd. teachy), Rom. I. iii. 32 (Qq teachie). tetter sb.: skin eruption Troil. v. i.27, Ham. I. v. 71. tetter vb.: to affect with tetter Cor. 111. i. 78.

Tewkesbury: in 16th-17th cent, the chief seat of the mustard manufacture in England 2H4 II.
iv. 262 his wit is as thick as Tewkesbury mustard.
text (3 cf. Cotgr. 'Lettres cadel es', great, capitall,

or text letters)

1 legend Ado v. i. 190 and t. underneath, 'Here dwells Benedick . . .'

2 quotation, quoted saying Tw.N. I. v. 238, Rom. IV. i. 21 That's a certain t., Lr. IV. ii. 37 No more; the text is foolish. [a copy-book.

3 capital (letter) LLL. v. ii. 42 Fair as a text B in than (commonly spelt then in old edd.)
1 = as LLL. III. i. 188 [180] Than whom no mortal so

magnificent.

=than that Meas. II. iv. 134 we are made to be no stronger Than faults may shake our frames, All's W. 11, i. 88, Wint. 11. i. 148, Cor. 1. iv. 17, Lucr. 105 Nor could she moralize his wanton sight, More than his eyes were open'd to the light.

than 2: old form of THEN, retained in mod. edd. of Lucr. 1440 for the sake of the rhyme.

thane: Scottish title nearly equivalent to 'earl'

Mac. I. ii. 46 The worthy Thane of Ross, &c. thankful: worthy of thanks Per. v. ii. 20. thankings: thanks Meas. v. ii. 4 Many and hearty thankings, Cym. v. v. 408.

thanksgiving: thanking LLL. II. i. 191.

tharborough: form of 'thirdborough' = constable LLL, I, i, 183.

that, pl. those demonstrative adj. and pron .:

1 = such ; adj. All'sW. v. iii. 86 Had you that craft to reave her Of what should stead her most?, R3 1. iv. 260, H8 11. i. 85, Mac. 1v. iii. 74 there cannot be That vulture in you, to devour so many, Ham, I. v. 48 whose love was of that dignity That . . . pron. Wiv. v. v. 59 those as sleep, H8 111. i. 166 think us Those (= such as) we profess, peace-makers.

2 = that is so, precisely Ado 11. iii. 155 [145] she found Benedick and Beatrice between the sheet.—That,

Cæs. II. i. 15 Crown him?-that!.

3 that's is used like the idiomatic 'there's' (which is also S.) Tp. v. i. 95 that's my dainty Ariel, Cor. v. iii. 76 That's my brave boy!.
4 (uniting the functions of a demonstrative and a

relative) = (i) (he or she who(m) Tw. N. v. i. 154 relative)=(1) (ne or she who(m) 1 w. N. v. t. 154
As great as that thou fear'st, Cas. 11. i. 309 who's
that knocks?, Lr. 1. iv. 281 Woe that (= to him
who) too late repents; (ii)=that that, that which,
what (very freq.) Wiv. 11, iii. 211 the knave
bragged of that he could not compass, 1H6 11. iv.
60 meditaling that Shall dye gour white rose in a
bloody red, Tim. 1v. iii. 293 Where liest o' nights . .?-Under that's above me, Sonn. exxi. 9 I am that I am.

that relative pron.: chiefly used to introduce characterizing clauses, e.g. Tp. I. ii. 6 I have suffer'd With those that I saw suffer, Err. 1. ii. 36 like a drop of water That in the ocean seeks another like a drop of water That in the ocean seeks another drop; but freely employed also in descriptive clauses, e.g. Tp. 1, ii. 100 Some food . . . and some fresh water that A noble Neapolitan, Gonzalo, . . did give us; correlated with so and such it forms constructions now obs. Tp. v. i. 270 a witch . . so strong That could control the moon, Cass. 1, iii. 116 such a man That is no flering tell-tale, Cym. 111 iv. 80 a prohibition so divine That cratens my weak hand. hand.

that conj. (2 most freq. followed by may)

1 = in that, for the reason that, because Gent. rv. iv. 70 I have entertained thee Partly, that I have need of such a youth, Tw.N. 1. i. 10, Rom. r. i. 222 only poor That, when she dies, with beauty dies her store, Lr. 1. 1. 74 Only she comes too short: that I profess...; esp. after a comparative Ado I. iii. 74, 3H6 m. iii. 118.

=in order that, so that (expressing purpose)
Tp. v. i. 150 that they were [living], I wish Myself
were mudded in that oozy bed, Wiv. Iv. ii. 54 watch the door . . . that none shall issue out, AYL, v. ii, 61 I speak not this that you should bear a good opinion of my knowledge, Oth. 1. i. 158.

3 in a second clause supplying the place of a conj. introducing the preceding clause LLL. v. ii. 811

If . . . But that . . ., Tw. N. v. i. 126, 1H6 III. ii. 7,

Cor. v. v. [vi.] 43 When . . . and that . . ., Ham. I. ii. 2, Oth. II. i. 312 Till . . . Or, failing so, yet that . . . , III. i. 54, Cym. III. v. 71 for (=because) she's fair and royal, And that . . . ; similarly after a conditional clause with inversion Meas. II. i. 12 Had time coher'd . . . Or that . . . , Sonn. xxxix. 13 Were it not . . . And that . . .

thatch'd: covered Tp. IV. i. 63 meads t. with stover. theft: thing stolen Ham. 111, ii. 94 I will pay the t.
¶ In All'sW. 11, i. 34, Mac. 11, iii. 152 it gets the meaning of 'stealing away' by virtue of a quibble.
theme (on Ant. 11, ii. 48 see the comm.)

1 what is said, discourse Err. v. i. 65 the subject of

my t., Wint. v. i. 100. 2 business, matter 2H4 1. iii. 22 in a theme so bloodyfac'd as this.

then 1: sometimes spelt than (see THAN2).

then 2: old form of THAN 1, as prob. in John IV. ii. 42 more [reason], more strong, than (F1 then) lesser

42 more [reason], more strong, than (F. then) lesser is my fear (= 'more strong in proportion as my fear is less', Aldis Wright); conj. when, thet.

thence: away, absent Wint. v. ii. 123, 3H6 II. v. 18 They prosper best... when I am t., Troil. I. i. 33 'when she comes'!—When is she t.?; similarly from thence away from home Mac. III. iv. 36.

theoric: theory All'SW. IV. iii. 164 the whole t. of war, H5 I. i. 52, Oth I. i. 24 the bookish t. ¶' Theory, although Ellz, is not S.

although Eliz., is not S.

there (5 cf. WHERE) 1 qualifying a noun or pron., e.g. Err. v. i. 219 That goldsmith there, R3 L i. 67 her brother there (=that brother of hers), rv. iv. 502; sometimes separated from the pron. Err.  $\pi$ . i. 74 he did beat me there (i.e. 'he there'

=that All'sW. II. iii. 27 what do you call t.?; esp. in there's . . . AYL. I. iii. 61 there's enough, Cym.

I. v. 87 there's all . .

3 = with that, by that, in that Ado v. ii. 98 There (=with those words) will I leave you, Rom. III. iii. 137 there art thou happy, Ant. II. v. 92 dost thou hold there still?.

4 = at that, at that juncture, then Mer. V. 11. viii. 46 And even't . . . . he put his hand behind him, Ham. II. i. 19, Lr. IV. iii. 31.

5 are you there with me?, is that what you mean? Lr. Iv. vi. 149. thereabout: that part of Ham. II. ii. 477 [468]

thereabouts: meaning that, pointing at that Wint. I. ii. 378, Ant. III. viii. 38 (x. 29).

thereafter: according as 2H4 III. ii. 56. therefore: for that, for that purpose or reason, in respect of that Tp. 111. iii. 100, MND. 111. ii. 78 what should I get t.?, 1H4 1. i. 30, 2H4 v. iii. 110, 2H6 1, iv. 3 we are t. provided, iv. viii, 25, R3 iv. iv. 479 t. mistrust me not, Troil. 111. iii. 20, Cor. 11, iii. 225 dogs that are as often beat for barking As t. kept

to do so, Oth. 1. iii. 263 (referring to the infin. foll.). thereto: in addition, besides Wint. I. ii. 391, Oth. II. i. 132, Cym. IV. iv. 33.

thereunto: = prec. Oth. II. i. 141 There's none so foul and foolish thereunto . . .

therewithal (2 only after and, but, when)
1 by means of that Gent. iv. iv. 177 moved t., LLL. v. ii. 856.

2 in addition to that, at the same time, moreover Gent. IV. iv. 92, Mac. III. i. 34, Cym. II. iv. 33 one of the fairest . . . —And therewithal the best.

Thessaly: Ant. IV. xi. [xiii.] 2 the boar of T., the Calydonian boar sent by Artemis to ravage Thessaly and killed by Meleager in the celebrated Calydonian hunt, to which allusion is made in MND, IV, i, 132,

Thetis: sea-nymph, daughter of Nereus and mother of Achilles Troil. 1. iii. 212, 111. iii. 94; used for 'the sea', prob. partly by confusion with Tethys, wife of Oceanus, Troil. 1. iii. 39, Per. 1v. iv. 39; applied to Cleopatra app. as the partner in Antony's naval war Ant. III, vii. 60.

thews: sinews, bodily strength 2H4 III, ii. 279, Cas.

I. iii. 81, Ham. I. iii. 12.
thick: (of slumber) heavy Per. v. i. 235; (of sight)
dim 2H4 пг. ii. 340 his dimensions to any t. sight) dim 2H4 III. 11. 340 his dimensions to any 1. sight were invinicible, Ces. v. iii. 21; (of words, &c.), quick, rapidly uttered Cym. 1. vi. 67 The thick sighs, Lucr. 1784;—adv. fast, quickly All'sW. II. ii. 49 T., t., spare not me, 2H4 II. iii. 24 speaking t., Troil. III. ii. 36 My heart beats t-er..., Ant. 1. v. 63 Why do you send so thick?, Cym. III. ii. 57. thicken: to become dim Mac, III. ii. 50 Light t-s, Art. I. iii. 37 thicken thicken.

Ant. II. iii. 27 thy lustre thickens.

thick-eyed: dim-sighted 1H4 n. iii. 51. thick-pleached: made with dense hedges of inter-

twined shrubs Ado I. ii. 11 a thick-pleached alley. thick-sighted: dim-sighted Ven. 136. [13. thick-skin: blockhead Wiv. IV. V. 2, MND. III. ii.

\_ THIS

thief: term of reproach = wretch Meas. v. i. 40 un adulterous t., Ado III. iii. 130; used affectionately 1H4 III. i. 238 Lie still, ye t., 2H4 v. iii. 58 my little tiny thief.

thievery: thing stolen Troil. IV. iv. 43.

thievish:

224

infested with robbers Rom. IV. i. 79 thierish ways. 2 stealthy All's W. II. i. 169 the t. minutes, Sonn. lxxvii. 8 Time's thievish progress.

thin-belly doublet: doublet with an unpadded

'belly' or lower part LLL. III. i. 20. ¶ Cf. GREAT-BELLY.

thing:

1 applied to human beings = being, creature Gent. us A t. inspir'd, Mac. v. iv. 14 none serve with him but constrained t-s, Cym. I. i. 125 Thou bases thing.

2 a thing, something LLL. IV. iii. 181 write a t. in rime, Rom. IV. i. 74 A t. like death, Oth. III. iii. 301

I have a thing for you. think 1 (for phr. see LONG adj.1, MUCH 2, SCORN) 1 to have despondent or melancholy thoughts Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 1 Think, and die.

2 to bear in mind Mac. III. i. 132 always thought (=it being continually borne in mind) That I require a

clearness.

think on or upon, (1) remember, bear in mind All'sW. III. ii. 50 T. upon patience, Ham. III. ii. 144 he must build churches then, or else shall he suffer re mass batta controlles men, of ease state in each mot thinking on (= shall be forgotten); (2) have regard or thought for, provide for Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 549 Have you thought on 1 place whereto you'll go?, 1H6 I, ii. 116 Then will II. upon a recompense, Lr. v. iii. 252 Well thought on; (3) cherish kind thoughts of, have a good opinion of, esteem Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 533 To have them recompens'd as thought on, Cor. II. iii. 61, 196 so his gracious nature Would

on, Cor. II. III. 61, 195 so his gracious nature would think upon you for your ocices.

think 2: it t-s, it seems (impers., as in 'methinks')

R3 III. i. 63 Where it t-s + best unto your royal self (Ff think'st, Qq 12 seems), Ham. v. ii. 63 Does it not, thinks't thee, . . . (F1 thinkst, Qq think(e); with the Ff readings of methink'st in All'sW. II. iii. 269. ¶ In Compl. 91 thinks app. = methinks.

thinkings: thoughts All'sW. v. iii. 128, H8 III. ii. 135 His t-s are below the moon, Oth, III. iii. 131.

third: Eliz. form of thread Tp. IV. i. 3 a t. of my life (some mod. edd. thrid +, another 16th cent. form).

third-borough + (Theobald) : constable Shr. Ind. i. 12 (old edd. Headborough).

thirst: to desire to drink (to a person) Mac. III. iv.

91 to all, and him, we thirst.

thirsty: Meas. I. ii. 139 thirsty evil.

this, pl. these (reduced to 's Ham. III. ii. 136

within 's two hours:—this is is occas. contracted

to this Meas. v. i. 132 This a good friar, Shr. I. ii.

46, Lr. IV. vi. 188, Cym. II. ii. 50; cf. Chaucer,

(This al and som, and playally our entente) 'This al and som, and pleynly our entente')

A. Idiomatic uses of the adj.

1 this other day, the other day, just lately All'sW.
ry. iii. 226, 1H4 nr. iii. 150, Lr. 1. ii. 158; within this mile, within a mile of this Cor. I. iv. 8, Mac.

v. v. 37.

2 such (followed by as) Tw.N. III. iv. 281 do me this courteous office, as to know . . ., Cæs. 1. ii. 173 these hard conditions as this time Is like to lay upon us. 3 these and these, such and such Cæs. II. i. 31; these many, so many Cæs. IV. i. 1.

B. Idiomatic absolute uses.

4 = this person Ado v. iii. 33, LLL, v. ii. 637 Hector

\*\* = (nis person Ado V. 111. 33, LLL. V. 11. 531 Hector was but a Troyan in respect of this, 3H6 V. V. 56 He was a man; this, in respect, a child, Lr. 1. 1. 20. 5 this it is, (i) this is what it is, so it is Gent. V. ii, 49 this it is to be a pecush girl, R3 1. 1. 62 this it is, when men are rull d by women, H8 11. iii. 81, Ant. II, vii 12. (fi) it is a L shall tall you Gent. iii. 11. vii. 12; (ii) it is as I shall tell you Gent. 1. iii. 90, Ado 11. v. 7, Cæs. 1v. iii. 197, Ant. 1v. x. 4. 6 by this, by this time Cæs. I. iii. 125; from this, henceforward Lr. 1. i. 118 from this for ever; -to

this, to such an extent Ant. v. i. 48.
7 ellipt. = (it is) as follows Troil. 1. ii. 12 The noise goes this: there is among the Greeks . . ., Per. III. Gower 24 To the court . . . Are letters brought, the tenour these.

C. adverbial = in this way, thus Ven. 205 that thou shouldst contemn me this ; = thus, so Per. 11. Gower 40 this long's the text (Ff 3 4 thus; some read this

longs = belongs to; perhaps = thus far John II. i. 518 Further I will not fatter you... Than this. thisne: (?) in this way MND. I. ii. 56. ¶ 'Thissen(s)' belongs to northern and midl. dialects. thitherward: on his way thither All'sW.III.ii.55.

thorough adv. and prep.: through R2 v. vi. 43
With Can go wander thorough † shades of night (Q1
through, Ff through the), 2H6 IV. i. 87, Cas. v. i. 110
to be led... T. the streets of Home, Per. IV. iii. 35
It pierc'd me t., Lucr. 1851 To show her bleeding
body thorough Rome.
thou: the pron. used (1) in addressing relatives or
friends affectionately, (2) by masters when speaking good-humouredly or confidentially to seryants. but they is replaced by years when the toward

vants; but thou is replaced by you when the tone of speech becomes cold, serious, or angry, or when thou with its pertaining inflexions would produce a heavy effect (cf. Tp. v. i. 75-79, Gent. 1. i. 9-20, 25, 28, 36-39, 11, i. 16, 46, 11, iv. 120, 1v. iv. 48, 1Hd. 1ii. 42-62, 101-117, 111, ii., 1H6 1v. vi. 6-9, Cas. v. v. 31-33, Lr. 1v. vi. 33, 42; it is used (3) in content that the content of the co contemptuous or angry speech to strangers (cf. Tw.N. III. ii. 50 if thou thou'st him some thrice it shall not be amiss), and (4) in solemn style generally. For details see Abbott's Shakespearian Granimar §§ 231 foll.

though: what though (1) with clause = even though Ado v. i. 135 What t. care killed a cat, thou hast mettle enough in thee to kill care, R3 1. i. 153, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 4, Ven. 574 What t. the rose hath prickles, yet 'tis pluck'd; (2) with ellipsis of clause = What does it matter? What then? Wiv. 1. i. 288, AYL. III. iii. 53, John I. i. 169, H5 II. i. 9.

thought (1 cf. THOUGHT-SICK and THINK1 2) care, anxiety, sorrow, melancholy AYL. IV. i. 224 [217], Troil. IV. ii. 6 infants' [steep] empty of all t., Cas. II. i. 187 take t. (= give way to sorrow or melancholy), Ham. III. i. 85 the pale cust of t., IV. V. 187 T. and affliction, Ant. IV. Vi. 36.

2 phr. with a t., in an instant, in no time Tp. IV. i. 164 Come with a t., 1H4 II. iv. 246, Cæs. v. iii. 19, Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 9 evenwith a t. The vack distinus; similarly upon a t. Mac. III. iv. 55; in t., in silence, without (it) being spoken of R3 III. vi. 14.

thoughten: be you t, think Per. IV. vi. 119. thought-executing: doing execution with the rapidity of thought Lr. III. ii. 4. thoughtful (once): careful 2H4 IV. v. 71 they have

been thoughtful to invest Their sons . . . thought-sick: sick with anxiety Ham. III. iv. 51. Thracian: the T. poet, singer, Orpheus, who was torn to pieces by Thracian women under the excitement of the Bacchanalia MND. v. i. 49; his music charmed even Cerberus Tit, 11. iv. 51; the T. steeds, the snow-white horses of Rhesus, king of

Thrace, 3H6 IV. ii. 21; the T. tyrant, Polym(n)estor, king of the Thracian Chersonese, who murdered Priam's son Polydorus, Tit. I. i. 138.

thrall: enslaved Ven. 837 love makes young ment. thrasonical: boastful LLL v. i. 14, AYL. v. ii. 35 Cusar's t. brag. ¶ Thraso is a boasting character in Terence's Eunuchus.

thread: in allusion to the thread of life spun and cut by the Parcae or Fates, MND. v. i. 293 O Futes, come, come, Cut thread and thrum (cf. Thrum), 349,

H5 III. vi. 49 Bardolph's vital t., Oth. v. ii. 204 grief Shore his old t. in twain. The also third. threaden: made of woven threads H5111. Chor. 10 t.

sails, Compl. 33 threaden fillet. three-farthings: three-farthing silver piece

coined under Queen Elizabeth, which was very thin and bore the queen's profile with a rose behind the ear John i. i. 143.

three-hooped: see HOOP sb. 2. three-man: see BEETLE sb.

three-man-song-men: singers of 'threemen(s) songs' (app. orig. called 'freemen(s) songs'), a lively kind of catch or round popular in Eliztimes Wint, Iv. ii, [iii,145, three-nook'd [cf. Nook-Shotten]: three-cornered

Ant. IV.vi. 6 the t. world\*, variously explained as = (a) divided among the triumvirs, cf. Cas. IV. i. 14 The threefold world divided, (b) consisting of Europe, Asia, and Africa, (c) divided into three parts as between Shem, Ham, and Japheth; cf. John v. vii. 116 the three corners of the world. three-pile: three-piled velvet Wint. iv. ii. [iii.] 14.

three-piled: having a very thick pile; name of the richest kind of velvet Meas. 1. ii. 34 thou art good relief; thou art a t. piece; fig. superfine LLL. v. ii. 408 Three-pild hyperboles. three-suited \*: (app.) having three suits of clothes

a year, probably a servant's allowance Lr. 11. ii. 16

beggarly, three-suited . . . knave. threne, anglicized form of Greek threnos: funeral song or dirge Phoen. 49 it made this threne (below. the title is threnos).

thrice-crowned: epithet of Diana, alluding to her threefold character as ruling in heaven (as Luna or Cynthia), on earth (as Diana), and in the lower world (as Hecate or Proserpina) AYL. 111. ii. 2 t. queen of night.

thrice-driven: see DRIVEN. thrid+: see THIRD.

thrift (the mod. sense is rare Ham. 1. ii. 180)
1 gain, profit Wiv. 1. iii. 45, 91, Mer. V. 1. iii. 51 my
vell-won t., 91, Wint. 1. ii. 311 their profits, Their
own particular t-s, Ham. 111. ii. 67 Where t. may follow fawning, 195.

2 thriving, success, advantage Mer. V. 1. i. 176, Cym. v. i. 15 to the doers' thrift. thriftless: unprofitable Tw.N. 11. ii. 40 What t.

sighs, Sonn. ii. 8 thriftless praise. thrifty (cf. thrift 2)

1 intent on gain Mer.V. 11. v. 55, Troil. v. i. 61. 2 obtained by economy AYL. 11. iii. 39 The t. hire I

thrilling: causing one to shiver with cold Meas. III. i. 121 thrilling region of thick-ribbed ice.

thrive: to t. = help me to succeed R2 1. iii. 84 Mine innocency and Saint George to thrive!. thriving: successful Wint. 11. ii. 45 A t. issue. throat: voice AYL. 11. v. 4, Cor. 111. ii. 112 My t. of

war be turn'd . . . into a pipe . . ., Oth. III. iii. 356. throe: to pain Tp. II. i. 239 [231] a birth . . . Which t-sthee much to yield; to bring forth Ant. III. vii. 80\*.
throne: to be enthroned Cor. v. iv. 27.

throng: to oppress, overwhelm Per. I. i. 101 to tell the earth is t-'d By man's oppression, 11. i. 78 A man

throng'd up with cold.

TIME

through: thoroughly Troil. 11. iii. 236 t. warm, Cym. IV. ii. 160 seek us t. (= follow us up with deter-

throughly (commoner than thoroughly): Tp. 111. iii. 14, H8 v. i. 111, Ham. IV. v. 135.

throw sb. : cast of the dice LLL. v. ii. 545, Mer.V II. i. 33; fig. venture Tw. N. v. i. 45 at this t.; of a bowl Cor. v. ii. 21 Like to a bowl upon a subtle ground, I have tumbled past the t. (i. e. gone beyond the mark).

throw vb. :

1 to cast (a look), direct (the eye) AYL, IV, iii, 104 he threw his eye aside, Tw. N. v. 1, 222, 3H6 11. v. 85 T. up thine eye, Cym. v. v. 395, Lucr. 1499 She t-s her eyes about the painting round.
2 to shed MND. II. 1. 255 there the snake throws her

enamell'd skin

throw away, divert, deflect Sonn. cxlv. 13 ' I hate' from hale away she threw; throw by, lay aside, cast off Lucr. 1814 now he throws that shallow habit by, Pilgr. vi. 9 [79] t-s his mantle by: throw down, overthrow, bring low AYL. I. ii. 267 My better parts Are all t-n down, R2 III. iv. 66, Troil. int. iii. 209 To l. down Hector; throw ... on, (1) bestow or confer upon John IV. ii. 12 To l. a perfume on the violet, Tit. IV. iii. 19 Ithrew the people's suffrages On him, Oth. 1. i. 52 l-ing but shows of service on their lords; (2) inflict or put upon Err. v. i. 202 the wrong That she . . . hath . . . t-n on me, R2 III. ii. 22 T. death upon thy sovereign's enemies, Oth. IV. ii. 116, IV. iii. 93 T-ing restraint upon us.

thrum: tufted end of a weaver's warp; only in phr. MND. v. i. 293 thread and thrum, fig. good and bad together, everything; cf. THREAD.

thrummed: made of coarse yarn Wiv. Iv. ii. 82 her

thrummed hat.

thrusting on: impulse Lr. 1. ii. 141 divine i. thunder-bearer Lr. 11. iv. 230, thunder-darter Troil. II. iii. 11, thunderer Cym. v. iv. 95, thun-

der-master v. iv. 30: appellations of Jove, thunderstone: thunderbolt Cas. 1. iii. 49.

thwart adj.: perverse Lr. 1. iv. 307.

thwart vb.: to cross Per. IV. iv. 10 thwarting the wayward seas.

thwart adv. : crosswise, the wrong way Troil. 1. iii. 15° every action . . . trial did draw Bius and thwart

(taken by some as a vb.). Tib: as a proper name typifying women of the lower class All's W. 11. ii. 25 As fit . . . as Tib's rush for Tom's forefinger; common woman Per. IV. vi. 181 every Coystril that comes inquiring for his Tib.

tice (once): to entice Tit. II. iii. 92

tickle adj. : easily shifted, unstable, insecure Meas. 1. i. 217 the state of Normandy Stands on a t. point, Ham. II. ii. 346 [337] (see sere). ¶ Cf. Tickyll nat stedy, 'inconstant' (Palsgr.).

1 to disturb by tickling Cym. IV. ii. 210 as some fly had tickled slumber

2 to touch pleasurably Cym. r. i. 85 How fine this tyrant Cant. where she wounds!, Sonn. exxviii. 9.

3 to flatter John II. i. 573 That smooth-fac'd gentle-man, tickling Commodity, Cor. I. i. 266 Tickled with good success.

to vex, irritate, nettle 2H6 1. iii. 153 She's t-d now. 5 to touch (one) up, pay (one) out Tw.N. v. i. 199, 1H4 II. iv. 495 I'll t. ye for a young prince (=I'll show you what a young prince ought to be).

tickle-brain: strong liquor 1H4 II. iv. 443. tickled (Ff): app. error for TICKLE adj. Ham. II. ii.

tickling (Ff), ticklish (Q): wanton, prurient Troil. tick-tack: form of backgammon in which pegs were driven into holes; used with indelicate application in Meas, i. ii. 202.

tide sb. (most freq. applied to the ebb and flow of

the sea, also fig.)

1 time, season John III. i. 86 the high t-s in the calendar (i.e. the great festivals), Rom. nt. v. 178 (?), Tim. I. ii. 58 Flow this way!...he keeps his tides well (with a pun); perhaps=right time Troil. v. i. 92 I have important business, The tide whereof is now (or? short for 'flood-tide' used fig.).

2 course (of time) Cas. III. i. 257 the noblest man That ever lived in the tide of times. [death. tide vb.: to betide, befall MND. v. i. 207 T. life, t. tidings: equally common with sing. (R2 III. iv. 80) and pl. (Rom. III. v. 105) concord.

tidy' (once): (?) in seasonable or prime condition, fit for killing; or delicate, tender (ironically) 2H4 m. iv. 249 Thou whoreson little tidy Bartholomew boar-piy. ¶ Cf. Tidie, fatte, or tender, 'Cereus' (Rider's Dict., 1589).

tie: to bring into bondage, restrict the liberties of H8 IV. ii. 36 one, that by suggestion Tied all the kingdom. ¶ In fig. meanings, used where we should now prefer to say 'bind' or 'confine'.

tied: (of the eyes) fixed Compl. 24; obliged Shr. 1. i. 216, R2 1. i. 63.

tiger-footed: fierce and swift Cor. III. i. 310 t. rage.

tight (I formerly said also of casks)

1 (of ships) not leaking, sound Tp. v. i. 224 t. and
yare, Shr. II. i. 373 [381] tight galleys.

2 able, deft Ant. IV. iv. 15.

tightly: I like a 'tight' ship, safely Wiv, I. iii. 86\* bear you these letters t. : Sail like my pinnace to these golden

2 soundly Wiv. II. iii. 67 clapper-claw thee tightly. tike: small dog, cur Lr. III. vi. 73 bobbail t.; as a

term of contempt to a person H5 II. i. 31 Base tike. tilly-fally, -vally: expression of contempt at something said Tw.N. II. iii. 86, 2H4 II. iv. 89. tilt: to thrust at Rom. III. i. 164, Oth. II. iii. 185

tilting one at other's breast; to fight, contend Err IV. ii. 6 his heart's meteors tilting in his face, 1H4 II. iii. 97 to tilt with lips.

tilter: properly, one who runs a 'tilt' in a tourna-ment AYL, III. iv. 44; transf. fighter, fencer Meas. ıv. iii. 17.

tilth: tillage, cultivation Tp. 11. i. 159, Meas. 1. iv. timber'd: Ham. 1v. vii. 22 my arrows, Too slightly t. (= of too light a wood) for soloud a wind, Oth. II. i. 48 His bark is stoutly t. (=strongly built).

time (often personified as masculine)

1 age, duration of life Gent. II. vii. 48 a youth Of
yreater t., LLL. I. ii. 18 your old t., H8 II. i. 93, Cym. 1. i. 43 all the learnings that his t. Could make him the receiver of

2 (one's) life or lifetime AYL. II. iv. 96 waste my t. All's W. I. i. 17, Rom. IV. i. 60 thy long experienc'd t., Lr. I. i. 298 The best and soundest of his time (=his best and sanest years), Oth. I. i. 162 my despised time; rarely without possessive pron. R2 1. i. 177 mortal t-s (= human existence), Ant. III. ii. 60 the time (= the remainder of my life). 3 (chiefly the time) the present state of affairs, the

present moment, present circumstances LLL. v. present moment, present circumstances LLL v. ii. 759 As bombast and as lining to the t., John Iv. ii. 61 the time's enemies, v. ii. 12 such a sore of t., 1H4 Iv. i. 25 the state of t., Cæs. II. i. 115 the time's abuse, Ham. I. v. 188 The t. is out of joint, III. i. 116; in time, in the present All'sW. Iv. ii. 62. 4 the age in which one lives, (hence) the world, society, mankind All'sW. II. i. 55 (see Cap I ii), R3 v. iii. 93 deceive the t., Mac. I. v. 64 beguile the t., vii. 81, Ham. III. i. 70 the whips and scorns of t.,

Oth. IV. ii. 53 the t. of scorn ( = the scornful world), Ven. 759 the rights of t. (=the claims of society), Sonn. cxvii. 6.

Phrases :-

(i) (the) time was that (or when)=once upon a time Err. II. ii. 117, AYL. III. v. 92, All'sW. Iv. iv. 5, 2H4 II. iii. 10; also the time has been, the times have been Mac. III. iv. 78, v. v. 10; similarly when time was Tp. II. ii. 149 I was the man i' the moon, when time was.

(ii) fuir or good time of day = good-day LLL. v. ii. 340, R3 1, i, 122, Tim. 111. vi. 1; gire the t. of day, greet 2H6 111. i. 14; not worth the t. of day, not worth speaking to Per. IV. iii. 35.

(iii) good time, happy issue, good fortune Wint. II.
 i. 20 good t. encounter her!, Cym. IV. ii. 108 I wish my brother make good time with him.

(iv) in good t., on a seasonable occasion, at the right moment Err. II. ii. 66 to jest in good t., Cor. IV. vi. 10 We stood to't in good t., Lr. II. iv. 253; at a happy juncture, propitiously Meas. v. i. 281, R3 II. i. 45 in good t., here comes the noble duke, IV. i. 12; hence by ellipsis = arrived at a happy moment, well met Gent, I. iii. 44, Rom. I. ii. 46; used, like Fr. 'a la bonne heure', to express approbation or acqui-escence Tp. II. i. 100, Meas. III. i. 181, also to express indignation or scorn = that's good! for sooth! indeed! Shr. II, i. 196 Myself am mov'd to woo thee ... -Mov'd! in good t., Rom. III. v. 112, Oth. I. i. 32 He, in good t., must his lieutenant be. See also happy time s.v. HAPPY 1.

(v) at a t., at some time or other Oth. II. iii. 321 (Qq

at some time).

(vi) to t., to the end of time, for ever Cor. v. iii. 127 to keep your name Living lo time, Sonn. xviii. 12. (vii) take (one's) t., seize one's opportunity Tp. II. i. 310 [302], 3H6 I. iv. 108, v. i. 48 Come, Warwick, take the time, Ant. II. vi. 23.

timeless (1 chiefly with death)
1 untimely, premature Gent. III. i. 21 your t. grave,
1H6 v. iv. 5 thy t. cruel death, Tit. II. iii. 265 this t.
tragedy, Rom. v. iii. 162.

2 unseasonable Lucr. 44 all too timeless speed.

timely adj.: early, speedy Err. 1. i. 138 my t. death; opportune, welcome Mac. III. iii. 7 To gain the t. inn (or ? = to reach the inn betimes).

timely adv.: early, betimes Mac. II. iii. 52, Cym. I.

timely-parted: having died in the natural course

of time 2H6 III. ii. 161.

time-pleaser: time-server, temporizer Tw.N. II. iii. 162, Cor. III. i. 44. ¶ 'Time-server' is not S. time-pleasing: time-serving Ham. (Q1) line 1234

time-pleasing tongs (i.e. tongues). tinct (2 cf. LIQUOR, MEDICINE)

1 colour Ham. III. iv. 91, Cym. II. ii. 23; in Ant. I.v. 37 that great medicine hath With his t. gilded thee, there is allusion to sense 2. 2 the grand elixir of the alchemists All'sW. v. iii.

102 the tinct and multiplying medicine

tincture := TINCT 1, Gent. IV. iv. 162, Wint. III. ii. 206 bring T. or lustre in her lip, her eye, Sonn. liv. 6; in Cæs. II, ii. 89 t-s, stains, relics, and cognizance, there is allusion to the heraldic use of the word, and to the practice of dipping handkerchiefs in the blood of martyrs.

tinder-box: applied to Bardolph because of his 'flaming' nose Wiv. 1. iii. 25.
tinder-like: 'flaming up' quickly Cor. II. i. 56.
tinker: proverbial type of tipplers and talkers
Tw.N. 11, iii. 97 to gabble like t-s, 1H4 II. iv. 21 I

can drink with any tinker in his own language.
tinsel: cloth of gold or silver Ado III. iv. 22 underborne with a bluish tinsel.

tiny (old edd. only tine, tyne): always joined with httle, Tw.N. v. i. 401, 2H4 v. i. 29, Lr. 111. ii. 74. tipstaves: '[so called from their Staves being tipt

with Silver] Officers who take into Custody such Persons as are committed by the Court' (Bailey) H8 II. i. stage dir.

tire sb.: head-dress Gent. IV. iv. 192, Ant. II. v. 22, Sonn. liii. 8. In Per. III. ii. 22 app. = bed furni-

tire vb. (cf. 'Tiring [in Falconry], giving a Hawk a Leg or Wing of a Pullet to Pluck at', Bailey)

1 to prey or feed ravenously upon 3H6 1. i. 269 Will 56; fig. Tim. III. vi. 5 Upon that were my thoughts tiring (= busily engaged), Cym. III. iv. 97 her That now thou tir'st on. [he tir'd. to glut (the eyes) Lucr. 417 in his will his wilful eye

tired: clothed, dressed (fig.) Ven. 177\* Tidan, t. in the mid-day heat; adorned with trappings LLL. IV. ii. 132 the tired horse.

tire-valiant: fanciful head-dress Wiv. III. iii. 60. tiring +: dressing the hair Err. 11. ii. 101 (Ff trying,

Pope tyringt, Collier 'tiringt).
tiring-house: dressing-room MND. III. i. 5.
tirrits: (?) for 'terrors' 2H4 II. iv. 219.

'tis: there's Gent. IV. iv. 72 'tis no trusting to youd foolish lout.

tisick: consumptive cough Troil. v. iii. 101. ¶ Used as a proper name in 2H4 II. iv. 91.

tissue: cloth of gold of t., stuff made of gold thread and silk woven together Ant. 11. ii. 207. ¶ Phr. borrowed from North's Plutarch, rendering Amyot's 'or tissu'

Titan: god of the sun 1H4 II. iv. 135 Didst thou never see T. kiss a dish of butter?, Rom. II. iii. 4 T-'s fiery

wheels, Ven. 177.

- tithe adj.: tenth All'sW. I. iii. 90 One good woman in ten . . . we'd find no fault with the tithe-woman if I were the parson (quibblingly, =tenth woman and woman paying tithe), Troil. II. ii. 19 Every tithe soul.
- tithe vb.: to levy a tenth, take tithe John III. i. 154 tithe or toll.

tithed: involving the slaughter of a tenth Tim. v. iv. 31 a tithed death (= decimation).

tithe-pig: pig paid as tithe Rom. 1. iv. 80. tithing: district, being orig. the tenth part of a hundred Lr. III, iv. 138 whipped from t. to t. (i.c. as a vagabond).

title (2 very freq.; phr. make t. = lay claim All's W. 1. iii, 108, H5 i. ii, 68)

inscription, motto Mer. V. II. ix. 35.

2 name, appellation Wiv. v. v. 252 [240] unduteous 2 manne, appenation W. V. V. S. 22 [240] timateous t. (=name of undutifulness), Ado II. i. 214, R3 IV. iv. 351 that t. 'ever', H8 IV. i. 96 that t-'s [viz. Fork-place] lost, Tim.1.ii. 95 that charitablet. [of 'friends'], Mac. v. vii. 8 at. More hateful to mine ear [than 'Macbeth'].

3 interest (in something) R3 II. ii. 48.

4 that to which one has a title, possession(s) All'sW. 11. iv. 28\* To say nothing, to do nothing . . . is to be a great part of your t. Mac. iv. ii. 7 to leave his babes, His mansion, and his titles.

titled: having a (certain) name All'sW. IV. ii. 2 T. goddess (= having the name of a goddess), Troil. II.

tittle: point or dot; spec, applied to the dots com-monly printed at the end of the alphabet in hornbooks LLL. IV. i. 85 exchange . . . for t-s? titles.

to adv.: used interjectionally = go on! Troil. II. i. 119 to, Achilles! to, Ajax! to!;—to and back = the commoner to and fro Aut. 1. iv. 46.

prep. (obsolete or archaic uses are)

in addition to, besides, to accompany John I. i. 144.

R3 111. i. 116 that's the sword to it, Troil. 1. i. 7 strong, and skilful to their strength, Rom. 1. iii. 106 seek happy nights to happy days, Mac. 111. i. 52, Lucr. 1559 new storms to those already spent.

2 in opposition to, against LLL. v. ii. 87 Saint Denis to Saint Cupid!, R2 1, i. 76 arm to arm, 1H6 1, iii. 47, H8 III, ii. 93 whet his anger to him, Troil. II. i. 93 set your wit to a fool's, Lr. IV. ii. 75 bending his sword To his great master.

3 in connexion or relation with Tp. 111. iii. 69 that's my business to you, MND, 111. ii. 62 What's this to my Lysander?, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 768, 828 Tell me . that you have to the king, Cor. IV. V. 133 no quarrel . . to Rome, Tim. IV. iii. 288 (see HAVE 3).

4 appropriate or pertinent to Meas.v. i. 91 The phrase is to the matter, Troil. III. i. 33 That's to't, indeed

(=That's coming to the point).

5 in accordance with, according to, to correspond with LLL. v. ii. 366 to the manner of the days, Mer. V. II. ix. 20 To my heart's hope, Shr. Iv. iii. 97, Troil, IV, iv. 134 to her own worth She shall be priz'd, Mac, III. iii. 4, Per. IV. i. 35 to all reports; to the utmost of MND. v. i. 105 to my capacity, Cor. II. i. 265 to's power

6 denoting inclination or preparedness for (something) H5 1v. iii. 35 he which hath no stomach to this fight, Ham. III. iii. 24 Arm you . . . to this

speedy royage.

7 in comparison with, as compared with, to be compared to Tp. 11. i. 178 thou dost talk nothing to me, Gent. II. iv. 139 There is no use to his correction, 2H4 IV. iii. 56 show like gilt two-pences to me, 1H6 III. ii. 25 No way to that, Mac. III. iv. 64 Impostors to true fear, Ham. I. ii. 140, Cym. III. iii. 26 no life to ours.

8 in respect of, with regard to Tini, I. i, 148 Paren me to this your honour, III. v. 1 you have my voice to it, Lr. 111. i. 52 to effect; cf. guilty to, see

GUILTY ad fin.

9 in the character of, as, for Tp. 11. i. 79 with such a paragon to their queen, R2 IV. i. 308 I have a king here to my flatterer, H5 III. vii. 65, Cor. v. iii. 178 This fellow had a Volscian to his mother, Cæs. III. i. 143, Mac. IV. iii. 10 As I shall find the time to friend (=friendly).

10 contextual uses and phrases: -Gent. I. i. 57 To Milan let me hear from thee by letters (= by letters sent to Milan): Tw.N. III. iii. 21 'tis long to night (=from now till night); Oth. II. iii. 199 hurt to danger (=dangerously); Phoen. 58 To eternity

(=eternally).

11 to is freq. employed with the infin. (i) where the modern idiom has 'at-ing', 'for-ing', 'Shr. un. ii.
27 I cannot blame thee now to weep, R2 v. i. 31 with
rage To be o'erpower'd, Mac. v. ii. 23, Sonn. lxiv.
14 weep to have . . . (ii) = as to AYL. u. iii. 7 would
you be so fond to overcome . . . , R3 un. ii. 27, H8
un. i. 85 Though he be grown so desperate to be honest,
Cym. J. w. 100 to convince Ven. 150 Vet. gross to Cym. I. iv. 109 to convince, Ven. 150 Not gross to

toad-spotted: stained with infamy, as a toad is spotted Lr. v. iii. 140 toad-spotted traitor.
toast: piece of toast put into liquor Wiv. III. v.

4; fig. Troil. 1. iii. 45 made a toast for Neptune (=swallowed up by the sea); allusive phr. 1H4 IV. ii. 22 toasts-and-butter (=eaters of buttered toast, i.e. delicate fellows).

toasting-iron: toasting-fork; applied contemptuously to a sword John IV. iii. 99. toaze: to tear (fig.) Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 763 t. from thee thy business. ¶ Cf. Touse.

to-bless: to bless entirely Per. IV. vi. 23 the gods

to-bless your honour!.
tod sb.: 28lb, weight of wool; as vb. to yield this

quantity Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 33, 34 Every 'leven wether t-s; every tod yields pound and odd skilling. todpole: old form of tadpole Lr. III. iv. 133.

tofore: previously LLL. 111. i. 88; formerly Tit. 111. i. 293 as thou tofore hast been.

toget, toguet: Roman toga Gor. II. iii. 122 in this wolvish toge (F 1 tongue, Ff 2-4 gowne).

toged: wearing a toga, gowned 0th, r. i. 25 (Q<sub>1</sub>)
the toged consuls (Ff Qq<sub>2</sub>3 tongued; cf. prec.).
toil sb.: net, snare LLL, rv. iii. 2 they have pitched a toil, Ham. III. ii. 369 drive me into a toil.

toil vb.: to put to exertion, tax the strength of MND. v. i. 74 t-'d their . . . memories, R2 v. i. 96 toil'd with works of war, 2H6 I. i. 84, Ham. I. i. 72.

token sb.: mark on the body of disease or infection, esp. of the plague LLL. v. ii. 424 the Lord's t-s (= plague-spots), Troil. II. iii. 189 (see DEATH-TOKEN), Lucr. 1748 Corrupted blood some natery token shows. ¶ Cf. 'Tokens', the plague (Dict. of Canting Crew).

token'd: the t. pestilence, the plague (cf. prec.) Ant.

III. viii. 19 [x. 9].

tolerable: (app.) passable All'sW. II. iii. 212 thou didst make t. ent of thy travel. ¶ Otherwise only as misused by Dogberry for 'intolerable' Ado III. iii. 37.

toll vb.1 (each sense only once)

1 to take toll, levy a tax John III. i. 154. 2 to take as a toll, collect 2H4 IV. v. 73 tolling from every flower The virtuous sweets (Q toling; Ffculling). 3 t. for, take out a licence for selling; fig. get rid of All'sW. v. iii. 150 I will . . . toll for this (scil. Bertram); Ill none of him.

toll vb.2 (each sense only once)

1 (of a clock) to strike H5 IV. Chor. 15.

2 to ring the passing-bell for 2H4 I. i. 103 (Ff knolling).

Tom: typical name of a servant or man of the lower class LLL. v. ii. 922 Tom bears logs into the hall, All's W. II. ii. 25 jit . . . as Tib's rush for Tom's forefinger, 1H4 II. i. 6 (an ostler's name), II. v. 9 [a drawer's name], 2H6 II. iii. 77.

tombed: buried Sonn. iv. 13.

tomboy: wanton Cym. I. vi. 122 tomboys hir'd. ongs: some rude musical instrument MND. IV. i. 33 let us have the t. and the bones. (In F1 follows stage dir. Musicke Tongs, Rurall Musicke). tongue sb. (2 freq. in gen. sense)

1 the common or general t., common report, general

opinion Tim. 1. i. 175, Ant. 1. ii. 114. 2 language; 1H4 III. i. 125 the t., the English lan-

guage (J.): the t-s, foreign languages Gent. IV. i. 33, Ado v. i. 171.

3 vote Cor. II. iii. 216, III. i. 34.

tongue vb.: to speak, utter Cym. v. iv. 147 such stuff as madmen T.; to speak against, scold, abuse Meas. iv. iv. 28 How might she tongue me. tongued: (?) eloquent Oth. i. i. 25 (see Togeb).

tongueless: not spoken of Wint, 1. ii. 92, to-night: last night Ado III. v. 33, Mer.V. II. v. 18

I did dream of money-bags to-night, H5 III. vii. 78 the armour that I saw in your tent t., Rom. II. iv. 2 Came he not home to-night?, Cas. II. ii. 76.

too: and too, and at the same time Err. 111. 110 wild and yet, too, gentle, Cas. 11. i. 244, Ven. 1147. 1155 It shall be merciful, and too setere.
tool: weapon Rom. 1. i. 36, Cym. v. iii. 9, Lucr.

1039.

too much: excess All'sW. III. ii. 92, Ham. IV. vii. tooth: colt's t., symbol of youthful inexperience H8 I. iii. 48 Your colt's t. is not cast yet ;- in, into, or to one's teeth, in or to one's face Err. 11. ii. 22 flout me in the teeth, 1H4 v. ii. 42, Cæs. v. i. 64 Defiance . . hurl we in your teeth, Ham. IV. vii. 56 tell him

to his teeth ;-in despite of the teeth of, in defiance of Wiv. v. v. 135 ,-from his teeth, not from the heart Ant. III. iv. 10.

toothpicker: toothpick Ado II. i. 277.

top sh. (3 Lodge has 'in top of all thy pride')

1 head All'sW. r. ii, 43, Lr. 11. iv. 165 fail On her
ungrateful top, Cym. IV. ii, 354.

2 forelock, in fig. phr. Ado r. ii. 17 to take the present
time by the top, All'sW. v. iii, 39 Let's take the in-

stant by the forward top.
3 fig. summit, acme Meas. 11. ii. 76 He [viz. God], which is the top of judgement; phr. in top of, at the height of 3H6 v. vii. 4 in tops of all their prude, Ant. v. i. 43 my competitor Intop of all design (= in the supreme conception of enterprise), Compl. 55 in top ofrage.

4 in the top of, above Ham. II. ii. 468 [459]. top vb.: to surpass Cor. II. i. 23 topping all others in boasting, Ham. IV. vii. 88 so far he topp'd mythought (Ff past).

top-gallant: the highest mast on a ship, fig. summit

Rom. II. iv. 204 the high top-gallant of my joy. to-pinch + (Steevens): to pinch thoroughly Wiv. Iv. iv. 59. ¶ But the 'to' is prob. only the sign of the infin., as in John. v. ii. 39.

topless: immeasurably high Troil. 1. iii. 152.

top-proud: excessively proud H8 I. i. 151. torcher: torch-bearer; fig. light-bearer (the sun) All'sW. II. i. 165. torn: (of faith) groken LLL. IV. iii. 285 our faith not

torn, Sonn. clii. 3.

tortive: distorted Troil. 1. iii. 9.

toss: to carry aloft on the point of a pike 1H4 IV. ii. 72 good enough to toss; cf. 3116 I. i. 244; transf. 2H6 v. i. 11 A sceptre . . . On which I'll toss the

flower-de-luce of France. toss-pot: toper Tw.N. v. i. 415. tother: the other 2H4 II. iv. 91, 2H6 I. iii. 87 (F1 t'other), Ham. II. i. 56 (Ff<sub>34</sub> 'tother), Lr. III. vii. 71 (Ff Th other), qq tother).

to-topple + (Dyce): Per. III. ii. 17. ¶ Cf. remark

S.V. TO-PINCH +.

tottered: ragged R2 III. iii. 52 t. battlements (Ff tatter'd), 1H4 IV. ii. 37 (mod. edd. tattered +); so tott'ring John v. v. 7 (see TATTERING +).

totters: rags Ham. III. ii. 11 tear a passion to totters (Qq; Ff tatters).

touch sb. (the physical sense of 'act of touching, contact' is the most freq.; cf. also the application to unlawful commerce in Meas. 111. ii. 25, v. . 141, Sonn. exli. 6)

fingering or playing of a musical instrument Gent, III. ii. 79 Orpheus' lute... Whose golden t...; phr. know no t., have no skill in playing R2 I. iii. 165, Ham. III. ii. 378 [371]; transf. in pl. notes, strains Mer.V. v. i. 57 the touches of sweet

harmony, 67. 2 stroke of the brush Tim. 1, i, 37, 39, Sonn. xvii. 8 Such heavenly touches ne'er touch'd earthly faces; fig. Sonn, lxxxii. 10 What strained t-es rhetoric

can lend (cf. line 13). 3 stroke (fig.) Ll.L. v. i. 63 sweet touch [of wit], MND. 111. ii. 70 brave touch (= fine stroke, grand exploit).

trait or feature (of the face, &c.) AYL. III. ii. 161, v. iv. 27 Some lively t-es of my daughter's favour, Troil. 111, iii. 175 One touch of nature.

5 dash, spice H5 IV. Chor. 47 A littlet, of Harry, R3 IV. iv. 158 a touch of your condition.
6 hint H8 v. i. 13 Some touch of your late business.

feeling, esp. delicate or refined feeling Gent. 11.

vii. 18 the inly touch of love, MND. III. ii. 286, Tw.N. II. i. 13\*, R3 I. ii. 71 some t. of pity, Troil. II. ii. 115, Mac. IV. ii. 9 He wants the natural t.; feeling of sympathy Tp. v. i. 21 a touch, a feeling ' Of their afflictions; transf. something that touches one Ant. 1. ii. 193 The death of Fulcia, with more urgent touches, Do strongly speak to us. = Touchstone R3 IV. ii. 8 now do I play the t., To

try if thou be current gold indeed; fig. that which tests Tim. 1v. iii. 392 thou t. of hearts (said of gold itself)

9 trial of gold; only fig. 1H4 IV. iv. 10\* Must bide the t. (= must be put to the test); Cor. iv. i. 49 of noble t. (= that have been tested and proved noble).

10 sullying, taint (cf. Touch vb. 4) H8 fi. iv. 153 to the

... touch of her yood person.
touch vb. (obs. or special uses are)
1 to land at Wint. v. i. 139, R2 m. i. 288 to touch our
northern shore, Troil. m. ii. 76; intr. Wint. m. iii. 1.

2 to attain, reach to Tim. 1. i. 14 If he will touch the estimate (= go as high as the price at which it is valued), Ant. v. ii. 332 thy thoughts T. their effects =attain realization).

3 to wound, hurt, injure Tim. III. v. 19 Seeing his reputation to do death, Cym. IV. iii. 4 How deeply you at once do touch me, v. iii. 10.
4 to infect, taint, sully AYL. III. ii. 371 to be touched

with so many grady offences, John v. vii. 2 touch'd corruptibly.

to mention or touch upon in speaking R3 III. v. 93, 111. vii. 4 Touch'd you the bastardy of Edward's children?, Ant. 11. ii. 24. 6 to test as with the touchstone, try John 111. i.

100 a counterfeit . . . which, being touch'd and tried, Proves valueless, Tim. 111. iii. 6 touch'd and found buse metal, IV. iii. 5, Oth. III. iii. 81 to touch your love, touchstone: stone used for testing gold Per. II. ii. 37. ¶ The clown's name in AYL.

tourney: to tilt in a tournament Per. 11. i. 120,154 wilt then tourney for the lady?.

touse: to tear Meas. v. i. 309 t. you joint by joint.

toward adj. (1 opposed to 'froward'; 2 Eliz.)

1 docile, tractable, willing Shr. v. ii. 183, Ven. 1157.

2 ready for fight, bold 3H6 H. ii. 66.

toward adv.: in preparation, about to take place, forthcoming MND. III. i. 84 What! a play toward, 2H4 II. iv. 213, Ham. v. ii. 373 What feast ist....?, toward prep. (freq. = simple 'to', e. g. Mac. I. iii. 152) 1 with a view to, tending to, aming at Shr. II. i. 99, Tim. II. ii. 202 to use them t. a supply of money, Cas. I. ii. 85, Mac. I. iv. 27.

2 with regard to, for (= Latin 'erga', French 'en.

2 with regard to, for (=Latin 'erga', French 'envers') All'sW. II. v. 81, Tw.N. III. ii. l3 love in her t, you, Tim. v. i. 149 They confess T. thee forgetfulness.

3 with, in dealing with Wiv. II. iii. 98, Cor. II. ii. 58 Your loving motion toward the common body.

towardly: = TOWARD adj. 1, Tim. nr. i. 38 towards adv. : = TOWARD adv. Rom. I. v. 126.

towards prep. (the uses correspond precisely with those of TOWARD prep., except that towards is used also in relation to time R3 III. v. 100)

1 = TOWARD 1, R2 II. i. 161, 235, Mac. v. iv. 22. 2 = TOWARD 2, Meas. II. iii. 32 Which sorrow is always t. ourselves, H8 I. i. 103 a heart that wishes t. you

Honour, Mac. I. vi. 30 our graces t. him, Lr. I. ii. 196. = TOWARD 3, Cor. v. i. 42 what your love can do For Rome, t. Marcius, Cym. II. iii. 68 To employ you t.

this Roman. tower vb. : (of a falcon) to rise in circles of flight till she reaches her 'place' 2H6 II. i. 10 My Lord Protector's hawks do t. so well, Mac. II. iv. 12 A falcon, t-ing in her prile of place; (hence) to soar, lit. and fig. John II. i. 350, v. ii. 149.

town clerk: (app.) parish clerk Ado IV. ii. stago dir. (Ff Q); he is called sexton throughout the

scene. toy sb. (not in the sense of 'plaything') 1 trifle, trifling ornament Tw.N. III, iii, 44, Wint, IV. iii. [iv.] 328 Any toys for your head.

2 thing of no substance or value, trifling matter Wiv. v. v. 48 silence, you airy toys, LLL. iv. iii. 170, 201, MND. v. i. 3 these fary toys, Shr. ii. i. 396 [404] a toy t (= nonsense!), 2H4 ii. v. 182 fall foul for toys, Oth. r. iii. 270, Cym. iv. ii. 193 lamenting toys.

R3 i. i. 60, Rom. iv. i. 119 no inconstant toy, nor reomanish fear, Ham. i. iii. 6 a toy in blood (= a

passing amorous fancy), Oth. III. iv. 155.

toy vb.: to dally amorously Ven. 34, 106.

trace vb. (reading of Ff Qq23 in Oth. II. ii. 315, but difficult to explain ; see TRASH vb.)

1 to follow 1H4 III. i. 48 t. me in the tedious ways of art, H8 III. ii. 45, Mac. IV. i. 153 his babes, and all . . souls That t. him in his line, Ham. v. ii. 126.

2 to pass through, traverse, range Ado III. i. 16 t. this alley up and down, MND. II. i. 25 to trace the

tract (trace, track, and tract were largely inter-changeable in the Eliz. period; cf. Cotgr., 'Trac',

a tracke, tract, or trace) track of a path Tim. 1. i. 51 Leaving no t. behind. 2 course (of the sun) R2 III. iii. 66 the t. Of his bright passage to the occident (Qq track), R3 v. iii. 20 (Qq track), Sonn, vii. 12

3 course (of events) H8 I. i. 40.

trade (1 in this sense a variant of 'tread')

passing to and fro as over a path, resort R2 III. iii. 156 Some way of common t., 2H4 1. i. 174 where most t. of danger rang'd; beaten path H8 v. i. 36 Stands in the gup and trade of moe preferments

(i. e. where more preferments are to be found). 2 business Tw.N. III. i. 84 if your trade be to her, Ham. III. ii. 353 [346].

3 settled habit or custom Meas. III. i. 147 Thy sin's . a trude.

traded: practised John IV. iii. 109 long t. in it, Troil, II. ii. 64 traded pilots.

trade-fallen: out of employment 1H4 IV. ii, 32. tradition: old custom R2 III. ii. 173 T., form, and ceremonious duty; so traditional, old-fashioned R3 III. i. 45 Too ceremonious and traditional.

traducement: calumny Cor. I. ix. 22. traffic: business, occupation Rom. I. Chor. 12 the

two hours' traffic of our stage.

trail: track, seent Wiv. v. ii. 212 cry out... upon
no t., Ham. v. ii. 47 Hunts not the t. of policy, vv.
v. 109; traces (of an animal) Ant. v. ii. 352.

train sb. (1 applied to the tails of birds in heraldry)

1 tail of (i) a peacock 1H6 III. iii. 7, (ii) a comet Ham. I. i. 117.

2 troop 2H4 IV. ii. 93 let our trains March by us. 3 lure, false device Mac. IV. iii. 118.

train vb.: to lure, allure, entice Err. nr. ii. 45 t. me not . . . with thy note, To drown me, John nr. iv. 175, 1H4 v. ii. 21 train him on, Tit. v. i. 104.

traject+(Rowe): ferry Mer. V. III. iv. 53 (see TRANECT).
trammel up: lit. to entangle in a net; fig. to
prevent Mac. I. vii. 3. [1595.

trance: ecstasy, transport Shr. 1. i. 181, Lucr. 974, tranced: in a trance, insensible Lr. v. iii. 220, tranect (S.): (?) ferry Mer.V. III. iv. 53 (Qq Ff).

¶ Of uncertain origin.

tranquillity: concr. people who live at ease 1H4

transfix: to remove Sonn. lx. 9 Time doth t. the flourish set on youth.

transform: to change (a person into something)
2H4 II. ii. 79 if the fat villain have not t-ed him ape. transformation: shape into which one is changed Wiv. IV. v. 99, Troil. v. i. 59,

transformed: effecting a transformation MND. IV. i. 70 this transformed scalp. translate (the only S. uses are)

1 to transform, change, convert MND. III. i. 125 Botton! . . . thou art t-d, AYL. v. i. 59 t. thy life into death, Tim. 1. i. 73, Ham. 111. i. 113; with allusion to translation from one language to another Wiv. I. iii. 52, AYL. II. i. 19, 2H4Iv. i. 47
translate yourself Out of the speech of peace.
2 to interpret John II. i. 513, Troil. IV. v. 112, Ham.

IV. i. 2 these profound heaves: You must t.; 'tis fit

we understand them. transport (the orig. sense of 'carry from one place

to another' is the prevalent one) 1 to remove from this world to the next Meas, IV. iii. 75.

2 (?) to transform MND. IV. ii. 4\*.

3 to carry away (i) by violent passion Wint. III. ii. 159 t-ed by my jealousies, Cor. I. i. 79; (ii) by ecstasy or ravishment Tp. I. ii. 76 t-ed And rapt in secret studies, Wint. v. iii. 69, Mac. I. v. 57.

transportance: conveyance Troil. III. ii. 11. transpose: to change, transform MND. I. i. 233;

Mac. IV. iii. 21.

trans-shape: to distort Ado v. i. 176.

trash sb.: worthless creature Oth. II. i. 315, v. i. 85. trash vb. (hunting term): to check (a dog) that is too fast by attaching a weight to its neck Shr. Ind. i. 17 Trash† Merriman, the poor cur is emboss'd (old edd. Brach); fig. Tp. I. ii. 81 who tudance, and who To t. for over-topping, Oth, n.
i. 315 this poor trash of Venice, whom I t. † For his
quick hunting (Rf Qq23 trace, Q1 crush). ¶ The
meaning 'lop' assigned by some to Tp. 1. ii. 81 is

not supported elsewhere.

travail, travel sb. (differentiated spellings of the same word, indiscriminately used in old edd., but in mod. edd. allotted according to mod. usage)

1 labour, toil Gent. IV. i. 34, 1H6 v. iv. 102, Troil. I. i. 73, Sonn. xxvii. 2 limbs with tracel tired. 2 labour of childbirth Err. v. i. 403, H8 v. i. 71 With gentle travail; pl. Per. III. i. 14 the pangs Of

with genite travail; pl. Per. III. 1. 14 the pangs of my queen's travails.

3 painful or wearisome journeying, or the fatigue caused by it Tp. III. iii. 15 oppress'd with t., AYL. I. iii. 134, II. iv. 75, Lucr. 1543 As if with grief or travel he had fainted.

4 wandering, journeying, travelling Tw.N. III. iii. 8 what might befull your t., H8 I. iii. 31 those types of t.; fig. Tw.N. II. v. 60 t. of repard (=looking about).

5 journey R2 I. iii. 262 Cull it a t. that thou tak'st for pleasure.

for pleasure.

travail, travel vb. (see prec. sb.)

1 to labour, work All'sW. II. iii. 165 which t-s in thy
good, Tim. v. i. 18.

(of players) to 'stroll', go on tour Ham. II. ii. 352 [343] How chances it they travel?.

travailer, traveller (see prec.): labourer Meas.
1v. ii. 70 (F. Trauellers), LLL. Iv. iii. 303 tires The
sinewy vigour of the t. (F. traueller). ¶ In the
sense of one who travels' old edd. have the forms traueller, trauellor, trauailer, trauailor, traveiler. travel-tainted: travel-stained 2H4 IV. iii. 40.

traverse vb. (military term): to march, esp. backwards and forwards Wiv. II. iii, 25 To see thee fight . . . to see thee t., 2H4 III. iii, 294 Hold, Wart, t.; transf. Oth. I. iii, 378 (spoken by Iago, the ancient') Truerse; go. ¶ The full phr. was 'traverse one's ground'.

traverse adv.: across AYL. III. iv. 43 swears brave ouths, and breaks them bravely, quite t. (with allusion to the disgrace of breaking one's lance across one's opponent's body, instead of lengthways; cf. cross adv.).

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traversed: (of the arms) folded Tim. v. iv. 7. T Cf. ACROSS.

tray-trip: game at dice, success in which depended on throwing a three (see TREY) Tw.N. II. v. 209 Shall I play my freedom at tray-trip?.

treacher (Ff), treacherer (Qq Trecherers) : traitor Lr. 1. ii. 138.

treacherous: (?) cowardly 1H6 1. v. 30 Sheep run not half so treacherous from the wolf.

treasure sb.: treasury Sonn. exxxvi. 5 Will will

fulfil the treasure of thy love.

treasure vb.: to enrich Sonn. vi. 3 t. thou some place With beauty's treasure.

treasury: treasure Wint, IV. iii. [iv.] 362, H5 I. ii.

165, Lr. Iv. vi. 44. ¶ Only once=storehouse (fig.) 2H6 II. i. 18.

treatise: discourse, talk Ado 1. i. 325 [317], Mac. v. v. 12 my felt of hair Would at a dismult. rouse and str, Ven. 774. The only S. sense, treaty: proposal of agreement, negotiation, dis-cussion John II. i. 481, 181. i. 165, Cor. II. ii. 60

convented Upon a pleasing t., Ant. 111. ix. [xi.] 62 send humble treaties.

treble: Tp. 11. i. 229 [221] T-s thee o'er, makes thee

three times as great.

treble-dated: living three times as long as man Phoen. 17 thou treble-dated crow. tree: Jore's tree, oak AYL. III. ii. 251, 3H6 v. ii. 14.

See also ARABIAN TREE. trembling: tremor denoting possession by a devil Tp. 11. ii. 86.

trembling contribution : contribution given with trembling H8 1. ii. 95. [Sonn. ii. 2. trench sb.: pl. furrows, wrinkles Tit. v. ii. 23; cf. trench vb. :

1 to cut Gent. 111. ii. 7 a figure T-ed in ice, Mac. 111. iv. 27 t-ed gashes, Ven. 1052 the wide wound that the boar had trench'd.

2 to dig a new channel for (a river) 1H4 III. i. 113. trenchant: cutting, sharp Tim. IV. iii. 116 t. sword. trencher: (wooden) plate Tp. II. ii. 196 [187], Rom. I. v. 2 he shift a trencher! he scrape a trencher!.

trencher-friend: parasite Tim. III. vi. 107. trenchering: trenchers collectively Tp. 11. ii. 196 Nor scrupe trenchering (trencher+). [ii. 465. trencher-knight: serving-man at table LLL. v.

trencher-man: great eater Ado I. i. 52. trey: throw of three with the dice LLL. v. ii. 233,

tribulation: H8 v. iv. 67 the Tribulation of Towerhill; allusion unexplained.

tribunal: seat of eminence Ant. III. vi. 3 on a t. silver'd.

tribunal plebs: blunder for 'tribunus plebis' = tribune of the people Tit. IV. iii. 91.

tribune: in ancient Rome, title of representatives of the plebs or common people, orig. granted to them as a protection against the patricians and

consuls Cor. i. i. 221, &c. trice: moment (of time); once gen. Lr. i. i. 219 in this t. of time; twice in phr. in a t. Tw. N. IV. ii. 137, Cym. v. iv. 171; once on a t. Tp. v. i. 238. trick sb. ('device, artifice', 'deception', 'freakish practice or act', 'prank, joke' are freq. senses)

1 custom, habit, way Meas. III. ii. 56 Which is the

1 custom, nabit, way Meas, III. II. 30 which is the may? Is it sad, and for words, or how? Thet, of it, v. i, 506 I spoke it but according to the t., All'sW. III. ii, 9, 1H4 v. ii, 11, 2H4 I. ii, 244, Ham. v. vii, 188. 2 art, knack, skill LLL. v. ii, 466 That...knowsthet. To make my lady laugh, H8 I. iii, 40, Ham. v. i. 97 an we had the t. to see't, Cym. III. iii, 86 to prince it much Beyond the trick of others.

3 peculiar or characteristic expression (of face, voice) All'sW. I. i. 108 every line and t. of his

sweet favour, Wint, 11. iii. 100 The t. of's frown, 1H4 II. iv. 450, Lr. iv. vi. 109 The t. of that voice. 4 touch (of a disease) LLL. v. ii. 417.

5 trifle Shr. IV. iii. 67 A knuck, a toy, a t., Cor. IV. iv. 21 Some t. not worth an egg, Ham. iv. iv. 61; bauble, plaything Wint. II. i. 50 a very trick For them to play at will.

trick vb.:

1 t. up, deck out, adorn H5 III. vi. 82 the phrase of wur, which they trick up with new tuned oaths.

2 (in heraldry) to delineate arms, indicating colours by means of certain arrangements of dots or lines; app. used allusively (= to spot or smear) Ham. 11 ii. 488 [479] Now is he total gules; horribly trick'd

With blood of futhers . . . . tricking: adornment Wiv. IV. iv. 81. tricking: sportive Tp. v. i. 226\* My t. spirit (or perhaps 'full of devices, resourceful '), Mer. V. III. v. 75 for u t. word (= 'for the sake of playing upon a word' Clark and Wright). [112\*.

trifle sb.: (a) phantom, (b) trick of magic Tp. v. i. trifle vb. (2 occurs only once)

to spend to no purpose Mer. V. iv. i. 299 Wet. time, H8 v. iii. 178 we trifle time away. 2 to make insignificant Mac. 11. iv. 4 this sore night

Huth trifled former knowings.

trigon: triangle; in astrology, conjunction of three planets in a certain sign 2H4 II. iv. 288 the fiery T. (= the three superior planets meeting in Aries, Leo, or Sagittarius).

trill (once): to trickle Lr. 1v. iii. 14. trim sb. (2 Bailey defines 'Trim of a Ship ', as ' her best Posture, Proportion of Ballast, hanging of her Masts, &c. which conduce most to her good sailing')

1 fine attire, apparel, trappings 1H4 iv. i. 113 sacrifices in their trim (i.e. decorated), Cor. 1. ix. 62 My noble steed . . . With all his t. belonging, Ant. IV. iv. 22 their riveted t., Cym. III. iv. 167 dainly t-s; fig. H5 IV. iii. 115 our hearts are in the trim.

2 in her trim, (of a ship) fully rigged and ready to sail Tp. v. i. 236, Err. iv. i. 91.

trim adj.: often ironically = pretty!, fine! MND. III.
ii. 157 At. exploit, 1H4 v. i. 137 At. reckoning!,
Troil. 1v. v. 33;—adv. neatly Rom. II. i. 13 he that shot so trim.

trim vb. : fig. 2H4 1. iii. 94 trimm'd in thine own desires = furnished with what thou desirest.

trinkets: trifles, rubbish 2H6 i. iv. 56.

triple: one of three, third All'sW. 11. i. 111 a t. eye, Safer than mine own two, Ant. 1. i. 12 The t. pillar of the world. ¶ For t. Hecate MND. v. ii. 14 [i. 391] see THRICE-CROWNED.

triple-turned: thrice faithless Ant. IV. x. 26 [xii. triplex: triple time (in music) Tw.N. v. i. 41 thet.

... is a good tripping measure. tristful: sad 1H4 II. iv. 439 my t.+ queen (old edd. trustfull), Ham. III. iv. 50 With t. visage (Qq heated).

triumph sb. (mod. senses also occur)

I public festivity or rejoicing, festive show or entertainment Gent. v. iv. 161, MND. I. i. 19 with t., and with revelling, 1H4 III. iii. 47 a perpetual t., un everlasting bonfire-light, 3H6 v. vii. 43, Per. v. i. 17; spec. tournament R2 v. ii. 52 justs and t-s, 1H6 v. v. 31 at a t. having row'd To try his strength, Per. II. ii. 1; so traumph day R2 v. ii. 66. 2 trump-card; this sense is alluded to in Ant. IV.

xii. [xiv.] 20 she . . . has Pack'd cards with Casar, and fulse-play'd my glory Unto an enemy's triumph.

triumphant: triumphal, celebrating a triumph 1H6 1. i. 22 a t. car, Cor. v. iv. 69 [v. 3] t. fires; transf. Sonn. eli. 10 his triumphant prize. triumphantly: festively MND iv. i. 95. triumpherate (Ant. 11. vi. 28), triumphery (LLL, IV, iii, 53), readings of old edd, replaced by triumrivatet triumrivate in mod, edd. The by triumciratet, triumciryt in mod. edd. forms are due to association with 'triumph'.

Trojan (old edd. Trojan, Troyan): cant term for 'boon companion, dissolute fellow' LLL. v. ii. 636, 679, 1H4 II. i. 77, H5 v. i. 20, 32.

troll: to run over (a song) Tp. III. ii. 129 will you

troll the catch . . . ? .

troll-my-dames: game in which the object was to 'troll' balls through arches set on a board (a sort of bagatelle) Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 93. ¶ In a pamphlet of the 16th cent.called 'troll-in-madame'; in 17th and 18th cent, dicts. 'troll-madam' Equivalent to Fr. 'trou-madame' (Cotgr.).

troop: to march Wiv. I. iii. 112, 2H4 IV. i. 62; t. with, follow in the train of Lr. 1. i. 134 all the lurge effects That troop with majesty.

troops: retinue, followers 2H6 I. iii. 80 with t. of ladies, R3 IV. iv. 96, Tit. II. iii. 56 Unfurnish'd of her nell-beseeming t., Ant. IV. xii. [xiv.] 53 Dido and her Aeneas shall want troops.

trophy (not S. in the definite sense of 'spoil taken

from the enemy ')

token H5 v. Chor. 21 Giving full t., signal and os-tent, Quite from himself, to God (cf. line 18 His bruised helmet and his bended sword), v. i. 76 a memorable t. of predeceased valour, Compl. 218 all these trophies of affections hot.

2 emblem or memorial placed over a grave or on a tomb All'sW. II. iii. 146 on every grave A lying t., Tit. 1. i. 388 with trophies do adorn thy tomb, Ham. IV. v. 214 No t., sword, nor hatchment o'er his bones,

Sonn. xxxi. 10.

3 applied to a crown or garland Cæs. I. i. 73 let no images Be hung with Cæsur's trophies, Ham. IV. vii. 175 her weedy trophies (cf. line 173 coronet weeds).

4 monuments Cor. 1. iii. 44 it more becomes a man Than gilt his t., Tim. v. iv. 25 these great towers, trophies, and schools.

tropically: figuratively Ham. 111, ii. 250.

trossers+: see STROSSERS.

trot: an old trot, 'a sorry old Woman' (Bailey)
Shr. I. ii. 80; applied to a man Meas. III. ii. 5t.
troth (pronounced trot by Dr. Caiss, Wiy. IV. v. 90)
1 truth MND. II. ii. 36, Cor. IV. v. 198, Cym. v. v.

275 I'll speak troth.
2 faith LLL, IV. iii, 143 break faith and t., Lr. III. iv. 126 Bid her alight, And her troth plight; used exclamatorily = FAITH 2 by my t. (very freq.), o' my t., in t., (in) good t., and simply troth!; once t. and t. H8 II. iii. 34 Nay, good troth.—Yes, troth and troth.

trothed: betrothed Ado III. i. 38.

troth-plight sb.: plighting of troth in marriage Wint. 1, ii. 278.

troth-plight pple .: betrothed Wint. v. iii. 151, H5 trouble: to agitate, disturb (water, the sky); chiefly in pa.pple. Shr. v. ii. 143 like a foundain t-d, 1H4 1. i. 10 the meteors of a t-d heaven, 2H6 iv.

i. 72 T-s the silver spring, Cas. 1. ii. 101, Lucr. 589, trow(always in 1st or 2nd person present indicative) 1 to believe Lr. 1. iv. 136 Learn more than thou

trowest.

to think, suppose 2H6 II. iv. 38, 3H6 v. i. 85. to know H81. i. 184 as I trow, Which I do well, Lr.

I. iv. 237 you trow (Ff know).

4 idiomatic uses:—(i) I troop, I am pretty sure, I daresay Shr. I. ii. 4 It. this is his house, R2 II. i. 219 'tis time, I I., Rom. I. iii. 33 'treas no need, I t.;—(ii) troop you?, do you know? can you tell? LLL. v. ii. 280, Shr. I. ii. 168 T. you whither I am going?;
—(iii) I trov or simply trov, I wonder Wiv. I.
iv. 137 Who's there, I. l. i. 65, Ado III. iv. 58,
Cym. I. vi. 47 What is the matter, trov?. Troyan: see TROJAN.

truant vb.: t. with, be unfaithful to Err. III. ii. 17. truce: peace Err. II. ii. 149, 1H6 v. iv. 117 peaceful t. shall be proclaim'd: plur. take (a) truce, make peace John III. i. 17, Rom. III. i. 163, Ven. 82.

truckle-bed: bed without legs running on castors. that could be pushed away under a standing-bed (see standing ppl. adj. 3) Wiv. IV. V. 7, Rom. II. i. 39. ¶ 'Truckle' is 'a little running wheel' (Bailey). Cf. also TRUNDLE-BED.

true (1 true man often opposed to thief as in legal language, e.g. in Coke's Institutes)
1 honest Tp. v. i. 268, Wiv. II. i. 149 the priest... commended him for a true man, 1H4 11, ii. 25 to turn true man and leave these roques, Cym. II. iii. 76.

2 trustworthy, reliable Troil.r.iii. 238 strong joints, true swords, Cor. 11. i. 157 his t. purchasing, Tit. v. i. 102, Sonn. xlviii. 2 Each trifle under t-st bars to thrust.

3 well-proportioned Lr. 1. ii. 8 my shape as true As

honest madam's rssue, Sonn. lxii. 6 No shape so true. 4 as adv. truly All'sW. IV. ii. 22 the plain single row that is vow'd true, 1H4 I. i. 62 a . . . true industrious

true-confirmed: faithful and steadfast Gent. IV.

iv, 110.

true-penny: honest fellow Ham. I. v. 150. truest-mannered: most honestly disposed Cym. I. vi. 166.

trump: trumpet 1H6 1. iv. 80, Oth. 111. iii. 352.

trumpet: trumpeter H5 IV. ii. 61 I will the banner from a trumpettake, Troil. IV. V. 6.

truncheon sb.: staff or mace borne by kings and military officers Meas. II. ii. 61 The marshal's t., Troil. v. iii. 53 the hund of Murs Beckoning with fiery truncheon, Ham. I. ii. 204, Oth. II. i. 282 (Qq).

truncheon vb.: (?) to beat out of the ranks with a truncheon (see prec.) 2H4 II. iv. 152 An captains were of my mind, they would t. you out for taking their names upon you.

truncheoner: one armed with a cudgel H8 v. iv. 55 (Ff 3 4 Truncheons).

trundle-bed: = TRUCKLE-BED Wiv. IV. v. 7 (Q1), Rom. 11. i. 39 (Q1)

trundle-tail: curly-tailed dog Lr. III. vi. 73.

trunk: in allusion to the carved chests in great vogue in S.'s time Tw.N. III. iv. 406 the beauteous evil Are empty human trunks o'erfaurish'd by the devil. ¶ 'Chest', not 'human body', is app. the sense (fig.) in 1H4 II. iv. 501 that t. of humanrs,

that bolting-hutch of beastliness.
trunk sleeve: large wide sleeve Shr. iv. iii. 141.
truss: to pack 2H4 iii. ii. 353 you might have t-'d

him . . . into an eel-skin (Q thrust). trust sb.:

1 belief, conviction Tw.N. IV. iii. 15 persuades me To any other trust but that I am mud.

2 credit Mer.V. 1. i. 186 of my t. (= on my credit; cf.

or 9).

3 trusted person 1H6 iv. iv. 20 the t. of England's honour, Tit. 1. i. 181 their tribune and their trust.

4 phrases and contextual uses: -int., enjoying one's confidence, confidential H8 1. ii. 125; of t. trustworthy, reliable Cor. I. vi. 52 their men of t., 54, Lr. II. i. 117 Natures of such deep t., Ant. v. ii. 153 of no more t. (=no more to be relied upon). Sonn. xlviii. 4; on my t., as I am to be trusted, on my word Meas. v. i. 147; put in t., entrust important matters to Lr. I. iv. 15, 0th. II. iii. 132;—1H6 III. ii. 112 What is the t. of . . . , What reliance can be placed upon?;—Sonn. xxiii. 5 for feurof t., fearing to trust myself.

trust vb.:

1 to believe, be sure of Shr. IV. ii. 67 If he be credu-

lous and trust my tale, Wint. II. iii. 49 t. it, He shall not rule me, Mac. I. iii. 120 That, t-ed home,

Might yet enkindle you unto the crown

2 t. me, believe me, truly Gent. 1. ii. 42, &c., Wiv. II. i. 33, &c., Tit. I. i. 261; never t. me (usu. as the apodosis of a conditional sentence) Tw.N. II. iii. 207 If I do not, never t. me, Troil. v. ii. 57 I will, la; never t. me else;—Never t. me then, Have no fear Tw.N. 111. ii. 65, 1H6 11. ii. 48. trustful (once): faithful 1H4 11. iv. 439 (tristful+).

trustless (once) : faithless Lucr. 2. **truth** (the foll. senses are freq.)

1 honesty, rightcousness Ado Iv. i. 35, John IV. iii. 144, Lucr. 1532.

2 loyalty, faithfulness 3H6 IV. viii. 26, Sonn. xli. 12. try sb.: test Tim. v. i. 12 a try for his friends.

try vb. (3 cf. 'a Ship is said to try, when she has no more Sails abroad but her Main or Missen Sail only, [and] is let alone to lie in the Sea', Bailey)

1 to refine (gold) Mer.V. 11. vii. 53 tried gold; fig.

ix. 63, 64.

2 to prove Rom. IV. iii. 29 he hath still been tried a holy man, Ven. 280 thus my strength is tried. 3 to sail close to the wind Tp. 1. i. 40 Bring her to

try with main course.

tub: with ref. to the use of the sweating cure (cf.

powdering-tub) Meas. III. ii. 61, H5 II. i. 79, Tim. iv. iii. 86; so tub-fast Tim. iv. iii. 87. tuck: rapier Tw.N. III. iv. 247 Dismount thy tuck.

¶ Sec also STANDING ppl. adj. 4.

tucket: preliminary signal given on a trumpet H5 IV. ii. 35 let the trumpets sound The t. sonance and the note to mount; otherwise only in stage directions as a personal trumpet call Mer. V. v. i., All's W. III. v., H5 III. vi., Lr. II. i. tuffe: bunch Wiv. v. v. 76 (mod. edd. tufts). tuft: clump (of trees) AYL. III. v. 75, Wint. II. i. 33,

R2 11. iii. 53.

tug: to buffet Mac. III. i. 112 tugg'd with fortune. tuition: protection Ado I. i. 291 [283] and so I commit you-To the t. of God (a freq. concluding formula in 16th cent. letters).

Tully: Cicero 2H6 IV. i. 136 sweet T., Tit. IV. i. 14

Tully's Orator (= the treatise De Oratore).

tumble: the orig, sense 'to roll' (trans. and intr.)
is prominent:—Tp. 11. ii. 11 hedge-hogs, which Lie tumbling in my bare-foot way, John III. iv. 176a little snow, t-d about, Anon becomes a mountain, Per. 11. i. 34 [the whale] plays and t-s; in indelicate sense Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 12, Ham. IV. v. 63, Ant. I. iv. 17; in nantical use t-d, i rolled 'about the trough of the sea Per. v. Gower 13 t-d und tost (Qq 1-3 wee there him left).

tun-dish: funnel Meas. In. ii. 186 filling a bottle with ut. ¶ Still the ordinary word in Warwickshire.

tune (1 common Eliz.)

1 tone, accent (of the voice) Cor. II. iii. 91 the t. of your voices, Cym. v. v. 239 The t. of Imogen, Sonn. cxli. 5 thy tongue's tune.

2 temper, humour, mood Meas. III. ii. 52, Ham. v. ii. 198 the t. of the time, Lr. 1v. iii. 41 in his better

tune (= 'saner intervals', Craig).
tuneable: tuneful, musical MND. I. i. 184, IV. i. 130.
turf: clod LLL. IV. ii. 90. ¶ An Eliz. sense.

Turk (1 in this sense replacing the once common use of 'Saracen')

1 used generically = infidel AYL. IV. iii. 34 she defies me, Like Turk to Christian, R3 III. v. 40 think you we are T-s or infidels?; phr. turn T., change completely (as from a Christian to an infidel) Ado III. iv. 56, Ham. III. ii. 292.

2 the T., the Grand Turk, the Sultan of Turkey, All'sW. II. iii. 94, H5 v. ii. 222, Lr. III. iv. 92; transf. T. Gregory, Pope Gregory VII, 1H4 v. iii. 46.

turlygod: app. a name (? cant) for a 'bedlam-beggar' Lr. II. iii. 20. ¶ For the form cf. 'grinagod' (16th cent.), which was app. a name for a profane person

turmoiled: harassed 2H6 iv. x. 18.

turn vb. (5 cf. Turning and Triple-Turned)
1 to shape on a lathe 1H4 iii. i. 130 I had rather

hear a brazen canstick turn'd.

2 to compose (verse, a tune) LLL. I. ii. 193\* turn sonnet, AYL. II. v. 3 turn his merry note.
3 to fling back, retort R2 iv. i. 39 I will t. thy false

hood to thy heart, 1H6 II. iv. 79 I'll turn my part thereof into thy throat, Tim. 11. i. 26 my relief Must not be toss'd and turn'd to me in words.

4 to come back, return AYL. II. vii. 162, R3 IV. iv. 185 Ere from this war thou t. a conqueror, Tit. v.

ii. 141 till I turn again, Oth. iv. i. 263.

5 to go back on one's word, (hence) to be inconstant or fickle Gent. II. ii. 4, MND. III. ii. 91 Some true-love turn'd, 1H6 III. iii. 85 turn, and turn again, Oth. IV. i. 264.

6 to change (one's countenance or colour) Cor. IV. vi. 60 some news . . . That t-s their countenances, Ham. II. ii. 550 [542] he has not t-ed his colour, Oth.

IV. ii. 61 Turn thy complexion.

Turnbull street: Eliz. corruption of 'Turnmill street', formerly the resort of dissolute and dis-orderly persons 2H4 III. ii. 333 (Ff Turnbull), turning: fickle H5 III. vi. 35 sheist., and inconstant.

turtle: turtle-dove, symbolical of faithful love

Wiv. II. i. 83, LLL. IV. iii. 212, v. ii. 913. tushes: tusks Ven. 617, 624. tutor: to teach (a thing) 2H4 rv. i. 44.

twain:

1 both twain, redundantly=both LLL. v. ii. 460, Sonn. xlii. 11.

parted, separated Troil. III. i. 113, Rom. III. v. 240 Thou and my bosom henceforth shall be t., Sonn. xxxvi. 1 we two must be twain.

3 as sb. pair, couple Tp. IV. i. 104 To bless this t.,

Ant. 1. i. 38.

tway: Scottish form of two H5 III. ii. 132.

twelfe: old form of twelfth+ (which is not found in old edd.) Tw.N. II. iii. 93, and in the title of the play itself.

twelve score: viz. yards Wiv. 111. ii. 35 as easy as a cannon will shoot point-blank t., 1H4 II. iv. 605

[598], 2H4 nr. ii. 52.

twenty: used indefinitely to express a large number Wiv. I. i. 3 if he were t. Sir John Falstaffs, Lr.
11. iv. 71 there's not a nose among t. (Qq a hundred) but can smell him that's stinking, Ven. 522 t. hundred kisses;—Wiv. II, i. 203 Good even and t. (app. = twenty times good); - Shr. iv. ii. 57 eleven and t. perhaps contains an allusion to the game of one-and thirty (see PIP); see also SWEET-AND-TWENTY.

twiggen: cased in wicker work Oth. 11. iii. 153\*
I'll beat the knare into a t. bottle (Qq wicker bottle). twilled : (?) agricultural term; not satisfactorily

explained; many conj., the most generally accepted being Hanmer's (see PIONED) Tp. IV. i. 64, twin: to be like twins in resemblance or close companionship Cor. IV. iv. 15 who t., as 'twere, in love Unseparable (Fi<sub>2-4</sub> Twine), Per. v. Gower 8\* Her inkle, silk, twin with the rubied cherry (= are as red as the red cherry; unless twin is adj.; old

edd. twine). twink: in or with a t., in a twinkling Tp. 1v. i. 43,

Shr. 11. i. 304 [312].

twinn'd: twin Wint. 1. ii. 67 We were as t. lambs (old edd. twyn'd), Tim. 1v. iii. 3; (hence) exactly alike Cym. 1. vi. 35 the t. stones, Upon the number'd beach (F1 twinn'd).

twire: to twinkle Sonn, xxviii, 12 When sparkling stars twire not.

twist sb.: skein Cor. v. v. [vi.] 96 A t. of rotten silk. twist vb.: to draw out (a thread) John IV. iii. 128 the smallest thread That ever spider t-ed from her womb: fig. Ado I. i. 321 [313] to t. so fine a story.

two-and-thirty: see PIP.

Tybalt: the fact that 'Tybert' or 'Tybalt' was the
name of the cat in the History of Reynard the Fox is alluded to Rom. 11. iv. 18, 111. i. 80, 82.

Tyburn: usual place of execution in London; only allusively LLL. IV. iii. 54 the triumeiry, the corner-cap of society, The shape of love's Tyburn (with ref. to the triangular form of the gallows).

type (the only S. senses are) distinguishing mark or sign, badge 3H6 I. iv. 121\* Thy father bears the t. of King of Naples (i.e. the crown; or ?=title, sense 2), R3 IV. iv. 245,

H8 I. iii. 31 those types of travel.
2 title Lucr. 1050 Of that true type [viz, loyal] hath

Turquin rifled me.

Typhon: another name of Typhoeus, a fire-breathing giant, defeated in an attempt to dethrone Jove, and imprisoned in Tartarus under Aetna, Troil. 1, ii. 160 rouring T., Tit. vv. ii. 95 Enceladus (son of Tartarus), With all his threatening band of Typhon's brood.

tyrannically: vehemently, outrageously Ham. II. ii. 364 [356] most tyrannically clapped.

tyrannize: to inflict pain or torment on John v. vii. 47, Tit. 111. ii. 8 This poor right hand of mine Is left to tyrannize upon my breast.

tyrannous: cruel, pitiless R3 IV. iii. 1 The t. and bloody act is done, Ham. II. ii. 491 [482], Lr. III. iv. 155 this t. night, Sonn. cxxxi. 1. ¶ More freq. than the meaning 'tyrannical, despotic', tyranny (the sense 'despotic rule' is freq.)

1 usurpation Mac. IV. iii. 67 intemperance In nature

is a tyranny

2 cruelty, pitiless violence All'sW. 1. i. 59 the t. of her sorrows, Cor. v. iii. 43 Best of my flesh, Forgüe my t., Lr. III. iv. 2 The t. of the open night, Ven. 737. tyrant (1 cf. AYL. II. i. 61)

usurper 3H6 III. iii. 69, 71 To prove him t. this reason may suffice, That Henry liveth still, Mac. 111.

vi. 22 His presence at the tyrant's feast.
2 cruel or pitiless one Ado 1. i. 176 a professed t. to their sex, 2H4 Ind. 14 the stern t. war, Cym. 1. i. 84 How fine this t. Can tickle where she wounds.

Ullovxa (not satisfactorily explained): Tim. III.
iv. 114 (F<sub>1</sub> Sempronius Vllorza: All, Ff<sub>3.4</sub> Sempronius: all); printed in italics in F<sub>1</sub>, like the names that precede it.

umber: brown pigment, used to disguise the face AYL. I. iii. 115 with a kind of u. snurch my face. umber'd: darkened as if with umber; perhaps, shadowed by the firelight H5 IV. Chor. 9. ¶ 'Um-

bered 'was also a term of heraldry = shadowed.

umbrage: shadow Ham. v. ii, 126. umpire: applied to Death as 'the friendly com-pounder of differences' (Cotg. s. v. Arbitrateur) 1H6 II. v. 29, Rom. IV. i. 63.

unable: weak, impotent Shr. v. ii. 170 froward and u. worms, H5 v. ii. 403 [Epil. 1] rough and all-u. pen, Lr. I. i. 62

unaccommodated: unfurnished with necessaries, e. g. dress Lr. 111. iv. 109 u. man . . . a poor, bare, forked animal

unacquainted: (in active sense) having no intimate knowledge of things Troil. III. iii. 12 As new

into the world, strange, u.; (in passive sense) unfamiliar, strange John III. iv. 166 u. change, v. ii. 32. unadvised: by inadvertence Gent. IV. iv. 129 I have u-'d Deliver'd you a paper that I should not; done in ignorance Lucr. 1488 friend to friend gives u. wounds; inconsiderate(ly) John II. i. 45 Lest

u-d you stain your swords with blood, 191, v. ii. 132, Rom. II. ii. 118 too rash, too u-'d, too sudden; so unadvisedly R3 IV. iv. 293.

unagreeable: unsuitable Tim. II. ii. 41. unanel'd: not having received the sacrament of extreme unction Ham. I. v. 77 Unhousel'd, disappointed, u. ¶'Anele'=to anoint was in regular use from 1300 to 1650.

unapproved: unconfirmed Compl. 53 u. wilness. unapt: unfit Shr. v. ii. 167 U. to toil, Lucr. 695; not prepared or inclined 1H6 v. iii. 132 a soldier, and u. to weep, Cor. v. i. 53, Ven. 34; so unaptness, disinclination Tim. 11. ii. 141.

unarm: to take off a person's armour; trans.
Troil. ш. i. 165 To help u. our Hector; refl. i. ii. 298, v. iii. 35 *U. thee*; intr. 1. i. 1 *I'll u. again*, v. iii. 3, 25; Ant. Iv. xii. [xiv.] 35 *U., Eros* (i. e. take off my armour)

unattainted: unbiased Rom. I. ii. 90 with u. eye. unautho'riz'd: Oth. IV. i. 2 An unauthoriz'd kiss. unavoided (2 cf. UNVALUED 2)

1 (if) not avoided R3 IV. i. 55 A cockatrice . . . Whose unavoided eye is murderous.

2 unavoidable, inevitable R2 II. i. 269, 1H6 IV. v. 8 A terrible and unavoided danger, R3 iv. iv. 218. unbacked: unridden Tp. iv. i. 176, Ven. 320. unbanded: having no hatband AYL. III. ii. 404

your bonnet unbanded.

unbarbed: unarmed Cor. III. ii. 99 my u. sconce. unbated: unabated Mer.V. II. vi. 11 with the u. fire; not blunted (with a button; cf. ABATE 2) Ham. IV. vii. 138.

unbend: to make slack, relax Mac. 11. ii. 46. unbent: to be u., not to have one's bow bent, (hence) to be unprepared Cym. III. iv. 111; (of a brow) not wrinkled or knit Lucr. 1509.

unbid: unwelcome 3H6 v. i. 18 0, unbid spite!. unbitted: unbridled Oth. I. iii. 336 unbilted lusts.

unbless: not to make happy Sonn. iii. 4. unbodied: incorporeal Troil. 1. iii. 16.

unbolt: to disclose (intr.) Tim. 1. i. 52. unbolted: lit. unsifted, (hence) coarse Lr. 11. ii. 70. unbonneted: 'uncovered', (hence) on equal terms Oth. 1. ii. 23 speak unbonneted with . .

unbookish: unskilled Oth. IV. i. 102. unborn: non-existent Cor. III. i. 128 All cause u. unbraced: unbuttoned, unfastened Cæs, I. iii, 48. п. і. 262, Нат. п. і. 78.

unbraided\*: (?) not soiled or faded Wint. IV. iii. [iv]. 204 Has he any u. wares?. ¶ 'Braided wares' =soiled or faded goods) was a 16th cent. phr.

unbreathed: unexercised MND. v. i. 74. unbred: unborn Sonn. civ. 13 thou age unbred. unbruised: unhurt Rom. II. iii. 37 u. youth. unbuckle: to tear off (a helmet) in a close fight

Cor. IV. v. 131, Ant. IV. iv. 12.
uncape\*: (?) to uncouple, throw off the hounds
Wiv. III. iii. 175.

uncase: refl. and intr. to undress LLL. v. ii. 706, Shr. r. i. 211.

uncharge: to acquit of guilt Ham. IV. vii. 67. uncharged: unattacked Tim. v. iv. 55.

unchary: carelessly Tw. N. 111. iv. 225

unchecked: not contradicted Mer.V. III. i. 2. unclasp: to disclose Ado I. i. 333 [325], Wint. III. ii. 168 hc. .. to my kingly guest U-d my practice. uncleanly: improper, indelicate AYL. III. ii. 52, John IV. i. 7 Uncleanly scruples, Oth. III. iii. 139.

unclew: lit. to unwind (see clew); fig. to ruin

Tim. I. i. 169 It would unclew me quite. uncoined\*: (a) not yet current, (b) unalloyed, genuine H5 v. ii. 160 a fellow of plain and uncoined

constancy uncolted: deprived of one's horse 1H4 II. ii. 45 (pun). uncomfortable: cheerless Rom. IV. v. 60 U. time. uncomprehensive: illimitable, incomprehensible Troil. III. iii. 199.

unconfirmed: inexperienced Ado III. iii. 123, LLL. IV. ii. 19 untrained . . . unlettered . . . un-[304 u. starts. confirmed fashion.

unconstant: uncertain, abrupt, irregular Lr. 1. i. unconstrained: imposing no constraint Compl.

242 in unconstrained gyres.
uncouple at: to hunt Ven. 674.
uncouch: strange, wild, uncanny AYL. II. vi. 6
this u. forest, Tit. II. iii. 211 surprised with an u. fear, Lucr. 1598 What uncouth ill event.

uncovered: bare-headed 2H6 IV. i. 128; open, unconcealed Ado IV. i. 310 uncovered slander

uncropped: not plucked All'sW. v. iii. 332.

uncross'd: not cancelled Cym. III. iii. 26 keeps his book uncross'd (=remains unpaid). [vii. 141. unction: salve, lit. and fig. Ham. III. iv. 145, IV. unctious: oily, fat Tim. IV. iii. 196.

uncurrent: fig. not allowable or passable, (hence) objectionable or extraordinary Wint. III. ii. 50°

With what encounter so uncurrent. uncurse: to remove a curse from R2 III. ii. 137.

undeeded: having accomplished nothing Mac. v. vii. 20 my sword . . . I sheathe . . . undeeded, under (follows its noun in Lucr. 386)

1 under the pretence of Tim. III. iii. 33; under the auspices of Sonn. lxxviii. 4. 2 go u., (i) profess to be All'sW. III. v. 21; (ii) ad-

here to (an opinion) Troil, 1, iii. 383, 3 next to Cor. 1. i. 193 Under the gods.

as adj. (i) infernal Cor. IV. V. 98 all the u. fiends; (2) belonging to 'this world below', sublunary Meas. IV. iii. 96 the under (old edd. yond) genera-

tion, Lr. II. ii. 170 this u. globe, Sonn. vii. 2 each under eye (= every mortal eye). underbear: to endure John III. i. 65 woes . . . which

I... Am bound to u., R2 1. iv. 29 patient u-ing. underborne with: with a lining or undergarment of Ado III. iv. 21 underborne with a bluish tinsel. undercrest: to wear as if a crest Cor. 1. ix. 72\* I

mean... To undercrest your good addition.
undergo (3 some explain 'partake of, enjoy ')
1 to be liable or subject to, run the risk of Ado v. ii. 59 Claudio u-es my challenge, John IV. i. 134, 1H4 r. iii. 164.

to take upon oneself, undertake to perform Gent. v. iv. 42, Wint. 11. iii. 163 Anything... That my ability may u., iv. iii. [iv.] 556, 2H4 1. iii. 54 How able such a work to u., Troil. 111. ii. 84, Cæs. I. iii. 123 To u. ... an enterprise, Cym. 1. iv. 158 u. what's spoken, 111. v. 110.

3 to bear the weight of (fig.) Meas. 1. i. 23 Tou. such ample grace and honour, Ham. 1. iv. 34 Their virtues . be they . . . As infinite as man may undergo.

undergoing: enduring Tp. 1. ii. 157 An u. stomach. underhonest: wanting in straightforwardness Troil. 11, iii, 134.

[underpraise: inferred from suffered under praise

(Tim. 1. 166) and interpreted as dispraise.]
under-skinker: tapster, barman 1H4 II. iv. 26.
understand: used quibblingly = stand under Gent. II. v. 28, Err. II. i. 49, Tw.N. III. i. 90.

undertake (the mod. sense is most freq.)
1 to take charge of H8 II. i. 97.

2 to assume Shr. IV. ii. 107 His name and credit shall you undertake.

3 to engage with, have to do with Wiv. III. v. 131 you'll u. her no more?, Tw.N. 1. iii. 62, Cym. II. i. 30 undertake every companion that you give offence to.

4 intr. to make an attempt or venture Lr. iv. ii. 13. 5 to take up a matter for Oth. 11. iii. 339.

undertaker: one who takes upon himself a task or business Tw.N. 111. iv. 353 (almost=meddler), Oth, IV. i. 223 let me be his u. (=I will settle him). undervalued: inferior to Mer.V. 1. i. 166.

underwrite: to subscribe to, (hence) submit to

Troil. II. iii. 138.

underwrought: undermined John 11. i. 95. undeserving vbl. sb.: 'want of merit, unworthiness' (Schmidt) LLL. v. ii. 367 My lady . . . gires

undeserving praise.
undetermin'd: not discriminated John II. i, 355
In undetermin'd differences of kings.

undispos'd: not in a merry mood Err. 1. ii. 80.

undistinguishable: not discernible MND.II.i. 100. undistinguished: indefinable Lr. IV. vi. 279 0 undistinguish'd (Q 1 Ff in-) space of woman's will! (Qq wit); intimately mingled Compl. 20 shricking u-d woe In clamours of all size, undividable: not divided Err. 11. ii. 126.

undo (2, 3 occur each only once)

1 to hinder, be a bar to Tim. III. ii. 53, Lr. IV. i. 71 So distribution should undo excess, Per. IV. vi. 4. 2 to beggar (description) Wint. v. ii. 63.

3 fig. to unravel Per. 1. i. 117 If by which time our secret be undone . . .

undone: ruined; once preceding the sb. Tim. IV. iii. 490 his undone lord.

undoubted:

beyond a doubt, unquestioned John II. i. 369. fearless 3H6 v. vii. 6 u. champions; unmixed with

fear IH6 III. iii. 41 Eurgundy, u. hope of France. undressed: unformed LLL. IV. ii. 17. unduteous: Wiv. v. v. 252 [240] u. title (see TITLE). unear'd: untilled Sonn. iii. 5 whose unear'd womb, unearned: unmerited MND. v. ii. 63[i. 439] u. luck. uneath: with difficulty, scarcely 2H6 II. iv. 8. uneffectual: losing its effect Ham. I. v. 90.

unequal: unfair, unjust 2H4 IV. i. 102 a heavy and unequal hand, Ant. II. v. 101.

uneven:

1 not straightforward Rom. IV. i. 5 U. is the course. 2 disordered, confused Meas. IV. iv. 3\* In most u. and distracted manner, R2 11. ii. 120\* All is u., And everything is left at six and seven.

3 disconcerting, embarrassing 1H4 I. i. 50 u. and

unwelcome news.

unexperient: inexperienced Compl. 318. unexpressive: inexpressible AYL. III. ii. 10 the . unexpressive she.

unfair: to rob of beauty Sonn. v. 4.

unfashionable: with no comeliness R3 1. i. 22 unfather'd: fatherless; (hence) not produced in the ordinary natural course, unnatural 2H4 IV. iv. 122 U. heirs and loathly births of nature, Sonn.

xevii. 10 hope of orphans and u. fruit, exxiv. 2. unfeeling: without sensation 2H6 III, ii. 145 his

hand unfeeling. unfellowed: without an equal Ham. v. ii. 150.

unfelt (for the stress cf. ENTIRE)

1 not felt inwardly R3 1. iv. 80 for unfe'lt ima'gina'tions (='instead of what they dream of but never realize', Wright), Mac. II. iii. 143 an u'nfelt so'rrow.

2 not perceived by others R2 ir. iii. 61 u'nfelt that uks (='thanks not accompanied by any palpable proofs, expressed only in words', Wright), Lucr. 828 0 u'nfelt so're.

unfenced: defenceless John II. i. 386 u. desolation. unfirm: unstable, fickle Tw. N. 11. iv. 33 giddy and unfirm; weak 2H4 1. iii. 73 the u'nfirm king.

unfledg'd: (always fig.) inexperienced, immature Wint. I. ii. 78, Ham. I. iii. 65, Cym. III. iii. 27. unfold (the prevailing meanings are 'display, dis-

close, reveal, bring a thing to light')

1 to open (a letter) Ham. v. ii. 17 (Ff unseal); fig.
to expand Cym. I. i. 26. 2 to expose, betray (a person) Oth. rv. ii. 141, v. i. 21 the Moor May unfold me to him, Ant. v. ii. 169.

unfolding: disclosure, explanation Oth. 1. iii. 246. unfolding star: the star that by its rising tells the shepherd the time to release the sheep from the fold Meas. IV. ii. 219.

unfool: to take from (a person) the reproach of

folly Wiv. IV. ii. 123.

unfurnish'd: unmatched with its fellow Mer.V.
III. ii. 126; undefended H5 I. ii. 148; not hung with tapestry R2 1. ii. 68 unfurnish'd walls.

ungalled: uninjured Err. III. i. 102 your yet u. estimation, Ham. III. ii. 288 let . . The hart u. play. ungenitured: innpotent Meas. III. ii. 188. ungird: to relax Tw. N. IV. i. 16 u. thy strangeness.

ungored: uninjured Ham. v. ii. 264. [287 ungot, -gotten: unborn Meas. v. i. 142, H5 1. ii ungracious: graceless, profane R2 II. iii. 89, 1H4 II. iv. 496, R3 II. i. 128, Ham. I. iii. 47. unguided: ungoverned 2H4 IV. iv. 59.

unhair: to denude of hair Ant. II. v. 64

unhair'd + (Theobald): beardless, youthful John v. ii. 133 This unhair'd sauciness (Ff unheard).

unhandled: not broken in Mer.V. v. i. 72 u. colts. unhandsome: improper, unbecoming, indecent AYL. Epil. 2, 1H4 1. ili. 44 a slovenly u. corse; unfair Oth. III. iv. 150 unhandsome warrior as I am. unhap'ly (Qq<sub>1-3</sub>): contracted form of unhappily† (so mod. edd.) in Lucr. 8.

unhappily: unfavourably, ill H8 1. iv. 89 I should judge now u., Ham. IV. v. 13 there might be thought, Though nothing sure, yet much u., Lr. I. ii. 162 succeed u.; mischievously Sonn. lavi. 4 purest faith unhappily forsworn. unhappiness: evil nature R31. ii. 25 heir to his u.

unhappy:

1 fatal, pernicious Cym. v. v. 154 u. was the clock That struck the hour, Lucr. 1565 that u. guest; hence used as a term of depreciation = miserable Err. IV. iv. 126 0 most u. strumpet!, Mer. V. v. i. 238 the u. subject of these quarrels, Lr. IV. vi. 233 Thou old u. traitor, Oth. II. iii. 35 I have very poor and unhappy brains for drinking. 2 'mischievously waggish' (J.) All'sW. IV. v. 67

2 'miscinevously waggish (J.) All SW. IV. V. 6/ A shread knaw and an unhappy. unhatched ': fig. not brought to maturity Ham. I. ii. 65 cachu-d ... comrade (Qq new hatcht), Oth. III. iv. 140 some u-'d practice Made demonstrable, unhatched ': not hacked or blunted Tw.N. III. iv.

unheard: unheard-of, unexampled John v. ii. 133 (see UNHAIR'D).

unheart: to dishearten Cor. v. i. 50.

unheedful: rash Gent. II. vi. 11, 1H6 IV. iv. 7. unhoused\*: (a) having no household ties or cares, (b) unmarried Oth. 1. ii. 26.

unhouseled: not having received the holy sacra-

ment Ham. I. v. 77. unimproved\*: not turned to account Ham. I. i. 96. ¶ Other explanations are 'untutored, undisciplined', 'unreproved, unimpeached', 'unproved, untried'.

unintelligent: unaware Wint. 1. i. 15 u. of our

insufficience.

union: pearl Ham. v. ii. 286 (Ff union, Q2 Vnice, Qq 3-5 Onix(e), 340 (Ff union, Qq 2-5 Onixe).

united: u. ceremony, union of the marriage rite Wiv. IV. vi. 52,

unity (rare sense): oneness Troil. v. ii. 138 If there be rule in u. itself (='if there be a rule that one is one', J.).
universal: u. earth, world, the whole world H5 IV.

i. 67, viii. 10, Rom. 111, ii. 94; clipped to rersal Rom. 11. iv. 221 (nurse's speech). unjust (1 and the sense 'inequitable, unlawful 'are

the most frequent)

1 unfaithful, false Gent. Iv. ii. 2, iv. 175, All'sW. v. iii. 63, 3H6 v. i. 106 perjur'd, and u., Troil. v. i. 99 a most u. knare, Sonn. Music iv. 33 [Pilgr. 331] Unless thy lady prove unjust.

2 dishonest Wint, Iv. iii. [iv.] 691, 1H4 IV. ii. 30. unjustly: perfidiously Lucr, 1836 this chaste blood so u. stain d; dishonestly All'SW. IV. ii. 76. unkennel: fig. to reveal Ham. III. ii. 86.

unkind adj.: (prob.) unnatural AYL. 11. vii. 175, 1H6 IV. i. 193, Tit. 1. i. 86 u. and cardess of thine own, Lr. 111. iv. 70 his unkind daughters, Ven. 204 (? with play on the sense 'unfeeling, cruel').

unkindness: ill-feeling, want of kindly feeling Wiv. I. i. 204, Shr. IV. iii. 169 Take no u., All'sW. II. v. 36 Is there any u. between my lord and you?,

Cæs. IV. iii. 158.

unkiss: to undo by a kiss R2 v. i. 74 Let me u. the oath 'twixt thee and me.

unknown (peculiar uses) : (?) that may not be expressed or mentioned R3 1. ii. 218 For divers u. reasons, Sonn. cxvii. 5 That I have frequent been with u. minds; All'sW. II. iii. 6 an u. fear (=a fear of what is unknown); Troil. III. iii. 125\* The u. Ajax (' who has abilities which were never brought into view or use', J.

unlace: (app.) to undo (fig.) Oth. II. iii. 196 That you unlace your reputation thus.

unlearn'd: not acquired Cym. vv. ii. 178. unless: except, if it be not, if there be not All'sW. iv. i. 6, R2 v. iii. 32 My tongue cleave to my roof ... U. a pardon ere I rise or speak, R3 IV. iv. 475-6, Cor. v. i. 72 all hope is vain U. his noble mother and his wife (i.e. there is no hope except in them), Oth. I. i. 24 Nor the division of a battle knows . . . unless the bookish theoric.

unlike: unlikely, improbable Meas, v. i. 52, Cor. 11. i. 47, Cym. v. v. 355.
unlimited: not limited by the 'unities of time and place' Hana. 11. ii. 428 [419] poem unlimited.
unlived: deprived of life Lucr. 1754.

unlooked for: disregarded, unheeded 1H4 v. iii. 64 honour comes u., Sonn. xxv. 4 Unlook'd for joy. unloved: Ant. 111. vi. 53\* our love, which, left unshown, Is often left unlor'd (=often ceases to be love)

unluckily: with ill omen Cæs. III. iii. 2 things u.

charge my fantasy. unmann'd [see MAN vb. 2]: (in falconry) not accustomed to the presence of man Rom. III. ii. 14 Hood my unmann'd blood.

unmastered: unrestrained Ham. I. iii. 32 his un-

master'd importunity.
unmeritable: undeserving, without merit R3 III.
vii. 154 my desert Unmeritable, Caes. IV. i. 12. unminded: unregarded 1H4 IV. iii. 58.

unmoan'd: unlamented R3 II. ii. 64 Our fatherless

distress was left unmoan'd unmoving: in Qq of Oth. IV. ii. 54 slow u. finger, prob. an error, which is corrected by F1 slow, and

mouing finger (see AND 1).

unmuzzle: only flg. to set free AYL. I. ii. 76 u.
your wisdom; ppl. adj. unrestrained Tw.N. III. i.
132 unmuzzled thoughts.

unnerved [cf. Nerve]: weak Ham. II. ii. 504 [496]. unnoted (2 see NOTE 1)

1 unnoticed, unregarded All'sW. I. ii. 34, Lucr. 1014.

2 (a) having no outward signs, imperceptible, (b) undemonstrative Tim. 111. v. 21\* sober and u. passion. unnumber'd: innumerable Cæs. 111, i. 63, Lr. IV.

vi. 22, Cym. I. vi. 36 (see NUMBER'D)

unordinate: inordinate Oth. II. iii. 313 (Q1).

unowed: having no owner John IV. iii. 147. unparagoned: matchless Cym. 1. iv. 92, II. ii. 17. unpartial: impartial H8 II. ii. 107 (Ff<sub>12</sub>).

unpaved (jocular): without 'stones', castrated Cyni. II. iii. 34.

unpay: to undo 2H4 II. i. 134 u. the villany you have done her.

unpeeled [cf. pill 2; un- is intensive]: stripped LLL. II. i. 88 his u. house (Q1; the rest unpeopled). unperfect: not knowing one's part Sonn. xxiii. 1

an u. actor. ¶ Cf. perfectness LLL. v. ii, 174. unpink'd: not scalloped Shr. iv. i. 136 Gabriel's pumps were all unpink'd i' the heel.

unpitied: unmerciful Meas, IV. ii, 13. unplausive: disapproving Troil. III. iii. 43.

unpregnant (see PREGNANT 2

1 unapt Meas, Iv. iv. 23 u. And dull to all proceedings.
2 u. of, not quickened by Ham. II. ii. 603 [595],
unprevailing: unavailing Ham. II. ii. 107. ¶ 'Prevail' = avail is a 16th cent. use.

unprizable: to which no value can be attached; hence in two opposite senses, (1) worthless Tw.N. v. i. 59, (2) invaluable Cym. r. iv. 104. unprized: (a) not valued or appreciated, (b) invaluable (cf. unvalued) Lr. r. 1. 262.

unprofited: profitless Tw. N. J. iv. 22 u. return, unproper: not belonging exclusively to an indi-vidual, common Oth. IV. i. 69 lie in those u, bels Which they dave swear peculiar. ¶ There is prob, no allusion to a sense 'indecent', since correspond-ing uses of the words 'proper' and 'improper'

are post-S.

unproperly: improperly Cor. v. iii. 54. unproportion'd: inordinate Ham. 1. iii. 60.

unprovide: to make unprepared, weaken the resolution of Oth, iv, i. 217 lest her body and beauty unprovide my mind again.

unprovided: unprepared H5 IV. i. 186 if they die n., 3H6 v. iv. 63; unarmed R3 III. ii. 73, L1, II. i. 54 he charges home My unprovided body.

unqualitied: divested of his (manly) qualities Ant. 111. ix. [xi.] 44.

unquestionable: unwilling to talk AYL, III. ii. 399. ¶Cf. QUESTIONABLE. unraised: not aspiring H5 1. Chor. 9 u. spirits. unrak'd: (of a fire) not raked together and covered with fuel so as to keep it in Wiv. v. v. 50 Where fires thou find'st unrak'd.

unready: not fully clothed 1H6 II. i. 39. unreasonable: not endowed with reason 3H6 II.

ii. 26 Unreasonable creatures

unrecalling: not to be recalled, past recall Lucr. 993 his unrecalling crime.

unreclaimed: untamed Ham. II. i. 34 u. blood. Properly used of hawks.

unrecuring: incurable, past cure Tit. III. i. 91 some unrecuring wound.

unreprievable: without possibility of a reprieve John v. vii. 48.

unresisted: irresistible Lucr. 282.

unrespected: unnoticed, not regarded Sonn.
xliii. 2 they view things u., liv. 10 They live unwoo'd, and unrespected fade.

unrespective: unobservant, heedless R3 IV. ii. 29 u. boys; fig. Troil. II. ii. 71 \*throw in u. siere (app. =that cares not what is put into it).

unreverend, unreverent [cf. REVEREND]: irreverent, disrespectful Shr. 111. ii. 115 these unreverent robes, John 1. i. 227 thou unreverend boy.

unrightful: having no rightful claim R2 v. i. 63 To plant unrightful kings. unrolled: struck off the roll (of thieves) Wint. 1v.

ii. [iii.] 131.

unroosted: ousted from one's place Wint. 11. iii. 74.

unrough: smooth, beardless Mac, v. ii. 10. unsalted: not salted Troil. II. i. 15 thou u. leaven

(Ff whinid'st, mod. edd. vinewed'st†).
unsanctified: wicked Mac. iv. ii. 79, Lr. iv. vi. 282.

unscann'd: inconsiderate Cor, III, i. 311 The harm of unscann'd swiftness. unsealed: not ratified (as by a seal) All'sW. IV. ii. 30.

unseam: to rip up Mac. 1. ii. 22 he unseam'd him from the nave to the chaps.

unseasonable: not in season for hunting Lucr. 581 To strike a poor unseasonable doe.

unseasoned:

1 unseasonable, ill-timed Wiv. II. ii. 176 this w. intrusion, 2H4 iii. i. 105. 2 immature All'sW. i. i. 81.

unsecret: u. to ourselves, not keeping our own counsel Troil. III. ii. 133. [i. 155.

unseeming: not seeming (to be willing to) LLL. II. unseminar'd: destitute of seed Ant. I. v. 11.

unset: not planted or sown Sonn. xvi. 6 many maiden gardens, yet unset. [62. unsettled: undecided All'sW. 11. v. 69, H8 11. iv. unsever'd: inseparable (cf. ABHORRED) Cor. III. ii. 42 unserer'd friends.

unshak'd: not shaken Cæs. III. i. 70 U. of motion (='undisturbed by the force which moves the rest', Aldis Wright), Cym. n. i. 70.

unshape: to put out, upset Meas. IV. iv. 23. unshaped: unformed, artless Ham. IV. v. 8 her speech is nothing, Yet the unshaped use of it . . . unshapen: deformed R3 1. ii. 252 (Ff mishapen).

unshorn: having the nap unclipped Compl. 94 u.

unshout: to reverse by shouting the effect of (former shouting) Cor. v. iv. 70 [v. 4] U. the noise that banish'd Marcius.

unshunnable: inevitable Oth, III. iii, 275. unshunned (cf. unsever'd) := prec. Meas. III. ii. 64

an unshunned consequence unsifted: untried Ham. I. iii. 102,

unsinew'd: weak Ham. IV. vii. 10 (Ff12 Qq un-

sinnow(e)d; see SINEW).
unsisting: (?) misprint in Ff<sub>123</sub> for insisting (F<sub>4</sub>) = persistent Meas. IV. ii. 92 (many conj., e.g. unresistingt, unassistingt).
unsorted: ill-chosen (cf. sort vb. 2) 1H4 II. iii. 15

the time itself unsorted.

unsphere: to remove (a star) from its sphere (see SPHERE) Wint. I. ii. 48.

unsquare (Q), unsquar'd (Ff): not adapted to the purpose, inapt Troil. 1. iii. 159.

unstaid: unbecoming Gent. 11. vii. 60.

unsta(u)nched (2 cf. unsever'd)
1 leaky (fig.) Tp. 1. i, 53.
2 insatiable 3H6 II. vi. 83 unstaunched thirst.

unstate: to strip of state and dignity Lr. 1. ii. 111 I would u. myself (=lose my rank), Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 30 Casar will Unstate his happiness.

unsure:

1 unsafe 2H4 I. iii. 89 A habitation giddy and unsure. 2 uncertain Tw. N. 11. iii. 52 What's to come is still u., Mac. v. iv. 20 their u. hopes, Oth. III. iii. 151 his scattering and unsure observance.

unsured: insecure John II. i. 471.

unsway'd:

not wielded R3 IV. iv. 470 is the sword unsway'd?. 2 (?) deprived of self-control Sonn. cxli. 11. untainted (2 cf. TAINT vb. 3)

1 unaccused R3 III. vi. 9.

- UPON

2 unsullied, without blemish Sonn. xix, 11.

untaught: uncultured, unmannerly Meas. 11. iv. 30 their u. love Must needs appear offence, 1H4 1. iii. 43 u. knaves, Rom. v. iii. 214 0 thou u.! what manners is in this . . . ?.

untempering: not having a softening influence H5 v. ii. 239 the poor and u. effect of my visage. untented : (of a wound) not tented or cleaned

out, and so liable to fester Lr. 1. iv. 324 Th' untented

woundings of u father's curse.
unthread: John v. iv. 11 U. the rude eye of rebellion
=retrace the rough path of rebellion. ¶ Cf. the
uses of thread in R2 v. v. 17, Cor. III. i. 123, Lr. II. i. 121.

unthrift: prodigal, (hence) good-for-nothing; adj. Mer. V. v. i. 16 an u. love, Tim. 1v. iii. 311 What mundidst thou ever know u. that was beloved after his means?;—sb. R2 11. iii. 122 upstart u-s, Sonn. ix. 9, xiii. 13. ¶ Marked as an 'old word' by Bailey.

9, NII. 13. "MARKED AS AIT OF WORD OF DESIGNATION THE PROPERTY (with I and 2 cf. UNTHRIFT)

1 not thrifty, not eager for increase or profit Wint.
v. ii. 125 u. to our knowledge (= not increasing in knowledge), Sonn. iv. 1 Untirify loveliness.
2 good-for-nothing Mer. V. 1. iii. 177 an u. knave, R2

v. iii. 1.

3 not bringing success (cf. THRIFT 2), unlucky Rom. v. iii. 136 some ill u. thing (Q 2; the rest unlucky). untie: to solve Cym. v. iv. 149.

unto:=to, in various senses;=in addition to AYL.

J. ii. 255 I should have given him tears unto entreaties, R2 v. iii. 97 Unto my mother's prayers I bend my knee; in regard or relation to Ant. II. ii. 150 His power unto Octavia; in accordance with Per. 11. i. 169 Unto thy value. ¶ Usually placed so that the second syll. bears the verse-accent, e.g. Ven. 263 The stro'ng-neck'd stee'd, being tie'd unto' a tree'; contrast 2H6 11. ii. 50 Sole du'ughler u'nto Li'onel, Du'ke of Cla'rence.

untold: unreckoned Sonn, exxxvi. 9 in the number

let me pass untold. [243. untoward: unmannerly Shr. 1v. v. 79, John 1. i. untowardly: perversely Ado III. ii. 136 0 day u. turned.

untraded: unhackneyed Troil. IV. v. 177 that I affect the untraded oath.

untread: to retrace (a path, steps) Mer.V. II. vi. 10, John v. iv. 52, Ven. 908.

untreasured: stripped of the treasure of AYL. II.

untrimmed: with her hair hanging loose, after the fashion of brides John III. i. 209 a new u. bride. ¶ Cf. Untrimmed, 'incomptus', 'impexus' (Rider's Dict.).

untrue sb.: untruth Sonn. exili. 14\* maketh mine u. (=is the cause of my not seeing things truly); Capell, Malone makes mine eye† untrue.

untrue adv .: untruly, in defiance of the truth Sonn.

lxxii. 10.

untrussing: untying the points (see POINT sb. 5)
Meas. III. ii. 194.

untruth: unfaithfulness, disloyalty R2 m. ii. 101, Troil. v. ii. 176. untucked: dishevelled Compl. 31.

untuneable (twice; cf. TUNEABLE): discordant Gent. III. i. 209 harsh, u., AYL. v. iii. 38 the note was very untuneable (Theobald untimeable †). untun'd (2 cf. TUNE=tone)

1 untuneful, discordant R2 1. iii. 134 boist'rous u. drums; out of tune Lr. IV. vii. 16 The u. and jar-

ring senses.
2 the tone of which is changed Err. v. i. 312 my feeble key of u. cures (= the weak tone of my voice, which is altered by sorrow), Lucr. 1214 With u. tongue she hoarsely call'd her maid.

untutor'd: = untaught 2H6 iii. ii. 213 Some stern n. churl, 3H6 v. v. 32 U. lad, thou art too malapert, Sonn. exxxviii. 3.

unvalu'd (2 cf. unavoided 2) 1 of no value Ham. 1. iii. 19.

2 inestimable R3 I. iv. 27 unvalu'd jewels. unvex'd: unmolested John II. i. 253.

unwares: unawares 3H6 II. v. 62; in Troil. III. ii. 38 (Q) at unwares, misprint for at unawares (F<sub>1</sub>).
¶ Used by Golding, and freq. in Spenser.

unwarily: unexpectedly John v. vii. 63. unwashed: 1H4 III. iii. 205 with u. hands, with-

out waiting to wash your hands, i.e. at once. unwedgeable: not splittable into wedges Meas.

11. ii. 116 the unwedgeable and gnarled ouk, unweighed: inconsiderate Wiv. 11. i. 23. unweighing: thoughtless Meas. III. ii. 151. unwholesome: foul Troil. II. iii. 130.

unwish: to wish (persons) out of existence H5 IV. iii. 76 thou hast unwish'd five thousand men. unwit: to deprive of understanding Oth. 11. iii. 184.

unworthy: undeserved, unfitting R31. ii. 88 didst unworthy slaughter upon others.

unwrung: not wrenched or galled, as by a bad saddle Ham. III. ii. 257 our withers are unwrung. unyoke:

238

1 to free cattle from the yoke; fig. to finish one's work Ham. v. i. 57 Ay, tell me that, and unyoke. to disjoin John III. i. 241. 2 to disjoin John III. i.

unyok'd: uncurbed 1H4 I. ii, 218 The u. humour

of your idleness.

up adv.: 1 on foot, in motion, going on Tit. II. ii. 1 The hunt is up, Cas. v. i. 68 The storm is up, Cym. III. iii. 107 The game is up (cf. supra the game is roused).

2 in a state of hostile activity, 'up in arms' 1H4 111. ii. 120, 2H4 1. i. 189 [he] is up, With well-appointed powers, 2H6 1v. ii. 191 Proclaim them traitors that are up with Cade.

3 in confinement Ant. III. v. 13 the poor third is up,

till death enlarge his confine.

up and down: 'all over', altogether, exactly Gent.

11. iii. 32 here's my mother's breath u., Ado II. i.

126 Here's his dry hand u., III. iii. 134 a' goes u.

like a genlleman, Tit. v. ii. 107 u. she doth resemble thee.

upbraid: to find fault with (a person's action) Tp.
II. i. 295 [287] who Should not u. our course, 2H4
IV. v. 191, Troil. III. ii. 198 let memory . . . U. my
fulschood, Mac. v. ii. 18 upbraid his faith-breuch.

upcast: a throw at the game of bowls Cym. II. i. 2 when I kissed the jack, upon an u. to be hit away!. upmost: topmost Cas. II. i. 24 the upmost round. upon adv. (see also Look upon)

1 on the surface Mcr. V. II. vii. 57 A coin . . . that's

insculp'd upon. 2 (with advs. near, hard, fast) almost immediately after the event in question Meas. IV. vi. 14, Troil.

IV. iii. 3, v. vi. 10. upon prep. (follows its noun in All'sW. III. iv. 6

the cold ground upon, R2 II. iii. 138; 6 developed from the use with words like 'attack'; for idio-

matic uses with vbs. and adjs. see the latter)

on the side or party of John II. i. 237 whose protection Is most divinely row'd upon the right of him it holds, Mac. III. vi. 30 upon his aid To wake Northumberland.

2 independence on, in consequence of, on account of, because of, in pursuance of Ado IV. i. 225 When he shall hear she died upon his words, &c., All's W.Iv.iv. 30 Upon your will to suffer, Tw. N. v. i. 285 he upon some action Is now in durance, John II. i. 597 kings break failh upon Commoddy, H5 1. i. 76 Upon our spiritual convocation, IV. i. 19, Cor. II. i. 247 upon their ancient malice, Cas. IV. iii, 151 She is dead. ... Upon what sickness?; hence upon the hand = by the hand MND. 11. i. 244 To die upon the hand I love so welt (? with mixture of sense 'near').

3 on the strength of Tim, 111, i. 46 upon bare friend-ship, without security, Cas. 111, i. 221 Upon this hope. 4 bent upon Oth. 1. i. 100\* Upon malicious knavery.

5 at or just about (a certain time) Meas. IV. i. 19 much upon this time have I promised here to meet, H5 1. i. 91 upon that instant, R3 111. ii. 5 What is't oclock?—Upon the stroke of four, iv. ii. 111, Ham. i. i. 6 You come most carefully upon your hour; similarly Cas. 111. ii. 271 He comes upon a wish ( = as soon as desired).

6 against Cor. HI. iii. 46 such faults As shall be prov'd upon you, Mac. IV. iii. 112, 131 my first false speaking Was this upon myself, Lr. III. vi. 98 a plot of

death upon him.

(with words denoting command or authority) usu. = over Gent. 111. i. 239, Tit. 111. i. 268 And would usurp upon my watery eyes, Mac. 111. i. 16 Let your highness Command upon me, Ant. 1. iii. 23 I have no power upon you. uprighteously: righteously Meas. 111. i. 205.

uproar: to disturb Mac. IV. iii. 99 Uproar the uni-

versat peace, upshoot: best shot LLL. IV. i. 140. upshot: conclusion Tw.N. IV. ii. 77, Ham. V. ii. 398. upspring [app. translation of German 'hüpfauf']: the wildest dance at the old German merrymakings Ham. I. iv. 9 Keeps wassait, and the swaygering upspring reels.

upstaring: standing on end Tp. 1. ii. 213 With hair
u. ¶ Spenser has 'upstaring crests' and 'up-

start haire'.

upstart: (?) overbearing fellow 1H6 IV. vii. 87. upswarm: to raise in swarms 2H4 iv. ii. 30. uptill: against, on Sonn. Music vi. 10 [Pilgr. 382].

upward sh.: top Lr. v. iii. 138 from the extremest upward of thy head To the . . .

upward adj.: upturned Tim. IV. iii. 191 thy upward face, Cæs. v. iii. 93.

urchin:

1 hedgehog Tit. II. iii. 101. 2 goblin, elf Tp. I. ii. 326, Wiv. IV. iv. 51 Like u-s, ouplis, and faire

urchin show: elf-like apparition Tp. 11. ii. 5. urchin-snouted: having a snout like a hedgehog Ven. 1105 urchin-snouted boar.

urge (rare uses)

1 intr. to put forward a strong plea or argument (for, against) H8 11, i. 16 The king's attorney . . . U'd on the examinations . . . Of divers witnesses (= pleaded on the evidence of . . ), v. iii. 48 That . my accusers . . . may . . . freely n. against me, Tim. III. ii. 14 urged extremely for't.

to put forward (a person's name) Ant. II. ii. 50 my brother never Did u. me in his act (= make eapi-

tal of my name in his war).

urinal: glass vessel to receive urine Gent. 11. i. 43, Wiv. III. i. 14, 91.

urn (2 as sense not elsewhere in S.)

(properly) vessel to hold the ashes of the dead 1116 i. vi. 24; (transf.) grave H5 i. ii. 228, Cor. v. v. [vi.] 146.

water-jug; fig. of the eyes Tit. III. i. 17 rain (=tears), That shall distit from these two ancient urns+ (old edd. ruin(e)s).

usage: habit 0th, iv. iii. 107 (Q 1 only; the rest uses).
usance (only Mer.V.): interest on money, usury
Mer.V. I. iii. 46, &c.

use sb. (obsolete or archaic uses)

1 habitual practice, custom Meas. I. iv. 62 use and liberty (=licentious practice), Mer. V. IV. i. 269 it is still her (viz. Fortune's) use To let the wretched man outlive his wealth, All'SW. v. i. 24 with more haste Than is his use, Tim. 1. i. 292 a return exceeding All use of quittance, Oth. IV. i. 285 Is it his use?; pl. usages, ways Ham. 1. ii. 134 alt the uses of this

world, Oth. IV. iii. 107 (Q1 vsage). 2 common experience Cæs. II. ii. 25 beyond all use, III. i. 265 so in use (= of such common occurrence),

Mac. I. iii. 137 Against the use of nature.

3 profit, advantage John v. iv. 27 What in the world should make me now deceive, Since I must lose the use of all deceit?, H8 III. ii. 421 make use (=take advantage of the opportunity).

4 interest on something lent Meas. r. i. 40, Ado 11. i. 290 he lent it me awhile; and I yave him use for it,

Sonn. vi. 5, exxxiv. 10; phr. put to use Tw.N. II. i. 58, Ven. 768, 5 need Tim. II. i. 20 My uses cry to me, III. ii. 41, v. i. 211, Cym. IV. iv. 7.

6 in use, in trust Mer. V. Iv. i. 384, Ant. I. iii. 44\*.

use vb. (obsolete or archaic uses)

1 to be in the habit of doing (a thing), make a practice of Mer.V. I. iii. 71 I do never use it, Cor. III. i. 113 as 'twas us'd, Lr. 1. iv. 188; with infin. Troil.

11. i. 52 If thou use to beat me. 2 to be accustomed (with inf.) Tp. 11. i. 182 they always use to laugh at nothing, Ant. 11. v. 32 we use

To say the dead are well.

3 refl. to behave oneself H8 III. i. 175 If I have us'd

myself unmannerly.
4 to put out at interest Sonn. iv. 7\* Profitless usurer, why dost thou use So great a sum of sums, yet canst not live ?.

5 use of, deal with Tit. v. i. 39 To use as you think needful of the man.

6 to be familiar with Mac. III. ii. 10; cf. next.

us'd: familiar Per. 1. ii. 3 so us'd a guest.

usurer: u-'s chain, chain such as was worn by wealthy citizens of the merchant or banker class Ado 11. i. 199.

usuring: usurious, grasping, stingy Tim. 111. v. 112, IV. iii. 518 a usuring kindness.

usurp: intr. to encroach or exercise unlawful influence upon Tit. III. i. 268 this sorrow...would u. upon my watery eyes, Ham. III. ii. 275, Per. III. ii. 82 Death may usurp on nature many hours.

usurped: false Oth. i. iii. 346 an u. beard; so

usurping LLL, IV. iii. 259 usurping hair. ut: lowest note of the musical scale LLL, IV. ii. 103,

Shr. ni. i. 77.

utis [variant form of 'utas' = octave of a festival, i.e. the eighth day after the feast-day, or the period of eight days beginning with it]: in transf. sense, merrymaking 2H4 II. iv. 22 old utis (= rare fun).

utniost: furthest John II. i. 29 that u. corner of the west, Oth. v. ii. 267 my butt, And very sea-mark of my u. sail; absol. furthest point Meas. 11. i. 36 that's

the utmost of his pilgrimage. utter (cf. 2 'utter false coin')

1 to emit MND. IV. ii. 45 eat no onions nor garlic, for we are to u. sweet breath, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 185,

Cæs. 1. ii. 246.

2 to put forth, put in circulation, offer for sale, put on the market LLL. 11. i. 16 u-'d by base sale of chapmen's tongues, Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 332 Money's a meddler, That doth u. all men's ware-a, Rom. v. i. 67 Such mortal drugs I have; but Mantaa's law Is death to any he that atters them.

utterance: to the u., at u., to the uttermost, to the last extremity Mac. 111. i. 72 champion me to the u., Cym. 111. i. 73 keep at utterance.

uttermost: Mer. V. 1. i. 157 of my u., of my doing my utmost; Cæs. II. i. 213 the u., the latest.

vacancy:

1 empty space, vacuity Ham. III, iv. 116 bend your eye on vacancy, Ant. II. ii. 224.

2 unoccupied time Ant. I. iv. 26; vacant interval

Tw. N. v. i. 99 a minute's vacancy.

vacant: devoid of H8 v. i. 126.

vade: to fade R2 I. ii. 20 his summer leaves all raded. Sonn. liv. 14.

vagabond: moving to and fro Ant. 1. iv. 45 a v. flag upon the stream

vagrom: vagrant Ado III. iii. 26 (Dogberry). vail sb.: going down Troil. v. viii. 7 the vail and

darking of the sun.

vail vb. [aphetic form of 'avail, avale', Fr. 'avaler']
1 to let fall, lower LLL. v. ii. 298 angels v-ing clouds (=letting fall the clouds that hide them), Mer. V. 1. i. 28 Vailing her high-top, 1H6 v. iii. 25 v. her lofty-plumed crest, Ham. 1. ii. 70 thy vailed lids, Per. 11. iii. 42.

2 fig. Shr. v. ii. 177 vail your stomachs, 2H4 1, i, 129, Cor. III. i. 97 vail your ignorance.

3 to do homage to Per. IV. Gower 29.

vailful+: advantageous Meas. IV. vi. 4 to v. purpose (Ff vail(e full, Malone veil full+).

vails: perquisites, tips Per. II. i. 163. Remains in some midland dialects.

vain (sensel, and 'empty, worthless', 'ineffectual'

are the chief meanings) 1 empty-headed, foolish, silly Err. III. ii. 187 no man is so vain That would refuse so fair an offer'd chain, LLL. v. ii. 769 wanton . . . skipping and vain, 1H4 III. ii. 67 every beardless vain comparative, Lr. iv. ii. 61 0 vain fool. 2 false Err. iii. ii. 27.

3 for vain, in vain Meas. II. iv. 12.

vainly: falsely, wrongly 2H4 IV. v. 237.

vainness: boastfulness, vanity Tw. N. III. iv. 391\* H5 v. Chor. 20. [451 [442].

valanced: 'curtained' with a beard Ham, II, ii. vale (not used in prose): fig. 2H6 II. i. 70 this earthly vale, Oth. III. iii. 266 the rale of years.

validity:

1 strength Ham. III. ii. 201 Of . . . poor validity.

2 value All'sW. v. iii. 194 this ring, Whose . . rich v. . . , Tw. N. I. i. 12, Rom. III. iii. 33 more v. . . lies In carrion flies than Romeo, Lr. I. i. 83. value sb.: estimation H8 v. iii. 108 How much more

is his life in value with him; estimate Cor. II. ii. 64 A kinder value of the people.

value vb. (1 freq. in the gen. sense)

1 to rate, estimate : 1H4 III. ii. 177 Our business r-d. taking into consideration how long our business will take us; v. ii. 59 valu'd with you, compared with you in respect of worth,

2 to be worth (so much) H8 1. i. 88, 11. iii. 52.

valu'd: containing the values of each set down Mac. 111. i. 95 the valu'd file.

vambrace: see VANTBRACE.

vanish: to escape from Rom. III. iii. 10 A gentler judgement vanish'd from his lips. vanity (1 cf. INIQUITY)

1 character in the old morality plays Lr. II. ii. 40

1 Character in the old morality plays LT. II. II. 40
Vanity the pupper's part.
2 illusion Tp. IV. i. 41 Some vanity of mine art.
vantage (2 by far the most freq. sense)
1 superior position, superiority MND. I. i. 102 as
fairly rank'd If not with v., H5 III. vi. 156 an
enemy of craft and v., Lucr. 249 Urging . . . for v.
(=putting in the most favourable light); phr.
2H4 II. iii. S8 and around and v. of the kinn H5. 2H4 II. iii. 53 get ground and v. of the king, H5 IV. i. 300 Had the fore-hand and vantage of a king.

2 opportunity, = advantage 1, Gent. 1. ini. 82, iv. i. 29, Shr. III. ii. 147 watch our v., 1H6 iv. v. 28 for v. (-eto get a good opportunity), Cor. v. v. [vi.] 54 at your v., . . . let him fed your sword, Mac. I. ii. 31 surveying v. I. vi. 7 coign of v. (=convenient corner), Ham. v. ii. 404, Cym. I. iii. 24 With his next v., Ven. 635 [the boar] having thee at r. (=in a position favourable to himself).

a benefit, profit, gain John II. i. 550, Cor. I. i. 166 to win some v., Cym. v. v. 199 for my v., excellent, Sonn. lxxxviii. 12.

4 of v., to the v., in addition, besides Ham. III. iii. 33, Oth. IV. iii. 87.

vantbrace: armour for the front part of the arm

Troil, I. iii. 297 (Q rambrace). vaporous: v. drop, 'a foam which the moon was supposed to shed on particular herbs, or other objects, when strongly solicited by enchantment' (Steevens) Mac. III. v. 24.

vara: dial. pronunciation of 'very' LLL. v. ii. 488 (Costard). Now confined to northern dial.

variable: various Cor. II. i. 231 ridges hors'd With r. complexions, Ham. III.i. 181 the seas and countries different With variable objects, Cym. 1. vi. 134. variation: variety 1H4 1. i. 64, Sonn. lxxvi. 2

varietion: variety 144 1. 1. 04, Solin. IXXVI. 2. variet: gentleman's son in the service of a knight or prince H5 1V. ii. 2 (intended for French; F1 Verlot), Troil. 1. 1. 1 Call here my c., I'll unarm again. ¶ The sense 'rascal, knave' is freq. varietry: rabble Ant. v. ii. 56 the shouting v.

vary sb.: change, variation Lr. 11, ii. 84

vary vb.: to express in different terms H5 III. vii. 35 vary deserved praise on my palfrey.

that shallow v. (vessel+), 2H6 IV. i. 111 a lowly v., Lr. T. i. 163 Ov.! miscreant!.—adj. slavish, base 1H4 III. ii. 124 v. fav., H5 III. v. 51 the valleys, whose low wassal seat The Alps doth spit . . . upon. vassalage: vassals collectively Troil. III. ii. 38.

vast: the senses 'boundless, immense' and 'waste, desolate' are app. sometimes blended R3 1. iv. 39 the empty, v., and wandering air, Tit. Iv. i. 53 the ruthless, v., and gloomy woods, v. ii. 36 No v. obrumass, v., and gloomy woods, v. 11. 36 No v. obscurity or misty vale; extending far and wide John IV. iii. 152 v. confusion;—sb. (1) desolate period (of the night) Tp. I. ii. 327, Ham. I. ii. 198 the dead vast and middle of the night (Qq156; others wast(e); (2) boundless desolate sea Wint. I. i. 33, Per. III. i. 1 The god of this great vast. vastidity; immensity Meas, III. 1, 67 all the world's v. vastly; (a) in desolation (b) for and wide Local

vastly\*: (a) in desolation, (b) far and wide Lucr.

1740.

vasty: usu. = vast, as in 1H4 III. i. 53 I can call spirits from the v. deep; but prob. with mixture of sense 'waste' in Mer.V. 11. vii. 41 the v. wilds Of wide Arabia.

vaultage (once): app. cavern H5 H. iv. 124 womby ruultages.

vaulty: arched, hollow, cavernous John III. iv. 30 [death's] v. brows (perhaps with a ref. to burial vaults), Rom. ni. v. 22 The vaulty heaven, Lucr. 119 [night's] vaulty prison

vaunt: beginning, rise Troil. Prol. 27 the vaunt and firstlings of those broils.

vaunt-courier: herald, harbinger Lr. 111, ii. 5 V-s

to oak-cleaving thunderbolts. vaward: vanguard H5 IV. iii. 130, Cor. I. vi. 53: fig. early part MND. IV. i. 111 the v. of the day, 2H4 I. ii. 202 the vaward of our youth.

vegetives: vegetables Per. III, ii. 36.

vein (1 the literal sense is freq.)

1 fig. John v. ii. 38 combine The blood of malice in a v. of league, Troil. 1. iii. 6, Per. 1. iv. 94 the Trojan horse was stuff'd within With bloody reins.

2 disposition, humour Err. II. ii. 20 in this merry v. R3 iv. ii. 115 in the giving rein, Troil. II. iii. 213 he rubs the rein of him.

particular style or manner of life or action Meas. 11. ii. 70, MND. I. ii. 43 This is Ercles' v., a tyrant's

vein, 1H4 II, iv. 431.

velure: velvet Shr. III. ii. 63. velvet: adj. 'sleek and prosperous' (Aldis Wright)
AYL. II. i. 50 his velvet friends.

velvet-guards: wearers of velvet trimmings (see

velvet-guards: wearers of velvet trimmings (see guards sb, 4) or such finery 1H4 III. i. 260.

venew, venue, veney: thrust in fencing LLL.
v. i. 63 (fig.) a sweet touch, a quick v. of wit', Ham.
(Q 1) line 181 in twelve venies (F<sub>1</sub> in a dozen pusses);
also a fencing-bout Wiv. i. i. 298 (F<sub>1</sub> veneys).
vengeance (3 cf. phr. 'with a vengeance ')
1 mischief, harm AYL. IV. iii. 49 That could do no
rengeance to me, Tit. II. jii. 113,
2 in jumprecations Gent. II. iii. 21 4 v. ov' 2446 vv.

in imprecations Gent. II. iii. 21 A v. on't, 2H6 III. ii. 304 threefold v. tend upon your steps!, Troil. II. iii. 19 the v. on the whole camp, Cor. 111. i. 261 What the rengeance!, Lr. II. iv. 96.
3 as adv. Cor. II. ii. 6 rengeance proud.

vengeful: revengeful, vindictive Sonn. xcix. 13. Venice gold: gold thread of Venetian manufacture Shr. 11. i. 348 [356].

venison: wild animals hunted for food AYL II. i. 21 kill . . . v., Cym. III. iii. 75 He that strikes The v. venom: poisonous (lit. and fig.) Err. v. i. 69 The v.

clamours of a jealous woman, R2 II, i. 19, 3H6 II. ii. 138 venom toads, Lucr. 850 venom mud. venomed (2cf. venom'd-mouth'd H8 I. i. 120, altered

in mod. edd. to venom-mouth'd+)

poisoned R2 I. i. 171 slander's r-'d spear, Ham. 1v. vii. 161, Ven. 916 venom'd sores. venomous R3 I. ii. 20 creeping venom'd thing, Tim.

IV. iii. 183; fig. Troil. v. iii. 47 v-'d vengeance. venomous: fig. injurious, permicious Troil. Iv. ii. 12\* v. wights, Cor. Iv. i. 23 Thy tears are . . . v. to thine eyes, Tit. v. iii. 13 venomous malice. vent sb. [? orig. a variant of 'fent'=slit]

1 opening, aperture 2H4 Ind. 2 The v. of hearing (=the ear), Troil. v. iii. 82 how thy wounds do bleed at many v-s, Lucr. 310 little v-s and crannies, 1040.

2 emission, effusion Ant. v. ii. 350 a v. of blood; utterance (of words) Ven. 334; make v. of, talk freely or copiously about All'sW. II., iii. 212. vent sb.2 [Fr. 'vent' = wind, scent]: scent; Cor. IV.

v. 239\* full of v., (?) full of excitement or activity,

as a dog on a good scent,

vent vb.: to emit Tp. Ir. ii. 115, Cym. I. ii. 5; csp.

to utter, e.g. Tp. I. ii. 280; to void, get rid of

Cor. I. i. 231 to vent Our musty superfluity.

ventage: vent-hole; applied to the stops of a flute Ham. 111. ii. 380 [373].

ventricle: the v. of memory, that one of the three divisions of the brain which was held to be the seat of memory LLL. IV. ii. 70.

venture: concr. venturous person Cym. 1. vi. 123.

venue: see VENEW.

verbal: (a) plain-spoken, (b) verbose, (c) playing with words Cym. II. iii. 111\*.

verbatim: by word of mouth 1H6 III. i. 13. verge: compass R2 II. i. 102; circle R3 IV. i. 58 the inclusive v. Of golden metal; (magic) circle 2H6 I. iv. 25 within a hallow'd v. ¶ In R2 II. i. 102 there is allusion to the sense 'Compass, or extent of the King's Court, formerly of twelve Miles extent, within the Jurisdiction of the Lord High Steward of the King's Household'. verify:

1 to affirm, maintain Ado v. i. 228 they have verified unjust things, H5 III. ii. 79, 1H6 I. ii. 32.

2 to speak the truth about (Malone), bear witness

to (J.) Cor. v. ii. 17\* (many conj. e.g. magnified+, glorified t).

verity: truthfulness AYL. III. iv. 23 his v. in love, Mac. IV. iii. 92 justice, verity, temperance.

versal (common Eliz.) : = UNIVERSAL Rom. II. iv. 221 the versal world.

versing: telling in verse MND. II. i. 67 v. love.

very (same r. = very same John IV. i. 125, R3 III. ii. 49) 1 veritable, real, true, that is indeed so Ado IV. i. 188 Two of them have the very bent of honour, Ham. II. ii. 49 The very cause of Hamlet's tunacy; esp. in very friend Gent. III. ii. 41, Mer. V. III. ii. 224, Rom. 111. i. 116 ;-Cym. IV. ii. 107 very Cloten (= Cloten himself).

2 complete, thorough, perfect Tw.N. I. iii. 25 he's a very fool, Troil. I. ii. 15 They say he is a very man per se. [iii. 296, Oth. I. i. 88.

very adv.: quite, exactly, just Meas. iv. iii. 41, Lr. v.

vesper: evening Ant. iv. xii. [xiv.] 8.
vessel: freq. in the sense of (i) 'ship', less common
in the sense (ii) 'cask, &c., for holding liquids';
both are used fig. (i) All'sW. II. iii, 215 believing thee av. of too great a burden, Cor. IV. v. 68, (ii) 2H4 IV. iv. 44, H5 IV. Chor. 3 When creeping murmur and the poring dark Fills the wide v. of the universe, Tim. 11. ii. 187 If I would broach the v-s of my love (i.e. my friends); esp. applied to the human body (i) Tim. v. i. 206 nature's fragile v., Per. IV. iv. 30 A tempest, which his mortal v, tears, (ii) Oth. IV. ii. 82 to preserve this v. for my lord; hence=person
(ii) Wint. III. iii. 20 I never saw a v. of like sorrow,
So fill'd, Cas. v. v. 13 Now is that noble v. full of grief; similarly weaker v. = woman LLL. 1. i. 271. Rom. I. i. 20.

vestal: sb. priestess of Vesta, vowed to chastity, and having the charge of keeping alight the ve tal fire Ven. 752; transf. virgin MND. 11. i. 158 a fair v. throned by the west (ref. to Queen Elizabeth); kitchen v. (jocular), kitchen maid, 'her charge being, like the vestal virgins, to keep the fire burning' (J.) Err. IV. iv. 77;—adj. Per. III. iv. 10 A v. livery will I take me to (=I will embrace the life of a vestal); chaste Rom. 11. ii. 8, 111. iii. 38 pure and vestal modesty.

vesture: applied to the human body Mer. V. v. i. 64 this muddy v. of decay, Oth. II. i. 64 in th' essential v. of creation (='the real qualities with which creation has invested her', J.).

vex (2 freq., as also the current mod. sense of 'irritate, annoy')

1 to disturb, agitate (physically) Tp. 1. ii. 229 (see still adv. ¶), Lr. IV. iv. 2 As mad as the vex'd sea. 2 to disturb, agitate (mentally); to afflict, harass, torment Tw.N. III. iv. 232 it hath no tongue to vex

you, John III. 11 my vex'd spirits, iv. 109 a twice told tale, Vezing the dull ear of a drowsy man, Ces. 1. ii. 39 Vexed . . . with passions of some difference. vexation (cf. vex): agitalion; affliction, torment, uneasiness, anguish MND. vv. i. 75 the fierce v. of a drown DP3 vi. 2006 Vexa children serve v. for a dream, R3 IV. iv. 306 Your children were v. to your youth, Oth. 1. i. 72 changes of v., Lucr. 1779 The deep rexation of his inward soul.

vial (old edd, viall, violl, violle): bottle or flask Rom. IV. i. 93; spec. bottle such as those found in ancient Roman tombs, commonly supposed to have been made to receive tears Ant. I. iii. 63 the sacred vials thou shouldst fill With sorrouful water. vice sh' (2 cf. Cotgr., 'Badiner', to play the foole, or Vice)

1 sinful act, offence, transgression Meas. II. iv. 117 You . . . rather prov'd the sliding of your brother A merriment than a vice, Oth. IV. i. 179 how he laughed at his vice, IV. iii. 71 'tis a great price For a small vice.

2 (with capital V)=INIQUITY Tw.N. IV. ii. 138, 2H4 III. ii. 347 (see DAGGER 2); cf. R3 III. i. 82 the formal Vice, Iniquity; transf. Ham. III. iv. 98 a Vice of kings (=a buffoon of a king).

vice sb.2: screw Ado v. ii. 21 you must put in the

pikes with a vice; instrument for gripping things that are being worked upon ; fig. grip 2H4 II. i.

26 an a' come but within my vice (Q view).
vice vb.: to screw Wint. I. ii, 416 an instrument To vice non to't.

vicegerent: deputy LLL. I. i. 219 the welkin's v. vicious:

1 faulty, wrong Oth. III. iii, 145 Though I perchance am v. in my guess, Cym. v. v. 65 it had been v. To have mistrusted her.

2 constituting a defect Ham. I. iv. 24 some vicious mole of nuture.

victor: victorious Lr. v. iii. 134 thy v. sword (Ff

victor-Sword).

vie (orig. a term at cards ; cf. To Vie, as they do at cardes, 'Augere, Admittere, Accipere Sponsionem', Rider's Dict. 1589.)

1 to stake; fig. Shr. rr. i. 303 [311] kiss on kiss She vied so fast (i.e. as if to outdo me).

2 to compete with (another) in respect of (something) Ant. v. ii. 98 nature wants stuff To vie strange forms with fancy, Per. III. i. 26 ve. . . therein may Vie honour with you, vv. Gower 33 so With the dove of Paphos might the crow Vie feathers white.

view (1 freq. in the gen. sense of 'sight' with subjective and objective genitive, e.g. Gent. 1. ii. 52 force the letter to my view, Ant. 11. ii. 173 to my

sister's view = to see my sister

i phr. at ample view, so as to be fully seen Tw. N. I.
i. 27; on more view, on closer inspection Rom. I.
ii. 32; from view o', out of sight of Cym. III. iii.
28; full of view', having many opportunities of observation Cym. III. iv. 150; to the view, so as to be seen by all, to the public view Ham. v. ii. 392,
Apt. v. ii 210 Song or 2, 4, HS. i. 44 Jan. v. v. Ant. v. ii. 210, Sonn. cx. 2; H8 1, i. 44 gave each thing view, showed everything to full advantage;

in (the) view is freq.
2 look, glance Wiv. 1. iii. 67, Troil. IV. v. 281 amorous view, Compl. 26; inspection Tw.N. II. ii. 20 made good view of me (=examined me closely), Troil, III, iii, 242,

3 outward appearance Mer.V. III. ii. 131 You that choose not by the view, Rom. I. i. 176.

viewless: invisible Meas. III. i. 122 v. winds. vigil: eve of a festival H5 IV. iii. 45.

vigitant: blunder for vigilant Ado III, iii. 99. vigour: power or efficacy (of a poison) Ham. I. v. 68, Cym. I. v. 21; fig. Meas. II. ii. 184 the strumpet, With all her double vigour, art and nuture, vile (very often spelt vild, vild, vild in old edd.)

1 low or mean in rank or condition Mer. V. II. iv.

6, 2H4 r. ii. 19 in v. apparel, H5 IV. iii. 62, 2H6 IV. i. 134 Great men oft die by vile bezonians.

2 having a bad effect or influence, evil R3 III. ii. 62 'Tis a vile thing to die . . . When men are unprepar'd, Cæs. II. i. 265 the vile contagion of the night, Mac. III. i. 109 the v. blovs and buffets of the vorld, viled vilenges septel in old 4d 1H4 III. iii. 1191.

vilely (twice so spelt in old edd. 1H4 mr. iii. 1, 121: elsewhere vildly, vildely).
villagery: villages collectively MND. II. i. 35.

villain (most freq. in the mod. sense)

1 serf, bondman, servant AYL. r. i. 60 I am no v. (with play on the sense 'rascal'), Tit. rv. iii. 72 the empress' v., Lr. III. vii. 78, Lucr. 1338 The homely villain curtsies to her low.

2 used without serious implication of bad qualities (cf. 'rascal', 'wretch'), esp. as a term of address, e.g. Wiv. iv. v. 73 They are gone but to meet the duke, villain, Err. II. i. 58; (hence) good-humouredly or as a term of endearment Err. 1. ii. 19 A trusty v., Wint. 1. ii. 137 sweet v.; applied to women Tw.N. 11. v. 16, Troil. 111. ii. 33 the prettiest v.

vindicative: vindictive Troil. rv. v. 107. vinewed'st; vinni(e)d'st: most mouldy Troil. II. i. 15 thore v. leaven (Ff whinid'st, Q vusalted).

viol: six-stringed instrument played with a bow R2 1. iii. 162, Per. 1. i. 81.

viol-de-gamboys: for 'viol da gamba' = BASE-viol Tw.N. I. iii. 28. violence: 'bold action' (Rolfe) Oth. I. iii. 251 My

downright violence.

violent: to be violent Troil, IV, iv. 4 The grief . . .

violenteth in a sense as strong . . . viperous: venomous Cor. III. i. 285 The v. traitor,

Cym. III. iv. 41 This viperous slander

virgin adj .: of a virgin Mer. V. III. ii. 56 The virgin tribute (viz. Hesione) paid by howling Troy To the sea-monster; of virginity MND, 1. i. 80 my virgin patent (=my privilege of virginity).
virgin vb.: (with it) to play the virgin, be chaste

Cor. v. iii. 48.

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virginal: virgin, maidenly 2H6 v. ii. 52 tears v., Cor. v. ii. 45, Per. IV. vi. 62.

virginalling: lit. playing on the virginals, a keyed instrument of the harpsichord class; fig. fingering Wint. 1. ii. 126 Still v. Upon his palm!. virgin-knot: zone or girdle anciently worn by

maidens Tp. Iv. i. 15. virtue (2 cf. Latin 'virtus' and Cor. II. ii. 89 valour

is the chiefest virtue)

1 concr. use of the moral sense 2H4 II. iv. 50 my poor v., Tim. 111. v. 7 a humble suitor to your v-s

(viz. the senate).
2 valour, bravery 1H4 II. iv. 134, Cor. I. i. 42, Lr. v. iii. 104 Trust to thy single v.; concr. Ant. Iv. viii.

17 O infinite virtue !.

3 good quality or property, merit Ado II. i. 129, AYL. III. ii. 128 that's the right v. of the medlar, 1Н4 пп. і. 126.

4 good accomplishment Gent. III. i. 279 She can

4 good accomplishment Gent. III. 1. 279 She can milk; ... a sweet v. in a maid, Per. I.v. vi. 200 I can sing, weave, sew, ... With other virtues.

5 power, efficacy (of a thing) Mer.V. v. i. 199 If you had known the v. of the ring, AYL. v. iv. 109 much v. in 'if', John v. vii. 44 some v. in my tears, Sonn. lxxxi. 13 such wirtue hath my pen.

6 (a person's) power 2H4 Iv. i. 163 In very ample v. of (=by the full authority of) his father, Mac. Iv. iii. 156 With this strange v., He hath a heavenly gift of prophecy, Oth. I. iii. 321 it is not in my v. to amend it. amend it.

7 essence, essential part Tp. 1. ii. 27 The very v. of compassion, MND. iv. i. 175, Tim. III. v. 8 pity is the virtue of the law.

virtuous (most freq. in the moral sense) 1 of efficacious or powerful properties MND, III, ii. 367 Whose liquor hath this v. property, Oth. III. iv. 110 by your v. means; (?) beneficial Meas, II. ii. 168\* (see SEASON Sb. 3).

2 essential 2H4 IV. v. 74\* culling from every flower The virtuous sweets.

virtuously: app, used affectedly = preciously, dearly Tim. I. ii. 235.
visit (26f, 'visit their offences with the rod 'Psalm
1 to afflict with disease LLL. v. ii. 423 These lords

are v-ed (viz. with the plague), 1H4 IV. i. 26, Mac. IV. iii. 150 strangely-visited people. to punish (sins) Mer. V. III. v. 14, John II. i. 179,

H5 iv. i. 188.

visitation (1 spec. applied to attacks of the plague, cf. visit vb. 1; 2 the sb. 'visit' is not S.) affliction Tp. 111. i. 32.

2 visiting, visit Wint. 1. i. 7 to pay Bohemia the v.

which he justly owes him, R3 III. vii. 106 Deferr'd the v. of my friends, Tim. I. ii. 227, Ham. II. ii. 25. visitor: one who takes spiritual consolation to

others Tp. II. i. 11.

visor, vizor: mask Ado II. i. 102, Rom. I. iv. 30 [I. i. 39.

vives†: see fives, [I. i. 39. vizaments: for 'advisements' = deliberations Wiv. vizard, visard: = VISOR Wiv. IV. iv. 72, Mac. III. ii. 34.

vizarded: masked Wiv. IV. vi. 40, Troil. I. iii. 83. vlouting-stog: see FLOUTING-STOCK.

voice sb. (the usual medium of expressing one's meaning, intention, or opinion; hence the foll.

1 what one says, speech, words Wiv. I. iii. 49, I. iv. 163 let me have thy v. in my behalf (= speak for me), H5 v. ii. 93 Haply a woman's v. may do some good, Ham. r. ii. 45 lose your voice (= speak in vain).

a general v., Tim. 11. ii. 214 in a joint and corporate v.; semi-concr. Tit, v. iii. 140 The common v. do

cry it shall be so.

3 general talk, rumour, report Tw.N. 1. v. 281, H8 III. ii. 406 the v. is now Only about her coronation, v. iii. 175 The common v., Cæs. II. i. 146 buy men's

voices.

4 judgement, opinion H8 11. ii. 88, 94, Troil. 1. iii. 187, Ham. v. ii. 263 Till . . . I have a v. and precedent of peace; public or general opinion, (hence) reputation H5 11. ii. 113 [if] Hath got the v. in hell for excellence, Oth. 1. iii. 226 opinion . . . throws a more safer voice on you.

more safer once on you.

5 vote, (hence) support, authority, approval MND.

1. i. 54 wanting your fathers v., R3 III. iv. 19 in the
duke's behalf I'll give my v., 28, H8 v. iii. 83 agreed
... by all v-s, Cor. II. iii. 23 of no more v. Than
dogs, Cass. III. ii. 177, Oth. I. ii. 13; often with give,

6 phr. in my v., (i) in my name Meas. 1. ii. 191, (ii) as far as my opinion is concerned AYL, II, iv. 88; cf. Troil. II. iii. 150,

voice vb. (twice)

1 to acclaim Tim. IV. iii. 82 Is this the Athenian minion, whom the world Voic'd so regardfully?. 2 to nominate Cor. II. iii. 242.

void adj.: empty Cæs, II, iv. 37 a place more void, void vb. [aphetic form of AVOID, q.v.]

1 to emit Mer. V. I. iii, 118 v. your rheum, H5 III.

v. 52; void up, vomit Tim. 1. ii. 145.
2 to quit H5 rv. vii. 63 void the field.
voiding-lobby: anteroom, waiting-room 2H6 rv.
volable: quick-witted LLL. 111. i. 69 (Q<sub>1</sub>; Ff Q<sub>2</sub> voluble).

Volquessen: Vexin, ancient territorial division of France, John II. i. 527.
volume: Cor. III. iii. 33 Will bear the knave by the v.

= will endure whole volumes of contemptuous

voluntary: volunteer John II. i. 67 Rash, inconsiderate, fiery voluntaries, Troil. II. i. 106 Ajax was here the voluntary.

votaress (old edd. also votarisse, votresse): woman that is under a vow MND. II. i. 123, 163, Per. IV.

Gower 4. votarist := votary Meas. I. iv. 5, Tim. Iv. iii. 27 votary: one who has taken a vow Gent. 1. i. 52,

Sonn. cliv. 5.

vouch' sb.: testimony, witness Meas. II. iv. 157, H8 I. i. 157, Oth. II. i. 147.

vouch vb.: to bear witness Oth. 1. iii. 263 V. with me, heaven. ¶ The common senses are (1) warrant, answer for, (2) assert, maintain, where mod.idion prefers 'vouch for' (which is not S.).

Voucher: person who is called upon to warrant a waggoner: charioteer Tit. v. ii. 48, Rom. I. iv. 65.

tenant's title Ham. v. i. 112 double v-s, 115 ; transf. Cym. II. ii. 39.

vouchsafe (the prevalent senses are 'deign, con-descend' and 'deign to grant') 1 to allow (a person to do something) Err. v. i. 283

v. me speak a word; with infin. suppressed Ado III. ii, 4 I'll bring you thither, . . . if you'll v. me. 2 to deign to accept John III. i. 294, H8 II. iii, 43 if your back Cannot v. this burthen, Tim. I. i. 153 V.

my labour, Cæs. II. i. 313, vow-fellow: one under the same vow LLL. II. i. 38.

Vulcan: V-'s badge, cuckold's horns Tit. II. i. 89. vulgar sb.:

1 common people LLL. I. ii. 52 the base v., Cæs. I. i. 74; pl. Wint. II. i. 93 those That v-s give bold st

titles; common soldiers H5 IV. vii. 81 our rulgar. 'vulgar tongue', vernacular LLL. IV. i. 69, 70, AYL. v. i. 54 abandon,—which is in the vulgar,

vulgar adj. (the sense 'low, mean 'occurs)

1 of the common people, plebeian 2H4 I. iii. 90 the v. heart, Cor. I. i. 221 Five tribunes to defend their v. wisdoms, II. i. 234 a v. station (=among the crowd), IV. vii. 21.

public Err. III. i. 100 A v. comment, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 119, Sonn. exii. 2 vulgar scandal.

3 commonly known or experienced Tw. N. III. i. 138 av. proof (=common experience), Ham. 1. ii. 99 the most rulgar thing to sense.
4 common to all John II. i. 387 the v. air; in an un-

favourable sense Ham. 1. iii. 61 Be thou familiar. but by no means vulgar,

wafer-cake: as a type of fragility H5 II. iii. 54 men's faiths are wafer-cakes.

waft (pa.t. and pa.pple. waft

1 to convey by water John it. i. 73, 2H6 iv. i. 116

I must vaft thee to thy death, 3H6 111, iii. 253, 2 to beckon Err. 11, ii. 113, Mer. V. v. i. 11, Tim. 1, i. 71, Hann. 1 iv. 79 It vafts me still (Qo vaves), 3 to turn away Wint. 1, ii. 372 Wafting his eyes.

waftage: conveyance by water Err. IV. i. 96 to hire waftage, Troil. III. ii. 10.

wafture: wave Cæs. II. i. 246 w. of your hand.

wag: to go forward, go on one's way Wiv. I. iii. 7
let them wag; trot, trot, &c., Ado v. i. 16 Bidsorrow
wag, AYL. II. vii. 23 how the world wags; to go or move about Tit. v. ii. 87 the empress never wags But in her company there is a Moor. wage (the foll. are all the S. uses)

1 to lay as a wager, to stake Ham. v. ii. 154 (Qq wagered), Lr. i. i. 158, Cym. i. iv. 149. 2 to venture, hazard John I. i. 266, 1H4 IV. iv. 20

too weak To w. an instant trial, Oth. I. iii. 30, Ant. 111. vii. 31.

in. VII. 31.

3 to carry on (war) Ant. III. iv. 3; also intr. Lr. II, iv. 212 To wage against the enmity o' the air.

4 to contend equally, be equal Ant. v. i. 31 His taints and honours Wag'd equal with him (F<sub>2</sub> way; mod. edd. weight, weigh'd†), Per. Iv. ii. 34 the commodity weges not with the danger.

5 to remunerate (as with wages) Cor. v. v. [vi.] 40 He wag'd me with his countenance

waggish: frolicsome, roguish MND. 1. i. 240 wag-

gish boys, Cym. 111, iv. 160.

waggon: chariot, carriage All'sW. iv. iv. 34,
Wint. iv. iii. [iv.] 118 Dis's waggon, Tit. v. ii. 51

Provide two proper palfreys... To hale thy venge-ful waggon swift away.

-WARN

wagtail: opprobrious term for a 'bobbing', 'ducking', or obsequious person Lr. 11, ii. 72.

mig, or obsequous person Fr. II. 11. 12.
waid (unexplained): Shr. III. ii. 57 [a horse] waid
in the back (Ff; mod. edd. weighedt, swayedt).
wail: (of the eyes) to weep Lucr. 1508.
wainrope: cart-rope Tw.N. III. ii. 67.

waist:

1 girdle Meas. III. ii. 42 His neck will come to your w. (=he will be hanged), John II. i. 217, 1H6 IV. iii. 20 girdled with a waist of iron.

part of a ship between the mainmast and foremast

p. r. ii. 197

wait (the prevalent use is wait on = be at the service of, follow, accompany)

to remain expecting (something), await LLL. v. ii. 63 And wait the season, and observe the times, John IV. iii. 152, Per. I. i. 55 I w. the sharpest blow.

2 to be in attendance 1H4 I. ii. 78 waiting in the court, Rom. I. iii. 103 I must hence to wait. waiting-woman: Diana's waiting-women, the stars

Troil. v. ii. 88.

wake sh .: feast of the dedication (or title) of a church and the merrymaking connected with it LLL, v. ii. 319 At w-s and wassails, Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 110, Lr. III. vi. 77 wakes and fairs.

wake vb.:

1 fig. to arouse, excite Ado v. i. 102 w. your patience, Mac. 111. vi. 31, R2 1. iii. 132, Oth. 1. iii. 30, III. iii. 364 my wak'd wruth, Lucr. 759.

2 to 'turn night into day' with revelling Ham. 1. iv. 8 doth w. . . . and takes his rouse, Sonn. lxi. 13.

walk sb. (obsolete senses)

1 pl. (a person's) way or course MND. пп. i. 172 Hop in his walks, and gambol in his eyes, v. i. 31 in your royal walks, Tit. II. iv. 8 let's leave her to her silent walks, Sonn. lxxxix. 9 I will . . . Be absent from thy walks.

2 tract of garden, park, or forest Wiv. v. v. 29, 2H6 II. ii. 3 In this close walk (viz. the Duke of York's garden), 3H6 v. ii. 24 My parks, my walks, Tit. II. i. 114 The forest walks, Cæs. I. ii. 154 her wide walks (app. the gardens round Rome; mod. edd. walls †),

walk vb.: (1 also walk aside Ado III. ii. 73)

1 to go aside, withdraw Wint. I. ii. 172, Lr. IV. vii. 82 Will't please your highness walk?, Oth. IV. iii. 4, Cym. I. i. 176.

2 v. about, promenade with a partner at a masque-rade Ado II, i. 90, Rom. I.v. 21; transf, applied to taking part in a fencing-bout Rom. III. i. 80.

wall-eyed: having the iris of the eye discoloured, which gives a look of fierceness, (hence) glaring, fierce-looking John IV. iii. 49 w. wrath or staring rage, Tit. v. i. 44 wall-ey'd slave.

wall-newt: lizard Lr. III. iv. 133.

wan: to turn pale Ham. II. ii. 588 [580] all his visage wann'd (Qq wand, Ff warm'd). wandering: w. knight, knight errant MND. I. ii.

48: w. star, planet Ham. v. i. 278.

wan'd: withered Ant. II. i. 21 soften thy wan'd lip (Ff wand, which is perhaps wanned, paled).

wan(n)ion: with a w., with a vengeance Per. II. i. 17. ¶ Of obscure origin.

want: (1 the commonest S. sense; 3 cf. LESS ¶)

I to be without, lack Tp. III. iii. 38 they want the assengtoning of the state of the st ase of tongues Must needs want pleading for a pair of eyes (=be insufficient to plead), R3 v.iii, 13, Cor. 1, iii, 90 'Tis not . . . . that I want love, Lucr. 389 to want (=at missing), Sonn. xxiv. 13 eyes this cunning want to grace their art; also intr. with of Rom. 11. ii. 78 wanting of thy love

2 to be lacking, = LACK 1 Gent. I. ii. 92 There wanteth but a mean to fill your song, LLL. IV. iii. 237 Where nothing wants that want itself doth seek, Lr.

IV. vi. 270 if your will want not.
3 with a negative, used in a sense the reverse of what is intended Mac. III. vi. 8 Who cannot want the thought . . .? (= Who can help thinking . . .?).

wanton sb.:

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person of unrestrained, sportive, or roguish behaviour, trifler Wiv. H. ii. 59 your worship's a w., MND. II. i. 63 Tarry, rash w., Rom. I. iv. 35 w-s light of heart; phr. play the w-s, dally, trifle R2 III. iii. 164.

2 spoilt or pampered child, effeminate person John v. i. 70 A cocker'd silken w., R2 v. iii. 10, Ham. v. ii. 313, Cym. Iv. ii. 8 not so citizen a w. as To seem

to die ere sick.

wanton adj. ('lascivious' the most freq. sense) 1 unrestrained, sportive, frolicsome LLL. IV. iii. 104 the w. air, v. ii. 769 All w. as a child, Mer.V. v. i. 71 a wild and w. herd, H8 III. ii. 360 little w. boys, Ham. II. i. 22 vanton, wild, and usual slips. 2 capricious, frivolous 1H4 v. i. 50 the injuries of a w. time, 2H4 IV. i. 191 every idle, nice, and wanton

reason.

3 luxuriant MND. II. i. 99 the quaint mazes in the w. green, R2 1. iii. 214 four w. springs, Rom. 11. v. 72 Now comes thew. blood up in your cheeks, Mac. 1. iv. 34\* my plenteous joys Wanton in fulness. 4 luxurious, effeminate 1H4 111. i. 214 the w. rushes

[strewn on the floor], 2H4 1. i. 148 a guard too w. for the head Which princes...

wantonly: sportively Sonn. liv. 7.

wantonness: playful or frolicsome behaviour, sportiveness John iv. i. 16 as sad as night, Only for w., 1H4 v. ii. 68; (?) wanton self-satisfaction Troil. III. iii. 137\*.

wappen'd (S.): (?) stale Tim. IV. iii. 38 That makes the w. widow wed again (Singer wapper'd+, a dial. word for 'fatigued, tired').

ward sb. (4 the commonest sense in S.) guard, protection LLL. III. i. 139.

2 in w., in the position of a ward, under (a person's) guardianship All'sW. I. i. 6.
3 yo to ward, be placed in custody 2H6 v. i. 112.

guard in fencing, posture of defence Tp. 1. ii. 468 come from thy ward, 1H4 11. iv. 219; fig. Wiv. 11. ii. 262 drice her then from the ward of her purity, Troil. I. ii. 286.

5 bar, bolt Tim. 111. iii. 38 Doors, that were ne'er acquainted with their wards, Lucr. 303 The locks . . .

Each one . . . retires his ward.

6 cell in a prison Meas. Iv. iii. 69, Ham. II. ii. 256

in which [prison] there are many confines, wards, and dangeons; fig. Meas. v. i. 10, Sonn, xlviii. 4. 'a portion of the City committed to the especiall charge of one of the 24 Aldermen of the city (Cowell's Interpreter) Meas. II. i. 288, 1H4 III. iii.

ward vb.: to guard, protect R3 v. iii. 255, Tit. iii. i warden: 'a large sort of delicious baking pear'

(Bailey) Wint. IV. ii. [iii.] 49.

warder: staff or mace held by one presiding over a combat R2 1, iii. 118 the king hath thrown his w. down (i.e. to stop the fight), 2H4 1v. i. 125. ware adj.: aware (of) AYL. 11. iv. 57 Thou speakest viser than thou art ware of, Rom. 1, i. 130, 11, ii. 103; in AYL. II. iv. 59 the meaning 'cautious' is played year. is played upon.

ware vb.: beware of LLL. v. ii. 43, Troil. v. vii. 12. warm: well off, comfortable 1H4 v. ii. 19\*. ¶ Cf. 'Warm', well-lined or flush in the Pocket (Dict. of Canting Crew).

warn (1 cf. warrant vb. 2, of which 'warn' is a

widespread dial. pronunciation)
1 God warn us!=God keep us!, Mercy on us! MND.

v. i. 328 (old edd. warnd, mod. edd. warrant+), AYL. IV. i. 79.

2 to summon John 11. i. 201 Who is it that hath warn'd us to the walls?, R3 1. iii. 39 to warn them

to his royal presence, Cæs. v. i. 5.
warp (1 here belongs app. AYL. 11. vii. 187 Though
thou the waters warp, viz. by freezing or ruffling

theni)

1 to change the aspect of, distort All'sW. v. iii. 49 his scornful perspective . . . Which warp'd the line of every other favour; also intr. Wint. 1. ii. 365 My favour here begins to warp.

2 to deviate Meas. I. i. 14 our commission, From

which we would not have you warp.

warped: perverse, malignant, = crooked 2, Meas. III. i. 140, Lr. III. vi. 56.

war-proof [see PROOF 4]: valour proved in war H5 in. i. 18.

warrant sb. (the legal senses colour the use of the word to a large extent)

1 deed by which a person authorizes another to do something in his name Wiv. 1. i. 10.

2 allowance, justification Wiv. IV. II. 224, Mac. II.
iii. 152 there's w. in that theft, Ham. II. i. 38 of w.
(= warranted, allowed), Oth. I. ii. 79 out of w.
(= not allowed), Per. IV. ii. 142 with warrant.

warrant vb. (2 cf. WARN 1)

1 to give (a person) security Meas. IV. ii. 179 By the row of mine order I w. 1901, Err. IV. IV. 3 I'll give thee ... so much money, To w. thee, as I am rested for.

2 to defend, keep MND, v. i. 328 God warrant; us (old edd. warral), AYL. III. iii. 5 Lord w. us !.

3 to justify, defend Troil. II. ii. 96.

warranted: justified Mac. IV. iii. 137 our w.

quarrel; requiring a warrant or guarantee Meas. iii. ii. 155 upon a warranted need.

[Sonn. cl. 7. warrantise: surety, guarantee 1H6 1. iii. 13 I'll be your w., = WARRANTY Ham. v. i. 249 as far enlarg'd As we

have warrantise (F1 -is). warranty: authorization, permission Mer.V. 1. i. 133, Ham. v. i. 249 (F1 warruntis), Oth. v. ii. 60

with such general warranty of heaven. warren: 'a Franchise or privileged Place by Prescription or Grant to keep Beasts and Fowl of Warren, as Conies, Hares, Partridges, and Pheasants' (Bailey) Ado II. i. 224 as melancholy as a lodge in a warren.

warrener: keeper of a warren Wiv. I. iv. 28.

warrior: used playfully in ref. to Desdemona hav-ing followed Othello to the wars Oth. II. i. 185;

mg ionowed otherno to the wars other. It. 163; prob. alluded to in III. iv. 150 unhandsome w., which J. glosses 'unfair assailant'.

wash sb.: Neptune's sadt w., the sea Ham.III.ii.168.

wash vb.: wash oneself of, get rid of Wiv. III. iii.
167 I would I could wash myself of the buck! (pun on buck-washing); wash one's brain (Eliz. plir.), dright companyly hart it. vii 108. drink copiously Ant. 11. vii. 106. wash'd: bathed in tears Lr. 1. i. 271 wash'd eyes. Washford: Wexford 1H6 IV. vii. 63.

washing ppl.adj.:=swashing (q.v.) Rom. i. i. 69
thy w. blow. ¶ Nashe uses this expression.
waspish-headed: hot-headed, fiery Tp. iv. i. 99.

wasp-stung: irritable (as if stung by a wasp) 1H4 1. iii. 236 a w. and impatient fool (Q1; the rest wasp-tongue, -tongu'd).

wassail: carousal, revelry LLL. v. ii. 319, 2H4 I. ii. 181 w. candle (= candle lighted up at a feast),

Mac. I. vii. 64, Ham. I. iv. 9. waste sb. (in R2 II. i. 103 a ref. to the legal sense 'destruction of houses, woods, lands, &c., done by the tenant to the prejudice of the heir'; 2 is also perhaps a legal metaphor)

1 wasting, squandering, devastation (often in phr.

make w.) Mer. V. I. i. 158, H5 I. ii. 28, III. iii. 18.

Lr. 11. i. 102 the waste and spoil of all revenues. 2 spollation Wiv. IV. ii. 230. 3 concr. that which is laid waste or destroyed R2 II. i. 103 The w. [made by the flatterers] is no whit lesser than thy land, Sonn. xii. 10 the wastes of time (=things devastated by Time).

4 = vastsb. 1, Ham. 1. ii. 198 the dead w. and middle of the night (Ff Qq 24 waste; Q1 wast, Malone waist), waste adj.: empty Sonn. lxxvii. 10 (see blank 3), waste vb. (see also wasted)

1 tospend (time, money, &c.), consume (food) AYL. II. vii. 134 we will nothing w. (=eat), R2 II. i. 253, 2H4 IV. i. 215 hath w-d all his rods On late offenders, Ven. 583 this night I'll waste in sorrow.

2 to make as if non-existent Per. IV. iv. 1 Thus time

wasted: consumed by fire MND. v. ii. 5 [i. 382] the w. brands; (of time) past Oth. I. iii. 84 Till now some nine moons w., Sonn. evi. 1 the chronicle of wasted time.

wasteful: devastating, consuming, destructive AYL. 111. ii. 344 w. learning, H5 111. i. 14 w. ocean, Sonn. lv. 5 wasteful war.

Wat: name for the hare Ven. 697.

watch sb.:

1 condition of being awake Cym. III. iv. 43 in watch (=awake); keeps watch, is awake H5 iv. i. 303, Rom. II. iii. 35; state of sleeplessness Ham. II. ii. 148 then into a fast, Thence to a watch.
2 timepiece, clock LLL. III. i. 202 [194] A woman

that is like a German clock, . . . never going aright, being a w., R2 v. v. 52 mine eyes, the outward watch, Pilgr. xiv. 14 [194] My heart doth charge the watch

(=accuse it of not going quick enough).

3 sentinel's and watchman's cry Mac. II. i. 54\* the wolf, Whose hout's his watch. ¶ The meaning in the foll, passages is doubtful :—R2 v. v. 52\* jar Their wes on = indicate, as by the ticking of a clock, the intervals of time as one succeeds another; but Schmidt makes w-es = marks of the minutes on the dial-plate; in R3 v. iii. 63\* Give me a w. (?) = watch-light, or candle divided into sections which burn through in a definite time; but perhaps = sentinel; Lucr. 928\* Mis-shapen Time... Base watch of woes=' divided and marked only by woes' (Schmidt).

watch vb. (1 the commonest sense)

1 to be or lie awake, have no sleep, sit up at night LLL. 111. i. 210 [202] to sigh for her! to w. for her!, Shr. IV. i. 208, Lr. 11. ii. 162, Lucr. 1575 they that w, see time how slow it creeps; to remain awake for a specified purpose John IV. i. 30, Mac. v. i. 1.

2 to keep (a hawk) awake in order to tame her (also fig.) Shr. iv. i. 198, Troil. III. ii. 43, Oth. III. iii. 23 I'll watch him tame.

3 to wait or look out for 2H6 II. iv. 7 To w. the coming of my punish'd duchess; also intr. with for Mer. V.

4 to catch in an act Wiv. v. v. 109, 2H6 1. iv. 45, 58.

watch-case: sentry-box 2H4 III. i. 17.

watcher: one who remains awake Gent. 11. iv. 136, Mac. 11. ii. 72.

watchful (John IV. i. 46\* the w. minutes to the hour = the minutes that watch the progress of the hour)
1 marked by or causing loss of sleep Gent. i. i. 31

w.... nights, 2H4 Iv. v. 24, Cas. II. i. 98 w. cares. 2 used in keeping watch H5 Iv. Chor. 23 w. fires.

water (freq. = tears, e.g. 1H4 III. i. 95, Cor. v. ii. 77, Oth. IV. ii. 103)

1 phr. raise the w-s, call forth tears Mer. V. II. ii. 52; for all w-s, ready for anything Tw.N. IV. ii. 69.
2 lustre of a diamond Tim. I. i. 18 Tis a good form.

-And rich: here is a water, Per. 111. ii. 102.

water-fly: fly that hovers over water Aut. v. ii. 59; fig. vain or busily idle person Troil. v. i. 38, Ham. v. ii. 84.

water-gall: secondary rainbow Lucr. 1588 These water-gulls in her dim element.

watering: drinking 1H4 II. iv. 17 breathe in your watering (=take breath when you drink).

waterish: well-watered, abounding in rivers Lr. 1. i. 261 w. Burgundy (with play on the sense 'poor, thin' exemplified in 0th. 111. iii. 15 w. diet).

water-rat: Mer. V. 1. iii. 23 there be land-rats and water-rats, land-thieves and water-thieves,—I mean pirates; cf. the use of 'rat' = pirate in the 17th

water-rug: (?) shaggy water-dog Mac. III. i. 94. water-standing: flooded with tears 3H6 v. vi. 40 an orphan's water-standing eye.

water-work: water-colour painting 2H4 II. i. 162 the German hunting in water-work.

watery:

1 epithet of the moon as controlling the tides MND. II. i. 162, R3 II. ii. 69.

2 'watering', desirous Troil. III. ii. 20 the w. palate.

waulingt: see WOOLLEN.

wave: to waver Cor. 11. ii. 19. wawl [cf. 'caterwaul']: to wail Lr. 1v. vi. 185 (Ff

wawle, Q<sub>1</sub> wayle, Qq<sub>2</sub> waile),

wax sb.: with pun on wax vb. 2H4 1. ii. 182; Rom.

1. iii. 76 a man of wax, like a model in wax for beauty; Tim. 1. i. 48 In a wide sea of wax (not

satisfactorily explained; many conj.).

wax vb. (pa.pple. waxed, waxen; 2 freq.)

1 to grow, increase LLL. v. ii. 10 (with quibble on wax sb.), Cor. II. ii. 104 he waxed like a sea, Tit. III. i. 96 the waxing tide, Ham. I. iii. 12

2 to become (so-and-so) H5 v. i. 89, Ham. I. iv. 87. waxen adj.: fig. uses:—easily impressed Tw.N. II. ii. 31 women's w. hearts, Lucr. 1240 women [have] w. minds; easily effaced H51. ii. 233° a w. epitaph; easily penetrable R2 I. iii. 75 Mowbray's w. coat. waxen vb.: to increase MND, II. i. 56.

way (senses 3 and 4 are rare) 1 passage, course Err. iv. iii. 92 Belike his wife . . . shut the doors against his way; chiefly in phr. hold or keep one's way Wiv. III. ii. 1, H8 II. iv. 126 pray you, keep your way, Ant. III. vi. 85 let determin'd things to destiny Hold unbewail'd their way.

Mings to aestiny Hota unoewaii a their way.

2 freedom of action, scope; phr. have way, give way

Meas. v. i. 233 Let me have way... To find this
practice out, 2H4 v. ii. 82 I gave bold way to my
authority, Lr. II. iv. 301 'Tis best to give him way;
hence give way (to) = humour, favour H8 III. ii. 10.

the time Gives way to us, Per. IV. vi. 20, v. i. 232. 3 'way of thinking', belief H8 v. i. 28 you're a gen-

tleman Of mine own way.
4 (pregnantly) best course R3 1. i. 78.

4 (pregnantly) vest course R5 1. 1, 18.
5 adverbial phr.:—any way, in any degree or respect Err. III. ii. 154 if the wind blow any way from shore, H8 III. i. 55 Nor to betray you any way to sorrow;—out of the way, (i) beside the mark LLL. IV. iii. 76, Oth. I. iii. 366; (ii) gone astray Oth. III. iv. 81 Is't lost l'st gone? speak, is it out o' the way?—that way, (ii) in that respect Wiv. I. iv. 15 he is something needs that way. (ii) hy I. iv. 15 he is something perish that way; (ii) by reason of that Cym. 1. i. 137;—this way, (i) in respect of this H8 II. ii. 69 our breach of duty this

veay; (ii) by acting thus Cym. IV. iv. 4.
ways: old genitive of 'way' used in adverbial expressions come your ways, go your ways; and (dial.) this ways Wiv. 11. ii. 48, 52 come . . . this ways. ¶ Cf. German 'geht Eures Weges!'.

we: used, like I, for the objective 'us' Cor. v. iii. 103 to poor we, Ham. I. iv. 54 Making night hideous; and we fools of nature . . . to shake our disposition.

weak: foolish, stupid Tp. 11. ii. 156 [148], Ado 111. i. 54, Rom. 11. iv. 181.

weak-hing'd: ill-balanced Wint. II. iii. 118 your own weak-hing'd fancy. weal (1 survives in weal and wee)

1 welfare John IV. ii. 65, 66, Tim. IV. iii. 161 the general weal, Ham. III. iii. 14.

2 commonwealth 1H6 I. i. 177 public weal, Cor. II. iii. 189 the body of the weal, Mac. III. iv. 76 Ere

human statute purg'd the gentle weal, Lr. 1, iv. 233. weal-balanced: adjusted with due regard to the public welfare Meas. Iv. iii. 108 (Rowe wellbalanced+).

wealsman: statesman Cor. II. i. 60.

wealth: welfare, prosperity Mer. V. v. i. 249, Ham. IV. iv. 27. ¶ Cf. Prayer Book, 'Grant him in health and wealth long to live

wean: fig. to turn away, alienate 3H6 IV. iv. 17 I the rather wean me from despair (Ff wain(e), Tit. I. i. 211 I will restore to thee The people's hearts, and wean them from themselves.

wear them from diensettes.

wear sh; fashion Meas. 11. ii. 81 it is not the wear,

AYL. II. viii. 34 Molley's the only wear, All'sW. 1.
i. 223, Wint. rv. iii. [iv.] 329.

wear vh. (freq. used where 'bear' would now be
idiomatic; Ado v. i. 82 Win me and wear me, a

common Eliz. proverb; see also worn)

1 to weary, 'wear out' AYL, II. iv. 38 Wearing thy
hearer (Ff 2-4 Wearying), All's W. v. i. 4 To wear your gentle limbs in my affairs.

2 to be worn, be fashionable All'sW. I. i. 174 the brooch and the toothpick, which wear not now.

3 to grow to Tw.N. II. iv. 30 so wears she to him. wearer: bearer, owner Mer.V. II. ix. 43.

wearing: clothes Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 9 a swain's w., Oth, iv. iii. 16 my nightly wearing. weary: tiresome, irksome Meas. 1. iv. 25 Not to be

w. with you, Ham. 1. ii. 133, Oth. III. iv. 175; AYL. II. vii. 73 \* the w. very means, emended by Singer to the wearer's +.

weather (2 nautical metaphor)

Meather (2 lautical metaphor)

1 storm, tempost Tp. 1. i. 42 louder than the w.,

Mer.V. 11. ix. 29, Wint. v. ii. 134 extremity of w.

continuing, John IV. ii. 109, Cym. 11. iii. 64.

2 = weather-gage; in phr. keeps the w. of, is to windward of; fig. has the advantage of Troil, v. iii. 26.

weather-bitten: weather-worn, weathered Wint. v. ii. 61 a weather-bitten conduit.

weather-fend: to protect from the weather Tp. v. weaver: ref. to as fond of singing Tw. N. II. iii. 63 a catch that will draw three souls out of one w., 1H4 II. iv. 149 I would I were a w.; I could sing psalms or anuthing.

wedded: nuptial Rom. I. v. 139 my w. bed (F1; Qq

wedding).

weed 1: dress, garment Lucr. 196 love's modest snowwhite weed; very freq. in pl. Gent. II. vii. 42, Cor. II. iii. 162, Ham. IV. vii. 80.
weed 2: (?) ill-conditioned horse Meas. I. iii. 20 The

needful bits and curbs to headstrong weeds (Theo-

bald steeds +).

weed vb.: to uproot (lit, and fig.) Gent. III. ii. 49, Meas. III. ii. 292 [284] To weed my vice and let his grow, R2 II. iii. 167 The caterpillars of the commonwealth, Which I have sworn tow, and pluck away, Cor. IV. v. 108, Oth. 1. iii. 327 set hyssop and w. up thyme. weeding: what is weeded out, weeds LLL. 1. i. 96.

weedy: of plants Ham. IV. vii. 175.

week: in by the week, trapped, caught LLL. v. ii. 61: too late a week, used like the phr. 'too late in the day' AYL. 11. iii. 74.

ween: to think, imagine 1H6 II. v. 88, H8 v. i. 136 Ween you of better luck. weeping-ripe: ready to weep LLL. v. ii. 275, 3H6 west (once): to know Ant. 1. i. 39 I bind . . . the world to weet We sland up peerless.

weigh (rare in literal senses)

1 to consider, take into consideration Cæs. II. i. 108 Weighing the youthful season of the yeur, Sonn. cxx. 8 To weigh how once I suffer'd.

2 to estimate at a certain rate All'sW. III. iv. 32 her worth That he does w. too light, H5 II. iv. 43 to

weigh The enemy more mighty than he seems. (with negative) to attach no value to, esteem lightly LLL. v. ii. 27 You w. me not. O! that's you care not for me, H8 v. i. 125 my person; which I weigh not, Sonn. cviii. 10.

4 to be equivalent to, counterbalance LLL. v. ii. 26 I w. not you, and therefore light, H81. i. 11, Mac. IV. iii. 90 ('compensated by other graces'); w. out, outweigh, compensate for H8 III. i. 87; also intr.

with against, with 2H4 I. iii. 55, II. ii. 196 ('as the purpose is, so must be the folly '), Tim. I. i. 147. to hang or balance evenly Tp. II. i. 137 [130]\* the fair sout . . . Weigh'd between loathness and

obedience.

6 to be heavy with sadness All'sW. III. v. 67 Her

heart weighs sudly.

7 to have a certain value Cor. 11. ii. 79 I love them us they weigh (= according to their worth).

weight: by weight, in weight, with weight, with full measure, fully Meas. 1. ii. 130 Make us pay down for our offence by w. The words of heaven, H5 111. vi. 139 which, in w. to reanswer, his pettiness would bow under, Troil, v. ii. 165, Ham. IV, v. 155 thy mud-ness shall be puid by weight (Qq with weight). weighty: grievous Tim. III. v. 104.

weird (only in Mac.; one syll. in 11. i. 2; 2 syll. in 11. i. 20, 1v. i. 136; old edd. weyard, weyward): having to do with fate or destiny Mac. I. iii. 32 The w. sisters, &c., III. i. 2 the w. women. ¶ The w. sisters, taken from Holinshed's Chronicle of Scotland, is a Scottish expression, being used by Gawin Douglas for the Parcae or Fates.

welfare: health Mer. V. v. i. 114 our husbands' w.

(Q<sub>1</sub> health), Lucr. 263, Sonn. cxviii. 7.

welk'd: 'twisted, convolved' (Malone) Lr. 1v. vi.
72 Horns w. and wwy'd (Qq welth, nelk't, Ff<sub>1</sub> 2

weulk'd). ¶ Golding uses the word to translate

the Latin 'recurvus'. welkin: sky Tp. 1. ii. 4, John v. ii. 172, Tit. 111. i. 211, Ven. 921; used ludicrously in Tw.N. III. i. 66; attrib. = heavenly, or blue Wint. I. ii. 137 your welkin eye.

well sb.: spring of water Troil. v. x. 19, Compl. 255, Sonn. Music iii. 37 [Pilgr. 281] Clear wells

spring not.

well adj.: (of the dead) happy, at rest Wint. v. i. 30, Rom. v. i. 17, Ant. n. v. 33; well to live, well to do, prosperous Mer. V. n. ii. 55, Wint. m. iii. 125. ¶ 'Well-to-live' is now only Scottish in this sense.

well-a-day: alas! Rom. III, ii, 37 Ah w.! he's dead; as sb. woe, grief Per. IV. iv. 49 His daughter's woe and heavy w. ¶ Alteration of the earlier 'well-away' (in Chaucer 'weylawey

well-advised: = ADVISED 1 LLL. v. ii. 435, John III. i. 5, Tit. IV. ii. 10; in one's right mind Err. II. ii. 217 mad or well-advis'd?.

well-a-near: an old north-country word = WELL-A-

DAY Per. III. Gower 51.

well-appointed: see APPOINT 2; well-balanc'dt, Meas, IV. iii. 108 (see Weal-Balanch); well-beseeming, very fitting 1H4 I. i. 14, Tit, II. iii. 56; well-breath'd', (a) well exercised or trained, cf. Breathe 2; (b) having a good wind Ven. 678 thy w. horse; well-derived, having good antecedents All'sW. III. ii. 90 u w. nature; well-desired, much sought after 0th. II. i. 207 well-enter'd, see ENTER vb. 4; well-favoured [see favour 5], good-looking, handsome, comely Gent. 11. i. 56, Lr. 11. iv. 259.

well-found (1 cf. FIND 4)

247

1 well equipped or furnished (as a ship, &c., with stores) All'sW. II. i. 105 In what he did profess w. 2 fortunately met with Cor. 11. ii. 49\* last general In our well-found successes.

well-given: well-disposed 2H6 III. i. 72, Cas. I. ii. 196 a noble Roman, and v.; well-govern'd, of good behaviour Rom. I. v. 72; well-grac'd, favourite, popular R2 v. ii, 24 a v. actor; well-liking, in good condition, plump LLL v. ii, 269; well-painted [see PAINTED), well feigned Oth. IV. i. 268 w. passion; well-respected, well weighed or considered 1H4 IV. iii. 10.

well said!: well done! that's right! (freq). AYL. II. vi. 14, 2H4 III. ii. 298, H8 I. iv. 30, Tit. iv. iii. 63 Now, masters, draw. [They shoot.] 0! well said, Lucius!, Oth. II. i. 169, Ant. iv. iv. 28 give me that:

this way; well said.

well-wish'd: 'accompanied by good wishes, bewell-wish'd: 'accompanied by good wishes, be-

Welsh hook: weapon, of which nothing certain is

known 1H4 II. iv. 378. wen: tumour, swelling (fig.) 2H4 II. ii. 117 this wen (ref. to Falstaff).

wench: term of affectionate address to an inferior Tp.I.ii. 139 [Prospero to Miranda] Well demanded, wench, 409, 476, H8 III. i. 1 [Queen Katherine to one of her women] Take thy lute, wench, Lucr. 1273 [Lucrece to her maid] Know, gentle wench, it small avails my mood.

wench-like: womanish Cym. iv. ii. 230.

westward ho!: cry of the Thames watermen Tw. N. 111. i. 148.

weyward: see WEIRD.

wezand: windpipe Tp. 111. ii. 102.

wharf: bank (of a river) Ham. 1. v. 33 on Lethe wharf, Ant. 11. ii. 221. what pron. and adj. (1, 7, 8 are all freq.)

A. Interrogative uses.

1 (in predicative use) Of what name?, Who? Meas. v. i. 468 one in the prison . . . I have reserv'd alive.
—What's he?—His name is Barnardine, H5 111. vii. 120, Mac. v. vii. 2 What's he That was not born of woman ?, Oth. I. i. 94 what are you ?- My name is Roderigo.

2 For what reason?, Why? 2H4 1. ii. 130 What tell you me of it?, Cor. III. i. 315 What do ye talk?, Tit. I. i. 189 What should I don this robe?, Ant.

v. ii. 315 What should I stay-

3 in What a plague?, what a devit . . .?, &c., a plague, a devit, are adverbial Tw.N. 1. iii. 1, 1H4 1. ii. 51, IV. ii. 56.

How? Rom. 1. v. 59 What dares the slave Come

hither? (Q5 What?, Theobald What!).
5 What is the night?, What time of the night is it?

Mac. 111. iv. 126. 6 What though?, What does it matter?, No matter! Wiv. I. i. 287, AYL. III. iii. 53 But what though? Courage !, John I. i. 169, H5 II. i. 9.

B. Exclamatory uses.
7 expressing impatience and surprise; but also exultation and encouragement = Why!, Come! Shr. IV. i. 111 How now, Grumio? What, Grumio!, R3 IV. iv. 321 What! we have many goodly days to see, Ant. IV. viii. 19 What, girt!.

8 used in calling to or summoning persons Tp.iv. i.33 What, Ariel!, Wiv. III. iii. 1 What, John! what, Robert!, Ant. II. vii. 138 These drums! these trumpels, flutes, what !; so what ho! (very freq.), Tp. I. ii. 313 What ho! slave! Caliban!.

9 = What a . . . ! Wint. I. ii. 352 What case stand I in?, Cæs. 1. iii. 42 Cassius, what night is this?, Cym. IV. iv. 35, Ven. 445 0! what banquet wert thou to the taste?.

=What a thing! Mer.V. 1. iii. 161 what these Christians are ...., Cym. IV. i. 16 What mortality is!.

C. Relative uses.

11 whatever, any (thing) whatever Tp. 1. ii. 158 to bear up Against what should ensue, Wint. 1. ii. 44 I love thee not a jur o' the clock behind What lady she her lord, 3H6 III. i. 51 and what else; whoever H8 II. i. 65 Be what they will, I... forgive 'em. 12 what time, at the time when Tw.N. IV. iii. 30, 3H6

II. v. 3.

D. Idiomatic uses in which the orig. construction is obscured.

13 phr. I or I'll tell you what; also wot you what, I know what = Let me tell you R3 III, ii, 89, Rom. I.

14 what with . . . what with, partly by . . . and partly by ; once without 'with' Troil. v. iii. 103 what

one thing, what another.

whate'er: ellipt, = whatever it be Troil, IV, v. 77. whatsoe'er: ellipt. = whatsoever it be, in any case Shr. 1. ii. 219.

wheel sb. (2 freq.; 3 in Warwickshire, a clock that goes fast is said to go on wheels)

1 spinning-wheel AYL. I. ii. 36 mock the good housewife Fortune from her wheel (with ref. to sense 2), Ham, IV. v. 171 how the wheel becomes it (viz. as an accompaniment to the song).

2 as the emblem of Fortune Lr. v. iii. 176 The w. is

come full circle.

- 3 go on wheels, pursue a course of ease and self-in-dulgence Ant. 11. vii. 100 That it [seil, the world] might go on w-s; similarly set the world on wheels Gent. III. i. 320.
- 4 turn i' the w., do the office of a turn-spit, as certain dogs were formerly made to do by treading a wheel Err. 111, ii. 152.

wheel vb.:

1 to turn round R3 IV. iv. 105 Thus hath the course of justice wheel'd about (Ff whirl'd). [vii. 2. 2 to make a circuit Cor. 1. vi. 19; to roam Troil. v.

wheeling: wandering about Oth. I. i. 137. Wheeson: Whitsun 2H4 II. i. 99 (Q; Ff Whitson).

" 'W(h)issun' is a north-country and midland form.

whelk: pimple H5 III. vi. 111. whelk'd; in some mod. edd. for WELK'D.

when (1 for plir. when? can you tell?, see TELL)

1 as an exclamation of impatience Tp. 1. ii. 316 Come, thou tortoise! when?, R2 I. i. 162, Cas. II.

i. 5 When, Lucius, when! Awake, I say!. 2 after seldom=that Meas. IV. ii. 89 seldom when (=rarely) The steeled quoler is the friend of men. 2H4 iv. iv. 79 'Tis seldom when . . .

- when as: when Err. IV. iv. 139, 3H6 I. ii. 74, &c., Tit. iv. iv. 91, Cym. v. iv. 138, Ven. 999, Sonn. xlix. 3.
- whence: from the place where All'sW. III. ii. 124 come thou home...W. honour but of danger wins a scar, Mac. I. ii. 25 As whence the sun gins his reflection . . . So from that spring . . .; also from w. in the same sense Tit. I. i. 68 is return'd From w.... (Qq From where), Tim. 1. i. 22.
  whe'r (old edd. also where): contracted form of

whether Tp. v. i. 111, John 1. i. 75, Ces. 1. i. 65, Ven. 304 And w. he run or fly they know not whether, Sonn. lix. 11 Whether. . or whe'r (Q where).

where (freq. in look where, lowhere, see where. phrases

directing attention to some action, without cmphasis on locality)

1 in which condition or action Tw. N. v. i. 90 I...

Drew to defend him, . . . Where being apprehended; in a case in which, in circumstances in which, Gent. 1. i. 29 To be in love, where scorn is bought with groans, Troil. IV. iv. 33; (hence=) when Tp. v. i. 236, Cas. I. ii. 59 I have heard, Where many . . . Have wish'd . .

2 whereas LLL. II. i. 103 his ignorance were wise, W. now his knowledge must prove ignorunce, 1H6 v. v. 47. Cor. 1. i. 105. Lucr. 792.

47, Cor. 1. i. 106, Lucr. 792. [ii. 33. 3 where you are, what you are driving at AYL. v. whereabout: on what errand or purpose 1H4 II.
iii. 109 question me Whither I go, nor reason w.; sb. what one is about Mac. II. i. 58.

whereagainst: against which Cor. IV. v. 113. whereas: where 2H6 I. ii. 58 unto Saint Alban's, W. the king and queen do mean to hawk, Per. I. iv. 70, Pilgr. vi. 13 [83].

wherefore:

to what end? R2 II, iii. 122, fare mel. 2 for which H5 v. ii. 1 Peace to this meeting, w. we wherein:

in what clothes? AYL, III, ii, 235 Wherein went he?.

2 in that in which, in whatever, (hence =) though MND. 111, ii. 179 W. it doth impair the seeing sense, It pays the hearing double recompense, Wint. 1. i. 9 W. our entertainment shall shame us we will be justified in our loves.

whereof: wherewith All'sW. I. iii. 237 the desperate languishings w. The king is render'dlost, Tim. iv. iii. 195 Whereof ingrateful man . . . greases his pure

whereuntil: to what LLL, v. ii, 493 we know w. it doth amount, 500.

whereupon: on what, on what grounds, for what reason John IV. ii. 65, 1H4 IV. iii. 42 to know The nature of your griefs, and w. You conjure .

whet: to incite, instigate John III. iv. 181 I will w. on the king, Cæs. II. i. 61 Cassius first did whet me

against Cusar.

whether (freq. scanned as one syll., cf. which); which of the two All'sW. IV. V. 23 W. dost thou profess thyself, a knave, or a fool?, Ven. 304 where he run or fly they know not w.; hence, introducing the first of alternative questions Wiv. 111. ii. 3, John I. i. 134 W. hadst thou rather be a Faulconbridge . . . Or the reputed son of Cœur-de-Lion; occas, or w. (i) introduces the second question Mer. V. III. ii. 117 Move these eyes? Or w. . . . Seem they in motion?; (ii) introduces the first question Cor. 1. iii. 69 or w. his full enraged him, or how 'twas, Sonn. cxiv. 1 Or w. doth my mind . . . Or w. shall I say . . . ?.

whey-face: pale-face Mac. v. iii. 17. which relative pron.:

1 refers freq. to persons = who, whom, e.g. Tp. I. ii. 32, 1H4 nn. i. 46, Mac. v. i. 65, Lucr. 1392; the which is very common, e.g. Ado II, i. 30, v. i. 159, H5 IV. viii. 90, Ces. III. i. 295, Ven. 683. 2 = that which Wint. III. ii. 61 More than mistress

of Which comes to me in name of fault.

3 (correlative to such) = as Wint. I. i. 26 there rooted ... such an affection which cannot choose but brunch now, IV. iii. [iv.] 786.

whiffler: officer who clears the way for a procession H5 v. Chor. 12 the deep-mouth'd sea, Which, like a mighty w. 'fore the king, Scems to prepare his way.

while sb.: the while in exclamations = (at) the present time Mer. V. 11. i. 31 alas the w.!, John IV. ii. 100 bad world the w. !, R3111. vi. 10 Here's a good world

the while !.

while prep. and conj. : till R2 I. iii. 122 let the trumpets sound W. we return these dukes what we decree, Mac. III. i. 44 while then, God be with you !.

while-ere: a little while ago, erewhile Tp. 111. ii. 130 will you troll the catch You taught me but w. whiles: till Tw. N. IV. iii. 29 He shall conceal it W.

you are willing it shall come to note.

whinid'st: spelling of superlative of 'vinni(e)d', by-form of 'vinewed', 'finewed'=mouldy Troil. II. i. 15 (see VINEWED'ST†).

whip: intr. and refl. to move quickly Ado 1. iii. 63 I whipt (Q whipt me) behind the arras, LLL, v. ii. 310

Whip to your tents.
whipping-cheer: 'banquet' of lashes with the whip 2H4 v. iv. 5. ¶ Ct. running banquet.
whipster: contemptible fellow Oth. v. ii. 242

every puny whipster.

whirligig: whipping-top; fig. Tw. N. v. i. 389 thus the w. of time brings in his revenges; old edd. have only the old forms whirl(e)gigg(e

whirling: impetuous, violent Ham. 1. v. 133 w. words (Q1 wherling, Q2 whirling; Ff hurling),
whissing: old form of 'wheezing' Troil, v. i. 24 (Q),
whist: silent Tp. 1. ii. 378 The wild waves whist!.

whistle sb.: Lr. IV. ii. 29 I have been worth the w. = Once I was worthy of some notice; ref. to proverb
'It is a poor dog that is not worth the whistling.'
whistle vb.: phr. 2H4 III. ii. 345 lunes... that he

heard the carmen w. (ref. to a popular Eliz. tune named 'The Carman's Whistle'); Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 716 let the law go whistle (=go hang); whistle off, (in falconry) to send (a hawk) from the fist Oth, III. iii, 262 if I do prove her haggard . . . I'd w, her off and let her down the wind (i.e. so that she may

not return) To prey at fortune; fig. Wint, IV, iii.
[iv.] 247 to whistle off these secrets.

white sb. (in Oth. II. 1. 133 with pun on WIGHT)

1 = BLANK sb. 1, Shr. v. ii. 187 'Twas I won the wager
though you hit the w. (with allusion to Bianca= white).

spit w., variously explained as a sign of (i) immo-

derate drinking, (ii) thirst 2H4 1. ii. 241. white adj.: typical of cowardice Mer. V. III. ii. 86 livers w. as milk (cf. MILK-LIVER'D), 2H4 IV. iii. 113, Mac. II. ii. 66 I shame To wear a heart so w .; -w. herring, fresh herring or pickled herring (opposed to 'red herring') Lr. 111. vi. 34. white-lim'd (Ff<sub>34</sub>): whitewashed Tit. 1v. ii. 99 Ye

w. walls (Ff<sub>12</sub>-limb'd, Qq -limbde, which are common 16th-17th cent. forms of limn'd: cf. next).

white-limn'd+ (Malone): painted white Tit. IV. ii. 99 (see prec.). ¶ 'Limn' was specifically used of painting in distemper.

white-livered: =LILY-LIVER'D, MILK-LIVER'D (cf. white adj.) H5 III. ii. 35, R3 IV. iv. 465 Whiteliver'd runagate!.

whitely: pale LLL, III. i, 206 [198] A w, wanton (Qq Ff<sub>12</sub> whill(e)y; Aldis Wright wightly†). whither: whithersoever 1H4 y. iii. 22, Cor. I. ii. 16.

A freq. spelling in old edd. is whether.

whiting-time: bleaching-time Wiv. III. iii. 141. whitster: bleacher of linen Wiv. III. iii. 15.

whittle: small clasp-knife Tim. v. i. 185 There's not a w. in the unruly camp But I do prize it...

¶ Wright in his Provincial Dictionary quotes as a Warwickshire saying, 'A penny whittle, That will neither cut stick nor vittle'.

who interrogative pron.: freq. used for 'whom' Mer.V. II. vi. 30 For who love I so much?, H5 IV. vii. 155 Who servest thou under?, 2H6 III. ii. 127

And care not who they sting, Ven. 847.

who relative pron. (1 cf. prec.; see whom)
1 u:ed for 'whom', e.g. Mer. V. I. ii. 25 (Qq nho, Ff
whom), R3 I. iii. 327 who I, indeed, have cast in darkness (F1 who, Qq whom), Oth. II. iii. 15. = which, e.g. Tp. 1. ii. 7 a brave ressel, Who had, no

doubt, some noble creatures in her, Cas, IV. iii, 111,

3 as who should say, as if to say Shr. IV. iii. 13, R2 v. iv. 8.

whoa ho ho(a: hallo! (call from a distance) Wiv. v. v. 194 [187], Wint. III. iii. 79.

whoe'er, whoever: whomsoever Tw.N. 1. iv. 42 Whoe'er I woo, H8 11. i. 47 whoever the king favours,

Rom. v. iii. 173,

whole: in a healthy state, restored to health, well 2H6 IV. vii. 11 he was thrust in the mouth . . . and 'tis not whole yet, Cæs. II. i. 327 make sick men w., Ant. IV. viii. 11 kiss The honour'd gashes w.; fig. All'sW. v. iii. 37, John 1. i. 35.

wholesome:

1 sound, healthy Mac. IV. iii. 105 thy w. days (= days of health), Ham. I. v. 70 curd . . . The thin and w. blood, III. ii. 275, iv. 65.

reasonable, sensible Ham. II. ii. 474 [465], III. ii. 334 to make me a w. answer, Oth. III. i. 49 in w.

wisdom.

suitable to H8 III. ii. 100 w. to Our cause, Oth. I. i. 146 not meet nor wholesome to my place.

whom relative pron.:

1 = which, e.g. 2H6 III. ii. 345 the seal, Through whom a thousand sighs are breath'd for thee, Troil.

111. iii. 202 a mystery—with whom . . . 2 used for 'who' Tp. v. i. 76 whom, with Sebastian . . . . Would here have kill'd your king, Meas. 11. i. 73, John 1v. ii. 165 whom they say is kill'd to-night, Cym. r. iv. 142.

3 once preceded by the Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 541 your

mistress,—from the whom . . . whoobub: clamour Wint. Iv. iii. [iv.] 631.

whoop: a coarse exclamation Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 199 he makes the maid to answer, 'Whoop, do me no harm, good man', Lr. 1. iv. 247 Whoop, Jug! I love thee.

whoop vb.: see HOOP vb.2

whoreson: used in coarse playfulness = fellow, 'dog' H8 I. iii. 39 the sly w-s, Rom. IV. iv. 20 a merry v., as adj. chiefly as an epithet of contempt, e.g. Tp. 1. i. 48 Hang, cur, hang! you w., insolent noisemaker!, 2H4 11. ii. 93 Away, you w. upright rabbit, away!; also as a coarse term of endearment 2H4 II. iv. 224 you w. little valiant villain, you!; or a mere intensive of little meaning 2H4 III. ii. 195 What disease hast thou?-A w. cold, sir, Ham. v. i. 188 your w. dead body, 192 A whoreson mad fellow.

whosoever: no matter who it be Troil, I, ii. 206

he's one o' the soundest judgements in Troy, w. whosoever: for 'whomsoever' Troil. II. i. 69 (Ff 12 Q who some euer). why (obsolete idiomatic uses)

1 used, like WHAT, in calling to a person Mer. V. H.

1 used, like what, in calling to a person Mer. V. II. v. 6 What, Jessica! . . . Whay, Jessica! . . . Whay, Jessica! . . . Whay, Jessica, I say!, 2H4 v. i. 8 Why, Dary!—Here, sir. 2 for why, (i) because Gent. III. i. 90, Shr. III. ii. 170, R2 v. i. 46, Tit. III. i. 230, Luer. 1222 sorts a sad look to her lady's sorrow, For why her face wore sorrow's birery; (ii) for which Oth. . iii. 259 The riles for why I love him (Qq for which).
3 why, so! = well, so let it be, phr. implying acquiescence, content, or relief Mer. V. III. i. 98, Shr. IV. iii. 198, R2 II. ii. 87, R3 III. i. 1, Cor. v. i. 15, Mac. III. v. 107.

Mac. III. iv. 107.

wicked: 1 mischievous, baneful Tp. 1. ii. 321 w. dew, Lr. 11.

i. 41 wicked charms. 2 unlucky, ill-starred MND. 11. ii. 98 What w. and dissembling glass of mine, Tim. 111. ii. 49 What a wicked beast was I...

wide of: indifferent to Wiv. III. i. 58 so wide of his

own respect. wide-chapped: open-mouthed Tp. r. i. 62. widen: to open wide Cor. 1. iv. 44.

widow (the sense 'make a widow of 'occurs)

1 to settle a jointure upon Meas. v. i. 425 We do instate and widow you withal.

to become a widow to Ant. I. ii. 29.

widowhood: estate settled on a widow Shr. II. i. 125 I'll assure her of Her widowhood.

wield: fig. to express Lr. i. i. 57 I love you more than words can wield the matter.

wife: the orig. sense of 'woman' (as in goodwife, HOUSEWIFE) is traceable more or less clearly in the foll, passages:—Wiv. 11. ii. 102 she's...a civil modest wife, Tw.N. v. i. 140 him I love ... More...than e'er I shall love wife, H5 v. Chor. 10 with men, with wives, and boys, Cor. IV. iv. 5 thy wives with spits and boys with stones.

wight: man, person Wiv. I. iii. 21, LLL. I. i. 176, H5 II. i. 64, Oth. II. i. 158, Sonn. evi. 2.

wightlyt: nimble LLL, III. i. 206 [198] (old. edd.

wild sb.: Weald of Kent 1H4 II. i. 60 a franklin in the wild of Kent.

wild adj.: inconsiderate, rash Wint. II. i. 181, Cor. IV. i. 36 a wild exposture to each chance .

wilderness: wildness, barrenness Meas. III. i. 140 of wilderness ( = barren, worthless).

wildfire: gunpowder rolled up wet and set on fire 1H4 III. iii. 45 a ball of w., Lucr. 1523 Whose words, like w., burnt the shining glory Of rich-built Ilion. wild-goose chase: race between two horses, the

rider who leads choosing the course, which the other is bound to follow Rom. II. iv. 77.

wild-mare: see MARE 1.

wildness: madness Ham. III. i. 40 Hamlet's w., Cym. III. iv. 9 ere w. Vanquish my staider senses. wilful:

1 willing, eager Wiv. III. ii. 45, MND. v. i. 213

when walls are so v. to hear without warning, Rom.
1. v. 93, Ven. 365 wilful and unwilling.
2 obstinate Mer.V. 1. i. 90 a v. stillness, R3 III. vii.
28 this v. silence; 'obstinate in extravagance' (Clark and Wright) Mer. V. I. i. 147:—adv. Wint. I. ii. 255 w., negligent, John V. ii. 124 w.-opposite (=stubbornly hostile), Sonn. Ii. 13 he went w.-slow;

sce also next word. wilful-blame: wilfully blameable 1H4 III, i. 176
you are too wilful-blame. ¶ In the 16th-17th cent.
the 'to' in 'to blame' was app. misunderstood as 'too' (being often so spelt) and 'blame' taken

as adj.

will sb. (good will is freq. in the senses of 'favourable regard, favour', 'acquiescence, consent', and

'willingness, readiness')

1 phr. by my will, (i) of my own accord, voluntarily
Ado III. iii. 67 I would not hang a dog by my will, Tw. N. III. iii. 1; (ii) with my consent 2H4 IV. i. 18. N. H. H. A. (1). The shall admit no parley, Troil. H. iii. 204, Ven. 639;—by or of one's (own) good will, of one's own accord R2 IV. i. 177 To do that office of thine own good will Which tired majesty did make thee offer, Ven. 479 she, by her good will, Will never rise, so he will kiss her still; so on my free will Ant. III. vi. 57.

2 carnal appetite, lust Meas. II. iv. 165, All'sW. Iv. iii. 19, Ham. III. iv. 88, Lr. Iv. vi. 279, 0th. III. iii. 236, Ant. III. xi. [xiii.] 3, Cym. I. vi. 47. will vb. (apparent instances of I will=I shall, are

dealt with in Abbott's Shakespearian Grammar § 319; see separate article for the uses of would) 1 to wish to have All'sW. 1. i. 180 Will you anything

with it? (idiomatic 16th cent. phr. = Is there anything else you'd like to know, So now you know, II. i. 74 you will my noble grapes, ; esp. with negative, to refuse to have, have nothing to do with 2H4 II. iv. 80 I'll no swaggerers, Ham. v. il. 261 I . . . will no reconcilement.

2 to desire (a person) to do something. (hence, contextually) to bid, command All's W. I. iii. 232, H5 II. iv. 90, 1H6 I. ii. 80, I. iii. 10 Wedo not otherwise than ve are will'd, H8 III. i. 18 They will'd me say so, Tit. v. i. 160 Willing you to demand your hostuges.

3 in certain more or less ironical phrases will = will have it, pretend, claim 2H4 IV. i. 157, 1H6 II. iii. 58 This is a riddling merchant for the nonce; He will be here, and yet he is not here, 3H6 I. i. 230, Ham, IV. v. 3 Her mood will needs be pitied.

4 it will not be, it is no use, it is all in vain 1H6 I.
v. 33, Ven. 607; will it not be?, an exclamation of impatience John III. i. 298, Rom. IV. v. 11.

5 very freq. with ellipsis of a vb. of motion (cf. MUST) Wiv. III. iii. 244 we'll a birding together, R3 I. i. 107 I will unto the king.

willing: as adv. willingly R2 III. iii. 206 What you will have, I'll give, and w. too, 2H6 v. i. 51, Tim. III. vi. 33 The swallow follows not summer more w. than we your lordship.

willingly: intentionally MND, III. ii. 346 commit'st thy knaveries willingly (Q1 wilfully).

willow: w. garland, emblem of disappointed love 3H6 IV. i. 100; cf. Oth. IV. iii. 51 a green w. must be my garland (part of a song), and Ado II. i. 196. wimpled: blindfolded LLL, III. i. 189[181] (applied

to Cupid).

win: win of, get the better of John II. i. 569 he that wins of all, H8 v. i. 58, Cym. I. i. 121, Sonn. lxiv. 7 I have seen . . . the firm soil win of the watery main; similarly win upon Cor. 1. 1. 226 it [sc. the rabble] will in time Win upon power (=get the better of authority); cf. Ant. II. iv. 9 You'll win two days upon me (=get the advantage of me by two days).

wince, winch [cf. LANCE, LANCH]: John IV. i. 81, Ham. III. ii. 256 (Q1 wince, the rest winch). Winchester goose: swelling in the groin caused by veneral disease 1H6 I. iii. 53 (addressed in contempt to the bishop of Winchester); in Troil. v. x. 55 goose of W. is applied to one suffering from the disease. The stews in Southwark were under the jurisdiction of the bishop of Winchester,

Wincot: Wilmecot (near Stratford) Shr. Ind. ii. 23.

wind sb. (see also BREAK, DOOR)

1 phr. down the wind, (to fly) in the direction of the wind, as a hawk was made to do when dismissed Oth. III. iii. 262; sits in the wind against, is in opposition to Ant. III. viii. 46 [x. 37]; on the wind, speedily and without impediment, as if on the 'wings of the wind' Ant. 111. vi. 63; cf. Cym. III. iv. 38; have i' the wind, get scent of All'sW. III. vi. 123; keeps the wind, keep to windward of the game so as to force it into the toils 3H6 III. ii. 14; so recover the wind of Ham. III. ii. 369 [362] why do you go about to recover the wind of me, as if you would drive me into a toil? ;-have the wind of. keep watch upon (as upon the game, when follow-ing it down the wind) Tit. IV. ii. 134.

2 used for (i) speech, word Err. 1. ii. 53 Stop in your wind, Ham. IV. vii. 66 no wind of blame; (ii) sighs (chiefly coupled with rain = tears) AYL. III. v. 50, Troil. IV. iv. 54, Mac. I. vii. 25, Lucr. 1790.

wind vb. 1 (pa.t. and pa. pple. wound)
1 to turn or wheel (a horse) round 1H4 iv. i. 109
To turn and wind a fiery Pegasus; also intr. Cæs.
iv. i. 32 a creature that I teach to fight, To wind, to stop.

2 to insinuate oneself Cor. III. iii. 63 to wind Yourself into a power tyrannical, Lr. I. ii. 109 seek him out; wind me into him (me is dative of interest).

wind away, go away AYL, III. iii. 109; wind up,

(1) furl John v. ii. 73; (2) tune up (as the strings of a musical instrument) Lr. IV. vii. 16 The untun'd and jarring senses, 0! wind up Of this child-

changed father; (3) pass (time) H5 iv. i. 299. wind vb. 2 pa. pple. winded) 1 to blow Ado I. i. 251 [243], MND. iv. i. stage dir. 2 to scent Tit. iv. i. 97.

wind-changing: inconstant as the wind 3H6 v. windgalls: disease attacking the fetlock in horses Shr. 111. ii. 54.

Shr, III. 11. 94.

windlass: pl. roundabout ways Ham, II. i. 65 With
w-es, and with assays of bias. ¶ The common Eliz.
phr. was 'fetch a windlass' (cf. FETCH vb. 4).

window: often applied to the cyclids R3 v. iii. 117,
Rom. IV. i. 100, Ant. v. ii. 318 Downy w-s, close,
Ven. 482;—phr. in at the w., said of illegitimate
children John I. i. 171.

window-barst (old edd. -barn): latticed openwork of the holdier Tim, IV. iii. 117

work of the bodice Tim. IV. iii. 117.

windowed:

1 placed in a window Ant. IV. Xii. [Xiv.] 72. 2 full of window-like holes Lr. III. iv. 31.

windring (not satisfactorily explained): Tp. Iv. i. 128 w. brooks (mod. edd. windingt, wand'ring t). windy (2 following wind sh. 2)

1 windward; the w. side, (fig.) the safe or advantageous side Ado II. i. 329, Tw.N. III. iv. 183.

with ref. to speech and sighing John II. i. 477, R3 IV. iv. 127, Lucr. 1788.

wing: with defining adj. or in phr. = flight Tw.N.
II. v. 126 with what wing the stanielt checks at it, 1H4 III. ii. 30 thy affections, which do hold a wing (=take a course) Quite from the flight of all thy ancestors, H5 IV. i. 113, Mac. III. ii. 51 the crow Makes wing.

winged:

1 flying 1H6 iv. vii. 21, Cym. iv. ii. 348.

2 protected by a wing of an army R3 v. iii. 301 w. with our chiefest horse.

wing-led: led in wings or divisions Cym. II. iv. 24 w. with their courages (? = by their gallant commanders); Ff 234 mingled; Craig their discipline - Now winged, -with their courage . .

wink sb. (2 transferred from the sense 'brief space of time', cf. Wint, v. ii. 124)

1 closing of the eyes; only in phr. referring to death Tp. 11, i. 293 [285] [put] To the perpetual w., Wint. 1. ii. 317 To give mine enemy a lasting wink. 2 very small distance Tp. 11, i. 250 [242] Ambition

cannot pierce a wink beyond.
wink vb. (1 the commonest S. sense)

I to shut one's eyes, have the eyes closed; said also of the eyes themselves Tp. II. i. 224 [216] Thou . . wink'st Whiles thou art waking, H5 II. i. 8 I dare not fight; but I will w. and hold out mine iron, Cym. v. iv. 193 such as wink and will not use them [viz. their eyes], Ven. 90 He winks, and turns his lips another way, Sonn. xliii. 1;—in some exx.—blink LLL. 1. ii. 55 ere you'll thrice wink, R2 IV. i. 284 the face That like the sun did make beholders wink, Lucr. 375 his eyes begun To wink, being blinded with a greater light.

2 wink at or upon, seem not to see Gent. 11. iv. 99 Upon a homely object Love can w., Tim. 111, i. 48 w. at me and say thou sawest me not, Mac. 1. iv. 52 The eye w. at the hand; (hence) to connive at H5 II, ii. 55, Rom. v. iii. 294 winking at your discords. 3 to give a significant look MND. III, ii. 239, John

IV. ii. 211 on the winking of authority (i.e. at the merest look or nod), H5 v. ii. 332 I will wink on her to consent, Tit. III. ii. 43.

winking vbl. sb.: closing of the eyes Ham. II. ii. 137\* given my heart a v. (=closed the eyes of my

heart; Qq 2-5 working).

winking pres. pple .: with eyes shut H5 III. vii. 158 that run w. into the mouth of a Russian bear; blind Cym. 11. iv. 89 w. Cupids; (of flowers, &c.) closed John II. i. 215 your w. gates, Cym. II. iii.

26 winking Mary-buds.

winnowed\* (not satisfactorily explained): 'wise, sensible' (Craig) Ham. v. ii. 201 w. opinions.

wintered: worn in winter AYL. III. ii. 112 W.

garments must be lin'd (Ff12). winter-ground: to cover up in the ground (as a plant with straw, &c.) Cym. Iv. ii. 229 furr'd moss

. To winter-ground thy corse. winterly: cheerless Cym. III. iv. 13 winterly [news].

T Cf. SUMMER.

wipe (once): brand Lucr. 537 a slavish wipe. wiry: John III. iv. 64 wiry friends = hairs (cf. Sonn. cxxx. 4); Sonn. cxxviii. 4 The wiry concord = the harmony of the strings.

wis: I wis t: see I-WIS.

wisdom: w. of nuture, natural science Lr. I. ii. 116. wise sb.: manner Per. v. ii. 11 (Gower) in no wise (= not at all), Pilgr. iii. 33 [277].

wise man (nearly always printed as one word in old edd.): usually opposed to 'fool', e.g. AYL. v. i. 36 The fool doth think he is wise, but the wise man knows himself to be a fool; occas, to 'madman' R2 v. v. 63 For though it have holp madmen to their wits, In me it seems it will make wise men mad.

wise woman: woman skilled in occult arts, witch Wiv. IV. v. 27 the w. of Brainford, 59, Tw.N. III.

iv. 116.

wish: to invite or commend (one) to another Shr. I. i. 112 I will wish him to her father, I. ii. 60 shall I... wish thee to a shrewd ill-favour'd wife?.

wishful: longing 3H6 111. i. 14 my wishful sight.
wishtly: with longing looks R2v. iv. 7 he w. looked
on me, As who should say, 'I would thou wert the
man' (Qq<sub>12</sub>; the rest wishly).

wist + (Steevens, Capell): knew 1H6 IV. i. 180 An if
I wist he did,—But let it rest (old edd, wish;
Theobald I wist). ¶ See note s.v. wor.

wistly: (of looking) steadfastly, attentively Ven. 343, Lucr. 1355 and, blushing with him, w. on him gaz'd, Pilgr. vi. 12 [82]. ¶ Cf. 'Robin behelde our comly kynge Wystly in the face' (Robyn Hode, vii. fytte).

wit sb. (the foll. senses are characteristic of the

Eliz. period)

1 the mental powers or faculties, the mind; usu. pl. e. g. Gent. i. i. 44 lore Inhabits in the finest wits, Cor. II. iii. 21, &c.; five wits, common sense, imagination, fancy, estimation, memory Ado I. i. 67, Rom. I. iv. 47, Lr. III. iv. 57, Sonn. cxli. 9 my five wils nor my five senses; occas. sing. Gent. 1. 1. 47 the young and tender wit, 1H6 1. ii. 73 My wit untrain'd in any kind of art.

power of imagination or invention LLL. r. ii. 194 Devise, wil; write, pen, MND. Iv. i. 212 past the wit of man, 115 III. vii. 33, Lucr. 1299 What wit sets down is blotted straight with will; (hence) 'contrivance, stratagem, power of expedients'
(J.) Wiv. Iv. v. 123 my admirable dexterity of wit,
I. I. ii. 205 Let me, if not by birth, have lands by wit.
3 sound sense or judgement, understanding, intelligence LLL. I. ii. 184, Wint. II. ii. 52, Ces. III.

ii, 225 I have neither wit, nor words, nor worth, Ham. II. ii. 90 since brevity is the soul of wit.

4 wisdom, wise or prudent knowledge Wiv. IV. v. 61, 3H6 IV. vii. 61 Away with scrupulous wit! now arms must rule, Lucr. 153, Sonn. exl. 5 If I might teach thee wit.

person of a certain condition or turn of mind (expressed by a qualifying word or phr.) 2H4 II. ii, 40 It shall serve among wits of no higher breeding than thine, H5 III. vi. 85 ale-washed wits, Ven. 850

he humour of fantastic wits.

dwit, whither wilt?, Eliz. phr. of doubtful origin, addressed to one who is talking too much or foolishly AYL. IV. i. 174; alluded to in Wit, whither wander you? addressed to Touchstone, AYL. I. ii. 60.

wit vb.: to know 1H6 II. v. 16 As witting I no other comfort have, Per. IV. iv. 31 Now please you wit The

epitaph is for Marina writ.

witch: to bewitch 1H4 IV. i. 110, 3H6 III. ii. 150 (Ff 'witch), Tim. v. i. 160, Ham. in. ii. 413 [406] the very witching time of night, When churchyards yavn. ¶ Cf. wor.

with (1 one of the commonest S. senses

1 expressing agency = by Ado II. i. 65 to be over-mastered with a piece of valiant dust, John II. i. 567 rounded in the ear With that same purpose-changer, Ant. v. ii. 170 must I be unfolded With one that I have bred ?.

2 expressing means of nourishment = on LLL. I. i. 299 fast a week with bran and water, R2 III. ii. 175, Mac. IV. ii. 32, v. v. 13 I have supp'd full with horrors. (with possess) = of John IV. ii. 9.

pregnant or ellipt. uses: from union or association with Cym. Iv. ii. 60 let the stinking-elder, grief, untwine His perishing root w. the increasing vine; Cor. III. iii. 30 With us, as we shall turn it to advantage; 2H6 v. i. 153 (see SUFFER).

5 idiomatic phr.: I'll be with you is used threateningly, almost=I'll trounce you, I'll give you 'what for', MND. III. ii. 403, Shr. IV. i. 170 What! do you grumble? I'll be with you straight, H8 v. iv. 30; I am with you, I understand 2H6 II. i. 48; not with himself, beside himself Tit. I. i. 368; What news or tidings with . . .? What news has . . .? Gent, III, i. 282, 2H6 II. i. 163; with all my heart, used as (i) a salutation Tim. III. vi. 28, (ii) a reply to a salutation Lr. IV. vi. 33, Oth. IV. i. 229; with superlatives used absol. = at Oth. II. iii. 7 with your earliest, Ant. v. i. 67 with your speediest.

withal: the common meanings are (1) with this, with it, therewith, (2) at the same time, besides, (3) with; phr. I could not do withal, I could not help it Mer.V. III. iv. 72.
withdraw: Ham. III. ii. 367 [360\*] To w. with you,

let me speak privately with you,

wither: w. out, cause to dwindle MND. 1. i. 6 w-ing

out a young man's revenue.

withers: in a horse, the part where the shoulder-bones join the neck 1H4 II. i. 8 wrung in the w., Ham. III. ii. 256 our withers are unwrung.

within: to close quarters with Err. v. i. 34 Some get w. him, take his sword away. ¶ Within once follows its object, which is in the nominative Mac. III. iv. 14 'Tis better thee without than he within. Withold: see Swithold.

without prep.: beyond the reach of Tp. v. i. 271 w. her power, MND. iv. i. 159 Without the peril of the Athenian law, Mac. III. ii. 11 Things w. all remedy. without conj.: unless Gent. II. i. 40, Err. III. ii. 92,

Ado III. iii. 85.

without-book: recited by heart Rom. 1. iv. 7 no without-book prologue.

without-door: outward Wint. II. i. 68 her w. form. witness sb.: with a w, with a vengeance Shr. v.
i. 121 Here's packing, with a witness.
witness vb.: to give or show evidence of Meas. iv.

iii. 103 letters . . . whose contents Shall w. to him I am near at home, R2 II. iv. 22 W-ing storms to come, Sonn. xxvi. 4 I send this written ambassage, To w.

wit-old: mentally feeble LLL. v. i. 67 (quibble on WITTOL).

wit-snapper: one who seizes every opportunity of indulging in witticism Mer. V. III. v. 55.

wittily: wisely Tw.N. Iv. ii. 16 as the old hermit of Prague . . . very w. said . . . 'That that is is'; cleverly Ven. 471.

wittol: contented cuckold Wiv. II. ii. 317.

wittolly: cuckoldly Wiv. II. ii. 288. witty (obs. uses; cf. wir sb.)

1 wise, prudent MND. v. i. 169, Tw. N. I. v. 38 Better a witty fool than a foolish wit, 3H6 I. ii, 43 Witty, courteous, liberal, Troil. III. ii. 30, Oth, II. i. 131. clever, cunning Ado IV. ii. 28, R3 IV. ii. 42 The

deep-revolving witty Buckingham. wo ha ho: call to excite attention Mer. V. v. i. 39.

wod(d)e: see wood.

woe sb.: lament Ado v. iii. 33 this for whom we render'd up this woe!; grievous thing H51. ii. 26 whose guiltless drops Are every one a woe...'Gainst...; in exclamations=alas for Tp. 1. ii. 15 woe the day!, H5 IV. vii. 79 woe the while !.

woe adj.: sorry Tp. v. i. 139 I am woe for t, 2H6 III. ii, 73, Ant. Iv. xii. [xiv.] 133 woe are we, Sonu. lxxi. 8 If thinking on me then should make you woe.

¶ 'I am woe' was developed from the old 'Woe is me'; Chaucer blends the old and the new in 'me is as wo For him as ever I was for any man'.

wolvish: the form current in old edd.; mod. edd. often wolfish t.

woman sb. (1 contrast WIFE)

1 wife Wiv. II. ii. 309 the hell of having a false w., 1H4 II. iii. 44.

woman's = womanish, feminine Gent, I, ii, 23, 1H4 1. iii. 237 to break into this woman's mood, III. i. 244, Troil. I. i. 111 wherefore not afield? Because not there: this woman's answer sorts, Mac. 1. v. 48 Come to my woman's breasts.

woman vb.: to bend or subdue (like a woman)
All'sW. III. ii. 53.

woman'd: accompanied by a woman Oth. III. iv. 194. woman-queller: woman-killer 2H4 II. i. 61.

woman-tired: henpecked Wint, II. iii. 74.
womb sb.: transf. applied to anything hollow or
conceived as hollow (e.g. the earth, night) R2 II. i. 83 a grave, Whose hollow womb . . ., 1H4 1II. i. 31, H5 Iv. Chor. 4 the foul womb of night, Rom. v. i. 65 the fatal cannon's womb, Compl. 1 a hill Whose concare womb .

womb vb.: to enclose Wint. IV. iii. [iv.] 503.

womby: hollow H5 II. iv. 124 womby vaultages. Woncot: = Wincot 2H4 v. i. 42,

wonder sb, (obsolete uses)

1 admiration Tw.N. 11, i. 29 such estimable wonder,
Wint. v. i. 133, Lucr. 84 In silent wonder of stillgazing eyes.

miracle, miraculous quality, miraculous means Err. 111. ii. 30 by what w. you do hit of mine (i.e. my name)? Shr. 11. i. 403 [411], Oth. III. iv. 100 there's some wonder in this handkerchief. wonder vb.: to admire Sonn. cvi. 14 we... Have

eyes to v., but lack tongues to praise; const. at LLL, v. ii. 267 Are these the breed of wits so wonder at?, wondering: admiration Wint. vv. Chor. [i.] 25, wonder'd: performing wonders Tp. vv. i. 123 So

rare a w. father (= performing such rare miracles).
wont: = the much commoner is or are wont, was or

were wont Err. IV. iv. 38 I bear it on my shoulders, as a beggar wont her brat ( = is accustomed to bear),

1H6 r. ii. 14, r. iv. 10. wood: mad Gent. n. iii. 31 0, that she could speak now like a wood+ woman (Ff would-woman), MND. II. i. 192 here am I, and wood (Q1 wodde) within this wood, 1H6 IV. vii. 35 raging wood.

woodbine: honeysuckle Ado III. i. 30, MND. II. i. 251; (?) bindweed, Convolvulus sepium MND, IV. i. 48 So doth the w. the sweet honeysuckle Gently

woodcock: type of stupidity; hence = fool Ado v.

1. 161, Ham. 1. iii. 115. wooden: fig. 1H6 v. iii. 89\* a wooden thing, (a) 'awkward business' (Steevens), (b) 'expressionless, insensible thing-referring to the king' (H. C. Hart).

woodman: hunter Wiv. v. v. 30, Cym. III. vi. 28 You, Polydore, have prov'd best w., Lucr. 580; fig.

woman-hunter Meas. Iv. iii. 174.

woollen adj.: covered with woollen cloth Mer.V.
1V. i. 56 a w. bagpipe (so Qq Ff 123; Capell wauling †); coarsely clad, homely Cor. 111. ii. 9 woollen vassals ;-sb. Ado II. i. 33 lie in the w., sleep between the blankets with no sheets.

woolward: with woollen clothing next the skin LLL. v. ii. 716 I go w. for penance. ¶ Cf. Palsgr.,

Wolwarde, without any lynnen nexte ones body, 'sans chemyse'.

wot: wit (thou) Ham. v. i. 297 Woot weep? woot fight?, Ant. Iv. xiii. [xv.] 59 Noblest of men, woot die?. ¶ Remains in west-midland dial. Cf. wor.

- word sb. (4 is freq. in ordinary phrases)

  1 at a word, to be brief, in short Wiv. I, i. 109, Ado

  II. i. 120, Cor. I. iii. 122 go along with us.—No, at a
  w., madam; so with a word 1H4 II. iv. 287; in
  phr. expressing prompt decision or action Wiv. T. iii. 14 I am at a word; follow, 2H4 in. ii. 322 Go to; I have spoke at a word (=you may depend upon me), Cas. I. ii. 270 f I would not have taken him at a word; cf. Cas. I. ii. 104 Upon the word... I plunged in.
- 2 watch-word, pass-word Mer.V. III. v. 58, H5 II. i.

76, iii. 52, Ham. I. v. 110, IV. v. 105.

3 have, give, maintain w-s, break or change aw., come to ves, speed ve, framam ves, orack or crange av., come to ves, speed ve, for w., hold conversation Gent. II. iv. 42, Err. III. i. 75, LLL. vi. 239, Tw.N. Iv. ii. 109, Caes. v. i. 25, Ham. I. iii. 134, Aht. II. vi. 3. 4 promise, assurance Gent. II. iv. 44 you have an exchequer of words, All'sW. II. i. 213 If thou proceed

As high as word (=if your actions tally with your undertaking).

- 5 the word, the inspired word, Holy Writ, Wiv. III. i. 44, R2 v. v. 13, 2H4 IV. ii. 10 Turning the word to sword; so The words of heaven Meas. 1. ii. 131. 6 motto Per. 11. ii. 21 The word, Luxtuu vitu mihi, &c.

- word vb. (only in Ant. and Cym.)

  1 to say (as opposed to 'sing') Cym. IV. ii. 240.

  2 to speak of Cym I. iv. 17 words him... a great
  deal from the matter (= make a report of him which is remote from the fact).

  3 to flatter with words Ant. v. ii. 190.

work sb.: fortification H8 v. iv. 63, Oth. III. ii. 3. work vb. (pa.t. and pa.pple, always wrought; 1 cf. working vbl. sb. and ppl. adj.; 5 said esp. of seeth-

- ing waters in Eliz. period)

  1 to act upon or affect, powerfully move Tp. iv. i. 144 your father's in some passion That works him Strongly, v. i. 17 your charm so strongly works them, Mac. 1. iii. 149 my dull brain was wrought With things forgotten, Oth. v. ii. 344.
- 2 to strive to effect (something) H8 III. ii. 312 You wrought to be a legate, Cor. 11. iii. 254; to bring about, effect Rom. 111. v. 145 that we have wrought
- So worthy a gentleman to be her bridegroom. 3 work out, (i) seent out like a dog Tw.N. 11. v. 141. (ii) bring through safely 2H41. i. 182 if we wrought out life.
- 4 let ... work, allow (a person or thing) to follow
- his or its course Cæs. II. i. 209, Ham. III. iv. 205. 5 to be agitated Per. III. i. 48 the sea works. 6 (with object and predicative adj.) to render by continuous action 2H4 IV. iv. 119.

working vbl. sb.:

pl. actions 2H4 v. ii. 90.

2 effort, endeavour AYL. 1. ii. 218 his will hath in it a more modest w., 2H4 IV. ii. 22 our dull w-s\*.

mental or emotional activity, 'affection' of the mind or heart Meas. 11. i. 10, LLL. 1v. i. 33 the w. of the heart, 1H6 v.v.86 sick with w. of my thoughts, Ham. 11. ii. 588 [580] from her [i.e. the soul's] w. all his visage wann'd, Sonn. xeiii. 11 thy heart's v-s.

working ppl.adj.: exciting the emotions, full of pathos H8 Prol. 3.

patios Ho Fro. 3.
working-day: ordinary, trivial AYL. 1. iii, 12
this working-day world. ¶ Cf. worky-day.
working-house: factory (fig.) H5 v. Chor. 23.
workman: skilled worker Tim. Iv. iii, 441 Do
willany . . . Like workmen, Ant. Iv. iv. 18 thou
shoulds see A workman in th. Cym. Iv. i. 7.
worky-day:=working-day Ant. 1. ii. 57.

world:

1 matter of the w., anything at all Troil. II. iii. 198; it is a w., it is wonderful (to see) Ado III. v. 38, Shr. II. i. 305 [313].

2 life, condition of existence Rom. 111. i. 105 I am peppered . . . for this world;—both the w-s, this life and the next Ham. 1v. v. 133; the w. to come, future generations Troil, 1u. ii. 180.

3 go to the world, get married Ado II. i. 333, All'sW. 1. iii. 21; woman of the w., married woman AYL.

v. iii. 5.

with ref. to the microcosm or 'little world' of man Lr. III. i. 10, Compl. 7 Storming her w. with sorrow's wind and rain.

worldlings: (?) men of this world, mortals AYL.
11. i. 48, 2H4 v. iii. 100.
worldly (the sense 'devoted to the world and its

pursuits' is not S.)

belonging to this world or this life 2H4 IV. V. 229 My w. business (=my life), 2H6 I. ii. 45 w. pleasure, III. ii. 151 my w. solace, Cæs. I. iii. 96 life, being neary of those w. burs, Cym. IV. ii. 260 lby v. lask. 2 mortal Meas. III. i. 127 w. life, R2 III. ii. 56 w. men, Tit. I. i. 152 v. chances, V. ii. 65; no worldly (good), no (good) in the world Gent. III. i. 9, R3 III. vii. 62.

- pertaining to one's relations with the world (as opposed to private interests) Tp. 1. ii. 89 neglecting w. ends, all dedicated Tocloseness, R2 III. ii. 94, Oth.
  I. iii. 301 an hour Of love, of worldly matters . . . To spend with thee.
- world-without-end: eternal LLL, v. ii. 797 a w. bargain, Sonn. Ivii. 5 chide the w. hour.

worm (in early use applied widely to all small

creeping things)

supposed to cause pain and decay in teeth Ado III. ii. 27; humorously supposed to infest the fingers of a lazy person (and hence sometimes called 'idle worms') Rom. 1. iv. 66 a . . . worm

worn:

- 1 (of time) spent, past Wint. v. i. 142 infirmity, - Which waits upon worn times (= attends old age),
- Lucr. 1350 worn-out age. exhausted Cor. III. i. 6

2 eRhatsted Cor. 11. 1. 6. 3 3 effaced from memory 2H6 11. iv, 69 These few days' wonder will be quickly worn.
worry to 'pull to pieces' Wint. v. ii. 59 then again worses he his daughter with clipping her.
worshipsb.: honour, dignity Wint. 1. ii. 314 bench'd and rear'd to worship, John IV. iii. 72, 3H6 IV. iii. 16 w. and quietness (= 'otium cum dignitate'),

254

R3 1. i. 66 that good man of w., Cor. 111. i. 141 ('this divided authority of the senate and the people Lr. 1. iv. 290; H81. i. 39 belong to w. (= are of noble rank).

worship vb.: to honour, dignify H5 1, ii. 233 our grave... Not worshipp d with a waxen epitaph. wort!: plant, vegetable Wiv. 1. i. 125 Good worts!

good cabbage.

wort: infusion of malt before it is fermented, sweet unfermented beer LLL. v. ii. 234.

worth sb. (Malone explains his w. in Cor. III, iii. 26\*

'his full quota or proportion')
1 wealth, riches MND. II. i. 219 the rich w. of your rirginity, Tw.N. III. iii. 17, Rom. II. vi. 32 They are but beggars that can count their w., Lr. IV. iv.

10, 0th. i. ii. 28 not . . . For the sea's worth.

2 merit, deservingness Meas. i. i. 22 If any . . . be
of w. To undergo such unple grace, Cyn. v. v. 308.
worth adj.: of value, valuable 1H4 iv. i. 27, Troil.

u. ii. 22. [of praise. worthiness: deservedness Troil. 1, iii. 241 The w. worthless: unworthy 1H6 IV. iv. 21 w. emulation; -worthless of, not deserving Cas. v. i. 61.

worthy sb.: pl. excellences Gent. 11, iv. 167, LLL. 1y. iii. 236.

worthy adj. (the senses 'excellent' and 'deserving 'are the most freq., the latter with various constructions)

valuable Tp. I. ii. 247 I have done thee w. service, AYL, III. iii. 62, Cas. III. i. 116 No worther than the dust, Sonn. xlviii. 6.

2 well-deserved, due R2 v. i. 68 w. danger and deserved death, 1H6 v. v. 11 her w. praise, R3 i. ii. 87

doing worthy eengeance on thyself.
3 legitimate, justifiable John II. i. 281 whose right is worthiest, 1H4 III. ii. 98, Cor. III. i. 240 your w. rage, Oth. III. iii. 254 worthy cause.

4 befitting, fitted (for) Gent. 1. iii. 33 every exercise W. his youth, 11, iv. 77 v. for an empress' love, Cass. v. v. 24, Mac. 1. ii. 10 Worthy to be a rebel.

worthy vb.: to give (a person) a reputation for excellence Lr. II. ii. 128 he... put upon him such a deal of man, That worthied him.
wot': know(s) Wiv. II. ii. 91 the picture... that you wot of, Wint. III. ii. 77 the gods themselves, Wolting no more than I, H5 IV. i. 302 The slave... little wofs. What witch the king keeps, R3 II. iii. 18 no, no, good friends, God wot, III. ii. 89 Wot you what, my tord? (= let me tell you), Tit. III. ii. 48, Ant. I. v. 22 wot'st thou whom thou mov'st?. ¶ The present tense of wir vb.; the past tense 'wist' occurs in the 1611 Bible (e.g. Luke ii. 49), but is not S.

wot 2: wilt 2H4 II. i. 65 thou wot, wot ta, (Q; Ff thou

will not?), Ant. IV. ii. 7. ¶ Cf. woot. would (obs. or archaic uses of the past subjunctive) 1 = wish, desire Gent. 11. iv. 117 my lord your father when, desire tent. II. IV. III my cora your juner we speak with you, III, III, i. 209 would thou kneel with me (Ff will), Cæs. II. i. 12 He w. be crown'd Mac. I. v. 19 thou wouldstbe great; with sb. or pron. as obj. Mer. V. II. ii. 132 wouldst thou aught with me?, H5 IV. ii. 32 I w. no other company, v. ii. 68 If . . . you w. the peace; with clause Ham. r. ii. 234 I w. I had been there; with accus. and infin. H5 11. Prol. 18 What mightst thou do that honour would thee do.

2 = require to Mac. 1. vii. 34 Golden opinions . Which w. be worn now in their newest gloss, Ham.

III. iii. 75 That would be scann'd.

wound: entwined Tp. 11. ii. 13 wound with adders. woundless: invulnerable Ham. IV. i. 44 the woundless air.

wrack sb. (always so spelt in old edd., not 'wreck')

1 destruction, ruin All'sW. III. v. 23 the w. of
maidenhood, 2H6 I. ii. 105 Hume's knavery will be

the duchess' w., Mac. 1. iii. 114 He labour'd in his country's wrack, Ven. 558 honour's wrack.

wreck, shipwreck Tp. I. ii. 26 The direful speciacle of the w., Err. v. i. 49 by w. of sea, R2 II. i. 268, Oth. II. i. 23 a grievous w. and sufferance On most part of their fleet.

3 wrecked ship or person Tw.N. v. i. 83, R3 i. iv. 24. 4 wreckage H5 i. ii. 165 sunken wrack.

wrack vb.: to destroy, ruin R3 IV. i. 96, Ham. II. i. 113 meant to wrack thee.

wracked (freq.): shipwrecked Tp. 1. ii. 236. wrackful: destructive Sonn, lxv. 6 wrackful siege. wrangfer: adversary H5 I. ii. 264, Troil. 11. ii. 75 The seas and winds—old wranglers.

wrath sb. (1 freq.; 2 once)

1 warlike ardour = RAGE sb. 5 Tw. N. III. iv. 257 your opposite hath in him what youth, strength, skill, and wrath can furnish withal, 2H4 I. i. 109, Cor. I. ix. 86, Ham. II. ii. 492 [483].

2 ardour of passion = RAGE sb. 3, AYL. v. ii. 45. wrath adj. (once): wrathful MND. II. i. 20 fell and w. (rhyme hath). ¶ 'Wroth' adj. does not occur. wrathful: 'raging furious, impetuous' (Schmidt)
R2 I. iii, 136 v. iron arms, 2H4 III, ii. 173 valiant
as the v. dore, 2H6 II. iv. 3 Barren winter, with his wrathful nipping cold, v. ii. 70.

wreak sb.: vengeance, revenge Cor. IV. v. 91 A haart of w., Tit. IV. iii. 33 Take w., IV. iv. 11 in his wreaks (=vindictive acts).

wreak vb.1: to revenge Tit, IV. iii, 51 to wreak our wrongs, Rom. III. v. 102. wreak vb.2: 16th-17th cent. variant of RECK.

wreak'd: revenged Ven. 1004 Be w-'d on him. wreakful: revengeful Tit. v. ii. 32, Tim. Iv. iii. 230.

wreakless: old form of RECKLESS.

wreathed: (of the arms) folded LLL. iv. iii. 135. wrenching (H8 i. i. 167); see rinsing.

wrest sb. : key for tuning a harp; fig. Troil. III. iii. 23 Antenor . . . is such a wrest in their affairs That their negotiations all must slack, Wanting his manage. wrest vb. (2 cf. o'ER-WRESTED)

to get as if by main force Tit. III. ii. 44 I of these

[signs] will wrest an alphabet.

to strain the meaning of wilfully in a wrong direction, misinterpret Ado III. iv. 34 an bad thinking do not w. true speaking, H5 1. ii. 14 fashion, w., or bow your reading, 2H6 iii. i. 186.

wretch: as a term of endearment Rom. I. iii. 44,

Oth. Hr. iii. 90, Ant. v. ii. 305.

wretched: hateful, loathsome R3 v. ii. 7 The w., bloody, and usurping bour, Lucr. 999 Such wretched hands such wretched blood should spill.

wring (see also WRINGING, WRUNG)

1 to wrench, wrest (lit. and fig.) Meas. v. i. 32 w. redress from you, 3H6 III. i. 16 thy sceptre wrung from thee, Ham. I. ii. 58 He halh. . . wrung from me my slow leave, Oth. v. ii. 287 (Ff Wrench).

to writhe, suffer torture Ado v. i. 28 w. under the load of serrow, Cym. III. vi. 78 He wrings at some distress.

wringing: torture, suffering H5 IV. i. 256, H8 II. ii. 28 wringing of the conscience.

wrinkle: to give wrinkles to, make to appear old Troil. II. ii. 79. writ sb. (2 holy writ is the usu. phrase)

that which is written, writing, document 2H6 I. iv. 60 the devil's vert, Tit. II. iii. 264 this fatal vert, Ham. II. ii. 430 [421] For the law of writ and the liberty(? = 'forrepeating correctly what is written, and for freedom of improvisation', Clark and Wright; Q 1676 wit), v. ii. 51 [I] folded the writ up; 'penned or premeditated oration' (J.) Cæs. up; 'penned or premeditated oration (3.) Cas. III. ii. 225 I have neither writ, nor words, nor worth (Ff 2-4 wit).

2 Scripture; (hence) 'gospel' truth Per, II, Gower 12 each man Thinks all is writ he speken can, writ pa.pple: specified, stipulated Ham, I, ii, 222 we did think it w. down in our duly To..., IV. V.

140 is't writ in your revenye, That . . . ?. write (pa.t. writ, rarely wrote; pa.pple. writ, written,

rarely wrote)

1 to sign or subscribe one's name (for) 2H6 iv. i. 63 This hand of mine hath writ in thy behalf, Sonn. exxxiv. 7 He learn'd . . . to write for me, Under that bond.

2 to set oneself down as, call oneself All's W. II. iii. 207 w. man (see MAN sb.), 2H4 I. ii. 29, Lr. v. iii. 36 w. happy when thou hast done; (hence) to lay claim to All'sW. 11. iii. 67 My mouth no more were broken than these boys' And writ as little beard.
3 w. against, denounce Ado IV. i. 56, Cym. II. v. 32.

writhing: words of a song LLL, I, ii, 120, wroath (Qq12F), wroth (Qq31): irregular spellings of 'ruth' = calamity, ruin Mer, V, II, ix, 78

Patiently to bear my w. " 'Roth' is a 15th cent. Patiently to bear my w. ¶ 'Roth' is a 15th cent. form, and 'routh' occurs as late as the 17th cent. wrong (very freq. in the ordinary senses)

1 phr. have wrong, suffer injury, injustice, or loss 2H4 m. ii. 107, v. i. 58, 3H6 iv. i. 102, Cæs. m. ii. 116; do oneself wrong, put oneself in the wrong, be mistaken Tp. 1. ii. 440, Wiv. III. iii. 220, Meas. r. ii. 43.

wrong-doing, evil act, offence Meas. 11. ii. 103, Ado v. i. 312, John II. i. 116 Under whose warrant I impeach thy w., R3 v. i. 19 the determin'd respite of my wrongs.

wrung: wrenched or galled 1H4 H. i. 8 w. in the

withers. ¶ Cf. UNWRUNG.

wrying: swerving from the right path Cym. v. i. 5. wry-neck'd: the wry-neck'd fife (= played with the head turned sideways) Mer. V. II. v. 30.

Xanthippe (old edd. Zantippe, Zentippe): wife of Socrates, typical of a scold Shr. 1. ii. 71.

yard: yard measure Shr. IV. iii. 113; clothier's y., 'cloth-yard shaft', an arrow used with the long

bow Lr. IV. vi. 90.

yare: ready, (hence) nimble, brisk Meas, IV. ii. 61 of you haveoccasion to use me . . . , you shall find me y., Tw.N. 111. iv. 248 be y. in thy preparation, Ant. 111. xi. [xiii.] 131; (of a ship) easily managed Tp. v. i. 224, Ant. III. vii. 38; adv. Tp. I. i. 7 cheerly, my hearts! yare, yare!, &c., Ant. v. ii. 285; so yarely Tp. 1. i. 4, Ant. 11. ii. 219.

yaw: (of a ship) to move unsteadily, fig. in Ham. v. ii. 121; but the passage is difficult.

yawn: to gape in surprise or wonder Cor. III. ii. 11, Ham. IV. v. 9 (Ff ayme, aim), Oth. v. ii. 100. yawning: lulling to sleep Mac. III. ii. 43 y. peal.

yclad: elad, clothed (fig.) 2H6 I. i. 33.

ycleped (old edd. yclyped, ycliped, ecliped): called (see CLEPE) LLL. 1. i. 240, v. ii. 599.

yea: freq. used, like NAY, to correct or amplify Tp. 1. ii. 206 make his bold waves tremble, Yea, his dread trident shake; prefixed to a question of reproof or surprise MND. III. ii. 411 Yea, art thou there?, R3 I. iv. 88 Yea, are you (Ff What) so brief?.

Yead: short for Yedward Wiv. I. i. 162.
yea-forsooth: using the asseveration 'yea, for-

sooth', like a person of low station 2H41, ii. 40,

yean+: form in mod. edd. of EAN.

year: pl. = mature age R2 II. iii. 66 comes to y-s, 2H6 11. iiî. 28 a king of y-s; —in y-s, old 1H4 11. iv. 507 [500], Rom. 111. v. 46; LLL. v. ii. 466 smiles his cheek in years (see SMILE 2).

yearn+: to vex, grieve Wiv.III.v.45 it would y, your heart; impers. R2 v. v. 76 it y-'d my heart (Qq 1-4 ernd, Ff 1-3 Q5 yern'd), H5 Iv. iii. 26 It y-s me not.

T Cf. EARN 2.

Yedward: familiar form of 'Edward' 1H4 1. ii. 148.

yellowness: jealousy Wiv. I. iii. 109.

yellows: jaundice in horses Shr. 111, ii. 55. 'The Jandis, called in a Horse, the Yellowes (Blundeville, 1580).

yeoman:

1 one of the class of small freeholders (who formed a large part of the infantry of English armies) 1H4 IV. ii. 16 good householders, geomen's sons, H5 111. i. 25, 3H6 1. iv. 123, R3 v. iii, 339 Fight, gentlemen of England! fight, bold geomen!, Ham. v. ii. 36 y-'s service, (=good and faithful service); contrasted with gentleman 1H6 II. iv. 81, Lr. III. vi. 12. y. of the wardrobe, keeper of a gentleman's wardrobe Tw.N. II. v. 45.

3 sheriff's officer 2H4 II. i. 4.

yerk: to thrust or push smartly H5 IV. vii. 84, Oth.

1. ii. 5 yerk'd him. . . under the ribs,
yes: used to correct a negative statement = on the

contrary, but it is or was 2H4 I. iii. 36, Cor. IV vi. 62, v. iv. 28, Cym. 1. iv. 55; = YEA H8 I. ii. 176 I say, take heed; Yes, heartily beseech you. yest: foam Wint, III. iii. 95 yest and frolh.

yesty: foamy, frothy Mac. iv. i. 53 the y. waves; fig. Ham. v. ii. 199 y. collection (= superficial know-

ledge; Qq<sub>23</sub> histy, Q<sub>4-6</sub> misty).

yet: one of the most freq. senses is 'still, now as before, now as always' Wiy. II. ii. 148 Will they yet look after thee?, R3 1, iv. 126 Some . . . dreys of conscience are yet within me, Ham. 1. iii. 55 Yethere, Lacries!; also as yet Compl. 75 I might as yet have been a spreading flower.

yield (the chief S. meanings are 'afford, give, grant, allow', 'deliver, give up, surrender, resign', and intr. 'give way, submit, surrender, assent') to bring forth, bear Tp. 11. i. 239 [231] a brth...

Which throes thee much to y., Per. v. iii. 48 she was yielded there.

to reward Ant. IV. ii. 33 the gods y. you for't; cf. GOD 'ILD.

yielded: given up for lost John v. ii. 107.

yielding: compliance LLL. 1. i. 118, John II. i. 474, Rom. II. ii. 105, Lucr. 1658.

yoke sb.: pair of oxen 2H4 III. ii. 42; of servants Wiv. II. i. 180 a yoke of his discarded men. yoke vb.: to be joined or coupled 3H6 IV. i. 23, IV.

vi. 49 We'll yoke together, Cor. III. i. 56. yoked: married Oth. IV. i. 67 (quibble).

yore: of y., once upon a time Sonn. lxviii. 14.

young:

1 raw, inexperienced AYL. I. i. 58 you are too young in this, Mac, III. iv. 144 We are yet but young in deed.

2 recent H8 III. ii. 47 this is yet but young. younger sb.: younger son (cf. Luke xv. 12) Mer. V.

II, vi. 14 like a y. or a prodigal (younkert).
younger adv.: ago Per. I. iv. 39 not yet two summers younger + (= not two years ago; old edd. yet).

youngling: stripling, novice Shr. II. i. 331 [339], Tit. II. i. 73, IV. ii. 94, youngly: early in life Cor. II. iii. 244, Sonn. xi. 3.

younker: = Youngling 1H4 III. iii. 91, 3H6 II. i. 24. youth: recentness Mer. V. III. ii. 222

youthful: belonging to the period of youth, of or in youth Gent. IV. i. 34 My y. travel, AYL. II. iii, 67 thy y. wages, 11. vii, 160 His y. hose, R2 1. iii, 70 Whose youthful spirit, Compl. 79.

yravish (archaic): to ravish Per. III. Gower 35. yslaked (archaic): reduced to inactivity Per. III. Gower 1.

zany: buffoon who imitated the tricks of a professional clown or fool LLL. v. ii. 464 some slight zany, Tw.N. 1. v. 95 the fools' zanies.

zeal: once construed with of (instead of the usual to) 2H4 IV. ii. 27 Under the counterfeited z. of God. zed: the letter z Lr. II. ii. 68 Thou whoreson zed! thou unnecessary letter.

zenith: highest point of one's fortune Tp, 1, ii, 181, zodiac: used for 'year' Meas. 1. ii. 178 nineteen zo-diacs have gone round. [v. i. 304.

zone: the burning zone, the path of the sun Ham. zounds: an oath = God's wounds (cf. swounds) John 11. i. 466; in Ff often omitted or changed to nes. come, what, or the like.

## ADDENDA

across: = cross adv. All'sW. II. i. 70 (cf. note s.v. | fairy gold: money given by fairies, supposed to TRAVERSE adv.).

apology: explanatory statement LLL. v. i. 146. astringer: keeper of goshawks All'sW. v. i. stage dir. Enter a gentle astringer. [Compl. 6. atwain: in two Lr. 11. ii. 79, Oth. v. ii. 204 (Q1),

barlet: see MARTLET+.

baste: to sew lightly Ado I. i. 297 [289].

blame adj.: see WILFUL-BLAME.

book: to register 2H4 IV. iii. 50, H5 IV. vii. 77 To book our dead (conj. look +), Sonn. exvii. 9 Book both my wilfulness and errors down.

Charbon: usu. explained as=Fr. 'chair bon' (good flesh) and expressing the Puritan's contempt of fast-days, **Poysam** being interpreted as = Fr. 'poisson' (fish) and typitying the papist's strict observance of them All'sW. 1. iii. 57.

cittern-head: grotesquely carved head of the cittern, an instrument of the guitar kind; used

in contempt LLL, v. ii. 611.

coram: used erroneously for 'quorum', which was a title of certain justices whose presence was necessary to constitute a bench Wiv. 1, i. 6 justice of pence and coram.

down-roping: see ROPING.

Dowsabel: typical name of a sweetheart Err. iv. i. 111 Where D. did claim me for her husband,

crumble away rapidly Wint. III. iii, 127

fit sh.: strain of music Troil. 111. i. 63 (quibble) grow to: to acquire an unpleasant taste (as food does when burnt to the bottom of a saucepan) Mer. V. 11, ii. 18 my father did something smack, something grow to, he had a kind of taste. ¶ In Warwickshire 'grown to' is used of milk, &c., that has

caught in cooking. haste-post-haste: see POST-HASTE

legative: pertaining to a legate H8 m. ii. 340 By your power l. (F<sub>1</sub> Legative; mod. edd. usu. lega-tinet, to correspond with 'by his power legantine' in Holinshed's Chronicle; 'legantine' and 'legative' were both common earlier synonyms of 'legatine', which does not appear till 1611).

lie along: = 'lie low' Cor. v. v. [vi.] 57, Cæs. III. i.

115.

pennyworth: bargain Ado II. iii. 45 We'll fit the kid-fox with a p. (= sell him a bargain in which he

gets the worst of it), Wint a bargain in which no gets the worst of it), Wint it, vi.ii. [1v.] 653 though the pennyworth on his side be the worse, proceed: to follow legal procedure Mer. V. IV. i. 170, too too (in old edd. also too-too): exceedingly, very Gent. II. iv. 206, Wiv. II. ii. 265, LLL. V. ii. 530, Mer. V. II. vi. 42, 3H6 I. iv. 106, Ham. I. ii. 129,

Lucr. 174.

# FOREIGN WORDS AND PHRASES

(Words like Misanthropos, which, though not anglicized in form, were more or less naturalized in the Elizabethan period, will be found in the main glossary.)

Where the language is other than Latin, the spelling in the old editions is frequently full of errors; all these deviations are not recorded here. L. = Latin. Fr. = French. It. = Italian. Sp. = Spanish. Gl. = the foregoing Glossary.

absque hoc nihil est [L.]: apart from this there is |

nothing 2H4 v. v. 31. accommodo [L.]: I accommodate 2H4 m. ii. 79. accusativo [L.]: in the accusative case Wiv. IV.

ad Jovem, ad Apollinem, ad Martem [L.]: to Jupiter, to Apollo, to Mars, Tit. IV. iii. 53, 54.

ad manes fratrum [L.]: to the departed spirits of the brothers Tit. 1. i. 98.

adsum [L.]: I am here 2H6 1. iv. 26. Aio te, Aeacida, Romanos vincere posse [L.; ambiguous answer given by the Delphic oracle to Pyrrhus, quoted from Ennius by Cicero, De divinatione it. lvi.]: I say that thou, Aeacides, canst conquer the Romans, or, that the Romans

can conquer thee, Acacides 2H6 1. iv. 65. Alla nostra casa ben venuto, molto honorato signior mio Petruchio [It.]: Welcome to our house, my much honoured lord Petruchio Shr. 1.

alla stoccata [It. in old edd. in hispaniolized form alla stucatho]: with the stoccado Rom. III. i. 79. allons! [Fr.]: come! LLL. IV. iii. 383 Allons! allons!

(old edd. alone, alone), v. i. 163 Allons! we will employ thee Anne intelligis, domine? [L.]: Do you understand, sir? LLL. v. i. 28.

armigero [L.; dative or ablative of 'armiger'];
esquire Wiv. r. i. 10.

baille + [Fr.]: give Wiv. r. iv. 92 (Ff Q3 ballow).
basta [IL]: enough Shr. r. i. 202.

benedicite [L.]: used as a salutation by friars Meas. II. iii. 39, Rom. II. iii. 31.

ben venuto [It.; old edd. bien]: welcome LLL. IV. ii. 166, Shr. I. ii. 185. bis coctus [L.]: twice cooked LLL. IV. ii. 23.

bona terra, mala gens [L.]: a good land, a bad people 2H6 iv. vii. 61.

bon jour [Fr.]: good day AYL. I. ii, 105, Rom. II. iv. 47

bonos dies [blunder for L. 'bonus dies']: good day Tw.N. iv. ii. 14. caelo [L. ablative of 'caelum']: sky LLL. iv. ii. 5. ça ha! [Fr.]: exclamation of delight H5 iii. vii. 13.

calen o custure me † : see Qualtifie (&c.). candidatus [L.; lit. white-robed]: candidate Tit. 1. i. 185.

canis [L.]: dog LLL. v. ii. 590.

capocchia [feminine of It. 'capocchio']: dolt, fool Troil. IV. ii. 32.

caret [L.]: (it) is wanting Wiv. IV. i. 56, LLL. IV.

Castiliano vulgo\* [pseudo-Sp.]: (?) phr. used in drinking bouts Tw. N. 1. iii. 46 (some read C. volto+ = put on your Castilian, i.e. solemn, face). caveto [L.]: take care H5 II. iii. 56.

circum circa + [L.]: round about, round and round LLL. v. i. 73 (old edd. unum culu).

Con tutto il cuore ben trovato [It.]: With all my heart, well met Shr. 1. ii. 24.
coragio [It.]: courage Tp. v. i. 258, All'sW. 11. v. 98.
coram [L.]: see Gl., Addenda.
coupe la gorge [Fr.]: cut the throat H5 11. i. 75.
cubiculo [ablative of L. 'cubiculum']: chamber,

apartment Tw.N. ni. ii. 58. Cucullus non facit monachum [L.]: The cowl does not make the monk Meas. v. i. 257, Tw. N. I.

v. 61; cf. H8 III. i. 23 all hoods make not monks. cum privilegio [L.]: with exclusive right H8 r. iii, 34.

cum privilegio ad imprimendum solum[L.]: with exclusive copyright; fig. with ref. to marriage rights Shr. iv. iv. 93.

custalorum: corruption of L. 'custos rotulorum', keeper of the rolls Wiv. 1. i. 7. diable [Fr.]: devil Wiv. 11. i. 93. diablo [Sp.]: devil Oth. 11. iii. 163. Dieu de batailles [Fr.]: God of battles H5 111. v. 15.

Dieu vous garde, monsieur.-Et vous aussi, votre serviteur [Fr.]: God keep you, sir.

And you too; your servant Tw.N. III. 179, 80.

Di faciant laudis summa sit ista tuae [L.,
Ovid, Heroides ii. 66]: The gods grant that this
may be the summit of thy glory 3H6 I. iii. 48.

diluculo surgere [L.]: to rise early (scil. 'saluber-rinum est', is most wholesome) Tw.N. 11. iii. 3. ecce signum [L.]: behold the token 1H41. iv. 190 Ego et Rex meus [L.]: I and my King H8 111. ii. 315.

ergo: see Glossary; also ARGAL, ARGO.

Et bonum quo antiquius eo melius [L.]: And a good thing is the better for being older Per. 1. Gower 10.

Et tu, Brute [L.]: Thou too, Brutus? Cas. 111. i. 77. facere [L.]: to make LLL. IV. ii. 15.

Fauste, precor gelida quando pecus omne sub umbra Ruminat [L.; first line of the first Eclogue of Joannes Baptista Mantuanus, died 1516 A.D.]: Prithee, Faustus, while all our cattle chew

the cud in the cool shade . . . LLL iv. ii. 96.

fortuna de la guerra + [Sp.]: fortune of war
LLL v. ii. 531 (old edd. delaguar).

Gelidus timor occupatartus [L.; reminiscence of Virgil, Aeneid vii. 446 'subitus tremor occupat artus']: cold fear takes hold of the limbs 2H6 iv. i. 117

genitivo [L.]: in the genitive case Wiv. IV. i. 46. haud credo [L.]: I do not believe LLL. IV. ii. 11. Hic et ubique [L.]: here and everywhere Ham. I.

Hic ibat Simois, hic est Sigeia tellus; Hic steterat Priami regia celsa senis [L.; Ovid, Heroides i. 33]: Here ran the river Simois, here is the Sigeian land; here stood the lofty palace of

old Priam, Shr. 111. i. 28, 29. hic jacet [L.]: here lies All'sW. 111. vi. 65.

- QUALTITIE

homo [L.]: man 1H4 II. i. 104. Honi soit qui maly pense [Fr.; the motto of the order of the garter]: Shamed be he who thinks evil of it Wiv. v. v. 75.

honorificabilitudinitatibus [ablative plural of mediaeval L. 'honorificabilitudinitas', a grandiose extension of 'honorificabilitudo' = honourable-

ose extension of 'honorificabilitudo' = honorirable-ness]: cited as a typical long word LLL. v. i. 45. hysterica passio [L]: hysteria Lr. 11. iv. 57. ignis fatuus [L]: will o' the wisp 1H4 III. iii. 45. imitari [L]: to imitate LLL. IV. ii. 131. imprimis [L]: in the first place Gent. III. i. 275, 305, Shr. IV. i. 68, IV. iii. 134, 2H6 I. i. 43. in capite [L]: as a tenant in chief, directly from the crown 2H6 IV. vii. 130 men shall hold of two the crown 2H6 IV. vii. 130 men shall hold of me in canite.

In hac spe vivo [L.]: In this hope I live Per. II. ii.

in limbo Patrum [L.]: see Glossary s.v. LIMBO. Integer vitae scelerisque purus Non eget Mauri jaculis nec arcu [L. ; Horace, Odes I. xxii.]: A man of spotless life and free from crime Needs not the bow and arrows of the Moor, Tit. IV. ii. 20.

In terram Salicam mulieres ne succedant [L.; quotation from the Frankish 'Salic law']: that women shall not succeed to Salic land H5 I.

in via [L.]: in the way LLL. Iv. ii. 14. invitis nubibus [L.]: in spite of the clouds 2H6

ipse [L.]: himself AYL, v. i. 49.

Ira furor brevis est [L. ; Horace, Epistles I. ii. 62]: Wrath is a brief madness Tim. i. ii. 28.

Jarretière [Fr.]: Garter Wiv. III. i. 94. f168. labras [blunder for L. 'labra', pl.] : lips Wiv. 1. i. La fin couronne les œuvres [Fr.]: The end crowns the works 2H6 v. ii. 28.

lapis [L.]: stone Wiv. IV. i. 33.

Laus Deo, bone, intelligo [L.]: Thank God, good sir, I understand LLL. v. i. 30.

le cheval volant qui a les narines de feu [Fr.]: the winged horse with fiery nostrils H5 III. vii. 14, 15.

Le chien est retourné à son propre vomissement, et la truie lavée au bourbier: The dog has returned to his vomit, and the sow is washed in the mire H5 III. vii. 71, 72.

lege, domine [L.]: read, sir LLL. iv. ii. 109. Leo-natus [L.]: lion-born Cym. v. v. 446. lustique [Dutch 'lustig']: merrily, jovially All'sW. II. iii. 47 Lustique, as the Dutchman says. ¶ Freq.

in 17th cent, in this form and as 'lustick'. Lux tua vita mihi [L.]: Thy light is my life Per.

ma foi, il fait fort chaud. Je m'en vais à la cour,—la grande affaire [Fr.]: my word, it is very hot. I am going to court,—the great

affair Wiv. 1. iv. 53.

ma foi [Fr.]: i' faith H5 III. vii. 54.

Magni dominator poli, Tam lentus audis scelera? tam lentus vides? [L.; alteration of Seneca, Placedra 671 'Magne regnator deum'. ...]: Ruler of the mighty heavens, art thou so slow to see and hear the crimes that are committed? Tit. IV. i. 81. manus [L.]: hand LLL. v. ii. 592.

Medice, teipsum-[L.; scil. 'cura', Luke iv. 23]:
Physician, heal thyself 2H6 II. i. 53.

mehercle [L.]: by Hercules! LLL. IV. ii. 80.

memento mori [L.]: lit. remember that thou must die; used concr. a symbolic reminder of death, such as a skull-and-crossbones 1H4 111. Me pompae+ (old edd. Pompey) provexit apex [L.]: The highest summit of honour has led me on Per. II. ii. 30.
minime [L.]: nyt at all, no LLL. III. i. 63.

mi perdonate [It.]: pardon me Shr. 1. i. 25. mollis aer [L.]: 'tender air' Cym. v. v. 448.

mons [L.]: mountain LLL. v. i. 90.

Mort de ma vie! [Fr.; lit. death of my life]: an

oath H5 III. v. 11.

Mort Dieu! [Fr.]: 'sdeath 2H6 I. i. 124.

Mort duvinaigre! [Fr.; lit. death of the vinegar]:
a meaningless oath All'sW. II. iii. 50.

mulier [L.]: woman Cym. v. v. 449. nominativo [L.]: in the nominative case Wiv. IV.

i. 43, 45,

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Non nobis [L.]: first words of Psalm cxv (part of cxiii in the Vulgate) 'Non nobis, Domine, non nobis', Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, recited as a thanksgiving for mercies received H5 IV. viii, 128.

Notre très cher fils Henri, roi d'Angleterre, héritier de France [Fr.]: our dearest son Henry, king of England, heir to France, H5 v. ii.

Novi hominem tanquam te [L.]: I know the

man as well as I know you LLL, v. i. 10.

O Dieu vivant! [Fr.]: O living God! H5 III. v. 5.
O diable, diable! [Fr.]: O devil, devil! Wiv. I. iv. 70.

omne bene [L.]: all is well LLL. IV. ii. 33.

ostentare [L.]: to show LLL, iv. ii. 16.

Oui; mettez-le au mon pocket; dépêchez
[Fr.]: Yes; put it in my pocket; be quick Wiv. i. iv. 56.

palabras [Sp.]: (mere) words Ado III. v. 18. pardona-mee [ = It. 'perdonami ']: see PARDON-ME

in the Glossary.

pardonnez-moy [Fr.]: pardon me R2 v. iii. 119; see also PARDON-ME in the Glossary.

pauca, in full pauca verba [L.]: few words Wiv. 1. i. 124, 137, LLL. IV. ii. 173, H5 II. i. 83. paucas pallabris [blunder for Sp. 'pocas palabras']: few words Shr. Ind. i. 5.

pedascule [vocative of a coined L. 'pedasculus']: tutor Shr. III. i. 51.

perge [L.]: go on, proceed LLL. IV. ii. 54. per se [L.]: by himself Troil. I. ii. 15.

Per Styga, per manes vehor [L.]: I am carried across the Styx, through the realm of the shades Tit. 11. i. 135.

pourquoi [Fr.]: why Tw.N. 1. iii, 97.

praeambula+[L.]: walk in front LLL. v. i. 86 (see PREAMBULATE in Gl.).

praeclarissimus filius noster Henricus, Rex Angliae et Heres Franciae [L.]: our most renowned son Henry, king of England and heir to France, H5 v. ii. 369.

primo, secundo, tertio [L.]: firstly, secondly,

thirdly Tw. N. v. i. 39.

più per dolcezza che per forza + [It.]: more by gentleness than by force Per. 11. ii. 27 (old edd. m Spanish, Pue Per doleera kee per forsa, but pue is not a Spanish word; some mod. edd. Pau por

dulzura que por fuerzat).

pueritia [L.]: boyhood LLL. v. i. 53.

pulcher [L.]: beautiful Wiy, iv. i. 29.

qu'ai-je oublié? [Fr.]: what have I forgotten? Wiv. 1. iv. 65.

Qualtitie calmie custure me: H5 IV. iv. 4; the last word, qualité, of the French soldier's speech pieced out with Calen o custure met, the burden of an Eliz. song (also appearing as the name of a tune, 'Callino castura-me'), intended to represent Irish 'cailin oc astoir' = young girl, my treasure. quare [L.]: why LLL. v. i. 36. quasi [L.]: as if LLL. iv. ii. 85.

iii. 109. quid for quo [L.]: quid pro quo, tit for tat 1H6 v. quis [L.]: who LLL. v. i. 56.

Quod me alit me extinguit [L.]: That which feeds my flame puts out my light Per. 11. ii. 33, quoniam [L.]: because LLL. v. ii. 593.

ratolorum: for 'rotulorum' (see CUSTALORUM)

Wiv. 1. i. 8.

Redime te captum quam queas minimo [L.]: Buy thyself out of captivity for as little as thou canst Shr. I. i. 166. Trom Lily's Latin Grammar; an alteration of Terence, Eunuchus 74 [1. i. 29] 'Quid agas? nisi ut te redimas captum quam queas minimo

respice finem [L.]: look to the end Err. IV. iv. 43. sancta majestas [L.]: sacred majesty 2H6 v. i. 5; Qq santa maesta [It.]. sanguis [L.]: blood LLL. IV. ii. 3.

Satis quod sufficit [L.]: Enough is as good as a feast LLL. v. i. 1.

semper idem [L.]: always the same 2H4 v. v. 31.
se offendendo [L.]: in self-'offence'; comic
blunder for the legal phr. 'se defendendo', in self-defence Ham. v. i. 9.

Sic spectanda fides [L.]: Thus is faith to be

tried Per. 11. ii. 38.

Si fortune (-a) me tormente (-o), sperato (spero) me contente (-o) [Pistol'slt.; variously altered in mod. edd.]: If fortune torments me, hope contents me 2H4 H. iv. 194, v. v. 102.

singulariter [L.]: in the singular number Wiv.

sit fas aut nefas [L.]: be it right or wrong Tit. 11. i. 133.

solus [L.]: alone H5 11. i. 48-51, 54; stage dir. (F<sub>1</sub>) in 1H4 11. iii., R3 1. i. stuprum [L.]: violation, rape Tit. 1v. i. 78.

suum cuique [L.]: to each man his due Tit. 1. i. 280. Tanta esterga te mentis integritas, regina serenissima [L.]: Such whole-heartedness is there towards you, most serene highness H8 111. i. 40.

Tantaene animis caelestibus irae? [L.; Virgil, Aeneid 1. 15]: Is there such resentment in the

minds of the gods? 2H6 II. j. 24.

Te Deum [L.]: title of the canticle beginning 'Te Deum laudamus', We praise thee, O God, H5 IV. viii. 128.

terra [L.]: earth LLL. IV. ii. 7.

Terras Astraea reliquit [L.; Ovid, Metamorphoses 1. 150]: Astraea left the earth Tit. IV. iii. 4. ¶ Cf. Astraea in Gl.

tremor cordis [L.]: palpitation of the heart Wint. r. ii. 111.

un boitier vert+ [Fr.]: a green box Wiv. 1. iv. 47 (old edd. unboyteene verd)

un garçon, un paysan [Fr.]: a boy, a peasant Wiv. v. v. 228.
unguem [L.]: in phr. 'ad unguem', to a nicety, perfectly LLL. v. i. 85.
ursa major [L.]: the Great Bear, Lr. 1. ii. 146.

Venetia, Venetia, Chi non ti vede non ti pretia [It.]: Venice, Venice, who sees thee not esteems thee not LLL. IV. ii. 100, 101.

veni, vidi, vici [L.]: I came, I saw, I conquered LLL. iv. i. 68.
ver [L.]: spring LLL. v. ii. 901.

verbatim [L.]: word for word 1H6 m. i. 13. via [1t.]: on, go on, say on Wiv. 11. ii. 161, LLL. v. i. 160, v. ii. 112, Mer.V. 11. ii. 11, H5 IV. ii. 4, 3Н6 п. і. 182.

videlicet [L.]: namely Wiv. I.i.143 (fidelicet), LLL. IV. i. 70, MND. v. i. 331, AYL. IV. i. 100, Ham.

11. i. 61.

Videsne quis venit?—Video et gaudeo [L.]: Do you see who comes?—I see and am glad LLL. v. i. 33, 34.

Vilia miretur vulgus; mihi flavus Apollo Pocula Castalia plena ministret aqua [L.; Ovid, Amores 1. xv. 35]: Let the base vulgar admire trash; to me golden-haired Apollo shall serve goblets filled from the Castalian spring; motto of Venus and Adonis.

Vir sapit qui pauca loquitur [L.]: The man is

wise who says little LLL. iv. ii. 82. viva voce [L.]: so that their voices can be heard H8 II. i. 18.

vocativo [L.]: in the vocative case Wiv. IV. i. 55.

vocatur [L.]: is called LLL. v. i. 25. vox [L.]: lit. voice; appropriate, i.e. loud, frantic, tone Tw.N. v. i. 307.

OXFORD: HORACE HART, M.A. PRINTER TO THE UNIVERSITY

